

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

FORM 20-F

(Mark One)

Registration statement pursuant to Section 12(b) or 12(g) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

or

**Annual report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015**

or

**Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the transition period from _____ to _____**

or

Shell company report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of event requiring this shell company report

Commission file number: 001-33853

CTRIPO.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

N/A

(Translation of Registrant's name into English)

Cayman Islands

(Jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

99 Fu Quan Road

Shanghai 200335

People's Republic of China

(Address of principal executive offices)

James Jianzhang Liang, Chief Executive Officer

Telephone: +(8621) 3406-4880

Facsimile: +(8621) 5251-0000

99 Fu Quan Road

Shanghai 200335

People's Republic of China

(Name, Telephone, Email and/or Facsimile number and Address of Company Contact Person)

Securities registered or to be registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class	Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered
Ordinary shares, par value US\$0.01 per ordinary share	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC* (The NASDAQ Global Select Market)

* Not for trading but only in connection with the listing on the NASDAQ Global Select Market of American depository shares, each representing 0.125 of an ordinary share.

Securities registered or to be registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

None

(Title of Class)

[Table of Contents](#)

Securities for which there is a reporting obligation pursuant to Section 15(d) of the Act:

None
(Title of Class)

Indicate the number of outstanding shares of each of the Issuer's classes of capital or common stock as of the close of the period covered by the annual report: 51,167,228 ordinary shares, par value \$0.01 per ordinary share.

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.

Yes No

If this report is an annual or transition report, indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark which basis of accounting the registrant has used to prepare the financial statements included in this filing:

U.S. GAAP International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board Other

If "Other" has been checked in response to the previous question, indicate by check mark which financial statement item the registrant has elected to follow.

Item 17 Item 18

If this is an annual report, indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

(APPLICABLE ONLY TO ISSUERS INVOLVED IN BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PAST FIVE YEARS.)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Sections 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court.

Yes No

[Table of Contents](#)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
<u>INTRODUCTION</u>	2
<u>PART I</u>	
<u>ITEM 1.</u>	2
<u>ITEM 2.</u>	2
<u>ITEM 3.</u>	2
<u>ITEM 4.</u>	27
<u>ITEM 5.</u>	41
<u>ITEM 6.</u>	55
<u>ITEM 7.</u>	63
<u>ITEM 8.</u>	67
<u>ITEM 9.</u>	68
<u>ITEM 10.</u>	69
<u>ITEM 11.</u>	76
<u>ITEM 12.</u>	76
<u>PART II</u>	77
<u>ITEM 13.</u>	77
<u>ITEM 14.</u>	77
<u>ITEM 15.</u>	77
<u>ITEM 16A.</u>	78
<u>ITEM 16B.</u>	78
<u>ITEM 16C.</u>	78
<u>ITEM 16D.</u>	79
<u>ITEM 16E.</u>	79
<u>ITEM 16F.</u>	80
<u>ITEM 16G.</u>	80
<u>ITEM 16H.</u>	80
<u>PART III</u>	80
<u>ITEM 17.</u>	80
<u>ITEM 18.</u>	80
<u>ITEM 19.</u>	80

[Table of Contents](#)

INTRODUCTION

In this annual report, unless otherwise indicated,

- (1) the terms “we,” “us,” “our company,” “our” and “Ctrip” refer to Ctrip.com International, Ltd., its predecessor entities and subsidiaries, and, in the context of describing our operations and consolidated financial information, also include its consolidated affiliated Chinese entities;
- (2) “shares” and “ordinary shares” refer to our ordinary shares, par value of US\$0.01 per ordinary share;
- (3) “ADSs” refers to our American depositary shares, eight of which represent one ordinary share, unless the context suggests otherwise;
- (4) “China” and “PRC” refer to the People’s Republic of China and, solely for the purpose of this annual report, exclude Taiwan, Hong Kong and Macau, and “Greater China” refers to the PRC, Taiwan, Hong Kong and Macau; and
- (5) all references to “RMB” and “Renminbi” are to the legal currency of China and all references to “U.S. dollars,” “US\$,” “dollars” and “\$” are to the legal currency of the United States.

Any discrepancies in any table between the amounts identified as total amounts and the sum of the amounts listed therein are due to rounding.

This annual report on Form 20-F includes our audited consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015.

On January 21, 2010, we effected a change of the ratio of our ADSs to ordinary shares from two (2) ADSs representing one ordinary share to four (4) ADSs representing one ordinary share. Effective December 1, 2015, we further changed our ADS to ordinary share ratio from four (4) ADSs representing one ordinary share to eight (8) ADSs representing one ordinary share. Unless otherwise indicated, ADSs and per ADS amount in this annual report have been retroactively adjusted to reflect the changes in ratio for all periods presented.

PART I

ITEM 1. IDENTITY OF DIRECTORS, SENIOR MANAGEMENT AND ADVISERS

Not applicable.

ITEM 2. OFFER STATISTICS AND EXPECTED TIMETABLE

Not applicable.

ITEM 3. KEY INFORMATION

A. Selected Financial Data

The following table presents the selected consolidated financial information for our business. You should read the following information in conjunction with “Item 5. Operating and Financial Review and Prospects” below. The selected consolidated statement of operations data for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015 and the selected consolidated balance sheet data as of December 31, 2014 and 2015 have been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with those statements, which are included in this annual report beginning on page F-1. The selected consolidated statement of operations data for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2012 and the selected consolidated balance sheet data as of December 31, 2011, 2012 and 2013 have been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements for these periods, which are not included in this annual report.

All ADS data have been retroactively adjusted to reflect the current ADS to ordinary share ratio for all periods presented.

[Table of Contents](#)

	For the Year Ended December 31,					
	2011 RMB	2012 RMB	2013 RMB	2014 RMB	2015 RMB	2015 US\$(⁽²⁾)
Consolidated Statement of Operation Data						
(in thousands, except for per ordinary share data)						
Net revenues	3,498,085	4,158,791	5,386,746	7,346,918	10,897,568	1,682,295
Cost of revenues	(805,130)	(1,037,791)	(1,386,767)	(2,100,606)	(3,043,440)	(469,827)
Gross profit	2,692,955	3,121,000	3,999,979	5,246,312	7,854,128	1,212,468
Operating expenses						
Product development ⁽¹⁾	(601,485)	(911,905)	(1,245,719)	(2,321,349)	(3,296,693)	(508,922)
Sales and marketing ⁽¹⁾	(624,600)	(984,002)	(1,269,413)	(2,214,210)	(3,087,990)	(476,704)
General and administrative ⁽¹⁾	(400,876)	(570,487)	(646,405)	(861,551)	(1,088,402)	(168,019)
Total operating expenses	(1,626,961)	(2,466,394)	(3,161,537)	(5,397,110)	(7,473,085)	(1,153,645)
Income / (loss) from operations	1,065,994	654,606	838,442	(150,798)	381,043	58,823
Net interest income and other income ⁽⁵⁾	223,627	296,088	305,554	186,050	2,624,321	405,125
Income before income tax expense, equity in income of affiliates and non-controlling interest	1,289,621	950,694	1,143,996	35,252	3,005,364	463,948
Income tax expense	(262,186)	(294,526)	(293,740)	(130,821)	(470,188)	(72,585)
Equity in income / (loss) of affiliates	57,525	34,343	56,147	187,191	(135,781)	(20,960)
Net income	1,084,960	690,511	906,403	91,622	2,399,395	370,403
Less: Net (income) / loss attributable to non-controlling interests	(8,545)	23,895	91,917	151,117	108,261	16,712
Net income attributable to Ctrip's shareholders	1,076,415	714,406	998,320	242,739	2,507,656	387,115
Earnings Per Ordinary Share Data:						
Net income attributable to Ctrip's shareholders	1,076,415	714,406	998,320	242,739	2,507,656	387,115
Earnings per ordinary share ⁽³⁾ , basic	29.92	20.87	30.34	7.08	66.34	10.24
Earnings per ordinary share ⁽³⁾ , diluted	28.30	19.92	26.63	6.35	56.85	8.78

	As of December 31,					
	2011 RMB	2012 RMB	2013 RMB	2014 RMB	2015 ⁽⁷⁾ RMB	2015 ⁽⁷⁾ US\$(⁽²⁾)
Consolidated Balance Sheet Data:						
(in thousands)						
Cash and cash equivalents	3,503,428	3,421,533	7,138,345	5,300,888	19,215,675	2,966,389
Restricted cash	211,636	768,229	739,544	836,395	2,286,883	353,034
Short-term investment	1,288,472	1,408,664	3,635,091	6,438,855	8,235,786	1,271,386
Accounts receivable, net	789,036	983,804	1,518,230	1,826,766	3,150,768	486,395
Prepayments and other current assets	566,188	999,149	1,237,531	2,480,276	7,711,756	1,190,490
Deferred tax assets, current	39,782	61,841	96,980	193,503	— ⁽⁶⁾	— ⁽⁶⁾
Non-current assets	3,362,893	3,994,135	6,324,938	14,132,842	78,241,724	12,078,441
Total assets	9,761,435	11,637,355	20,690,659	31,209,525	118,842,592	18,346,135
Current liabilities	2,568,060	3,910,144	6,368,008	12,714,703	33,666,095	5,197,150
Deferred tax liabilities, non-current	48,309	53,309	63,197	132,507	3,045,259	470,107
Long-term Debt ⁽⁴⁾	—	1,089,022	5,529,368	7,984,588	18,354,608	2,833,463
Other long-term Liabilities	—	—	—	—	91,702	14,156
Total Ctrip's shareholders' equity	7,042,295	6,489,632	8,530,396	9,529,179	44,550,730	6,877,448
Noncontrolling interests	102,771	95,248	199,690	848,548	19,134,198	2,953,811
Total shareholder's equity	7,145,066	6,584,880	8,730,086	10,377,727	63,684,928	9,831,259

(1) Share-based compensation was included in the related operating expense categories as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31,					
	2011 RMB	2012 RMB	2013 RMB	2014 RMB	2015 RMB	2015 US\$(⁽²⁾)
(in thousands)						
Product development						
Product development	98,955	132,583	138,668	184,665	291,643	45,022
Sales and marketing	48,191	55,892	49,105	54,392	65,574	10,123
General and administrative	195,645	243,246	250,157	257,587	285,379	44,055

(2) Translation from RMB amounts into U.S. dollars was made at a rate of RMB6.4778 to US\$1.00. See "Item 3. Key Information — A. Selected Financial Information — Exchange Rate Information."

(3) Each ADS represents 0.125 of an ordinary share.

(4) In April 2015, the FASB issued new guidance which changes the presentation of debt issuance cost. Under the new guidance, debt issuance cost is presented as a reduction of the carrying amount of the related liability, rather than as an asset. This guidance has been adopted and applied retrospectively by us to the prior periods presented herein.

(5) In 2015, a gain of RMB2.3 billion (US\$350 million) was recognized in the other income for the deconsolidation of Tujia which was once a subsidiary of the Company. Please refer to footnote 8 of our consolidated financial statements incorporated herein.

- (6) In 2015, we have determined and elected to early adopt ASU 2015-17 to our consolidated financial statements starting December 31, 2015, prospectively to present the deferred tax assets and liabilities as non-current items.
- (7) Our consolidated balance sheet data has reflected the effect of consolidation of the financial statements of Qunar Cayman Islands Limited starting from December 31, 2015.

[Table of Contents](#)

Exchange Rate Information

We have published our consolidated financial statements in RMB. Our business is primarily conducted in China using RMB. The conversion of RMB into U.S. dollars in this annual report is based on the certified exchange rate published by the Federal Reserve Board. For your convenience, this annual report contains translations of some RMB or U.S. dollar amounts for 2015 at a rate of RMB6.4778 to US\$1.00, which was the certified exchange rate in effect as of December 31, 2015. The certified exchange rate on April 15, 2016 was RMB6.4730 to US\$1.00. We make no representation that any RMB or U.S. dollar amounts could have been, or could be, converted into U.S. dollars or RMB, as the case may be, at any particular rate, the rates stated below, or at all. The PRC government imposes control over its foreign currency reserves in part through direct regulation of the conversion of RMB into foreign exchange.

The following table sets forth information concerning exchange rates between the RMB and the U.S. dollars for the periods indicated. The exchange rates refer to the exchange rates as set forth in the H.10 statistical release of the Federal Reserve Board. These rates are provided solely for your convenience and are not necessarily the exchange rates that we used in this annual report or will use in the preparation of our periodic reports or any other information to be provided to you. The source of these rates is the Federal Reserve Statistical Release.

Period	Period-End	Certified Exchange Rate		
		Average ⁽¹⁾ (RMB per U.S. Dollar)	Low	High
2011	6.2939	6.4475	6.6364	6.2939
2012	6.2301	6.2990	6.3879	6.2221
2013	6.0537	6.1412	6.2438	6.0537
2014	6.2046	6.1704	6.2591	6.0402
2015	6.4778	6.2827	6.4896	6.1870
October	6.3180	6.3505	6.3591	6.3180
November	6.3883	6.3640	6.3945	6.3180
December	6.4778	6.4491	6.4896	6.3883
2016				
January	6.5752	6.5726	6.5932	6.5219
February	6.5525	6.5501	6.5795	6.5154
March	6.4480	6.5027	6.5500	6.4480
April (through April 15, 2016)	6.4730	6.4713	6.4810	6.4580

(1) Annual averages are calculated using the average of month-end rates of the relevant year. Monthly averages are calculated using the average of the daily rates during the relevant period.

B. Capitalization and Indebtedness

Not applicable.

C. Reasons for the Offer and Use of Proceeds

Not applicable.

D. Risk Factors

Risks Related to Our Company

Our strategy to acquire or invest in complementary businesses and assets and establish strategic alliances involves significant risk and uncertainty that may prevent us from achieving our objectives and harm our financial condition and results of operations.

As part of our plan to expand our product and service offerings, we have made and intend to make strategic acquisitions or investments in the travel service industries in Greater China and overseas. For example, we had invested through open market purchases and in a private placement transaction a total of US\$92 million in an approximately 15% stake in Homeinns Hotel Group, or Homeinns, a leading economy hotel chain in China. In June 2015, we, together with our co-founder and chief executive officer Mr. James Jianzhang Liang, our co-founder and independent director Mr. Neil Nanpeng Shen and certain other buyers, delivered a non-binding letter to Homeinns which proposes to acquire all of its outstanding ordinary shares not already owned by these buyers for a cash consideration of US\$35.8 per ADS; in December 2015, an agreement and plan of merger was entered into between Homeinns and the special purpose vehicles formed by our consortium to consummate the transaction. In March 2010, we invested a total of US\$67.5 million in approximately 9% stake in China Lodging Group, Limited, or Hanting, a leading economy hotel chain in China, through private placement transactions and purchases in Hanting's initial public offering. As a result of a series of investments on eHi since 2013, we held an aggregate equity interest of approximately 14% in eHi as of December 31, 2015 with the aggregated investment cost of US\$107 million. In 2014 and 2015, we invested a total of US\$50 million in approximately 4% stake in Tuniu Corporation, or Tuniu, a well-known service provider in the leisure package tour market, through a private placement transaction conducted concurrently with Tuniu's initial public offering and private acquisitions afterwards. In May 2015, we made an investment in eLong, Inc., or eLong, through acquiring the shares of eLong from certain selling shareholders, including Expedia, Inc., or Expedia, together with several other investors. We acquired a 38% equity stake in eLong for a total purchase price of US\$422 million. In October 2015, we completed a share exchange transaction with Baidu, Inc., or Baidu, and obtained approximately 45% of the aggregate voting interest of Qunar Cayman Islands Limited, or Qunar, in exchange for our newly issued ordinary shares. In December 2015, we issued ordinary shares represented by ADSs to certain special purpose vehicles holding shares solely for the benefit of certain Qunar employees and, as consideration, we received class B ordinary shares of Qunar and directly injected these shares to third-party investment entities dedicated to investing in business in China. From accounting perspective, we started to consolidate Qunar's financial statements from December 31, 2015. If the ADS prices of Hanting, eHi, and Tuniu, or other future public company targets declines and becomes lower than our share purchase price, we could incur impairment loss under U.S. GAAP, which in turn would adversely affect our financial results for the relevant periods. In addition, if any of Homeinns and eLong incur a net loss in the future, we would share their net loss proportionate to our equity interest in them.

[Table of Contents](#)

In connection with our recent strategic acquisitions, there had been a significant increase of goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets booked in our financial statements. As of December 31, 2015, our goodwill was RMB45.7 billion (US\$7.1 billion) and our indefinite lived intangible assets were RMB9.7 billion (US\$1.5 billion). ASC 350 “Intangibles — Goodwill and Other,” provides that intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives and goodwill will not be amortized but rather will be tested at least annually for impairment. ASC 350 also requires that long-lived assets be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable from its undiscounted future cash flow. See also “Item 5 — Operating and Financial Review and Prospects — A. Operating Results — Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates — Goodwill, Intangible Assets and Long-lived Assets.” For 2013, 2014 and 2015, we did not recognize any impairment charges for goodwill or intangible assets. If different judgments or estimates had been utilized, however, material differences could have resulted in the amount and timing of the impairment charge. We may potentially incur significant impairment charges if the recoverability of these assets become substantially reduced in the future.

In addition, our strategic acquisitions and investments could subject us to other uncertainties and risks, and our failure to address any of these uncertainties and risks, among others, may have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations:

- high acquisition and financing costs;
- potential ongoing financial obligations and unforeseen or hidden liabilities;
- failure to achieve our intended objectives, benefits or revenue-enhancing opportunities;
- cost of, and difficulties in, integrating acquired businesses and managing a larger business;
- failure to be in full compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations;
- potential claims or litigation regarding our board’s exercise of its duty of care and other duties required under applicable law in connection with any of our significant acquisitions or investments approved by the board; and
- diversion of our resources and management attention.

In addition, we establish strategic alliances with various third parties to further our business purpose from time to time. Strategic alliances with third parties could subject us to a number of risks, including risks associated with sharing proprietary information, non-performance by the counter-party, an increase in expenses incurred in establishing new strategic alliances, inefficiencies caused by failure to integrate strategic partners’ businesses with our own, and unforeseen levels of diversion of our resources and management attention, any of which may materially and adversely affect our business.

From time to time, we selectively acquired or invested in businesses that complement our existing business, and will continue to do so in the future. See “Item 4. Information on the Company — A. History and Development of the Company” for more details of our acquisitions and investments. We cannot assure you that we will be able to achieve the benefits we expected from such acquisitions or investments. Moreover, our strategy of acquiring or investing in a competing business could be adversely affected by uncertainties in the implementation and enforcement of the PRC Anti-Monopoly Law. Under the PRC Anti-Monopoly Law, companies undertaking acquisitions or investments in a business in China must notify MOFCOM in advance of any transaction where the parties’ revenues in the China market and global market exceed certain thresholds and the buyer would obtain control of, or decisive influence over, the target. There are numerous factors MOFCOM considers in determining “control” or “decisive influence,” and, depending on certain criteria, MOFCOM will conduct anti-monopoly review of transactional transactions in respect of which it was notified. In light of the uncertainties relating to the interpretation, implementation and enforcement of the PRC Anti-Monopoly Law, there is no assurance that MOFCOM will not deem our past and future acquisitions or investments, including the ones referenced herein or elsewhere in this annual report, to have met the filing criteria under the PRC Anti-Monopoly Law and therefore demand a filing for merger review. However, there have been limited cases of MOFCOM anti-monopoly review of filings involving companies with a variable interest entity structure similar to ours. If we are found to have violated the PRC Anti-Monopoly Law for failing to file the notification of concentration and request for review, we could be subject to a fine of up to RMB500,000, and the parts of the transaction causing the prohibited concentration could be ordered to be unwound. Such unwinding could affect our business and financial results, and harm our reputation.

[Table of Contents](#)

As a result of any of the above factors, any actual or perceived failure to realize the benefits we expected from these acquisitions or investments may cause the trading price of our ADSs to decline.

Our business could suffer if we do not successfully manage current growth and potential future growth.

Our business has grown significantly as a result of both organic growth of existing operations and acquisitions, and we expect to continue to experience such growth in the future. We have significantly expanded our operations and anticipate further expansion of our operations and workforce, as a result of the continued growth of our service offerings, customer base and geographic coverage. For example, we have invested in, and plan to continue to invest in, organic growth by rolling out new business initiatives focusing in a diverse range of areas including cruise lines, car services, bus tickets and train tickets, and if such new business initiatives fail to perform as expected, our financial condition and results of operations could be adversely impacted. Our growth to date has placed, and our anticipated future operations will continue to place, a significant strain on our management, systems and resources. In addition to training and managing our workforce, we will need to continue to improve and develop our financial and managerial controls and our reporting systems and procedures. We cannot assure you that we will be able to efficiently or effectively manage the growth of our operations, and any failure to do so may limit our future growth and hamper our business strategy.

Consolidation of the results of operations of Qunar with ours may negatively impact our financial performance and results of operations.

Following the consummation of the share exchange transaction with Baidu in October 2015, we beneficially owned approximately 45% of Qunar's aggregate voting interest. See "Item 4. Information on the Company — B. Business Overview — Strategic Investments and Acquisitions." In connection with our transaction with Baidu, we agreed to issue approximately 5 million ordinary shares to certain special purpose vehicles holding shares solely for the benefit of Qunar employees. The issuance of such Ctrip shares to Qunar employees is conditional upon the surrender by such employees of any Qunar securities held by or granted to them. Thus far, we offered a total of approximately 4.0 million ordinary shares to three special purpose vehicles holding these shares solely for the benefit of Qunar employees. Future receipt by Qunar employees of Ctrip shares will be upon satisfaction of legal and contractual conditions. As a result of these transactions, we accounted for the transactions as a business combination under U.S. GAAP and, starting from December 31, 2015, we started to consolidate Qunar's financial statements from the accounting perspective. Qunar has historically incurred net loss. Therefore, consolidating Qunar's financial statements may negatively impact our financial performance in the upcoming financial reporting cycles for an extended period of time. Moreover, starting in January 2016, some PRC airlines, including two of the largest airlines in China, announced suspension of their respective business cooperation with Qunar without indicating the length of such suspension and cited serious customer complaints in their respective announcements. If such suspension further exacerbates, Qunar may suffer from loss of revenue and its results of operations may be materially and adversely affected, which in turn may materially and adversely affect our consolidated results of operations. The pro forma financial statements giving effect to this investment are incorporated by reference in this annual report.

Our recent transactions including share exchange with Baidu, issuance of shares for the benefit of Qunar employees and investment or financing arrangements with selected third-party investment entities will result in substantial dilution to our shareholders and will also reduce our existing cash balance.

In the long-term interest of our company, we will make investments, in the form of limited partnership contributions, assets injection or other financing arrangements, into or with certain entities that are dedicated to investing businesses in China. In late 2015 and early 2016, we agreed to make investment or enter into financing arrangements with several non-U.S. investment entities, which are managed and/or owned by parties unaffiliated with each other and unaffiliated with us and are dedicated to investing in businesses in China. In January 2016, we issued a total number of 5,431,983 ordinary shares, including 2,661,967 ordinary shares represented by ADSs, and provided capital contribution or financial support in a total amount of approximately US\$1.3 billion in cash to some of these non-U.S. investment entities. In March 2016, we further issued an aggregate of 474,534 ordinary shares represented by ADSs to certain of these non-U.S. investment entities, and these ordinary shares represent approximately 1% of our immediate post-issuance outstanding shares. These investments, capital contributions and financing arrangements in the form of our ordinary shares may result in our issuance of a substantial number of our ordinary shares in the aggregate, which together with the recent share exchange with Baidu and issuance of shares for the benefit of Qunar employees, will cause substantial dilution to our existing shareholders. In addition, future sale of our shares by Baidu and/or our other significant shareholders, individually or in the aggregate, may cause our share price to decline. Furthermore, our cash investments or financial support in selected investment entities may materially reduce our existing cash balance and adversely affect our working capital. If we decide to raise additional capital through the sale of equity or equity linked securities, our existing shareholders will be further diluted. If we obtain debt financings, we may be subject to restrictive covenants limiting or restricting our ability to take specific actions, such as incurring additional debt, making capital expenditures or declaring dividends. See "Item 4. Information on the Company — B. Business Overview — Strategic Investments and Acquisitions."

[Table of Contents](#)

Our business is sensitive to global economic conditions. A severe or prolonged downturn in the global or Chinese economy may have a material and adverse effect on our business, and may materially and adversely affect our growth and profitability.

The global macroeconomic environment is facing challenges, including the escalation of the European sovereign debt crisis since 2011, the end of quantitative easing by the U.S. Federal Reserve and the economic slowdown in the Eurozone in 2014. There have been concerns over unrest in the Middle East and Africa, which have resulted in volatility in oil and other markets.

Economic conditions in China are sensitive to global economic conditions. Our business and operations are primarily based in China and the majority of our revenues are derived from our operations in China. Accordingly, our financial results have been, and are expected to continue to be, affected by the economy and travel industry in China. While the economy in China has grown significantly over the past decades, growth has been uneven, both geographically and among various sectors of the economy, and the rate of growth has been slowing. Any severe or prolonged slowdown in the global and/or Chinese economy could reduce expenditures for travel, which in turn may adversely affect our operating results and financial condition. According to the National Bureau of Statistics of China, in 2015, the growth rate of China's gross domestic product, or GDP, was 6.9% and it is unclear how the economy will fare in 2016 and beyond. Since we derive the majority of our revenues from accommodation reservation, transportation ticketing and packaged-tour services in China, any severe or prolonged slowdown in the global and/or Chinese economy or the recurrence of any financial disruptions may materially and adversely affect our business, operating results and financial condition in a number of ways. For example, the weakness in the economy could erode consumer confidence which, in turn, could result in changes to consumer spending patterns relating to travel products and services. If consumer demand for travel products and services we offer decreases, our revenues may decline. Furthermore, continued turbulence in the international markets may adversely affect our ability to access the capital markets to meet liquidity needs.

General declines or disruptions in the travel industry may materially and adversely affect our business and results of operations.

Our business is significantly affected by the trends that occur in the travel industry in China, including the hotel, transportation ticketing and packaged-tour sectors. As the travel industry is highly sensitive to business and personal discretionary spending levels, it tends to decline during general economic downturns. The recent worldwide recession has led to a weakening in the demand for travel services. Other trends or events that tend to reduce travel and are likely to reduce our revenues include:

- terrorist attacks or threats of terrorist attacks or wars, particularly given the recent attacks in Paris, Belgium and the worsening situation in Syria;
- an outbreak of H1N1 influenza, Ebola virus, avian flu, Middle East respiratory syndrome, or MERS, severe acute respiratory syndrome, or SARS, or any other serious contagious diseases;
- increased prices in the hotel, transportation ticketing, or other travel-related sectors;
- increased occurrence of travel-related accidents;
- political unrest;
- natural disasters or poor weather conditions; and
- any travel restrictions or other security procedures implemented in connection with any major events in China.

We could be severely and adversely affected by declines or disruptions in the travel industry and, in many cases, have little or no control over the occurrence of such events. Such events could result in a decrease in demand for our travel services. This decrease in demand, depending on the scope and duration, could significantly and adversely affect our business and financial performance over the short and long term.

[Table of Contents](#)

The trading price of our ADSs has been volatile historically and may continue to be volatile regardless of our operating performance.

The trading prices of our ADSs have been and may continue to be subject to wide fluctuations. In 2015, the trading prices of our ADSs on the NASDAQ Global Select Market, as adjusted retrospectively for all periods presented to reflect the current ADS to ordinary share ratio of eight (8) ADSs representing one ordinary share effective on December 1, 2015, have ranged from US\$21.54 to US\$57.36 per ADS, and the last reported trading price on April 21, 2016 was US\$47.21 per ADS. The price of our ADSs may fluctuate in response to a number of events and factors, including the following:

- actual or anticipated fluctuations in our quarterly operating results;
- changes in financial estimates by securities analysts;
- conditions in the Internet or travel industries;
- changes in the economic performance or market valuations of other Internet or travel companies or other companies that primarily operate in China;
- changes in major business terms between our travel suppliers and us;
- announcements by us or our competitors of new products or services, significant acquisitions, strategic partnerships, joint ventures or capital commitments;
- additions or departures of key personnel; and
- market and volume fluctuations in the stock market in general.

In addition, the stock market in general, and the market prices for Internet-related companies and companies with operations in China in particular, have experienced volatility that often has been unrelated to the operating performance of such companies. The securities of some China-based companies that have listed their securities in the United States have experienced significant volatility since their initial public offerings, including, in some cases, substantial price declines in the trading prices of their securities. The trading performances of the securities of these China-based companies after their offerings and the recent surge in the number of China-based, U.S.-listed companies that commenced going private proceedings may affect the attitudes of investors toward Chinese companies listed in the United States, which consequently may impact the trading performance of the ADSs, regardless of our actual operating performance. Furthermore, some negative news and perceptions about inadequate corporate governance practices or fraudulent accounting, corporate structure including the use of variable interest entities or other matters of other China-based companies have negatively affected the attitudes of investors towards China-based companies, including us, in general in the past, regardless of whether we have engaged in any inappropriate activities, and any news or perceptions with a similar nature may continue to negatively affect us in the future. In addition, the global financial crisis and the ensuing economic recessions in many countries have contributed and may continue to contribute to extreme volatility in the global stock markets, such as the large decline in share prices in the United States, China and other jurisdictions in recent years. These broad market and industry fluctuations may continue to adversely affect the price of the ADSs, regardless of our operating performance. Additionally, volatility or a lack of positive performance in our stock price may adversely affect our ability to retain key employees, all of whom have been granted share-based awards.

If we are unable to maintain existing relationships with travel suppliers and strategic alliances, or establish new arrangements with travel suppliers and strategic alliances at or on favorable terms or at terms similar to those we currently have, or at all, our business, market share and results of operations may be materially and adversely affected.

We rely on travel suppliers (including without limitation hotels and domestic and international airlines) to make their services available to consumers through us, and our business prospects depend on our ability to maintain and expand relationships with travel suppliers. If we are unable to maintain satisfactory relationships with our existing travel suppliers, or if our travel suppliers establish similar or more favorable relationships with our competitors, or if our travel suppliers increase their competition with us through their direct sales, or if any one or more of our travel suppliers significantly reduce participation in our services for a sustained period of time or completely withdraw participation in our services, our business, market share and results of operations may be materially and adversely affected. To the extent any of those major or popular travel suppliers ceased to participate in our services in favor of one of our competitors' systems or decided to require consumers to purchase services directly from them, our business, market share and results of operations may suffer.

Our business depends significantly upon our ability to contract with hotels in advance for the guaranteed availability of certain hotel rooms. We rely on hotel suppliers to provide us with rooms at discounted prices. However, our contracts with our hotel suppliers are not exclusive and most of the contracts must be renewed semi-annually or annually. We cannot assure you that our hotel suppliers will renew our contracts in the future on favorable terms or terms similar to those we currently have agreed. The hotel suppliers may reduce the commission rates on bookings made through us. Furthermore, in order to maintain and grow our business and to effectively compete with many of our competitors in all potential markets, we will need to establish new arrangements with hotels and accommodations of all ratings and categories in our existing markets and in new markets. We cannot assure you that we will be able to identify appropriate hotels or enter into arrangements with those hotels on favorable terms, if at all. This failure could harm the growth of our business and adversely affect our operating results and financial condition, which consequently will impact the price of our ADSs.

[Table of Contents](#)

We derive revenues and other significant benefits from our arrangements with major domestic airlines in China and international airlines. Our airline ticket suppliers allow us to book and sell tickets on their behalf and collect commissions on tickets booked and sold through us. Although we currently have supply relationships with these airlines, they also compete with us for ticket bookings and have entered into similar arrangements with many of our competitors and may continue to do so in the future. Such arrangements may be on better terms than we have. In the past, airlines have from time to time reduced the commission rates on tickets booked and sold through us, which negatively affected our revenues from transportation ticketing in the relevant periods. Starting in January 2016, some PRC airlines, including two of the largest airlines in China, announced suspension of their respective business cooperation with Qunar without indicating the length of such suspension and cited serious customer complaints in their respective announcements. Although we are not aware of any airlines publicly announcing suspension of business cooperation with us as of the date of this annual report, if any airlines choose to take similar actions against us and additional airlines follow suit, our business, market share and results of operations may be materially and adversely affected. We cannot assure you that any of these airlines will continue to have supplier relationships with us or pay us commissions at the same or similar rates as what they paid us in the past. The loss of these supplier relationships or adverse changes in major business terms with our travel suppliers would materially impair our operating results and financial condition as we would lose an increasingly significant source of our revenues.

Part of the revenues that we derive from our hotel suppliers, airline ticket suppliers and other travel service providers are obtained through our strategic alliances with various third parties. We cannot assure you, however, that we will be able to successfully establish and maintain strategic alliances with third parties which are effective and beneficial for our business. Our inability to do so could have a material adverse effect on our market penetration, revenue growth and profitability.

If we fail to further increase our brand recognition, we may face difficulty in maintaining existing and acquiring new customers and business partners and our business may be harmed.

We believe that maintaining and enhancing the Ctrip brand depends in part on our ability to grow our customer base and obtain new business partners. Some of our potential competitors already have well-established brands in the travel industry. The successful promotion of our brand will depend largely on our ability to maintain a sizeable and active customer base, maintain relationships with our business partners, provide high-quality customer service, properly address customer needs and handle customer complaints and organize effective marketing and advertising programs. If our customer base significantly declines or grows more slowly than our key competitors, the quality of our customer services substantially deteriorates, or our business partners cease to do business with us, we may not be able to cost-effectively maintain and promote our brand, and our business may be harmed.

If we do not compete successfully against new and existing competitors, we may lose our market share, and our business may be materially and adversely affected.

We compete primarily with other consolidators of hotel accommodations and transportation reservation services based in China, such as Qunar and eLong. We also compete with traditional travel agencies and new Internet travel search websites. In the future, we may also face competition from new players in the hotel consolidation market in China and abroad that may enter China.

We may face more competition from hotels and airlines as they enter the discount rate market directly or through alliances with other travel consolidators. In addition, international travelers have become an increasingly important customer base. Competitors that have formed stronger strategic alliances with overseas travel consolidators may have more effective channels to address the needs of customers in China to travel overseas. Furthermore, we do not have exclusive arrangements with our travel suppliers. The combination of these factors means that potential entrants to our industry face relatively low entry barriers.

In the past, certain competitors launched aggressive advertising campaigns, special promotions and engaged in other marketing activities to promote their brands, acquire new customers or to increase their market shares. In response to such competitive pressure, we started to take and may continue to take similar measures and as a result will incur significant expenses, which in turn could negatively affect our operating margins in the quarters or years when such promotional activities are carried out. For example, we launched a promotion program in recent years to offer certain selected transportation tickets, hotel rooms and package tours as well as grant of e-coupons to our customers in response to promotion campaigns that our competitors have launched. Primarily as a result of the enhanced marketing efforts and additional investment in product developments in response to the intensified market competition, our operational margin was negatively affected. In addition, some of our existing and potential competitors may have competitive advantages, such as significantly larger active user base on mobile or other online platforms, greater financial, marketing and strategic relationships and alliances or other resources or name recognition, and may be able to imitate and adopt our business model. We cannot assure you that we will be able to successfully compete against new or existing competitors. In the event we are not able to compete successfully, our business, results of operations and profit margins may be materially and adversely affected.

[Table of Contents](#)

Our quarterly results are likely to fluctuate because of seasonality in the travel industry in Greater China.

Our business experiences fluctuations, reflecting seasonal variations in demand for travel services. For example, the first quarter of each year generally contributes the lowest portion of our annual net revenues primarily due to a slowdown in business activity around and during the Chinese New Year holiday, which occurs during the period. Consequently, our results of operations may fluctuate from quarter to quarter.

Any failure to maintain the satisfactory performance of our mobile platform, websites and systems, particularly those leading to disruptions in our services, could materially and adversely affect our business and reputation, and our business may be harmed if our infrastructure or technology is damaged or otherwise fails or becomes obsolete.

The satisfactory performance, reliability and availability of our infrastructure, including our mobile platform, websites and systems, are critical to the success of our business. Any system interruptions that result in the unavailability or slowdown of our mobile platform, websites or other systems and the disruption in our services could reduce the volume of our business and make us less attractive to customers. Substantially all of our computer and communications systems are located at two customer service centers, one in Shanghai and the other one in Nantong, China. Our technology platform and computer and communication systems are vulnerable to damage or interruption from human error, computer viruses, fire, flood, power loss, telecommunications failure, physical or electronic break-ins, hacking or other attempts at system sabotage, vandalism, natural disasters and other similar events. For example, in May 2015, we experienced a network shut-down for a few hours, leading to temporary disruptions in the operations of our mobile platform and websites and interrupted customer services; later internal investigations revealed the cause to be employee human error. No data leakage occurred as part of the May 2015 incident, and we have since implemented extensive measures to ensure prompt responses to similar future incidents of network shutdown/service disruption and to continue to update our security mechanisms to protect our systems from any human error, third-party intrusions, viruses or hacker attacks, information or data theft or other similar activities; however, we cannot assure you that unexpected interruptions to our systems will not occur again in the future. We do not carry business interruption insurance to compensate us for losses that may occur as a result of such disruptions. In addition, any such future occurrences could reduce customer satisfaction levels, damage our reputation and materially and adversely affect our business.

We use an internally developed booking software system that supports nearly all aspects of our booking transactions. Our business may be harmed if we are unable to upgrade our systems and infrastructure quickly enough to accommodate future traffic levels, avoid obsolescence or successfully integrate any newly developed or purchased technology with our existing system. Capacity constraints could cause unanticipated system disruptions, slower response times, poor customer service, impaired quality and speed of reservations and confirmations and delays in reporting accurate financial and operating information. These factors could cause us to lose customers and suppliers, which would have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition.

In addition, our future success will depend on our ability to adapt our products and services to the changes in technologies and Internet user behavior. For example, the number of people accessing the internet through mobile devices, including smart devices, mobile phones, tablets and other hand-held devices, has increased in recent years, and we expect this trend to continue while 3G, 4G and more advanced mobile communications technologies are broadly implemented. As we make our services available across a variety of mobile operating systems and devices, we are dependent on the interoperability of our services with popular mobile devices and mobile operating systems that we do not control, such as Android, iOS and Windows. Any changes in such mobile operating systems or devices that degrade the functionality of our services or give preferential treatment to competitive services could adversely affect usage of our services. Further, if the number of platforms for which we develop our services increases, which is typically seen in a dynamic and fragmented mobile services market such as China, it will result in an increase in our costs and expenses. In order to deliver high quality services, it is important that our services work well across a range of mobile operating systems, networks, mobile devices and standards that we do not control. If we fail to develop products and technologies that are compatible with all mobile devices and operating systems, or if the products and services we develop are not widely accepted and used by users of various mobile devices and operating systems, we may not be able to penetrate the mobile Internet market. In addition, the widespread adoption of new internet technologies or other technological changes could require significant expenditures to modify or integrate our products or services. If we fail to keep up with these changes to remain competitive, our future success may be adversely affected.

[Table of Contents](#)

Our business depends substantially on the continuing efforts of our key executives, and our business may be severely disrupted if we lose their services.

Our future success depends heavily upon the continued services of our key executives. We rely on their expertise in business operations, finance and travel services and on their relationships with our suppliers, shareholders, and business partners. We do not maintain key-man life insurance for any of our key executives. If one or more of our key executives are unable or unwilling to continue in their present positions, we may not be able to easily replace them. In that case, our business may be severely disrupted, we may incur additional expenses to recruit and train personnel and our financial condition and results of operations may be materially and adversely affected.

In addition, if any of these key executives joins a competitor or forms a competing company, we may lose customers and suppliers. Each of our executive officers has entered into an employment agreement with us that contains confidentiality and non-competition provisions. If any disputes arise between our executive officers and us, we cannot assure you of the extent to which any of these agreements would be enforced in China, where most of these executive officers reside and hold most of their assets, in light of the uncertainties with China's legal system. See "— Risks Related to Doing Business in China — Uncertainties with respect to the PRC legal system could adversely affect us."

If we are unable to attract, train and retain key individuals and highly skilled employees, our business may be adversely affected.

If our business continues to expand, we will need to hire additional employees, including travel supplier management personnel to maintain and expand our travel supplier network, information technology and engineering personnel to maintain and expand our mobile platform, websites, customer service centers and systems, and customer service representatives to serve an increasing number of customers. If we are unable to identify, attract, hire, train and retain sufficient employees in these areas, users of our mobile platform, websites and customer service centers may not have satisfactory experiences and may turn to our competitors, which may adversely affect our business and results of operations.

The PRC government regulates the air-ticketing, travel agency and Internet industries. If we fail to obtain or maintain all pertinent permits and approvals or if the PRC government imposes more restrictions on these industries, our business may be adversely affected.

The PRC government regulates the air-ticketing, travel agency and Internet industries. We are required to obtain applicable permits or approvals from different regulatory authorities to conduct our business, including separate licenses for value-added telecommunications, air-ticketing and travel agency activities. If we fail to obtain or maintain any of the required permits or approvals in the future, we may be subject to various penalties, such as fines or suspension of operations in these regulated businesses, which could severely disrupt our business operations. As a result, our financial condition and results of operations may be adversely affected.

In particular, the Civil Aviation Administration of China, or CAAC, together with National Development and Reform Commission, or NDRC, regulates pricing of air tickets. CAAC also supervises commissions payable to air-ticketing agencies together with China National Aviation Transportation Association, or CNATA. If restrictive policies are adopted by CAAC, NDRC, or CNATA, or any of their regional branches, our air-ticketing revenues may be adversely affected.

We may not be able to prevent others from using our intellectual property, which may harm our business and expose us to litigation.

We regard our domain names, trade names, trademarks and similar intellectual property as critical to our success. We try to protect our intellectual property rights by relying on trademark protection and confidentiality laws and contracts. Trademark and confidentiality protection in China may not be as effective as that in the United States. Policing unauthorized use of proprietary technology is difficult and expensive.

The steps we have taken may be inadequate to prevent the misappropriation of our proprietary technology. Any misappropriation could have a negative effect on our business and operating results. Furthermore, we may need to go to court to enforce our intellectual property rights. Litigation relating to our intellectual property might result in substantial costs and diversion of resources and management attention. See "— Risks Related to Doing Business in China — Uncertainties with respect to the PRC legal system could adversely affect us."

[Table of Contents](#)

We rely on services from third parties to carry out our business and to deliver our products to customers, and if there is any interruption or deterioration in the quality of these services, our customers may not continue using our services.

We rely on third-party computer systems to host our websites, as well as third-party licenses for some of the software underlying our technology platform. In addition, we rely on third-party transportation ticketing agencies to issue transportation tickets and travel insurance products, confirmations and deliveries in some cities in Greater China. We also rely on third-party local operators to deliver on-site services to our packaged-tour customers. Any interruption in our ability to obtain the products or services of these or other third parties or deterioration in their performance, such as server errors or interruptions, or dishonest business conduct, could impair the timing and quality of our own service. If our service providers fail to provide high quality services in a timely manner to our customers or violate any applicable rules and regulations, our services will not meet the expectations of our customers and our reputation and brand will be damaged. Furthermore, if our arrangement with any of these third parties is terminated, we may not find an alternative source of support on a timely basis or on favorable terms to us.

If our hotel suppliers or customers provide us with untrue information regarding our customers' stay, we may not be able to recognize and collect revenues to which we are entitled.

A substantial portion of our revenues are represented by commissions paid by hotels for room nights booked through us. Generally, we do not receive payment from our customers on behalf of our hotel suppliers, as our customers pay hotels directly. To confirm whether a customer adheres to the booked itinerary, we routinely make inquiries with the hotel and, occasionally, with the customer. We rely on the hotel and the customer to provide us truthful information regarding the customer's check-in and check-out dates, which forms the basis for calculating the commission we are entitled to receive from the hotel. If our hotel suppliers or customers provide us with untrue information with respect to our customers' length of stay at the hotels, we would not be able to collect revenues to which we are entitled. In addition, using such untrue information may lead to inaccurate business projections and plans, which may adversely affect our business planning and strategy.

We may suffer losses if we are unable to predict the amount of inventory we will need to purchase during the peak holiday seasons.

During the peak holiday seasons in China, we establish limited merchant business relationships with selected travel service suppliers, particularly for our packaged-tour products, in order to secure adequate supplies for our customers. In the merchant business relationship, we buy hotel rooms and/or transportation tickets before selling them to our customers and thereby incur inventory risk. If we are unable to correctly predict demand for hotel rooms and transportation tickets that we are committed to purchase, we would be responsible for covering the cost of the hotel rooms and transportation tickets we are unable to sell, and our financial condition and results of operations would be adversely affected.

The recurrence of SARS or other similar outbreaks of contagious diseases as well as natural disasters may materially and adversely affect our business and operating results.

In early 2003, several regions in Asia, including Hong Kong and China, were affected by the outbreak of SARS. The travel industry in China, Hong Kong and some other parts of Asia suffered tremendously as a result of the outbreak of SARS. Furthermore, in early 2008, severe snowstorms hit many areas of China and particularly affected southern China. The travel industry was severely and adversely affected during and after the snowstorms. Additionally, in May 2008, a major earthquake struck China's populous Sichuan Province, causing great loss of life, numerous injuries, property loss and disruption to the local economy. The earthquake had an immediate impact on our business as a result of the sharp decrease in travel in the relevant earthquake-affected areas in Sichuan Province. In 2009, an outbreak of H1N1 influenza (swine flu) occurred in Mexico and the United States and human cases of the swine flu were discovered in China and Hong Kong. In March 2011, a powerful earthquake hit Japan, and the subsequent tsunami and nuclear accidents had far-reaching impact on the surrounding economies. Starting from March 2013, H7N9 bird flu, a new strain of animal influenza, has been spreading in China and has infected more than a hundred people. In October 2013, large scale political protests began in Thailand that lasted several months and caused disruption to tourism and travel. In November 2013, one of the largest typhoons ever recorded hit the Philippines, causing widespread devastation. In March 2014, the World Health Organization, or the WHO, reported a major Ebola outbreak in Guinea, a western African nation. The disease then rapidly spread to the neighboring countries of Liberia and Sierra Leone. As of February 3, 2015, 22,560 suspected cases and 9,019 deaths had been reported; however, the WHO has said that these numbers may be underestimated. In June 2015, an outbreak of Middle East respiratory syndrome, or MERS, affected South Korea, one of our popular overseas travel destinations.

Any future outbreak of contagious diseases, extreme unexpected bad weather or natural disasters would adversely affect our business and operating results. Ongoing concerns regarding contagious disease or natural disasters, particularly its effect on travel, could negatively impact our customers' desire to travel. If there is a recurrence of an outbreak of certain contagious diseases or natural disasters, travel to and from affected regions could be curtailed. Government advice regarding, or restrictions on, travel to and from these and other regions on account of an outbreak of any contagious disease or occurrence of natural disasters may have a material adverse effect on our business and operating results.

[Table of Contents](#)

If tax benefits available to our subsidiaries in China are reduced or repealed, our results of operations could suffer.

Under the PRC Enterprise Income Tax Law and the relevant implementation rules, or the EIT Law, effective on January 1, 2008, foreign invested enterprises, or FIEs, and domestic enterprises are subject to EIT at a uniform rate of 25%. Certain enterprises will benefit from a preferential tax rate of 15% under the EIT Law if they qualify as “high and new technology enterprises,” subject to certain general restrictions described in the EIT Law and the related regulations.

In December 2008, our PRC subsidiaries, Ctrip Computer Technology, Ctrip Travel Information, Ctrip Travel Network and JointWisdom were each designated by relevant local authorities as a “high and new technology enterprise” under the EIT Law with an effective period of three years. Therefore, these entities were entitled to enjoy a preferential tax rate of 15%, as long as they maintained their qualifications for “high and new technology enterprises” that are subject to renewals every three years with the current effective period expiring by the end of 2017. We cannot assure you that our subsidiaries will continue to qualify as high and new technology enterprises when they are subject to reevaluation in the future. In 2002, the PRC State Administration of Taxation, or the SAT, started to implement preferential tax policy in China’s western region, and companies located in applicable jurisdictions covered by the Catalogue of Encouraged Industries in the Western Region (initially effective through the end of 2010 and further extended to 2020) are eligible to apply for a preferential income tax rate of 15% if their businesses fall within the “encouraged” category of the policy. Benefiting from this policy, Chengdu Ctrip and Chengdu Ctrip International obtained approval from local tax authorities to apply the 15% tax rate for their annual tax filing subject to periodic renewals over the years since 2012. The two entities re-applied for this qualification after the effective period expired in 2014 and their applications were approved by the relevant government authority. In 2013, Chengdu Information Technology Co., Ltd., or Chengdu Information, obtained approval from local tax authorities to apply the 15% tax rate for its 2012 tax filing and for the years from 2013 to 2016. In the event that the preferential tax treatment for these entities is discontinued, these entities will become subject to the standard tax rate at 25%, which would materially increase our tax obligations.

We have sustained loss in the past and may experience earnings decline or net loss in the future.

We sustained net loss in certain past periods and we cannot assure you that we can sustain profitability or avoid net loss in the future. We expect that our operating expenses will increase and the degree of increase in these expenses is largely based on anticipated growth, revenue trends and competitive pressure. As a result, any decrease or delay in generating additional sales volume and revenues and increase in our operating expenses may result in substantial operating losses.

We have incurred substantial indebtedness and may incur additional indebtedness in the future. We may not be able to generate sufficient cash to satisfy our outstanding and future debt obligations.

As of December 31, 2015, our total short-term borrowings and long-term borrowings (current portions) were RMB12.7 billion (US\$2 billion), and our total long-term borrowings (excluding current portions) were RMB18.5 billion (US\$2.85 billion).

Our substantial indebtedness could have important consequences to you. For example, it could:

- increase our vulnerability to adverse general economic and industry conditions;
- require us to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations to servicing and repaying our indebtedness, thereby reducing the availability of our cash flow to fund working capital, capital expenditures and other general corporate purposes; and
- limit, along with the financial and other restrictive covenants of our indebtedness, among other things, our ability to conduct additional financing activities, or increase the cost of additional financing.

In the future, we may from time to time incur additional indebtedness and contingent liabilities. If we incur additional debt, the risks that we face as a result of our substantial indebtedness and leverage could intensify.

Our ability to generate sufficient cash to satisfy our outstanding and future debt obligations will depend upon our future operating performance, which will be affected by prevailing economic conditions and financial, business and other factors, many of which are beyond our control. As a result, we may not generate or obtain sufficient cash flow to meet our anticipated operating expenses and to service our debt obligation as they become due.

[Table of Contents](#)

We may be subject to legal or administrative proceedings regarding information provided on our online portals or other aspects of our business operations, which may be time-consuming to defend.

Our online portals contain information about hotels, transportation, popular vacation destinations and other travel-related topics. It is possible that if any information accessible on our online portals contains errors or false or misleading information, third parties could take action against us for losses incurred in connection with the use of such information. From time to time, we have become and may in the future become a party to various legal or administrative proceedings arising in the ordinary course of our business, including actions with respect to labor and employment claims, breach of contract claims, anti-competition claims and other matters. Although such proceedings are inherently uncertain and their results cannot be predicted with certainty, we believe that the resolution of our current pending matters will not have a material adverse effect on our business, consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flow. Regardless of the outcome and merit of such proceedings, however, any legal action can have an adverse impact on us because of defense costs, negative publicity, diversion of management's attention and other factors. In addition, it is possible that an unfavorable resolution of one or more legal or administrative proceedings, whether in the PRC or in another jurisdiction, could materially and adversely affect our financial position, results of operations or cash flows in a particular period or damage our reputation.

We could be liable for breaches of Internet security or fraudulent transactions by users of our mobile platform and our websites.

The Internet industry is facing significant challenges regarding information security and privacy, including the storage, transmission and sharing of confidential information. In recent years, PRC government authorities have enacted legislation on Internet use to protect personal information from any unauthorized disclosure. See "Item 4. Information on the Company — B. Business Overview — PRC Government Regulations — Internet Privacy." We conduct a significant portion of our transactions through the Internet, including our mobile platform and websites. In such transactions, secured transmission of confidential information (such as customers' itineraries, hotel and other reservation information, credit card information, personal information and billing addresses) over public networks and ensuring the confidentiality, integrity, availability and authenticity of the information of our users, customers, hotel suppliers and airline partners are essential to maintaining their confidence in our online products and services. Our current security measures may not be adequate and may contain deficiencies that we fail to identify, and advances in technology, increased levels of expertise of hackers, new discoveries in the field of cryptography or others could increase our vulnerability. For example, a third-party website with focus on Internet security information exchange released a news in March 2014 that as a result of a temporary testing function performed by us, certain data files containing customers' credit card information had been stored on local servers maintained by us, which may lead to potential exposure of these customers' information to hackers. We removed the cause of the potential security concern within two hours of the release of the news report and then examined all other possible leaks and found that 93 customers' credit card information might have been downloaded by the above-mentioned website for the purpose of confirming potential risks. Although to our knowledge, no customer has suffered financial loss or other damage due to the incident as of the date of this report, our business, results of operations, user experience and reputation may be materially and adversely affected if similar incidents related to Internet security recur in the future. In August 2011, China's Supreme People's Court and Supreme People's Procuratorate issued judicial interpretations regarding hacking and other Internet crimes. However, its effect on curbing hacking and other illegal online activities still remains to be seen.

Significant capital, managerial and human resources are required to enhance information security and to address any issues caused by security failures. If we are unable to protect our systems and the information stored in our systems from unauthorized access, use, disclosure, disruption, modification or destruction, such problems or security breaches may cause loss, expose us to litigation and possible liability to the owners of confidential information, disrupt our operations and may harm our reputation and ability to attract customers.

We may be the subject of detrimental conduct by third parties including complaints to regulatory agencies, negative blog postings, and the public dissemination of malicious assessments of our business, which could have a negative impact on our reputation and cause us to lose market share, travel suppliers and customers and revenues, and adversely affect the price of our ADSs.

We may be the target of anti-competitive, harassing, or other detrimental conduct by third parties. Such conduct may include complaints, anonymous or otherwise, to regulatory agencies regarding our operations, accounting, revenues, business relationships, business prospects and business ethics. Additionally, allegations, directly or indirectly against us, may be posted in Internet chat-rooms or on blogs or any websites by anyone, whether or not related to us, on an anonymous basis. We may be subject to government or regulatory investigation as a result of such third-party conduct and may be required to expend significant time and incur substantial costs to address such third-party conduct, and there is no assurance that we will be able to conclusively refute each of the allegations within a reasonable period of time, or at all. Our reputation may also be negatively affected as a result of the public dissemination of anonymous allegations or malicious statements about our business, which in turn may cause us to lose market share, travel suppliers and customers and revenues and adversely affect the price of our ADSs.

[Table of Contents](#)

We have limited business insurance coverage in Greater China.

Insurance companies in Greater China offer limited business insurance products and generally do not, to our knowledge, offer business liability insurance. Business disruption insurance is available to a limited extent in Greater China, but we have determined that the risks of disruption, the cost of such insurance and the difficulties associated with acquiring such insurance make it impractical for us to have such insurance. We do not maintain insurance coverage for any kinds of business liabilities or disruptions and would have to bear the costs and expenses associated with any such events out of our own resources.

We hire celebrities to be our brand ambassadors to market our brands and products and this marketing initiative may not be effective.

From time to time, we hire celebrities to be our brand ambassadors to market our “Ctrip” brand or our products and services that are important to our business. However, we cannot give assurance that the endorsement from our brand ambassadors or related advertisements will remain effective, that the brand ambassador will remain popular or his or her images will remain positive and compatible with the messages that our brand and products aim to convey. Furthermore, we cannot ensure that we can successfully find suitable celebrities to replace any of our existing brand ambassador if any of his popularities declines or if the existing brand ambassador is no longer able or suitable to continue the engagement, and termination of such engagements may have a significant impact on our brand images and the promotion or sales of our products. If any of these situations occurs, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected.

We may face greater risks of doubtful accounts as our business increases in scale.

Since we began providing travel booking services to corporate customers and some hotel customers who generally request credit terms, our accounts receivable have increased. We cannot assure you that we will be able to collect payment fully and in a timely manner on our outstanding accounts receivable from our customers. As a result, we may face a greater risk of non-payment of our accounts receivable. For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015, we recognized the provisions of doubtful accounts of RMB2.8 million, RMB11.7 million and RMB32.1 million (US\$5.0 million) respectively. As our corporate travel business grows in scale, we may need to make increased provisions for doubtful accounts. Our operating results and financial condition may be materially and adversely affected if we are unable to successfully manage our accounts receivable.

As we have commenced accounting for employee share options using the fair value method beginning in 2006, such accounting treatment could continue to significantly reduce our net income.

Since 2006, we have accounted for share-based compensation in accordance with ASC 718 “Compensation — Stock Compensation,” or ASC 718, which requires a public company to recognize, as an expense, the fair value of share options and other share-based compensation to employees based on the requisite service period of the share-based awards. We have granted share-based compensation awards, including share options and restricted share units, to employees, officers and directors to incentivize performance and align their interests with ours. We have adopted four share incentive plans, namely, the 2007 Share Incentive Plan, or the 2007 Plan, the 2005 Employee’s Stock Option Plan, or the 2005 Plan, the 2003 Employee’s Option Plan, or the 2003 Plan, and the 2000 Employee’s Stock Option Plan, or the 2000 Plan. As a result of these grants and potential future grants under these plans, we had incurred in the past and expect to continue to incur in future periods significant share-based compensation expenses. The amount of these expenses is based on the fair value of the share-based awards.

Our board of directors has the discretion to change terms of any previously issued share options and any such change may significantly increase the amount of our share-based compensation expenses for the period that the change takes effect as well as those for any future periods. In February 2009, our board of directors approved to reduce the exercise price of all outstanding unvested options that were granted by us in 2007 and 2008 under our 2007 Plan to the then fair market value of our ordinary shares underlying such options and, in December 2009, our board of directors approved to extend the expiration dates of all stock options granted in 2005 and 2006 to eight years after the respective original grant dates of these options. As a result of such changes, our share-based compensation expense of 2009 reduced our diluted earnings per ADS by US\$0.14. In February 2010, our compensation committee approved to extend the expiration dates of all stock options granted in and after 2007 to eight years after the respective original grant dates of these options. As a result of such changes and extensions, our share-based compensation expense of 2010 reduced our diluted earnings per ADS by US\$0.06. In addition, with such changes and extensions, the application of ASC 718 will continue to have a significant impact on our net income. In addition, future changes to various assumptions used to determine the fair value of awards issued or the amount and type of equity awards granted may also create uncertainty as to the amount of future share-based compensation expense.

[Table of Contents](#)

Failure to maintain effective internal control over financial reporting could result in errors in our published financial statements, which in turn could have a material adverse effect on the trading price of our ADSs.

We are subject to the reporting obligations under the U.S. securities laws. The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC, as required under Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, has adopted rules requiring public companies to include a report of management on the effectiveness of such companies' internal control over financial reporting in its annual report. In addition, an independent registered public accounting firm for a public company must issue an attestation report on the effectiveness of the company's internal control over financial reporting. Our management conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting and concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2015. In addition, our independent registered public accounting firm attested the effectiveness of our internal control and reported that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2015. If we fail to maintain the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting, we may not be able to conclude on an ongoing basis that we have effective internal control over financial reporting in accordance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. Moreover, effective internal control over financial reporting is necessary for us to produce reliable financial reports. As a result, any failure to maintain effective internal control over financial reporting could result in the loss of investor confidence in the reliability of our financial statements, which in turn could negatively impact the trading price of our ADSs. Furthermore, we may need to incur additional costs and use additional management and other resources in an effort to comply with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and other requirements going forward.

We may need additional capital and we may not be able to obtain it.

We believe that our current cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, cash flow from operations and proceeds from our financing activities will be sufficient to meet our anticipated cash needs for the foreseeable future. We may, however, require additional cash resources due to changed business conditions or other future developments, including any investments or acquisitions we may decide to pursue. If these resources are insufficient to satisfy our cash requirements, we may seek to sell additional equity or debt securities or obtain a credit facility. The sale of additional equity securities could result in additional dilution to our shareholders. The incurrence of indebtedness would result in increased debt service obligations and could result in operating and financing covenants that would restrict our operations. We cannot assure you that financing will be available in amounts or on terms acceptable to us, if at all. In particular, the recent financial turmoil affecting the financial markets and banking system may significantly restrict our ability to obtain financing in the capital markets or from financial institutions on commercially reasonable terms, or at all.

Risks Related to Our Corporate Structure

PRC laws and regulations restrict foreign investment in the air-ticketing, travel agency and value-added telecommunications businesses, and substantial uncertainties exist with respect to the application and implementation of PRC laws and regulations.

We are a Cayman Islands incorporated company and a foreign person under PRC law. Due to foreign ownership restrictions in the air-ticketing, travel agency and value-added telecommunications industries, we conduct part of our business through contractual arrangements with our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities. These entities hold the licenses and approvals that are essential for our business operations.

In the opinion of our PRC counsel, Commerce & Finance Law Offices, our current ownership structure, the ownership structure of our subsidiaries and our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, the contractual arrangements among us, our subsidiaries, our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities and their shareholders, as described in this annual report, are in compliance with existing PRC laws, rules and regulations. There are, however, substantial uncertainties regarding the interpretation and application of current or future PRC laws and regulations. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that PRC government authorities will not ultimately take a view contrary to the opinion of our PRC legal counsel due to the lack of official interpretation and clear guidance.

If we and our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities are found to be in violation of any existing or future PRC laws or regulations, the relevant governmental authorities would have broad discretion in dealing with such violation, including, without limitation, levying fines, confiscating our income or the income of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, revoking our business licenses or the business licenses of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, requiring us and our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities to restructure our ownership structure or operations and requiring us or our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities to discontinue any portion or all of our value-added telecommunications, air-ticketing or travel agency businesses. In particular, if the PRC government authorities impose penalties which cause us to lose our rights to direct the activities of and receive economic benefits from our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, we may lose the ability to consolidate and reflect in our financial statements the operation results of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities. Any of these actions could cause significant disruption to our business operations, and may materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

[Table of Contents](#)

Under the equity pledge agreements between our subsidiaries and the shareholders of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, the shareholders of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities pledged their respective equity interests in these entities to our subsidiaries. According to the PRC Property Rights Law, effective as of October 1, 2007, and the Measures for the Registration of Equity Pledge with the Administration for Industry and Commerce, effective as of October 1, 2008, the effectiveness of the pledges will be denied if the pledges are not registered with the Administration for Industry and Commerce. Our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities and our subsidiaries have registered most of the equity pledges, except that registration process for a few equity pledges was pending as of the date of this annual report. The effectiveness of the pledges will be recognized by PRC courts if disputes arise on certain pledged equity interests and that our subsidiaries' interests as pledges will prevail over those of third parties.

Furthermore, we were aware that a China-based company listed in the U.S. announced in 2012 that it was subject to the SEC's investigation which it believed related to the consolidation of its consolidated affiliated Chinese entities. Following the announcement, that issuer's stock price declined significantly. Although we are not aware of any actual or threatened investigation, inquiry or other action by the SEC, NASDAQ or any other regulatory authority with respect to consolidation of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, we cannot assure you that we will not be subject to any such investigation or inquiry in the future. In the event we are subject to any regulatory investigation or inquiry relating to our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, including the consolidation of such entities into our financial statements, or any other matters, we may need to spend significant amount of time and expenses in connection with the investigation or inquiry, our reputation may be harmed regardless of the outcome, and the trading price of our ADS may materially decline or fluctuate.

If our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities violate our contractual arrangements with them, our business could be disrupted, our reputation may be harmed and we may have to resort to litigation to enforce our rights, which may be time-consuming and expensive.

As the PRC government restricts foreign ownership of value-added telecommunications, air-ticketing and travel agency businesses in China, we depend on our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, in which we have no ownership interest, to conduct part of our non-accommodation reservation business activities through a series of contractual arrangements, which are intended to provide us with effective control over these entities and allow us to obtain economic benefits from them. Although we have been advised by our PRC counsel, Commerce & Finance Law Offices, that the contractual arrangements as described in this annual report are valid, binding and enforceable under current PRC laws, except for certain equity pledge agreements whose registration process was pending as of the date of this annual report and thus may not be enforceable, these arrangements are not as effective in providing control as direct ownership of these businesses. For example, our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities could violate our contractual arrangements with them by, among other things, failing to operate our air-ticketing or packaged-tour business in an acceptable manner or pay us for our consulting or other services. In any such event, we would have to rely on the PRC legal system for the enforcement of those agreements, which could have uncertain results. Any legal proceeding could result in the disruption of our business, damage to our reputation, diversion of our resources and incurrence of substantial costs. See "— Risks Related to Doing Business in China — Uncertainties with respect to the PRC legal system could adversely affect us."

The principal shareholders of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities have potential conflicts of interest with us, which may adversely affect our business.

Our director, vice chairman of the board and president, Min Fan, our officers, Tao Yang, Qi Shi, Maohua Sun, Hui Cao and Hui Wang were also the principal shareholders of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities as of the date of this report. Thus, conflicts of interest between their duties to our company and our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities may arise. We cannot assure you that when conflicts of interest arise, these persons will act entirely in our interests or that the conflicts of interest will be resolved in our favor. In addition, these persons could violate their non-competition or employment agreements with us or their legal duties by diverting business opportunities from us to others, resulting in our loss of corporate opportunities. In any such event, we would have to rely on the PRC legal system for the enforcement of these agreements, which could have uncertain results. Any legal proceeding could result in the disruption of our business, diversion of our resources and incurrence of substantial costs. See "— Risks Related to Doing Business in China — Uncertainties with respect to the PRC legal system could adversely affect us."

Substantial uncertainties exist with respect to the enactment timetable, interpretation and implementation of draft PRC Foreign Investment Law and how it may impact the viability of our current corporate structure, corporate governance and business operations.

The Ministry of Commerce, or MOC, published a discussion draft of the proposed Foreign Investment Law in January 2015 aiming to, upon its enactment, replace the trio of existing laws regulating foreign investment in China, namely, the Sino-foreign Equity Joint Venture Enterprise Law, the Sino-foreign Cooperative Joint Venture Enterprise Law and the Wholly Foreign-invested Enterprise Law, together with their implementation rules and ancillary regulations. The draft Foreign Investment Law embodies an expected PRC regulatory trend to rationalize its foreign investment regulatory regime in line with prevailing international practice and the legislative efforts to unify the corporate legal requirements for both foreign and domestic investments. The MOC solicited comments on this draft and substantial uncertainties exist with respect to its enactment timetable, interpretation and implementation. The draft Foreign Investment Law, if enacted as proposed, may materially impact the entire legal framework regulating the foreign investments in China as well as the viability of our current corporate structure, corporate governance and business operations in many aspects.

[Table of Contents](#)

Among other things, the draft Foreign Investment Law expands the definition of foreign investment and introduces the principle of “actual control” in determining whether a company is considered a foreign-invested enterprise, or an FIE. The draft Foreign Investment Law specifically provides that entities established in China but “controlled” by foreign investors will be treated as FIEs, whereas an entity set up in a foreign jurisdiction would nonetheless be, upon market entry clearance by the MOC, treated as a PRC domestic investor provided that the entity is “controlled” by PRC entities and/or citizens. In this connection, “control” is broadly defined in the draft law to cover any of the following summarized categories: (i) holding 50% of or more of the equity interest, share of interests, voting rights or similar equity interest of the subject entity; (ii) holding less than 50% of the equity interest, share of interests, voting rights or similar equity interest of the subject entity but having the power to secure at least 50% of the seats on the board or other equivalent decision making bodies, or having the voting power to material influence on the board, the shareholders’ meeting or other equivalent decision making bodies; or (iii) having the power to exert decisive influence, via contractual or trust arrangements, over the subject entity’s operations, financial matters or other key aspects of business operations. Once an entity is determined to be an FIE and its investment amount exceeds certain thresholds or its business operation falls within a “negative list” to be separately issued by the State Counsel Council in the future, market entry clearance by the MOC or its local counterparts would be required. Otherwise, all foreign investors may make investments on the same terms as Chinese investors without being subject to additional approval from the government authorities as mandated by the existing foreign investment legal regime.

The “variable interest entity” structure, or VIE structure, has been adopted by many PRC-based companies, including us, to obtain necessary licenses and permits in the industries that are currently subject to foreign investment restrictions in China. See “Item 3. Key Information — D. Risk Factors — Risks Related to Our Corporate Structure — PRC laws and regulations restrict foreign investment in the air-ticketing, travel agency, advertising and value-added telecommunications businesses, and substantial uncertainties exist with respect to the application and implementation of PRC laws and regulations.” and “Item 7. Major Shareholders and Related Party Transactions — Related Party Transactions — Arrangements with Consolidated Affiliated Chinese Entities.” Under the draft Foreign Investment Law, variable interest entities that are controlled via contractual arrangements would also be deemed as FIEs, if they are ultimately “controlled” by foreign investors. Therefore, for any companies with a VIE structure in an industry category that is on the “negative list,” the existing VIE structure may be deemed legitimate only if the ultimate controlling person(s) is/are of PRC nationality (either PRC state owned enterprises or agencies, or PRC citizens). Conversely, if the actual controlling person(s) is/are of foreign nationalities, then the variable interest entities will be treated as FIEs and any operation in the industry category on the “negative list” without market entry clearance may be considered as illegal.

It is likely that we would not be considered as ultimately controlled by PRC nationals, as our shareholder base is relatively diverse and, to our knowledge, ultimate beneficial owners of our shares who are PRC nationals may not, in the aggregate, control more than 50% of our total voting power as of March 31, 2016. The draft Foreign Investment Law has not taken a position on what actions will be taken with respect to the existing companies with a VIE structure, whether or not these companies are controlled by Chinese parties, while it solicited comments from the public on this point by illustrating several possible options. Under these varied options, a company that has a VIE structure and conducts the business on the “negative list” at the time of enactment of the new Foreign Investment Law has either the option or obligation to disclose its corporate structure to the authorities, while the authorities, after reviewing the ultimate share control structure of the company, may either permit the company to continue maintain the VIE structure (if the company is deemed ultimately controlled by PRC nationals), or require the company to dispose of its businesses and/or VIE structure based on circumstantial considerations. Moreover, it is uncertain whether the air-ticketing, travel agency and value-added telecommunications industries, in which our variable interest entities operate, will be subject to the foreign investment restrictions or prohibitions set forth in the “negative list” to be issued. If the enacted version of the Foreign Investment Law and the final “negative list” mandate further actions, such as MOC market entry clearance or certain restructuring of our corporate structure and operations, to be completed by companies with existing VIE structure like us, we face substantial uncertainties as to whether these actions can be timely completed, or at all, and our business and financial condition may be materially and adversely affected.

The draft Foreign Investment Law, if enacted as proposed, may also materially impact our corporate governance practice and increase our compliance costs. For instance, the draft Foreign Investment Law imposes stringent *ad hoc* and periodic information reporting requirements on foreign investors and the applicable FIEs. Aside from investment implementation report and investment amendment report that are required at each investment and alteration of investment specifics, an annual report is mandatory, and large foreign investors meeting certain criteria are required to report on a quarterly basis. Any company found to be non-compliant with these information reporting obligations may potentially be subject to fines and/or administrative or criminal liabilities, and the persons directly responsible may be subject to criminal liabilities.

Our contractual arrangements with our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities may result in adverse tax consequences to us.

As a result of our corporate structure and the contractual arrangements between us and our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, we are effectively subject to the 5% PRC business tax or 6% PRC value-added taxes on both revenues generated by our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities’ operations in China and revenues derived from our contractual arrangements with our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities. We may be subject to adverse tax consequences if the PRC tax authorities were to determine that the contracts between us and our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities were not made on an arm’s-length basis and therefore constitute favorable transfer pricing arrangements. If this occurs, the PRC tax authorities could request that our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities adjust their taxable income upward for PRC tax purposes. Such a pricing adjustment could adversely affect us by increasing our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities’ tax expenses without reducing our tax expenses, which could subject our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities to late payment fees and other penalties for underpayment of taxes, and/or result in the loss of the tax benefits available to our subsidiaries in China. The EIT Law requires every enterprise in China to submit its annual enterprise income tax return together with a report on transactions with its affiliates to the relevant tax authorities. The tax authorities may impose reasonable adjustments on taxation if they have identified any related party transactions that are inconsistent with arm’s-length principles. As a result, our contractual arrangements with our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities may result in adverse tax consequences to us.

[Table of Contents](#)

Our subsidiaries and consolidated affiliated Chinese entities in China are subject to restrictions on paying dividends or making other payments to us, which may restrict our ability to satisfy our liquidity requirements.

We are a holding company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. We rely on dividends from our subsidiaries in China and consulting and other fees paid to us by our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities. Current PRC regulations permit our subsidiaries to pay dividends to us only out of their accumulated profits, if any, determined in accordance with Chinese accounting standards and regulations. In addition, our subsidiaries in China are required to set aside at least 10% of their respective accumulated profits each year, if any, to fund certain reserve funds unless these reserves have reached 50% of the subsidiaries' registered capital. These reserves are not distributable as cash dividends. Furthermore, if our subsidiaries and consolidated affiliated Chinese entities in China incur debt on their own behalf in the future, the instruments governing the debt may restrict their ability to pay dividends or make other payments to us, which may restrict our ability to satisfy our liquidity requirements.

Pursuant to the EIT Law and a circular issued by the PRC Ministry of Finance and the SAT, in February 2008, the dividends declared out of the profits earned after January 1, 2008 by an FIE to its immediate holding company outside China are subject to a 10% withholding tax unless such foreign investor's jurisdiction of incorporation has a tax treaty with China that provides for a different withholding arrangement, and certain supplementary requirements and procedures stipulated by SAT for such tax treaty are met and observed. Our subsidiaries in China are considered FIEs and are directly held by our subsidiary in Hong Kong. According to the currently effective tax treaty between China and Hong Kong, dividends payable by an FIE in China to a company in Hong Kong which directly holds at least 25% of the equity interests in the FIE will be subject to a withholding tax of 5%. In February 2009, the SAT issued a new notice, Notice No. 81. According to Notice No. 81, in order to enjoy the preferential treatment on dividend withholding tax rates, an enterprise must be the "beneficial owner" of the relevant dividend income, and no enterprise is entitled to enjoy preferential treatment pursuant to any tax treaties if such enterprise qualifies for such preferential tax rates through any transaction or arrangement, the major purpose of which is to obtain such preferential tax treatment. The tax authority in charge has the right to make adjustments to the applicable tax rates, if it determines that any taxpayer has enjoyed preferential treatment under tax treaties as a result of such transaction or arrangement. In October 2009, the SAT issued another notice on this matter, Notice No. 601, to provide guidance on the criteria for determining whether an enterprise qualifies as the "beneficial owner" of the PRC sourced income for the purpose of obtaining preferential treatment under tax treaties. Pursuant to Notice No. 601, the PRC tax authorities will review and grant tax preferential treatment on a case-by-case basis and adopt the "substance over form" principle in the review. Notice No. 601 specifies that a beneficial owner should generally carry out substantial business activities and own and have control over the income, the assets or other rights generating the income. Therefore, an agent or a conduit company will not be regarded as a beneficial owner of such income. Since the two notices were issued, it has remained unclear how the PRC tax authorities will implement them in practice and to what extent they will affect the dividend withholding tax rates for dividends distributed by our subsidiaries in China to our Hong Kong subsidiary. If the relevant tax authority determines that our Hong Kong subsidiary is a conduit company and does not qualify as the "beneficial owner" of the dividend income it receives from our PRC subsidiaries, the higher 10% withholding tax rate will apply to such dividends.

Under the EIT Law, an enterprise established outside of China with its "de facto management body" within China is considered a resident enterprise and will be subject to enterprise income tax at the rate of 25% on its worldwide income. The "de facto management body" is defined as the organizational body that effectively exercises overall management and control over production and business operations, personnel, finance and accounting, and properties of the enterprise. It remains unclear how the PRC tax authorities will interpret such a broad definition. If the PRC tax authorities determine that we should be classified as a resident enterprise for PRC tax purposes, our global income will be subject to income tax at a uniform rate of 25%, which may have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations. Notwithstanding the foregoing provision, the EIT Law also provides that, if a resident enterprise directly invests in another resident enterprise, the dividends received by the investing resident enterprise from the invested enterprise are exempted from income tax, subject to certain conditions. However, it remains unclear how the PRC tax authorities will interpret the PRC tax resident treatment of an offshore company, like us, having indirect ownership interests in PRC enterprises through intermediary holding vehicles.

[Table of Contents](#)

Moreover, under the EIT Law, foreign ADS holders that are not PRC resident enterprises may be subject to a 10% withholding tax upon dividends payable by a Chinese entity that is considered as a PRC resident enterprise and gains realized on the sale or other disposition of ADSs or ordinary shares, if such income is considered as income derived from within China. Any such tax would reduce the returns on your investment in our ADSs.

If we exercise the option to acquire equity ownership in our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, such ownership transfer require approval from or filings with PRC governmental authorities and subject to taxation, which may result in substantial costs to us.

Pursuant to the relevant contractual arrangements, three of our PRC subsidiaries, Ctrip Travel Information, Ctrip Travel Network, and Wancheng (Shanghai) Travel Agency Co., Ltd., or Wancheng (or their respective designees), each has its respective exclusive right to purchase all or any part of the equity interests in the applicable consolidated affiliated Chinese entities of ours from the respective shareholders of these consolidated affiliated Chinese entities for a price that is the higher of (i) the registered capital of such consolidated affiliated Chinese entities or (ii) another minimum price as permitted by the then applicable PRC laws. Such equity transfers may be subject to approvals from, or filings with, relevant PRC governmental authorities. In addition, the relevant equity transfer price may be subject to review and tax adjustment by the relevant tax authorities. Moreover, the shareholders of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, under the circumstances of such equity transfers, will be subject to PRC individual income tax on the difference between the equity transfer price and the then current registered capital of the relevant consolidated affiliated Chinese entities. The shareholders of such consolidated affiliated Chinese entities will pay, after deducting such taxes, the remaining amount to Ctrip Travel Information, Ctrip Travel Network or Wancheng, as appropriate, under the applicable contractual arrangements. The amount to be received by Ctrip Travel Information, Ctrip Travel Network and Wancheng may also be subject to enterprise income tax. Any of the aforementioned tax amounts could be substantial.

We face uncertainty with respect to indirect transfer of equity interests in PRC resident enterprises by their non-PRC holding companies.

We face uncertainties regarding the reporting on and consequences of previous private equity financing transactions involving the transfer and exchange of shares in our company by non-resident investors. According to the Notice on Strengthening Administration of Enterprise Income Tax for Share Transfers by Non-PRC Resident Enterprises issued by the PRC State Administration of Taxation on December 10, 2009, or SAT Circular 698, where a non-resident enterprise transfers the equity interests in a PRC resident enterprise indirectly through a disposition of equity interests in an overseas holding company (other than a purchase and sale of shares issued by a PRC resident enterprise in public securities market), or an Indirect Transfer, the non-resident enterprise, as the seller, may be subject to PRC enterprise income tax of up to 10% of the gains derived from the Indirect Transfer in certain circumstances.

On February 3, 2015, the SAT issued Announcement on Several Issues Concerning the Enterprise Income Tax on Indirect Property Transfers by Non-PRC Resident Enterprises, or SAT Notice No. 7, to supersede the existing tax rules in relation to the tax treatment of the Indirect Transfer, while the other provisions of SAT Circular 698 irrelevant to the Indirect Transfer remain in force. SAT Notice No. 7 introduces a new tax regime that is significantly different from that under SAT Circular 698. It extends the SAT's tax jurisdiction to capture not only the Indirect Transfer as set forth under SAT Circular 698 but also transactions involving indirect transfer of (i) real properties in China and (ii) assets of an "establishment or place" situated in China, by a non-PRC resident enterprise through a disposition of equity interests in an overseas holding company. SAT Notice No. 7 also extends the interpretation with respect to the disposition of equity interests in an overseas holding company. In addition, SAT Notice No. 7 further clarifies how to assess reasonable commercial purposes and introduces safe harbors applicable to internal group restructurings. However, it also brings challenges to both the foreign transferor and transferee as they are required to make self-assessment on whether an Indirect Transfer or similar transaction should be subject to PRC tax and whether they should file or withhold any tax payment accordingly.

There is uncertainty as to the application of SAT Circular 698 and SAT Notice No. 7. In the event that non-PRC resident investors were involved in our private equity financing transactions and such transactions were determined by the competent tax authorities as lack of reasonable commercial purposes, we and our non-PRC resident investors may become at risk of being taxed under SAT Circular 698 and SAT Notice No. 7 and may be required to expend costly resources to comply with SAT Circular 698 and SAT Notice No. 7, or to establish a case to be tax exempt under SAT Circular 698 and SAT Notice No. 7, which may cause us to incur additional costs and may have a negative impact on the value of your investment in us.

The PRC tax authorities have discretion under SAT Circular 698 and SAT Notice No. 7 to make adjustments to the taxable capital gains based on the difference between the fair value of the transferred equity interests and the investment cost. We may pursue acquisitions in the future that may involve complex corporate structures. If we are considered as a non-PRC resident enterprise under the EIT Law and if the PRC tax authorities make adjustments to the taxable income of the transactions under SAT Circular 698 and SAT Notice No. 7, our income tax expenses associated with such potential acquisitions will be increased, which may have an adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.

[Table of Contents](#)

Risks Related to Doing Business in China

Adverse changes in economic and political policies of the PRC government could have a material adverse effect on the overall economic growth of China, which could adversely affect our business.

The majority of our business operations are conducted in mainland China. Accordingly, our results of operations, financial condition and prospects are subject to a significant degree to economic, political and legal developments in China. China's economy differs from the economies of most developed countries in many respects, including with respect to the amount of government involvement, level of development, growth rate, control of foreign exchange and allocation of resources. While the PRC economy has experienced significant growth in the past decades, that growth may not continue, as evidenced by the slowing of the growth of the Chinese economy since 2012. Any adverse changes in economic conditions in China, in the policies of the Chinese government or in the laws and regulations in China could have a material adverse effect on the overall economic growth of China. Such developments could adversely affect our business and operating results, lead to reduction in demand for our services and adversely affect our competitive position. The PRC government has implemented various measures to encourage economic development and guide the allocation of resources. Some of these measures benefit the overall PRC economy, but may also have a negative effect on us. For example, our financial condition and results of operations may be adversely affected by government control over capital investments or changes in tax regulations that are applicable to us. In addition, future measures to control the pace of economic growth may cause a decrease in the level of economic activity in China, which in turn could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

Inflation in China may disrupt our business and have an adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.

The Chinese economy has experienced rapid expansion together with rising rates of inflation. Inflation may erode disposable incomes and consumer spending, which may have an adverse effect on the Chinese economy and lead to a reduction in business and leisure travel as the travel industry is highly sensitive to business and personal discretionary spending levels. This in turn could adversely impact our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Future movements in exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and the RMB may adversely affect the value of our ADSs.

The value of the Renminbi against the U.S. dollar and other currencies may fluctuate and is affected by, among other things, changes in political and economic conditions. The conversion of the Renminbi into foreign currencies, including the U.S. dollar, has been based on rates set by the People's Bank of China. The PRC government allowed the Renminbi to appreciate by more than 20% against the U.S. dollar between July 2005 and July 2008. Between July 2008 and June 2010, this appreciation halted and the exchange rate between the Renminbi and the U.S. dollar remained within a narrow band. As a consequence, the Renminbi fluctuated significantly during that period against other freely traded currencies, in tandem with the U.S. dollar. Since June, 2010, the PRC government has allowed the Renminbi to appreciate slowly against the U.S. dollar again. It is difficult to predict how market forces or PRC or U.S. government policy may impact the exchange rate between the Renminbi and the U.S. dollar in the future.

The majority of our revenues and costs are denominated in Renminbi, while a portion of our financial assets and our dividend payments are denominated in U.S. dollars. We have not used any forward contracts or currency borrowings to hedge our exposure to foreign currency risk. Any significant revaluation of the Renminbi or the U.S. dollar may adversely affect our cash flows, earnings and financial position, and the value of, and any dividends payable on, our ADSs. For example, an appreciation of the Renminbi against the U.S. dollar would make any new RMB-denominated investments or expenditures more costly to us, to the extent that we need to convert U.S. dollars into Renminbi for such purposes. An appreciation of the Renminbi against the U.S. dollar would also result in foreign currency translation losses for financial reporting purposes when we translate our U.S. dollar-denominated financial assets into Renminbi, our reporting currency. Conversely, if we decide to convert Renminbi into U.S. dollars for the purpose of making payments for dividends on our ordinary shares or ADSs or for other business purposes, appreciation of the U.S. dollar against the Renminbi would have a negative effect on the U.S. dollar amount available to us.

Restrictions on currency exchange may limit our ability to receive and use our revenues effectively.

Because the majority of our revenues are in the form of Renminbi, any restrictions on currency exchange may limit our ability to use revenues generated in Renminbi to fund our business activities outside China or to make dividend payments in U.S. dollars. The principal regulation governing foreign currency exchange in China is the Foreign Currency Administration Rules, as amended, or the Rules. Under the Rules, Renminbi is freely convertible for trade- and service-related foreign exchange transactions, but not for direct investment, loan or investment in securities outside China unless the prior approval of the State Administration of Foreign Exchange, or SAFE, is obtained. Although the PRC government regulations now allow greater convertibility of Renminbi for current account transactions, significant restrictions still remain. For example, foreign exchange transactions under our subsidiaries' capital account, including principal payments in respect of foreign currency-denominated obligations, remain subject to significant foreign exchange controls and the approval of SAFE. These limitations could affect our ability to obtain foreign exchange for capital expenditures. We cannot be certain that the PRC regulatory authorities will not impose more stringent restrictions on the convertibility of Renminbi, especially with respect to foreign exchange transactions.

[Table of Contents](#)

PRC regulations relating to the establishment of offshore special purpose companies by PRC residents and the grant of employee stock options by overseas-listed companies may subject our PRC resident shareholders to personal liability and limit our ability to inject capital into our PRC subsidiaries, limit our subsidiaries' ability to distribute profits to us, or otherwise adversely affect us.

SAFE issued a public notice, or SAFE Circular 75, in October 2005 requiring PRC residents to register with the local SAFE branch before establishing or controlling any company outside of China for the purpose of capital financing with assets or equity interests in any onshore enterprise located in China, referred to in the notice as a “special purpose company.” On July 4, 2014, SAFE issued the SAFE’s Notice on Relevant Issues Concerning Foreign Exchange Administration for PRC Residents to Engage in Outbound Investment and Financing and Inbound Investment via Special Purpose Vehicles, or SAFE Circular 37, which has superseded SAFE Circular 75. Under SAFE Circular 75, SAFE Circular 37 and other relevant foreign exchange regulations, PRC residents who make, or have previously made, prior to the implementation of these foreign exchange regulations, direct or indirect investments in offshore companies will be required to register those investments. In addition, any PRC resident who is a direct or indirect shareholder of an offshore company is also required to file or update the registration with the local branch of SAFE, with respect to that offshore company for any material change involving its round-trip investment, capital variation, such as an increase or decrease in capital, transfer or swap of shares, merger, division, long-term equity or debt investment or the creation of any security interest. If any PRC shareholder fails to make the required registration or update the previously filed registration, the PRC subsidiary of that offshore parent company may be prohibited from distributing their profits and the proceeds from any reduction in capital, share transfer or liquidation to their offshore parent company, and the offshore parent company may also be prohibited from injecting additional capital into its PRC subsidiary. Moreover, failure to comply with the various foreign exchange registration requirements described above could result in liability under PRC laws for evasion of applicable foreign exchange restrictions.

We have notified holders of ordinary shares of our company who we know are PRC residents to register with the local SAFE branch as required under the applicable foreign exchange regulations. The failure or inability of our shareholders resident in China to comply with the registration procedures set forth therein may subject them to fines and legal sanctions and may also limit our ability to contribute additional capital into our PRC subsidiaries, limit our PRC subsidiaries’ ability to distribute profits to our company or otherwise adversely affect our business.

On February 15, 2012, SAFE promulgated the Circular on Relevant Issues Concerning Foreign Exchange Administration for Domestic Individuals Participating in an Employees Share Incentive Plan of an Overseas-Listed Company (which is replacing the old circular, “Application Procedure of Foreign Exchange Administration for Domestic Individuals Participating in an Employee Stock Holding Plan or Stock Option Plan of an Overseas-Listed Company”, of 2007), or the new Share Incentive Rule. Under the new Share Incentive Rule, PRC resident individuals who participate in a share incentive plan of an overseas publicly listed company are required to register with SAFE and complete certain other procedures. All such participants need to retain a PRC agent through PRC subsidiary to register with SAFE and handle foreign exchange matters such as opening accounts, transferring and settlement of the relevant proceeds. The new Share Incentive Rule further requires that an offshore agent should also be designated to handle matters in connection with the exercise or sale of share options and proceeds transferring for the share incentive plan participants. We and our PRC employees who have been granted stock options are subject to the Share Incentive Rule. If we or our PRC optionees fail to comply with these regulations, we or our PRC optionees may be subject to fines and legal sanctions.

Uncertainties with respect to the PRC legal system could adversely affect us.

We conduct our business primarily through our wholly owned subsidiaries incorporated in China. Our subsidiaries are generally subject to laws and regulations applicable to foreign investment in China and, in particular, laws applicable to wholly foreign owned enterprises. In addition, we depend on several consolidated affiliated Chinese entities in China to honor their service agreements with us. Almost all of these agreements are governed by PRC law and disputes arising out of these agreements are expected to be decided by arbitration in China. The PRC legal system is based on written statutes. Prior court decisions may be cited for reference but have limited precedential value. Since 1979, PRC legislation and regulations have significantly enhanced the protections afforded to various forms of foreign investments in China. However, since the PRC legal system is still evolving, the interpretations of many laws, regulations and rules are not always uniform and enforcement of these laws, regulations and rules involve uncertainties, which may limit remedies available to us. In addition, any litigation in China may be protracted and result in substantial costs and diversion of resources and management attention. If we and our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities are found to be in violation of any existing or future PRC laws or regulations, or fail to obtain or maintain any of the required permits or approvals, the relevant PRC regulatory authorities would have broad discretion in dealing with such violations, including restructuring. See “Risks Related to Our Corporate Structure — PRC laws and regulations restrict foreign investment in the air-ticketing, travel agency and value-added telecommunications businesses, and substantial uncertainties exist with respect to the application and implementation of PRC laws and regulations.” and “Risks Related to Our Corporate Structure — Substantial uncertainties exist with respect to the enactment timetable, interpretation and implementation of draft PRC Foreign Investment Law and how it may impact the viability of our current corporate structure, corporate governance and business operations.”

[Table of Contents](#)

Implementation of laws and regulations relating to data privacy in China could adversely affect our business.

Certain data and services collected, provided or used by us or provided to and used by us or our users are currently subject to regulation in certain jurisdictions, including China. The PRC Constitution states that PRC laws protect the freedom and privacy of communications of citizens and prohibit infringement of such basic rights, and the PRC Contract Law prohibits contracting parties from disclosing or misusing the trade secrets of the other party. Further, companies or their employees who illegally trade or disclose customer data may face criminal charges. Although the definition and scope of “privacy” and “trade secret” remain relatively ambiguous under PRC law, growing concerns about individual privacy and the collection, distribution and use of information about individuals have led to national and local regulations that could increase our expenses.

In December 2012, the Standing Committee of the National People’s Congress enacted the Decision to Enhance the Protection of Network Information, or the Information Protection Decision, to further enhance the protection of users’ personal information in electronic form. The Information Protection Decision provides that Internet information services providers must expressly inform their users of the purpose, manner and scope of the collection and use of users’ personal information by Internet information services providers, publish the Internet information services providers standards for their collection and use of users’ personal information, and collect and use users’ personal information only with the consent of the users and only within the scope of such consent. The Information Protection Decision also mandates that Internet information services providers and their employees keep users’ personal information that they collect strictly confidential, and that they must take such technical and other measures as are necessary to safeguard the information against disclosure, damages and loss. Pursuant to the Order for the Protection of Telecommunication and Internet User Personal Information issued by China’s Ministry of Industry and Information Technology (formerly known as the Ministry of Information Industry), or the MIIT, in July 2013, any collection and use of user personal information must be subject to the consent of the user, abide by the principles of legality, rationality and necessity and be within the specified purposes, methods and scopes. Compliance with current regulations and regulations that may come into effect in these areas may increase our expenses related to regulatory compliance, which could have an adverse effect on our financial condition and operating results.

PRC regulation of loans and direct investment by offshore holding companies to PRC entities may delay or prevent us from using the proceeds from the offerings of any securities to make loans or additional capital contributions to our PRC operating subsidiaries.

In September 2012, we completed an offering of US\$180 million in aggregate principal amount of convertible senior notes due 2017. In October 2013, we completed another offering of US\$800 million in aggregate principal amount of convertible senior notes due 2018. In August 2014, in May 2015 and in December 2015, we issued US\$500 million in aggregate principal amount of convertible notes due 2019, US\$250 million in aggregate principal amount of convertible notes due 2020 and US\$500 million in aggregate principal amount of convertible notes due 2025, respectively, to Priceline Group Treasury Company B.V., an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of The Priceline Group Inc, or Priceline Group. In June 2015, we completed an offering of US\$700 million in aggregate principal amount of convertible senior notes due 2020 and US\$400 million in aggregate principal amount of convertible senior notes due 2025. In December 2015, we issued US\$500 million in aggregate principal amount of convertible notes due 2025 to Gaoling Fund, L.P. and YHG Investment, L.P., or collectively Hillhouse, in addition to the aforementioned issuance to Priceline Group. As an offshore holding company, our ability to make loans or additional capital contributions to our PRC operating subsidiaries is subject to PRC regulations and approvals and there are restrictions for us to make loans to our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities. These regulations and approvals may delay or prevent us from using the proceeds we received in the past or will receive in the future from the offerings of securities to make loans or additional capital contributions to our PRC operating subsidiaries and our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, and impair our ability to fund and expand our business which may adversely affect our business, financial condition and result of operations.

For example, on March 3, 2015, the SAFE promulgated a Circular on the Reforming of Administrative Methods Regarding the Foreign Exchange Capital Settlement of Foreign-Invested Companies, or Circular 19, which became effective on June 1, 2015 and replaced Circular 142. Originally, pursuant to Circular 142, the registered capital of a foreign-invested company settled in RMB converted from foreign currencies may only be used within the business scope approved by the applicable governmental authority and may not be used for equity investments in the PRC and foreign-invested companies may not change how they use such capital without SAFE’s approval, and may not in any case use such capital to repay RMB loans if they have not used the proceeds of such loans. Although Circular 19 restates certain restrictions on the use of investment capital denominated in foreign currency by foreign invested companies, it specifies that the registered capital of a foreign-invested company, denominated in foreign currency, can be converted into RMB at the discretion of such foreign- invested company and can be used for equity investment in the PRC subject to the invested company’s filing of a reinvestment registration with the relevant local SAFE. However, since Circular 19 is newly issued, its interpretation and enforcement involve significant uncertainty.

[Table of Contents](#)

In light of the various requirements imposed by PRC regulations on loans to and direct investment in PRC entities by offshore holding companies, including Circular 19, we cannot assure you that we will be able to complete the necessary government registrations or obtain the necessary government approvals on a timely basis, if at all, with respect to future loans by us to our PRC subsidiary or with respect to future capital contributions by us to our PRC subsidiary. If we fail to complete such registrations or obtain such approvals, our ability to use the proceeds we received from our initial public offering and to capitalize or otherwise fund our PRC operations may be negatively affected, which could materially and adversely affect our liquidity and our ability to fund and expand our business.

We have attempted to comply with the PRC government regulations regarding licensing requirements by entering into a series of agreements with our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities. If the PRC laws and regulations change, our business in China may be adversely affected.

To comply with the PRC government regulations regarding licensing requirements, we have entered into a series of agreements with our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities to exert our operational control over them and secure consulting fees and other payments from them. Although we have been advised by our PRC counsel, Commerce & Finance Law Offices, that our contractual arrangements with our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, as described in this annual report, are valid under current PRC law and regulations, as there is substantial uncertainty regarding the interpretation and application of PRC laws and regulations, we cannot assure you that the PRC government would agree with our counsels' position or that we will not be required to restructure our organizational structure and operations in China to comply with changing and new PRC laws and regulations. Restructuring of our operations may result in disruption of our business, diversion of management attention and the incurrence of substantial costs. See "Risks Related to Our Corporate Structure — Substantial uncertainties exist with respect to the enactment timetable, interpretation and implementation of draft PRC Foreign Investment Law and how it may impact the viability of our current corporate structure, corporate governance and business operations."

The continued growth of the Chinese Internet market depends on the establishment of an adequate telecommunications infrastructure.

Although private sector Internet service providers currently exist in China, almost all access to the Internet is maintained through state-owned telecommunication operations under the administrative control and regulatory supervision of the MIIT. In addition, the national networks in China connect to the Internet through government-controlled international gateways. These international gateways are the only channels through which a domestic Chinese user can connect to the international Internet network. We rely on this infrastructure, primarily China Telecom and China Unicom, to provide data communications capacity. Although the government has announced plans to aggressively develop the national information infrastructure, we cannot assure you that this infrastructure will be developed. In addition, we will have no access to alternative networks and services, on a timely basis if at all, in the event of any infrastructure disruption or failure. The Internet infrastructure in China may not support the demands associated with continued growth in Internet usage.

In addition, we have no control over the costs of the services provided by telecommunication service providers. If the prices we pay for telecommunications and internet services rise significantly, our results of operations may be materially and adversely affected. Furthermore, if internet access fees or other charges to internet users increase, some users may be prevented from accessing the mobile internet and thus cause the growth of mobile internet users to decelerate. Such deceleration may adversely affect our ability to continue to expand our user base and maintain our user experience.

Our auditor, like other independent registered public accounting firms operating in China, is not permitted to be subject to inspection by Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, and as such, investors may be deprived of the benefits of such inspection.

Our independent registered public accounting firm that issues the audit reports included in our annual reports filed with the SEC, as an auditor of companies that are traded publicly in the United States and a firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), or PCAOB, is required by the laws of the United States to undergo regular inspections by PCAOB to assess its compliance with the applicable professional standards. Because our auditor is located in China, a jurisdiction where PCAOB is currently unable to conduct inspections without the approval of the PRC authorities, our auditor, like other independent registered public accounting firms operating in China, is currently not inspected by PCAOB.

Inspections of other firms that PCAOB has conducted outside of China have identified deficiencies in those firms' audit procedures and quality control procedures, which may be addressed as part of the inspection process to improve future audit quality. The inability of PCAOB to conduct inspections of independent registered public accounting firms operating in China makes it more difficult to regularly evaluate the effectiveness of our auditor's audit procedures or quality control procedures. As a result, investors may be deprived of the benefits of PCAOB inspections.

[Table of Contents](#)

Proceedings instituted by the SEC against the Big Four PRC-based accounting firms, including our independent registered public accounting firm, could result in our financial statements being determined to not be in compliance with the requirements of the Exchange Act.

In December 2012, the SEC brought administrative proceedings against the Big Four accounting firms, including our independent registered public accounting firm, in China, alleging that they had refused to produce audit work papers and other documents related to certain other China-based companies under investigation by the SEC for potential accounting fraud. On January 22, 2014, an initial administrative law decision, or Initial Decision, was issued, censuring these accounting firms and suspending four of the five firms from practicing before the SEC for a period of six months. The accounting firms filed a Petition for Review of the Initial Decision to the SEC. On February 6, 2015, the Big Four China-based accounting firms each agreed to a censure and to pay a fine to the SEC to settle the dispute and avoid suspension of their ability to practice before the SEC and audit U.S.-listed companies. The settlement required the firms to follow detailed procedures and to seek to provide the SEC with access to Chinese firms' audit documents via the China Securities Regulatory Commission, or the CSRC. If future document productions fail to meet specified criteria, the SEC retains authority to impose a variety of additional remedial measures on the firms depending on the nature of the failure. While we cannot predict if the SEC will further review the four China-based accounting firms' compliance with specified criteria or if the results of such a review would result in the SEC imposing penalties such as suspensions or restarting the administrative proceedings, if the accounting firms are subject to additional remedial measures, our ability to file our financial statements in compliance with SEC requirements could be impacted. A determination that we have not timely filed financial statements in compliance with SEC requirements could ultimately lead to the delisting of our common stock from NASDAQ or the termination of the registration of our common stock under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or both, which would substantially reduce or effectively terminate the trading of our common stock in the United States.

Risks Related to Our Ordinary Shares and ADSs

The future sales of a substantial number of ADSs in the public market could adversely affect the price of the ADSs.

In the future, we may sell additional ADSs to raise capital, and our existing shareholders could sell substantial amounts of the ADSs, including those issued upon the exercise of outstanding options, in the public market. We cannot predict the size of such future issuance or the effect, if any, that they may have on the market price of the ADSs. Any future sales of a substantial number of the ADSs in the public market, or the perception that such issuance and sale may occur, could adversely affect the price of the ADSs and impair our ability to raise capital through the sale of additional equity securities.

Provisions of our convertible notes could discourage an acquisition of us by a third party.

In September 2012, we completed an offering of US\$180 million in aggregate principal amount of convertible senior notes due 2017. In October 2013, we completed another offering of US\$800 million in aggregate principal amount of convertible senior notes due 2018. In August 2014, in May 2015 and December 2015, we issued US\$500 million in aggregate principal amount of convertible notes due 2019, US\$250 million in aggregate principal amount of convertible notes due 2020 and US\$500 million in aggregate principal amount of convertible notes due 2025, respectively to Priceline Group Treasury Company B.V., an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Priceline Group. In June 2015, we completed an offering of US\$700 million in aggregate principal amount of convertible senior notes due 2020 and US\$400 million in aggregate principal amount of convertible senior notes due 2025. In December 2015, we issued US\$500 million in aggregate principal amount of convertible notes due 2025 to Hillhouse, in addition to the aforementioned issuance to Priceline Group. Certain provisions of our convertible notes could make it more difficult or more expensive for a third party to acquire us. The indentures for these convertible notes define a "fundamental change" to include, among other things: (1) any person or group gaining control of our company; (2) our company merging with or into another company or disposing of substantially all of its assets; (3) any recapitalization, reclassification or change of our ordinary shares or the ADSs as a result of which these securities would be converted into, or exchanged for, stock, other securities, other property or assets; (4) the adoption of any plan relating to the dissolution or liquidation of our company; or (5) our ADSs ceasing to be listed on a major U.S. national securities exchange. Upon the occurrence of a fundamental change, holders of these notes will have the right, at their option, to require us to repurchase all of their notes or any portion of the principal amount of such notes in integral multiples of US\$1,000. In the event of a fundamental change, we may also be required to issue additional ADSs upon conversion of our convertible notes.

As a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands, we are permitted to adopt certain home country practices in relation to corporate governance matters that differ significantly from the NASDAQ corporate governance listing standards; these practices may afford less protection to shareholders than they would enjoy if we complied fully with the NASDAQ corporate governance listing standards.

As a Cayman Islands company listed on the NASDAQ, we are subject to the NASDAQ corporate governance listing standards. However, NASDAQ rules permit a foreign private issuer like us to follow the corporate governance practices of its home country. Certain corporate governance practices in the Cayman Islands, which is our home country, may differ significantly from the NASDAQ corporate governance listing standards. As we chose to follow home country practice exemptions with respect to certain corporate matters such as the requirement of majority independent directors on our board of directors, our shareholders may be afforded less protection than they otherwise would under the NASDAQ corporate governance listing standards applicable to U.S. domestic issuers. See "Item 16G. Corporate Governance."

[Table of Contents](#)

You may face difficulties in protecting your interests, and our ability to protect our rights through the U.S. federal courts may be limited, because we are incorporated under Cayman Islands law.

Our corporate affairs are governed by our memorandum and articles of association and by the Companies Law (2013 Revision) and common law of the Cayman Islands. The rights of our shareholders and the fiduciary duties of our directors under Cayman Islands law are not as clearly established as they would be under statutes or judicial precedents in some jurisdictions in the United States. In particular, the Cayman Islands has a less developed body of securities laws as compared to the United States. Therefore, our public shareholders may have more difficulties in protecting their interests in the face of actions by our management, directors or controlling shareholders than would shareholders of a corporation incorporated in a jurisdiction in the United States.

Your ability to bring an action against us or against our directors and officers, or to enforce a judgment against us or them, may be limited because we are incorporated in the Cayman Islands, and because we conduct the majority of our operations in China and because the majority of our directors and officers reside outside of the United States.

We are incorporated in the Cayman Islands, and we conduct the majority of our operations in China through our wholly owned subsidiaries and several consolidated affiliated Chinese entities in China. Most of our directors and officers reside outside of the United States and most of the assets of those persons are located outside of the United States. As a result, it may be difficult for you to bring an action in the United States upon these persons. It may also be difficult for you to enforce in United States courts judgments obtained in United States courts based on the civil liability provisions of the United States federal securities laws against us and our officers and directors, most of whom are not residents in the United States and the substantial majority of whose assets are located outside of the United States. Even if you are successful in bringing an action of this kind, the laws of the Cayman Islands or China may render you unable to enforce a judgment against our assets or the assets of our directors and officers.

You may not be able to exercise your right to vote.

As a holder of ADSs, you may instruct the depositary for the ADSs to vote the shares underlying your ADSs. Otherwise, you will not be able to exercise your right to vote unless you withdraw the ordinary shares. However, you may not know about the meeting enough in advance to withdraw the ordinary shares. If we ask for your instructions, the depositary will notify you of the upcoming vote and arrange to deliver our voting materials to you. We cannot assure you that you will receive the voting materials in time to ensure that you can instruct the depositary to vote your shares. In addition, the depositary and its agents are not responsible for failing to carry out voting instructions or for the manner of carrying out voting instructions. This means that you may not be able to exercise your right to vote and there may be nothing you can do if the shares underlying your ADSs are not voted as you requested.

Under our deposit agreement, the depositary will give us a discretionary proxy to vote the ordinary shares underlying your ADSs at shareholders' meetings if you do not vote, unless we have instructed the depositary that we do not wish a discretionary proxy to be given or any of the other situations specified under the deposit agreement takes place. The effect of this discretionary proxy is that you cannot prevent ordinary shares underlying your ADSs from being voted, absent the situations described above, and it may make it more difficult for shareholders to influence the management of our company. Holders of our ordinary shares are not subject to this discretionary proxy.

Your right to participate in any future rights offerings may be limited, which may cause dilution to your holdings.

We may from time to time distribute rights to our shareholders, including rights to acquire our securities. However, we cannot make rights available to you in the United States unless we register the rights and the securities to which the rights relate under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act, or an exemption from the registration requirements is available. Also, under the deposit agreement, the depositary bank will not make these rights available to you unless the distribution to ADS holders of both the rights and any related securities are either registered under the Securities Act, or exempt from registration under the Securities Act. We are under no obligation to file a registration statement with respect to any such rights or securities or to endeavor to cause such a registration statement to be declared effective. Moreover, we may not be able to establish an exemption from registration under the Securities Act. Accordingly, you may be unable to participate in our rights offerings and may experience dilution in your holdings.

[Table of Contents](#)

You may not receive distributions on ordinary shares or any value for them if it is illegal or impractical to make them available to you.

The depositary has agreed to pay to you the cash dividends or other distributions it or the custodian receives on ordinary shares or other deposited securities after deducting its fees and expenses. You will receive these distributions in proportion to the number of ordinary shares your ADSs represent. However, the depositary is not responsible if it decides that it is unlawful or impractical to make a distribution available to any holders of ADSs. We have no obligation to register ADSs, ordinary shares, rights or other securities under U.S. securities laws. We also have no obligation to take any other action to permit the distribution of ADSs, ordinary shares, rights or anything else to holders of ADSs. This means that you may not receive the distribution we make on our ordinary shares or any value for them if it is illegal or impractical for us to make them available to you. These restrictions may have a material adverse effect on the value of your ADSs.

You may be subject to limitations on transfer of your ADSs.

Your ADSs are transferable on the books of the depositary. However, the depositary may close its transfer books at any time or from time to time when it deems expedient in connection with the performance of its duties. In addition, the depositary may refuse to deliver, transfer or register transfers of ADSs generally when our books or the books of the depositary are closed, or at any time if we or the depositary thinks it advisable to do so because of any requirement of law or of any government or governmental body, or under any provision of the deposit agreement, or for any other reason.

Provisions of our shareholder rights plan could delay or prevent an acquisition of our company, even if the acquisition would be beneficial to our shareholders.

In November 2007, we adopted a shareholder rights plan, which was subsequently amended. Although the rights plan will not prevent a takeover, it is intended to encourage anyone seeking to acquire our company to negotiate with our board of directors prior to attempting a takeover by potentially significantly diluting an acquirer's ownership interest in our outstanding shares. The existence of the rights plan may also discourage transactions that otherwise could involve payment of a premium over prevailing market prices for the ADSs.

We may be classified as a passive foreign investment company, which could result in adverse United States federal income tax consequences for U.S. Holders.

Based on the market price of our ADSs and ordinary shares, the value of our assets, and the composition of our assets and income, we do not believe that we were a passive foreign investment company, or PFIC, for United States federal income tax purposes for our taxable year ended December 31, 2015. Given variance in the market price of our ADSs and ordinary shares, the value of our assets, and the composition of our assets and income, although we cannot be certain, we believe there is some risk that we will be treated as a PFIC for our taxable year ending December 31, 2016. Nevertheless, the application of the PFIC rules is subject to ambiguity in several respects and, in addition, we must make annual separate determination each year as to whether we are a PFIC (after the close of each taxable year). Accordingly, we cannot assure you of our PFIC status for our current taxable year ending December 31, 2016 or for any future taxable year.

A non-U.S. corporation will be considered a PFIC for any taxable year if either (i) at least 75% of its gross income is passive income or (ii) at least 50% of the value of its assets (based on an average of the quarterly values of the assets during a taxable year) is attributable to assets that produce, or are held for the production of, passive income. The value of our assets generally will be determined by reference to the market price of the ADSs and ordinary shares, which may fluctuate considerably. If we were treated as a PFIC for any taxable year during which a U.S. Holder held an ADS or an ordinary share, certain adverse United States federal income tax consequences could apply to the U.S. Holder (as defined herein). For a more detailed discussion of United States federal income tax consequences to U.S. Holders, see "Item 10. Additional Information — Taxation — Certain United States Federal Income Tax Considerations — Passive Foreign Investment Company Rules."

ITEM 4. INFORMATION ON THE COMPANY

A. History and Development of the Company

We commenced our business in June 1999. In March 2000, we established a new holding company, Ctrip.com International, Ltd., in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. Since our inception, we have conducted the majority of our operations in China and expanded our operations overseas in 2009. As of December 31, 2015, we mainly operated our business through the following significant subsidiaries:

- C-Travel International Limited;

[Table of Contents](#)

- Ctrip.com (Hong Kong) Limited;
- Ctrip Computer Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., or Ctrip Computer Technology;
- Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., or Ctrip Travel Information;
- Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., or Ctrip Travel Network;
- Ctrip Information Technology (Nantong) Co., Ltd., or Ctrip Information Technology;
- Beijing JointWisdom Information Technology Co., Ltd., or JointWisdom (formerly known as China Software Hotel Information System Co., Ltd.);
- ezTravel Co., Ltd., or ezTravel; and
- HKWOT (BVI) Limited, or Wing On Travel.

After our share exchange transaction with Baidu in October 2015, we obtained approximately 45% of the aggregate voting interest of Qunar. In December 2015, we issued ordinary shares represented by ADSs to certain special purpose vehicles holding shares solely for the benefit of certain Qunar employees and, as consideration, we received class B ordinary shares of Qunar and directly injected these shares to third-party investment entities dedicated to investing in business in China. From accounting perspective, we started to consolidate Qunar's financial statements from December 31, 2015.

We also conduct part of our business in China primarily through the following significant consolidated affiliated Chinese entities and certain of their subsidiaries:

- Shanghai Ctrip Commerce Co., Ltd., or Ctrip Commerce, which holds value-added telecommunications business license;
- Beijing Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd., or Beijing Ctrip, which holds an air transport sales agency license, domestic and cross-border travel agency license;
- Guangzhou Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd., or Guangzhou Ctrip, which holds an air transport sales agency license, domestic and cross-border travel agency license;
- Shanghai Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd., or Shanghai Ctrip, formerly known as Shanghai Ctrip Charming International Travel Agency Co., Ltd., which holds domestic and cross-border travel agency and air transport sales agency licenses;
- Shenzhen Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd., or Shenzhen Ctrip, which holds an air transport sales agency license, domestic travel agency license;
- Chengdu Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd, or Chengdu Ctrip, which holds air transport sales agency license and domestic travel agency license;
- Ctrip Insurance Agency Co., Ltd., or Ctrip Insurance, which holds an insurance agency business license;
- Shanghai Huacheng Southwest International Travel Agency Co., Ltd. (formerly known as Shanghai Huacheng Southwest Travel Agency Co., Ltd.), or Shanghai Huacheng, which holds domestic travel agency and air transport sales agency licenses;
- Chengdu Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd, or Chengdu Ctrip International, a wholly owned subsidiary of Shanghai Ctrip, which holds domestic and cross-border travel agency licenses, air transport sales agency license; and
- Beijing Qu Na Information Technology Co., Ltd., or Qunar Beijing, which holds the licenses, approvals and key assets such as mobile application and website that are essential to the business operations of Qunar.

We formed Homeinns Hotel (Hong Kong) Limited, or Homeinns Hong Kong, in 2001 to expand our business to include the hotel management service. We spun off all of our interest in Homeinns Hong Kong in August 2003. Homeinns Hong Kong became a wholly owned subsidiary of Homeinns in June 2006. Homeinns undertook an initial public offering and its ADSs were listed on the NASDAQ Global Market in October 2006. During the period from September 12, 2008 to March 31, 2009, we purchased ADSs of Homeinns on the open market representing approximately 10% of the then total outstanding ordinary shares of Homeinns. In May 2009, we entered into a purchase agreement with Homeinns to acquire additional equity interest in Homeinns through a private placement of its ordinary shares for \$50 million in cash. In connection with this private placement, we have also obtained certain demand, piggyback and Form F-3 registration rights from Homeinns. In June 2015, we, together with our co-founder and chief executive officer Mr. James Jianzhang Liang, our co-founder and independent director Mr. Neil Nanpeng Shen and certain other buyers, delivered a non-binding letter to Homeinns which proposes to acquire all of its outstanding ordinary shares not already owned by these buyers for a cash consideration of US\$35.8 per ADS. In December 2015, Homeinns entered into an agreement and plan of merger with the special purpose vehicles formed by our consortium, pursuant to which one of our special purpose vehicles will merge with and into Homeinns with Homeinns continuing as the surviving company after the merger. Upon consummation of the merger, each of our shares in Homeinn will be converted into and become one validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable ordinary share, par value US\$0.005 each, of the surviving company. Our aggregate equity interest in Homeinns was approximately 15% of the total outstanding ordinary shares of Homeinns as of December 31, 2015.

[Table of Contents](#)

In March 2006, we formed a wholly owned subsidiary, C-Travel International Limited, an exempted company with limited liability incorporated in the Cayman Islands, in connection with our investment in a minority stake in ezTravel Co., Ltd., or ezTravel, an online travel service provider in Taiwan that offers packaged tours as well as hotel and airline ticket reservation services. In 2009, we consolidated ezTravel's operating results because we had a controlling financial interest of ezTravel. The financial results of ezTravel are not significant to our company in the year ended December 31, 2015.

In April 2007, we formed a new wholly owned subsidiary, Ctrip Information Technology, in the PRC, in connection with the construction of our second customer service center in Nantong, Jiangsu Province, in anticipation of future business expansion.

In March 2010, we entered into a subscription agreement with China Lodging Group and a share purchase agreement with certain selling shareholders of China Lodging Group, pursuant to which we acquired an aggregate of 18,849,446 shares of China Lodging Group at a purchase price of \$3.0625 per share, or a total consideration of \$57.7 million in cash. In connection with this private placement, we have also obtained certain demand, piggyback and Form F-3 registration rights from China Lodging Group. In addition, in the same month we purchased 800,000 ADSs representing 3,200,000 shares of China Lodging Group in its initial public offering at a purchase price of \$3.0625 per share, or a total purchase price of \$9.8 million.

In May 2010, pursuant to a sale and purchase agreement dated February 3, 2010 among Wing On Travel (Holdings) Limited, C-Travel International Limited and Ctrip.com International, Ltd., we acquired 90% of the issued share capital of Wing On Travel's travel service segment (operated through Wing On Travel's subsidiary, HKWOT (BVI) Limited), for a total consideration of approximately US\$88 million in cash, and began to consolidate its financial results since then. In February 2012, we entered into a sale and purchase agreement to purchase the remaining 10% of the issued share capital of HKWOT (BVI) Limited for a total consideration of US\$9.4 million. The financial results of Wing On Travel were not significant to our company in the year ended December 31, 2015.

In October 2014, China Software Hotel Information System Co. acquired 100% shares of a technology company focusing on hotel customer reviews. In 2015, China Software Hotel Information System Co. changed the name to Beijing JointWisdom Information Technology Co., Ltd., or JointWisdom.

From time to time, we selectively acquired or invested in businesses that complement our existing business, and will continue to do so in the future. Other than the material acquisitions or investments disclosed above, under "Item 4. Information on the Company — B. Business Overview — Strategic Investments and Acquisitions" or elsewhere in this annual report on Form 20-F, no acquisitions or investments was material to our businesses or financial results at the time we made the acquisition or investment.

In August 2014, we have expanded an existing commercial agreement with Priceline Group, to strengthen our global partnership. In addition, we issued US\$500 million in aggregate principal amount of convertible notes due 2019, or the Priceline 2019 Notes, to Priceline Group Treasury Company B.V., an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Priceline Group and we granted Priceline Group a permission to acquire our shares in the open market over before August 2015, so that combined with shares issuable upon conversion of the convertible note, Priceline Group may hold up to 10% of our outstanding shares. Upon subscription of the convertible note, Priceline Group acquired the right to appoint an observer to our board of directors.

In May 2015 and December 2015, we issued US\$250 million in aggregate principal amount of convertible notes due 2020, or the Priceline 2020 Notes, and US\$500 million in aggregate principal amount of convertible notes due 2025, or the Priceline 2025 Notes, respectively, to an indirect subsidiary of Priceline Group for its additional investment in us. Immediately following issuance of the US\$500 million convertible notes in December 2015 and assuming full conversion of the convertible notes issued to Priceline Group according to their terms, Priceline Group will have beneficially owned securities representing approximately 10.5% of our outstanding shares based on the amendment to Schedule 13D filed by the subsidiary of Priceline Group on December 14, 2015. We have also extended permission to Priceline Group to increase its ownership in our company through the acquisition of ADSs in the open market so that, when combined with the shares issuable upon conversion of all of the Priceline notes, Priceline Group continues to be entitled to hold up to 15% of our outstanding shares (excluding shares that are beneficially owned by Priceline Group or its subsidiary due to any such entities' ownership or conversion of the notes issued in December 2015). We and Priceline Group have continued the existing commercial partnership, whereby accommodations inventory is cross-promoted between the brands. Concurrently with our issuance of the convertible notes to Priceline Group in December 2015, Hillhouse also subscribed for and was issued US\$500 million in aggregate principal amount of our convertible notes due 2025, or the Hillhouse 2025 Notes, in substantially the same terms as those issued to Priceline Group.

[Table of Contents](#)

In June 2015, we completed an offering of US\$700 million in aggregate principal amount of convertible senior notes due 2020, or the 2020 Notes and US\$400 million in aggregate principal amount of convertible senior notes due 2025, or the 2025 Notes. The notes were offered to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act, and certain non-U.S. persons in compliance with Regulation S under the Securities Act. The 2020 Notes will be convertible into ADSs based on an initial conversion rate of 9.1942 ADSs per \$1,000 principal amount of notes (which is equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately US\$108.76 per ADS and represents an approximately 45.0% conversion premium over the closing trading price of the ADSs on June 18, 2015, which was US\$37.51 per ADS). The 2025 Notes will be convertible into ADSs based on an initial conversion rate of 9.3555 ADSs per \$1,000 principal amount of notes (which is equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately US\$106.89 per ADS and represents an approximately 42.5% conversion premium over the closing trading price of the Company's ADSs on June 18, 2015 of US\$37.51 per ADS). The conversion rate for each of the 2020 Notes and the 2025 Notes is subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of certain events. The 2020 Notes will bear interest at a rate of 1.0% per year, payable semiannually in arrears on January 1 and July 1 of each year, beginning on January 1, 2016. The 2020 Notes will mature on July 1, 2020, unless previously repurchased or converted in accordance with their terms prior to such date. The 2025 Notes will bear interest at a rate of 1.99% per year, payable semiannually in arrears on January 1 and July 1 of each year, beginning on January 1, 2016. The 2025 Notes will mature on July 1, 2025, unless previously repurchased or converted in accordance with their terms prior to such date.

Effective December 1, 2015, we changed our ADS to Class A ordinary share ratio from four (4) ADSs representing one ordinary share to eight (8) ADSs representing one ordinary share.

Our principal executive offices are located at 99 Fu Quan Road, Shanghai 200335, People's Republic of China, and our telephone number is (86-21) 3406-4880. Our agent for service of process in the United States is CT Corporation System. Our principal website address is www.ctrip.com. The information on our websites should not be deemed to be part of this annual report.

B. Business Overview

We are a leading travel service provider for accommodation reservation, transportation ticketing, packaged tours and corporate travel management in China. We aggregate hotel and transportation information to enable business and leisure travelers to make informed and cost-effective bookings. We help leisure travelers book tour packages and guided tours and help corporate clients effectively manage their travel requirements. In addition, we offer a variety of other travel-related services, including but not limited to travelers' reviews, attraction tickets, travel-related financing and car services, and travel insurance and visa services to meet the various booking and travelling needs of both leisure and business travelers. Since commencing operations in 1999, we have become one of the best-known travel brands in China. We pioneered the development of a reservation and fulfillment infrastructure that enables our customers to:

- choose and reserve hotel rooms in cities throughout China and abroad;
- book and purchase transportation tickets for domestic and international flights and/or trains;
- choose and reserve packaged tours that include transportation and accommodations, as well as guided tours and other value-added services in some instances; and
- book and purchase other travel-related services for their leisure and business travels.

We target our services primarily at business and leisure travelers in China who do not travel in groups. These types of travelers, who are referred to in the travel industry as FITs (frequent independent travelers) and whom we refer to as independent travelers in this annual report, form a traditionally under-served yet fast-growing segment of the China travel market. We act as an agent in substantially all of our transactions and generally do not take inventory risks with respect to the hotel rooms and transportation tickets booked through us. We derive our accommodation reservation, transportation ticketing and packaged-tour revenues mainly through commissions from our travel suppliers, primarily based on the transaction value of the rooms, transportation tickets and packaged-tour products, respectively, booked through our services.

We believe that we are the largest consolidator of hotel accommodations in China in terms of the number of room nights booked. As of December 31, 2015, we had secured room supply relationships with approximately 359,000 hotels in China and approximately 690,000 hotels abroad, which cover a broad range of hotels in terms of price and geographical location. Through strategic cooperation arrangements with other leading online accommodation reservation service providers in recent years, we expanded our overseas hotel network by gaining access to more international hotels on these platforms through our accommodation reservation services. The quality and depth of our hotel supplier network enable us to offer our customers a wide selection of hotel accommodations. We believe our ability to offer reservations at highly rated hotels is particularly appealing to our customers.

[Table of Contents](#)

We believe that we are one of the largest consolidator of airline tickets in China in terms of the total number of airline tickets booked and sold. Our airline ticket suppliers include all major Chinese airlines and many international airlines that operate flights originating in cities at home and abroad. We are among the few airline ticket consolidators in China that maintain a centralized reservation system and ticket fulfillment infrastructure covering substantially all of the economically prosperous regions of China. Our customers can make flight reservations on their chosen routes through mobile platform, internet websites and customer service centers and arrange electronic payment. In addition, we provide the same levels of centralization and convenience to customers seeking to make reservation on their chosen train and bus routes. We believe that we have realized a notable innovation in our transportation ticketing services, namely, our integrated product offering of air, train and bus tickets.

As long as users are searching for one of the transportation products on our database, our system can automatically provide the recommendations to the other two transportation modes with the same dates, origins and destinations. This capability significantly helps our customers to streamline their decision-making process in searching for the most cost-efficient transportation.

We also offer independent leisure travelers bundled packaged-tour products, including group tours, semi-group tours and private tours or packaged tours with different transportation arrangements, such as cruise, bus or self-driving. We provide integrated transportation and accommodation services and offer a variety of value-added services including transportation at destinations and tickets, insurance, visa services and tour guides. We offer customers one-stop services to meet their booking and traveling needs. We also provide high quality customer service, supplier management and customer relationship management services. Our packaged-tour products cover a variety of domestic and international destinations.

We offer our services to customers through an advanced transaction and service platform consisting of mobile platform, multi-lingual websites and our centralized, 24-hour customer service centers. We have built up an industry-leading mobile platform which enhances user experience and user engagement. Cumulative downloads for our mobile app grew from approximately 592 million as of December 31, 2014 to approximately 1.7 billion as of December 31, 2015. In addition, our 24-hour service centers, which provide responsive and high quality customer services, further differentiate us from other online travel service providers. In the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015, transactions effected through our mobile channel accounted for approximately 66% of our transaction orders.

We operate an open platform to further bridge the gap between travelers and travel suppliers with a diverse range of products and services. Travel suppliers ranging from airlines and third-party travel agencies to e-commerce websites offering travel products and services can list their inventories on our open platform to expand their business opportunities. We also offer high quality supplier management services and technology and financial support to enhance supplier experience and encourage supplier participation on the open platform. In addition, we offer high quality customer service to travelers for all the products and services they purchase through our open platform. We believe that our open platform helps us expand the number and types of products and services available to travelers and enhance our price competitiveness, and further build and strengthen the vibrant travel ecosystem on our open platform.

Our revenues are primarily generated from the accommodation reservation, transportation ticketing, packaged-tour services and corporate travel. For information on revenues attributable to our different products, see "Item 5.A. Operating Results."

Products and Services

We began offering accommodation reservation and transportation ticketing in October 1999. In 2015, we derived approximately 40% of our revenues from the accommodation reservation business and 39% of our revenues from the transportation ticketing business. In addition, we offer other products and services including packaged tours, mostly bundled by us, that cover hotel, ticketing and transportation as well as corporate travel management services.

Accommodation Reservations. We act as an agent in substantially all of our hotel-related transactions. Our customers receive confirmed bookings and generally pay the hotels directly upon completion of their stays. In general, we pay no penalty to the hotels if our customers do not check in. For some of our hotel suppliers, we earn pre-negotiated fixed commissions on hotel rooms we sell. For other hotels, we have commission arrangements that we refer to as the "ratchet system," whereby our commission rate per room night is adjusted upward with the increase in the volume of room nights we sell for such hotel during such month.

We contract with hotels for rooms under two agency models, the "guaranteed allotment" model and the "on-request" model. Under our agreements with our hotel suppliers, hotels are generally required to offer us prices that are equal to or lower than their published prices, and notify us in advance if they have promotional sales, so that we can lower our prices accordingly.

In addition to the agreements that we enter into with all of our hotel suppliers, we enter into a supplemental agreement with each of the hotel suppliers with which we have a guaranteed allotment arrangement. Pursuant to this agreement, a hotel guarantees us a specified number of available rooms every day, allowing us to provide instant confirmations on such rooms to our customers before notifying the hotel. The hotel is required to notify us in advance if it will not be able to make the guaranteed rooms available to our customers due to reasons beyond its control.

[Table of Contents](#)

As of December 31, 2015, we had contracted with approximately 359,000 hotels in China, of which a majority have guaranteed room allotments, allowing us to reserve rooms for our customers even during peak seasons and provide instant confirmation. Rooms booked in hotels with which we have a guaranteed allotment arrangement currently account for a significant part of our total hotel room transaction volume. With the remaining hotel suppliers, we book rooms on an “on-request” basis, meaning our ability to secure hotel rooms for our customers is subject to room availability at the time of booking.

Transportation Ticketing. Transportation Ticketing revenues mainly represent revenues from reservation of air tickets, railway-tickets and other related services. We sell air tickets as an agent for all major domestic Chinese airlines, such as Air China, China Eastern Airlines, China Southern Airlines and Hainan Airlines and many international airlines operating flights that originate from cities at home and abroad, such as Cathay Pacific, Singapore Airlines, American Airlines, Lufthansa, Emirates Airlines, Qantas Airways, Air France-KLM and Delta Air Lines. We also provide other related service to our customers, such as sales of aviation and train insurance, air-ticket delivery services, online check-in, and other value-added services, such as online seat selection and flight dynamics.

Our customers can book tickets through our mobile platform, internet websites and customer service centers and make payment electronically. The airline industry, including airline ticket pricing, is regulated by CAAC. Therefore, we have no discretion in offering discounts on the air tickets we sell.

Packaged Tour. We also offer independent leisure travelers bundled packaged-tour products, including group tours, semi-group tours and private tours or packaged tours with different transportation arrangements, such as cruise, bus and self-driving. We provide integrated transportation and accommodations services and offer a variety of value-added services including transportation at destinations and tickets, insurance, visa services and tour guides. We offer customers one-stop services to meet their booking and traveling needs. We also provide high quality customer service, supplier management and customer relationship management services. Our packaged-tour products cover a variety of domestic and international destinations.

Corporate Travel. We provide transportation ticket booking, accommodation reservation and packaged-tour services to our corporate clients to help them plan business travels in a cost-efficient way. In addition, we also provide our corporate clients with travel data collection and analysis, industry benchmark, cost saving analysis and travel management solutions. We have independently developed the Corporate Travel Management Systems, which is a comprehensive online platform integrating information maintenance, online booking, online authorization, online enquiry and travel report system.

Other Products and Services. Our other products and services include online advertising services, the sale of Property Management System, or PMS, and related maintenance service. Other products and services accounted for a small portion of our total revenues in 2015.

Seasonality

Our business experiences fluctuations, reflecting seasonal variations in demand for travel services. See “Item 5.A. Operating Results,” for a discussion of seasonality in the travel industry.

Transaction and Service Platform

Our customers can reach us for their travel-related needs through either our mobile platform, our multi-lingual websites or our customer service centers. In 2015, transactions executed through our websites and mobile platform combined further increased, accounting for more than 86% of our total transactions, compared with 80% in 2014. To improve the efficiency of our service platform and expand our business opportunities, we have made some technology improvements, such as enhanced international flight search capability, expanded payment methods and virtual desktop technology, which is deployed and in operation for our customer service centers.

Mobile Platform. Our mobile booking software provides one-stop travel platform to our customers who search for hotels, flight, travel, train, car rental and ticket products, and completes bookings within minutes. Mobile applications enable our customers to make bookings more efficiently and have fueled our business growth in new direction. Our customers can also search for travel-related editorial content about destinations and travel tips through the mobile platform. Moreover, travelers can share their travel experience and micro-blogs with others through Ctrip community. We first introduced mobile applications in 2010. Since then we have upgraded mobile applications, added new functions into it on a regular basis and engaged celebrities to promote our brands and mobile platform. Cumulative downloads for Ctrip mobile app exceeded 1.7 billion by December 31, 2015 with a significant portion of our hotel and air transaction executed on it on a daily basis.

In 2013, we developed a corporate travel mobile app, which is the first of its kind in China and provides efficiency to corporate travelers. The app has extensive booking capabilities that match the personal preference of the traveler with their companies’ travel policies. It also features “smart itinerary” and “travel update” functions to ensure users are informed immediately of any changes to their journey. Users of this app enjoy also has 24-hours-a-day, seven-days-a-week call center support.

[Table of Contents](#)

Internet Websites. Through our Internet websites, we continue improving shopping experience in hotel accommodations, flight tickets, vacation packages, train tickets, and other travel products to our customers.

We have been constantly upgrading our open platform, so that our suppliers and partners are connected to Ctrip more efficiently. We have opened up our system to international partners, search engines, e-commerce websites and affiliated websites to expand business opportunities. We have made great efforts to enhance our price competitiveness by improving the efficiency of our IT system and by working closely with major airlines, numerous air ticketing agencies and accommodation suppliers, and thousands of destination business partners through the open platform.

We maintain our main website in Chinese at www.ctrip.com and our global website in English at english.ctrip.com. Over time, we also established localized websites specifically targeting Hong Kong, Singapore, Japan, Korea, France, Germany, Spain, Russia, Indonesia, Thailand and Malaysia markets.

We consolidate and organize travel-related information for our consumers, including user behavior data, hotel reviews, travel blogs and community forums. Destination guides and community users actively search for travel information on our websites. Our customers refer to editorial content for destination research and travel tips.

Customer Service Centers. We have two customer service centers located in Shanghai and Nantong, respectively, and they operate 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Unlike some companies in the United States that outsource their customer service to third-party call centers, our customer service representatives are in-house travel specialists. All of our customer service representatives participated in a formal training program before commencing work.

Marketing and Brand Awareness

Through online marketing, customer rewards program, advertising and cross-marketing, we have created a strong Ctrip brand that is commonly associated in China with value travel products and services and superior customer service. We will continue to use our focused marketing strategy to further enhance awareness of our brand and acquire new customers.

Mobile Marketing. We have cooperated with some mobile app marketing agencies and telecommunications operators to increase the number of our app downloads and promote more activations and transactions.

Online Marketing. We have contracted many of the leading Internet search engines in China to prominently feature our websites and have cooperated with online companies to promote our services, as well as conducting public relations activities. We have purchased related keywords or directory links to direct potential customers to our websites.

Advertising. We advertise on television, video websites, LCD display screens, radio stations and subways and also conduct public relations activities in the major cities in China where we have a sales team. In 2013, we launched a multi-media campaign featuring a celebrity. Based on our experience, these are effective advertising methods for increasing brand awareness and attracting new customers.

Cross-Marketing. We have entered into cross-marketing arrangements with major Chinese domestic airlines, financial institutions, telecommunications service providers and other corporations. Our airline partners and financial institution partners recommend our products and services to members of their mileage programs or bank card holders. Customers can accumulate miles by booking air tickets through us, or earn Ctrip's points by paying through co-branded credit cards.

Customer Rewards Program. To secure our customers' loyalty and further promote our Ctrip brand, we provide our customers with a customer rewards program. This program allows our customers to accumulate membership points calculated according to the services purchased by the customers. Our membership points have a fixed validity term and, before expiry, our customers may redeem these points for travel awards and other gifts.

Supplier Relationship Management

We have cultivated and maintained good relationships with our travel suppliers since our inception. We have a team of employees dedicated to enhance our relationship with existing travel suppliers and develop relationships with prospective travel suppliers.

Furthermore, we have developed an electronic confirmation system that enables participating hotel suppliers to receive our customer's reservation information and confirm such reservation through our online interface with the hotel supplier. We believe that the electronic confirmation system is a cost-effective and convenient way for hotels to interface with us. We have not had any material disputes with our travel suppliers with respect to the amount of commissions to which we were entitled.

[Table of Contents](#)

Technology and Infrastructure

Since our inception, we have been able to support substantial growth in our offline and online traffic and transactions with our technology and infrastructure.

We provide 24-hours-a-day, seven-days-a-week traveler sales and support service by website, by telephone or via e-mail or by mobile apps. For purposes of providing high service level, we use in-house call centers. Our call centers are located in various locations, including in Shanghai and in Nantong. We have invested significantly in our call center technologies over years and provide top-notch services in China and Asia.

Our systems servers are housed in various locations, mainly in Shanghai and Nantong and these system services are inter-linked among themselves. The performance of our systems servers are monitored and supported 24-hours-a-day, seven-days-a-week. The web hosting facilities have their own back-up systems and conduct daily backup functions for off-site storage.

We access the Internet backbone via several high speed lines to provide fast responses to customer requests, load balance and data backup. The operation of our customer service centers are powered by the servers provided by several leading backend server providers. We adopt hardware, software and services, to protect our servers against unauthorized access to data, or unauthorized alteration or destruction of data.

We believe that the quality of our services powered by technology differentiate us from our competitors in China. Our goal has been to build a reliable, scalable, and secure infrastructure to fully support our customer service center, website operations and one-stop travel platform.

Competition

In the hotel consolidation market, we compete primarily with local and foreign invested consolidators of hotel accommodations. We also compete with new online travel search and service provider platforms; as well as traditional travel agencies. We believe that the hotel room booking volume from FITs of our main competitors is significantly lower than ours. However, as the travel business in China continues to grow, we may face competition from new players in the hotel consolidation market in China and foreign travel consolidators that may enter the China market.

In the transportation ticketing market, we compete primarily with other consolidators of air tickets with a multi-province airline ticket sales and fulfillment infrastructure in China. We also compete with new online travel search and service provider platforms. In the markets where we face local competition, our competitors generally conduct ticketing transactions in person, and not over the Internet or through customer service centers. Many local air-ticketing agencies are primarily involved in the wholesale business and do not directly serve individual travelers, who are our targeted customers. However, as the airline ticket distribution business continues to grow in China, we believe that more companies involved in the travel services industry may develop their services that compete with our transportation ticketing business.

Intellectual Property

Our intellectual property rights include trademarks and domain names associated with the name “Ctrip” and copyright and other rights associated with our websites, technology platform, booking software and other aspects of our business. We regard our intellectual property as a factor contributing to our success, although we are not dependent on any patents, intellectual property related contracts or licenses other than some commercial software licenses available to the general public. We rely on trademark and copyright law, trade secret protection, non-competition and confidentiality agreements with our employees to protect our intellectual property rights. We require our employees to enter into agreements to keep confidential all information relating to our customers, methods, business and trade secrets during and after their employment with us. Our employees are required to acknowledge and recognize that all inventions, trade secrets, works of authorship, developments and other processes made by them during their employment are our property.

Our major domain names is *www.ctrip.com*. It has been registered with *www.markmonitor.com*, and the domain name *www.ctrip.com.cn* with China Internet Network Information Center, a domain name registration service in China, and have full legal rights over these domain names. We conduct our business under the Ctrip brand name and logo. We have registered our major trademarks “Ctrip” and “携程” (Chinese characters for Ctrip) with the Trademark Office of the PRC State General Administration for Industry and Commerce, or SAIC. We have registered the trademark “Ctrip” and “携程” (Chinese characters for Ctrip) with the Registrar of Trademarks in Hong Kong. We have also registered the trademark “Ctrip” and “携程”(Chinese characters for Ctrip) with the United States Patent and Trademark Office. In 2009, we registered the trademark “携程” (Chinese characters for Ctrip) with the Taiwan Intellectual Property Office and with Direcção dos Serviços de Economia of Macau. In 2014 and 2015, we also registered the trademark “Ctrip” and “携程” (Chinese characters for Ctrip) in Korea, European Union, Singapore, Swiss, Australia, New Zealand, Japan and The United Arab Emirates.

[Table of Contents](#)

In 2012, we got the “World Travel Market Globe Award,” which is a global famous award, and were also awarded the “Lifelong Honor,” which is the highest recognition of “Earphone Mic Cup.” In 2013, we were selected by WPP as one of the “BrandZ Top 50” in China and we were selected by Forbes Asia as one of “the Region’s Top 200 Small-and-mid Size Companies.” In 2015, we were recognized as “the Best Online Travel Agency in China” by Travel Weekly China.

Strategic Investments and Acquisitions

To maintain and strengthen our leading market position in China and to become a major travel service provider in the Greater China market, we constantly evaluate opportunities for strategic investments in, and acquisitions of, complementary businesses, assets and technologies and have made such investments and acquisitions from time to time. We have made the following material strategic investments and acquisitions over the past two years:

In December 2013 and August 2014, we entered into share purchase agreements to acquire minority stake of Easy Go Inc., or Easy Go, a leading online and mobile business car booking platform in China, by subscribing its Series B and Series C convertible preferred shares with a total consideration of US\$53 million.

In December 2013 and April 2014, respectively, we subscribed Series E and Series E Plus convertible preferred shares of eHi Auto Services Limited, or eHi, one of the largest car rental companies in China, with a total consideration of approximately US\$107 million. Immediately prior to completion of eHi’s initial public offering, these preferred shares were automatically converted into Class B common shares of eHi. In November 2014, we purchased, through a private placement transaction that was closed concurrently with the initial public offering, US\$10 million worth of Class A common shares of eHi at its initial public offering price, and we subsequently sold these shares through a private transaction. We held an aggregate equity interest of approximately 14% of eHi’s total outstanding shares as of December 31, 2015.

In May 2014, we purchased, through a private placement transaction that was closed concurrently with the initial public offering, US\$15 million worth of class A ordinary shares of Tuniu, at its initial public offering price. In December 2014, we purchased, in a separate transaction, an additional 3,731,034 newly issued Class A ordinary shares of Tuniu at an aggregate consideration of approximately US\$15 million. In May 2015, we purchased 3,750,000 newly issued Class A ordinary shares of Tuniu at an aggregate consideration of approximately US\$20 million. We held an aggregate equity interest of approximately 4% of Tuniu’s total outstanding shares as of December 31, 2015.

In April 2014, we acquired a minority stake in Tongcheng Network Technology Share Co., Ltd., or LY.com, a leading local attraction ticket service provider, for an aggregate cash consideration of RMB1.4 billion (US\$228 million).

In September 2014, we acquired certain premises with an aggregate sellable gross floor area of 100,167 square meters and certain auxiliary facilities in Sky SOHO from SOHO (Shanghai) Investment Co., Ltd. for a total consideration of approximately RMB3 billion (US\$490 million).

In November 2014, we formed a strategic partnership with Royal Caribbean, through a joint venture, which is designed to serve the PRC cruise market and operate one cruise ship, and we own 35% of the equity stake of the joint venture.

In January 2015, we completed an investment transaction acquiring a majority stake in Travelfusion Limited, a UK-based leading online Low Cost Carrier travel content aggregator and innovator of Direct Connect global distribution solutions.

In May 2015, we made an investment in eLong through acquiring the shares of eLong from certain selling shareholders, including Expedia together with several other investors. We acquired a 38% equity stake in eLong for a total purchase price of approximately US\$422 million. In addition, we and Expedia agreed to cooperate with each other to allow our respective customers to benefit from certain travel product offerings for specified geographic markets. In August 2015, we, together with Tencent Holdings Limited, or Tencent, and certain other buyers, delivered a non-binding letter to eLong which proposes to acquire all of its outstanding ordinary shares not already owned by these buyers for a cash consideration of US\$18.00 per ADS. In February 2016, eLong entered into an agreement and plan of merger with China E-dragon Holdings Limited, the special purpose vehicle formed by the consortium led by Tencent, and China E-dragon Mergersub Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of China E-dragon Holdings Limited, pursuant to which China E-dragon Holdings Limited will acquire eLong. At the closing of the transaction, China E-dragon Holdings Limited will be owned by certain of eLong’s existing shareholders, including us, along with Seagull Limited and certain management members of eLong.

In October 2015, we completed a share exchange transaction with Baidu, pursuant to which Baidu exchanged 178,702,519 Class A ordinary shares and 11,450,000 Class B ordinary shares of Qunar, beneficially owned by Baidu prior to the consummation of the transaction for our 11,488,381 newly-issued ordinary shares. Immediately after the closing of the transaction, Baidu owned our ordinary shares representing approximately 25% of our aggregate voting interest, and we owned Class B ordinary shares of Qunar representing approximately 45% of Qunar’s aggregate voting interest. Robin Yanhong Li, Baidu’s chairman and chief executive officer, and Tony Yip, vice president, head of investments, mergers and acquisitions of Baidu, have been appointed to our board of directors.

[Table of Contents](#)

As a result of the share exchange transaction with Baidu, we have become a significant shareholder of Qunar. We believe that it would be in the interest of our shareholders and us to provide equity incentives to Qunar employees to align their interests with those of Qunar and its shareholders, including us. To this end, in December 2015, we agreed to issue a total of approximately 5 million ordinary shares to certain special purpose vehicles holding shares solely for the benefit of Qunar employees. In December 2015 and March 2016, we offered approximately 4.0 million ordinary shares represented by ADSs to three special purpose vehicles, each of which holds the ADSs solely for the benefit of Qunar employees. As a result of the transaction in December, we began to consolidate Qunar's financial statements from December 31, 2015 from accounting perspective. Future receipt by Qunar employees of our shares will be upon satisfaction of legal and contractual conditions, including the condition that any Qunar securities held by or granted to any Qunar employee must have been surrendered before the employee receives our shares.

In late 2015 and early 2016, we agreed to make certain investments, in the form of limited partnership contribution or other financing arrangements, in several non-U.S. investment entities, which are managed or owned by parties unaffiliated with each other and unaffiliated with us and are dedicated to investing in businesses in China. In January 2016, we issued a total number of approximately 5.4 million ordinary shares, including 2,661,967 ordinary shares represented by ADSs, and provided capital contribution or financial support in a total amount of approximately US\$1.3 billion in cash to some of these non-U.S. investment entities in accordance with ASC810 under U.S. GAAP. We consolidated the financial statements of these non-U.S. investment entities and as such these cash outflows and share issuances will be eliminated in consolidation. In March 2016, we further issued an aggregate of 395,106 ordinary shares represented by ADSs to certain of these non-U.S. investment entities. These non-U.S. entities have, in the aggregate, acquired a significant minority stake of Qunar from Qunar's shareholders through privately negotiated transactions, using cash and/or our ordinary shares as purchase consideration.

In January 2016, we invested US\$180 million in MakeMyTrip Limited (NASDAQ: MMYT), or MakeMyTrip, India's largest online travel company, via convertible bonds. In addition, MakeMyTrip has granted us permission to acquire MakeMyTrip shares in the open market, so that combined with shares convertible under the convertible bonds, we may beneficially own up to 26.6% of MakeMyTrip's outstanding shares. Following completion of the investment, we appointed a director to the MakeMyTrip board of directors.

In April 2016, we announced strategic collaboration with China Eastern Air Holding Company, one of China's three major air transportation groups, on a broad range of products and services, and we agreed to invest RMB3 billion in the A shares of China Eastern Airlines (SSE: 600115, SEHK: 00670, NYSE: CEA) through a private placement of shares.

PRC Government Regulations

Current PRC laws and regulations impose substantial restrictions on foreign ownership of the air-ticketing, travel agency, advertising and value-added telecommunications businesses in China. As a result, we conduct these businesses in China through contractual arrangements with our affiliated PRC entities as well as certain independent air-ticketing agencies and travel agencies. Our vice chairman of the board and president, Min Fan and our officers, Tao Yang, Qi Shi, Maohua Sun, Hui Cao and Hui Wang all of whom are PRC citizens, directly or indirectly own all or most of the equity interests in our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities as of the date of this report.

According to our PRC counsel, Commerce & Finance Law Offices, the ownership structures, as described in this annual report, comply with all existing PRC laws, rules and regulations.

Restrictions on Foreign Ownership

Air-ticketing. According to the Rules on Cognizance of Qualification for Civil Aviation Transporting Marketing Agencies (2006) and relevant foreign investment regulations regarding civil aviation business, a foreign investor currently cannot own 100% of an air-ticketing agency in China, except for Hong Kong and Macau aviation marketing agencies. In addition, foreign-invested air-ticketing agencies are not permitted to sell passenger airline tickets for domestic flights in China, except for Hong Kong and Macau aviation marketing agencies.

Travel Agency. Currently, foreign investors have been permitted to establish or own a travel agency upon the approval of the PRC government, subject to considerable restrictions as to its scope of business. For examples, under the current Travel Agency Regulations, which became effective on May 1, 2009, foreign-invested travel agencies cannot arrange for mainland residents to travel overseas or to Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan, unless otherwise decided by the State Council or allowed under the Free Trade Agreement executed by the PRC government or according to the Closer Economic Partnership Arrangement between Mainland China and Hong Kong or Macau ("CEPA"). According to the CEPAs, starting from January 1, 2013, travel agencies in which Hong Kong or Macau qualified investors hold an interest are permitted to arrange group travel for the residents in local regions from mainland China to Hong Kong and Macau and on trial basis, one qualified sino-foreign joint venture, in which Hong Kong qualified investors hold an interest, and one qualified sino-foreign joint venture, in which Macau qualified investors hold an interest, are permitted to arrange group travel for domestic residents to travel overseas, which does not include Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan. On August 29, 2010, the National Tourism Administration and the Ministry of Commerce further promulgated the Temporary Administration Rules for Sino-Foreign Joint Invested Travel Agencies to Operate Trip to Overseas Business for Trial, according to which the State Tourism Administration may choose and approve certain qualified sino-foreign joint venture travel agencies to operate business of arranging mainland resident travelling to overseas destinations, Hong Kong and Macau, on a trial basis, except for Taiwan.

[Table of Contents](#)

Online Advertising. The principal regulations governing foreign ownership of advertising agencies in China are the Foreign Investment Industrial Guidance Catalogue as amended in 2015, which came into effect on April 10, 2015. Under this catalogue, foreign investors are allowed to own 100% of an advertising agency in China subject to certain qualification requirements. However, for those advertising agencies that provide online advertising service, foreign ownership restrictions on the value-added telecommunications business are still applicable.

Value-added Telecommunications Business License. The principal regulations governing foreign ownership of the value-added telecommunications service provision business in China include:

- Administrative Rules for Foreign Investments in Telecommunications Enterprises (2008 Revision); and
- Foreign Investment Industrial Guidance Catalogue (2015).

Under these regulations, a foreign entity is prohibited from owning more than 50% of a PRC entity that provides value-added telecommunications services.

In July 2006, the MIIT, issued the Circular on Intensifying the Administration of Foreign Investment in Value-added Telecommunication Business which states that a domestic company that holds an value-added telecommunications business license is prohibited from leasing, transferring or selling the license to foreign investors in any form, and from providing any assistance in forms of resources, sites or facilities to foreign investors that conduct value-added telecommunications business illegally in China. Furthermore, the relevant trademarks and domain names used in the value-added telecommunications business shall be owned by the local value-added telecommunications license holder. Due to the lack of further necessary interpretation from the regulator, it remains unclear what impact the above circular will have on us or other Chinese Internet companies that have adopted the same or similar corporate and contractual structures as ours.

General Regulation of Businesses

Tourism Law. On April 25, 2013, the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress of the PRC issued the Tourism Law of the PRC, or the Tourism Law, which took effect on October 1, 2013. The Tourism Law aims to protect the tourists' legal rights, regulate tourism market and promote the development of tourism industry and sets forth specific requirements for the operation of travel agencies. The travel agencies are prohibited from (i) leasing, lending or illegally transferring travel agency operation licenses, the information published by travel agencies to attract and organize customers must be true and accurate, (ii) conducting any false publicity to mislead customers, (iii) arranging visits to or participation in any project or activity in violation of the laws and regulations of the PRC or social morality, (iv) organizing tourism activities at unreasonably low price to induce or cheat tourists, and obtaining unlawful profits such as kickbacks by shopping arrangements or tour items paid separately, and (v) specifying shopping venues or arranging tour items paid separately when organizing and receiving tourists, except for those negotiated by the parties or demanded by the customers, which in any event should not affect the itineraries of other customers. In addition, travel agencies shall conclude contracts with customers for tourism activities; and before the start of the itinerary, customers may transfer their personal rights and obligations in the package tour contract to any third person, whom the travel agency shall not refuse without justifiable reasons, and any increased fees shall be borne by the customer and relevant third persons. Accordingly, travel agencies may be subject to civil liabilities for failing to fulfill the obligations discussed above, which include rectification, issuance of a warning, confiscation of any illegal income, imposition of a fine, an order to cease business operation, or revocation of its travel agency permit. Furthermore, if a travel agency arranges shopping venues in violation of the Tourism Law, customers have the right, within 30 days after the end of the itinerary, to demand that the travel agencies handle the return of any purchased goods and make advance payment for the returned goods, or return the fees for any tour items paid separately.

Air-ticketing. The air-ticketing business is subject to the supervision of China National Aviation Transportation Association, or CNATA, and its regional branches. Currently the principal regulation governing air-ticketing in China is the Rules on Cognizance of Qualification for Civil Aviation Transporting Marketing Agencies which became effective on March 31, 2006.

Under this regulation, any entity that intends to conduct air-ticketing business in China must apply for an air-ticketing license from CNATA.

Travel Agency. The travel industry is subject to the supervision of the China National Tourism Administration and local tourism administrations. The principal regulations governing travel agencies in China include:

- Travel Agency Regulations, effective as of May 1, 2009; and
- Implementing Rules of Travel Agency Regulations, effective as of May 3, 2009.

Under these regulations, a travel agency must obtain a license from the China National Tourism Administration to conduct cross-border travel business, and a license from the provincial-level tourism administration to conduct domestic travel agency business.

[Table of Contents](#)

Advertising. The SAIC is responsible for regulating advertising activities in China. The principal regulations governing advertising (including online advertising) in China include:

- Advertising Law, as amended in 2015;
- Administration of Advertising Regulations, as promulgated in 1987; and
- Implementing rules of the Administration of Advertising Regulations, as amended in 2011.

Under these regulations, any entity conducting advertising activities must obtain an advertising permit from the local Administration of Industry and Commerce.

Value-added Telecommunications Business and Online Commerce. Our provision of travel-related content on our websites is subject to PRC laws and regulations relating to the telecommunications industry and Internet, and regulated by various government authorities, including the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology and the SAIC. The principal regulations governing the telecommunications industry and Internet include:

- Telecommunications Regulations, as amended in 2014;
- The Administrative Measures for Telecommunications Business Operating Licenses, effective as of April 10, 2009; and
- The Internet Information Services Administrative Measures, as promulgated in 2000.

Under these regulations, Internet content provision services are classified as value-added telecommunications businesses, and a commercial operator of such services must obtain a value-added telecommunications business license from the appropriate telecommunications authorities to conduct any commercial value-added telecommunications operations in China.

With respect to online commerce, there are no specific PRC laws at the national level governing online commerce or defining online commerce activities, and no government authority has been designated to regulate online commerce. There are existing regulations governing retail business that require companies to obtain licenses to engage in the business. However, it is unclear whether these existing regulations will be applied to online commerce.

Internet Privacy

In recent years, PRC government authorities have legislated on the use of the Internet to protect personal information from unauthorized disclosure. For example, the Internet Measures prohibits an Internet information services provider from insulting or slandering a third party or infringing upon the lawful rights and interests of a third party. Internet information services providers are subject to legal liability if unauthorized disclosure results in damages or losses to users. In addition, the PRC regulations authorize the relevant telecommunications authorities to demand rectification of unauthorized disclosure by Internet information services providers.

The PRC laws do not prohibit Internet information services providers from collecting and analyzing person information of their users. The PRC government, however, has the power and authority to order Internet information services providers to submit personal information of an Internet user if such user posts any prohibited content or engages in illegal activities on the Internet. However, PRC criminal law prohibits companies and their employees from illegally trading or disclosing customer data obtained through the course of their business operations.

In addition, the MIIT promulgated the Several Provisions on Regulating the Market Order of Internet Information Services, which became effective as of March 15, 2012. This regulation stipulates that Internet information services providers must not, without users' consent, collect information on users that can be used, alone or in combination with other information, to identify the user, or User Personal Information, and may not provide any User Personal Information to third parties without prior user consent. Internet information services providers may only collect User Personal Information necessary to provide their services and must expressly inform the users of the method, content and purpose of the collection and processing of such User Personal Information. In addition, an Internet information services provider may use User Personal Information only for the stated purposes under its scope of services. The Internet information services providers are also required to ensure the proper security of User Personal Information, and take immediate remedial measures if User Personal Information is suspected to have been disclosed. If the consequences of any such disclosure are expected to be serious, they must immediately report the incident to the telecommunications regulatory authorities and cooperate with the authorities in their investigations. Furthermore, on December 28, 2012, the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress enacted the Decision to Enhance the Protection of Network Information, or the Information Protection Decision, to further enhance the protection of users' personal information in electronic form. The Information Protection Decision provides that Internet information services providers must expressly inform their users of the purpose, manner and scope of their collection and use of users' personal information, publish their standards for their collection and use of users' personal information, and collect and use users' personal information only with the consent of the users and only within the scope of such consent. The Information Protection Decision also mandates that the Internet information services providers and their employees must keep strictly confidential users' personal information that they collect, and that they must take such technical and other measures as are necessary to safeguard the information against disclosure, damages and loss. Pursuant to the Order for the Protection of Telecommunication and Internet User Personal Information issued by the MIIT in July 2013, any collection and use of user personal information must be subject to the consent of the user, abide by the principles of legality, rationality and necessity and be within the specified purposes, methods and scopes.

[Table of Contents](#)

Regulation of Foreign Currency Exchange and Dividend Distribution

Foreign Currency Exchange. The principal regulation governing foreign currency exchange in China is the Foreign Currency Administration Rules (2008 revision). Under these Rules, the RMB is freely convertible for trade and service-related foreign exchange transactions, but not for direct investment, loan or investment in securities outside China unless the prior approval of the State Administration for Foreign Exchange of the PRC, or SAFE is obtained.

Pursuant to the Foreign Currency Administration Rules, foreign investment enterprises in China may purchase foreign currency without the approval of SAFE for trade and service-related foreign exchange transactions by providing commercial documents evidencing these transactions. They may also retain foreign exchange (subject to a cap approved by the SAFE) to satisfy foreign exchange liabilities or to pay dividends. In addition, if a foreign company acquires a company in China, the acquired company will also become a foreign investment enterprise. However, the relevant PRC government authorities may limit or eliminate the ability of foreign investment enterprises to purchase and retain foreign currencies in the future. In addition, foreign exchange transactions for direct investment, loan and investment in securities outside China are still subject to limitations and require approvals from SAFE.

Under the current PRC regulations, loans, either from us or from third-party sources outside of China, incurred by our subsidiaries in China to finance their activities cannot exceed statutory limits, which equal the difference between the respective approved total investment amount and the registered capital of such PRC subsidiaries, and must be registered with the SAFE or its local branches. In the past, our subsidiaries have mainly funded their operations and cash needs from our initial capital injections and cash generated from such subsidiaries' operations. Other than those discussed above, none of the Company's PRC subsidiaries had any outstanding loans as of December 31, 2015. Based on the capital needs and cash generated from operations of our PRC subsidiaries, we do not believe that our PRC subsidiaries would need to incur substantial debts to fund their respective operations in China in the near future, and even if they need to incur debts, they could manage to obtain short-term loans from PRC banks and financial institutions, which are not subject to the statutory limits referenced above. We currently do not believe, based on the above, that the statutory debt limits on our subsidiaries in China are material to our operations in China, and we do not believe it to be reasonably likely that our PRC subsidiaries would need to incur debts exceeding their respective statutory debt limit.

SAFE promulgated the Circular on the Relevant Operating Issues concerning Administration Improvement of Payment and Settlement of Foreign Currency Capital of Foreign-invested Enterprises, or Circular 142, on August 29, 2008. Under Circular 142, registered capital of a foreign-invested company settled in RMB converted from foreign currencies may only be used within the business scope approved by the applicable governmental authority and may not be used for equity investments in the PRC. In addition, foreign-invested companies may not change how they use such capital without SAFE's approval, and may not in any case use such capital to repay RMB loans if they have not used the proceeds of such loans. In addition, to strengthen Circular 142, on November 9, 2011, the SAFE promulgated the Circular on Further Clarifying and Regulating Relevant Issues Concerning the Administration of Foreign Exchange under Capital Account, or Circular 45, which prohibits a foreign invested company from converting its registered capital in foreign exchange currency into RMB for the purpose of making domestic equity investments, granting entrusted loans, repaying inter-company loans, and repaying bank loans that have been transferred to a third party. On March 3, 2015, the SAFE promulgated a Circular on the Reforming of Administrative Methods Regarding the Foreign Exchange Capital Settlement of Foreign- Invested Companies, or Circular 19, which became effective on June 1, 2015 and replaced Circular 142. Although Circular 19 restates certain restrictions on the use of investment capital denominated in foreign currency by foreign invested companies, it specifies that the registered capital of a foreign-invested company, denominated in foreign currency, can be converted into RMB at the discretion of such foreign-invested company and can be used for equity investment in the PRC subject to the invested company's filing of a reinvestment registration with the relevant local SAFE. However, since Circular 19 is newly issued, its interpretation and enforcement involve significant uncertainty, which may limit our ability to transfer the net proceeds from offerings of our securities to our PRC subsidiaries and convert the net proceeds into RMB and adversely affect our liquidity and our ability to fund and expand our business in the PRC.

Dividend Distribution. The principal regulations governing distribution of dividends of wholly foreign-owned companies include:

- The Foreign Investment Enterprise Law, as amended in 2000;
- Administrative Rules under the Foreign Investment Enterprise Law, as amended in 2014;
- Company Law of the PRC, as amended in 2014; and
- Enterprise Income Tax Law and its Implementation Rules, as promulgated in 2007.

[Table of Contents](#)

Under these regulations, foreign investment enterprises in China may pay dividends only out of their accumulated profits, if any, determined in accordance with PRC accounting standards and regulations. In addition, wholly foreign-owned enterprises in China are required to set aside at least 10% of their respective accumulated profits each year, if any, to fund certain reserve funds, unless such reserve funds have reached 50% of their respective registered capital. These reserves are not distributable as cash dividends.

Under the EIT Law, dividends, interests, rent, royalties and gains on transfers of property payable by a foreign-invested enterprise in the PRC to its foreign investor which is a non-resident enterprise will be subject to a 10% withholding tax, unless such non-resident enterprise's jurisdiction of incorporation has a tax treaty with the PRC that provides for a reduced rate of withholding tax. According to Mainland and Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Arrangement on Avoiding Double Taxation or Evasion of Taxation on Income agreed between mainland China and Hong Kong Special Administrative Region in August 2006, dividends payable by an FIE in China to a company in Hong Kong which directly holds at least 25% of the equity interests in the FIE will be subject to a reduced withholding tax rate of 5%.

Under the EIT Law, an enterprise established outside the PRC with its "de facto management body" within the PRC is considered a resident enterprise and will be subject to the enterprise income tax at the rate of 25% on its worldwide income. The "de facto management body" is defined as the organizational body that effectively exercises overall management and control over production and business operations, personnel, finance and accounting, and properties of the enterprise. It remains unclear how the PRC tax authorities will interpret such a board definition. Notwithstanding the foregoing provision, the EIT Law also provides that, if a resident enterprise directly invests in another resident enterprise, the dividends received by the investing resident enterprise from the invested enterprise are exempted from income tax, subject to certain conditions. However, it remains unclear how the PRC tax authorities will interpret the PRC tax resident treatment of an offshore company, like us, having indirect ownership interests in PRC enterprises through intermediary holding vehicles.

Moreover, under the EIT Law, foreign ADS holders may be subject to a 10% withholding tax upon dividends payable by a Chinese entity and gains realized on the sale or other disposition of ADSs or ordinary shares, if such income is considered as income deriving from within the PRC and if we are classified as a PRC resident enterprise.

Regulation of Income Taxes and Financial Subsidies. See "Item 5. Operating and Financial Review and Prospects—Income Taxes and Financial Subsidies."

C. Organizational Structure

The following table sets out the details of our significant subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015:

Name	Country of Incorporation	Ownership Interest
C-Travel International Limited	Cayman Islands	100%
Ctrip.com (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	100%
Ctrip Computer Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	China	100%
Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	China	100%
Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	China	100%
Ctrip Information Technology (Nantong) Co., Ltd.	China	100%
HKWOT (BVI) Limited	BVI	100%
ezTravel Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	97%
Beijing JointWisdom Information Technology Co., Ltd.	China	70%

We are a holding company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and rely on dividends from our subsidiaries in China and consulting and other fees paid to our subsidiaries by our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities. We conduct a majority of our business through our wholly owned subsidiaries in China. Due to the current restrictions on foreign ownership of air-ticketing, travel agency, online advertising and value-added telecommunications businesses in China, we have conducted part of our operations in these businesses through a series of contractual arrangements between our PRC subsidiaries and our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities. Our significant consolidated affiliated Chinese entities included Ctrip Commerce, Shanghai Huacheng, Shanghai Ctrip, Beijing Ctrip, Guangzhou Ctrip, Shenzhen Ctrip, Ctrip Insurance, Chengdu Ctrip, Chengdu Ctrip International and Qunar Beijing as of December 31, 2015. In early 2013, we amended and restated the contractual arrangements that we previously entered into with our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities in order to further strengthen our ability to control these entities and receive substantially all of the economic benefits from them. We have entered into additional contractual arrangements based on substantially the same series of amended and restated forms with our other consolidated affiliated Chinese entities subsequent to our adoption of these forms, and plan to enter into substantially the same series of agreements with all of our future consolidated affiliated Chinese entities. In 2015, we further optimized the functions of our various consolidated affiliated Chinese entities to avoid duplicative operations among these consolidated affiliated Chinese entities.

As of the date of this report, Min Fan, our co-founder, vice chairman of the board and president, Tao Yang, our senior vice president, Qi Shi, our vice president, Maohua Sun, our senior vice president, Hui Cao, our director, and Hui Wang, our senior director are principal record owners of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities. Each of them has signed an irrevocable power of attorney to appoint Ctrip Computer Technology or its designated person, as attorney-in-fact to vote, by itself or any other person to be designated at its discretion, on all matters of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities. Each power of attorney will remain effective during the existence of the applicable consolidated affiliated Chinese entity.

[Table of Contents](#)

D. Property, Plants and Equipment

Our first customer service center and principal sales, marketing and development facilities and administrative offices are located on owned premises comprising approximately 39,000 square meters in an economic development park in Shanghai, China. Our second customer service center, which began operations in May 2010, is located in our owned premises in Nantong, China, comprising approximately 80,000 square meters. In addition to our China offices in Beijing, Guangzhou, Shenzhen, Chengdu, Qingdao, Shenyang, Xiamen, Hangzhou, Wuhan, Nanjing, Sanya, Chongqing, Lijiang, Xi'an, Tianjin and Kunming, we also have overseas offices in Hong Kong, Taiwan, Japan, Korea, America, Singapore and Thailand. We believe that we will be able to obtain adequate facilities, principally through the leasing of appropriate properties, to accommodate our expansion plans in the near future.

To support future business expansion, we acquired the land use right to a piece of land measuring approximately 9,000 square meters in Chengdu, Sichuan province in November 2011 for approximately RMB10 million (US\$1.5 million), and built our regional head office on this land. The construction commenced in 2011 and was completed in the early 2014. The total investment including the land use right was approximately RMB270 million. In 2012, we completed the purchase of a part of an office building in Shanghai for approximately RMB392 million and an office building of approximately 8,857 square meters in Beijing for approximately RMB160 million. In 2013, we entered into an agreement to purchase an office building in Shanghai for approximately RMB590 million including related taxes, of which RMB264 million have been paid. The purchase was completed in 2014. In September 2014, we acquired certain premises with an aggregate sellable gross floor area of 100,167 square meters and certain auxiliary facilities in Sky SOHO from SOHO (Shanghai) Investment Co., Ltd. for a total consideration of approximately RMB3 billion. All of the abovementioned amounts were fully paid from our operating cash flow.

ITEM 4A UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

ITEM 5. OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW AND PROSPECTS

The following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations is based upon and should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and their related notes included in this annual report on Form 20-F. This annual report contains forward-looking statements. See “G. Safe Harbor” In evaluating our business, you should carefully consider the information provided under the caption “Risk Factors” in this annual report. We caution you that our businesses and financial performance are subject to substantial risks and uncertainties.

A. Operating Results

We are a leading consolidator of hotel accommodations and airline tickets in China. We aggregate information on hotels and flights and enable our customers to make informed and cost-effective hotel and flight bookings. We also offer packaged-tour products and other products and services.

In 2015, we derived approximately 40%, 39%, 15%, 4% and 2% of our total revenues from our accommodation reservation, transportation ticketing, packaged tour, corporate travel and other products and services, respectively.

Major Factors Affecting the Travel Industry

A variety of factors affect the travel industry in China, and hence our results of operations and financial condition, including:

Growth in the Overall Economy and Demand for Travel Services in China. We expect that our financial results will continue to be affected by the overall growth of the economy and demand for travel services in China and the rest of the world. According to the statistical report published on the website of National Bureau of Statistics of China on February 29, 2016, China's GDP grew from RMB47.2 trillion (US\$7.5 trillion) in 2011 to RMB67.7 trillion (US\$10.4 trillion) in 2015, representing a compound annual growth rate of 9.4%. China's GDP per capita in the same period grew from RMB34,999 (US\$5,561) to RMB49,351 (US\$7,618), representing a 9% compound annual growth rate. This growth led to a significant increase in the demand for travel services.

According to the statistical report published on the website of National Bureau of Statistics of China on February 29, 2016, China's domestic tourism spending grew from RMB1,930.6 billion (US\$306.7 billion) in 2011 to RMB3,419.5 billion (US\$527.9 billion) in 2015, representing a compound annual growth of 15.4%. We anticipate that demand for travel services in China will continue to increase in the foreseeable future as the economy in China continues to grow. However, any adverse changes in economic conditions of China and the rest of the world, such as the current global financial crisis and economic downturn, could have a material adverse effect on the travel industry in China, which in turn would harm our business. See “Item 3. Key Information — D. Risk Factors — Our business is sensitive to global economic conditions. A severe or prolonged downturn in the global or Chinese economy may have a material and adverse effect on our business, and may materially and adversely affect our growth and profitability.”

[Table of Contents](#)

Seasonality in the Travel Service Industry. The travel service industry is characterized by seasonal fluctuations and accordingly our revenues may vary from quarter to quarter. To date, the revenues generated during the summer season of each year generally are higher than those generated during the winter season, mainly because the summer season coincides with the peak business and leisure travel season, while the winter season of each year includes the Chinese New Year holiday, during which our customers reduce their business activities. These seasonality trends are difficult to discern in our historical results because our revenues have grown substantially since inception. However, our future results may be affected by seasonal fluctuations in the use of our services by our customers.

Disruptions in the Travel Industry. Individual travelers tend to modify their travel plans based on the occurrence of events such as:

- the outbreak of Ebola virus, HIN1 influenza, avian flu, SARS or any other serious contagious diseases;
- increased prices in the hotel, airline or other travel-related industries;
- increased occurrence of travel-related accidents;
- political unrest;
- natural disasters or poor weather conditions;
- terrorist attacks or threats of terrorist attacks or war;
- any travel restrictions or security procedures implemented in connection with major events in China; and
- general economic downturns.

See also “Item 3. Key Information — D. Risk Factors — The recurrence of SARS or other similar outbreaks of contagious diseases as well as natural disasters may materially and adversely affect our business and operating results.”

Any future outbreak of contagious diseases or similar adverse public health developments, extreme unexpected bad weather or severe natural disasters would affect our business and operating results. Ongoing concerns regarding contagious disease or natural disasters, particularly its effect on travel, could negatively impact our China-based customers’ desire to travel. If there is a recurrence of an outbreak of certain contagious diseases or natural disasters, travel to and from affected regions could be curtailed. Public policy regarding, or governmental restrictions, on travel to and from these and other regions on account of an outbreak of any contagious disease or occurrence of natural disasters could have a material adverse effect on our business and operating results.

Major Factors Affecting Our Results of Operations

Revenues

Revenues Composition and Sources of Revenue Growth. We have experienced significant revenue growth since we commenced operations in 1999. Our total revenues grew from RMB3.7 billion in 2011 to RMB11.5 billion (US\$1.8 billion) in 2015, representing a compound annual growth rate of 32.5%.

We generate our revenues primarily from the accommodation reservation and transportation ticketing businesses. The table below sets forth the revenues from our principal lines of business as a percentage of our revenues for the periods indicated.

	Year-Ended December 31,		
	2013	2014	2015
Revenues:			
Accommodation reservation	39%	41%	40%
Transportation Ticketing	38%	38%	39%
Packaged-tour	16%	14%	15%
Corporate travel	5%	5%	4%
Others	2%	2%	2%
Total revenues	100%	100%	100%

As we generally do not take ownership of the products and services being sold and act as an agent in substantially all of our transactions, our risk of loss due to obligations for cancelled hotel and airline ticket reservations is minimal. Accordingly, we recognize revenues primarily based on commissions earned rather than transaction value.

[Table of Contents](#)

Since current PRC laws and regulations impose substantial restrictions on foreign ownership of air-ticketing, travel agency, advertising and value-added telecommunications businesses in China, we conduct part of our transportation ticketing and packaged-tour businesses through our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities. Historically, we generated a portion of our revenues from fees charged to these entities. See “—Arrangements with Affiliated Chinese Entities” for a description of our relationship with these entities.

Accommodation Reservation. Revenues from our accommodation reservation business have been our primary source of revenues since our inception. In 2013, 2014 and 2015, revenues from our accommodation reservation business accounted for RMB2.2 billion, RMB3.2 billion and RMB4.6 billion (US\$713 million), respectively, or 39%, 41% and 40%, respectively, of our total revenues.

We generate our accommodation reservation revenues through commissions from hotels. We recognize revenues when we receive confirmation from a hotel that a customer who booked the hotel through us has completed the stay at the applicable hotel and upon confirmation of the commissions amount by the hotel. While we generally agree in advance on fixed commissions with a particular hotel, we also enter into a commission arrangement with many of our hotel suppliers that we refer to as the “ratchet system.” Under the ratchet system, our commission per room night for a given hotel increases for the month if we sell in excess of a pre-agreed number of room nights with such hotel within the month.

Transportation Ticketing. Since early 2002, our transportation ticketing business has been growing rapidly. In 2013, 2014 and 2015, revenues from our transportation ticketing business accounted for RMB2.2 billion, RMB3.0 billion and RMB4.5 billion (US\$688 million), respectively, or 38%, 38% and 39%, respectively, of our total revenues.

We conduct our transportation ticketing business through our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, as well as a network of independent transportation ticketing service companies. Commissions from transportation ticketing rendered are recognized after tickets are issued.

Packaged-tour. Our packaged-tour business has grown rapidly in the past three years. In 2013, 2014 and 2015, revenues from our packaged-tour business accounted for RMB936 million, RMB1.1 billion and RMB1.7 billion (US\$257 million), respectively. We conduct our packaged-tour business mainly through our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, which bundle the packaged-tour products and receive referral fees from different travel suppliers for different components and services of the packaged tours sold through our transaction and service platform. Referral fees are recognized as revenues after the packaged-tour services are rendered. Our consolidated affiliated entities also, from time to time, act as principal in connection with the packaged-tour services provided by them.

Corporate Travel. Corporate travel revenues primarily include commissions from transportation ticket booking, accommodation reservation and packaged-tour services rendered to corporate clients. In 2013, 2014 and 2015, revenues from our corporate travel services accounted for RMB267 million, RMB373 million and RMB473 million (US\$73 million), respectively. Commissions from transportation ticketing services rendered are recognized after transportation tickets are issued. Commissions from accommodation reservation services rendered are recognized after hotel customers have completed their stay at the applicable hotel and upon confirmation of commissions amount by the hotel. Commissions from tour package services rendered are recognized after the packaged-tour services are rendered and collections are reasonably assured.

Other Products and Services. Our other products and services primarily consist of online advertising services, the sale of PMS and related maintenance service. We place our customers’ advertisements on our websites and in our introductory brochures. We conduct the advertising business through Ctrip Commerce, and we recognize revenues when Ctrip Commerce renders advertising services. We conduct PMS sale and maintenance business through JointWisdom. The sale of PMS is recognized upon customer’s acceptance. Maintenance service revenue is recognized ratably over the term of the maintenance contract on a straight-line basis.

Cost of Revenues

Cost of revenues are costs directly attributable to rendering our revenues, which consist primarily of payroll compensation of customer service center personnel, credit card service fee, telecommunication expenses and other direct expenses incurred in connection with our transaction and service platform. Payroll compensation accounted for 59%, 58% and 51% of our cost of revenues in 2013, 2014 and 2015, respectively. Credit card charges accounted for 19%, 19% and 19% of our cost of revenues in 2013, 2014 and 2015, respectively. Telecommunication expenses accounted for 8%, 7% and 4% of our cost of revenues in 2013, 2014 and 2015, respectively.

Cost of revenues accounted for 26%, 29% and 28% of our net revenues in 2013, 2014 and 2015, respectively. We believe our relatively low ratio of cost of revenues to revenues is primarily due to competitive labor costs in China and high efficiency of our customer service system. Our cost efficiency was further enhanced by our website operations, which require significantly fewer service staff to operate and maintain. The decrease of percentage of cost of revenues over net revenues in 2015 was largely due to enhanced efficiency of our customer service.

[Table of Contents](#)

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses consist primarily of product development expenses, sales and marketing expenses, general and administrative expenses, all of which include share-based compensation expense. In 2015, we recorded RMB643 million (US\$99 million) of share-based compensation expense compared to RMB438 million and RMB497 million for 2013 and 2014, respectively. Share-based compensation expense is included in the same income statement category as the cash compensation paid to the recipient of the share-based award.

Product development expenses primarily include expenses we incur to develop our travel suppliers network and expenses we incur to maintain, monitor and manage our transaction and service platform. Product development expenses accounted for 23%, 32% and 30% of our net revenues in 2013, 2014 and 2015, respectively. The product development expenses as a percentage of net revenues in 2015 decreased compared to that in 2014 primarily due to enhanced efficiency in line with our growth of scale.

Sales and marketing expenses primarily comprise payroll compensation and benefits for our sales and marketing personnel, advertising expenses, and other related marketing and promotion expenses. Our sales and marketing expenses accounted for 24%, 30% and 28% of our net revenues in 2013, 2014 and 2015, respectively. The sales and market expenses as a percentage of net revenues in 2015 decreased primarily due to reduction in expenses in connection with marketing and promotional activities.

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of payroll compensation, benefits and travel expenses for our administrative staff, professional service fees, as well as administrative office expenses. Our general and administrative expenses accounted for 12%, 12% and 10% of our net revenues in 2013, 2014 and 2015, respectively. The general and administrative expenses as a percentage of net revenues in 2015 decreased primarily due to the reduction in personnel expenses of general and administrative employees as a percentage of revenue.

Foreign Exchange Risk

We are exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures. See “Item 11. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure about Market Risk.”

Income Taxes and Financial Subsidies

Income Taxes. Our effective income tax rate was 26%, 97% and 16% for 2013, 2014 and 2015, respectively, primarily due to the change of profit before tax during the periods as well as the tax effect of gain on deconsolidation of the subsidiaries with a lower withholding tax rate in 2015.

On March 16, 2007, the National People’s Congress, the Chinese legislature, passed the new EIT Law, which became effective on January 1, 2008. The EIT Law applies a uniform 25% enterprise income tax rate to both foreign-invested enterprises and domestic enterprises. Under the EIT Law, enterprises that were established before March 16, 2007 and already enjoy preferential tax treatments will (i) in the case of preferential tax rates, continue to enjoy the tax rates which will be gradually increased to the new tax rates within five years from January 1, 2008 or (ii) in the case of preferential tax exemption or reduction for a specified term, continue to enjoy the preferential tax holiday until the expiration of such term. For certain enterprises established in special economic zones, including Pudong New Area, a transitional preferential income tax rate of 18%, 20%, 22%, 24% and 25% for the respective five-year transition period is allowed. The significant increase in our effective income tax rate from 2013 to 2014 and the significant decrease from 2014 to 2015 were primarily due to our recognition of a significant valuation allowance against certain deferred tax assets in 2014 as a result of an increase in tax losses generated from certain subsidiaries that were not expected to be recovered.

On April 14, 2008, the Ministry of Science and Technology and the Ministry of Finance and the SAT jointly issued Guokefahuo (2008) No.127, “Administrative Measures for Assessment of High and New Technology Enterprises,” or the Measures, and “Catalogue of High and New Technology Domains Strongly Supported by the State,” or the Catalogue, each of which is retroactively effective as of January 1, 2008. The Measures mainly set forth general guidelines regarding criteria as well as application procedures for qualification as a “high and new technology enterprise” under the EIT Law.

Pursuant to the EIT Law, companies established in China were generally subject to EIT at a statutory rate of 25%. The 25% EIT rate applies to our subsidiaries and consolidated affiliated Chinese entities established in China, except for Ctrip Computer Technology, Ctrip Travel Information, Ctrip Travel Network and JointWisdom, Chengdu Information, which are our subsidiaries, and Chengdu Ctrip and Chengdu Ctrip International; all of which are our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities.

- In 2014, Ctrip Computer Technology, Ctrip Travel Information, Ctrip Travel Network and JointWisdom reapplied for their qualification as “high and new technology enterprise,” which were approved by the relevant government authority. Thus, these subsidiaries are entitled to a preferential EIT rate of 15% from 2014 to 2016, except that JointWisdom is entitled to the preferential EIT rate of 15% from 2015 to 2017.

[Table of Contents](#)

- In 2002, China's SAT started to implement preferential tax policy in China's western region, and companies located in applicable jurisdictions covered by the Catalogue of Encouraged Industries in the Western Region (initially effective through the end of 2010 and further extended to 2020) are eligible to apply for a preferential income tax rate of 15% if their businesses fall within the "encouraged" category of the policy. Over the years since 2012, Chengdu Ctrip and Chengdu Ctrip International obtained approval from local tax authorities to apply the 15% tax rate for their annual tax filing subject to periodic renewals. The two entities re-applied for this qualification after the effective period expired in 2014 and their applications were approved by the relevant government authority. In 2013, Chengdu Information obtained approval from local tax authorities to apply the 15% tax rate for 2012 tax filing and for the year from 2013 to 2016.

In November 2011, the Ministry of Finance released Circular Caishui (2011) No. 111 mandating Shanghai to be the first city to carry out a pilot program of tax reform. Effective January 1, 2012, any entity in Shanghai that falls in the category of "selected modern service industries" was required to switch from being a business tax payer to become a value-added tax ("VAT") payer, who is permitted to offset expenses incurred in providing the relevant services it provides from the taxable income. In May 2013, the Ministry of Finance released Circular Caishui (2013) No. 37 to extend the tax reform nationwide. Effective August 1, 2013, entities within transportation service and selected modern service industries switched from a business tax payer to a value-added tax ("VAT") payer. Ctrip Travel Network and Shanghai Commerce have been subject to VAT at a rate of 6% and stopped paying the 5% business tax from January 1, 2012 onwards. We do not expect this change to have a material impact on our consolidated results of operations.

Financial Subsidies. In 2013, 2014 and 2015, our subsidiaries in China received financial subsidies from the government authorities in Shanghai in the amount of approximately RMB120 million, RMB132 million and RMB199 million (US\$31 million), respectively, which we recorded as other income upon cash receipt. Such financial subsidies were granted to us at the sole discretion of the government authorities. We cannot assure you that our subsidiaries will continue to receive financial subsidies in the future.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

We prepare financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP, which requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities on the date of the balance sheet and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the financial reporting period. We continually evaluate these estimates and assumptions based on the most recently available information, our own historical experiences and various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, which together form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Since the use of estimates is an integral component of the financial reporting process, actual results could differ from those estimates. Some of our accounting policies require higher degrees of judgment than others in their application. We consider the policies discussed below to be critical to an understanding of our financial statements as their application places the most significant demands on management's judgment.

Revenue Recognition. We describe our revenue recognition policies in our consolidated financial statements. We apply ASC 605 "Revenue Recognition" to our policies for revenue recognition and presentation of consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income. The factors we have considered include whether we are able to achieve the pre-determined specific performance targets by travel suppliers for recognition of the incentive commissions in addition to the fixed-rate and our risk of loss due to obligations for cancelled hotel and airline ticket reservations. As we operate primarily as an agent to the travel suppliers and our risk of loss due to obligations for cancelled hotel and airline ticket reservations is minimal, we recognize commissions on a net basis. We present revenues on a net basis generally. Revenues are recognized at gross amounts received from customers in cases where we undertake the majority of the business risks and act as principal related to the services provided. The amount of revenues recognized at gross basis was immaterial during the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Business Combination. We apply ASC 805 "Business Combination," which requires that all business combinations be accounted for under the purchase method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of fair values at the date of exchange of assets given, liabilities incurred and equity instruments issued. The costs directly attributable to an acquisition are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired or assumed are measured separately at their fair value as of the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any non-controlling interests. The excess of (i) the total of cost of acquisition, fair value of non-controlling interests and acquisition date fair value of any previously held equity interest in an acquiree over (ii) the fair value of identifiable net assets of an acquiree is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of a subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognized directly in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Investment. Our investments include held to maturity investments, available-for-sale investments, equity method investments and cost method investments in certain publicly traded companies and privately-held companies. The securities that we have positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held to maturity investments and stated at amortized cost. Cost method is used for investments over which we do not have the ability to exercise significant influence. Gain or losses are realized when such investments are sold or when dividends are declared or payments are received. We apply equity method in accounting for its investments in entities in which we have the ability to exercise significant influence but do not own a majority equity interest or otherwise controls and the investments are either common stock or in-substance common stocks. Unrealized gains on transactions between us and the affiliated entity are eliminated to the extent of our interest in the affiliated entity; unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. We classify its investments in debt and equity securities, that are not accounted for as cost or equity method investments, into one of three categories and accounts for these as follows: (i) debt securities that we have the positive intent and the ability to hold to maturity are classified as "held to maturity" and reported at amortized cost; (ii) debt and equity securities that are bought and held principally for the purpose of selling them in the near term are classified as "trading securities" with unrealized holding gains and losses included in earnings; (iii) debt and equity securities not classified as held to maturity or as trading securities are classified as "available-for-sale" and reported at fair value through other comprehensive income. Realized gains or losses are charged to earnings during the period in which the gains or losses are realized. We monitor our investments for other-than-temporary impairment by considering factors including, but not limited to, current economic and market conditions, the operating performance of the companies including current earnings trends and other company-specific information.

[Table of Contents](#)

Goodwill, Intangible Assets and Long-Lived Assets. In addition to the original cost of goodwill, intangible assets and long-lived assets, the recorded value of these assets is impacted by a number of policy elections, including estimated useful lives, residual values and impairment charges. ASC 350 “Intangibles—Goodwill and Other,” provides that intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives and goodwill will not be amortized but rather will be tested at least annually for impairment. ASC 350 also requires that long-lived assets be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable from its undiscounted future cash flow. Recoverability of goodwill is evaluated using a two-step process. In the first step, the fair value of a reporting unit is compared to its carrying value. If the fair value of a reporting unit exceeds the carrying value of the net assets assigned to a reporting unit, goodwill is considered not impaired and no further testing is required. If the carrying value of the net assets assigned to a reporting unit exceeds the fair value of a reporting unit, the second step of the impairment test is performed in order to determine the implied fair value of a reporting unit’s goodwill. Determining the implied fair value of goodwill requires valuation of a reporting unit’s tangible and intangible assets and liabilities in a manner similar to the allocation of purchase price in a business combination. If the carrying value of a reporting unit’s goodwill exceeds its implied fair value, goodwill is deemed impaired and is written down to the extent of the difference. We estimate total fair value of the reporting unit using discounted cash flow analysis, and makes assumptions regarding future revenue, gross margins, working capital levels, investments in new products, capital spending, tax, cash flows, and the terminal value of the reporting unit. For 2013, 2014 and 2015, we did not recognize any impairment charges for goodwill or intangible assets based on the expanding and prospective business of our subsidiaries and consolidated affiliated Chinese entities. If different judgments or estimates had been utilized, material differences could have resulted in the amount and timing of the impairment charge.

Customer Rewards Program. We offer a customer rewards program that allows our customers to receive travel awards and other gifts based on accumulated membership points that vary depending on the products and services purchased by the customers. Because we have an obligation to provide such travel awards and other gifts, we recognize liabilities and corresponding expenses for the related future obligations. As of December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015, our accrued balance for the customer rewards program were approximately RMB285 million, RMB431 million and RMB593 million (US\$92 million), respectively. Our expenses for the customer rewards program were approximately RMB203 million, RMB355 million and RMB399 million (US\$62 million) for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015. We estimate our liabilities under our customer rewards program based on accumulated membership points and our estimate of probability of redemption in accordance with the historical redemption pattern. If actual redemption differs significantly from our estimate, it will result in an adjustment to our liability and the corresponding expense.

Share-Based Compensation. We follow ASC 718 “Stock Compensation,” using the modified prospective method. Under the fair value recognition provisions of ASC 718, we recognize share-based compensation net of an estimated forfeiture rate and therefore only recognize compensation cost for those shares expected to vest over the service period of the award.

Under ASC 718, we applied the Black-Scholes valuation model in determining the fair value of options granted, which requires the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected life of the stock option, stock price volatility, and the pre-vesting option forfeiture rate. Expected life is based on historical exercise patterns, which we believe are representative of future behavior, or calculated by using the simplified method. We estimate expected volatility at the date of grant based on historical volatility. The assumptions used in calculating the fair value of stock options represent our best estimates, but these estimates involve inherent uncertainties and the application of management judgment. As a result, if factors change and we use different assumptions, our share-based compensation expense could be materially different in the future. In addition, we are required to estimate the expected forfeiture rate and only recognize expense for those shares expected to vest. We estimate the forfeiture rate based on historical patterns of our stock options granted, exercised and forfeited. If our actual forfeiture rate is materially different from our estimate, the share-based compensation expense could be significantly different from what we have recorded in the current period. See Note 2 — “Share-based compensation” in the consolidated financial statements for additional information. According to ASC 718, a change in any of the terms or conditions of stock options shall be accounted for as a modification of the plan. Therefore, the Company calculates incremental compensation cost of a modification as the excess of the fair value of the modified option over the fair value of the original option immediately before its terms are modified, measured based on the share price and other pertinent factors at the modification date. For vested options, the Company would recognize incremental compensation cost in the period the modification occurs and for unvested options, the Company would recognize, over the remaining requisite service period, the sum of the incremental compensation cost and the remaining unrecognized compensation cost for the original award on the modification date.

Table of Contents

Deferred Tax Valuation Allowances. We provide a valuation allowance on our deferred tax assets to the extent we consider it to be more likely than not that we will be unable to realize all or part of such assets. Our future realization of our deferred tax assets depends on many factors, including our ability to generate taxable income within the period during which temporary differences reverse or before our tax loss carry-forwards expire, the outlook for the Chinese economy and overall outlook for our industry. We consider these factors at each balance sheet date and determine whether valuation allowances are necessary. As of December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015, we recorded deferred tax assets of RMB97 million, RMB194 million and RMB405 million (US\$63 million), respectively. If, however, unexpected events occur in the future that would prevent us from realizing all or a portion of our net deferred tax assets, an adjustment would result in a charge to income in the period in which such determination was made. As of December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015, it is more likely than not that the deferred tax assets resulting from the net operating losses of certain subsidiaries will not be realized. Hence, we recorded valuation allowance against our gross deferred tax assets in order to reduce the deferred tax assets to the amount that is more likely than not to be realized. Also, we have elected to early adopt a new accounting guidance issued by the FASB to simplify the presentation of deferred income taxes on the Balance Sheet Classification. Starting December 31, 2015 and prospectively, deferred tax assets and liabilities, along with related valuation allowances are classified as noncurrent on the balance sheet.

Allowance for doubtful accounts. Accounts receivable are recorded at the invoiced amount and do not bear interest. We review on a periodic basis for doubtful accounts for the outstanding trade receivable balances based on historical experience and information available. Additionally, we make specific bad debt provisions based on (i) our specific assessment of the collectability of all significant accounts; and (ii) any specific knowledge we have acquired that might indicate that an account is uncollectible. The facts and circumstances of each account may require us to use substantial judgment in assessing its collectability. As of the end of December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015, the allowance for doubtful accounts was RMB5.9 million, RMB14.7 million and RMB38.2 million (US\$5.9 million), respectively. The increase of allowance for doubtful accounts in 2015 was primarily attributable to the prolonged ageing of accounts receivables.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth a summary of our consolidated statements of operations for the periods indicated both in amount and as a percentage of net revenues.

	For the Year Ended December 31,					
	2013		2014		2015	
	RMB (in thousands)	%	RMB (in thousands)	%	RMB (in thousands)	US\$ (in thousands)
Revenues:						
Accommodation reservation	2,214,171	41	3,201,427	44	4,616,649	712,688
Transportation ticketing	2,161,784	40	2,950,072	40	4,453,886	687,561
Packaged-tour	935,685	17	1,055,369	14	1,667,945	257,486
Corporate travel	266,989	5	373,407	5	473,245	73,057
Others	138,389	3	192,282	3	285,221	44,031
Total revenues	5,717,018	106	7,772,557	106	11,496,946	1,774,823
Less: Business tax and related surcharges	(330,272)	(6)	(425,639)	(6)	(599,378)	(92,528)
Net revenues	5,386,746	100	7,346,918	100	10,897,568	1,682,295
Cost of revenues	(1,386,767)	(26)	(2,100,606)	(29)	(3,043,440)	(469,827)
Gross profit	3,999,979	74	5,246,312	71	7,854,128	1,212,468
Operating expenses:						
Product development ⁽¹⁾	(1,245,719)	(23)	(2,321,349)	(32)	(3,296,693)	(508,922)
Sales and marketing ⁽¹⁾	(1,269,413)	(24)	(2,214,210)	(30)	(3,087,990)	(476,704)
General and administrative ⁽¹⁾	(646,405)	(12)	(861,551)	(11)	(1,088,402)	(168,019)
Total operating expenses	(3,161,537)	(59)	(5,397,110)	(73)	(7,473,085)	(1,153,645)
Income / (loss) from operations	838,442	15	(150,798)	(2)	381,043	58,823
Interest income	200,069	4	304,584	4	445,767	68,815
Interest expense	(57,045)	(1)	(162,355)	(2)	(302,426)	(46,687)
Other income	162,530	3	43,821	1	2,480,980	382,997
Income before income tax expense equity in income of affiliates and non- controlling interest	1,143,996	21	35,252	0	3,005,364	463,948
Income tax expense	(293,740)	(5)	(130,821)	(2)	(470,188)	(72,585)
Equity in income/(loss) of affiliates	56,147	1	187,191	3	(135,781)	(20,960)
Net Income	906,403	17	91,622	1	2,399,395	370,403
Less: Net loss attributable to non- controlling interests	91,917	2	151,117	2	108,261	16,712
Net income attributable to Ctrip's shareholders	998,320	19	242,739	3	2,507,656	387,115
						23

(1) Share-based compensation was included in the associated operating expense categories as follows:

[Table of Contents](#)

	For the Year Ended December 31,					
	2013		2014		2015	
	RMB (in thousands)	%	RMB (in thousands)	%	RMB (in thousands)	US\$ (in thousands)
Product development	(138,668)	(3)	(184,665)	(3)	(291,643)	(45,022)
Sales and marketing	(49,105)	(1)	(54,392)	(1)	(65,574)	(10,123)
General and administrative	(250,157)	(5)	(257,587)	(4)	(285,379)	(44,055)

Any discrepancies in the above table between the amounts/percentages identified as total amounts/percentages and the sum of the amounts/percentages listed therein are due to rounding.

2015 compared to 2014

Revenues

Total revenues were RMB11.5 billion (US\$1.8 billion) in 2015, an increase of 48% over RMB7.8 billion in 2014. This revenues growth was principally driven by the substantial volume growth in hotel room nights sold and air tickets and railway tickets sold in 2015.

Accommodation Reservation. Revenues from our accommodation reservation business increased by 44% to RMB4.6 billion (US\$713 million) in 2015 from RMB3.2 billion in 2014, primarily driven by an increase of 50% in hotel room nights sold.

Transportation Ticketing. Revenues from our transportation ticketing business increased by 51% to RMB4.5 billion (US\$688 million) in 2015 from RMB3.0 billion in 2014, primarily due to the strong growth of our air tickets and railway tickets sales volume as we continued to significantly expand our transportation ticketing capabilities in 2015 despite being offset in part by the change in the customer commission rate. The total number of tickets we sold in 2015 increased by 131% from 2014.

Packaged-tour. Packaged-tour revenues increased by 58% to RMB1.7 billion (US\$257 million) in 2015 from RM1.1 billion in 2014, primarily due to the continued growth of our packaged-tour business product and service offerings. Total package-tour volume increased by 50% from 2014.

Corporate Travel. Corporate travel revenues increased by 27% to RMB473 million (US\$73 million) in 2015 from RMB373 million in 2014, primarily due to the increased corporate travel demand from our corporate clients.

Other Businesses. Revenues from other businesses increased by 48% to RMB285 million (US\$44 million) in 2015 from RMB192 million in 2014, primarily due to the increased revenues from advertising services.

Business Tax and Related Surcharges

Our business tax and related surcharges increased by 41% to RMB599 million (US\$93 million) in 2015 from RMB426 million in 2014 as a result of the increases in revenues in all of our business lines.

Cost of Revenues

Cost of revenues in 2015 increased by 45% to RMB3 billion (US\$470 million) from RMB2.1 billion in 2014, primarily due to an increase in our business volume and an increase in credit card service fee payable to third-party payment settlement channels such as UnionPay. This increase was primarily attributable to increased costs associated with the expansion of our accommodation reservation business and the rapid growth of packaged-tour businesses and ticketing.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses include product development expenses, sales and marketing expenses and general and administrative expenses.

Product Development. Product development expenses increased by 42% to RMB3.3 billion (US\$509 million) in 2015 from RMB2.3 billion in 2014, primarily due to the increase in share-based compensation attributable to product development personnel and the increase of the headcount and average payroll.

Sales and Marketing. Sales and marketing expenses increased by 39% to RMB3.1 billion (US\$477 million) in 2015 from RMB2.2 billion in 2014, primarily attributable to the increase in advertising expenses, marketing and promotion expenses.

General and Administrative. General and administrative expenses increased by 26% to RMB1.1 billion (US\$168 million) in 2015 from RMB862 million in 2014, primarily due to the increase in amortization expenses for property, equipment and intangible assets of newly acquired entities.

[Table of Contents](#)

Equity in Income/Loss of Affiliates

Equity in loss of affiliates is RMB136 million (US\$21 million) in 2015 while equity in income of affiliates is RMB187 million in 2014. This is mainly due to the impact of investment loss as a result of equity dilution in the investee and a RMB 100 million re-measurement gain for previously held equity investment for step acquisition in 2014. In 2015, the Company recognized investment loss of eLong, which became our affiliate in 2015, in the amount of RMB87 million and equity dilution loss in eLong in the amount of RMB13 million.

Interest Income

Interest income increased by 46% to RMB446 million (US\$69 million) in 2015 from RMB305 million in 2014 due to the increased cash generated from operations and financing activities in 2015.

Interest Expense

Interest expense increased by 86% to RMB302 million (US\$47 million) in 2015 from RMB162 million in 2014 due to the issuance of the Priceline 2020 Notes, the Priceline 2025 Notes, the Hillhouse 2025 Notes, the 2020 Notes and the 2025 Notes, and the increase of the loan facilities in 2015.

Other Income

Other income increased substantially to RMB2.5 billion (US\$383 million) in 2015 from RMB44 million in 2014, primarily due to the gain recognized from the deconsolidation of Tujia as a result of the loss of control of Tujia after its recent financing in 2015. The gain is primarily recognized for the difference between the fair value and original carrying value of the now “available for sale” investment in Tujia as of the deconsolidation date.

Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense was RMB470 million (US\$73 million) in 2015, an increase of 259% over RMB131 million in 2014, primarily due to the increase in our taxable income. Our effective income tax rate in 2015 was 16%, as compared to 97% in 2014. The decrease in our effective income tax rate from 2014 to 2015 was primarily due to an increase in valuation allowance against certain deferred tax assets due to the more tax losses generated from some subsidiaries in 2014 that are not expected to be recovered.

2014 compared to 2013

Revenues

Total revenues were RMB7.8 billion in 2014, an increase of 36% over RMB5.7 billion in 2013. This revenues growth was principally driven by the substantial volume growth in hotel room nights sold and air tickets and railway tickets sold in 2013.

Accommodation Reservation. Revenues from our accommodation reservation business increased by 45% to RMB3.2 billion in 2014 from RMB2.2 billion in 2013, primarily driven by an increase of 62% in hotel room nights sold and partially offset by a decrease in blended commission per room night. Decrease in blended commission per room night is mainly due to the promotional activities we launched for selected hotels mainly in the forms of e-coupons and group buys.

Transportation Ticketing. Revenues from our transportation ticketing business increased by 36% to RMB3.0 billion in 2014 from RMB2.2 billion in 2013, primarily due to the strong growth of our air tickets and railway tickets sales volume as we continued to significantly expand our transportation ticketing capabilities in 2014. The total number of tickets we sold in 2014 increased by 90% from 2013.

Packaged-tour. Packaged-tour revenues increased by 13% to RMB1.1 billion in 2014 from RMB936 million in 2013, primarily due to the continued growth of our packaged-tour business product and service offerings. Total package-tour volume increased by 47% from 2013.

Corporate Travel. Corporate travel revenues increased by 40% to RMB373 million in 2014 from RMB267 million in 2013, primarily due to the increased corporate travel demand from our corporate clients.

Other Businesses. Revenues from other businesses increased by 39% to RMB192 million in 2014 from RMB138 million in 2013, primarily due to the increased revenues from advertising services.

Business Tax and Related Surcharges

Our business tax and related surcharges increased by 29% to RMB426 million in 2014 from RMB330 million in 2013 as a result of the increases in revenues in all of our business lines.

[Table of Contents](#)

Cost of Revenues

Cost of revenues in 2014 increased by 51% to RMB2.1 billion from RMB1.4 billion in 2013, primarily due to an increase in credit card service fee payable to third-party payment settlement channels such as UnionPay and the number of customer service personnel. This increase was primarily attributable to increased costs associated with the expansion of our accommodation reservation business and the rapid growth of packaged-tour businesses and ticketing.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses include product development expenses, sales and marketing expenses and general and administrative expenses.

Product Development. Product development expenses increased by 86% to RMB2.3 billion in 2014 from RMB1.2 billion in 2013, primarily due to an increase in the number of product development personnel to over 10,000 employees in 2014 from approximately 6,000 employees in 2013 as we expanded our businesses, as well as an increase in the average payroll and share-based compensation to our product development personnel.

Sales and Marketing. Sales and marketing expenses increased by 74% to RMB2.2 billion in 2014 from RMB1.3 billion in 2013, primarily attributable to the increase in advertising expenses, marketing and promotion expenses.

General and Administrative. General and administrative expenses increased by 33% to RMB862 million in 2014 from RMB646 million in 2013, primarily due to the increase in general and administrative personnel compensation expenses.

Equity in Income of Affiliates

Equity in income of affiliates increased by 233% to RMB187 million in 2014 from RMB56 million in 2013 mainly due to the net impact of investment gain as a result of equity dilution in the investee, and the increase in proportional equity pick-up of the investment in Homeinns' results of operations as well as a RMB 100 million re-measurement gain for previously held equity investment for step acquisition in 2014. In 2014, the Company recognized gain as a result of the equity dilution impact in Homeinns with amount of RMB12 million.

Interest Income

Interest income increased by 52% to RMB305 million in 2014 from RMB200 million in 2013 due to the increased cash generated from operations in 2014.

Interest Expense

Interest expense increased by 185% to RMB162 million in 2014 from RMB57 million in 2013 due to the issuance of Priceline 2019 Notes and the increase of the loan facilities in 2014.

Other Income

Other income decreased by 12% to RMB144 million in 2014 from RMB163 million in 2013, due to the combined effects from the increases in foreign exchange loss, provision of other than temporary impairment on long term investment and bank charges, offset by the increase of government subsidies, dividend received from the cost method investment and the gain from the re-measurement of previously held equity interest in the step acquisition.

Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense was RMB131 million in 2014, a decrease of 55% over RMB294 million in 2013, primarily due to the decrease in our taxable income. Our effective income tax rate in 2014 was 97%, as compared to 26% in 2013, primarily due to an increase in valuation allowance against certain deferred tax assets due to more tax losses generated from some subsidiaries in 2014 that are not expected to be recovered. See “— Major Factors Affecting Our Results of Operations — Income Taxes and Financial Subsidies.”

Inflation

Inflation in China has not materially impacted our results of operations. According to the National Bureau of Statistics of China, the year-over-year percent changes in the consumer price index for December 2013, 2014 and 2015 were increases of 2.5%, 1.5% and 1.6%, respectively. Inflation in recent years has been associated with food and other consumption items and minimum wages in China. Consumption items do not represent major direct cost items for our business. While personnel costs represent a material part of our total operating costs and expenses, inflation in minimum wages in China primarily affects certain categories of our non-managerial staff costs while increases in total personnel costs of our business remain manageable. Although we have not been materially affected by inflation in the past, we can provide no assurance that we will not be affected in the future by higher rates of inflation in China.

[Table of Contents](#)

B. Liquidity and Capital Resources

Liquidity. The following table sets forth the summary of our cash flows for the periods indicated:

	For the Year Ended December 31,			
	2013 RMB	2014 RMB	2015 RMB	USS
	(in thousands)			
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,452,827	1,958,604	3,048,810	470,655
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,086,144)	(9,366,411)	(4,426,581)	(683,346)
Net cash provided by financing activities	5,315,975	5,422,195	15,233,586	2,351,660
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	34,154	148,155	58,972	9,104
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3,716,812	(1,837,457)	13,914,787	2,148,073
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	3,421,533	7,138,345	5,300,888	818,316
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	7,138,345	5,300,888	19,215,675	2,966,389

Net cash provided by operating activities amounted to RMB3.0 billion (US\$471 million) in 2015, which was primarily attributable to (i) our net income of RMB2.4 billion (US\$370 million) in 2015; (ii) an add-back of RMB1.4 billion (US\$213 million) in non-cash expense/loss items, primarily relating to share-based compensation expenses and depreciation expenses; (iii) an increase in accounts payable of RMB2.1 billion (US\$324 million), primarily due to the increased volume of transportation ticketing and packaged-tour services, as we are generally entitled to certain credit terms from our suppliers; and (iv) an increase in advances from customers of RMB2.1 billion (US\$317 million), primarily due to the increased demand for packaged-tour services, as customers are usually required to make full payments for packaged-tour services when ordering such services. These increases were partially offset by (i) an increase in accounts receivable of RMB1 billion (US\$155 million), primarily due to the increase of volume of corporate travel management services, as we normally provide our corporate customers with certain credit terms for the full payments of issued transportation tickets and issued and reserved hotel rooms, as well as the increase of volume of credit card payments from our individual customers for transportation ticket booking; (ii) non-cash gain from deconsolidation of Tujia of RMB2.3 billion (US\$354 million); and (iii) a decrease in prepayments and other current assets of RMB2.2 billion (US\$343 million).

Net cash provided by operating activities amounted to RMB2 billion in 2014, which was primarily attributable to (i) our net income of RMB91.6 million in 2014; (ii) an add-back of RMB443.2 million in non-cash items, primarily relating to share-based compensation expenses and depreciation expenses; (iii) an increase in advances from customers of RMB1.5 billion, primarily due to the increased demand for packaged-tour services, as customers are usually required to make full payments for packaged-tour services when ordering such services, (iv) an increase in accounts payable of RMB586 million, primarily due to the increased volume of transportation ticketing and packaged-tour services, as we are generally entitled to certain credit terms from our suppliers; (v) an increase in other payables and accruals of RMB438.2 million, primarily due to the increase in advertising expenses and deposits from agents and tour customers; (vi) an increase in salary and welfare payable of RMB259.4 million, primarily due to the increase in the number of personnel and the average payroll and the increase in accrued annual bonus; and (vii) an increase in accrued liability for customer reward program of RMB 146.2 million, primarily due to the increased volume of transportation ticketing and packaged-tour services purchased by our customers, which in return increased the accumulate membership points. These increases were partially offset by (i) an increase in prepayments and other current assets of RMB1.2 billion, primarily due to the increased demand for packaged-tour services and increased volume of transportation ticket booking, as we generally pay advance to our packaged-tour services suppliers and to third-party payment platforms for their transportation ticket services, respectively; and (ii) an increase in accounts receivable of RMB262 million, primarily due to the increased volume of corporate travel management services, as we normally provide our corporate customers with certain credit terms for the full payments of issued transportation tickets and issued and reserved hotel rooms, as well as the increased volume of credit card payments from our individual customers for transportation ticket booking.

Net cash provided by operating activities amounted to RMB2.5 billion in 2013, which was primarily attributable to (i) our net income of RMB906.4 million in 2013; (ii) an add-back of RMB477.7 million in non-cash items, primarily relating to share-based compensation expenses and depreciation expenses; (iii) an increase in accounts payable of RMB537.7 million, primarily due to the increased volume of transportation ticketing and packaged-tour services, as we are generally entitled to certain credit terms from our suppliers; (iv) an increase in advances from customers of RMB1,001.7 million, primarily due to the increased demand for packaged-tour services, as customers are usually required to make full payments for packaged-tour services when ordering such services. These increases were partially offset by an increase in accounts receivable of RMB487.4 million, primarily due to the increased volume of corporate travel management services as our corporate customers normally receive certain credit terms from us for the full amount of the prices of the transportation tickets issued and hotel rooms reserved, and the increased volume of credit card payments from our individual customers for transportation ticket booking.

[Table of Contents](#)

Current PRC regulations permit our subsidiaries to pay dividends to us only out of their accumulated profits, if any, determined in accordance with Chinese accounting standards and regulations. See “Item 3. Key Information — D. Risk Factors — Risks Related to Our Corporate Structure — Our subsidiaries and consolidated affiliated Chinese entities in China are subject to restrictions on paying dividends or making other payments to us, which may restrict our ability to satisfy our liquidity requirements.”

Net cash used in investing activities amounted to RMB4.4 billion (US\$683 million) in 2015, compared to net cash used in investing activities of RMB9.4 billion in 2014. This decrease in 2015 was primarily due to less aggregate amount of cash spent on the various investments and acquisitions we made in 2015, including a decrease of our short-term investment as well as the decrease in the purchase of properties and equipment. Net cash used in investing activities amounted to RMB9.4 billion in 2014, compared to net cash used in investing activities of RMB4.1 billion in 2013. This increase in 2014 was primarily due to the increase of short-term investment and the increase of investments and acquisitions occurred in the year, such as the investments in LY.com, Tuniu and Skyseas, and the purchase of certain premises and ancillary facilities in Sky SOHO from SOHO (Shanghai) Investment Co., Ltd and the purchase of cruise ship by Skyseas from Royal Caribbean before it was deconsolidated.

Net cash provided by financing activities amounted to RMB15.2 billion (US\$2.4 billion) in 2015, compared to net cash provided by financing activities of RMB5.4 billion in 2014 and net cash used by financing activities of RMB5.3 billion in 2013. We did not make any dividend payment in 2013, 2014 and 2015. The change of net cash flow in financing activities in 2015 was mainly due to offering of convertible notes in an aggregate principal amount of US\$2.35 billion (RMB 15.2 billion) and the proceeds from short-term bank loan in an aggregate amount of RMB644 million (US\$99 million). The change of net cash flow in financing activities in 2014 was mainly due to the offering of convertible notes in a principal amount of US\$500 million in August 2014 and the proceeds from short-term bank loan in an aggregate amount of US\$380 million.

Capital Resources

As of December 31, 2015, our principal sources of liquidity have been cash generated from operating activities, short-term borrowings from third-party lenders, as well as the proceeds we received from our public offerings of ordinary shares and our offerings of convertible senior notes. Our cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and liquid investments which are unrestricted as to withdrawal or use. Our financing activities consist of issuance and sale of our shares and convertible senior notes to investors and related parties and short-term borrowings from third-party lenders. As of the date of this annual report, we had convertible senior notes outstanding in an aggregate principal amount of US\$3.7 billion (RMB 23.9 billion) and a term loan facility outstanding with an aggregate principal of US\$602 million. Except as disclosed in this annual report, we have no outstanding bank loans or financial guarantees or similar commitments to guarantee the payment obligations of third parties. We believe that our current cash and cash equivalents, our cash flow from operations and proceeds from our financing activities will be sufficient to meet our anticipated cash needs, including our cash needs for working capital and capital expenditures, for the foreseeable future and at least the next 12 months. We may, however, require additional cash resources due to changing business conditions or other future developments, including any investments or acquisitions we may decide to pursue.

As of December 31, 2015, our primary capital commitment was RMB17 million (US\$3 million) in connection with capital expenditures of property, equipment and software.

C. Research and Development, Patents and Licenses, etc.

Our research and development efforts consist of continuing to develop our proprietary technology as well as incorporating new technologies from third parties. We intend to continue to upgrade our proprietary booking, customer relationship management and yield management software to keep up with the continued growth in our transaction volume and the rapidly evolving technological conditions. We will also seek to continue to enhance our electronic confirmation system and promote such system with more hotel suppliers, as we believe that the electronic confirmation system is a cost-effective and convenient way for hotels to interface with us.

In addition, we have utilized and will continue to utilize the products and services of third parties to support our technology platform.

D. Trend Information

Other than as disclosed elsewhere in this annual report, we are not aware of any trends, uncertainties, demands, commitments or events for the period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2015 that are reasonably likely to have a material effect on our net revenues, income, profitability, liquidity or capital resources, or that caused the disclosed financial information to be not necessarily indicative of future operating results or financial conditions.

[Table of Contents](#)

E. Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

In connection with our air ticketing business, we are required by the Civil Aviation Administration of China, International Air Transport Association, and local airline companies to pay deposits or to provide other guarantees in order to obtain blank air tickets. As of December 31, 2015, the amount under these guarantee arrangements was approximately RMB892 million (US\$138 million).

Based on historical experience and information currently available, we do not believe that it is probable that we will be required to pay any amount under these guarantee arrangements. Therefore, we have not recorded any liability beyond what is required in connection with these guarantee arrangements.

F. Tabular Disclosure of Contractual Obligations

The following sets forth our contractual obligations as of December 31, 2015:

	Total	Less Than 1 Year	1-3 Years	3-5 Years	More Than 5 Years
(in RMB thousands)					
Convertible senior notes with principal and interest	26,063,772	341,450	6,174,170	12,429,316	7,118,836
Term Loans with principal and interest	3,920,357	3,920,357	—	—	—
Operating lease obligations	507,267	320,906	167,325	17,809	1,227
Purchase obligations	65,744	65,485	259	—	—
Total	30,557,140	4,648,198	6,341,754	12,447,125	7,120,063

Our convertible senior notes due 2017, or 2017 Notes, is in aggregate principal amount of US\$180 million and will mature in September 2017, unless earlier repurchased or converted into our ADSs based on an initial conversion rate of 51.7116 of our ADSs per US\$1,000 principal amount of notes. The conversion rate is subject to adjustment upon occurrence of certain events. The 2017 Notes bear interest at a rate of 0.5% per year, payable semiannually in arrears on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning on March 15, 2013. As of December 31, 2015, RMB325 million (US\$50 million) was reclassified as short-term debt to reflect the fact that the 2017 Notes may be redeemed within one year.

Our convertible senior notes due 2018, or 2018 Notes, is in the aggregate principal amount of US\$800 million and will mature in October 2018, unless earlier repurchased or converted into our ADSs based on an initial conversion rate of 12.7568 of our ADSs per US\$1,000 principal amount of notes. The conversion rate is subject to adjustment upon occurrence of certain events. The 2018 Notes bear interest at a rate of 1.25% per year, payable semiannually in arrears on April 15 and October 15 of each year, beginning on April 15, 2014. As of December 31, 2015, RMB5.2 billion (US\$800 million) is reclassified as short-term debt to reflect the fact that the 2018 Notes may be redeemed within one year.

Our 2020 Notes will mature in July 2020, unless earlier repurchased or converted into our ADSs based on an initial conversion rate of 18.3884 of our ADSs per US\$1,000 principal amount of notes. The conversion rate is subject to adjustment upon occurrence of certain events. The 2020 Notes bear interest at a rate of 1.0% per year, payable semiannually in arrears on January 1 and July 1 of each year, beginning on January 1, 2016.

Our 2025 Notes will mature in July 2025, unless earlier repurchased or converted into our ADSs based on an initial conversion rate of 18.711 of our ADSs per US\$1,000 principal amount of notes. The conversion rate is subject to adjustment upon occurrence of certain events. The 2025 Notes bear interest at a rate of 1.99% per year, payable semiannually in arrears on January 1 and July 1 of each year, beginning on January 1, 2016.

The Priceline 2019 Notes will mature in August 2019, unless earlier repurchased or converted into our ADSs based on an initial conversion rate of 12.2911 of our ADSs per US\$1,000 principal amount of notes. The conversion rate is subject to adjustment upon occurrence of certain events. The Priceline 2019 Notes bear interest at a rate of 1.00% per year which will be paid semiannually beginning on February 7, 2015.

The Priceline 2020 Notes will mature in May 2020, unless earlier repurchased or converted into our ADSs based on an initial conversion rate of 9.5904 of our ADSs per US\$1,000 principal amount of notes. The conversion rate is subject to adjustment upon occurrence of certain events. The Priceline 2020 Notes bear interest at a rate of 1.00% per year which will be paid semiannually beginning on November 29, 2015.

The Priceline 2025 Notes will mature in December 2025, unless earlier repurchased or converted into our ADSs based on an initial conversion rate of 14.6067 of our ADSs per US\$1,000 principal amount of notes. The conversion rate is subject to adjustment upon occurrence of certain events. The Priceline 2025 Notes bear interest at a rate of 2.00% per year which will be paid semi-annually beginning on June 11, 2016.

The Hillhouse 2025 Notes will mature in December 2025, unless earlier repurchased or converted into our ADSs based on an initial conversion rate of 14.6067 of our ADSs per US\$1,000 principal amount of notes. The conversion rate is subject to adjustment upon occurrence of certain events. The Hillhouse 2025 Notes bear interest at a rate of 2.00% per year which will be paid semi-annually beginning on June 11, 2016.

[Table of Contents](#)

As of December 31, 2015, we obtained thirteen borrowings of approximately RMB3.9 billion (US\$602 million) in aggregate collateralized by bank deposits of approximately RMB2.4 billion in aggregate classified as restricted cash and/or short-term investment at one or more of the Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries. The annual interest rates of the borrowings range from approximately 1.4% to 2.1%. The Company is in compliance with the loan covenant at December 31, 2015.

Operating lease obligations for the years 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020 and 2021 are RMB320.9 million, RMB129.1 million, RMB38.2 million, RMB15.8 million, RMB2 million and RMB1.2 million, respectively. Rental expenses amounted to approximately RMB118 million, RMB144 million and RMB134 million (US\$21 million) for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015, respectively. Rental expense is charged to the statements of income when incurred.

While the table above indicates our contractual obligations as of December 31, 2015, the actual amounts we are eventually required to pay may be different in the event that any agreements are renegotiated, cancelled or terminated.

G. Safe Harbor

This annual report on Form 20-F contains forward-looking statements that reflect our current expectations and views of future events. These statements are made under the "safe harbor" provisions of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. You can identify these forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may," "will," "expect," "anticipate," "future," "intend," "plan," "believe," "estimate," "is/are likely to" or other similar expressions. We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our current expectations and projections about future events and financial trends that we believe may affect our financial condition, results of operations, business strategy and financial needs. These forward-looking statements include, among other things:

- our anticipated growth strategies;
- our future business development, results of operations and financial condition;
- our ability to continue to control costs and maintain profitability; and
- the expected growth in the overall economy and demand for travel services in China.

The forward-looking statements included in this annual report on Form 20-F are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions about our company. Our actual results of operations may differ materially from the forward-looking statements as a result of the risk factors described under "Item 3.D. Risk Factors," included elsewhere in this annual report on Form 20-F, including the following risks:

- slow-down of economic growth in China and the global economic downturn may have a material and adverse effect on our business, and may materially and adversely affect our growth and profitability;
- general declines or disruptions in the travel industry may materially and adversely affect our business and results of operations;
- the trading price of our ADSs has been volatile historically and may continue to be volatile regardless of our operating performance;
- if we are unable to maintain existing relationships with travel suppliers and strategic alliances, or establish new arrangements with travel suppliers and strategic alliances similar to those we currently have, our business may suffer;
- if we fail to further increase our brand recognition, we may face difficulty in retaining existing and acquiring new business partners and customers, and our business may be harmed;
- if we do not compete successfully against new and existing competitors, we may lose our market share, and our business and results of operations may be materially and adversely affected;
- our business could suffer if we do not successfully manage current growth and potential future growth;
- our strategy to acquire or invest in complementary businesses and assets involves significant risks and uncertainty that may prevent us from achieving our objectives and harm our financial condition and results of operations;
- our quarterly results are likely to fluctuate because of seasonality in the travel industry in Greater China;
- our business may be harmed if our infrastructure and technology are damaged or otherwise fail or become obsolete;

[Table of Contents](#)

- our business depends substantially on the continuing efforts of our key executives, and our business may be severely disrupted if we lose their services;
- inflation in China may disrupt our business and have an adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations; and
- if the ownership structure of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities and the contractual arrangements among us, our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities and their shareholders are found to be in violation of any PRC laws or regulations, we and/or our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities may be subject to fines and other penalties, which may adversely affect our business and results of operations.

These risks are not exhaustive. Other sections of this annual report include additional factors that could adversely impact our business and financial performance. You should read these statements in conjunction with the risk factors disclosed in Item 3.D. of this annual report, “—Risk Factors,” and other risks outlined in our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Moreover, we operate in an emerging and evolving environment. New risk factors may emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for our management to predict all risk factors, nor can we assess the impact of all factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements.

You should not rely upon forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

ITEM 6. DIRECTORS, SENIOR MANAGEMENT AND EMPLOYEES

A. Directors and Senior Management

The names of our current directors and senior management, their ages as of the date of this annual report and the principal positions with Ctrip.com International, Ltd. held by them are as follows:

Directors and Executive Officers	Age	Position/TITLE
James Jianzhang Liang	46	Co-founder; Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer
Min Fan	51	Co-founder; Vice Chairman of the Board and President
Jane Jie Sun	47	Co-president and Chief Operating Officer
Jenny Wenjie Wu	41	Chief Strategy Officer
Xiaofan Wang	41	Chief Financial Officer
Neil Nanpeng Shen ⁽¹⁾	48	Co-founder; Independent Director
Qi Ji ⁽²⁾	49	Co-founder; Independent Director
Gabriel Li ⁽¹⁾	48	Vice Chairman of the Board, Independent Director
JP Gan ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	44	Independent Director
Robin Yanhong Li	47	Director
Tony Yip	36	Director

(1) Member of the Audit Committee.

(2) Member of the Compensation Committee.

Pursuant to the currently effective articles of association of our company, our board of directors shall consist of no more than nine directors, including (i) three directors appointed by our co-founders consisting of Messrs. James Jianzhang Liang, Neil Nanpeng Shen, Qi Ji and Min Fan, subject to the approval of a majority of our independent directors; and (ii) one director who is the then current chief executive officer of our company. Each of our directors will hold office until such director's successor is elected and duly qualified, or until such director's earlier death, bankruptcy, insanity, resignation or removal. There are no family relationships among any of the directors or executive officers of our company.

Biographical Information

James Jianzhang Liang is one of the co-founders of our company. Mr. Liang served as our chief executive officer from 2000 to January 2006 and resumed the role of chief executive officer since March 2013. He has also served as a member of our board of directors since our inception and has been the chairman of the board since August 2003. Prior to founding our company, Mr. Liang held a number of technical and managerial positions with Oracle Corporation from 1991 to 1999 in the United States and China, including the head of the ERP consulting division of Oracle China from 1997 to 1999. Mr. Liang currently serves on the boards of Home Inns Group (NASDAQ: HMIN), Tuniu (NASDAQ: TOUR) and eHi (NASDAQ: EHIC). Mr. Liang received his Ph.D. degree from Stanford University and his Master's and Bachelor's degrees from Georgia Institute of Technology. He also attended an undergraduate program at Fudan University.

[Table of Contents](#)

Min Fan is one of the co-founders of our company. Mr. Fan has been a member of our board of director since October 2006 and has served as the vice chairman of the board since March 2013. Mr. Fan has served as our president since February 2009. He also served as our chief executive officer from January 2006 to February 2013, as our chief operating officer from November 2004 to January 2006, and as our executive vice president from 2000 to November 2004. From 1997 to 2000, Mr. Fan was the chief executive officer of Shanghai Travel Service Company, a leading domestic travel agency in China. From 1990 to 1997, he served as the deputy general manager and in a number of other senior positions at Shanghai New Asia Hotel Management Company, which was one of the leading hotel management companies in China. Mr. Fan currently serves on the board of directors of China Lodging Group, Limited (NASDAQ: HTHT) and Leju Holdings Limited (NYSE: LEJU). Mr. Fan obtained his Master's and Bachelor's degrees from Shanghai Jiao Tong University. He also studied at the Lausanne Hotel Management School of Switzerland in 1995.

Jane Jie Sun has been our chief operating officer since May 2012. In March 2015, Ms. Sun was further promoted and she now serves as our co-president and chief operating officer concurrently. Ms. Sun is well-respected for her expertise in operating and managing the online travel business, financial operations, mergers and acquisitions, and investor relationship. She was the chief financial officer of our company between 2005 and 2012. She won the Best CFO Award by Institutional Investor and Best CFO Award by CFO World during that period. Prior to joining Ctrip, Ms. Sun worked as the head of the SEC and External Reporting Division of Applied Materials, Inc. since 1997. Prior to that, Ms. Sun worked with KPMG LLP as an audit manager in Silicon Valley, California for five years. Ms. Sun is a member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of State of California Certified Public Accountant. Ms. Sun received her Bachelor's Degree from the Business School of University of Florida with High Honors. Ms. Sun also attended Beijing University Law School and obtained her LLM degree.

Jenny Wenjie Wu has been Chief Strategy Officer of our company since November 2013. Prior to that, she served as our Chief Financial Officer between May 2012 and November 2013 and as our Deputy Chief Financial Officer between December 2011 and May 2012. Prior to joining Ctrip, Ms. Wu was an equity research analyst covering China Internet and Media industries in Morgan Stanley Asia Limited and in Citigroup Global Markets Asia Limited from 2005 to 2011. Prior to that, Ms. Wu worked in the Department of Enterprises Operations and Management in China Merchants Holdings (International) Company Limited, a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, from 2003 to 2005. Ms. Wu also serves as a director of each of Kingsoft Corporation Limited, a Hong Kong stock exchange-listed company and Xunlei Limited, a NASDAQ-listed company and multiple private companies. Ms. Wu holds a Ph.D. degree in finance from the University of Hong Kong, a Master's degree in philosophy in finance from the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology, and both a Master's degree and a Bachelor's degree in economics from Nan Kai University, China. Ms. Wu is a Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA).

Xiaofan Wang has served as our Chief Financial Officer since November 2013. Prior to that, she was our vice president since January 2008. Ms. Wang joined us in 2001 and has held a number of managerial positions at our company. Prior to joining us, she served as finance manager in China eLabs, a venture capital firm from 2000 to 2001. Previously, Ms. Wang worked with PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian CPAs Limited Company. Ms. Wang received a Master of Business Administration from Massachusetts Institute of Technology and obtained her Bachelor's degree from Shanghai Jiao Tong University. Ms. Wang is a Certified Public Accountant (CPA).

Neil Nanpeng Shen is one of the co-founders of our company and has been our company's director since our inception. Mr. Shen is the founding managing partner of Sequoia Capital China. Mr. Shen served as our chief financial officer from 2000 to October 2005 and as president from August 2003 to October 2005. Prior to founding our company, Mr. Shen had worked for more than eight years in the investment banking industry in New York and Hong Kong. Currently, Mr. Shen is the co-chairman of Homeinns, a non-executive director of E-House (China) Holdings Limited, a director of Momo Technology Company Limited, and a director of Qihoo 360 Technology Co. Ltd. Mr. Shen received his Master's degree from the School of Management at Yale University and his Bachelor's degree from Shanghai Jiao Tong University.

Qi Ji is one of the co-founders of our company. He has served as our director since our inception. Mr. Ji is the executive chairman and the chief executive officer of China Lodging Group, Limited, or Hanting, a leading and fast-growing multi-brand hotel group in China. He has served on the board as a director for UBOX International Holdings Co Limited ("UBOX") since June 2012. He was the chief executive officer of Homeinns from 2002 to January 2005. He was the chief executive officer and the president of our company from 1999 to early 2002 consecutively. Prior to founding our company, he served as the chief executive officer of Shanghai Sunflower High-Tech Group which he founded in 1997. He headed the East China Division of Beijing Zhonghua Yinghua Intelligence System Co., Ltd. from 1995 to 1997. He received both his Master's and Bachelor's degrees from Shanghai Jiao Tong University.

Gabriel Li has served at different times on our board of directors since 2000. Mr. Li has been vice chairman of our board since August 2003. Mr. Li is the managing director and investment committee member of Orchid Asia Group Management, a private equity firm focused on investment in China and Asia for over the past 18 years. Prior to Orchid Asia, Mr. Li was a managing director at the Carlyle Group in Hong Kong, overseeing Asian technology investments. From 1997 to 2000, he was at Orchid Asia's predecessor, where he made numerous investments in China and North Asia. Previously, he was a management consultant at McKinsey & Co in Hong Kong and Los Angeles. Mr. Li is also a director of a number of privately held companies. Mr. Li graduated summa cum laude from the University of California at Berkeley, earned his Master's degree in Science from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology and his Master's degree in Business Administration from Stanford Business School.

[Table of Contents](#)

JP Gan has served as our director since 2002. Mr. Gan is a managing director and a member of investment committee of Qiming Venture Partners. From 2005 to 2006, Mr. Gan was the chief financial officer of KongZhong corporation, a NASDAQ-listed wireless Internet company. Prior to joining KongZhong, Mr. Gan was a director of The Carlyle Group responsible for venture capital investments in the Greater China region from 2000 to 2005. Mr. Gan worked at the investment banking division of Merrill Lynch, in Hong Kong from 1999 to 2000, and worked at Price Waterhouse in the United States from 1994 to 1997. Mr. Gan is a member of the boards of directors of Taomee Holdings Ltd. and Jiayuan.com International Ltd., both US-listed companies. Mr. Gan obtained his Masters of Business Administration from the University Of Chicago Graduate School of Business and his Bachelor of Business Administration from the University of Iowa.

Robin Yanhong Li is co-founder, chairman and chief executive officer of Baidu, and oversees Baidu's overall strategy and business operations. Mr. Li has been serving as the chairman of Baidu's board of directors since Baidu's inception in January 2000 and as Baidu's chief executive officer since January 2004. Mr. Li served as Baidu's president from February 2000 to December 2003. Prior to founding Baidu, Mr. Li worked as a staff engineer for Infoseek, a pioneer in the internet search engine industry, from July 1997 to December 1999. Mr. Li was a senior consultant for IDD Information Services from May 1994 to June 1997. Mr. Li currently serves as an independent director and chairman of the compensation committee of New Oriental Education & Technology Group Inc., a NYSE-listed company that provides private educational services in China. Mr. Li also acts as the vice chairman of the Internet Society of China (ISC). Mr. Li has also been a vice chairman of All-China Federation of Industry & Commerce since December 2012. Mr. Li received a bachelor's degree in information science from Peking University in China and a master's degree in computer science from the State University of New York at Buffalo.

Tony Yip has been vice president and head of investments, mergers & acquisitions at Baidu since September 2015. Prior to joining Baidu, Mr. Yip served as managing director in TMT investment banking at Goldman Sachs in Hong Kong. Mr. Yip has extensive experience originating, structuring and executing corporate transactions including IPOs, M&As, divestitures, corporate restructurings, and equity and debt financings. Prior to that, Mr. Yip was a TMT investment banker at Deutsche Bank in New York and Hong Kong. Mr. Yip obtained his Bachelor of Commerce degree from University of Queensland in Australia.

B. Compensation

We have entered into a standard form of director agreement with each of our directors. Under these agreements, we paid cash compensation (inclusive of directors' fees) to our directors in an aggregate amount of US\$1.3 million in 2015. Directors are reimbursed for all expenses incurred in connection with each Board of Directors meeting and when carrying out their duties as directors of our company. See "—Employee's Stock Option Plans" for options granted to our directors in 2015.

We have entered into standard forms of employment agreements with our executive officers. Under these agreements, we paid cash compensation to our executive officers in an aggregate amount of US\$10.5 million in 2015, excluding compensation paid to Min Fan and James Jianzhang Liang, who also serve and receive compensation as our executive directors. These agreements provide for terms of service, salary and additional cash compensation arrangements, all of which have been reflected in the 2015 aggregate compensation amount. See "—Employee's Stock Option Plans" for options granted to our executive officers in 2015.

Our PRC subsidiaries are required by law to make contributions equal to certain percentages of each employee's salary for his or her pension insurance, medical insurance, housing fund, unemployment and other statutory benefits. Except for the above statutory contributions, we have not set aside or accrued any amount to provide pension, retirement or other similar benefits to our executive officers and directors.

Employee's Share Incentive Plans

Our board of directors has adopted four share incentive plans, namely, the 2007 Share Incentive Plan, or the 2007 Plan, the 2005 Employee's Stock Option Plan, or the 2005 Plan, the 2003 Employee's Option Plan, or the 2003 Plan, and the 2000 Employee's Stock Option Plan, or the 2000 Plan. The terms of the 2005 Plan, the 2003 Plan and the 2000 Plan are substantially similar. The purpose of the plans is to attract and retain the best available personnel for positions of substantial responsibility, to provide additional incentive to employees, officers and directors and to promote the success of our business. Our board of directors believes that our company's long-term success is dependent upon our ability to attract and retain superior individuals who, by virtue of their ability and qualifications, make important contributions to our business.

As of March 31, 2016, the 2005 Plan, the 2003 Plan and the 2000 Plan have all terminated and there were 167,935 options issued and outstanding under the 2005 Plan. Under the 2007 Plan, the maximum aggregate number of ordinary shares which may be issued pursuant to awards was 5,000,000 as of the first business day of 2011, with annual increases of 1,000,000 ordinary shares on the first business day of each subsequent calendar year until the termination of the plan. Under the 2007 Plan, 4,811,052 options and 1,442,319 restricted share units were issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2016.

On November 17, 2008, our board of directors amended our 2007 Plan. The main substantive amendments relate to the addition of provisions that explicitly allow us to adjust the exercise price per share of an option under the plan.

[Table of Contents](#)

In February 2009, our board of directors approved to reduce the exercise price of all outstanding unvested options that were granted by us in 2007 and 2008 under our 2007 Plan to the then fair market value of our ordinary shares underlying such options. The then fair market value was based on the closing price of our ADSs traded on the NASDAQ Global Select Market as of February 10, 2009, which was the last trading day prior to the board approval. In addition, our board of directors approved to change the vesting commencement date of these unvested options to February 10, 2009 with a new vesting period. Other terms of the option grants remain unchanged. All option grantees affected by such changes have entered into amendments to their original share option agreements with us.

In December 2009, our board of directors approved to extend the expiration dates of all stock options granted in 2005 and 2006 to eight years after the respective original grant dates of these options.

In February 2010, our compensation committee approved an option modification to extend the expiration dates of all stock options granted in and after 2007 to eight years after the respective original grant dates of these options.

In January 2012, the compensation committee approved an option conversion, which allows all options granted under 2007 incentive plan with exercise price exceeding US\$120.00 per ordinary share, to be converted to restrict share unit (RSU) on a 4:1 ratio.

The following table summarizes, as of March 31, 2016, the outstanding options granted under our 2005 and 2007 Plans to the individual executive officers and directors named below, and to the other optionees in the aggregate. The table gives effect to the modifications described above.

	Ordinary Shares	Exercise Price (US\$/Share)	Date of Grant	Date of Expiration
	Underlying Options Granted			
James Jianzhang Liang	1,185,200	70.32; 78.56; 83.04; 87.96; 102.84; 161.96; 179.64; 237.00; 247.44	From November 18, 2011 to September 28, 2015	From November 18, 2019 to September 28, 2023
Jane Jie Sun	946,867	37.56; 38.16; 70.32; 78.56; 87.96; 96.7; 102.84; 161.96; 179.64; 237.00; 247.44	From February 13, 2007 to September 28, 2015	From February 10, 2017 to September 28, 2023
Min Fan	865,200	37.56; 38.16; 70.32; 78.56; 87.96; 96.7; 102.84; 161.96; 179.64; 237.00; 247.44	From January 7, 2008 to September 28, 2015	From February 10, 2017 to September 28, 2023
Jenny Wenjie Wu	*	70.32; 78.56; 87.96; 179.64; 237.00; 247.44	From March 28, 2012 to September 28, 2015	From March 28, 2020 to September 28, 2023
Xiaofan Wang	*	38.16; 87.96; 102.84; 161.96; 179.64; 237.00; 247.44	From February 10, 2009 to September 28, 2015	From February 10, 2017 to September 28, 2023
Neil Nanpeng Shen	*	38.16; 78.56; 125.16; 179.64; 237.00; 247.44	From February 13, 2007 to September 28, 2015	From February 10, 2017 to September 28, 2023
Qi Ji	*	38.16; 78.56; 179.64; 237.00; 247.44	From August 13, 2007 to September 28, 2015	From February 10, 2017 to September 28, 2023
Gabriel Li	*	38.16; 78.56; 179.64; 237.00; 247.44	From February 13, 2007 to September 28, 2015	From February 10, 2017 to September 28, 2023
JP Gan	*	78.56; 179.64; 237.00; 247.44	From January 27, 2013 to September 28, 2015	From January 27, 2021 to September 28, 2023
Robin Yanhong Li	—			
Tony Yip	—			
Total Directors and Executive Officers	3,215,836			

* Aggregate number of shares represented by all grants of options and/or restricted share units to the person account for less than 1% of our total outstanding ordinary shares.

The following table summarizes, as of March 31, 2016, the outstanding restricted share units granted under our 2005 and 2007 Plans to the individual executive officers and directors named below, and to the other employees in the aggregate.

	Ordinary Shares	Underlying Restricted Share Unit Granted	Date of Grant
James Jianzhang Liang	188,300		From January 27, 2013 to February 8, 2016
Jane Jie Sun	58,650		From January 27, 2013 to February 8, 2016
Min Fan	10,350		From January 27, 2013 to February 8, 2016
Jenny Wenjie Wu	*		From January 27, 2013 to February 8, 2016
Xiaofan Wang	*		February 8, 2016

[Table of Contents](#)

	Ordinary Shares Underlying Restricted Share Unit Granted	Date of Grant
Neil Nanpeng Shen	*	January 27, 2013
Qi Ji	*	January 27, 2013
Robin Yanhong Li	—	
Tony Yip	—	
Total Directors and Executive Officers	276,333	

* Aggregate number of shares represented by all grants of options and/or restricted share units to the person account for less than 1% of our total outstanding ordinary shares.

As of March 31, 2016, other employees or consultants of our company (excluding the directors and executive officers) as a group hold options to purchase 1,763,151 ordinary shares of the company, with exercise prices ranging from US\$37.56 to US\$255.00 per ordinary share and dates of grant from February 13, 2007 to September 28, 2015, as well as 1,165,986 restricted share units of the company.

The following paragraphs summarize the principal terms of our 2005 Plan.

Termination of Options. Where the option agreement permits the exercise or purchase of the options granted for a certain period of time following the recipient's termination of service with us, or the recipient's disability or death, the options will terminate to the extent not exercised or purchased on the last day of the specified period or the last day of the original term of the options, whichever occurs first.

Administration. Our stock option plans are administered by our board of directors or a committee designated by our board of directors constituted to comply with applicable laws. In each case, our board of directors or the committee it designates will determine the provisions, terms and conditions of each option grant, including, but not limited to, the option vesting schedule, repurchase provisions, rights of first refusal, forfeiture provisions, form of payment upon settlement of the award, payment contingencies and satisfaction of any performance criteria.

Vesting Schedule. One-third of the options granted under our stock option plans vest 12 months after a specified vesting commencement date; an additional one-third vest 24 months after the specified vesting commencement date and the remaining one-third vest 36 months after the specified vesting commencement date, subject to the optionee continuing to be a service provider on each of such dates.

Option Agreement. Options granted under our stock option plans are evidenced by an option agreement that contains, among other things, provisions concerning exercisability and forfeiture upon termination of employment or consulting arrangement (by reason of death, disability or otherwise), as determined by our board.

Transfer Restrictions. Options granted under any of our 2005 Plan may not be transferred in any manner by the optionee other than by will or the laws of succession and are exercisable during the lifetime of the optionee only by the optionee.

Option Exercise. The term of options granted under the 2005 Plan may not exceed ten years from the date of grant. As of the date hereof, under the relevant option agreements, all the options granted to our employees have the expiration term of five years from the date of grant thereof except for stock options granted in 2005 and 2006, the term of which has been extended to eight years from the date of grant. These share options are vested over a period of three years. The consideration to be paid for our ordinary shares upon exercise of an option or purchase of shares underlying the option will be determined by the stock option plan administrator and may include cash, check, ordinary shares, a promissory note, consideration received by us under a cashless exercise program implemented by us in connection with our stock option plans, or any combination of the foregoing methods of payment.

Third-Party Acquisition. If a third party acquires us through the purchase of all or substantially all of our assets, a merger or other business combination, all outstanding options or share purchase rights will be assumed or equivalent options or rights substituted by the successor corporation or parent or subsidiary of the successor corporation. In the event that the successor corporation refuses to assume or substitute for the options or share purchase rights, all options or share purchase rights will become fully vested and exercisable immediately prior to such transaction and all unexercised awards will terminate.

Termination or Amendment of Plans. The 2005 Plan terminated automatically in 2009 although the termination does not affect the rights of the optionees who received option grants under the 2005 Plan. Options to purchase an aggregate of 167,935 ordinary shares were granted and outstanding under the 2005 Plan as of March 31, 2016.

The following paragraphs summarize the terms of our 2007 Plan, which was amended and restated effective November 17, 2008:

[Table of Contents](#)

Plan Administration. Our board of directors, or a committee designated by our board or directors, will administer the plan. The committee or the full board of directors, as appropriate, will determine the type or types of incentive share awards to be granted and provisions and terms and conditions of each grant and may at their absolute discretion adjust the exercise price of an option grant. The exercise price per share subject to an option may be reduced by the committee or the full board of directors, without shareholder or option holder approval. The types of incentive share awards pursuant to the 2007 Plan include, among other things, an option, a restricted share award, a share appreciation right award and a restricted share unit award.

Award Agreements. Options and stock purchase rights granted under our plan are evidenced by a stock option agreement or a stock purchase right agreement, as applicable, that sets forth the terms, conditions and limitations for each grant.

Eligibility. We may grant awards to our employees, directors and consultants or any of our related entities, which include our subsidiaries or any entities which are not subsidiaries but are consolidated in our consolidated financial statements prepared under U.S. GAAP.

Acceleration of Options upon Corporate Transactions. The outstanding options will terminate and accelerate upon occurrence of a change of control corporate transaction where the successor entity does not assume our outstanding options under the plan. In such event, each outstanding option will become fully vested and immediately exercisable, and the transfer restrictions on the awards will be released and the repurchase or forfeiture rights will terminate immediately before the date of the change of control transaction provided that the grantee's continuous service with us shall not be terminated before that date.

Term of the Options. The term of each option grant shall be stated in the stock option agreement, provided that the term shall not exceed ten years from the date of the grant, and in the case of incentive share options, five years from the date of the grant.

Vesting Schedule. In general, the plan administrator determines, or the incentive award agreement specifies, the vesting schedules. Currently, three types of vesting schedules were adopted for the incentive awards granted under the 2007 Plan. One of the vesting schedules is that one-third of the incentive awards vest 24 months after a specified vesting commencement date, an additional one-third vest 36 months after the specified vesting commencement date and the remaining one-third vest 48 months after the specified vesting commencement date, subject to other terms under the 2007 Plan and the incentive award agreement. Another type of vesting schedule is that one-fourth of the incentive awards vest every 12 months over a four-year vesting period starting from a specified vesting commencement date, subject to other terms under the 2007 Plan and the incentive award agreement. The last type of vesting schedule is that one-tenth of the incentive awards vest 12 months after a specified vesting commencement date, an additional three-tenth vest 24 months after the specified vesting commencement date, another three-tenth vest 36 months after the specified vesting commencement date and the remaining three-tenth vest 48 months after the specified vesting commencement date, subject to other terms under the 2007 Plan and the incentive award agreement.

Other Equity Awards. In addition to stock options, we may also grant to our employees, directors and consultants or any of our related entities share appreciation rights, restricted share awards, restricted share unit awards, deferred share awards, dividend equivalents and share payment awards, with such terms and conditions as our board of directors (or, if applicable, the compensation committee) may, subject to the terms of the plan, establish.

Transfer Restrictions. Options to purchase our ordinary shares may not be transferred in any manner by the optionee other than by will or the laws of succession and may be exercised during the lifetime of the optionee only by the optionee.

Termination or Amendment of the Plan. Unless terminated earlier, the plan will terminate automatically in 2017. Our board of directors has the authority to amend or terminate the plan subject to shareholder approval to the extent necessary to comply with applicable law, regulation or stock exchange rule. We must also generally obtain approval of our shareholders to (i) increase the number of shares available under the plan (other than any adjustment as described above), (ii) permit the grant of options with an exercise price that is below fair market value on the date of grant, (iii) extend the exercise period for an option beyond ten years from the date of grant, or (iv) results in a material increase in benefits or a change in eligibility requirements.

C. Board Practices

Our board of directors currently consists of eight directors. A director is not required to hold any shares in the company by way of qualification. Our board of directors may exercise all the powers of the company to borrow money, mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital, and issue debentures or other securities whenever money is borrowed or as security for any obligation of the company or of any third party. No director is entitled to any severance benefits upon termination of his directorship with us. As of the date of this annual report, four out of eight of our directors meet the "independence" definition under The NASDAQ Stock Market, Inc. Marketplace Rules, or the NASDAQ Rules. As NASDAQ rules permit a foreign private issuer like us to follow the corporate governance practices of its home country, we chose to rely on home country practice in lieu of the requirement to have a majority of independent directors on our board under NASDAQ Rules. See "Item 16G. Corporate Governance."

[Table of Contents](#)

Committees of the Board of Directors

Audit Committee. Our audit committee reports to the board regarding the appointment of our independent auditors, the scope and results of our annual audits, compliance with our accounting and financial policies and management's procedures and policies relatively to the adequacy of our internal accounting controls.

As of the date of this annual report, our audit committee consists of Messrs. Gan, Li and Shen. All of these directors meet the audit committee independence standard under Rule 10A-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act. The independence definition under Rules 5605 of the NASDAQ Rules is met by Messrs. Gan, Li and Shen. In addition, all the members of our audit committee qualify as "audit committee financial experts" as defined in the relevant NASDAQ Rules.

Compensation Committee. Our compensation committee reviews and evaluates and, if necessary, revises the compensation policies adopted by the management. Our compensation committee also determines all forms of compensation to be provided to our senior executive officers. In addition, the compensation committee reviews all annual bonuses, long-term incentive compensation, share options, employee pension and welfare benefit plans. Our chief executive officer may not be present at any committee meeting during which his compensation is deliberated.

As of the date of this annual report, our compensation committee consists of Messrs. Gan and Ji, both of whom meet the "independence" definition under the NASDAQ Rules.

Duties of Directors

Under Cayman Islands law, our directors have a duty of loyalty to act honestly and in good faith in the best interests of our company. Our directors also have a duty to exercise the skill they actually possess and such care and diligence that a reasonably prudent person would exercise in comparable circumstances. In fulfilling their duty of care to us, our directors must ensure compliance with our memorandum and articles of association. Our articles of association govern the way our company is operated and the powers granted to the directors to manage the daily affairs of our company.

Terms of Directors and Officers

All directors hold office until their successors have been duly elected and qualified unless such office is vacated earlier in accordance with the articles of association. A director may only be removed by the shareholders who appointed such director, except in the case of ordinary directors, who may be removed by ordinary resolutions of the shareholders. Officers are elected by and serve at the discretion of the board of directors.

D. Employees

As of December 31, 2015, we had approximately 31,000 employees, including approximately 1,700 in management and administration, approximately 16,000 in our customer service centers, approximately 1,900 in sales and marketing, and approximately 11,400 in product development including supplier management personnel and technical support personnel. Most of our employees are based in Shanghai, Beijing, Guangzhou and Shenzhen. We consider our relations with our employees to be good.

E. Share Ownership

As of March 31, 2016, 57,769,992 of our ordinary shares were issued and outstanding (excluding the 573,146 ordinary shares that we reserved for issuance upon the exercise of our outstanding options). As of the same date, there were options to acquire 4,978,987 ordinary shares and 1,442,319 restricted share units issued and outstanding under our 2005 Plan and 2007 Plan, which, once vested, are exercisable for the equivalent amount of our ordinary shares. For information regarding 2005 Plan and 2007 Plan, see "Item 6.B. Compensation." Our shareholders are entitled to vote together as a single class on all matters submitted to shareholders vote. No shareholder has different voting rights from other shareholders. We are not aware of any arrangement that may, at a subsequent date, result in a change of control of our company.

The following table sets forth information with respect to the beneficial ownership of our ordinary shares, taking into account the aggregate number of ordinary shares underlying share options and restricted share units that were outstanding as of, and exercisable within 60 days after, March 31, 2016, by each of our directors and senior management. For information regarding share options and restricted share units granted to our directors and senior executive officers, see "Item 6.B. Compensation." Except as otherwise noted, the address of each person listed in the table is c/o Ctrip.com International, Ltd., 99 Fu Quan Road, Shanghai 200335, People's Republic of China.

[Table of Contents](#)

	Ordinary Shares Beneficially Owned ⁽¹⁾	
	Number	% ⁽²⁾
Directors and Senior Management:		
Min Fan ⁽³⁾	1,080,253	1.6%
Jane Jie Sun ⁽⁴⁾	1,063,069	1.6%
James Jianzhang Liang ⁽⁵⁾	970,540	1.4%
Neil Nanpeng Shen ⁽⁶⁾	*	*
Other directors and executive officers as a group, each of whom individually owns less than 0.1%	*	*
All directors and officers as a group ⁽⁷⁾	3,494,092	5.0%
Principal Shareholders:		
Baidu Entities ⁽⁸⁾	12,480,233.5	21.6%
Priceline Entities ⁽⁹⁾	5,684,731.25	9.8%
Baillie Gifford & Co (Scottish Partnership) ⁽¹⁰⁾	3,381,862	5.9%
Capital World Investors ⁽¹¹⁾	2,876,775	5.0%

* Less than 1% of our total outstanding ordinary shares.

Notes:

- (1) Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the SEC, and includes voting or investment power with respect to the securities.
- (2) For each person and group included in this table, percentage ownership is calculated by dividing the number of shares beneficially owned by such person or group by the sum of the number of ordinary shares outstanding as of March 31, 2016, the number of ordinary shares underlying share options held by such person or group that were exercisable within 60 days after March 31, 2016, and the number of ordinary shares in the form of ADSs assuming full conversion of notes held by such person or group to ADSs at the initial conversion rate.
- (3) Includes 228,600 ordinary shares held by Perfectpoint International Limited, a British Virgin Islands company owned by Mr. Fan and 787,020 ordinary shares that were issuable upon exercise of options exercisable within 60 days after March 31, 2016 held by Mr. Fan and 64,633 ordinary shares in the form of ADSs assuming full conversion of US\$5,000,000 notes that Mr. Fan holds to ADSs at the initial conversion price.
- (4) Includes 152,483 ordinary shares held by Ms. Sun and 716,687 ordinary shares that were issuable upon exercise of options exercisable within 60 days after March 31, 2016 and 193,899 ordinary shares in the form of ADSs assuming full conversion of US\$15,000,000 notes that Ms. Sun holds to ADSs at the initial conversion price.
- (5) Includes 237,371 ordinary shares held by Mr. Liang and 539,270 ordinary shares that were issuable upon exercise of options exercisable within 60 days after March 31, 2016 held by Mr. Liang and 193,899 ordinary shares in the form of ADSs assuming full conversion of US\$15,000,000 notes that Mr. Liang holds to ADSs at the initial conversion price.
- (6) Mr. Shen's business address is Suite 2215, Two Pacific Place, 88 Queensway Road, Hong Kong.
- (7) Includes 794,954 ordinary shares and 2,182,074 ordinary shares that were issuable upon exercise of options exercisable within 60 days after March 31, 2016 held by all of our current directors and executive officers, as a group, and 517,064 ordinary shares in the form of ADSs assuming full conversion of US\$40,000,000 notes that certain directors and executive officers hold to ADSs at the initial conversion price.
- (8) Includes 12,480,233.5 ordinary shares (including 991,852.5 ordinary shares represented by ADSs) beneficially owned as of January 20, 2016 by Baidu Holdings Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Baidu, Inc. (collectively, "Baidu Entities"). Information regarding beneficial ownership is reported as of January 20, 2016, based on the information contained in the Schedule 13D/A filed by Baidu Entities with the SEC on January 20, 2016. Please see the Schedule 13D/A filed by Baidu Entities with the SEC on January 20, 2016 for information relating to Baidu Entities. The address for Baidu Holdings Limited is c/o Baidu, Inc., No. 10 Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing 100085, The People's Republic of China, and the address for Baidu, Inc. is No. 10 Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing 100085, the People's Republic of China.
- (9) Includes 2,636,075 ordinary shares currently held by Priceline Group Treasury Company B.V., an indirectly wholly owned subsidiary of The Priceline Group (collectively, "Priceline Entities") and 3,048,656.25 ordinary shares issuable to Priceline Entities upon conversion of a convertible note subscribed for and purchased by Priceline Entities from the Company on August 7, 2014, May 29, 2015 and December 11, 2015, respectively. Information regarding beneficial ownership is reported as of December 11, 2015, based on the information contained in the Schedule 13D/A filed by Priceline with the SEC on December 14, 2015. Please see the Schedule 13D/A filed by Priceline with the SEC on December 14, 2015 for information relating to Priceline. The address for Priceline Group Treasury Company B.V. is c/o Priceline Group Treasury Company B.V., Herengracht 597, Amsterdam 1017CE, Netherlands, and the address for The Priceline Group is c/o The Priceline Group Inc., 800 Connecticut Avenue, Norwalk, Connecticut 06854, the United States of America.
- (10) Includes 3,381,862 ordinary shares represented by ADSs held by Baillie Gifford & Co (Scottish Partnership). Information regarding beneficial ownership is reported as of December 31, 2015, based on the information contained in the Schedule 13G/A filed by Baillie Gifford & Co (Scottish Partnership) with the SEC on January 28, 2016. Please see the Schedule 13G/A filed by Baillie Gifford & Co (Scottish Partnership) with the SEC on January 28, 2016 for information relating to Baillie Gifford & Co (Scottish Partnership). The address for Baillie Gifford & Co (Scottish Partnership) is Calton Square, 1 Greenside Row, Edinburgh EH1 3AN, Scotland, UK.
- (11) Includes 2,876,775 ordinary shares represented by ADSs held by Capital World Investors, a division of Capital Research and Management Company. Information regarding beneficial ownership is reported as of December 31, 2015, based on the information contained in the Schedule 13G/A filed by Capital World Investors with the SEC on February 12, 2016. Please see the Schedule 13G/A filed by Capital World Investors with the SEC on February 12, 2015 for information relating to Capital World Investors. The address for Capital World Investors is 333 South Hope Street, Los Angeles, CA 90071, the United States of America.

[Table of Contents](#)

As of March 31, 2016, 57,769,992 of our ordinary shares were issued and outstanding (excluding the 573,146 ordinary shares that we reserved for issuance upon the exercise of our outstanding options). Based on a review of the register of members maintained by our Cayman Islands registrar, we believe that as of March 31, 2016, 47,387,418 ordinary shares were held by five record shareholders in the United States, including 46,575,866 ordinary shares (including treasury shares that were repurchased but not retired by the Company) held of record by The Bank of New York Mellon, the depositary of our ADS program, the only one record shareholder in the United States. The number of beneficial owners of our ADSs in the United States is likely to be much larger than the number of record holders of our ordinary shares in the United States.

ITEM 7. MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

A. Major Shareholders

Please refer to “Item 6. Share Ownership.”

B. Related Party Transactions

Arrangements with Consolidated Affiliated Chinese Entities

Current PRC laws and regulations impose substantial restrictions on foreign ownership of the air-ticketing, travel agency and value-added telecommunications businesses in China. Therefore, we conduct part of our operations in our non-accommodation reservation businesses through a series of agreements between our PRC subsidiaries, our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities and/or their respective shareholders. Our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities hold the licenses and approvals for conducting the air-ticketing, travel agency, and value-added telecommunications businesses in China. We do not hold any ownership interest in our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities. In 2015, we restructured our business lines and most of the contractual arrangements that we previously entered into with our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities in order to further strengthen our ability to control these entities and receive substantially all of the economic benefits from them. Moreover, we plan to enter into the same series of agreements with all of our future consolidated affiliated Chinese entities. As of the date of this report, Min Fan, our vice chairman of the board and president, Tao Yang, Qi Shi, Maohua Sun, Hui Cao and Hui Wang our officers, are the principal record owners of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities.

As of the date of this report, the equity holding structures of each of our significant consolidated affiliated Chinese entities are as follows:

- Maohua Sun and Ctrip Commerce owned 4% and 96%, respectively, of Beijing Ctrip.
- Maohua Sun and Min Fan owned 10.2% and 89.8%, respectively, of Ctrip Commerce.
- Ctrip Commerce owned 100% of Shanghai Huacheng.
- Min Fan and Tao Yang owned 90% and 10%, respectively, of Guangzhou Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd., or Guangzhou Ctrip, as well as Shenzhen Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd., or Shenzhen Ctrip.
- Min Fan and Qi Shi owned 99.502% and 0.498%, respectively, of Shanghai Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd. (formerly Shanghai Ctrip Charming International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.), or Shanghai Ctrip.
- Min Fan and Qi Shi owned 99.5% and 0.5%, respectively, of Chengdu Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd., or Chengdu Ctrip.
- Hui Cao and Hui Wang owned 60% and 40%, respectively, of Qunar Beijing.
- Shanghai Ctrip owned 100% Chengdu Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd., or Chengdu Ctrip International.
- Ctrip Commerce and Ctrip Computer Technology owned 90% and 10%, respectively, of Ctrip Insurance Agency Co., Ltd., or Ctrip Insurance.

We believe that the terms of these agreements are no less favorable than the terms that we could obtain from disinterested third parties. The terms of the agreements with the same title between us and our respective consolidated affiliated Chinese entities are substantially similar except for the amount of the business loans to the shareholders of each entity and the amount of service fees paid by each entity. We believe that the shareholders of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities will not receive any personal benefits from these agreements except as shareholders of our company. According to our PRC counsel, Commerce & Finance Law Offices, these agreements are valid, binding and enforceable under the current laws and regulations of China, except for certain equity pledge agreements whose registration process was pending as of the date of this annual report and thus may not be enforceable. The principal terms of these agreements are described below.

[Table of Contents](#)

Powers of Attorney. Each of the shareholders of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, except for Hui Cao and Hui Wang, signed an irrevocable power of attorney to appoint Ctrip Travel Network, Ctrip Travel Information or Wancheng, as attorney-in-fact to vote, by itself or any other person to be designated at its discretion, on all matters of the applicable consolidated affiliated Chinese entities. Each such power of attorney will remain effective as long as the applicable consolidated affiliated Chinese entity exists, and such shareholders of the applicable consolidated affiliated Chinese entities are not entitled to terminate or amend the terms of the power of attorneys without prior written consent from us.

As of the date of this annual report, each of the shareholders of Qunar Beijing, Hui Cao and Hui Wang, also signed an irrevocable power of attorney authorizing an appointee of Beijing Qunar Software Technology Company Limited, or Qunar Software, to exercise, in a manner approved by Qunar, on such shareholder's behalf the full shareholder rights pursuant to applicable laws and Qunar Beijing's articles of association, including without limitation full voting rights and the right to sell or transfer any or all of such shareholder's equity interest in Qunar Beijing. Each such power of attorney is effective until such time as such relevant shareholder ceases to hold any equity interest in Qunar Beijing. The terms of the power of attorney with respect to Qunar Beijing are otherwise substantially similar to the terms described in the foregoing paragraph.

Technical Consulting and Services Agreements. Ctrip Travel Information, Ctrip Travel Network and Wancheng, each a wholly owned PRC subsidiary of ours, provide our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, except for Qunar Beijing, with technical consulting and related services and staff training and information services on an exclusive basis. We also maintain their network platforms. In consideration for our services, our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities agree to pay us service fees as calculated in such manner as determined by us from time to time based on the nature of service, which may be adjusted periodically. For 2015, our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities paid Ctrip Computer Technology (before our restructuring of business lines and restatement of contractual arrangements in 2015) or Ctrip Travel Information (after our restructuring of business lines and restatement of contractual arrangements in 2015) and Ctrip Travel Network a quarterly fee based on the number of transportation tickets sold and the number of packaged-tour products sold in the quarter, at an average rate from RMB10 (US\$1.5) to RMB11 (US\$1.8) per ticket and from RMB54 (US\$8.3) to RMB89 (US\$13.8) per person per tour. Although the service fees are typically determined based on the number of transportation tickets sold and packaged tour products sold, given the fact that the nominee shareholders of such consolidated affiliated Chinese entities have irrevocably appointed the employees of our subsidiaries to vote on their behalf on all matters they are entitled to vote on, we have the right to determine the level of service fees paid and therefore receive substantially all of the economic benefits of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities in the form of service fees. The services fees paid by all of such consolidated affiliated Chinese entities as a percentage of their total net income were 105.9%, 109.4% and 107.1% for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015. Ctrip Travel Information, Ctrip Travel Network or Wancheng, as appropriate, will exclusively own any intellectual property rights arising from the performance of this agreement. The initial term of these agreements is 10 years and may be renewed automatically in 10-year terms unless we disapprove the extension. We retain the exclusive right to terminate the agreements at any time by delivering a 30-day advance written notice to the applicable consolidated affiliate Chinese entity.

As of the date of this annual report, pursuant to the restated exclusive technical consulting and services agreement between Qunar Beijing and Qunar Software, Qunar Software provides Qunar Beijing with technical, marketing and management consulting services on an exclusive basis in exchange for service fee paid by Qunar Beijing based on a set formula defined in the agreement subject to adjustment by Qunar Software at its sole discretion. This agreement will remain in effect until terminated unilaterally by Qunar Software or mutually. The terms of this agreement are otherwise substantially similar to the terms described in the foregoing paragraph.

Share Pledge Agreements. The shareholders of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, except for Hui Cao and Hui Wang, have pledged their respective equity interests in the applicable consolidated affiliated Chinese entities as a guarantee for the performance of all the obligations under the other contractual arrangements, including payment by such consolidated affiliated Chinese entities of the technical and consulting services fees to us under the technical consulting and services agreements, repayment of the business loan under the loan agreements and performance of obligations under the exclusive option agreements, each agreement as described herein. In the event any of such consolidated affiliated Chinese entity breaches any of its obligations or any shareholder of such consolidated affiliated Chinese entities breaches his or her obligations, as the case may be, under these agreements, we are entitled to enforce the equity pledge right and sell or otherwise dispose of the pledged equity interests after the pledge is registered with the relevant local branch of SAIC, and retain the proceeds from such sale or require any of them to transfer his or her equity interest without consideration to the PRC citizen(s) designated by us. These share pledge agreements are effective until two years after the pledgor and the applicable consolidated affiliated Chinese entities no longer undertake any obligations under the above-referenced agreements.

As of the date of this annual report, pursuant to the equity interest pledge agreement among Qunar Software, Hui Cao and Hui Wang, Hui Cao and Hui Wang have pledged their equity interests in Qunar Beijing along with all rights, titles and interests to Qunar Software as guarantee for the performance of all obligations under the relevant contractual arrangements mentioned herein. After the pledge is registered with the relevant local branch of SAIC, Qunar Software may enforce this pledge upon the occurrence of a settlement event or as required by the PRC law. The pledge, along with this agreement, will be effective upon registration with the local branch of the SAIC, and will expire when all obligations under the relevant contractual arrangements have been satisfied or when each of Hui Cao and Hui Wang completes a transfer of equity interest and ceases to hold any equity interest in Qunar Beijing. In enforcing the pledge, Qunar Software is entitled to dispose of the pledge and have priority in receiving payment from proceeds from the auction or sale of all or part of the pledge until the obligations are settled. The terms of this agreement are otherwise substantially similar to the terms described in the foregoing paragraph.

[Table of Contents](#)

Loan Agreements. Under the loan agreements we entered into with the shareholders of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, except for Hui Cao and Hui Wang, we extended long-term business loans to these shareholders of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities with the sole purpose of providing funds necessary for the capitalization or acquisition of such consolidated affiliated Chinese entities. These business loan amounts were injected into the applicable consolidated affiliated Chinese entities as capital and cannot be accessed for any personal uses. The loan agreements shall remain effective until the parties have fully performed their respective obligations under the agreement, and the shareholders of such consolidated affiliated Chinese entities have no right to unilaterally terminate these agreements. In the event that the PRC government lifts its substantial restrictions on foreign ownership of the air-ticketing, travel agency, or value-added telecommunications business in China, as applicable, we will exercise our exclusive option to purchase all of the outstanding equity interests of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, as described in the following paragraph, and the loan agreements will be cancelled in connection with such purchase. However, it is uncertain when, if at all, the PRC government will lift any or all of these restrictions.

The following table sets forth, as of the date of this report, the amount of each business loan, the date each business loan arrangement was entered into, the principal, interest, maturity date and outstanding balance of the loan, the borrower and the relevant significant consolidated affiliated Chinese entity.

Date of Loan Agreement	Borrower	Significant Consolidated Affiliated Chinese Entity	Principal (in thousands of RMB)	Interest (in thousands of US\$)	Maturity Date	Outstanding Balance (in thousands of RMB)	Interest (in thousands of US\$)
December 14, 2015	Min Fan	Ctrip Commerce	26,940.0	4,158.8	December 13, 2025	26,940.0	4,158.8
December 14, 2015	Maohua Sun	Ctrip Commerce	3,060.0	472.4	December 13, 2025	3,060.0	472.4
December 14, 2015	Maohua Sun	Beijing Ctrip	1,600.0	247.0	December 13, 2025	1,600.0	247.0
February 26, 2016	Min Fan	Shanghai Ctrip	10,990.0	1,696.6	February 25, 2026	10,990.0	1,696.6
February 26, 2016	Qi Shi	Shanghai Ctrip	50.0	7.7	February 25, 2026	50.0	7.7
December 14, 2015	Min Fan	Shenzhen Ctrip	2,250.0	347.3	December 13, 2025	2250.0	347.3
December 14, 2015	Tao Yang	Shenzhen Ctrip	250.0	38.6	December 13, 2025	250.0	38.6
December 14, 2015	Tao Yang	Guangzhou Ctrip	300.0	46.3	December 13, 2025	300.0	46.3
December 14, 2015	Min Fan	Guangzhou Ctrip	2,700.0	416.8	December 13, 2025	2,700.0	416.8
December 14, 2015	Min Fan	Chengdu Ctrip	19,900.0	3,072.0	December 13, 2025	19,900.0	3,072.0
December 14, 2015	Qi Shi	Chengdu Ctrip	100.0	15.4	December 13, 2025	100.0	15.4
March 23, 2016	Hui Cao	Qunar Beijing	6,600.0	1,018.9	Until repayment notice	6,600.0	1,018.9
March 23, 2016	Hui Wang	Qunar Beijing	4,400.0	679.2	Until repayment notice	4,400.0	679.2

As of the date of this annual report, pursuant to the loan agreement among Qunar Software, Hui Cao and Hui Wang, the loans extended by Qunar Software to each of Hui Cao and Hui Wang are only repayable by a transfer of such borrower's equity interest in Qunar Beijing to Qunar Software or its designated party, in proportion to the amount of the loan to be repaid. This loan agreement will continue in effect indefinitely until such time when (i) the borrowers receive a repayment notice from Qunar Software and fully repay the loans, or (ii) an event of default (as defined therein) occurs unless Qunar Software sends a notice indicating otherwise within 15 calendar days after it is aware of such event. The terms of this loan agreement is otherwise substantially similar to the terms described in the foregoing paragraphs.

Exclusive Option Agreements. As consideration for our entering into the loan agreements described above, each of the shareholders of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, except for Hui Cao and Hui Wang, has granted us an exclusive, irrevocable option to purchase, or designate one or more person(s) at our discretion to purchase, all of their equity interests in the applicable consolidated affiliated Chinese entities at any time we desire, subject to compliance with the applicable PRC laws and regulations. We may exercise the option by issuing a written notice to the relevant consolidated affiliated Chinese entity. The purchase price shall be equal to the contribution actually made by the shareholder for the relevant equity interest. Therefore, if we exercise these options, we may choose to cancel the outstanding loans we extended to the shareholders of such consolidated affiliated Chinese entities pursuant to the loan agreements as the loans were used solely for equity contribution purposes. The initial term of these agreements is 10 years and may be renewed automatically in 10-year terms unless we disapprove the extension. We retain the exclusive right to terminate the agreements at any time by delivering a written notice to the applicable consolidated affiliate Chinese entity.

Each of Hui Cao and Hui Wang also entered into equity option agreements with Qunar, Qunar Software and Qunar Beijing. These equity option agreements contain arrangements that are similar to that as described in the foregoing paragraph. This agreement will remain effective with respect to each of Qunar Beijing's shareholders until all of the equity interest has been transferred or Qunar terminates the agreement unilaterally with 30 days' prior written notice.

[Table of Contents](#)

Our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities and their shareholders agree not to enter into any transaction that would affect the assets, obligations, rights or operations of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities without our prior written consent. They also agree to accept our guidance with respect to day-to-day operations, financial management systems and the appointment and dismissal of key employees.

In addition, we also enter into technical consulting and services agreements with our majority or wholly owned subsidiaries of some of the consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, such as Chengdu Ctrip International, and these subsidiaries pay us service fees based on the level of services provided. The existence of such technical consulting and services agreements provides us with the enhanced ability to transfer economic benefits of these majority or wholly owned subsidiaries of the consolidated affiliated Chinese entities to us in exchange for the services provided, and this is in addition to our existing ability to consolidate and extract the economic benefits of these majority or wholly owned subsidiaries of the consolidated affiliated Chinese entities. For instance, the consolidated affiliated Chinese entities may cause the economic benefits to be channeled to them in the form of dividends, which then may be further consolidated and absorbed by us through the contractual arrangements described above.

Share Incentive Grants

Please refer to "Item 6.B. Compensation — Employee's Share Incentive Plans."

Commissions from Homeinns and its affiliates

As of December 31, 2015, we held approximately 15% stake in Homeinns, one of our hotel suppliers, and have two directors in common with it. Homeinns and its affiliates have entered into agreements with us to provide hotel rooms for our customers. Total commissions from Homeinns and its affiliates amounted to RMB38.7 million, RMB38.1 million and RMB34.6 million (US\$5.3 million) for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015, respectively. These commissions were paid to us in our ordinary course of business on terms substantially similar to those for our unrelated hotel suppliers.

Commissions from Hanting and its affiliates

One of our hotel suppliers, China Lodging Group Limited, or Hanting, has a director in common with our company and a director who is a family member of one of our officers. Hanting has entered into agreements with us to provide hotel rooms for our customers. Total commissions Hanting paid us amounted to RMB17.1 million, RMB19.2 million and RMB17.7 million (US\$2.7 million) for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015, respectively. These commissions were paid to us in our ordinary course of business on terms substantially similar to those for our unrelated hotel suppliers. In March 2010, we invested a total of US\$67.5 million in approximately 9% stake in Hanting through private placement transactions and purchases in Hanting's initial public offering. The purchase prices for shares acquired in both private placement transactions and the initial public offering were equal to Hanting's initial public offering price.

Entrusted loan and interest to a technology company focusing on hotel customer reviews

In September 2013, we entered into agreements with a technology company focusing on hotel customer reviews to provide entrusted loan of RMB13 million to the technology company. The entrusted loan has a one-year maturity period. The balance of entrusted loan together with the interest was RMB 0.7 million and nil for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2015, respectively. These agreements were fully performed and discharged as of December 31, 2015.

Shareholders' loan and interest to Skyseas

In December 2014, we entered into agreements with Exquisite Marine Ltd., which is wholly owned by Skysea Holding International Limited, to enter a secured credit loan in the amount of US\$80 million. The interest rate is 3% per annum currently and shall be subject to annual review and adjustment with mutual consent. The loan is guaranteed by a vessel mortgage and shall be paid back by installments starting 2020. The balance of the loan together with the interest for the year ended December 31, 2015 is RMB544 million (US\$84 million).

[Table of Contents](#)

Purchase of tour package service from Ananda

We purchased tour package service from Ananda Travel Service (Aust.) Pty Limited, or Ananda, an association investment of HKWOT (BVI) Limited. Tour package purchase from Ananda for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015 amounted to RMB33 million, RMB27 million and RMB11 million (US\$1.8 million), respectively.

Commissions to LY.com

In April, 2014, we purchased a minority stake of LY.com. We have entered into agreements to provide hotel rooms to LY.com. Total commissions to LY.com paid by us amounted to RMB75 million (US\$12 million) for the period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2015.

Commissions to/from eLong

In May, 2015, we acquired 38% stake of eLong. Total commissions to eLong paid by us amounted to RMB10 million (US\$1 million) and eLong paid commissions to us amounted to RMB7 million (US\$1 million) for the period from June 1, 2015 to December 31, 2015.

Marketing service expense to Baidu

In October 2015, we completed a share exchange transaction with Baidu. Baidu, as our marketing service supplier, has entered into agreements to provide marketing service to us. Marketing service expense from Baidu amounts to RMB89 million (US\$14 million) starting from November, 2015 to December 31, 2015.

C. Interests of Experts and Counsel

Not applicable.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A. Consolidated Statements and Other Financial Information

We have appended consolidated financial statements filed as part of this annual report.

Legal Proceedings

We are not currently a party to any pending material litigation or other legal proceeding and are not aware of any pending litigation or other legal proceeding that may have a material adverse impact on our business or operations. However, we are and may continue to be subject to various legal proceedings and claims that are incidental to our ordinary course of business.

Dividend Policy

During the past five years, we have not distributed dividends to our shareholders of record.

We have received dividends from our subsidiaries, which have received consulting or other fees from our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities. In accordance with current Chinese laws and regulations, our subsidiaries and affiliated entities in China are required to allocate to their general reserves at least 10% of their respective after-tax profits for the year determined in accordance with Chinese accounting standards and regulations. Each of our subsidiaries and affiliated entities in China may stop allocations to its general reserve if such reserve has reached 50% of its registered capital. In addition, our subsidiaries in China, including Ctrip Computer Technology, Ctrip Travel Information, Ctrip Travel Network and Ctrip Information Technology, are required to allocate portions of their respective after-tax profits to their enterprise expansion funds and staff welfare and bonus funds at the discretion of their boards of directors. Allocations to these statutory reserves and funds can only be used for specific purposes and are not transferable to us in the form of loans, advances, or cash dividends.

Our board of directors has complete discretion as to whether we will distribute dividends in the future, subject to the approval of our shareholders. Even if our board of directors determines to distribute dividends, the form, frequency and amount of our dividends will depend upon our future operations and earnings, capital requirements and surplus, general financial condition, contractual restrictions, potential tax implications and other factors as the board of directors may deem relevant. Any dividend we declare will be paid to the holders of ADSs, subject to the terms of the deposit agreement, to the same extent as holders of our ordinary shares, less the fees and expenses payable under the deposit agreement. Any dividend we declare will be distributed by the depositary bank to the holders of our ADSs. Cash dividends on our ordinary shares, including those represented by the ADSs, if any, will be paid in U.S. dollars.

[Table of Contents](#)**B. Significant Changes**

We have not experienced any significant changes since the date of our audited consolidated financial statements included in this annual report.

ITEM 9. THE OFFER AND LISTING**A. Offering and Listing Details.**

Our ADSs have been listed on the NASDAQ Global Market since December 2003 and the NASDAQ Global Select Market since July 2006. Our ADSs are traded under the symbol “CTRP.”

The following table provides the high and low trading prices for our ADSs on the NASDAQ Global Select Market for the periods presented and all prices have been retroactively adjusted to reflect the current ADS to ordinary share ratio of one ADS to 0.125 of an ordinary share effective on December 1, 2015 for all periods presented. The closing price of our ADSs on April 21, 2016 was US\$47.21 per ADS.

	Trading Price (US\$)	
	High	Low
2010	26.58	14.95
2011	25.29	11.17
2012	14.06	6.18
2013	30.55	9.44
2014	34.87	17.98
First Quarter	28.43	17.98
Second Quarter	32.60	22.00
Third Quarter	34.87	28.01
Fourth Quarter	30.25	20.37
2015	57.36	21.54
First Quarter	30.37	21.54
Second Quarter	43.81	28.80
Third Quarter	40.1	27.25
Fourth Quarter	57.36	30.51
2016 First Quarter	48.36	35.5
Monthly Highs and Lows		
October 2015	48.65	30.51
November 2015	57.36	45.72
December 2015	55.6	46.22
January 2016	48.36	39.5
February 2016	43.42	35.5
March 2016	45.58	38.4
April 2016 (through April 21, 2016)	49.33	42.70

B. Plan of Distribution

Not applicable.

C. Markets

Our ADSs have been listed on the NASDAQ Global Market since December 2003 and on the NASDAQ Global Select Market since July 2006 under the symbol “CTRP.”

D. Selling Shareholders

Not applicable.

E. Dilution

Not applicable.

[Table of Contents](#)

F. Expenses of the Issue

Not applicable.

ITEM 10. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

A. Share Capital

Not applicable.

B. Memorandum and Articles of Association

General. All of our outstanding ordinary shares are fully paid and non-assessable. Our ordinary shares are issued in registered form, and are issued when entered in our register of members. Our shareholders who are nonresidents of the Cayman Islands may freely hold and vote their shares.

Dividends. The holders of our ordinary shares are entitled to such dividends as may be declared by our board of directors subject to the Companies Law (2013 Revision) of the Cayman Islands, or Companies Law.

Voting Rights. Each ordinary share is entitled to one vote on all matters upon which the ordinary shares are entitled to vote. Voting at any meeting of shareholders is by show of hands unless a poll is demanded. A poll may be demanded by the chairman of our board of directors or any other shareholder or shareholders collectively present in person or by proxy and holding at least ten percent in par value of the shares giving a right to attend and vote at the meeting.

A quorum required for a meeting of shareholders consists of at least two shareholders (or, if our company has only one shareholder, that one shareholder) holding at least one-third of the outstanding voting shares in our company, present in person or by proxy. Shareholders' meetings may be convened by our board of directors on its own initiative or upon a request to the directors by shareholders holding in aggregate not less than ten percent in par value of our voting share capital. Advance notice of at least seven days is required for the convening of any of our shareholders meetings.

An ordinary resolution to be passed by the shareholders requires the affirmative vote of a simple majority of the votes attaching to the ordinary shares cast in a general meeting, while a special resolution requires the affirmative vote of no less than two-thirds of the votes attaching to the ordinary shares cast in a general meeting. A special resolution is required for matters such as a change of name or amending the memorandum and articles of association. Holders of the ordinary shares may by ordinary resolution, among other things, make changes in the amount of our authorized share capital and consolidate and divide all or any of our share capital into shares of larger amount than our existing share capital and cancel any authorized but unissued shares.

Liquidation. On a return of capital on winding up or otherwise (other than on conversion, redemption or purchase of shares), assets available for distribution among the holders of ordinary shares shall be distributed among the holders of our ordinary shares on a pro rata basis. If our assets available for distribution are insufficient to repay all of the paid-up capital, the assets will be distributed so that the losses are borne by our shareholders proportionately.

Calls on Shares and Forfeiture of Shares. Our board of directors may from time to time make calls upon shareholders for any amounts unpaid on their shares in a notice served to such shareholders at least 14 days prior to the specified time and place of payment. The shares that have been called upon and remain unpaid are subject to forfeiture.

Redemption, Repurchase and Surrender of Shares. We may issue shares on the terms that such shares are subject to redemption, at our option or at the option of the holders thereof on such terms and in such manner as may be determined, prior to the issue of such shares, by special resolution. Our company may also repurchase any of our shares (including redeemable shares) provided that the manner of such purchase has been authorized by an ordinary resolution of our shareholders. Under the Companies Law, the redemption or repurchase of any share may be paid out of our company's profits or share premium account or out of the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares made for the purpose of such redemption or repurchase, or out of capital if our company shall, immediately following such payment, be able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business. In addition, under the Companies Law, no such share may be redeemed or repurchased (a) unless it is fully paid up, (b) if such redemption or repurchase would result in there being no shares outstanding, or (c) our company has commenced liquidation. In addition, our company may accept the surrender of any fully paid share for no consideration.

Variations of Rights of Shares. If at any time the share capital of our company is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, whether or not our company is being wound-up and except where our articles of association or the Companies Law impose any stricter quorum, voting or procedural requirements in regard to the variation of rights attached to a specific class, be varied either with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of that class or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a general meeting of the holders of the shares of that class.

[Table of Contents](#)

Shareholder Rights Plan

On November 23, 2007, our board of directors declared a dividend of one ordinary share purchase right, or a Right, for each of our ordinary shares outstanding at the close of business on December 3, 2007. As long as the Rights are attached to the ordinary shares, we will issue one Right (subject to adjustment) with each new ordinary share so that all such ordinary shares will have attached Rights. When exercisable, each Right will entitle the registered holder to purchase from us one ordinary share at a price of US\$700 per ordinary share, subject to adjustment. On August 7, 2014, we entered into a First Amendment and, subsequently on the same day, a Second Amendment to the Rights Agreement dated as of November 23, 2007 between the Bank of New York Mellon and us. Through these two amendments, we (a) extended the term of our rights plan for another ten years and the Rights will expire on August 6, 2024, subject to the right of our board of directors to extend the rights plan for another ten years prior to its expiration; and (b) modified the trigger threshold of the Rights to allow more flexibility. Specifically, shareholders who file or are entitled to file beneficial ownership statement on Schedule 13G pursuant to Rule 13d-1(b)(1) of the Exchange Act, typically institutional investors with no intention to acquire control of the issuer, will be able to beneficially own up to 20% of our total outstanding shares before the Rights are triggered, while all other shareholders must maintain their beneficial ownership at a level below 10% of our total outstanding shares before the Rights are triggered, among other things. Certain named shareholders are defined as "Exempted Person" under the currently effective rights plan as long as their beneficial ownership do not exceed 10% of our total outstanding shares. On May 29, 2015, October 26, 2015 and December 23, 2015, we entered into a Third Amendment, a Fourth Amendment and a Fifth Amendment to the Rights Agreement with the Bank of New York Mellon, respectively, for the purposes of amending the definition of "Exempted Person". Accordingly, in so far as Priceline Group and any of its subsidiaries are concerned in connection with the determination of Exempt Person, the term "Exempt Person" will be applied only to the extent that the number of ordinary shares beneficially owned by such Exempt Person (excluding the number of our ADSs or the ordinary shares that are beneficially owned by Priceline and any of its subsidiaries due to any such entity's ownership or conversion of that certain note issued by us pursuant to a convertible note purchase agreement dated December 9, 2015 between a subsidiary of Priceline Group and us) at all times does not exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the ordinary shares then outstanding in the aggregate and in so far as Baidu and any of its subsidiaries are concerned in connection with the determination of Exempt Person, the term "Exempt Person" will be applied only to the extent that the number of ordinary shares beneficially owned by such Exempt Person at all times does not exceed twenty-seven percent (27%) of the ordinary shares then outstanding in the aggregate.

The Rights were not distributed in response to any specific effort to acquire control of our company.

Registered Office and Objects

Our registered office in the Cayman Islands is located at the offices of Maples Corporate Services Limited, P.O. Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands, or at such other place as our directors may from time to time decide. The objects for which our company is established are unrestricted and we have full power and authority to carry out any object not prohibited by the Companies Law (2013 Revision), as amended from time to time, or any other law of the Cayman Islands.

Board of Directors

Our board of directors currently consists of eight directors. Our board of directors may exercise all the powers of the company to borrow money, to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital, or any part thereof, and to issue debentures, debenture stock or other securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of our company or of any third party. A director may vote with respect to any contract or transaction, in which he or she is interested as long as he or she has made a declaration of the nature of such interest. A director is not required to hold any shares in our company by way of qualification, and there is no requirement for a director to retire at any age limit.

We have a compensation committee that assists the board in reviewing and approving the compensation structure and form of compensation of our directors and executive officers. Members of the compensation committee are not prohibited from direct involvement in determining their own compensation. Our chief executive officer may not be present at any committee meeting during which his compensation is deliberated.

For details of our board committees, see "Item 6.C. Board Practices—Board of Directors."

[Table of Contents](#)

C. Material Contracts

Other than in the ordinary course of business and other than those described under this item, in “Item 4. Information on the Company — A. History and Development of the Company” and “Item 7 — Major Shareholders and Related Party Transactions — B. Related Party Transactions” or elsewhere in this annual report, we have not entered into any material contract during the two years immediately preceding the date of this annual report: (i) a convertible notes purchase agreement for the issuance of a convertible note with a principal value of US\$500 million due 2019 dated August 7, 2014 between Ctrip.com International, Ltd. and Priceline Group Treasury Company B.V.; (ii) a pre-sale framework agreement for purchase of certain premises with an aggregate sellable gross floor area of 100,167 square meters and certain auxiliary facilities in Sky SOHO dated September 26, 2014 among Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., SOHO (Shanghai) Investment Co., Ltd. and other affiliates of the company; (iii) an investment agreement for acquisition of a minority stake in LY.com dated April 28, 2014 between Shanghai Ctrip International Travel Service Co., Ltd., LY.com and other parties thereto; (iv) a share purchase agreement for the acquisition of certain shares of eLong dated May 22, 2015 among Ctrip.com International, Ltd., C-Travel International Limited, Luxuriant Holdings Limited, Keystone Lodging Holdings Limited, Plateno Group Limited, Expedia Asia Pacific — Alpha Limited and Expedia, Inc., (v) a convertible notes purchase agreement for the issuance of a convertible note with a principal value of US\$250 million due 2020 dated May 26, 2015 between Ctrip.com International, Ltd. and Priceline Group Treasury Company B.V.; (vi) an indenture, dated June 24, 2015, constituting US\$700.0 million 1.00% convertible senior notes due 2020; (vii) an indenture, dated June 24, 2015, constituting US\$400.0 million 1.99% convertible senior notes due 2025; (viii) a purchase agreement for the issuance of US\$700 million 1.00% convertible senior notes due 2020 and US\$400 million 1.99% convertible senior notes due 2025, dated June 18, 2015, between Ctrip.com International, Ltd. and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC; (ix) a share exchange agreement for the acquisition of certain shares of Qunar dated October 24, 2015 among Baidu, Inc., Baidu Holdings and Ctrip.com International, Ltd., (ix) a convertible note purchase agreement for the issuance of a convertible note with a principal value of US\$500 million due 2025 dated December 9, 2015 between Ctrip.com International, Ltd. and Priceline Group Treasury Company B.V., (x) a Convertible Note Purchase Agreement for the purchase of US\$500 million 2.00% convertible notes due 2025 dated December 9, 2015 among Ctrip.com International, Ltd., Gaoling Fund, L.P. and YHG Investment, L.P., and (xi) a framework agreement for treatment of Qunar employee shares and equity awards dated December 9, 2015 between Ctrip.com International, Ltd. and Qunar Cayman Islands Limited.

D. Exchange Controls

See “Item 4. Information on the Company — B. Business Overview — PRC Government Regulations — Regulations of Foreign Currency Exchange and Dividend Distribution.”

E. Taxation

The following summary of the material Cayman Islands and U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in our ADSs or ordinary shares is based upon laws and relevant interpretations thereof in effect as of the date of this annual report, all of which are subject to change. This summary does not deal with all possible tax consequences relating to an investment in our ADSs or ordinary shares, such as the tax consequences under state, local and other tax laws not addressed herein.

Cayman Islands Taxation

According to Maples and Calder, the Cayman Islands currently levies no taxes on individuals or corporations based upon profits, income, gains or appreciation and there is no taxation in the nature of inheritance tax or estate duty. There are no other taxes likely to be material to us levied by the government of the Cayman Islands except for stamp duties which may be applicable on instruments executed in, or after execution brought within, the jurisdiction of the Cayman Islands. The Cayman Islands is not party to any double tax treaty with any country that is applicable to any payments made to or by us.

We have received an undertaking from the Governor-in-Cabinet of the Cayman Islands that, in accordance with section 6 of the Tax Concessions Law (2011 Revision) of the Cayman Islands, for a period of 20 years from 14 March, 2000, no law which is enacted in the Cayman Islands imposing any tax to be levied on profits, income, gains or appreciations shall apply to us or our operations and, in addition, that no tax to be levied on profits, income, gains or appreciations or which is in the nature of estate duty or inheritance tax shall be payable (i) on the shares, debentures or other obligations or (ii) by way of the withholding in whole or in part of a payment of dividend or other distribution of income or capital to our members or a payment of principal or interest or other sums due under a debenture or other obligation.

PRC Taxation

If the PRC tax authorities determine that our Cayman Islands holding company is a “resident enterprise” for PRC enterprise income tax purposes, a withholding tax of 10% for our foreign ADS holders may be imposed on dividends they receive from us and on gains realized on their sale or other disposition of ADSs, if such income is considered as income derived from within China. See “Risk factors — Risks Related to Our Corporate Structure — Our subsidiaries and consolidated affiliated Chinese entities in China are subject to restrictions on paying dividends or making other payments to us, which may restrict our ability to satisfy our liquidity requirements.”

[Table of Contents](#)

United States Federal Income Tax Considerations

The following discussion is a summary of United States federal income tax considerations relating to the ownership and disposition of our ADSs or ordinary shares by a U.S. Holder (as defined below) that will hold our ADSs or ordinary shares as “capital assets” (generally, property held for investment) under the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”). This summary is based upon the provisions of the Code and regulations, rulings and decisions thereunder as of the date hereof, all of which are subject to differing interpretations or change, possibly with retroactive effect. No ruling has been sought from the United States Internal Revenue Service (the “IRS”) with respect to any United States federal income tax consequences described below, and there can be no assurance that the IRS or a court will not take a contrary position.

This summary does not discuss all aspects of United States federal income taxation that may be important to particular investors in light of their individual investment circumstances, including investors subject to special tax rules, such as banks, insurance companies, broker dealers, dealers or traders in securities or commodities, tax-exempt entities, persons liable for alternative minimum tax, U.S. expatriates, regulated investment companies or real estate investment trusts, partnerships (including any pass-through or other entity treated as partnerships for United States federal income tax purposes) or persons holding ADSs or ordinary shares through partnerships (including any pass-through or other entity treated as partnerships for United States federal income tax purposes), persons holding an ADS or ordinary share as part of a straddle, hedging, conversion or integrated transaction, investors whose “functional currency” is not the U.S. dollars, holders that actually or constructively own 10% or more (by voting power or value) of all classes of our outstanding capital stock, or persons who acquired ADSs or ordinary shares pursuant to the exercise of any employee share option or otherwise as compensation.

In addition, this summary does not discuss any state, local or estate or gift tax considerations and, except for the limited instances where PRC tax law and potential PRC taxes are discussed below, does not discuss any non-United States tax considerations. Each U.S. Holder is urged to consult its tax advisors regarding the United States federal, state, local, and non-United States income and other tax considerations of an investment in our ADSs or ordinary shares.

As used in this section, “U.S. Holder” means a beneficial owner of ADSs or ordinary shares that for United States federal income tax purposes is,

- an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States;
- a corporation (or other entity subject to tax as a corporation for United States federal income tax purposes) organized under the laws of the United States, any state or the District of Columbia;
- an estate, the income of which is subject to United States federal income taxation regardless of its source; or
- a trust that (1) is subject to the primary supervision of a court within the United States and the control of one or more U.S. persons for all substantial trust decisions or (2) has a valid election in effect under applicable United States Treasury regulations to be treated as a U.S. person.

If you are a partner in a partnership or other entity taxable as a partnership that holds ADSs or ordinary shares, your tax treatment will generally depend on your status and the activities of the partnership. Partnerships holding the ADSs or ordinary shares, and partners in such partnerships, should consult their tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of an investment in the ADSs or ordinary shares.

The discussion below assumes that the representations contained in the deposit agreement are true and that the obligations in the deposit agreement and any related agreement have been and will be complied with in accordance with the terms. If you hold ADSs, you should be treated as the holder of the underlying ordinary shares represented by those ADSs for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Taxation of Dividends and Other Distributions on the ADSs or Ordinary Shares

Subject to the description below under “— Passive Foreign Investment Company Rules,” the amount of any distribution to you with respect to the ADSs or ordinary shares, before deduction for any taxes imposed by the PRC, will be included in your gross income as dividend income on the date of receipt by the depositary, in the case of ADSs, or by you, in the case of ordinary shares, but only to the extent that the distribution is paid out of our current or accumulated earnings and profits (as determined under United States federal income tax principles). Because we do not intend to determine our earnings and profits on the basis of United States federal income tax principles, any distribution paid will generally be treated as a “dividend” for United States federal income tax purposes. Any dividends we pay will not be eligible for the dividends-received deduction allowed to corporations in respect of dividends received from other U.S. corporations.

[Table of Contents](#)

With respect to non-corporate U.S. Holders (including individual U.S. Holders), dividends may be taxed at the lower capital gains rate applicable to “qualified dividend income,” provided that (1) the ADSs or ordinary shares are readily tradable on an established securities market in the United States or we are eligible for the benefits of an income tax treaty with the United States that the United States Treasury has determined satisfactory for purposes of the rules applicable to qualified dividends and that includes an exchange of information program, (2) we are neither a passive foreign investment company, nor are treated as such with respect to you (as discussed below) for our taxable year in which the dividend was paid or the preceding taxable year, and (3) certain holding period requirements are met. United States Treasury guidance indicates that common or ordinary shares, or ADSs representing such shares, are considered for the purpose of clause (1) above to be readily tradable on an established securities market in the United States if they are listed on the NASDAQ Global Select Market, as are our ADSs (but not our ordinary shares). If we are treated as a “resident enterprise” for PRC tax purposes under its Enterprise Income Tax Law, or EIT Law, we may be eligible for the benefits of the income tax treaty between the United States and the PRC. You should consult your tax advisors regarding the availability of the lower capital gains rate applicable to qualified dividend income for dividends paid with respect to our ADSs or ordinary shares.

For United States foreign tax credit purposes, dividends will generally be treated as income from foreign sources and will constitute passive category income. Depending on your particular facts and circumstances, you may be eligible to claim a foreign tax credit in respect of any foreign withholding taxes imposed on dividends received on our ADSs or ordinary shares. If you do not elect to claim a foreign tax credit for foreign tax withheld, you will be permitted instead to claim a deduction, for United States federal income tax purposes, in respect of such withholdings, but only for a year in which you elect to do so for all creditable foreign income taxes. The rules governing the foreign tax credit are complex and their outcome depends in large part on your particular facts and circumstances. Accordingly, you should consult your tax advisors regarding the availability of the foreign tax credit based on your particular circumstances.

Sale, Exchange or Other Disposition of the ADSs or Ordinary Shares

Subject to description below under “— Passive Foreign Investment Company Rules,” you will recognize capital gain or loss on any sale, exchange or other taxable disposition of an ADS or ordinary share equal to the difference, if any, between the amount realized for the ADS or ordinary share and your tax basis in the ADS or ordinary share. The gain or loss will generally be capital gain or loss. If you are a non-corporate U.S. Holder, including an individual U.S. Holder, who has held the ADS or ordinary share for more than one year, you generally will be eligible for reduced tax rates. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations. Any such gain or loss that you recognize will generally be treated as United States-source income or loss for foreign tax credit limitation purposes, which will generally limit the availability of foreign tax credits. However, if we are treated as a “resident enterprise” for PRC tax purposes, we may be eligible for the benefits of the income tax treaty between the United States and the PRC. In such event, if PRC tax were to be imposed on any gain from the disposition of the ADSs or ordinary shares, a U.S. Holder that is eligible for the benefits of the income tax treaty between the United States and the PRC may elect to treat the gain as PRC-source income. You should consult your tax advisors regarding the proper treatment of gain or loss recognized on a sale, exchange or other taxable disposition of the ADSs or ordinary shares in your particular circumstances.

Passive Foreign Investment Company Rules

Based on the market price of our ADSs and ordinary shares, the value of our assets, and the composition of our assets and income, we do not believe that we were a passive foreign investment company (a “PFIC”) for United States federal income tax purposes for our taxable year ended December 31, 2015. Given variance in the market price of our ADSs and ordinary shares, the value of our assets, and the composition of our assets and income, although we cannot be certain, we believe there is some risk that we will be treated as a PFIC for our taxable year ending December 31, 2016. A non-U.S. corporation will be a PFIC for any taxable year if either:

- at least 75% of its gross income is passive income; or
- at least 50% of the value of its assets (based on an average of the quarterly values of the assets) during such year is attributable to assets that produce passive income or are held for the production of passive income (the “asset test”).

We will be treated as owning our proportionate share of the assets and earning our proportionate share of the income of any other corporation in which we own, directly or indirectly, at least 25% (by value) of the stock. In applying this rule, however, it is not clear whether the contractual arrangements between us and our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities will be treated as ownership of stock.

We must make a separate determination after the close of each year as to whether we were a PFIC for that year. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that we will not be a PFIC for our current taxable year ending December 31, 2016 or any future taxable year. Because the value of our assets for purposes of the asset test will generally be determined by reference to the market price of our ADSs and ordinary shares, fluctuations in the market price of our ADSs or ordinary shares may cause us to become a PFIC. If we are a PFIC for any year during which you hold ADSs or ordinary shares, we will generally continue to be treated as a PFIC with respect to you for all succeeding years during which you hold ADSs or ordinary shares, unless we cease to be a PFIC and you make a deemed sale election with respect to the ADSs or ordinary shares, as applicable. If such election is made, you will be deemed to have sold the ADSs or ordinary shares you hold at their fair market value and any gain from such deemed sale would be subject to the consequences described below. After the deemed sale election, your ADSs or ordinary shares with respect to which such election was made will not be treated as shares in a PFIC unless we subsequently become a PFIC.

[Table of Contents](#)

For each taxable year that we are treated as a PFIC with respect to you, you will be subject to special tax rules with respect to any “excess distribution” that you receive and any gain you realize from a sale or other disposition (including a pledge) of the ADSs or ordinary shares, unless you make a “mark-to-market” election as discussed below. Under these special tax rules:

- the excess distribution or gain will be allocated ratably over your holding period for the ADSs or ordinary shares;
- the amount allocated to the current taxable year, and any taxable years in your holding period prior to the first taxable year in which we became a PFIC, will be treated as ordinary income; and
- the amount allocated to each of the other taxable years would be subject to tax at the highest rate of tax in effect for you for such year and would be increased by an additional tax equal to interest on the resulting tax deemed deferred with respect to each such other taxable year.

A U.S. Holder of “marketable stock” (as defined below) in a PFIC may make a mark-to-market election for such stock to elect out of the tax treatment discussed in the preceding paragraph. If you make a valid mark-to-market election for our ADSs or ordinary shares, you will include in income for each year that we are treated as a PFIC with respect to you an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the fair market value of the ADSs or ordinary shares you hold as of the close of the year over your adjusted basis in such ADSs or ordinary shares. You will be allowed a deduction for the excess, if any, of the adjusted basis of the ADSs or ordinary shares over their fair market value as of the close of the year. However, deductions will be allowable only to the extent of any net mark-to-market gains on the ADSs or ordinary shares included in your income for prior taxable years. Amounts included in your income under a mark-to-market election, as well as any gain on the actual sale or other disposition of the ADSs or ordinary shares, will be treated as ordinary income. The mark-to-market election is available only for “marketable stock,” which is stock that is traded in other than *de minimis* quantities on at least 15 days during each calendar quarter (“regularly traded”) on a qualified exchange or other market, as defined in applicable United States Treasury regulations. Our ADSs are listed on the NASDAQ Global Select Market, which is a qualified exchange or other market for these purposes. Consequently, if the ADSs continue to be listed on the NASDAQ Global Select Market and are regularly traded, and you are a holder of ADSs, we expect that the mark-to-market election would be available to you were we to be or become a PFIC. You should consult your tax advisors as to the availability and desirability of a mark-to-market election.

Alternatively, if a non-U.S. corporation is a PFIC, a U.S. holder of shares in that corporation may avoid taxation under the rules described above by making a “qualified electing fund” election to include in income its share of the corporation’s income on a current basis. However, you can make a qualified electing fund election with respect to your ADSs or ordinary shares only if we agree to furnish you annually with certain tax information, and we currently do not intend to prepare or provide such information. Therefore, U.S. Holders should assume that they will not receive such information from us and would not be able to make a qualified electing fund election.

Because, as a technical matter, a mark-to-market election cannot be made for any lower-tier PFICs that we may own, a U.S. Holder will continue to be subject to the PFIC rules with respect to such U.S. Holder’s indirect interest in any investments held by us that are treated as an equity interest in a PFIC for United States federal income tax purposes.

In the case of a U.S. Holder who has held our ADSs or ordinary shares during any taxable year in respect of which we were classified as a PFIC and continue to hold such ADSs or ordinary shares (or any portion thereof), and has not previously determined to make a mark-to-market election, and who later considers making a mark-to-market election, special tax rules may apply relating to purging the PFIC taint of such ADSs or ordinary shares. You should consult your tax advisors concerning the United States federal income tax consequences of purchasing, holding and disposing of our ADSs or ordinary shares if we are or become classified as a PFIC, including the possibility of making a mark-to-market election and the unavailability of the QEF election.

Medicare Tax

An additional 3.8% tax is imposed on a portion or all of the net investment income of certain individuals with a modified adjusted gross income of over \$200,000 (or \$250,000 in the case of joint filers or \$125,000 in the case of married individuals filing separately) and on the undistributed net investment income of certain estates and trusts. For these purposes, “net investment income” generally includes interest, dividends (including dividends paid with respect to our ADSs or ordinary shares), annuities, royalties, rents, net gain attributable to the disposition of property not held in a trade or business (including net gain from the sale, exchange or other taxable disposition of an ADS or ordinary share) and certain other income, reduced by any deductions properly allocable to such income or net gain. You are urged to consult a tax advisor regarding the applicability of this tax to their income and gains in respect of an investment in our ADSs or ordinary shares.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

You may be required to submit certain information to the IRS with respect to your beneficial ownership of our ADSs or ordinary shares, if such ADSs or ordinary shares are not held on your behalf by a financial institution. Penalties are also imposed if you are required to submit such information to the IRS and fail to do so. You are urged to consult a tax advisor regarding your tax filing requirements with respect to an investment in our ADSs or ordinary shares.

[Table of Contents](#)

Dividend payments with respect to ADSs or ordinary shares and proceeds from the sale, exchange or redemption of ADSs or ordinary shares may be subject to information reporting to the IRS and possible United States backup withholding at a current rate of 28%. Backup withholding will not apply to you, however, if you furnish a correct taxpayer identification number and make any other required certification or are otherwise exempt from backup withholding. U.S. Holders that are required to establish their exempt status generally must provide such certification on IRS Form W-9. You should consult a tax advisor regarding the application of the United States information reporting and backup withholding rules.

Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Amounts withheld as backup withholding can be credited against your United States federal income tax liability, and you may obtain a refund of any excess amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules by timely filing the appropriate claim for refund with the IRS and furnishing any required information in a timely manner.

F. Dividends and Paying Agents

Not applicable.

G. Statement by Experts

Not applicable.

H. Documents on Display

We have previously filed with the SEC our registration statement on Form F-1, as amended and prospectus under the Securities Act, with respect to our ordinary shares. We have also previously filed with the SEC (i) our registration statement on Form F-2, as amended, and prospectus under the Securities Act, with respect to the sale of 1,914,000 ADSs by certain selling shareholders; (ii) our registration statement on Form F-3 and prospectus under the Securities Act, with respect to the sale of 13,290,000 ADSs by a selling shareholder; (iii) our registration statement on Form F-3 with respect to the sale of ADSs by our company and any selling shareholders on a continuous basis and a prospectus under the Securities Act, and have issued and sold 5,700,000 ADSs of our company under this Form F-3; and (iv) our registration statement on Form F-3 with respect to the sale of ADSs by our company on a continuous basis and a “shelf takedown” prospectus supplement covering an aggregate number of 2,661,967 ordinary shares issued for the purposes of certain investments in several non-U.S. investment entities, which are managed or owned by parties unaffiliated with each other and unaffiliated with us and are dedicated to investing in businesses in China.

We are subject to the periodic reporting and other informational requirements of the Exchange Act. Under the Exchange Act, we are required to file reports and other information with the SEC. Specifically, we are required to file annually a Form 20-F within four months after the end of each fiscal year. Copies of reports and other information, when so filed, may be inspected without charge and may be obtained at prescribed rates at the SEC's public reference room located at Room 1580, 100F Street, NE, Washington, D.C. 20549. The public may obtain information regarding the Washington, D.C. Public Reference Room by calling the Commission at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC also maintains a website at www.sec.gov that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding registrants that make electronic filings with the SEC using its EDGAR system. As a foreign private issuer, we are exempt from the rules under the Exchange Act prescribing the furnishing and content of quarterly reports and proxy statements, and officers, directors and principal shareholders are exempt from the reporting and short-swing profit recovery provisions contained in Section 16 of the Exchange Act.

Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

We will furnish our shareholders with annual reports, which will include a review of operations and annual audited consolidated financial statements prepared in conformity with U.S. GAAP.

I. Subsidiary Information

For a list of our subsidiaries, see “Item 4.C. Organizational Structure.”

[Table of Contents](#)

ITEM 11. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Interest Rate Risk. Our exposure to interest rate risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to the interest income generated by excess cash deposited in banks, interest rates associated with the issuance of the 2017 Notes, the 2018 Notes, the Priceline 2019 Notes, the Priceline 2020 Notes, the 2020 Notes, the 2025 Notes, the Priceline 2025 Notes, and the Hillhouse 2025 Notes. The 2017 Notes we issued in September 2012 bear interest at a rate of 0.5% per year, payable semiannually in arrears on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning on March 15, 2013. The 2018 Notes we issued in October 2013 bear interest at a rate of 1.25% per year, payable semiannually in arrears on April 15 and October 15 of each year, beginning on April 15, 2014. The Priceline 2019 Notes we issued in August 2014 bear interest at a rate of 1.00% per year that accrues annually from August 7, 2014. The Priceline 2020 Notes we issued in May 2015 bear interest at a rate of 1.00% per year that accrues annually from November 29, 2015. The 2020 Notes we issued in June 2015 bear interest at a rate of 1.00% per year, payable semiannually in arrears on January 1 and July 1 of each year, beginning on January 1, 2016. The 2025 Notes we issued in June 2015 bear interest at a rate of 1.99% per year, payable semiannually in arrears on January 1 and July 1 of each year, beginning on January 1, 2016. The Priceline 2025 Notes and the Hillhouse 2025 Notes we issued in December 2015 bear interest at a rate of 2.00% per year that accrues annually from June 11, 2016. We have not used any derivative financial instruments to hedge interest rate risk. We have not been exposed nor do we anticipate being exposed to material risks due to changes in interest rates. Based on our cash balance as of December 31, 2015, a one basis point decrease in interest rates would result in approximately a RMB1.4 million (US\$0.2 million) decrease in our interest income on an annual basis. Our future interest income may fluctuate in line with changes in interest rates. However, the risk associated with fluctuating interest rates is principally confined to our interest-bearing cash deposits, and, therefore, our exposure to interest rate risk is limited.

Foreign Exchange Risk. We are exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures. Some of our expenses are denominated in foreign currencies while the majority of our revenues are denominated in RMB. As we hold assets dominated in U.S. dollars, including our bank deposits, any changes against our functional currencies could potentially result in a charge to our income statement and a reduction in the value of our U.S. dollar-denominated assets. In 2009, we changed our functional currency from RMB to U.S. dollars. We have not used any forward contracts or currency borrowings to hedge our exposure to foreign currency risk. For the year ended December 31, 2015, foreign exchange gains accounted for approximately 1% of our net income. As of December 31, 2015, a 1% strengthening/weakening of RMB against U.S. dollar would have increased/decreased our net income by 0.5%. See “Risk Factors — Risks Related to Doing Business in China — Future movements in exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and RMB may adversely affect the value of our ADSs.”

Investment Risk. As of December 31, 2015, our equity investments, including marketable securities, totaled US\$627 million. We periodically review our investments for impairment. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Company and the affiliated entity are eliminated to the extent of the Company’s interest in the affiliated entity; unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. We are unable to control these factors and an impairment charge recognized by us will impact our operating results and financial position.

We have invested through open market purchases and in a private placement transaction a total of US\$92 million in approximately 15% stake in Homeinns, a leading economy hotel chain in China. The purchase prices were determined based on the trading prices of Homeinns’ ADSs on the NASDAQ Global Market at the time of each open market purchase or the average closing prices of Homeinns’ ADSs as stipulated in the relevant purchase agreement. If Homeinns experiences a net loss in the future, we would share the net loss of Homeinns proportionate to our equity interest. In March 2010, we invested a total of US\$67.5 million in approximately 9% stake in Hanting, a leading economy hotel chain in China, through private placement transactions and purchases in Hanting’s initial public offering. The purchase prices for shares acquired in both private placement transactions and the initial public offering were equal to Hanting’s initial public offering price. As of December 31 2015, we recorded the investment in Hanting at a fair value of RMB1.1 billion (approximately US\$172 million), with RMB679 (US\$105 million) million increase in fair value of the investment credited to other comprehensive income. In May 2015, we acquired a 38% equity stake in eLong for a total purchase price of approximately US\$422 million. The purchase prices for shares acquired in the transaction is based on approximately US\$1.1 billion valuation of eLong. In October 2015, we completed a share exchange transaction with Baidu and obtained approximately 45% of the aggregate voting interest of Qunar in exchange for our newly issued ordinary shares. The share exchange ratio for the transaction is 0.725 our ADSs per Qunar ADS. To the extent that the applicable ADS price of Hanting, declines to a level that is lower than their respective share purchase price, we could incur impairment loss under U.S. GAAP, which in turn would adversely affect our financial results for the relevant periods. In addition, if any of Homeinns and eLong incur a net loss in the future, we would share their net loss proportionate to our equity interest in them.

ITEM 12. DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES OTHER THAN EQUITY SECURITIES

A. Debt Securities

Not applicable.

B. Warrants and Rights

Not applicable.

C. Other Securities

Not applicable.

D. American Depository Shares

[Table of Contents](#)

Fees paid by our ADS holders

The Bank of New York Mellon, the depositary of our ADS program, collects its fees for delivery and surrender of ADSs directly from investors depositing shares or surrendering ADSs for the purpose of withdrawal or from intermediaries acting for them. The depositary collects fees for making distributions to investors by deducting those fees from the amounts distributed or by selling a portion of distributable property to pay the fees. The depositary may collect its annual fee for depositary services by deducting from cash distributions or by directly billing investors or by charging the book-entry system accounts of participants acting for them. The depositary may generally refuse to provide fee-attracting services until its fees for those services are paid.

Persons depositing or withdrawing shares must pay:

\$5.00 (or less) per 100 ADSs (or portion of 100 ADSs)

\$0.02 (or less) per ADS

A fee equivalent to the fee that would be payable if securities distributed to you had been shares and the shares had been deposited for issuance of ADSs

\$0.02 (or less) per ADSs per calendar year

Registration or transfer fees

Expenses of the depositary

Taxes and other governmental charges the depositary or the custodian have to pay on any ADS or share underlying an ADS, for example, stock transfer taxes, stamp duty or withholding taxes

Any charges incurred by the depositary or its agents for servicing the deposited securities

For:

- Issuance of ADSs, including issuances resulting from a distribution of shares or rights or other property
- Cancellation of ADSs for the purpose of withdrawal, including if the deposit agreement terminates
- Any cash distribution to ADS registered holders
- Distribution of securities distributed to holders of deposited securities which are distributed by the depositary to ADS registered holders
- Depositary services
- Transfer and registration of shares on our share register to or from the name of the depositary or its agent when you deposit or withdraw shares
- Cable, telex and facsimile transmissions (when expressly provided in the deposit agreement)
- Converting foreign currency to U.S. dollars
- As necessary
- As necessary

Fees and Payments from the Depositary to Us

We expect to receive from the depositary a reimbursement of approximately US\$2 million, net of withholding tax, for our continuing annual stock exchange listing fees and our expenses incurred in connection with investor relationship programs for 2015. In addition, the depositary has agreed to reimburse us annually for our expenses incurred in connection with investor relationship programs in the future. The amount of such reimbursements is subject to certain limits.

PART II

ITEM 13. DEFAULTS, DIVIDEND ARREARAGES AND DELINQUENCIES

None.

ITEM 14. MATERIAL MODIFICATIONS TO THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Not applicable.

ITEM 15. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As required by Rule 13a-15(b) under the Exchange Act, our management, including our chief executive officer, James Jianzhang Liang, and our chief financial officer, Xiaofan Wang, performed an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures, as that term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) of the Exchange Act, as of the end of the period covered by this annual report. Based on that evaluation, our management has concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this annual report.

[Table of Contents](#)

Report of Management on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Our internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of our financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) in the United States of America and includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of our company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and that receipts and expenditures of our company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of our management and directors; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of the unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of our company's assets that could have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risks that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Our management has excluded Qunar from its assessment of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2015 because we acquired it in a business purchase combination in 2015. Qunar is a consolidated subsidiary whose total assets and total revenues represent 9% and 0%, respectively, of the related consolidated financial statement amounts as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Our management conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2015 based on the framework in Internal Control—Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on this evaluation, our management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2015.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian LLP, our independent registered public accounting firm, audited the effectiveness of our company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2015, as stated in its report, which appears on page F-2 of this Form 20-F.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

As required by Rule 13a-15(d), under the Exchange Act, our management, including our chief executive officer and our chief financial officer, also conducted an evaluation of our internal control over financial reporting to determine whether any changes occurred during the period covered by this report have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. Based on that evaluation, it has been determined that there has been no such change during the period covered by this annual report.

ITEM 16A. AUDIT COMMITTEE FINANCIAL EXPERT

See "Item 6.C. Board Practices."

ITEM 16B. CODE OF ETHICS

Our board of directors has adopted a code of ethics that applies to our directors, officers, employees and agents, including certain provisions that specifically apply to our chief executive officer, chief financial officer, financial controller, vice presidents and any other persons who perform similar functions for us. We have filed our code of business conduct and ethics as an exhibit to our annual report on Form 20-F for our fiscal year 2003, and posted the code on our investor relations website at ir.ctrip.com. On March 3, 2009, our board of directors approved amendments to our code of ethics and on July 13, 2012, the code of ethics was further amended and restated by our board of directors. We have filed our amended and restated code of business conduct and ethics as an exhibit to our annual report on Form 20-F for our fiscal year 2012, and posted the amended and restated code on our investor relations website at ir.ctrip.com.

ITEM 16C. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

The following table sets forth the aggregate fees by categories specified below in connection with certain professional services rendered by PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian LLP, our principal external auditors, for the periods indicated.

[Table of Contents](#)

	For the Year Ended December 31,		
	2014 RMB	2015 RMB	2015 US\$
Audit fees ⁽¹⁾	8,078,626	9,284,558	1,433,289
Audit related fees ⁽²⁾	—	3,400,000	524,870
Tax fees ⁽³⁾	—	5,289,677	816,585

- (1) "Audit fees" means the aggregate fees for professional services rendered by our principal external auditors for the interim review of quarterly financial statements and the audit of our annual financial statements and other statutory audits of our subsidiaries.
- (2) "Audit related fees" includes fees billed for those services that are provided by the independent accountants that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of our financial statements and not reported under "Audit fees."
- (3) "Tax fees" represents the aggregate fees billed for the fiscal year listed for the professional tax services rendered by our principal auditors.

Our audit committee pre-approves all audit and permissible non-audit services provided by the independent registered public accounting firm. These services may include audit services, audit-related services and tax services, as well as, to a very limited extent, specifically designated non-audit services which, in the opinion of the audit committee, will not impair the independence of the registered public accounting firm. The independent registered public accounting firm and our management are required to report to the audit committee on the quarterly basis regarding the extent of services provided by the independent registered public accounting firm in accordance with this pre-approval.

ITEM 16D. EXEMPTIONS FROM THE LISTING STANDARDS FOR AUDIT COMMITTEES

Not applicable.

ITEM 16E. PURCHASE OF EQUITY SECURITIES BY THE ISSUER AND AFFILIATED PURCHASERS

On July 30, 2008 and September 30, 2008, our board of directors and shareholders respectively approved a share repurchase plan, or the 2008 Repurchase Plan, pursuant to which we were authorized to purchase our own ADSs with an aggregate value of US\$15 million by a repurchase of corresponding ordinary shares from the depositary, to be funded out of our capital. On September 30, 2011, our board of directors approved an additional share repurchase plan , or the 2011 Repurchase Plan, pursuant to which we were authorized to purchase our own ADSs with an aggregate value of US\$100 million by a repurchase of corresponding ordinary shares from the depositary, to be funded out of our existing cash balance. On June 13, 2012, our board of directors approved an additional share repurchase plan, or the 2012 Repurchase Plan, pursuant to which we were authorized to purchase our own ADSs with an aggregate value of up to US\$300 million by a repurchase of corresponding ordinary shares from the depositary. On April 3, 2014, our board of directors approved an additional share repurchase plan, or the 2014 Repurchase Plan (together with the 2012 Repurchase Plan, the "Plans"), pursuant to which we were authorized to purchase our own ADSs with an aggregate value of up to US\$600 million by a repurchase of corresponding ordinary shares from the depositary, to be funded out of our existing cash balance. Both the 2008 Repurchase Plan and the 2011 Repurchase Plan were completed prior to the beginning of the period covered by the table below. The 2012 Repurchase Plan was completed after the repurchases in June 2015. Under the Plans, we were authorized to effect a share repurchase on the open market at prevailing market prices and/or in negotiated transactions off the market from time to time as market conditions, in their judgment, warrant, in accordance with all applicable requirements of Rule 10b-18 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and on the terms set out in the resolutions of our board of directors approving such share repurchase. As of the date of this annual report on Form 20-F, we purchased approximately 42 million ADSs with a total consideration of approximately US\$510 million from the open market under the Plans.

Period	Total Number of ADS Purchased	Average Price Paid Per ADS ⁽¹⁾	Total Number of ADSs Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans	Approximate Dollar Value of ADSs that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans
January 1 to January 31, 2015	0	US\$ N/A	0	US\$ 645,009,480
February 1 to February 29, 2015	0	US\$ N/A	0	US\$ 645,009,480
March 1 to March 31, 2015	0	US\$ N/A	0	US\$ 645,009,480
April 1 to April 30, 2015	0	US\$ N/A	0	US\$ 645,009,480
May 1 to May 31, 2015	0	US\$ N/A	0	US\$ 645,009,480
June 1 to June 30, 2015 ⁽²⁾	2,108,312	US\$ 37.45	2,108,312	US\$ 566,047,891
July 1 to July 31, 2015 ⁽³⁾	731,746	US\$ 34.40	731,746	US\$ 540,874,341
August 1 to August 31, 2015 ⁽³⁾	950,914	US\$ 30.96	950,914	US\$ 511,431,730
September 1 to September 30, 2015 ⁽³⁾	5,400	US\$ 31.49	5,400	US\$ 511,261,706
October 1 to October 31, 2015 ⁽³⁾	192,112	US\$ 30.98	192,112	US\$ 505,310,115
November 1 to November 30, 2015	0	US\$ N/A	0	US\$ 505,310,115
December 1 to December 31, 2015	0	US\$ N/A	0	US\$ 505,310,115
Total	3,988,484	US\$ 35.03	3,988,484	US\$ 505,310,115

[Table of Contents](#)

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- (1) Each ADS represents 0.125 ordinary shares.
 - (2) Repurchases were made pursuant to the 2012 Repurchase Plan and the 2014 Repurchase Plan.
 - (3) Repurchases were made pursuant to the 2014 Repurchase Plan.

ITEM 16F. CHANGE IN REGISTRANT'S CERTIFYING ACCOUNTANT

Not applicable.

ITEM 16G. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Rule 5635(c) of the NASDAQ Rules requires a NASDAQ-listed company to obtain its shareholders' approval of all equity compensation plans, including stock plans, and any material amendments to such plans. Rule 5615 of the NASDAQ Rules permits a foreign private issuer like our company to follow home country practice in certain corporate governance matters. Pursuant to board approval obtained on November 17, 2008, we amended our 2007 Plan. We believe that some of the amendments are material changes to the then existing plan. Our Cayman Islands counsel has provided a letter to NASDAQ dated November 17, 2008 certifying that under Cayman Islands law, we are not required to obtain shareholders' approval for amendments to our existing equity incentive plan. NASDAQ has acknowledged the receipt of such letter and our home country practice with respect to approval for amendments to our equity incentive plan. Rule 5605(b) of the NASDAQ Rule requires that a majority of a NASDAQ-listed company's board of directors be independent directors as defined in Rule 5605(a)(2). Our Cayman Islands counsel has provided a letter to NASDAQ dated October 27, 2015 certifying that under Cayman Islands law, we are not required to follow or comply with the requirement that a majority of our board members be independent directors. NASDAQ has acknowledged the receipt of such letter and our home country practice with respect to the composition of our board of directors.

Other than the home country practices described above, we are not aware of any significant ways in which our corporate governance practices differ from those followed by U.S. domestic companies under the NASDAQ Rules.

ITEM 16H. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURE

Not applicable.

PART III

ITEM 17. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have elected to provide financial statements pursuant to Item 18.

ITEM 18. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements for Ctrip.com International, Ltd. and its subsidiaries are included at the end of this annual report.

ITEM 19. EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Document
1.1	Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association of Ctrip.com International, Ltd. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 from our Registration Statement on Form F-1 (file no. 333-110455) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 25, 2003)
1.2	Amendment to the Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association of Ctrip.com International, Ltd. adopted by the shareholders of Ctrip.com International, Ltd. on October 17, 2006 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.2 to our Report of Foreign Private Issuer on Form 6-K furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 17, 2006)
1.3	Amendment to the Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association of Ctrip.com International, Ltd. adopted by the shareholders of Ctrip.com International, Ltd. on October 26, 2012 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1.3 from our Annual Report on Form 20-F (file no. 001-33853) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 29, 2013)

[Table of Contents](#)

Exhibit Number	Document
1.4*	Second Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association of Ctrip.com International, Ltd. adopted by the shareholders of Ctrip.com International, Ltd. on December 21, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.2 to our Report of Foreign Private Issuer on Form 6-K furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 23, 2015)
2.1	Specimen American Depository Receipt of Ctrip.com International, Ltd. (incorporated by reference to the prospectus dated January 25, 2010 as part of the Registration Statement on Form F-6 (file no. 333-145167) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 6, 2007)
2.2	Specimen Stock Certificate of Ctrip.com International, Ltd. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 from our Registration Statement on Form F-1 (file no. 333-110455) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 25, 2003)
2.3	Rights Agreement dated as of November 23, 2007 between Ctrip.com International, Ltd. and The Bank of New York, as Rights Agent (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 from our Report of Foreign Private Issuer on Form 6-K furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 23, 2007)
2.4	First Amendment to the Rights Agreement dated as of August 7, 2014 between Ctrip.com International, Ltd. and The Bank of New York, as Rights Agent (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 from our Report of Foreign Private Issuer on Form 8-A/A furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 8, 2014)
2.5	Second Amendment to the Rights Agreement dated as of August 7, 2014 between Ctrip.com International, Ltd. and The Bank of New York, as Rights Agent (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 from our Report of Foreign Private Issuer on Form 8-A/A furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 8, 2014)
2.6*	Third Amendment to the Rights Agreement dated as of May 29, 2015 between Ctrip.com International, Ltd. and The Bank of New York, as Rights Agent (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 from our Report of Foreign Private Issuer on Form 8-A/A furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 4, 2015)
2.7*	Fourth Amendment to the Rights Agreement dated as of October 26, 2015 between Ctrip.com International, Ltd. and The Bank of New York, as Rights Agent (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 from our Report of Foreign Private Issuer on Form 8-A/A furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 27, 2015)
2.8*	Fifth Amendment to the Rights Agreement dated as of December 23, 2015 between Ctrip.com International, Ltd. and The Bank of New York, as Rights Agent (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 from our Report of Foreign Private Issuer on Form 8-A/A furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 23, 2015)
2.9	Deposit Agreement dated as of December 8, 2003, as amended and restated as of August 11, 2006, and as further amended and restated as of December 3, 2007, among Ctrip.com International, Ltd., The Bank of New York as Depositary, and all Owners and Beneficial from time to time of American Depository Shares issued thereunder (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.4 from our Annual Report on Form 20-F (file no. 001-33853) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 29, 2008)
4.1	Form of Ctrip.com International, Ltd. Stock Option Plans (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 from our Registration Statement on Form F-1 (file no. 333-110455) and Exhibit 10.23 from our Registration Statement on Form F-2 (file no. 333-121080) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 13, 2003 and December 8, 2004, respectively)
4.2	Form of Indemnification Agreement with the Registrant's directors and executive officers (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 from our Registration Statement on Form F-1 (file no. 333-110455) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 13, 2003)
4.3	Translation of Form of Labor Contract for Employees of the Registrant's subsidiaries in China (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 from our Registration Statement on Form F-1 (file no. 333-110455) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 13, 2003)
4.4	Employment Agreement between the Registrant and James Jianzhang Liang (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 from our Registration Statement on Form F-1 (file no. 333-110455) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 13, 2003)
4.5	Employment and Confidentiality Agreement between the Registrant and Jane Jie Sun (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.5 from our Annual Report on Form 20-F (file no. 000-50483) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 26, 2006)

[Table of Contents](#)

Exhibit Number	Document
4.6	Employment Agreement, between the Registrant and Min Fan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 from our Registration Statement on Form F-1 (file no. 333-110455) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 13, 2003)
4.7*	Translation of Executed Form of Technical Consulting and Services Agreement between a wholly owned subsidiary of the Registrant and a consolidated affiliated Chinese entity of the Registrant, as currently in effect, and a schedule of all executed technical consulting and services agreements adopting the same form in respect of a consolidated affiliated Chinese entity of the Registrant
4.8*	Translation of Executed Form of Loan Agreement between a wholly owned subsidiary of the Registrant and shareholders of a consolidated affiliated Chinese entity of the Registrant, as currently in effect, and a schedule of all executed loan agreements adopting the same form in respect of a consolidated affiliated Chinese entity of the Registrant
4.9*	Translation of Executed Form of Exclusive Option Agreement among a wholly owned subsidiary of the Registrant, a consolidated affiliated Chinese entity of the Registrant and a shareholder of the consolidated affiliated Chinese entity, as currently in effect, and a schedule of all executed exclusive option agreements adopting the same form in respect of a consolidated affiliated Chinese entity of the Registrant
4.10*	Translation of Executed Form of Share Pledge Agreement between a wholly owned subsidiary of the Registrant and a shareholder of a consolidated affiliated Chinese entity of the Registrant, as currently in effect, and a schedule of all executed share pledge agreements adopting the same form in respect of a consolidated affiliated Chinese entity of the Registrant
4.11*	Translation of Executed Form of Power of Attorney by a shareholder of a consolidated affiliated Chinese entity of the Registrant, as currently in effect, and a schedule of all executed power of attorney adopting the same form in respect of a consolidated affiliated Chinese entity of the Registrant
4.12	Translation of Lease Agreement dated May 1, 2003 between Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. and Yu Zhong (Shanghai) Consulting Co., Ltd. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.14 from our Registration Statement on Form F-1 (file no. 333-110455) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 13, 2003)
4.13	Confidentiality and Non-Competition Agreement, effective as of September 10, 2003, between the Registrant and Qi Ji (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 from our Registration Statement on Form F-1 (file no. 333-110455) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 13, 2003)
4.14	Form of Director Agreement between the Registrant and its director (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.20 from our Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 11, 2004)
4.15	Translation of Land Early Development Cost Compensation Agreement dated February 3, 2005 between Shanghai Hong Qiao Lin Kong Economic Development Park Co., Ltd. and Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.18 from our Annual Report on Form 20-F (file no. 000-50483) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 22, 2005)
4.16	Translation of Construction Agreement dated February 13, 2006 between Shanghai No. 1 Construction Co., Ltd. and Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.5 from our Annual Report on Form 20-F (file no. 000-50483) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 26, 2006)
4.17	Translation of State Land Use Right Assignment Contract dated February 25, 2008 between Nantong Land Resource Bureau and Ctrip Information Technology (Nantong) Co., Ltd. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.21 from our Annual Report on Form 20-F (file no. 001-33853) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 29, 2008)
4.18	Ctrip.com International, Ltd. 2007 Share Incentive Plan, as amended and restated as of November 17, 2008 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.21 from our Annual Report on Form 20-F (file no. 001-33853) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 26, 2009)
4.19	Summary of key terms of the form revolving credit facility agreement between each of Ctrip Computer Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. and Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. and our consolidated affiliated Chinese entity, Shanghai Huacheng Southwest International Travel Agency Co., Ltd. (formerly Shanghai Huacheng Southwest Travel Agency Co., Ltd.), and China Merchants Bank, Shanghai Branch (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.22 from our Annual Report on Form 20-F (file no. 001-33853) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 26, 2009)

[Table of Contents](#)

Exhibit Number	Document
4.20	Purchase Agreement dated May 7, 2009 between Ctrip.com International, Ltd. and Home Inns & Hotels Management Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.(B) from our General Statement of Acquisition of Beneficial Ownership on Schedule 13D (file no. 005-82520) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 21, 2009)
4.21	Registration Rights Agreement dated May 7, 2009 between Ctrip.com International, Ltd. and Home Inns & Hotels Management Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.(C) from our General Statement of Acquisition of Beneficial Ownership on Schedule 13D (file no. 005-82520) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 21, 2009)
4.22	Sale and Purchase Agreement dated February 3, 2010 among Wing On Travel (Holdings) Limited, C-Travel International Limited and Ctrip.com International, Ltd. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 from our Registration Statement on Form F-3 (file no. 333-165150) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 2, 2010)
4.23	Subscription Agreement dated March 12, 2010 between Ctrip.com International, Ltd. and China Lodging Group, Limited (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.(A) from our General Statement of Acquisition of Beneficial Ownership on Schedule 13D (file no. 005-85408) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 9, 2010)
4.24	Share Purchase Agreement dated March 12, 2010 between Ctrip.com International, Ltd. and the selling shareholders named therein (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.(B) from our General Statement of Acquisition of Beneficial Ownership on Schedule 13D (file no. 005-85408) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 9, 2010)
4.25	Investor and Registration Rights Agreement dated March 12 2010 between Ctrip.com International, Ltd. and China Lodging Group, Limited (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.(C) from our General Statement of Acquisition of Beneficial Ownership on Schedule 13D (file no. 005-85408) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 9, 2010)
4.26	Translation of Construction Contract as of February 2012 between Chengdu Ctrip Information Technology Co., Ltd. and Hunan No. 1 Engineering Co., Ltd. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.27 from our Annual Report on Form 20-F (file no. 001-33853) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 30, 2012)
4.27	Translation of Construction Contract dated September 8, 2008 between Ctrip Information Technology (Nantong) Co., Ltd. and Shanghai No. 1 Construction Co., Ltd. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.28 from our Annual Report on Form 20-F (file no. 001-33853) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 30, 2012)
4.28	Translation of Framework Agreement for Purchase and Sale of 3-9F Building A of Hongqiao International Technology Square dated December 9, 2011 among Shanghai Hongqiao Linkkong Technology Development Co., Ltd., Ctrip Computer Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. and Shanghai Huanji Digital Technology Co., Ltd. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.29 from our Annual Report on Form 20-F (file no. 001-33853) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 30, 2012)
4.29	Translation of State-Owned Construction Land Use Right Transfer Contract dated September 30, 2011 between Chengdu Ctrip Information Technology Co., Ltd. and Chengdu Land Resources Bureau (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.30 from our Annual Report on Form 20-F (file no. 001-33853) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 30, 2012)
4.30	Indenture, dated September 25, 2012, constituting US\$180.0 million 0.50% Convertible Senior Notes due 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.30 from our Annual Report on Form 20-F (file no. 001-33853) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 29, 2013)
4.31	Translation of Framework Agreement for Purchase and Sale of First Underground Floor of Building A and the Whole Building B of Hongqiao International Technology Square dated September 25, 2013 among Shanghai Hongqiao Linkkong Technology Development Co., Ltd., Ctrip Computer Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. and Shanghai Huanji Digital Technology Co., Ltd. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.31 from our Annual Report on Form 20-F (file no. 001-33853) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 28, 2014)
4.32	Indenture, dated October 10, 2013, constituting US\$800.0 million 1.25% Convertible Senior Notes due 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.32 from our Annual Report on Form 20-F (file no. 001-33853) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 28, 2014)
4.33	Translation of Framework Agreement for purchase of certain premises and certain auxiliary facilities in Sky SOHO dated September 26, 2014 among Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., SOHO (Shanghai) Investment Co., Ltd. and other affiliates of the company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.33 from our Annual Report on Form 20-F (file no. 001-33853) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 27, 2015)

[Table of Contents](#)

Exhibit Number	Document
4.34	Convertible Purchase Agreement for purchase of US\$500 million 1.00% convertible note due 2019 dated August 7, 2014 between Ctrip.com International, Ltd. and Priceline Group Treasury Company B.V. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2 from Schedule 13D (file no. 005-79455) filed by The Priceline Group Inc. with the Securities and Exchange Commission on September 29, 2014)
4.35	Amended and Restated Standstill Agreement dated September 15, 2014 between Ctrip.com International, Ltd. and The Priceline Group Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3 from Schedule 13D (file no. 005-79455) filed by The Priceline Group Inc. with the Securities and Exchange Commission on September 29, 2014)
4.36	Translation of Investment Agreement for acquisition of a minority stake in Tongcheng Network Technology Share Co., Ltd. dated April 28, 2014 between Shanghai Ctrip International Travel Service Co., Ltd., Tongcheng Network Technology Co., Ltd. and other parties thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.36 from our Annual Report on Form 20-F (file no. 001-33853) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 27, 2015)
4.37	The Secured Credit Agreement dated December 29, 2014 between Ctrip Investment Holding Ltd and Exquisite Marine Ltd. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.37 from our Annual Report on Form 20-F (file no. 001-33853) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 27, 2015)
4.38*	Share Purchase Agreement for the acquisition of certain shares of eLong dated May 22, 2015 between Ctrip.com International, Ltd., C-Travel International Limited, Keystone Lodging Holdings Limited, Plateno Group Limited, Luxuriant Holdings Limited, Expedia, Inc. and Expedia Asia Pacific — Alpha Limited. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit B from Schedule 13D (file no. 005-80401) filed by Ctrip.com International, Ltd. with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 1, 2015)
4.39*	Right of First Refusal Agreement dated May 22, 2015 by and between C-Travel International Limited and Keystone Lodging Holdings Limited (incorporated by reference to Exhibit D from Schedule 13D (file no. 005-80401) filed by Ctrip.com International, Ltd. with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 1, 2015)
4.40*	Convertible Note Purchase Agreement for purchase of US\$250 million 1.00% convertible note due 2020 dated May 26, 2015 between Ctrip.com International, Ltd. and Priceline Group Treasury Company B.V. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1 from Schedule 13D/A (file no. 005-79455) filed by The Priceline Group Inc. with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 29, 2015)
4.41*	Second Amended and Restated Standstill Agreement dated May 26, 2015 between Ctrip.com International, Ltd. and The Priceline Group Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2 from Schedule 13D/A (file no. 005-79455) filed by The Priceline Group Inc. with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 29, 2015)
4.42*	Purchase Agreement for the issuance of US\$700 million 1.00% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020 and US\$400 million 1.99% Convertible Senior Notes due 2025 dated June 18, 2015 between Ctrip.com International, Ltd. and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC
4.43*	Indenture, dated June 24, 2015, constituting US\$700 million 1.00% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020
4.44*	Indenture, dated June 24, 2015, constituting US\$400 million 1.99% Convertible Senior Notes due 2025
4.45*	Share Exchange Agreement dated as of October 24, 2015 among Baidu, Inc., Baidu Holdings Limited and Ctrip.com International, Ltd. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2 from Schedule 13D (file no. 005-79455) filed by Baidu, Inc. with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 4, 2015)
4.46*	Standstill Agreement dated as of October 26, 2015 between Baidu, Inc. and Ctrip.com International, Ltd. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3 from Schedule 13D (file no. 005-79455) filed by Baidu, Inc. with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 4, 2015)
4.47*	Registration Rights Agreement dated as of October 26, 2015 between Baidu Holdings Limited and Ctrip.com International, Ltd. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4 from Schedule 13D (file no. 005-79455) filed by Baidu, Inc. with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 4, 2015)
4.48*	Convertible Note Purchase Agreement for purchase of US\$500 million 2.00% convertible note due 2025 dated December 9, 2015 between Ctrip.com International, Ltd. and Priceline Group Treasury Company B.V. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1 from Schedule 13D/A (file no. 005-79455) filed by The Priceline Group Inc. with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 14, 2015)

[Table of Contents](#)

Exhibit Number	Document
4.49*	Third Amended and Restated Standstill Agreement dated December 9, 2015 between Ctrip.com International, Ltd. and The Priceline Group Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2 from Schedule 13D/A (file no. 005-79455) filed by The Priceline Group Inc. with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 14, 2015)
4.50*	Convertible Note Purchase Agreement for the purchase of US\$500 million 2.00% convertible notes due 2025 dated December 9, 2015 among Ctrip.com International, Ltd., Gaoling Fund, L.P. and YHG Investment, L.P.
4.51*	Framework Agreement for Treatment of Qunar Employee Shares and Equity Awards dated December 9, 2015 between Ctrip.com International, Ltd. and Qunar Cayman Islands Limited
4.52*	Restated Exclusive Technical Consulting and Services Agreement dated March 23, 2016 between Beijing Qu Na Information Technology Co., Ltd. and Beijing Qunar Software Technology Co., Ltd.
4.53*	Loan Agreement dated March 23, 2016 among Beijing Qunar Software Technology Co., Ltd., Hui Cao and Hui Wang
4.54*	Equity Option Agreement dated March 23, 2016 among Qunar Cayman Islands Limited, Beijing Qunar Software Technology Co., Ltd., Hui Cao, Hui Wang and Beijing Qu Na Information Technology Co., Ltd.
4.55*	Equity Interest Pledge Agreement dated March 23, 2016 among Beijing Qunar Software Technology Co., Ltd., Hui Cao and Hui Wang
4.56*	Power of Attorney by Hui Cao and Hui Wang dated March 23, 2016
8.1*	List of Significant Consolidated Entities of the Registrant
11.1	Code of Business Conduct and Ethics of the Registrant, as amended and restated as of July 3, 2012 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 11.1 from our Annual Report on Form 20-F (file no. 001-33853) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 29, 2013)
12.1*	Chief Executive Officer Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
12.2*	Chief Financial Officer Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
13.1**	Chief Executive Officer Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
13.2**	Chief Financial Officer Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
15.1*	Consent of Maples and Calder
15.2*	Consent of Commerce & Finance Law Offices
15.3*	Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian LLP
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

* Filed with this annual report on Form 20-F.

** Furnished with this annual report on Form 20-F.

[Table of Contents](#)

SIGNATURES

The registrant hereby certifies that it meets all of the requirements for filing its annual report on Form 20-F and that it has duly caused and authorized the undersigned to sign this annual report on its behalf.

CTRIp.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

By: /s/ James Jianzhang Liang

Name: James Jianzhang Liang

Title: Chief Executive Officer

Date: April 22, 2016

[Table of Contents](#)

CTRIp.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.
INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Page
<u>Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm</u>	F-2
<u>Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015</u>	F-3
<u>Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2014 and 2015</u>	F-4
<u>Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015</u>	F-5
<u>Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015</u>	F-8
<u>Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	F-10

F-1

[Table of Contents](#)

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Ctrip.com International, Ltd.:

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated balance sheets and the related consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income, of shareholder's equity and of cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Ctrip.com International, Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries at December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2015 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2015, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). The Company's management is responsible for these financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in Report of Management on Internal Control over Financial Reporting appearing in Item 15 in the accompanying Form 20-F. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements and on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our integrated audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audits of the financial statements included examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company changed the manner in which it accounts for the classification of deferred income tax balances in 2015.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

As indicated in the Report of Management on Internal Control over Financial Reporting appearing in Item 15 in the accompanying Form 20-F, management has excluded Qunar Cayman Islands Limited ("Qunar"), one of its subsidiaries, from its assessment of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2015 because Qunar was acquired in a business purchase combination in 2015. Qunar is a consolidated subsidiary of the Company whose total revenue and total assets represented 0% and 9%, respectively, of the related consolidated financial statement amounts as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting of the Company also did not include an evaluation of the internal control over financial reporting of Qunar.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian LLP
PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian LLP
Shanghai, the People's Republic of China

April 22, 2016

[Table of Contents](#)

CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013, 2014 AND 2015**

	2013 RMB	2014 RMB	2015 RMB	2015 US\$
Revenues:				
Accommodation reservation	2,214,170,887	3,201,426,933	4,616,649,394	712,687,856
Transportation ticketing	2,161,784,259	2,950,072,484	4,453,885,749	687,561,479
Packaged-tour	935,684,729	1,055,369,205	1,667,945,350	257,486,392
Corporate travel	266,988,534	373,407,012	473,245,440	73,056,507
Others	138,388,653	192,281,473	285,220,475	44,030,454
Total revenues	5,717,017,062	7,772,557,107	11,496,946,408	1,774,822,688
Less: business tax and related surcharges	(330,271,520)	(425,638,738)	(599,378,347)	(92,528,072)
Net revenues	5,386,745,542	7,346,918,369	10,897,568,061	1,682,294,616
Cost of revenues	(1,386,767,067)	(2,100,606,413)	(3,043,439,819)	(469,826,148)
Gross profit	3,999,978,475	5,246,311,956	7,854,128,242	1,212,468,468
Operating expenses:				
Product development	(1,245,719,192)	(2,321,348,753)	(3,296,692,936)	(508,921,692)
Sales and marketing	(1,269,412,720)	(2,214,209,719)	(3,087,989,953)	(476,703,503)
General and administrative	(646,404,879)	(861,550,628)	(1,088,402,408)	(168,020,379)
Total operating expenses	(3,161,536,791)	(5,397,109,100)	(7,473,085,297)	(1,153,645,574)
Income/(loss) from operations	838,441,684	(150,797,144)	381,042,945	58,822,894
Interest income	200,068,533	304,583,544	445,767,036	68,814,572
Interest expense	(57,043,756)	(162,354,675)	(302,425,829)	(46,686,503)
Other income (net)	162,529,632	43,820,635	2,480,979,830	382,997,288
Income before income tax expense, equity in income of affiliates and non-controlling interests	1,143,996,093	35,252,360	3,005,363,982	463,948,251
Income tax expense	(293,740,322)	(130,821,156)	(470,188,423)	(72,584,585)
Equity in income / (loss) of affiliates	56,146,814	187,191,141	(135,780,312)	(20,960,868)
Net income	906,402,585	91,622,345	2,399,395,247	370,402,798
Net loss attributable to non-controlling interests	91,917,099	151,117,436	108,260,637	16,712,562
Net income attributable to Ctrip.com International, Ltd.	998,319,684	242,739,781	2,507,655,884	387,115,360
Net income	906,402,585	91,622,345	2,399,395,247	370,402,798
Other comprehensive income:				
Foreign currency translation	(14,167,524)	(66,759,799)	(489,917,917)	(75,630,294)
Unrealized securities holding gains , net of tax	445,580,779	137,704,595	606,415,822	93,614,472
Total comprehensive income	1,337,815,840	162,567,141	2,515,893,152	388,386,976
Comprehensive loss attributable to non-controlling interests	91,917,099	151,117,436	108,260,637	16,712,562
Comprehensive income attributable to Ctrip.com International, Ltd.	1,429,732,939	313,684,577	2,624,153,789	405,099,538
Earnings per ordinary share				
— Basic	30.34	7.08	66.34	10.24
— Diluted	26.63	6.35	56.85	8.78
Earnings per ADS				
— Basic	3.79	0.88	8.29	1.28
— Diluted	3.33	0.79	7.11	1.10
Weighted average ordinary shares outstanding				
— Basic shares	32,905,601	34,289,170	37,797,698	37,797,698
— Diluted shares	38,069,841	38,207,858	47,375,248	47,375,248
Share-based compensation included in Operating expense above is as follows:				
Product development	138,668,196	184,664,576	291,642,931	45,021,910
Sales and marketing	49,104,528	54,391,508	65,574,256	10,122,921
General and administrative	250,156,753	257,587,405	285,379,287	44,054,970

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

[Table of Contents](#)

CTRIp.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2015**

	2014 RMB	2015 RMB	2015 US\$
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	5,300,887,799	19,215,674,674	2,966,389,002
Restricted cash	836,394,951	2,286,882,592	353,033,837
Short-term investments	6,438,854,587	8,235,785,516	1,271,386,198
Accounts receivable, net	1,826,765,949	3,150,768,364	486,394,820
Due from related parties	10,568,937	961,791,458	148,475,016
Prepayments and other current assets	2,469,707,335	6,749,965,827	1,042,015,164
Deferred tax assets, current	193,503,366	—	—
Total current assets	17,076,682,924	40,600,868,431	6,267,694,037
Long-term deposits and prepayments	225,269,063	486,785,968	75,146,804
Long-term loan receivable	192,871,939	578,524,154	89,308,740
Long-term receivables due from related parties	510,039,284	543,911,586	83,965,480
Land use rights	104,568,868	102,328,181	15,796,749
Property, equipment and software	5,220,626,461	5,555,959,499	857,692,349
Investments	5,318,756,447	13,870,523,498	2,141,239,850
Goodwill	1,892,507,708	45,690,440,903	7,053,388,635
Intangible assets	668,202,371	11,007,915,171	1,699,329,274
Deferred tax assets, non-current	—	405,334,569	62,572,875
Total assets	31,209,525,065	118,842,591,960	18,346,134,793
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Short-term debt	3,560,488,641	12,710,213,398	1,962,118,836
Accounts payable	2,304,111,525	5,944,501,681	917,672,926
Due to related parties	17,049,103	2,062,965,953	318,467,065
Salary and welfare payable	525,157,105	1,196,691,839	184,737,386
Taxes payable	339,452,319	1,641,379,425	253,385,320
Advances from customers	3,937,477,522	5,955,827,306	919,421,301
Accrued liability for customer reward program	430,852,908	593,346,816	91,596,964
Other payables and accruals	1,600,113,658	3,561,167,650	549,749,552
Total current liabilities	12,714,702,781	33,666,094,068	5,197,149,350
Deferred tax liabilities, non-current	132,506,644	3,045,259,390	470,107,041
Long-term Debt	7,984,588,052	18,354,608,260	2,833,463,253
Other long-term Liabilities	—	91,702,261	14,156,390
Total liabilities	20,831,797,477	55,157,663,979	8,514,876,034
Commitments and contingencies (Note 21)			
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital (US\$0.01 par value; 175,000,000 shares authorized, 35,146,982 and 51,167,228 shares issued as of December 31, 2014 and 2015, respectively.)	3,085,272	4,121,245	636,211
Additional paid-in capital	4,828,021,816	37,991,678,952	5,864,904,590
Statutory reserves	134,098,747	168,940,969	26,079,992
Accumulated other comprehensive income	443,579,376	560,077,281	86,461,033
Retained earnings	5,726,024,997	8,198,838,659	1,265,682,587
Less: Treasury stock (3,323,262 and 3,577,357 shares as of December 31, 2014 and 2015, respectively.)	(1,605,630,913)	(2,372,927,372)	(366,316,863)
Total Ctrip.com International, Ltd. shareholders' equity	9,529,179,295	44,550,729,734	6,877,447,550
Non-controlling interests	848,548,293	19,134,198,247	2,953,811,209
Total shareholders' equity	10,377,727,588	63,684,927,981	9,831,258,759
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	31,209,525,065	118,842,591,960	18,346,134,793

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

[Table of Contents](#)

CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013, 2014 AND 2015**

	Ordinary shares (US\$0.01 par value)		Additional paid-in capital RMB	Statutory reserves RMB	Accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss) RMB		Number of Treasury stock RMB	Treasury stock RMB	Total Ctrip.com International, Ltd. shareholders' equity RMB	Non- controlling interests RMB	Total shareholders' equity RMB
	Number of shares issued	Par value RMB									
Balance as of December 31, 2012	32,354,634	2,979,144	3,818,256,227	103,222,512	(58,778,675)	4,515,841,767	4,365,306	(1,891,888,900)	6,489,632,075	95,247,538	6,584,879,613
Issuance of common stock pursuant to share incentive plan	885,398	54,346	194,142,177	—	—	—	—	—	194,196,523	—	194,196,523
Share-based compensation	—	—	440,992,258	—	—	—	—	—	440,992,258	—	440,992,258
Appropriations to statutory reserves	—	—	—	15,226,718	—	(15,226,718)	—	—	—	—	—
Foreign currency translation adjustments	—	—	—	—	(14,167,524)	—	—	—	(14,167,524)	—	(14,167,524)
Unrealized securities holding gains	—	—	—	—	445,580,779	—	—	—	445,580,779	—	445,580,779
Purchasing of Purchased Call Option	—	—	(842,694,944)	—	—	—	—	—	(842,694,944)	—	(842,694,944)
Sale of Issued Warrants	—	—	470,838,904	—	—	—	—	—	470,838,904	—	470,838,904
Early Termination of Call Option	—	—	70,270,919	—	—	—	—	—	70,270,919	—	70,270,919
Early Conversion of Convertible Notes	588,219	—	(63,288,632)	—	—	—	(588,219)	340,747,632	277,459,000	—	277,459,000
Net income / (loss)	—	—	—	—	—	998,319,684	—	—	998,319,684	(91,917,099)	906,402,585
Issuance of convertible preferred shares by a subsidiary	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	132,709,989	132,709,989
Acquisition of a subsidiary	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	63,700,000	63,700,000
Acquisition of additional stake in subsidiaries	—	—	(32,143)	—	—	—	—	—	(32,143)	(50,000)	(82,143)
Balance as of December 31, 2013	33,828,251	3,033,490	4,088,484,766	118,449,230	372,634,580	5,498,934,733	3,777,087	(1,551,141,268)	8,530,395,531	199,690,428	8,730,085,959

[Table of Contents](#)

CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013, 2014 AND 2015**

	Ordinary shares (US\$0.01 par value)		Additional paid-in capital RMB	Statutory reserves RMB	Accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss) RMB	Retained earnings RMB	Number of Treasury stock	Treasury stock RMB	Total Ctrip.com International, Ltd. shareholders' equity RMB	Non- controlling interests RMB	Total shareholders' equity RMB
	Number of shares issued	Par value RMB									
Issuance of common stock pursuant to share incentive plan	835,042	51,483	221,534,465	—	—	—	—	—	221,585,948	—	221,585,948
Share-based compensation	—	—	496,643,489	—	—	—	—	—	496,643,489	—	496,643,489
Appropriations to statutory reserves	—	—	—	15,649,517	—	(15,649,517)	—	—	—	—	—
Repurchasing common stock	(392,306)	—	—	—	—	—	392,306	(446,155,147)	(446,155,147)	—	(446,155,147)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	—	—	—	—	(66,759,799)	—	—	—	(66,759,799)	—	(66,759,799)
Unrealized securities holding gains	—	—	—	—	137,704,595	—	—	—	137,704,595	—	137,704,595
Early Conversion of Convertible Notes	846,131	—	8,945,339	—	—	—	(846,131)	391,665,502	400,610,841	—	400,610,841
Net income / (loss)	—	—	—	—	—	242,739,781	—	—	242,739,781	(151,117,436)	91,622,345
Disposal of a subsidiary	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(280,075)	(280,075)
Issuance of convertible preferred shares by a subsidiary	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	186,057,768	186,057,768
Acquisition of a subsidiary	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	658,466,145	658,466,145
Acquisition of additional stake in subsidiaries	29,864	299	12,413,757	—	—	—	—	—	12,414,056	(44,268,537)	(31,854,481)
Balance as of December 31, 2014	35,146,982	3,085,272	4,828,021,816	134,098,747	443,579,376	5,726,024,997	3,323,262	(1,605,630,913)	9,529,179,295	848,548,293	10,377,727,588

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

[Table of Contents](#)

CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013, 2014 AND 2015**

	Ordinary shares (US\$0.01 par value)		Statutory reserves RMB	Accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss) RMB	Retained earnings RMB	Number of Treasury stock	Treasury stock RMB	Total Ctrip.com International, Ltd. shareholders' equity RMB	Non-controlling interests RMB	Total shareholders' equity RMB	
	Number of shares issued	Par value RMB									
Issuance of common stock pursuant to share incentive plan	777,846	48,673	207,980,247	—	—	—	—	208,028,920	—	208,028,920	
Share-based compensation	—	—	642,596,474	—	—	—	—	642,596,474	—	642,596,474	
Appropriations to statutory reserves	—	—	—	34,842,222	—	(34,842,222)	—	—	—	—	
Repurchasing common stock	(498,561)	—	—	—	—	—	498,561	(872,290,891)	(872,290,891)	— (872,290,891)	
Foreign currency translation adjustments	—	—	—	—	(489,917,917)	—	—	—	(489,917,917)	— (489,917,917)	
Unrealized securities holding gains	—	—	—	—	606,415,822	—	—	—	606,415,822	— 606,415,822	
Purchasing of Purchased Call Option	—	—	(805,504,000)	—	—	—	—	(805,504,000)	—	(805,504,000)	
Sale of Issued Warrants	—	—	523,404,000	—	—	—	—	523,404,000	—	523,404,000	
Early Conversion of Convertible Notes	244,466	—	13,979,289	—	—	—	(244,466)	104,994,432	118,973,721	— 118,973,721	
Net income / (loss)	—	—	—	—	—	2,507,655,884	—	—	2,507,655,884	(108,260,637) 2,399,395,247	
Disposal of shares of subsidiaries	—	—	15,824,133	—	—	—	—	—	15,824,133	(747,801,153) (731,977,020)	
Issuance of additional equity stake by subsidiaries	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	966,486,957 966,486,957	
Acquisition of additional stake in subsidiaries	—	—	(10,078,392)	—	—	—	—	(10,078,392)	(36,158,510)	(46,236,902)	
Business combinations	15,468,816	985,530 32,540,379,845	—	—	—	—	—	32,541,365,375	18,211,383,297	50,752,748,672	
Share issuance for the investments	27,679	1,770	35,075,540	—	—	—	—	—	35,077,310	— 35,077,310	
Balance as of December 31, 2015	51,167,228	4,121,245	37,991,678,952	168,940,969	560,077,281	8,198,838,659	3,577,357	(2,372,927,372)	44,550,729,734	19,134,198,247	63,684,927,981

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

[Table of Contents](#)

CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013, 2014 AND 2015**

	2013 RMB	2014 RMB	2015 RMB	2015 US\$
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income	906,402,585	91,622,345	2,399,395,247	370,402,798
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:				
Share-based compensation	437,929,477	496,643,489	642,596,474	99,199,801
Equity in (income) / loss of affiliates	(56,146,814)	(187,191,141)	135,780,312	20,960,868
Gain on deconsolidation of subsidiaries	—	(789,193)	(2,294,451,702)	(354,202,307)
Loss from disposal of property, equipment and software	11,946,443	3,751,452	33,986,560	5,246,621
Gain on disposal of cost method investment	(4,014,829)	—	—	—
Loss from disposal of a subsidiary	—	1,529,046	—	—
Loss from impairment of long-term investment	—	33,000,000	—	—
Provision for doubtful accounts	2,842,681	11,737,580	32,080,786	4,952,420
Depreciation of property, equipment and software	110,494,928	173,786,973	255,966,352	39,514,396
Amortization of intangible assets and land use rights	10,545,854	8,334,028	60,247,658	9,300,635
Deferred income tax expenses/(benefits)	(35,871,972)	(97,573,997)	86,464,693	13,347,849
Changes in current assets and liabilities, net of assets acquired and liabilities assumed/disposed of in business combinations/dispositions:				
Increase in accounts receivable	(487,446,257)	(261,973,182)	(1,002,531,319)	(154,764,167)
(Increase)/Decrease in due from related parties	(12,363,165)	2,352,014	(81,376,345)	(12,562,343)
Increase in prepayments and other current assets	(398,015,862)	(1,218,273,146)	(2,224,053,491)	(343,334,696)
(Increase)/Decrease in long-term deposits	19,406,141	(27,406,657)	(381,458,105)	(58,886,984)
Increase in accounts payable	537,669,487	585,953,759	2,098,144,678	323,897,724
Increase in due to related parties	583,234	6,057,681	236,779,810	36,552,504
Increase in salary and welfare payable	25,720,555	259,440,083	271,783,211	41,956,098
Increase in taxes payable	98,025,837	23,797,376	281,472,256	43,451,829
Increase in advances from customers	1,001,717,032	1,469,414,155	2,056,500,006	317,468,895
Increase in accrued liability for customer reward program	67,120,782	146,183,973	162,493,908	25,084,737
Increase in other payables and accruals	216,281,215	438,207,218	278,988,927	43,068,474
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>2,452,827,352</u>	<u>1,958,603,856</u>	<u>3,048,809,916</u>	<u>470,655,152</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchase of property, equipment and software	(651,765,217)	(4,788,676,371)	(638,133,430)	(98,510,826)
Cash paid for long-term investments	(965,421,399)	(2,078,378,807)	(4,232,366,913)	(653,364,865)
Cash paid for business combinations, net of cash acquired	(119,739,607)	(130,124,251)	4,112,960,205	634,931,643
Purchase of intangible assets	—	(9,000,000)	(20,000,000)	(3,087,468)
(Increase)/Decrease in restricted cash	31,954,414	(94,988,241)	(760,873,462)	(117,458,622)
Increase in short-term investments	(2,219,940,665)	(2,799,807,028)	(1,447,586,170)	(223,468,797)
Increase in long-term loan receivable	(178,584,102)	—	(872,200,000)	(140,000,000)
Cash repayment from in long-term receivables	—	496,368,000	872,200,000	140,000,000
Cash received from disposal of equity investment	4,209,926	—	—	—
Cash received from disposal of cost method investment	13,142,920	—	—	—
Cash received from disposal of available-for-sale investments	—	—	61,980,000	9,568,063
Cash received from deconsolidation of a subsidiary, net of cash disposed	—	45,569,216	(1,502,561,561)	(231,955,535)
Cash received from disposal of a subsidiary net of cash disposed	<u>—</u>	<u>(7,373,416)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(4,086,143,730)</u>	<u>(9,366,410,898)</u>	<u>(4,426,581,331)</u>	<u>(683,346,407)</u>

[Table of Contents](#)

CTRIp.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013, 2014 AND 2015

	2013 RMB	2014 RMB	2015 RMB	2015 US\$
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from short-term bank loans	321,120,713	2,325,694,972	644,411,544	99,480,000
Proceeds from exercise of share options	180,261,090	184,579,173	52,117,597	8,045,571
Repurchase of common stock	—	(446,155,147)	(872,290,891)	(134,658,509)
Cash paid for acquisition of additional stake in subsidiaries	(82,143)	(36,792,354)	(46,236,902)	(7,137,748)
Cash received from non-controlling investors	—	139,393,178	275,972,483	42,602,810
Proceeds from issuance convertible preferred shares by a subsidiary	132,709,989	186,475,640	725,512,513	111,999,832
Proceeds from issuance of senior convertible notes, net of issuance costs	4,723,511,720	3,069,000,000	14,736,200,000	2,274,877,273
Proceeds from sale of warrants	470,838,904	—	523,404,000	80,799,654
Purchase of Purchased Call Option	(842,694,944)	—	(805,504,000)	(124,348,390)
Cash inflow for Capped equity	264,745,135	—	—	—
Early Termination of Call Option	70,270,919	—	—	—
Convertible Notes early conversion	(4,706,419)	—	—	—
Net cash provided by financing activities	5,315,974,964	5,422,195,462	15,233,586,344	2,351,660,493
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	34,153,266	148,154,565	58,971,946	9,103,700
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3,716,811,852	(1,837,457,015)	13,914,786,875	2,148,072,938
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	3,421,532,962	7,138,344,814	5,300,887,799	818,316,064
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	7,138,344,814	5,300,887,799	19,215,674,674	2,966,389,002
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information				
Cash paid during the year for income taxes	271,482,184	261,734,551	243,828,898	37,640,696
Cash paid for interest, net of amounts capitalized	19,276,294	31,144,846	242,114,200	37,375,992
Supplemental schedule of non-cash investing and financing activities				
Receivables incurred for disposal of investment	12,250,000	—	—	—
Conversion of convertible senior notes	—	400,610,842	118,973,720	18,366,377
Non-cash consideration paid for business acquisitions and investments	—	(169,784,697)	(32,590,874,841)	(5,031,164,105)
Accruals related to purchase of property, equipment and software	(37,038,698)	(258,632,797)	(48,486,734)	(7,485,062)
Share issuance for the investments	—	—	(35,077,310)	(5,415,004)
Unpaid cash consideration for business acquisitions (Note 2)	(23,773,221)	(306,966,884)	(110,302,844)	(17,027,825)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

[Table of Contents](#)**CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.****NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**
(Amounts expressed in RENMINBI (RMB) unless otherwise stated)**1. ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS**

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Ctrip.com International, Ltd. (the "Company"), its subsidiaries, VIEs and VIEs' subsidiaries. The Company, its subsidiaries, the consolidated VIEs and their subsidiaries are collectively referred to as the "Group".

The Group is principally engaged in the provision of travel related services including accommodation reservation, transportation ticketing, packaged-tour, corporate travel management services, as well as, to a much lesser extent, Internet-related advertising and other related services.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES***Basis of presentation***

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP").

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet dates and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could materially differ from those estimates.

Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company, its subsidiaries, VIEs and VIEs' subsidiaries. All significant transactions and balances between the Company, its subsidiaries, VIEs and VIEs' subsidiaries have been eliminated upon consolidation.

A subsidiary is an entity in which the Company, directly or indirectly, controls more than one half of the voting power; has the power to appoint or remove the majority of the members of the board of directors; to cast a majority of votes at the meeting of the board of directors or to govern the financial and operating policies of the investee under a statute or agreement among the shareholders or equity holders.

The Company applies the guidance codified in Accounting Standard Codification 810, Consolidations ("ASC 810") on accounting for VIEs and their respective subsidiaries, which requires certain variable interest entities to be consolidated by the primary beneficiary of the entity in which it has a controlling financial interest. A VIE is an entity with one or more of the following characteristics: (a) the total equity investment at risk is not sufficient to permit the entity to finance its activities without additional financial support; (b) as a group, the holders of the equity investment at risk lack the ability to make certain decisions, the obligation to absorb expected losses or the right to receive expected residual returns, or (c) an equity investor has voting rights that are disproportionate to its economic interest and substantially all of the entity's activities are on behalf of the investor. Accordingly, the financial statements of the following VIEs and VIEs' subsidiaries are consolidated into the Company's financial statements since July 1, 2003 or their respective date of establishment/acquisition, whichever is later:

The following is a summary of the Company's major VIEs and VIEs' subsidiaries:

Name of VIE and VIEs' subsidiaries	Date of establishment/acquisition
Shanghai Ctrip Commerce Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai Ctrip Commerce")	Established on July 18, 2000
Beijing Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd. ("Beijing Ctrip")	Acquired on January 15, 2002
Guangzhou Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd. ("Guangzhou Ctrip")	Established on April 28, 2003
Shanghai Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai Ctrip" formerly Shanghai Ctrip	Acquired on September 23, 2003
Charming International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.)	
Shenzhen Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd. ("Shenzhen Ctrip")	Established on April 13, 2004
Ctrip Insurance Agency Co., Ltd. ("Ctrip Insurance")	Established on July 25, 2011
Shanghai Huacheng Southwest International Travel Agency Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai Huacheng" formerly Shanghai Huacheng Southwest Travel Agency Co., Ltd.)	Established on March 13, 2001
Chengdu Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd. ("Chengdu Ctrip")	Established on January 8, 2007
Chengdu Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd. ("Chengdu Ctrip International")	Established on November 4, 2008
Qunar.com Beijing Information Technology Company Limited ("Qunar Beijing")	Established on March 17, 2006

[Table of Contents](#)

For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015, the Company is considered the primary beneficiary of a VIE or VIEs' subsidiary and consolidated the VIE or VIEs' subsidiary if the Company had variable interests, that will absorb the entity's expected losses, receive the entity's expected residual returns, or both.

Major variable interest entities and their subsidiaries

As of December 31, 2015, the Company conducts a part of its operations through a series of agreements with certain VIEs and VIEs' subsidiaries as stated in above. These VIEs and VIEs' subsidiaries are used solely to facilitate the Group's participation in Internet content provision, advertising business, travel agency and air-ticketing services in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") where foreign ownership is restricted.

Shanghai Ctrip Commerce is a domestic company incorporated in Shanghai, the PRC. Shanghai Ctrip Commerce holds a value-added telecommunications business license and is primarily engaged in the provision of advertising business on the Internet website. Two senior officers of the Company collectively hold 100% of the equity interest in Shanghai Ctrip Commerce. The registered capital of Shanghai Ctrip Commerce was RMB30,000,000 as of December 31, 2015.

Beijing Ctrip is a domestic company incorporated in Beijing, the PRC. Beijing Ctrip holds an air transport sales agency license, domestic and cross-border travel agency license and is mainly engaged in the provision of air-ticketing services and packaged tour services. A senior officer of the Company and Shanghai Ctrip Commerce collectively hold 100% of the equity interest in Beijing Ctrip. The registered capital of Beijing Ctrip was RMB40,000,000 as of December 31, 2015.

Guangzhou Ctrip is a domestic company incorporated in Guangzhou, the PRC. Guangzhou Ctrip holds air transport sales agency license, domestic and cross-border travel agency license and is mainly engaged in the provision of air-ticketing services and packaged tour services. Two senior officers of the Company collectively hold 100% of the equity interest in Guangzhou Ctrip. The registered capital of Guangzhou Ctrip was RMB3,000,000 as of December 31, 2015.

Shanghai Ctrip is a domestic company incorporated in Shanghai, the PRC. Shanghai Ctrip holds domestic and cross-border travel agency licenses, air transport sales agency license and mainly provides domestic and cross-border tour services. In September 2012, the Company purchased of the ownership interests from the unrelated minority shareholder and effected a simultaneous reduction of capital of Shanghai Ctrip. Upon completion of the above transactions, two senior officers of the Company hold 100% of the equity interest in Shanghai Ctrip. The registered capital of Shanghai Ctrip was RMB10,050,000 as of December 31, 2015.

Shenzhen Ctrip is a domestic company incorporated in Shenzhen, the PRC. Shenzhen Ctrip holds air transport sales agency license and domestic travel agency license and is engaged in the provision of air-ticketing service. Two senior officers of the Company collectively hold 100% of the equity interest in Shenzhen Ctrip. The registered capital of Shenzhen Ctrip was RMB2,500,000 as of December 31, 2015.

Ctrip Insurance is an insurance agency incorporated in Shanghai, the PRC. Ctrip Insurance was established in July 2011. Ctrip Insurance holds an insurance agency business license. Shanghai Ctrip Commerce and Ctrip Computer Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. ("Ctrip Computer Technology") hold 100% of the equity interest in Ctrip Insurance. The registered capital of Ctrip Insurance was RMB50,000,000 as of December 31, 2015.

Shanghai Huacheng is a domestic company incorporated in Shanghai, the PRC. Shanghai Huacheng holds a domestic travel agency license and an air transport sales agency license and mainly provides domestic tour services and air-ticketing services. Shanghai Ctrip Commerce holds 100% of the equity interest in Shanghai Huacheng. The registered capital of Shanghai Huacheng was RMB100,000,000 as of December 31, 2015.

[Table of Contents](#)

Chengdu Ctrip is a domestic company incorporated in Chengdu, the PRC. Chengdu Ctrip holds air transport sales agency license and domestic travel agency license and is engaged in the provision of air-ticketing service. Two senior officers of the Company holds 100% of the equity interest in Chengdu Ctrip. The registered capital of Chengdu Ctrip was RMB20,000,000 as of December 31, 2015.

Chengdu Ctrip International is a domestic company incorporated in Chengdu, the PRC. Chengdu Ctrip International holds domestic and cross-border travel agency licenses, air transport sales agency license and mainly provides domestic and cross-border tour services. Shanghai Ctrip holds 100% of the equity interest in Chengdu Ctrip International. The registered capital of Chengdu Ctrip International was RMB2,000,000 as of December 31, 2015.

Qunar Beijing is a domestic company incorporated in Beijing, the PRC. Qunar Beijing holds various domestic and cross-border business licenses of Qunar. Two senior officers of the Company holds 100% of the equity interest in Qunar Beijing. The registered capital of Qunar Beijing was RMB1,000,000 as of December 31, 2015.

The capital injected by senior officers or senior officer's family member are funded by the Company and are recorded as long-term business loans to related parties. The Company does not have any ownership interest in these VIEs and VIEs' subsidiaries.

As of December 31, 2015, the Company has various agreements with its consolidated VIEs and VIEs' subsidiaries, including loan agreements, exclusive technical consulting and services agreements, share pledge agreements, exclusive option agreements and other operating agreements.

Details of certain key agreements with the VIEs are as follows:

Powers of Attorney: Each of the shareholders of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, except for Hui Cao and Hui Wang, signed an irrevocable power of attorney to appoint Ctrip Travel Network, or Ctrip Travel Information as attorney-in-fact to vote, by itself or any other person to be designated at its discretion, on all matters of the applicable consolidated affiliated Chinese entities. Each such power of attorney will remain effective as long as the applicable consolidated affiliated Chinese entity exists, and such shareholders of the applicable consolidated affiliated Chinese entities are not entitled to terminate or amend the terms of the power of attorneys without prior written consent from us.

As of the date of this annual report, each of the shareholders of Qunar Beijing, Hui Cao and Hui Wang, also signed an irrevocable power of attorney authorizing an appointee of Beijing Qunar Software Technology Company Limited, or Qunar Software, to exercise, in a manner approved by Qunar, on such shareholder's behalf the full shareholder rights pursuant to applicable laws and Qunar Beijing's articles of association, including without limitation full voting rights and the right to sell or transfer any or all of such shareholder's equity interest in Qunar Beijing. Each such power of attorney is effective until such time as such relevant shareholder ceases to hold any equity interest in Qunar Beijing. The terms of the power of attorney with respect to Qunar Beijing are otherwise substantially similar to the terms described in the foregoing paragraph.

Technical Consulting and Services Agreements: Ctrip Travel Information and Ctrip Travel Network each a wholly owned PRC subsidiary of ours, provide our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, except for Qunar Beijing, with technical consulting and related services and staff training and information services on an exclusive basis. We also maintain their network platforms. In consideration for our services, our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities agree to pay us service fees as calculated in such manner as determined by us from time to time based on the nature of service, which may be adjusted periodically. For 2015, our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities paid Ctrip Computer Technology (before our restructuring of business lines and restatement of contractual arrangements in 2015) or Ctrip Travel Information (after our restructuring of business lines and restatement of contractual arrangements in 2015) and Ctrip Travel Network a quarterly fee based on the number of transportation tickets sold and the number of packaged-tour products sold in the quarter, at an average rate from RMB10 (US\$1.5) to RMB11 (US\$1.8) per ticket and from RMB54 (US\$8.3) to RMB89 (US\$13.8) per person per tour. Although the service fees are typically determined based on the number of transportation tickets sold and packaged tour products sold, given the fact that the nominee shareholders of such consolidated affiliated Chinese entities have irrevocably appointed the employees of our subsidiaries to vote on their behalf on all matters they are entitled to vote on, we have the right to determine the level of service fees paid and therefore receive substantially all of the economic benefits of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities in the form of service fees. The services fees paid by all of such consolidated affiliated Chinese entities as a percentage of their total net income were 105.9%, 109.4% and 107.1% for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015. Ctrip Travel Information or Ctrip Travel Network as appropriate, will exclusively own any intellectual property rights arising from the performance of this agreement. The initial term of these agreements is 10 years and may be renewed automatically in 10-year terms unless we disapprove the extension. We retain the exclusive right to terminate the agreements at any time by delivering a 30-day advance written notice to the applicable consolidated affiliate Chinese entity.

[Table of Contents](#)

As of the date of this annual report, pursuant to the restated exclusive technical consulting and services agreement between Qunar Beijing and Qunar Software, Qunar Software provides Qunar Beijing with technical, marketing and management consulting services on an exclusive basis in exchange for service fee paid by Qunar Beijing based on a set formula defined in the agreement subject to adjustment by Qunar Software at its sole discretion. This agreement will remain in effect until terminated unilaterally by Qunar Software or mutually. The terms of this agreement are otherwise substantially similar to the terms described in the foregoing paragraph.

Share Pledge Agreements: The shareholders of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, except for Hui Cao and Hui Wang, have pledged their respective equity interests in the applicable consolidated affiliated Chinese entities as a guarantee for the performance of all the obligations under the other contractual arrangements, including payment by such consolidated affiliated Chinese entities of the technical and consulting services fees to us under the technical consulting and services agreements, repayment of the business loan under the loan agreements and performance of obligations under the exclusive option agreements, each agreement as described herein. In the event any of such consolidated affiliated Chinese entity breaches any of its obligations or any shareholder of such consolidated affiliated Chinese entities breaches his or her obligations, as the case may be, under these agreements, we are entitled to enforce the equity pledge right and sell or otherwise dispose of the pledged equity interests after the pledge is registered with the relevant local branch of SAIC, and retain the proceeds from such sale or require any of them to transfer his or her equity interest without consideration to the PRC citizen(s) designated by us. These share pledge agreements are effective until two years after the pledgor and the applicable consolidated affiliated Chinese entities no longer undertake any obligations under the above-referenced agreements.

As of the date of this annual report, pursuant to the equity interest pledge agreement among Qunar Software, Hui Cao and Hui Wang, Hui Cao and Hui Wang have pledged their equity interests in Qunar Beijing along with all rights, titles and interests to Qunar Software as guarantee for the performance of all obligations under the relevant contractual arrangements mentioned herein. After the pledge is registered with the relevant local branch of SAIC, Qunar Software may enforce this pledge upon the occurrence of a settlement event or as required by the PRC law. The pledge, along with this agreement, will be effective upon registration with the local branch of the SAIC, and will expire when all obligations under the relevant contractual arrangements have been satisfied or when each of Hui Cao and Hui Wang completes a transfer of equity interest and ceases to hold any equity interest in Qunar Beijing. In enforcing the pledge, Qunar Software is entitled to dispose of the pledge and have priority in receiving payment from proceeds from the auction or sale of all or part of the pledge until the obligations are settled. The terms of this agreement are otherwise substantially similar to the terms described in the foregoing paragraph.

Loan Agreements: Under the loan agreements we entered into with the shareholders of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, except for Hui Cao and Hui Wang, we extended long-term business loans to these shareholders of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities with the sole purpose of providing funds necessary for the capitalization or acquisition of such consolidated affiliated Chinese entities. These business loan amounts were injected into the applicable consolidated affiliated Chinese entities as capital and cannot be accessed for any personal uses. The loan agreements shall remain effective until the parties have fully performed their respective obligations under the agreement, and the shareholders of such consolidated affiliated Chinese entities have no right to unilaterally terminate these agreements. In the event that the PRC government lifts its substantial restrictions on foreign ownership of the air-ticketing, travel agency, or value-added telecommunications business in China, as applicable, we will exercise our exclusive option to purchase all of the outstanding equity interests of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, as described in the following paragraph, and the loan agreements will be cancelled in connection with such purchase. However, it is uncertain when, if at all, the PRC government will lift any or all of these restrictions.

Exclusive Option Agreements: As consideration for our entering into the loan agreements described above, each of the shareholders of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, except for Hui Cao and Hui Wang, has granted us an exclusive, irrevocable option to purchase, or designate one or more person(s) at our discretion to purchase, all of their equity interests in the applicable consolidated affiliated Chinese entities at any time we desire, subject to compliance with the applicable PRC laws and regulations. We may exercise the option by issuing a written notice to the relevant consolidated affiliated Chinese entity. The purchase price shall be equal to the contribution actually made by the shareholder for the relevant equity interest. Therefore, if we exercise these options, we may choose to cancel the outstanding loans we extended to the shareholders of such consolidated affiliated Chinese entities pursuant to the loan agreements as the loans were used solely for equity contribution purposes. The initial term of these agreements is 10 years and may be renewed automatically in 10-year terms unless we disapprove the extension. We retain the exclusive right to terminate the agreements at any time by delivering a written notice to the applicable consolidated affiliate Chinese entity.

Each of Hui Cao and Hui Wang also entered into equity option agreements with Qunar, Qunar Software and Qunar Beijing. These equity option agreements contain arrangements that are similar to that as described in the foregoing paragraph. This agreement will remain effective with respect to each of Qunar Beijing's shareholders until all of the equity interest has been transferred or Qunar terminates the agreement unilaterally with 30 days' prior written notice.

Our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities and their shareholders agree not to enter into any transaction that would affect the assets, obligations, rights or operations of our consolidated affiliated Chinese entities without our prior written consent. They also agree to accept our guidance with respect to day-to-day operations, financial management systems and the appointment and dismissal of key employees.

[Table of Contents](#)

In addition, we also enter into technical consulting and services agreements with our majority or wholly owned subsidiaries of some of the consolidated affiliated Chinese entities, such as Chengdu Ctrip International, and these subsidiaries pay us service fees based on the level of services provided. The existence of such technical consulting and services agreements provides us with the enhanced ability to transfer economic benefits of these majority or wholly owned subsidiaries of the consolidated affiliated Chinese entities to us in exchange for the services provided, and this is in addition to our existing ability to consolidate and extract the economic benefits of these majority or wholly owned subsidiaries of the consolidated affiliated Chinese entities. For instance, the consolidated affiliated Chinese entities may cause the economic benefits to be channeled to them in the form of dividends, which then may be further consolidated and absorbed by us through the contractual arrangements described above.

Risks in relation to contractual arrangements between the Company's PRC subsidiaries and its affiliated Chinese entities:

The Company has been advised by Commerce & Finance Law Offices, its PRC legal counsel, that its contractual arrangements with its consolidated VIEs as described in the Company's annual report are valid, binding and enforceable under the current laws and regulations of China. Based on such legal opinion and the management's knowledge and experience, the Company believes that its contractual arrangements with its consolidated VIEs are in compliance with current PRC laws and legally enforceable. However, there may be in the event that the affiliated Chinese entities and their respective shareholders fail to perform their contractual obligations, the Company may have to rely on the PRC legal system to enforce its rights. The PRC legal system is based on written statutes. Prior court decisions may be cited for reference but have limited precedential value. Since 1979, PRC legislation and regulations have significantly enhanced the protections afforded to various forms of foreign investments in China. However, since the PRC legal system is still evolving, the interpretations of many laws, regulations and rules are not always uniform and enforcement of these laws, regulations and rules involve uncertainties, which may limit remedies available to us. In addition, any litigation in China may be protracted and result in substantial costs and diversion of resources and management attention. Due to the uncertainties with respect to the PRC legal system, the PRC government authorities may ultimately take a view contrary to the opinion of its PRC legal counsel with respect to the enforceability of the contractual arrangements.

There are, however, substantial uncertainties regarding the interpretation and application of current or future PRC laws and regulations. Accordingly, the Company cannot be assured that the PRC government authorities will not ultimately take a view that is contrary to the Company's belief and the opinion of its PRC legal counsel. On January 19, 2015, the Ministry of Commerce of the PRC, or (the "MOFCOM") released for public comments a proposed PRC law (the "Draft FIE Law") which includes VIEs within the scope of entities that could be considered to be foreign invested enterprises (or "FIEs") and may be subject to restrictions under existing PRC law on foreign investment in certain categories of industries. Specifically, the Draft FIE Law introduces the concept of "actual control" for determining whether an entity is considered to be an FIE. In addition to control through direct or indirect ownership on equity, the Draft FIE Law includes control through contractual arrangements within the definition of "actual control." If the Draft FIE Law is passed by the People's Congress of the PRC and goes into effect in its current form, these provisions regarding control through contractual arrangements could be construed to reach the Company's VIE arrangements, and as a result the Company's VIEs could become explicitly subject to the current restrictions on foreign investment in certain categories of industry. The Draft FIE Law includes provisions that would exempt from the definition of FIEs where the ultimate controlling shareholders are either entities organized under PRC law or individuals who are PRC citizens. The Draft FIE Law is silent as to what type of enforcement action might be taken against existing VIEs that operate in restricted or prohibited industries and are not controlled by entities organized under PRC law or individuals who are PRC citizens. If the contractual arrangements establishing the Company's VIE structure are found to be in violation of any existing law and regulations or future PRC laws and regulations or under the Draft FIE Law if it becomes effective, the relevant PRC government authorities will have broad discretion in dealing with such violation, including, without limitation, levying fines, confiscating our income or the income of our affiliated Chinese entities, revoking our business licenses or the business licenses of our affiliated Chinese entities, requiring us and our affiliated Chinese entities to restructure our ownership structure or operations and requiring us or our affiliated Chinese entities to discontinue any portion or all of our value-added telecommunications, air-ticketing, travel agency or advertising businesses. Any of these actions could cause significant disruption to the Company's business operations, and have a severe adverse impact on the Company's cash flows, financial position and operating performance. If the imposing of these penalties cause the Company to lose its rights to direct the activities of and receive economic benefits from its VIEs, which in turn may restrict the Company's ability to consolidate and reflect in its financial statements the financial position and results of operations of its VIEs.

[Table of Contents](#)

Summary financial information of the Group's VIEs in the consolidated financial statements

Pursuant to the contractual arrangements with the VIEs, the Company has the power to direct activities of the VIEs, and can have assets transferred freely out of the VIEs without any restrictions. Therefore the Company considers that there is no asset of a consolidated VIE that can be used only to settle obligations of the VIE, except for registered capital and PRC statutory reserves of the VIEs amounting to a total of RMB516 million as of December 31, 2015. As all the consolidated VIEs are incorporated as limited liability companies under the PRC Company Law, creditors of the VIEs do not have recourse to the general credit of the Company for any of the liabilities of the consolidated VIEs.

Summary financial information of the VIEs, which represents aggregated financial information of the VIEs and their respective subsidiaries included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, is as follows:

	As of December 31,	
	2014	2015
	RMB	RMB
Total assets	13,495,852,174	22,188,424,951
Less: Inter-company receivables	(1,424,351,080)	(3,808,937,898)
Total assets excluding inter-company	12,071,501,094	18,379,487,053
Total liabilities	12,509,239,945	20,998,061,568
Less: Inter-company payables	(6,133,068,354)	(8,572,648,210)
Total liabilities excluding inter-company	6,376,171,591	12,425,413,358

As of December 31, 2014 and 2015, the VIEs' assets mainly consisted of prepayments and other current assets (December 31, 2014: RMB2.0 billion, December 31, 2015: RMB4.1 billion), short-term investment (December 31, 2014: RMB3.1 billion, December 31, 2015: RMB 3.1 billion), cash and cash equivalent (December 31, 2014: RMB2.6 billion, December 31, 2015: RMB 2.8 billion), accounts receivables (December 31, 2014: RMB1.4 billion, December 31, 2015: RMB2.7 billion) and investments (non-current) (December 31, 2014: RMB1.6 billion, December 31, 2015: RMB2.4 billion). The inter-company receivables of RMB1.4 billion and RMB RMB3.8 billion as of December 31, 2014 and 2015 mainly represented the cash paid by a VIE to one of the Company's WFOEs for treasury cash management purpose.

As of December 31, 2014 and 2015, the VIEs' liabilities mainly consisted of advance from customers (December 31, 2014: RMB3.5 billion , December 31, 2015: RMB5.1 billion), accounts payable (December 31, 2014: RMB1.8 billion, December 31, 2015: RMB4.0 billion), other payables and accruals (December 31, 2014: RMB588 million, December 31, 2015: RMB2.1 billion), taxes payable (December 31, 2014: RMB45 million, December 31, 2015: RMB689 million) and salary and welfare payable (December 31, 2014: RMB195 million, December 31, 2015: RMB217 million). The inter-company payables as of December 31, 2014 and 2015 were RMB6.1 billion and RMB8.6 billion, respectively, which primarily consisted of the payables due to Ctrip.com (Hong Kong) Limited ("Ctrip HK"), one of the Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries, for its payment of overseas air tickets and tour packages on behalf of a VIE and another VIEs' subsidiary and the service fees payable to the WFOEs under the technical consulting and services agreements, which are operational in nature from the VIEs and their subsidiaries' perspectives.

	For the year ended December 31,		
	2013	2014	2015
	RMB	RMB	RMB
Net revenues	3,137,211,893	4,138,380,618	6,384,556,234
Cost of revenues	904,328,902	1,252,538,920	1,983,511,461
Net income / (loss)	(74,463,933)	(87,193,139)	(73,523,163)

As aforementioned, the VIEs mainly conduct air-ticketing, travel agency, advertising and value-added telecommunication businesses. Revenues from VIEs accounted for around 59% of the Company's total revenues in 2015. The air-ticketing and packaged-tour revenues continued to increase in 2015, primarily driven by the increase in the air-ticketing volume and leisure travel volume.

[Table of Contents](#)

The VIEs' net income before the deduction of the inter-company consulting fee charges were RMB1.3 billion, RMB1.1 billion and RMB1.0 billion for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015, respectively.

The amount of service fees paid by all the VIEs as a percentage of the VIEs' total net income were 105.9%, 109.4% and 107.1% for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015, respectively.

The WFOEs are the sole and exclusive provider of technical consulting and related services and information services for the VIEs. Pursuant to the Exclusive Technical Consulting and Service Agreements, the VIEs pay service fees to the WFOEs based on the VIEs' actual operating results. The WFOEs are entitled to receive substantially all of the net income and transfer a majority of the economic benefits in the form of service fees from the VIEs and VIEs' subsidiaries to the WFOEs. The WFOEs did not request service fee payments of RMB286 million from Chengdu Ctrip and Chengdu Ctrip International during the year ended December 31 2012, primarily for tax planning purpose. From 2013, Chengdu Ctrip and Chengdu Ctrip International started to pay service fee to WFOEs, and the retained earnings of 2013, 2014 and 2015 have been transferred to the WFOEs, respectively. For remaining undistributed retained earnings, tax planning strategies are in place to support their enterprise income tax free treatment.

Currently there is no contractual arrangement that could require the Company to provide additional financial support to the consolidated VIEs. As the Company is conducting certain business in the PRC mainly through the VIEs, the Company may provide such support on a discretionary basis in the future, which could expose the Company to a loss.

Foreign currencies

The Group's reporting currency is RMB. The Company's functional currency is US\$. The Company's operations are conducted through the subsidiaries and VIEs where the local currency is the functional currency and the financial statements of those subsidiaries are translated from their respective functional currencies into RMB.

Transactions denominated in currencies other than functional currencies are translated at the exchange rates quoted by the People's Bank of China (the "PBOC"), the Hong Kong Association of Banks (the "HKAB") or major Taiwan banks, prevailing or averaged at the dates of the transaction for PRC and Hong Kong subsidiaries and ezTravel, a Taiwan subsidiary respectively. Gains and losses resulting from foreign currency transactions are included in the consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the applicable exchange rates quoted by the PBOC, HKAB or banks located in Taiwan at the balance sheet dates. All such exchange gains and losses are included in the statements of income.

Assets and liabilities of the group companies are translated from their respective functional currencies to the reporting currency at the exchange rates at the balance sheet dates, equity accounts are translated at historical exchange rates and revenues and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates in effect during the reporting period. The exchange differences for the translation of group companies with non-RMB functional currency into the RMB functional currency are included in foreign currency translation adjustments, which is a separate component of shareholders' equity on the consolidated financial statements.

Translations of amounts from RMB into US\$ are solely for the convenience of the reader and were calculated at the rate of US\$1.00 = RMB6.4778 on December 31, 2015, representing the certificated exchange rate published by the Federal Reserve Board. No representation is intended to imply that the RMB amounts could have been, or could be, converted, realized or settled into US\$ at that rate on December 31, 2015, or at any other rate.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes currency on hand and deposits held by financial institutions that can be added to or withdrawn without limitation. Cash equivalents represent short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and with original maturities from the date of purchase of generally three months or less.

Restricted cash

Restricted cash represents cash that cannot be withdrawn without the permission of third parties. The Group's restricted cash is substantially cash balance on deposit required by its business partners and commercial banks.

Short-term investments

Short-term investments represent the investments issued by commercial banks or other financial institutions with a variable interest rate indexed to the performance of underlying assets with maturities within one year. The Company elected the fair value method at the date of initial recognition and carried these investments subsequently at fair value. Changes in the fair value are reflected in interest income of the consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income.

[Table of Contents](#)

Long term loan receivable

Long-term loan receivables are recorded at cost and compounded accrued interests as we do not intend to sell the security, or it is more likely than not that the company will not be required to sell the security before full recovery of our cost. The Company evaluates the qualitative criteria to determine whether we expect to recover our cost.

Land use rights

Land use rights represent the prepayments for usage of the parcels of land where the office buildings are located, are recorded at cost, and are amortized over their respective lease periods (usually over 40 to 50 years).

Property, equipment and software

Property, equipment and software are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization are computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives, taking into account any estimated residual value:

Building	20-40 years
Leasehold improvements	Lesser of the term of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the assets
Website-related equipment	5 years
Computer equipment	3-5 years
Furniture and fixtures	3-5 years
Software	3-5 years

Construction in progress is stated at cost. Construction in progress as of December 31, 2014 mainly refers to costs associated with the purchase of building in Shanghai Sky SOHO and construction of information and technology center in Chengdu before the buildings are put into service. All direct costs related to the new buildings are capitalized as construction in progress until it is substantially completed and available for use.

The Company recognized the disposal of Property, equipment and software in general and administrative expenses.

Investments

The Company investments include held to maturity investments, available-for-sale investments, equity method investments and cost method investments in certain publicly traded companies and privately-held companies.

The securities that the Company has positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held to maturity investments and stated at amortized cost. Cost method is used for investments over which the Company does not have the ability to exercise significant influence. Gain or losses are realized when such investments are sold or when dividends are declared or payments are received. The Company applies equity method in accounting for its investments in entities in which the Company has the ability to exercise significant influence but does not own a majority equity interest or otherwise controls and the investments are either common stock or in-substance common stocks. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Company and the affiliated entity are eliminated to the extent of the Company's interest in the affiliated entity; unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. The Company classifies its investments in debt and equity securities, that are not accounted for as cost or equity method investments, into one of three categories and accounts for these as follows: (i) debt securities that the Company has the positive intent and the ability to hold to maturity are classified as "held to maturity" and reported at amortized cost; (ii) debt and equity securities that are bought and held principally for the purpose of selling them in the near term are classified as "trading securities" with unrealized holding gains and losses included in earnings; (iii) debt and equity securities not classified as held to maturity or as trading securities are classified as "available-for-sale" and reported at fair value through other comprehensive income. Realized gains or losses are charged to earnings during the period in which the gains or losses are realized.

The Company monitors its investments for other-than-temporary impairment by considering factors including, but not limited to, current economic and market conditions, the operating performance of the companies including current earnings trends and other company-specific information.

[Table of Contents](#)

Fair value measurement of financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities of the Group primarily comprise of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, time deposits, financial products, accounts receivable, due from related parties, available-for-sale investments, accounts payable, due to related parties, advances from customers, short-term bank borrowings, other short-term liabilities and long-term debts. As of December 31, 2014 and 2015, except for long-term debts and available-for-sale investments, carrying values of these financial instruments approximated their fair values because of their generally short maturities. The Company reports available-for-sale investments at fair value at each balance sheet date and changes in fair value are reflected in the statements of income and comprehensive income. The Company disclosed the fair value of its long-term debts based on Level 2 inputs in Note 17.

We measure our financial assets and liabilities using inputs from the following three levels of the fair value hierarchy. The three levels are as follows:

Level 1 inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the management has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset (i.e., interest rates, yield curves, etc.), and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means (market corroborated inputs).

Level 3 includes unobservable inputs that reflect the management's assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset. The management develops these inputs based on the best information available, including the own data.

Business combination

U.S. GAAP requires that all business combinations not involving entities or businesses under common control be accounted for under the purchase method. The Group applies ASC 805, "Business combinations", the cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the fair values at the date of exchange of the assets given, liabilities incurred, and equity instruments issued. The costs directly attributable to the acquisition are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired or assumed are measured separately at their fair value as of the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any non-controlling interests. The excess of the (i) the total cost of acquisition, fair value of the non-controlling interests and acquisition date fair value of any previously held equity interest in the acquiree over (ii) the fair value of the identifiable net assets of the acquiree is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognized directly in the consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income.

The determination and allocation of fair values to the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed is based on various assumptions and valuation methodologies requiring considerable management judgment. The most significant variables in these valuations are discount rates, terminal values, the number of years on which to base the cash flow projections, as well as the assumptions and estimates used to determine the cash inflows and outflows. Management determines discount rates to be used based on the risk inherent in the related activity's current business model and industry comparisons. Terminal values are based on the expected life of products and forecasted life cycle and forecasted cash flows over that period. Although we believe that the assumptions applied in the determination are reasonable based on information available at the date of acquisition, actual results may differ from the forecasted amounts and the difference could be material.

Acquisitions

During the periods presented, the Company completed several transactions to acquire controlling shares to enrich its products and to expand business. The Company makes estimates and judgments in determining the fair value of the acquired assets and liabilities, based in part on independent appraisal reports as well as its experience with purchasing similar assets and liabilities in similar industries. The amount excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired is recorded as goodwill. The major acquisitions during the periods presented are as follows:

Qunar Cayman Islands Limited ("Qunar")

In October 2015, the Company completed a share exchange transaction with Baidu, Inc. ("Baidu"), which was the principal shareholder of Qunar, upon completion of the exchange, the Company issued approximately 11.5 million ordinary shares, with the fair value of US\$ 3.4 billion (RMB 21.7 billion) to Baidu in exchange for approximately 179 million Class A (There were 193 million outstanding Class A shares in Qunar) and 11 million Class B ordinary share of Qunar. The Class A and Class B represents 3 votes and 1 vote per share respectively, and Class A ordinary shares were converted into Class B ordinary shares upon transfer. After the transaction, Ctrip owned ordinary share of Qunar representing approximately 45% of Qunar's aggregate voting interest and 48 % economic interest.

[Table of Contents](#)

In connection with the transaction with Baidu, on December 10, 2015, the Company issued approximately 4 million ordinary shares to certain special purpose vehicles in exchange for approximately 66 million Class B ordinary shares of Qunar issued as equity incentives to Qunar's employees.

Below is the summary of the fair value of acquisition cost for these acquisitions:

	RMB	USS
Fair value of previously held equity interest ⁽¹⁾	21,698,582,100	3,416,184,974
Consideration paid in December 2015	10,842,783,275	1,687,067,570
Total purchase cost	<u>32,541,365,375</u>	<u>5,103,252,544</u>

(1) Which also represents fair value of purchase consideration for the initial 45% equity method investment in October 2015

Under U.S GAAP, as a result of the above transactions, the Company is deemed to be the beneficial owner of 256 million Class B ordinary shares of Qunar representing majority voting interest and therefore accounts for these transactions as step acquisitions of business combination. The previously held equity interest of Qunar from the exchange transaction with Baidu was accounted for using equity method until the Company's consolidation of Qunar upon completion of the transaction with the Qunar shareholders in December 2015 when the business combination was completed. Between October and December the Company recognized an equity pick up loss from Qunar of RMB 2.4 billion (Note 8). On December 10th the date of the business combination, the Company recognized a gain from the re-measurement of its previously held equity interest to its fair value as measured at the fair value of the consideration paid in October with amount of RMB 2.4 billion and such gain was reported in "Equity in income/(loss) of affiliates of the statement of income and comprehensive income. The financial statements of Qunar are consolidated by the Company from December 31, 2015 on since the financial results of Qunar during the period from December 10 through December 31, 2015 were not material.

The preliminary allocation of the purchase price of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their fair values was as follows. The fair value of non-controlling interest was measured based on the purchase price, taking into account a discount reflective of the non-controlling nature of the interest based on the market price of Qunar's publicly traded shares.

	RMB
Cash and cash equivalents	5,169,733,816
Advance to suppliers	1,177,437,522
Prepayments and other current assets	3,075,154,225
Long-term investments	712,967,197
Fixed assets, net	232,085,350
Other non-current assets	127,412,235
Accounts payable	(1,584,668,322)
Taxes payable	(1,028,960,573)
Short-term debts	(3,301,856,678)
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	(4,526,855,580)
Non-current liability	(93,019,969)
Non-controlling interests	(5,282,358)
Net assets of Qunar acquired	<u>(45,853,135)</u>
Identifiable intangible assets — trademark and domain	8,998,429,167
Identifiable intangible assets — technology and supplier network for new products*	948,347,023
Deferred tax liabilities	(2,489,866,400)
Non-controlling interests	(17,850,614,771)
Goodwill	42,980,923,491
Total purchase consideration	<u>32,541,365,375</u>

The newly identifiable intangible assets of Qunar primarily consist of trademark and domain, technology and supplier network for new products. The trademark and domain are indefinite-lived intangible assets. The estimated fair value of the amortizable intangible assets (technology and supplier network for new products) is expected to be amortised on a straight-line basis over a weighted average period of 5.2 years.

The following unaudited pro forma consolidated financial information reflects the results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2015, as if the business combination had occurred on January 1, 2014, and after giving effect to purchase accounting adjustments. These pro forma results have been prepared for comparative purposes only and do not purport to be indicative of what operating results would have been had the acquisitions actually took place on the beginning of the periods presented, and may not be indicative of future operating results.

[Table of Contents](#)

In thousands	2014	2015
	RMB	RMB
Pro-forma net revenues	8,917,279	14,812,533
Pro-forma net loss	(1,889,396)	(5,086,934)

A technology company focusing on hotel customer reviews

In November 2013 and October 2014, the Company consummated the acquisition of the entire equity shares in a technology company focusing on hotel customer reviews through step acquisitions with the total purchase consideration of RMB 240 million which included cash consideration of RMB 110 million and the previously held 35% non-controlling interest with the fair value of RMB 130 million. The cash consideration was paid in 2015. The Company also recognized a gain from the re-measurement of its previously held equity interest to the fair value of RMB 100 million in 2014. Such gain was reported in other income in the company's previously presented financial statements. In 2015, the Company decided to report the gain from re-measurement of previously held equity interests in the step acquisitions in "Equity in income/(loss) of affiliates in the statement of income and comprehensive income as a better reflection of those transactions and the comparative amounts for the prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

The financial results of the acquired company have been included in the Company's consolidated financial statements since the date the Company obtained control in October 2014 and were not significant to the Company for the year ended December 31, 2014. The final allocation of the purchase price of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their fair values was as follows, which includes a measurement period adjustment in 2015 to increase the intangible assets and deferred tax liabilities with a decrease to goodwill of RMB 33 million as compared with the preliminary purchase price allocation in 2014.

	RMB
Net assets	2,134,170
Identifiable intangible assets — System, brand and customer relationship	44,752,000
Deferred tax liabilities	(11,188,000)
Goodwill	333,320,722
Fair value of previously held equity interest	(129,360,000)
Total purchase consideration	<u>239,658,892</u>

An offline travel agency

In December, 2014, the Company completed the transaction to acquire approximately 43% equity stake and obtained majority voting power of an offline travel agency. The purchase consideration is approximately RMB 308 million (US\$50 million). The total unpaid consideration amounted to RMB 196 million as of December 31, 2014 has been paid in 2015. The financial results of the acquired entity have been included in the Company's consolidated financial statements since the acquisition date. The final allocation of the purchase price of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their fair values was as follows which includes a measurement period adjustment in 2015 to decrease the consideration and goodwill by RMB 1 million:

	RMB
Net assets (including the cash acquired of RMB 142 million)	164,411,042
Identifiable intangible assets — customer relationship	67,000,000
Identifiable intangible assets — trademark	174,800,000
Deferred tax liabilities	(60,450,000)
Non-controlling interests	(370,656,000)
Goodwill	331,615,519
Total purchase consideration	<u>306,720,561</u>

The identifiable intangible assets primarily consist of trademark and customer relationship. The trademark is indefinite-lived intangible assets. The fair value of the customer relationship is amortized on a straight-line basis over 5 years.

Travelfusion Limited ("Travelfusion")

In January, 2015, the Company acquired 70% equity interest of Travelfusion. Travelfusion is a UK-based leading online Low Cost Carrier (LCC) travel content aggregator and innovator of Direct Connect global distribution solutions.

[Table of Contents](#)

The purchase consideration is RMB721 million (GBP75.6 million). The results of Travelfusion have been included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company since the acquisition date. As of December 31, 2015, the total unpaid cash consideration was RMB 41 million and will be paid in 2016. On the acquisition date, the preliminary allocation of the purchase price of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their fair values was as follows. The non-controlling interest represents the fair value of the 30% equity interest not held by the Company:

	RMB
Net assets	36,936,493
Identifiable intangible assets — trademark and domain	78,058,071
Identifiable intangible assets — Business relationship	261,146,660
Identifiable intangible assets — IT Platform	5,051,377
Deferred tax liabilities	(72,293,783)
Non-controlling interests	(275,995,802)
Goodwill	687,633,024
Total purchase consideration	<u><u>720,536,040</u></u>

The identifiable intangible assets primarily consist of trademark and domain, business relationship and IT Platform. The trademark and domain are indefinite-lived intangible assets. The fair values of the business relationship and IT Platform are amortized on a straight-line basis over 10 years and 5 years, respectively.

Online trip package service provider

In January, 2014, the Company acquired 51% controlling interest of an online trip package service provider. The purchase consideration is RMB139 million (US\$23 million). The results of the acquired entity's operations have been included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company since the acquisition date. The allocation of the purchase price of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their fair values was as follows. The non-controlling interest represents the fair value of the 49% equity interest not held by the Company:

	RMB
Net assets	13,176,760
Identifiable intangible assets — trademark and domain	61,564,134
Deferred tax liabilities	(9,234,620)
Non-controlling interests	(134,009,200)
Goodwill	207,981,890
Total purchase consideration	<u><u>139,478,964</u></u>

B2B hotel reservation company

In August, 2013, the Company acquired a B2B hotel reservation company with the purchase consideration of RMB47 million (US\$8 million). The financial results of the acquired entity have been included in the Company's consolidated financial statements since the acquisition date.

Hotel Wholesaler

In August, 2013, the Company acquired a wholesaler operated hotel reservation and air ticketing services. The purchase consideration is HK\$125 million (US\$16 million).

For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015, other than the business combination of Qunar, the financial results and the pro forma revenues and net earnings of above mentioned acquisitions were not considered as significant to the Group under Rule 3-05 of Regulation S-X and ASC 805 respectively, either individually or in aggregate.

Other than the acquisitions disclosed above, none of other acquisition incurred during the periods presented is material to our businesses or financial results. As of December 31, 2015, the total unpaid consideration for the other acquisitions were RMB 69 million.

Goodwill and other intangible assets

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired as a result of the Company's acquisitions of interests in its subsidiaries and consolidated VIEs.

[Table of Contents](#)

Goodwill is not amortized but is reviewed at least annually for impairment or earlier, if an indication of impairment exists. Recoverability of goodwill is evaluated using a two-step process. In the first step, the fair value of a reporting unit is compared to its carrying value. If the fair value of a reporting unit exceeds the carrying value of the net assets assigned to a reporting unit, goodwill is considered not impaired and no further testing is required. If the carrying value of the net assets assigned to a reporting unit exceeds the fair value of a reporting unit, the second step of the impairment test is performed in order to determine the implied fair value of a reporting unit's goodwill. Determining the implied fair value of goodwill requires valuation of a reporting unit's tangible and intangible assets and liabilities in a manner similar to the allocation of purchase price in a business combination. If the carrying value of a reporting unit's goodwill exceeds its implied fair value, goodwill is deemed impaired and is written down to the extent of the difference. The Company estimates total fair value of the reporting unit using discounted cash flow analysis, and makes assumptions regarding future revenue, gross margins, working capital levels, investments in new products, capital spending, tax, cash flows, and the terminal value of the reporting unit.

As of December 31, 2015, the step one analysis performed indicated that the fair value of the Company's reporting units was substantially greater than the respective carrying value. There was no impairment of goodwill during the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015. Each quarter the Company reviews the events and circumstances to determine if goodwill impairment may be indicated.

Separately identifiable intangible assets that have determinable lives continue to be amortized and consist primarily of non-compete agreements, customer list, supplier relationship, technology and business relationship as of December 31, 2014 and 2015. The Company amortizes intangible assets on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, which is three to ten years. The estimated life of amortized intangibles is reassessed if circumstances occur that indicate the life has changed. Other intangible assets that have indefinite useful life primarily include trademark and domain names as of December 31, 2014 and 2015. The Company evaluates indefinite-lived intangible assets each reporting period to determine whether events and circumstances continue to support an indefinite useful life. If an intangible asset that is not being amortized is subsequently determined to have a finite useful life, the asset is tested for impairment. The Company estimates total fair value of the reporting unit using discounted cash flow analysis, and makes assumptions regarding future revenue, gross margins, working capital levels, investments in new products, capital spending, tax, cash flows, and the terminal value of the reporting unit.

The Company reviews intangible assets with indefinite lives annually for impairment.

No impairment on other intangible assets was recognized for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015.

Impairment of long-lived assets

Long-lived assets (including intangible with definite lives) are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Reviews are performed to determine whether the carrying value of asset group is impaired, based on comparison to undiscounted expected future cash flows. If this comparison indicates that there is impairment, the Group recognizes impairment of long-lived assets to the extent the carrying amount of such assets exceeds the fair value.

Accrued liability for customer reward program

The Group's end users participate in a reward program, which provides travel awards and other gifts to members based on accumulated membership points that vary depending on the services rendered and fees paid. The estimated incremental costs to provide free travel and other gifts are recognized as sales and marketing expense in the statements of income and comprehensive income and accrued for as a current liability as members accumulate points. As members redeem awards or their entitlements expire, the accrued liability is reduced correspondingly. As of December 31, 2014, and 2015, the Group's accrued liability for its customer reward program amounted to RMB431 million and RMB593 million, respectively, based on the estimated liabilities under the customer reward program. Our expenses for the customer rewards program were approximately RMB203million, RMB355 million and RMB399 million for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015.

Deferred revenue

The Group has the coupon program, through which the Group provides coupons for end users who book selected hotels online through website. The end users who use the coupons receive credits in their virtual cash accounts upon check-out from the hotels and reviews for hotels submitted. The end users may redeem the amount of credits in their virtual cash account in cash, voucher, or mobile phone credit. The Group accounts for the estimated cost of future usage of coupons as contra-revenue or sales and marketing expenses in the consolidated statements.

Revenue recognition

The Group conducts its principal businesses in Great China Area primarily through Ctrip Computer Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. ("Ctrip Computer Technology"), Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. ("Ctrip Travel Information"), Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. ("Ctrip Travel Network"), Ctrip Information Technology (Nantong) Co., Ltd. ("Ctrip Information Technology"), ezTravel and Wing On Travel. Some of the operations of Ctrip Computer Technology and Ctrip Travel Network are conducted through a series of services and other agreements with the VIEs and VIE subsidiaries.

[Table of Contents](#)

Ctrip Computer Technology, Ctrip Travel Information, Ctrip Travel Network, Ctrip Information Technology and the VIEs are subject to business tax and VAT and related surcharges on the provision of taxable services in the PRC, which include hotel reservation and ticketing services provided to end users. In the statements of income and comprehensive income, business tax and related surcharges are deducted from revenues to arrive at net revenues.

The Group presents majority of its revenues on a net basis. Revenues are recognized at gross amounts received from customers in cases where the Group undertakes the majority of the business risks and acts as principal related to the services provided. The amount of revenues recognized at gross basis was immaterial during the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015, respectively.

Effective August 1, 2013, pursuant to Circular Caishui 2013 No. 37 released by the Ministry of Finance of China, entities within transportation service and selected modern service industries will switch from a business tax payer to a VAT payer.

Accommodation reservation services

The Group receives commissions from travel suppliers for hotel room reservations through the Group's transaction and service platform. Commissions from hotel reservation services rendered are recognized after the end users have completed their stay at the applicable hotel and upon confirmation of pending payment of the commissions by the hotel. Contracts with certain travel suppliers contain incentive commissions typically subject to achieving specific performance targets and such incentive commissions are recognized when it is reasonably assured that the Group is entitled to such incentive commissions. The Group generally receives incentive commissions from monthly arrangements with hotels based on the number of hotel room reservations where the end users have completed their stay. The Group presents revenues from such transactions on a net basis in the statements of income and comprehensive income as the Group, generally, does not assume inventory risks and has no obligations for cancelled hotel reservations.

Transportation ticketing services

Transportation ticketing services revenues mainly represent revenues from tickets reservations and other related services. The Group receives commissions from travel suppliers for ticketing services through the Group's transaction and service platform under various services agreements. Commissions from ticketing services rendered are recognized after tickets are issued. The Group presents revenues from such transactions on a net basis in the statements of income as the Group, generally, does not assume inventory risks and has no obligations for cancelled ticket reservations. Loss due to obligations for cancelled ticket reservations is minimal in the past.

Packaged-tour

The Group receives referral fees from travel product providers for packaged-tour products and services through the Group's transaction and service platform. Referral fees are recognized as commissions on a net basis after the packaged-tour service are rendered and collections are reasonably assured.

Shanghai Ctrip, Beijing Ctrip, Guangzhou Ctrip, Shenzhen Ctrip and Wing On Travel conduct domestic and cross-border travel tour services. Revenues, mainly referral fees, are recognized as commissions on a net basis after the services are rendered.

Corporate travel

Corporate travel management revenues primarily include commissions from air ticket booking, hotel reservation and packaged-tour services rendered to corporate clients. The Group contracts with corporate clients based on service fee model. Travel reservations are made via on-line and off-line services for air tickets, hotel and package-tour. Revenue is recognized on a net basis after the services are rendered, e.g. air tickets are issued, hotel stays or packaged-tour are completed, and collections are reasonably assured.

Other businesses

Other businesses comprise primarily of online advertising services, the sale of Property Management System ("PMS"), and related maintenance service.

[Table of Contents](#)

Shanghai Ctrip Commerce receives advertising revenues, which principally represent the sale of banners or sponsorship on the website from customers. Advertising revenues are recognized ratably over the fixed term of the agreement as services are provided.

Jointwisdom, a subsidiary of the Company, conducts sale of PMS and related maintenance service. The sale of PMS is recognized upon customer acceptance. Maintenance service is recognized ratably over the term of the maintenance contract on a straight-line basis.

Allowance for doubtful accounts

Accounts receivable are recorded at the invoiced amount and do not bear interest. The Company reviews on a periodic basis for doubtful accounts for the outstanding trade receivable balances based on historical experience and information available. Additionally, we make specific bad debt provisions based on (i) our specific assessment of the collectability of all significant accounts; and (ii) any specific knowledge we have acquired that might indicate that an account is uncollectible. The facts and circumstances of each account may require us to use substantial judgment in assessing its collectability. The following table summarized the details of the Company's allowance for doubtful accounts:

	2013 RMB	2014 RMB	2015 RMB
Balance at beginning of year	4,351,963	5,896,903	14,707,184
Provision for doubtful accounts	2,842,681	11,737,580	32,080,786
Write-offs	(1,297,741)	(2,927,299)	(8,550,312)
Balance at end of period	<u>5,896,903</u>	<u>14,707,184</u>	<u>38,237,658</u>

Cost of revenues

Cost of revenues consists primarily of payroll compensation of customer service center personnel, credit card service fee, telecommunication expenses, direct cost of principal travel tour services, depreciation, rentals and related expenses incurred by the Group's transaction and service platform which are directly attributable to the rendering of the Group's travel related services and other businesses.

Product development

Product development expenses include expenses incurred by the Group to develop the Group's travel supplier networks as well as to maintain, monitor and manage the Group's transaction and service platform. The Group recognizes website, software and mobile applications development costs in accordance with ASC 350-50 "Website development costs" and ASC 350-40 "Software — internal use software" respectively. The Group expenses all costs that are incurred in connection with the planning and implementation phases of development and costs that are associated with repair or maintenance of the existing websites and mobile applications or the development of software or mobile applications for internal use and websites content.

Sales and marketing

Sales and marketing expenses consist primarily of costs of payroll and related compensation for the Company's sales and marketing personnel, advertising expenses, and other related marketing and promotion expenses. Advertising expenses, amounting to approximately RMB538 million, RMB1.2 billion and RMB1.8 billion for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015 respectively, are charged to the statements of income as incurred.

Share-based compensation

Under ASC 718, the Company applied the Black-Scholes valuation model in determining the fair value of options granted. Risk-free interest rates are based on US Treasury yield for the terms consistent with the expected life of award at the time of grant. Expected life is based on historical exercise patterns, for options granted before 2008 which the Company has historical data of and believes are representative of future behavior. For options granted since 2008, the Company used simplified method to estimate its expected life. Expected dividend yield is determined in view of the Company's historical dividend payout rate and future business plan. The Company estimates expected volatility at the date of grant based on historical volatilities. The Company recognizes compensation expense on all share-based awards on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period. Forfeiture rate is estimated based on historical forfeiture patterns and adjusted to reflect future change in circumstances and facts, if any. If actual forfeitures differ from those estimates, we may need to revise those estimates used in subsequent periods.

[Table of Contents](#)

ASC 718 requires forfeitures to be estimated at the time of grant and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from initial estimates. Share-based compensation expense was recorded net of estimated forfeitures such that expense was recorded only for those share-based awards that are expected to vest.

According to ASC 718, a change in any of the terms or conditions of stock options shall be accounted for as a modification of the plan. Therefore, the Company calculates incremental compensation cost of a modification as the excess of the fair value of the modified option over the fair value of the original option immediately before its terms are modified, measured based on the share price and other pertinent factors at the modification date. For vested options, the Company would recognize incremental compensation cost in the period the modification occurs and for unvested options, the Company would recognize, over the remaining requisite service period, the sum of the incremental compensation cost and the remaining unrecognized compensation cost for the original award on the modification date.

According to ASC 718, the Company classifies options or similar instruments as liabilities if the entity can be required under any circumstances to settle the option or similar instrument by transferring cash or other assets and such cash settlement is probable. The percentage of the fair value that is accrued as compensation cost at the end of each period shall equal the percentage of the requisite service that has been rendered at that date. Changes in fair value of the liability classified award that occur during the requisite service period shall be recognized as compensation cost over that period. Changes in fair value that occur after the end of the requisite service period are compensation cost of the period in which the changes occur. Any difference between the amount for which a liability award is settled and its fair value at the settlement date as estimated is an adjustment of compensation cost in the period of settlement.

Share incentive plans

On November 5, 2004, the Company's board of directors adopted a 2005 Employee's Stock Option Plan ("2005 Option Plan"). The 2005 Option Plan was approved by the shareholders of the Company in October 2005. The Company has reserved 3,000,000 ordinary shares for future issuances of options under the 2005 Option Plan. The terms of the 2005 Option Plan are substantially similar to the Company's 2003 Option Plan. As of December 31, 2014 and 2015, 386,310 and 179,453 options were outstanding under the 2005 Option Plan respectively.

On October 17, 2007, the Company adopted a 2007 Share Incentive Plan ("2007 Incentive Plan"), which was approved by the shareholders of the Company on June 15, 2007. Under the 2007 Incentive Plan, the maximum aggregate number of shares, which may be issued pursuant to all share-based awards (including Incentive Share Options and Restricted Share Units ("RSU")), is one million ordinary shares as of the first business day of 2007, plus an annual increase of one million shares to be added on the first business day of each calendar year beginning in 2008 to 2016. Under the 2007 Incentive Plan, the directors may, at their discretion, grant any employees, officers, directors and consultants of the Company and/or its subsidiaries such share-based awards. Shares options granted under 2007 Incentive Plan are vested over a period of 4 years. The Company granted 1,472,449 and 625,006 new shares options to employees with 4 year requisite service period for years ended December 31, 2014 and 2015, respectively. RSUs granted under 2007 Incentive Plan have a restricted period for 4 years. As of December 31, 2014 and 2015, 4,585,868 and 4,826,008 options and 1,058,608 and 865,408 RSUs were outstanding under the 2007 Incentive Plan.

A summary of option activity under the share incentive plans

The following table summarized the Company's share option activity under all the option plans (in US\$, except shares):

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at December 31, 2012	3,919,535	64.81	5.14	57,772,345
Granted	945,106	79.70		
Exercised	(660,459)	48.05		
Forfeited	(73,450)	91.75		
Outstanding at December 31, 2013	4,130,732	70.42	4.99	528,988,489
Granted	1,472,449	172.56		
Exercised	(573,351)	62.52		
Forfeited	(57,652)	117.63		
Outstanding at December 31, 2014	4,972,178	101.03	5.17	405,399,251
Granted	625,006	247.91		
Exercised	(506,163)	65.65		
Forfeited	(85,560)	156.32		
Outstanding at December 31, 2015	5,005,461	122.00	4.77	1,244,544,670
Vested and expect to vest at December 31, 2015	4,817,960	120.31	4.71	1,206,083,858
Exercisable at December 31, 2015	2,661,689	83.69	3.39	763,784,521

[Table of Contents](#)

The Company's current practice is to issue new shares to satisfy share option exercises.

The expected-to-vest options are the result of applying the pre-vesting forfeiture rate assumptions of 8% to total unvested options.

The aggregate intrinsic value in the table above represents the total intrinsic value (the aggregate difference between the Company's closing stock price of US\$371 as of December 31, 2015 and the exercise price for in-the-money options) that would have been received by the option holders if all in-the-money options had been exercised on December 31, 2015.

The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015 were US\$99 million US\$148 million and US\$178 million, respectively.

The following table summarizes information related to outstanding and exercisable options as of December 31, 2015 (in US\$, except shares):

Range of Exercise Prices	Outstanding			Exercisable		
	Number of shares	Weighted-Average Exercise Price	Weighted-average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Number of shares	Weighted-Average Exercise Price	Weighted-average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)
35.00-44.99	842,593	38.02	1.10	842,593	38.02	1.10
45.00-58.99	200	58.39	0.00	200	58.39	0.00
59.00-77.99	1,183,878	77.03	5.01	621,952	76.17	4.97
78.00-96.99	571,277	91.31	3.25	454,764	92.17	3.00
97.00-129.99	390,344	105.36	3.68	390,344	105.36	3.68
130.00-259.99	2,017,169	195.40	6.80	351,836	171.34	6.24
	<u>5,005,461</u>			<u>2,661,689</u>		

The weighted average fair value of options granted during the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015 was US\$38.40, US\$78.10 and US\$109.93 per share, respectively.

As of December 31, 2015, there was US\$137 million of total unrecognized compensation cost, net of estimated forfeitures, related to unvested share options which are expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.6 year. Total unrecognized compensation cost may be adjusted for future changes in estimated forfeitures. Total cash received from the exercise of share options amounted to RMB180,261,090, RMB184,579,173 and RMB52,117,597 for the year ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015, respectively. The transfer agent was engaged by the Company to collect the exercise proceeds and remitted on regular basis and these amounts were presented as receivable from financial institution in Note 3.

The Company calculated the estimated fair value of share options on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes pricing model with the following assumptions for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015:

	2013	2014	2015
Risk-free interest rate	0.69%-0.87%	1.66%-1.75%	1.35%-1.59%
Expected life (years)	5.0	5.0	5.0
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%	0%
Volatility	56%	49%-52%	49%-50%
Fair value of options at grant date per share	from US\$37.96 to US\$39.69	from US\$74.98 to US\$109.57	from US\$105.16 to US\$112.76

A summary of RSUs activities under the share incentive plans

The Company granted 259,365, 761,514 and 229,603 RSUs to employees with 4 year requisite service period for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015, respectively. In additional, pursuant to the Replacement mentioned above, another 475,343 RSUs replaced the 1,901,372 options initially granted under the 2007 incentive plan.

The following table summarized the Company's RSUs activities under all incentive plans (in US\$, except shares):

[Table of Contents](#)

	Number of Shares	Weighted average grant date fair value(US\$)
Restricted shares		
Unvested at December 31, 2012	646,301	101.30
Granted	259,365	79.23
Vested	(224,939)	118.54
Forfeited	(57,303)	85.40
Unvested at December 31, 2013	623,424	83.60
Granted	761,514	185.40
Vested	(261,692)	86.82
Forfeited	(64,638)	148.02
Unvested at December 31, 2014	1,058,608	158.55
Granted	229,603	249.31
Vested	(271,683)	129.21
Forfeited	(151,120)	181.47
Unvested at December 31, 2015	865,408	185.17

Total share-based compensation cost for the RSUs amounted to US\$13.2million, US\$32.3 million and US\$48.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015, respectively. As of December 31, 2015, there was US\$133 million unrecognized compensation cost, net of estimated forfeitures, related to unvested restricted shares, which are to be recognized over a weighted average vesting period of 2.2 years. Total unrecognized compensation cost may be adjusted for future changes in estimated forfeitures. The Company determined the fair value of RSUs based on its stock price on the date of grant.

Operating leases

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the leasing company are accounted for as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases net of any incentives received by the Group from the leasing company are charged to the statements of income on a straight-line basis over the lease periods.

Taxation

Deferred income taxes are provided using the balance sheet liability method. Under this method, deferred income taxes are recognized for the tax consequences of significant temporary differences by applying enacted statutory rates applicable to future years to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and the tax bases of existing assets and liabilities. The tax base of an asset or liability is the amount attributed to that asset or liability for tax purposes. The effect on deferred taxes of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period enacted. A valuation allowance is provided to reduce the amount of deferred tax assets if it is considered unlikely that some portion of, or all of, the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

The Company applies ASC 740, "Income Taxes". It clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in the Company's consolidated financial statements and prescribes a more likely than not threshold for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. It also provides guidance on derecognition of income tax assets and liabilities, classification of current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities, accounting for interest and penalties associated with tax positions, accounting for income taxes in interim periods, and income tax disclosures.

Other income (net)

Other income consists of gain on deconsolidation of subsidiaries, financial subsidies, investment income and foreign exchange gains/(losses). Financial subsidies from local PRC government authorities were recorded as other income in the consolidated statements of income. There are no defined rules and regulations to govern the criteria necessary for companies to enjoy such benefits and the amount of financial subsidy are determined at the discretion of the relevant government authorities. Financial subsidies are recognized as other income when received. Components of other income for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015 were as follows:

	2013 RMB	2014 RMB	2015 RMB
Gain on deconsolidation of subsidiaries (Note 8)	—	789,193	2,294,451,702
Subsidy income	119,697,248	132,094,928	199,418,778
Dividends from a cost method investment	—	39,036,138	—
Bank charges	(18,940,474)	(49,713,255)	(61,150,707)
Foreign exchange gains/(losses)	32,523,857	(55,930,392)	12,638,982
Reimbursement from the depository	17,507,842	—	11,582,882
Loss from impairment of long-term investment (Note 9)	—	(33,000,000)	—
Gain on disposal of cost method investment	4,014,829	—	—
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	—	(1,529,046)	—
Others	7,726,330	12,073,069	24,038,193
Total	162,529,632	43,820,635	2,480,979,830

[Table of Contents](#)

Statutory reserves

The Company's PRC subsidiaries and the VIEs are required to allocate at least 10% of their after-tax profit to the general reserve in accordance with the PRC accounting standards and regulations. The allocation to the general reserve can be stopped if such reserve has reached 50% of the registered capital of each company. Appropriations to the enterprise expansion fund, staff welfare and bonus fund are at the discretion of the board of directors of Ctrip Computer Technology, Ctrip Travel Information, Ctrip Travel Network, Ctrip Information Technology and Jointwisdom, the subsidiaries of the Company. Appropriations to discretionary surplus reserve are at the discretion of the board of directors of the VIEs. These reserves can only be used for specific purposes and are not transferable to the Company in form of loans, advances, or cash dividends. Additionally, ezTravel, the Company's subsidiary incorporated in Taiwan, is also required to allocate 10% of its after-tax profit to the statutory reserve in accordance with the Taiwan regulations. There is no such regulation of providing statutory reserve in Hong Kong. During the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014, and 2015, appropriations to statutory reserves have been made of approximately RMB15.2 million, RMB15.6 million, and RMB34.8 million, respectively.

Dividends

Dividends are recognized when declared.

PRC regulations currently permit payment of dividends only out of accumulated profits as determined in accordance with PRC accounting standards and regulations. The Company's PRC subsidiaries can only distribute dividends after they have met the PRC requirements for appropriation to statutory reserves. Additionally, as the Company does not have any direct ownership in the VIEs, the VIEs cannot directly distribute dividends to the Company. The PRC government imposes control over its foreign currency reserves in part through direct regulation of the conversion of RMB into foreign exchange and through restrictions on foreign trade. As substantially all of the Company's revenues are in RMB, any restrictions on currency exchange may limit our ability to use revenue generated in RMB to fund the Company's business activities outside China or to make dividend payments in U.S. dollars. Restricted net assets of the Company's PRC subsidiaries and VIEs not distributable in the form of dividends to the parent as a result of the aforesaid PRC regulations and other restrictions were RMB2.6 billion as of December 31, 2015.

As a result of the aforementioned PRC regulation and the Company's organizational structure, accumulated profits of the subsidiaries in PRC distributable in the form of dividends to the parent as of December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015 were RMB4.6 billion, RMB5.0 billion and RMB7.2 billion, respectively. The Company's PRC subsidiaries and VIEs are able to enter into royalty and trademark license agreements or certain other contractual arrangements at the sole discretion of the Company, for which the compensatory element of the arrangement is deducted from the accumulated profits.

Effective January 1, 2008, current CIT Law imposes a 10% withholding income tax for dividends distributed by foreign invested enterprises to their immediate holding companies outside mainland China. A lower withholding tax rate will be applied if there is a tax treaty arrangement between mainland China and the jurisdiction of the foreign holding company. Distributions to holding companies in Hong Kong that satisfy certain requirements specified by PRC tax authorities, for example, will be subject to a 5% withholding tax rate. Furthermore, pursuant to the applicable circular and interpretations of the current EIT Law, dividends from earnings created prior to 2008 but distributed after 2008 are not subject to withholding income tax.

Earnings per share

In accordance with "*Computation of Earnings Per Share*", basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income attributable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing net income attributable to common shareholders as adjusted for the effect of dilutive ordinary equivalent shares, if any, by the weighted average number of ordinary and dilutive ordinary equivalent shares outstanding during the year. Dilutive ordinary equivalent shares consist of ordinary shares issuable upon the exercise of outstanding share options (using the treasury stock method).

If the number of common shares outstanding increases as a result of a stock dividend or stock split or decreases as a result of a reverse stock split, the computations of basic and diluted EPS shall be adjusted retroactively for all periods presented to reflect that change in capital structure. If changes in common stock resulting from stock dividends, stock splits, or reverse stock splits occur after the close of the period but before the financial statements are issued or are available to be issued, the per-share computations for those and any prior-period financial statements presented are based on the new number of shares.

[Table of Contents](#)

Effective December 1, 2015, the Company effected a change of the ratio of its American depository shares (“ADSs”) to ordinary shares from four (4) ADSs representing one (1) ordinary share to eight (8) ADSs representing one (1) ordinary share. The historical and present earnings/ (loss) per share for the periods presented herein has been retrospectively adjusted to reflect such effect.

Treasury stock

On July 30, 2008 and September 30, 2008 our board of directors and shareholders respectively approved a US\$15 million share repurchase plan. On September 29, 2011, our board of directors approved another US\$100 million share repurchase plan. On June 13, 2012, our board of directors approved a US\$300 million share repurchase plan. And on April 3, 2014, our board of directors approved a US\$600 million share repurchase plan. The share-repurchase programs do not require the Company to acquire a specific number of shares and may be suspended or discontinued at any time.

Segment reporting

The Company operates and manages its business as a single segment. Resources are allocated and performance is assessed by the CEO, whom is determined to be the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). Since the Company operates in one reportable segment, all financial segment and product information required by this statement can be found in the consolidated financial statements.

The Company primarily generates its revenues from customers in Great China Area, and assets of the Company are also located in Great China Area. Accordingly, no geographical segments are presented.

Recent accounting pronouncements

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) (“ASU 2014-09”). ASU 2014-09 supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in ASC Topic 605, Revenue Recognition, and most industry-specific guidance. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The new standard will require the Company to separate performance obligations within a contract, determine total transaction costs, and ultimately allocate the transaction costs across the established performance obligations. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-14, “Revenue from Contracts with Customers” (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date, which delays the effective date of ASU 2014-09 by one year. As a result, ASU 2014-09 will become effective for the Company beginning in fiscal 2018 under either full or modified retrospective adoption, with early adoption permitted as of the original effective date of ASU 2014-09. The Company is currently assessing the potential effects of these changes on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

In February 2015, the FASB issued the ASU 2015-02, “Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis”. The objective of issuing the amendments in this Update is to change the analysis that a reporting entity must perform to determine whether it should consolidate certain types of legal entities. The amendments in this Update are an improvement to current US GAAP because they simplify the Codification and reduce the number of consolidation models through the elimination of the indefinite deferral of Statement 167 and because they place more emphasis on risk of loss when determining a controlling financial interest. The amendments in this Update are effective for public business entities for fiscal years, and for interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. If an entity early adopts the amendments in an interim period, any adjustments should be reflected as of the beginning of the fiscal year that includes that interim period. A reporting entity may apply the amendments in this Update using a modified retrospective approach by recording a cumulative-effect adjustment to equity as of the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption. A reporting entity also may apply the amendments retrospectively. The Company plans to apply this standard beginning in 2016 and does not expect this guidance to have a material impact on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued the ASU 2015-05, “Intangibles—Goodwill and Other—Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40) Customer’s Accounting for Fees Paid in a Cloud Computing Arrangement”. The Board issued the amendments in this Update as part of its Simplification Initiative. The objective of the Simplification Initiative is to identify, evaluate, and improve areas of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for which cost and complexity can be reduced while maintaining or improving the usefulness of the information provided to users of the financial statements. Existing GAAP does not include explicit guidance about a customer’s accounting for fees paid in a cloud computing arrangement. The amendments in this Update provide guidance to customers about whether a cloud computing arrangement includes a software license. If a cloud computing arrangement includes a software license, then the customer should account for the software license element of the arrangement consistent with the acquisition of other software licenses. If a cloud computing arrangement does not include a software license, the customer should account for the arrangement as a service contract. The guidance will not change GAAP for a customer’s accounting for service contracts. In addition, the guidance in this Update supersedes paragraph 350-40-25-16. Consequently, all software licenses within the scope of Subtopic 350-40 will be accounted for consistent with other licenses of intangible assets. For public business entities, the Board decided that the amendments will be effective for annual periods, including interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2015. For all other entities, the amendments will be effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods in annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption is permitted for all entities. An entity can elect to adopt the amendments either (1) prospectively to all arrangements entered into or materially modified after the effective date or (2) retrospectively. For prospective transition, the only disclosure requirements at transition are the nature of and reason for the change in accounting principle, the transition method, and a qualitative description of the financial statement line items affected by the change. For retrospective transition, the disclosure requirements at transition include the requirements for prospective transition and quantitative information about the effects of the accounting change. The Company plans to apply this standard beginning in 2016 and does not expect this guidance to have a material impact on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

[Table of Contents](#)

In April 2015, the FASB issued the ASU No. 2015-03—Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs (“ASU 2015-03”), which changes the presentation of debt issuance costs in financial statements. Under ASU 2015-03, an entity will present such costs in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the related debt liability rather than as an asset. Amortization of the costs will continue to be reported as interest expense. In August 2015, the FASB issued the ASU No. 2015-15—Presentation and Subsequent Measurement of Debt Issuance Costs Associated with Line-of-Credit Arrangements (“ASU 2015-15”), which incorporates the SEC staff’s announcement that clarifies the exclusion of line-of-credit arrangements from the scope of ASU 2015-03. The ASU clarifies that debt issuance costs related to line-of-credit arrangements can be deferred and presented as an asset that is subsequently amortized over the time of the line-of-credit arrangement, regardless of whether there are any outstanding borrowings on the line-of-credit arrangement. ASU 2015-03 is effective retrospectively for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The Company has determined and elected to early adopt the guidance and applied retrospectively to the prior period presented in its consolidated financial statements. See Note 17 “Long-Term Debt”.

In September 2015, the FASB issued the ASU No. 2015-16, Simplifying the Accounting for Measurement-Period Adjustments, which eliminates the requirement for acquirers in a business combination to account for measurement-period adjustments retrospectively. Instead, acquirers must recognize measurement-period adjustments during the period in which they determine the amounts, including the effect on earnings of any amounts that would have been recorded in previous periods if the accounting had been completed at the acquisition date. This update is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015, with early adoption permitted. The Company has elected to early adopt the guidance from the year ended December 31, 2015.

In November 2015, the FASB issued the ASU No. 2015-17, Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes, to simplify the presentation of deferred income taxes. The amendments in this Update require that deferred tax liabilities and assets be classified as noncurrent in a classified statement of financial position. The amendments in this Update apply to all entities that present a classified statement of financial position. The current requirement that deferred tax liabilities and assets of a tax-paying component of an entity be offset and presented as a single amount is not affected by the amendments in this Update. For public business entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for financial statements issued for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those annual periods, with early adoption permitted. The amendments in this Update may be applied either prospectively to all deferred tax liabilities and assets or retrospectively to all periods presented. If an entity applies the guidance prospectively, the entity should disclose in the first interim and first annual period of change, the nature of and reason for the change in accounting principle and a statement that prior periods were not retrospectively adjusted. If an entity applies the guidance retrospectively, the entity should disclose in the first interim and first annual period of change the nature of and reason for the change in accounting principle and quantitative information about the effects of the accounting change on prior periods. The Company has determined and elected to early adopt the guidance to its consolidated financial statements starting December 31, 2015, prospectively. See Note 15 “Taxation”.

In January, 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-01, Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities. This accounting standard retains the current accounting for classifying and measuring investments in debt securities and loans, but requires equity investments to be measured at fair value with subsequent changes recognized in net income, except for those accounted for under the equity method or requiring consolidation. This guidance also changes the accounting for investments without a readily determinable fair value and that do not qualify for the practical expedient to estimate fair value. A policy election can be made for these investments whereby estimated fair value may be measured at cost and adjusted in subsequent periods for any impairment or changes in observable prices of identical or similar investments. This revised guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of the standard on its consolidated financial statements.

[Table of Contents](#)

In February, 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases. This accounting standard requires lessees to recognize assets and liabilities related to lease arrangements longer than 12 months on the balance sheet. This standard also requires additional disclosures by lessees and contains targeted changes to accounting by lessors. The updated guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and early adoption is permitted. The recognition, measurement, and presentation of expenses and cash flows arising from a lease by a lessee have not significantly changed from previous GAAP. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of the standard on its consolidated financial statements.

In March, 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-06, Contingent Put and Call Options in Debt Instruments. The amendments in this Update apply to all entities that are issuers of or investors in debt instruments (or hybrid financial instruments that are determined to have a debt host) with embedded call (put) options. The Amendments in this Update clarify the requirements for assessing whether contingent call (put) options that can accelerate the payment of principal on debt instruments are clearly and closely related to their debt hosts, which is one of the criteria for bifurcating an embedded derivative. An entity performing the assessment under the amendments in this Update is required to assess the embedded call (put) options solely in accordance with the four-step decision sequence. Consequently, when a call (put) option is contingently exercisable, an entity does not have to assess whether the event that triggers the ability to exercise a call (put) option is related to interest rates or credit risks. The amendments are an improvement to GAAP because they eliminate diversity in practice in assessing embedded contingent call (put) options in debt instruments. For public companies, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within those fiscal years. An entity should apply the amendments in this Update on a modified retrospective basis to existing debt instruments as of the beginning of the fiscal year for which the amendments are effective. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of the Update on its consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-07, Simplifying the Transition to the Equity Method of Accounting. The amendments in this Update eliminate the requirement that when an investment qualified for use of the equity method as a result of an increase in the level of ownership interest or degree of influence, an investor must adjust the investment, results of operations, and retained earnings retroactively on a step-by-step basis as if the equity method had been in effect during all previous periods that the investment had been held. The amendments require that the equity method investor add the cost of acquiring the additional interest in the investee to the current basis of the investor's previous held interest and adopt the equity method of accounting as of the date the investment becomes qualified for equity method accounting. Therefore, upon qualifying for the equity method of accounting, no retroactive adjustment of the investment is required. The amendments in this Update require that an entity that has an available-for-sale equity security that becomes qualified for the equity method of accounting recognize through earnings the unrealized holding gain or loss in accumulated other comprehensive income at the date the investment becomes qualified for use of the equity method. The amendments in this Update are effective for all entities for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2016. The amendments should be applied prospectively upon their effective date to increase in the level of ownership interest or degree of influence that result in the adoption of the equity method. Earlier application is permitted. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of the Update on its consolidated financial statements.

Certain risks and concentration

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to significant concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, short-term investment, accounts receivable, amounts due from related parties, prepayments and other current assets. As of December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015, substantially all of the Company's cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term investment were held in major financial institutions located in the PRC and in Hong Kong, which management considers to be of high credit quality. Accounts receivable are generally unsecured and denominated in RMB, and are derived from revenues earned from operations arising primarily in the PRC.

No individual customer accounted for more than 10% of net revenues for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015. No individual customer accounted for more than 10% of accounts receivable as of December 31, 2014 and 2015.

3. PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Components of prepayments and other current assets as of December 31, 2014 and 2015 were as follows:

	2014	2015
	RMB	RMB
Prepayments and deposits to vendors	2,277,055,303	5,527,802,541
Employee advances	24,041,438	453,304,997
Prepaid expenses	27,226,997	262,797,329
Receivables from financial institution	65,310,413	221,221,736
Interest receivable	39,436,993	71,558,995
Others	36,636,191	213,280,229
Total	2,469,707,335	6,749,965,827

[Table of Contents](#)

4. LONG-TERM DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

The Group's subsidiaries and VIEs are required to pay certain amounts of deposit to airline companies and hotel suppliers. The subsidiaries and VIEs are also required to pay deposit to local travel bureau as pledge for insurance of traveler's safety.

Components of long-term deposit and prepayments as of December 31, 2014 and 2015 were as follows:

	2014 RMB	2015 RMB
Deposits paid to airline suppliers	128,845,051	141,890,707
Prepayments for purchase of long lived assets	—	120,699,207
Deposits paid to hotel suppliers	42,495,335	118,851,829
Deposits paid to lessor	16,165,551	40,360,900
Deposits paid to travel bureau	1,387,812	2,586,292
Others	36,375,314	62,397,033
Total	225,269,063	486,785,968

5. LONG-TERM LOAN RECEIVABLE

In 2013, the Company entered into a loan agreement with Felicity Investment Holdings Limited ("Felicity") for a total amount of approximately US\$29.5 million with a 5% compounded annual interest rate. The balance of the loan and the compounded accrued interests will be received at the end of the 5 year term of the loan. The loan receivable is fully collateralized with shares of a subsidiary of Felicity. As of December 31, 2014 and 2015, the balance of the loan and the compounded accrued interests was approximately US\$31 million and US\$33 million respectively. In 2015, the Company provided a loan facility with the total amount of US\$ 300 million to another subsidiary of Felicity. During the year ended December 31, 2015, US\$ 140 million (RMB 872 million) of the facility had been drawn down and repaid. As of December 31, 2015, the unused loan facility is US\$ 160 million, which can be drawn down from June 2016 with term of 2 years from the drawn down date with 5% annual interest rate.

In April, 2015, the Company entered into a loan agreement with eHi for a total amount of RMB300 million with 3 year term. The annual interest rate of the loan is 6.9% and will be received at the end of every quarter. As of December 31, 2015, the balance of the loan and the accrued interests was approximately RMB304 million.

6. LAND USE RIGHTS

The Company's land use rights are related to the payment to acquire three land use rights, the first one is at total cost of approximately RMB68 million for approximately 17,000 square meters of land in Shanghai, on which the Group has built an information and technology center. The second one was acquired at RMB49 million for approximately 19,500 square meters of land in Nantong, which was put into use in May, 2010. The third one was RMB10 million for approximately 9,000 square meters of land in Chengdu, on which the Group has built an information and technology center of West China. According to land use right policy in the PRC, the Company has a 50-year use right over the land in Shanghai, a 40-year use right over the land in Nantong, and a 50-year use right over the land in Chengdu, which are used as the basis for amortization, respectively. Amortization expense for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015 was approximately RMB3.2million, RMB2.9 million and RMB2.2 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2014 and 2015, the net book value was RMB104,568,868 and RMB102,328,181, respectively.

7. PROPERTY, EQUIPMENT AND SOFTWARE

Property, equipment and software and its related accumulated depreciation and amortization as of December 31, 2014 and 2015 were as follows:

	2014 RMB	2015 RMB
Buildings	1,928,090,705	5,048,349,531
Computer equipment	350,022,706	534,734,639
Website-related equipment	246,791,832	377,457,565
Furniture and fixtures	86,013,103	125,609,830
Software	76,484,726	101,444,245
Leasehold improvements	51,638,809	129,401,013
Construction in progress	3,014,154,910	11,231,274
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(532,570,330)	(772,268,598)
Total net book value	5,220,626,461	5,555,959,499

[Table of Contents](#)

In 2014, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire building in Shanghai Sky SOHO. All direct costs of the building in Sky SOHO were originally capitalized as construction in progress. In 2015, the building was put into use.

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015 was RMB110 million, RMB174 million and RMB256 million, respectively.

8. INVESTMENTS

The Company's long-term investments are consisted of the follows:

	2014	2015
	RMB	RMB
Held to maturity investment		
Long-term time deposit	—	1,020,425,292
Available-for-sale investments		
Tujia	—	2,876,749,196
LY.com	1,547,844,523	1,745,309,616
Hanting	898,828,511	1,116,231,309
eHi	535,024,052	793,869,127
Easy Go	627,905,501	527,301,676
Tuniu	216,690,294	430,659,093
Others	207,514,062	316,742,816
Equity method investments		
eLong	—	2,632,145,397
Homeinns	902,964,928	961,773,378
Others	169,902,835	461,048,432
Cost method investments	212,081,741	988,268,166
Total net book value	5,318,756,447	13,870,523,498

Held to maturity investment

In September 2015, the Company placed a three-year time deposit of RMB 1 billion to a domestic bank with fixed interest rate of 3.90% per annum.

Available-for-sale investments

Tujia

Tujia was a consolidated subsidiary of the Company. In July, 2015, after Series D+ financing of Tujia, the equity interest of the Company was diluted to 45% and the Company was no longer entitled to appoint the majority of the board of directors of Tujia. As a result, the Company lost the control in Tujia and the financial position and results of operations of Tujia was deconsolidated. A gain of RMB 2.3 billion (approximately US\$ 350 million) is recognized in the Other Income (Note 2) for the deconsolidation of Tujia on the deconsolidation date when the investment in Tujia was re-measured at its fair value which was determined by management with the assistance of an independent appraisal using Level 3 inputs. As of December 31, 2015, the Company held 101,498,094 convertible and redeemable preferred shares of Tujia. The convertible and redeemable preferred shares that the Company subscribed from Tujia are not in substance common stocks and are classified as available-for-sale investment.

LY.com

In April, 2014, the Company purchased a minority stake of LY.com, a leading local attraction ticket service provider, with a cash consideration of approximately RMB1.4 billion. According to the purchase agreement and shareholders arrangement, the investment on LY.com is considered not in substance common stock and is classified as available-for-sale investments. As of December 31 2015, the Company remeasured the investment in LY.com at a fair value of RMB1.7 billion (approximately US\$269 million), with RMB0.3 billion unrealized gain recorded in other comprehensive income.

[Table of Contents](#)

Hanting

As a result of a series of investments on Hanting in 2010, the Company holds an aggregate of 22,049,446 shares of Hanting, representing approximately 9% of Hanting's total outstanding shares with the aggregated investment cost of US\$67.5 million (approximately RMB0.5 billion). The Company does not have the ability to exercise significant influence and the investment in Hanting is classified as available-for-sale investment. As of December 31 2015, the closing price of Hanting was US\$31.26 per ADS. The Company remeasured the investment in Hanting at a fair value of RMB1.1 billion (approximately US\$172 million), with RMB0.7 billion unrealized gain recorded in other comprehensive income.

eHi

As a result of a series of investments on eHi since 2013, the Company has held an aggregate equity interest of approximately 14% of eHi's total outstanding share and 19.6% of eHi's voting power as of December 31, 2015 with the aggregated investment cost of US\$107 million (approximately RMB0.7 billion). The Company does not have the ability to exercise significant influence and the investment in eHi is classified as available-for-sale investment. As of December 31 2015, the closing price of eHi was US\$12.59 per ADS. The Company remeasured the investment in eHi at a fair value of RMB794 million (approximately US\$123 million), with RMB0.1 billion unrealized gain recorded in other comprehensive income.

Tuniu

The Company held an aggregate equity interest of approximately 4% of Tuniu as of December 31, 2015 with the aggregated investment cost of US\$ 50 million (approximately RMB0.3 billion). The Company does not have the ability to exercise significant influence and the investment in Tuniu is classified as available-for-sale investment. As of December 31 2015, the closing price of Tuniu was US\$15.98 per ADS. The Company remeasured the investment in Tuniu at a fair value of RMB431 million (approximately US\$66 million), with RMB0.1 billion unrealized gain recorded in other comprehensive income.

Easy Go

In December 2013 and August 2014, the Company subscribed Easy Go's Series B and Series C convertible preferred shares with a total consideration of US\$53 million (approximately RMB 324 million). The convertible preferred shares that the Company subscribed from Easy Go are not in substance common stocks and are classified as available-for-sale investment. As of December 31 2015, the Company remeasured the investment in Easy Go at a fair value of RMB527 million (approximately US\$81 million), with RMB0.2 billion unrealized gain recorded in other comprehensive income.

Other-than-temporary impairment

The Company monitors its investments for other-than-temporary impairment by considering factors including, but not limited to, current economic and market conditions, the operating performance of the companies including current earnings trends and other company-specific information. In 2014, the Company recorded an other than temporary investment impairment charge of RMB33 million in "Other Income (net)" for Dining Secretary, an available-for-sale investment based on the difference of its fair value and cost. There is no other-than-temporary impairment charge incurred in 2015 and 2013.

Equity method investments

Qunar

As disclosed in Note 2 "Acquisition", the Company accounted for the business acquisition of Qunar as step acquisitions. The previously held 48% equity interest of Qunar from the exchange transaction with Baidu was accounted for using equity method until the Company's consolidation of Qunar, upon obtaining majority voting interest.

In 2015, the Company recognized the share of cumulative loss of Qunar before beginning to consolidate with amount of RMB2.4 billion, which primarily included the share based compensation charges recognized by Qunar during the period. The Company subsequently recognized a gain from the re-measurement of aforementioned previously held 48% equity interest of Qunar to its fair value on December 10, 2015, the date of the business combination with amount of RMB2.4 billion, which included currency translation impact of RMB 0.4 billion (Note 2) and included such amount in equity in income/(loss) on affiliates. The Company determined to report the gain from re-measurement for the previously held 48% equity interest in the same line item of the statement of income and comprehensive income in which the equity pick-up of Qunar's results of operations is presented.

[Table of Contents](#)

The carrying amount and unrealized securities holding profit for investment in Qunar before the business combination as follows:

	2015 RMB
Investment cost	21,698,582,100
Foreign currency translation	430,780,926
Total investment cost	<u>22,129,363,026</u>
Value booked under equity method	
Share of cumulative loss	(2,352,388,839)
Amortization of outside difference, net of tax	(25,849,397)
Carrying value of the investment at the date prior to the consolidation	<u>19,751,124,790</u>

eLong

In May 2015, the Company entered into a share purchase agreement with certain selling shareholders, including Expedia, Inc. (“Expedia”), to acquire approximately 38% share capital of eLong, Inc. (“eLong”). The total consideration was approximately USD422 million. The Company has one out of eight board seats of eLong. The Company applies the equity method to account for the investment starting June 2015.

The Company applied equity accounting for eLong investment on one quarter lag basis since the financial statements of eLong were not available within a sufficient time period.

The carrying amount and unrealized securities holding profit for investment in eLong during the year was as follows:

	2015 RMB
Investment cost	2,615,954,303
Foreign currency translation	116,898,432
Total investment cost	<u>2,732,852,735</u>
Value booked under equity method	
Share of cumulative loss	(98,560,550)
Amortization of outside difference, net of tax	(2,146,788)
Total booked value under equity method.	<u>(100,707,338)</u>
Net book value as of December 31, 2015	<u>2,632,145,397</u>

In 2015, among the share of cumulative loss of eLong, the Company recognized the loss as a result of the equity dilution impact in eLong with amount of RMB 13 million in “Equity in income/(loss) of affiliates” of the Comprehensive income statement.

Homeinns

The Company holds an aggregate equity interest of approximately 15% of the outstanding shares of Homeinns (or 14,400,765 shares). Given the level of investment and the common directors on Board of both companies, the Company applied equity method of accounting to account for the investment in Homeinns.

The Company applied equity accounting for Homeinns investment on one quarter lag basis since the financial statements of Homeinns were not available within a sufficient time period.

The carrying amount and unrealized securities holding profit for investment in Homeinns as of December 31, 2014 and 2015 were as follows:

	2014 RMB	2015 RMB
Investment cost		
Balance at beginning of year	554,626,285	568,679,251
Foreign currency translation	14,052,966	16,547,456
Total investment cost	<u>568,679,251</u>	<u>585,226,707</u>
Value booked under equity method		
Share of cumulative profit	357,085,613	403,234,118
Amortization of outside difference, net of tax	(22,799,936)	(26,687,447)
Total booked value under equity method.	<u>334,285,677</u>	<u>376,546,671</u>
Net book value	<u>902,964,928</u>	<u>961,773,378</u>

[Table of Contents](#)

In 2015, among the share of cumulative profit of Hominns, the Company recognized gain as a result of the equity dilution impact in Homeinns with amount of RMB 5 million in “Equity in income/(loss) of affiliates” of the Comprehensive income statement.

Other than Qunar, all other equity method investments are not considered individually material. And in an aggregate basis, the Company summarizes the unaudited condensed financial information of the Company’s equity investments as a group below in accordance with Rule 4-08 of Regulation S-X.

	Year ended December 31,			
	2013 Equity investments	2014 Equity investments	2015 Qunar	2015 Other equity investments
Operating data:				
Revenue	6,209,097,961	6,667,675,419	841,814,520	7,069,224,177
Gross profit	995,803,159	1,280,767,842	537,240,212	1,581,396,551
Income/(loss) from operations	454,747,888	646,012,004	(4,792,664,736)	(20,961,158)
Net income/(loss)	190,462,888	446,181,771	(4,917,200,749)	(189,461,030)
Net income/(loss) attributable to our equity method investments companies	29,135,272	66,427,909	(2,352,388,839)	(127,465,948)
Add: Equity dilution impact	26,418,800	20,577,432	—	(8,314,364)
Add: Gain/(loss) from disposal of equity investments, including the remeasurement gain/(loss) from previously held equity investments in step acquisitions	592,742	100,185,800	2,352,388,839	—
Equity in income/(loss) of affiliates	56,146,814	187,191,141	—	(135,780,312)

	As of December 31,			
	2013	2014	2015	
Balance sheet data:				
Current assets	1,633,265,014	1,383,806,709	9,433,080,372	4,091,410,052
Long-term assets	7,760,394,239	9,377,157,121	1,072,464,782	10,102,034,376
Current liabilities	1,790,122,457	1,771,565,291	10,442,341,153	4,043,523,264
Long-term liabilities	3,292,033,000	3,549,170,630	93,019,969	466,730,372
Non-controlling interests	19,429,000	15,188,000	5,282,358	76,928,317

Cost method investments

Cost method is used for investments over which the Company does not have the ability to exercise significant influence. The carrying value of cost method investments was RMB 212 million and RMB 1 billion as of December 31, 2014 and 2015 respectively. None of these investments individually is considered as material to the Group’s financial position.

9. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

In accordance with ASC 820-10, the Company measures financial products, time deposits and available-for-sale investments at fair value on a recurring basis. Available-for-sale investments classified within Level 1 are valued using quoted market prices that currently available on a securities exchange registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Financial products and time deposits classified within Level 2 are valued using directly or indirectly observable inputs in the market place. The available-for-sale investments classified within Level 3 are valued based on a model utilizing unobservable inputs which require significant management judgment and estimation.

[Table of Contents](#)

Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized below:

	Fair Value Measurement at December 31, 2015 Using				
	Quoted Prices in Active Market for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Unobservable inputs (Level 3)	Fair Value at December 31, 2015	
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	USS
Financial products	—	7,937,009,389	—	7,937,009,389	1,225,263,112
Time deposits	—	1,153,526,819	—	1,153,526,819	178,073,855
<i>Available-for-sale investments</i>					
Tujia	—	—	2,876,749,196	2,876,749,196	444,093,550
LY.com	—	—	1,745,309,616	1,745,309,616	269,429,377
Hanting	1,116,231,309	—	—	1,116,231,309	172,316,421
eHi	793,869,127	—	—	793,869,127	122,552,275
Easy Go	—	—	527,301,676	527,301,676	81,401,352
Tuniu	430,659,093	—	—	430,659,093	66,482,308
Others	—	—	316,742,816	316,742,816	48,896,665
Total	2,340,759,529	9,090,536,208	5,466,103,304	16,897,399,041	2,608,508,915
Fair Value Measurement at December 31, 2014 Using					
	Quoted Prices in Active Market for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Unobservable inputs (Level 3)	Fair Value at December 31, 2014	
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	USS
	—	5,990,483,880	—	5,990,483,880	965,490,746
Financial products	—	448,370,707	—	448,370,707	72,264,240
<i>Available-for-sale investments</i>					
LY.com	—	—	1,547,844,523	1,547,844,523	249,467,254
Hanting	898,828,511	—	—	898,828,511	144,864,860
Easy Go	—	—	627,905,501	627,905,501	101,199,997
eHi	535,024,052	—	—	535,024,052	86,230,225
Tuniu	216,690,294	—	—	216,690,294	34,924,136
Others	—	—	207,514,062	207,514,062	33,445,195
Total	1,650,542,857	6,438,854,587	2,383,264,086	10,472,661,530	1,687,886,653

The roll forward of major Level 3 investments are as following:

	Tujia RMB	LY.com RMB	Easy Go RMB	Others RMB
Fair value of Level 3 investment as at December 31, 2013	—	—	143,904,165	93,600,692
Addition	—	1,414,285,714	184,377,000	142,425,000
Effect of exchange rate change	—	—	4,833,800	7,330,044
Other than temporary impairment				(33,000,000)
The change in fair value of the investment	—	133,558,809	294,790,536	(2,841,674)
Fair value of Level 3 investment as at December 31, 2014	—	1,547,844,523	627,905,501	207,514,062
Addition	2,784,302,479	—	—	94,928,814
Effect of exchange rate change	53,534,169	—	13,372,961	7,103,210
The change in fair value of the investment	38,912,548	197,465,093	(113,976,786)	7,196,730
Fair value of Level 3 investment as at December 31, 2015	2,876,749,196	1,745,309,616	527,301,676	316,742,816
Fair value of Level 3 investments as at December 31, 2015 (US\$)	444,093,550	269,429,377	81,401,352	48,896,665

The Company determined the fair value of their investment by using an income approach concluding on the overall investee's equity value and allocating this value to the various classes of preferred and common shares by using an option-pricing method. The determination of the fair value was assisted by independent appraisals, based on estimates, judgments and information of other comparable public companies. The significant unobservable inputs used in the valuation are as following:

Table of Contents

Unobservable Input	Tujia	LY.com	Easy Go	Others
Weighted average cost of capital	17%	17%	12%	17 - 25%
Terminal growth rate	3%	3%	3%	3%
Lack of marketability discount	30%	35%	20%	9 - 30%
Time to liquidation	4 years	4 years	2 years	0.58 - 3.29 years
Risk-free rate	2.21%	2.21%	1.65%	1.45 - 2.60%
Expected volatility	42.8%	50.4%	38.75%	33.07 - 62.72%
Probability	Liquidation scenario: 10% Redemption scenario: 10% IPO scenario: 80%	Liquidation scenario: 70% IPO scenario: 30%	Liquidation scenario: 55% Redemption scenario: 45% Conversion scenario: 5%	Liquidation scenario: 40% - 50% Redemption scenario: 40% - 50% Conversion scenario: 0 - 20%
Dividend yield	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

10. GOODWILL

Goodwill, which is not tax deductible, represents the synergy effects of the business combinations. The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2015 were as follows:

	2014 RMB	2015 RMB
Balance at beginning of year	972,531,184	1,892,507,708
Acquisition of Qunar (Note 2)	—	42,980,923,491
Acquisition of Travelfusion (Note 2)	—	687,633,024
Acquisition of an offline travel agency in 2014 and measurement period adjustment in 2015 (Note 2)	330,669,958	945,561
Acquisition of a technology company focusing on hotel customer reviews in 2014 and measurement period adjustment in 2015 (Note 2)	366,884,722	(33,564,000)
Acquisition of an online trip package service provider (Note 2)	207,981,890	—
Others	14,439,954	161,995,119
Balance at end of period.	<u>1,892,507,708</u>	<u>45,690,440,903</u>

Goodwill arose from the business combination completed in the years ended December 31, 2015 has been allocated to the single reporting unit of the Group. For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015, the Company did not have goodwill impairment. As of December 31, 2015, there had not been accumulated goodwill impairment provided.

11. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets as of December 31, 2014 and 2015 were as follows:

	2014 RMB	2015 RMB
Intangible asset		
Intangible assets to be amortized		
Business Relationship (Representing the relationship with the travel service providers and other business partners)	27,780,000	878,529,857
Technology	9,240,000	447,515,717
Customer relationship	85,642,578	96,942,578
Non-compete agreements	11,479,610	11,479,610
Cross-border travel agency license	1,117,277	1,117,277
Others	790,000	17,990,000
Intangible assets not subject to amortization		
Trade mark	551,381,191	9,631,703,672
Golf membership certificate	4,200,000	4,200,000
Others	17,783,205	17,736,321
	<u>709,413,861</u>	<u>11,107,215,032</u>
Less: accumulated amortization		
Intangible assets to be amortized		
Business Relationship	(5,956,333)	(34,848,999)
Technology	(9,240,000)	(15,566,396)
Customer relationship	(13,247,103)	(31,250,912)
Non-compete agreements	(11,479,610)	(11,479,610)
Cross-border travel agency license	(1,117,277)	(1,117,277)
Others	(171,167)	(5,036,667)
	<u>(41,211,490)</u>	<u>(99,299,861)</u>
Net book value		
Intangible assets to be amortized		
Business Relationship	21,823,667	843,680,858
Technology	—	431,949,321
Customer relationship	72,395,475	65,691,666
Non-compete agreements	—	—
Cross-border travel agency license	—	—
Others	618,833	12,953,333
Intangible assets not subject to amortization		
Trade mark	551,381,191	9,631,703,672

Golf membership certificate	4,200,000	4,200,000
Others	17,783,205	17,736,321
	<u>668,202,371</u>	<u>11,007,915,171</u>

[Table of Contents](#)

Finite-lived intangible assets are tested for impairment if impairment indicators arise. The Company amortizes its finite-lived intangible assets using the straight-line method:

Customer relationship	3-10 years
Business Relationship	10 years
Technology	5-6 years
Non-compete agreements	5 years
Cross-border travel agency license	8 years

Amortization expense for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015 was approximately RMB7 million, RMB5 million and RMB58 million respectively.

The annual estimated amortization expense for intangible assets subject to amortization for the five succeeding years is as follows:

	Amortization RMB
2016	238,630,057
2017	238,630,057
2018	238,630,057
2019	234,972,057
2020	<u>233,773,558</u>
	<u>1,184,635,786</u>

12. SHORT-TERM DEBT

	2014 RMB	2015 RMB
Short-term borrowings	3,132,061,011	4,544,819,828
2017 and 2018 Convertible Senior Notes (Note 17)	428,427,630	5,507,036,892
Qunar CB (Note 16)	—	2,658,356,678
Total	<u>3,560,488,641</u>	<u>12,710,213,398</u>

As of December 31, 2015, the Group obtained two borrowings of RMB165 million (US\$25.4 million) in aggregate collateralized by a short-term investment of RMB67 million and a bank deposit of RMB20 million as restricted cash. The annual interest rate of borrowings is approximately 1.8%.

As of December 31, 2015, the Group obtained three borrowings of RMB1.2 billion (US\$179.7 million) in aggregate collateralized by short-term investment of RMB1.2 billion and bank deposits of RMB100 million as restricted cash. The annual interest rate of borrowings is approximately 1.6%.

As of December 31, 2015, the Group obtained one borrowings of RMB364 million (US\$56.3 million) in aggregate collateralized by bank deposits of RMB380 million classified as restricted cash. The annual interest rate of borrowings is approximately 1.4%.

As of December 31, 2015, the Group obtained one borrowings of RMB381 million (US\$58.8 million) in aggregate collateralized by short-term investment of RMB75 million. The annual interest rate of borrowings is approximately 2.1%.

As of December 31, 2015, the Group obtained three borrowings of RMB1.0 billion (US\$157 million) in aggregate collateralized by short-term investment of RMB442 million. The annual interest rate of borrowings is approximately 1.6%.

As of December 31, 2015, the Group obtained three borrowings of RMB809.7 million (US\$125 million) in aggregate collateralized by bank deposits of RMB58 million classified as restricted cash. The annual interest rate of borrowings is approximately 2.0%.

[Table of Contents](#)

As of December 31, 2015, the Group obtained one borrowings of RMB643.5 million (US\$99 million) in aggregate collateralized by bank deposits of RMB650 million classified as restricted cash. The annual interest rate of borrowings is approximately 1.6%.

The short-term borrowing contain covenants including, among others, limitation on liens, consolidation, merger and sale of the Company's assets. The Company is in compliance with all of the loan covenants as of December 31, 2014 and 2015.

13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

During the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015 significant related party transactions were as follows:

	2013 RMB	2014 RMB	2015 RMB
Commissions from Homeinns (a)	38,709,984	38,139,325	34,556,539
Commissions from Hanting (a)	17,127,847	19,234,632	17,740,390
Commissions from eLong (a)	—	—	7,191,870
Commissions from Tujia (a)	—	—	5,967,489
Commissions from Baidu	—	—	4,717,422
Entrusted loan and interest to a technology company focusing on hotel customer reviews (b)	13,374,109	694,577	—
Shareholders' loan and interest to Skyseas (c)	—	505,955,950	15,826,363
Commissions to eLong (d)	—	—	9,532,316
Commissions to LY.com (d)	—	76,093,733	75,297,659
Online marketing service from Baidu (e)	—	—	89,244,042
Purchase of tour package from Ananda Travel Service (Aust.) Pty Limited ("Ananda") (f)	32,738,333	27,197,283	11,351,388

- (a) Homeinns, Hanting, eLong and Tujia have entered into agreements with the Company, respectively, to provide hotel rooms for our customers. The transactions above represent the commissions earned from these related parties.
 - (b) In September 2013, the Company entered into agreements with a technology company focusing on hotel customer reviews to provide entrusted loan of RMB13 million. The entrusted loan has a one-year maturity period.
- The balance of entrusted loan together with the interest to the technology company focusing on hotel customer reviews for the year ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2014 are presented as above.
- (c) In 2014, the Company provided shareholder's loan of US\$80 million to Skyseas. The interest rate is 3% per annum currently and shall be subject to annual review and adjustment with mutual consent. The loan is guaranteed by a vessel mortgage and shall be paid back by installments through 2020. The balance of the loan together with the interest for the year ended December 31, 2014 and the interest for the year ended December 31, 2015 is presented as above.
 - (d) The Company entered into agreements to provide hotel rooms to eLong and LY.com. Commissions to LY.com presented above starting from April 1, 2014 to December 31, 2015. Commissions to eLong starting from June 1, 2015 to December 31, 2015 are presented as above.
 - (e) The Company and its online marketing service supplier, Baidu, which is also the major shareholder of the Company, have entered into marketing service agreements. Marketing service expense starting from November, 2015 to December 31, 2015 is presented as above.
 - (f) The Company's tour package supplier, Ananda is an affiliate of Wing On Travel. Tour package purchase from Ananda for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015 is presented as above.

[Table of Contents](#)

As of December 31, 2014 and 2015, significant balances with related parties were as follows:

	2014 RMB	2015 RMB
Due from related parties, current:		
Due from Baidu (a)		788,860,421
Due from Skyseas	—	56,727,885
Due from LY.com		33,051,263
Due from eLong		34,515,489
Due from Hanting	6,402,931	8,825,089
Due from Homeinns	4,166,006	6,856,120
Due from Tujia	—	2,955,191
Due from others	—	30,000,000
	<u>10,568,937</u>	<u>961,791,458</u>
Due from related parties, non-current:		
Due from Skyseas	505,955,950	543,911,586
Due from Hanting	4,083,334	—
	<u>510,039,284</u>	<u>543,911,586</u>
Due to related parties, current:		
Due to Baidu(b)	—	1,891,209,753
Due to eLong	—	165,436,171
Due to LY.com	10,250,334	2,709,193
Due to Ananda	5,798,769	2,523,692
Due to Hanting	1,000,000	1,087,144
	<u>17,049,103</u>	<u>2,062,965,953</u>

- (a) On October 27, 2015, the Company granted a loan amounting to RMB650 million (US\$100 million) to Baidu Holdings. The loan bore an interest at 1.00% with a repayment term of 12 months. The company received the repayment in March, 2016.
- (b) On February 27, 2014, Qunar entered into a US\$300,000,000 revolving credit facility agreement with Baidu. The three-year credit facility bears no commitment fee. Any drawdown bears interest at a rate of 90% of the benchmark lending rate published by the People's Bank of China and shall be repaid within three years from the drawdown date. Qunar is allowed to repay its outstanding debt obligation at maturity either by cash or by issuance of Class B shares. The applicable share conversion price will be determined by the prevailing share price at the maturity date. On March 12 and May 4, 2015, Qunar drew down RMB507 million (US\$78 million) and RMB627 million (US\$97 million) respectively, pursuant to the revolving credit facility agreement. In March 2016, the company repaid these loans and the facility agreement was terminated.

In addition, On October 26, 2015, Qunar was granted a loan amounting to RMB640 million (US\$99 million) from Baidu Times. The loan bore an interest at 4.14% with a repayment term of 12 months. The Company repaid the loan in March, 2016.

On June 1, 2015, Qunar and Baidu entered into a business cooperation agreement, under which Baidu agreed to grant the Company an exclusive right to integrate its hotel information and products into the personal computer and mobile versions of Baidu Maps. The Company will display location-based hotel data through the Baidu Maps interface. Users can click on the displayed hotels to view hotels and to complete bookings. Qunar pays Baidu cash amount at a certain percentage of gross revenue the Company earns in exchange for the services Baidu provides to the Company. This agreement will expire in May 2016 subject to renewal negotiation between both parties.

14. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The Group's employee benefit primarily related to the full-time employees of the PRC subsidiaries and the VIEs, including medical care, welfare subsidies, unemployment insurance and pension benefits. The PRC subsidiaries and the VIEs are required to accrue for these benefits based on certain percentages of the employees' salaries in accordance with the relevant PRC regulations and make contributions to the state-sponsored pension and medical plans out of the amounts accrued for medical and pension benefits. The PRC government is responsible for the medical benefits and ultimate pension liability to these employees. The total expenses recorded for such employee benefits amounted to RMB441 million, RMB725 million and RMB961 million for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015 respectively.

15. TAXATION

Cayman Islands

Under the current laws of Cayman Islands, the Company is not subject to tax on income or capital gain. In addition, upon payments of dividends by the Company to its shareholders, no Cayman Islands withholding tax will be imposed.

[Table of Contents](#)

Hong Kong

The Company's subsidiaries incorporated in the Hong Kong are subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax ("CIT") on the taxable income as reported in their respective statutory financial statements adjusted in accordance with relevant Hong Kong tax laws. The applicable tax rate is 16.5% in Hong Kong.

Taiwan

The Company's consolidated entities registered in the Taiwan are subject to Taiwan Enterprise Income Tax on the taxable income as reported in their respective statutory financial statements adjusted in accordance with relevant Taiwan income tax laws. The applicable tax rate is 17% in Taiwan.

The PRC

The Company's subsidiaries and VIEs registered in the PRC are subject to PRC Corporate Income Tax ("CIT") on the taxable income as reported in their respective statutory financial statements adjusted in accordance with relevant PRC income tax laws.

The PRC CIT laws apply a general enterprise income tax rate of 25% to both foreign-invested enterprises and domestic enterprises. Preferential tax treatments are granted to enterprises, which conduct business in certain encouraged sectors and to enterprises otherwise classified as a High and New Technology Enterprise ("HNTE"). Being qualified as HNTE, Ctrip Computer Technology, Ctrip Travel Information and Ctrip Travel Network are entitled to a preferential EIT rate of 15% from 2015 to 2017 and JointWisdom is entitled to a preferential EIT rate of 15% from 2015 to 2017.

In 2012, Chengdu Ctrip and Chengdu Ctrip International obtained approval from local tax authorities to apply the 15% preferential tax rate from 2012 to 2015 as qualified as Enterprises falling within the Catalog of Encouraged Industries in the Western Region ("Old Catalog"). In 2013, Chengdu Information Technology Co., Ltd. ("Chengdu Information") obtained approval from local tax authorities to apply the 15% tax rate from 2013 to 2016. In 2014, a new Catalog of Encouraged Industries in the Western Region ("New Catalog") has been released. Under the "New Catalog", the subsidiary may apply the 15% rate for CIT filing upon agreement by the in-charge tax authorities.

Pursuant to the PRC CIT Law, all foreign invested enterprises in the PRC are subject to the withholding tax for their earnings generated after January 1, 2008. The Company expects to indefinitely reinvest undistributed earnings generated after January 1, 2008 in the onshore PRC entities. As a result, no deferred tax liability was provided on the outside basis difference from undistributed earnings after January 1, 2008.

Composition of income tax expense

The current and deferred portion of income tax expense included in the consolidated statements of income for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015 were as follows:

	2013 RMB	2014 RMB	2015 RMB
Current income tax expense	329,612,294	228,395,153	383,723,730
Deferred tax (benefit)/expense	(35,871,972)	(97,573,997)	86,464,693
Income tax expense	<u>293,740,322</u>	<u>130,821,156</u>	<u>470,188,423</u>

Income tax expense was RMB470 million (US\$73 million) in the year ended December 31, 2015, increase from RMB131 million in the year ended 2014. The effective income tax rate in year ended December 31, 2015 was 16%, as compared to 97% in the year ended 2014, mainly due to in 2014, the Company recognized a significant valuation allowance against certain deferred tax assets due to increase in tax losses generated from certain subsidiaries that are not expected to be recovered.

Reconciliation of the differences between statutory tax rate and the effective tax rate

The reconciliation between the statutory CIT rate and the Group's effective tax rate for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015 were as follows:

	2013	2014	2015
Statutory CIT rate	25%	25%	25%
Tax differential from statutory rate applicable to subsidiaries with referential tax rates	(15)%	(98)%	(5)%
Gain on deconsolidation of a subsidiary with a withholding tax rate of 10% versus the statutory CIT rate	—	—	(11)%
Non-deductible expenses incurred	11%	106%	6%
Change in valuation allowance	5%	64%	1%
Effective CIT rate	<u>26%</u>	<u>97%</u>	<u>16%</u>

[Table of Contents](#)

Significant components of deferred tax assets and liabilities:

	2014 RMB	2015 RMB
Deferred tax assets:		
Loss carry forward	200,151,440	—
Accrued liability for customer reward related programs	82,762,839	—
Accrued staff salary	74,414,938	—
Accrued expenses	17,182,481	—
Others	2,441,168	—
Less: Valuation allowance of deferred tax assets	<u>(183,449,500)</u>	—
Total deferred tax assets, current	<u>193,503,366</u>	—
Deferred tax assets, non-current:		
Accrued expenses	—	109,784,998
Loss carry forward	—	78,771,363
Accrued liability for customer reward related programs	—	114,965,397
Accrued staff salary	—	110,263,508
Others	—	23,038,753
Less: Valuation allowance of deferred tax assets	—	<u>(31,489,450)</u>
Total deferred tax assets, non-current	<u>—</u>	<u>405,334,569</u>
Deferred tax liabilities, non-current:		
Recognition of intangible assets arise from business combinations	<u>(132,506,644)</u>	<u>(3,045,259,390)</u>
Net deferred tax assets/(liabilities)	<u>60,996,722</u>	<u>(2,639,924,821)</u>

On November 20, 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-17, Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes. This accounting standard requires deferred tax assets and liabilities, along with related valuation allowances, to be classified as noncurrent on the balance sheet. As a result, each tax jurisdiction will now only have one net noncurrent deferred tax asset or liability. The new guidance does not change the existing requirement that prohibits offsetting deferred tax liabilities from one jurisdiction against deferred tax assets of another jurisdiction. The Company elected to early-adopt this guidance in 2015 prospectively.

Movement of valuation allowances:

	2013 RMB	2014 RMB	2015 RMB
Balance at beginning of year	37,852,274	86,735,795	183,449,500
Current year additions	48,883,521	96,713,705	31,590,648
Deconsolidation of Tujia	—	—	<u>(183,550,698)</u>
Balance at end of year	<u>86,735,795</u>	<u>183,449,500</u>	<u>31,489,450</u>

As of December 31, 2014 and 2015, valuation allowance of RMB183 million and RMB31 million was mainly provided for operating loss carry forwards related to certain subsidiary based on then assessment where it is more likely than not that such deferred tax assets will not be realized. If events were to occur in the future that would allow us to realize more of our deferred tax assets than the presently recorded net amount, an adjustment would be made to the deferred tax assets that would increase income for the period when those events occurred.

As of December 31, 2015, the Group had net operating tax loss carry forwards amounted to RMB227 million which will expire from 2016 to 2019 if not used.

The provisions for income taxes for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015 differ from the amounts computed by applying the CIT primarily due to preferential tax rate enjoyed by certain subsidiaries and VIEs of the Company as well as the gain on deconsolidation of a subsidiary with was subject to a lower withholding tax rate of 10%.

The following table sets forth the effect of preferential tax on China operations:

	2013 RMB	2014 RMB	2015 RMB
Tax holiday effect	146,321,156	85,036,934	162,896,542
Basic net income per ADS effect	1.11	0.62	1.08
Diluted net income per ADS effect	0.96	0.56	0.86

[Table of Contents](#)

Qunar, one of the Company's subsidiaries acts as an agent for its air travel facilitating services including aviation insurance policies (the "Aviation Insurance Arrangements"), Qunar, like Ctrip presents revenues from such transactions on a net basis. Under the current PRC CIT Laws and regulations, Qunar's existing business arrangement more likely than not will subject Qunar to income taxes on a gross basis for the Aviation Insurance Arrangements. The difference between the net revenue and the gross revenue is considered as deemed revenue for additional income taxes. The associated income tax expense is calculated by applying the applicable tax rate to the deemed revenue amount and includes the late payment interest based on the applicable tax rules. The majority of the liabilities for unrecognized tax benefits represent tax positions taken with respect to deemed revenue. The unrecognized tax benefits are recorded in other current liabilities. It is possible that the amount accrued will change in the next 12 months, however, an estimate of the range of the possible change cannot be made at this time.

16. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

Components of other payables and accruals as of December 31, 2014 and 2015 were as follows:

	2014 RMB	2015 RMB
Accrued operating expenses	528,143,100	1,385,818,397
Payable for Qunar CB holders (a)	—	1,233,185,395
Deposits received from suppliers and packaged-tour users	92,500,850	373,423,895
Payable for acquisition	306,966,884	125,377,844
Deposit for special bonus program (b)	80,799,443	92,206,022
Due to employees for stock option proceeds received on their behalf	23,992,381	88,083,814
Interest payable	32,931,518	84,604,548
Accruals for property and equipment	258,632,797	53,582,762
Deferred revenue	198,874,547	18,235,219
Others	77,272,138	106,649,754
Total	1,600,113,658	3,561,167,650

- (a) In June 2015, Qunar issued US\$ 500 million, 2% interest rate convertible senior notes due 2021 (the "Qunar CB") to several institutional investors (the "CB Holders"). The Qunar CB included a Make-Whole provision, where the CB Holders are granted a right to convert the Qunar CB into Qunar's ADS at an increased conversion rate (the "Make-Whole Rate") or request redemption at an equivalent dollar amount in the event of certain fundamental changes of Qunar, including change in shareholding over 10%. In October 2015, Ctrip obtained 45% equity interest of Qunar from Baidu which triggered the Make-Whole provision. In December 2015, Ctrip entered into the agreements with the CB Holders to settle all the outstanding Qunar CB in the consideration equal to the value of Qunar ADS as if were converted at the Make-Whole Rate. The total consideration included cash and the ordinary shares of Ctrip with the aggregated amount of RMB3.9 billion. Such liability of Qunar CB is considered as assumed liability at the Company for Qunar and was charged in pre-acquisition of Qunar. The settlement was paid in January 2016.
- (b) In September, 2014, the Company established a special bonus program. Under this program, the Company provides the bonus units to the selected employees and the employees are required to provide deposit to participate such program. The bonus is calculated based on certain agreed-upon performance merits and is paid together with the deposit. As of December 31, 2015, the Company recognized the employees deposit of RMB92 million in other payable.

17. LONG-TERM DEBT

	2014 RMB	2015 RMB
2018 1.25% Convertible Senior Notes	4,963,680,000	—
2020 1% Convertible Senior Notes	—	4,534,460,000
2025 1.99% Convertible Senior Notes	—	2,591,120,000
Priceline 1% Convertible 2019 Notes	3,102,300,000	3,238,900,000
Priceline 1% Convertible 2020 Notes	—	1,619,450,000
Priceline 2% Convertible 2025 Notes	—	3,238,900,000
Hillhouse 2% Convertible 2025 Notes	—	3,238,900,000
Less: Debt issuance cost	(81,391,948)	(107,121,740)
Total	7,984,588,052	18,354,608,260

[Table of Contents](#)

As a result of adopting the new guidance related to the presentation of debt issuance costs (see Note 2), the Company's consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2014 has been retrospectively adjusted to reduce long-term debt by RMB 81 million, reduce long term deposit and prepayment by RMB 81 million.

As of December 31, 2015, the fair value of the Company's long term notes, based on Level 2 inputs, was US\$2.9 billion (RMB18.5 billion).

Description of 2017 Convertible Senior Notes

On September 24, 2012, the Company issued US\$180 million in aggregate principle amount of 0.5% Convertible Senior Notes due September 15, 2017 (the "2017 Notes") at par. The 2017 Notes may be converted, under certain circumstances, based on an initial conversion rate of 51.7116 American depository shares ("ADS") per US\$1,000 principal amount of the 2017 Notes (which represents an initial conversion price of US\$19.34 per ADS).

The net proceeds to the Company from the issuance of the 2017 Notes were US\$175 million. The Company pays cash interest at an annual rate of 0.5% on the 2017 Notes, payable semi-annually in arrears on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning March 15, 2013. Debt issuance costs were US\$5.4 million and are being amortized to interest expense to the first put date of the 2017 Notes (September 15, 2015).

The 2017 Notes are general senior unsecured obligations and rank (1) senior in right of payment to any of the Company's future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the 2017 Notes, (2) equal in right of payment to any of the Company's future indebtedness and other liabilities of the Company that are not so subordinated, (3) junior in right of payment to any of the Company's secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness and (4) structurally junior to all future indebtedness incurred by the Company's subsidiaries and their other liabilities (including trade payables).

Concurrently with the issuance of the 2017 Notes, the Company purchased a call option ("Purchased Call Option") and sold warrants ("Sold Warrants"). The separate Purchased Call Option and Sold Warrants are structured to reduce the potential future economic dilution associated with the conversion of the 2017 Notes and to increase the initial conversion price to US\$26.37 per ADS. Each of these components is discussed separately below:

Purchase Call Option

Counterparty agreed to sell to the Company up to approximately 9.3 million shares of the Company's ADS, which is the number of ADS initially issuable upon conversion of the 2017 Notes in full, at a price of US\$19.34 per ADS. The Purchased Call Option will be settled by the counterparty in ADSs and will terminate upon the maturity date of the 2017 Notes. Settlement of the Purchased Call Option in ADSs, based on the number of ADSs issued upon conversion of the 2017 Notes, on the expiration date would result in the Company receiving shares equivalent to the number of shares issuable by the Company upon conversion of the 2017 Notes. Should there be an early termination of the Purchased Call Option, the number of ADSs potentially received by the Company will depend upon 1) the then existing overall market conditions, 2) the Company's stock price, 3) the volatility of the Company's stock, and 4) the amount of time remaining before expiration of the convertible note hedge.

Sold Warrants

The Company received US\$26.6 million from the same counterparty from the sale of warrants to purchase up to approximately 9.3 million shares of the Company's ADS at an exercise price of US\$26.37 per ADS. The warrants had an expected life of 5 years and expire on September 15, 2017. At expiration, the Company may, at its option, elect to settle the warrants on a net share basis. As of December 31, 2015, the warrants had not been exercised and remained outstanding.

Use of Proceeds

The Company used a portion of the net proceeds of the offering to pay the associated cost of the convertible note hedge transaction, after such cost is partially offset by the proceeds to the Company from the sale of the warrant transaction. The remainder of the net proceeds from this offering is planned to be used for other general corporate purposes, including working capital needs and potential acquisitions of complementary businesses, as well as potential ADS repurchases and note retirement from time to time.

Evaluation that transactions should be viewed as a single unit:

In accordance with ASC 815-10-15, the Company concluded that the offering of the 2017 Notes, Purchased Call Option and the Issued Warrants (1) do not entail the same risks as the 2017 Notes involve interest, credit and equity risks, whereas the Purchased Call Option and Issued Warrants transaction was intended to reduce the equity dilution risk for the Company and (2) have a valid business purpose and economic need for structuring the transactions separately as the Company wanted to mitigate future dilution upon conversion of the 2017 Notes, as such required that the purchased call option is an American style option which is physical settled whereas the warrant is a European style instrument that allows net share settlement or cash settlement at the choice of the Company. Therefore, the offering of the 2017 Notes, Purchased Call Option and Issued Warrants transactions should be accounted for as separate transactions.

[Table of Contents](#)

The Company has accounted for the 2017 Notes in accordance with ASC 470, as a single instrument as a long-term debt. The value of the 2017 Notes is measured by the cash received. As of December 31, 2015, RMB325 million (US\$50 million) is reclassified as short-term debt to present the 2017 Notes may be redeemed within one year (Note 12).

The key terms of the 2017 Notes are as follows:

Redemption

Contingent redemption option

The 2017 Notes are not redeemable prior to the maturity date of September 15, 2017, except as described below. The holders of the 2017 Notes (the "Holders") have a non-contingent option to require the Company to repurchase for cash all or any portion of their 2017 Notes on September 15, 2015. The repurchase price will equal 100% of the principal amount of the 2017 Notes to be repurchased plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the repurchase date. If a fundamental change (as defined in the Indenture) occurs prior to the maturity date, the Holders may require the Company to purchase for cash all or any portion of the 2017 Notes at a purchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2017 Notes to be purchased plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the fundamental change purchase date. The Holders have the option to require the Company to repurchase the 2017 Notes, in whole or in part, in the event of a fundamental change for an amount equal to the 100% of the principal amount and any accrued and unpaid interest in the event of fundamental changes. The Company believes that the likelihood of occurrence of events considered a fundamental change is remote.

The contingent redemption option is assessed in accordance with ASC 815-15-25-42. The contingent redemption option is considered clearly and closely related to its debt host and does not meet the requirement for bifurcation as the 2017 Notes were issued at par and the repurchase feature requires the issuer to settle the option by delivering par plus accrued and unpaid interest, the 2017 Notes holder would recover all of their initial investment. Additionally, since the 2017 Notes holder can only recover its initial investment upon exercise of its option, there are no interest rate scenarios under which the embedded derivative would at least double the investor's initial rate of return.

Non-contingent redemption option

On September 15, 2015 (after year 3), the Holders have the right to require the issuer to redeem, at 100% of the loan's principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest, in which circumstance the Holders would recover substantially all of their initial investment.

Since the Holders can only recover its initial investment upon exercise of its option, there are no interest rate scenarios under which the embedded derivative would at least double the investor's initial rate of return. Therefore, the embedded repurchase feature (put option) is considered clearly and closely related to the debt host pursuant to ASC 815-15-25-1 and does not meet the requirements for bifurcation.

Conversion

The Holders may convert their 2017 Notes in integral multiples of US\$1,000 principle amount at an initial conversion rate of US\$19.34 per ADS, at any time prior to the maturity date of September 15, 2017. Upon conversion of the 2017 Notes, the Company will deliver shares of the Company's ADS. The conversion rate is subject to adjustment in certain events, such as distribution of dividends and stock splits. In addition, upon a make-whole fundamental change (as defined in the Indenture), the Company will, under certain circumstances, increase the applicable conversion rate for a holder that elects to convert its 2017 Notes in connection with such make-whole fundamental change.

In accordance with ASC 815-10-15-83, the conversion option meets the definition of a derivative. However, bifurcation of conversion option from the 2017 Notes is not required as the scope exception prescribed in ASC 815-10-15-74 is met as the conversion option is considered indexed to the entity's own stock and classified in stockholders' equity.

[Table of Contents](#)

Early conversion of 2017 Convertible Senior Notes

The Company offered the public tranche of the 2017 Notes holders to convert their 2017 Notes early, through an inducement. The inducement we offered included the original term's ratio for ADS conversion plus a cash incentive of 1.5%-2.0%. As a result of the inducement, for year ended December 31, 2014 and 2015, US\$65.5 million and US\$18.9 million of the 2017 Notes was tendered, respectively, or 3.4 million ADS and 1 million ADS at the initial conversion rate of 51.7116 ADS per note, respectively. These conversions did not materially impact the current shares outstanding.

Early termination of Call Option

The above early conversion of 2017 Convertible Senior Notes also resulted in an early termination of a call option we entered into during 2012, of which the Company has received US\$ 11.6 million from this early termination.

Description of 2018 Convertible Senior Notes

On October 17, 2013, the Company issued US\$800 million in aggregate principle amount of 1.25% Convertible Senior 2018 Notes due October 15, 2018 (the "2018 Notes") at par. The 2018 Notes may be converted, under certain circumstances, based on an initial conversion rate of 12.7568 American depository shares ("ADS") per US\$1,000 principal amount of the 2018 Notes (which represents an initial conversion price of US\$78.39 per ADS).

The net proceeds to the Company from the issuance of the 2018 Notes were US\$780 million. The Company pays cash interest at an annual rate of 1.25% on the 2018 Notes, payable semi-annually in arrears on April 15 and October 15 of each year, beginning April 15, 2014. Debt issuance costs were US\$19.6 million and are being amortized to interest expense to the maturity date of the 2018 Notes (October 15, 2018).

The 2018 Notes are general senior unsecured obligations and rank (1) senior in right of payment to any of the Company's future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the 2018 Notes, (2) equal in right of payment to any of the Company's future indebtedness and other liabilities of the Company that are not so subordinated, (3) junior in right of payment to any of the Company's secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness and (4) structurally junior to all future indebtedness incurred by the Company's subsidiaries and their other liabilities (including trade payables).

Concurrently with the issuance of the 2018 Notes, the Company purchased a call option ("Purchased Call Option") and sold warrants ("Sold Warrants"). The separate Purchased Call Option and Sold Warrants are structured to reduce the potential future economic dilution associated with the conversion of the 2018 Notes and to increase the initial conversion price to US\$96.27 per ADS. Each of these components is discussed separately below:

Purchase Call Option

Counterparty agreed to sell to the Company up to approximately 10.2 million shares of the Company's ADS, which is the number of ADS initially issuable upon conversion of the 2018 Notes in full, at a price of US\$78.39 per ADS. The Purchased Call Option will be settled in ADSs and will terminate upon the maturity date of the 2018 Notes. Settlement of the Purchased Call Option in ADSs, based on the number of ADSs issued upon conversion of the 2018 Notes, on the expiration date would result in the Company receiving shares equivalent to the number of shares issuable by the Company upon conversion of the 2018 Notes. Should there be an early termination of the Purchased Call Option, the number of ADSs potentially received by the Company will depend upon 1) the then existing overall market conditions, 2) the Company's stock price, 3) the volatility of the Company's stock, and 4) the amount of time remaining before expiration of the convertible note hedge.

Sold Warrants

The Company received US\$77.2 million from the same counterparty from the sale of warrants to purchase up to approximately 10.2 million shares of the Company's ADS at an exercise price of US\$96.27 per ADS. The warrants had an expected life of 5 years and expire on October 15, 2018. At expiration, the Company may, at its option, elect to settle the warrants on a net share basis. As of December 31, 2015, the warrants had not been exercised and remained outstanding.

Use of Proceeds

The Company used a portion of the net proceeds of the offering to pay the associated cost of the convertible note hedge transaction, after such cost is partially offset by the proceeds to the Company from the sale of the warrant transaction. The remainder of the net proceeds from this offering is planned to be used for other general corporate purposes, including working capital needs and potential acquisitions of complementary businesses, as well as potential ADS repurchases and note retirement from time to time.

[Table of Contents](#)

Evaluation that transactions should be viewed as a single unit:

In accordance with ASC 815-10-15, the Company concluded that the offering of the 2018 Notes, Purchased Call Option and the Issued Warrants (1) do not entail the same risks as the 2018 Notes involve interest, credit and equity risks, whereas the Purchased Call Option and Issued Warrants transaction was intended to reduce the equity dilution risk for the Company and (2) have a valid business purpose and economic need for structuring the transactions separately as the Company wanted to mitigate future dilution upon conversion of the 2018 Notes, as such required that the purchased call option is an American style option which is physical settled whereas the warrant is a European style instrument that allows net share settlement or cash settlement at the choice of the Company. Therefore, the offering of the 2018 Notes, Purchased Call Option and Issued Warrants transactions should be accounted for as separate transactions.

The Company has accounted for the 2018 Notes in accordance with ASC 470, as a single instrument as a long-term debt. The value of the 2018 Notes is measured by the cash received. As of December 31, 2015, RMB5.2 billion (US\$800 million) is reclassified as short-term debt to present the 2018 Notes may be redeemed within one year (Note 12).

The key terms of the 2018 Notes are as follows:

Redemption

Contingent redemption option

The 2018 Notes are not redeemable prior to the maturity date of October 15, 2018, except as described below. The holders of the 2018 Notes (the "Holders") have a non-contingent option to require the Company to repurchase for cash all or any portion of their 2018 Notes on October 15, 2016. The repurchase price will equal 100% of the principal amount of the 2018 Notes to be repurchased plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the repurchase date. If a fundamental change (as defined in the Indenture) occurs prior to the maturity date, the Holders may require the Company to purchase for cash all or any portion of the 2018 Notes at a purchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2018 Notes to be purchased plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the fundamental change purchase date. The Holders have the option to require the Company to repurchase the 2018 Notes, in whole or in part, in the event of a fundamental change for an amount equal to the 100% of the principal amount and any accrued and unpaid interest in the event of fundamental changes. The Company believes that the likelihood of occurrence of events considered a fundamental change is remote.

The contingent redemption option is assessed in accordance with ASC 815-15-25-42. The contingent redemption option is considered clearly and closely related to its debt host and does not meet the requirement for bifurcation as the 2018 Notes were issued at par and the repurchase feature requires the issuer to settle the option by delivering par plus accrued and unpaid interest, the 2018 Notes holder would recover all of their initial investment. Additionally, since the 2018 Notes holder can only recover its initial investment upon exercise of its option, there are no interest rate scenarios under which the embedded derivative would at least double the investor's initial rate of return.

Non-contingent redemption option

On October 15, 2016 (after year 3), the Holders have the right to require the issuer to redeem, at 100% of the loan's principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest, in which circumstance the Holders would recover substantially all of their initial investment.

Since the Holders can only recover its initial investment upon exercise of its option, there are no interest rate scenarios under which the embedded derivative would at least double the investor's initial rate of return. Therefore, the embedded repurchase feature (put option) is considered clearly and closely related to the debt host pursuant to ASC 815-15-25-1 and does not meet the requirements for bifurcation.

Conversion

The Holders may convert their 2018 Notes in integral multiples of US\$1,000 principle amount at an initial conversion rate of US\$78.39 per ADS, at any time prior to the maturity date of October 15, 2018. Upon conversion of the 2018 Notes, the Company will deliver shares of the Company's ADS. The conversion rate is subject to adjustment in certain events, such as distribution of dividends and stock splits. In addition, upon a make-whole fundamental change (as defined in the Indenture), the Company will, under certain circumstances, increase the applicable conversion rate for a holder that elects to convert its 2018 Notes in connection with such make-whole fundamental change.

[Table of Contents](#)

In accordance with ASC 815-10-15-83, the conversion option meets the definition of a derivative. However, bifurcation of conversion option from the 2018 Notes is not required as the scope exception prescribed in ASC 815-10-15-74 is met as the conversion option is considered indexed to the entity's own stock and classified in stockholders' equity.

Assessment of Beneficial Conversion Feature and Contingent Beneficial Conversion Feature:

As the conversion options are not bifurcated, the Company has assessed the beneficial conversion feature ("BCF"), as of commitment date as defined in ASC 470-20. There was no BCF attribute to the 2018 Notes as the set conversion price for the 2018 Notes was greater than the fair value of the ordinary share price at date of issuance.

The Holders have the option to convert upon a fundamental change, if Holders decide to convert in connection with a fundamental change; the number of shares issuable upon conversion will be increased. The Company will have to assess for the contingent BCF using a measurement date upon issuance of the 2018 Notes, upon occurrence of such adjustment. The settlement of the conversion is based on a make-whole provision resulting from a fundamental change, this feature is consistent with ASC 815-40-55-46 (example 19), therefore the Company concludes that this feature is also considered indexed to its own stock.

Accounting for Debt Issuance Costs:

The debt issuance costs were recorded as reduction to the long term debt and are amortized as interest expense, using the effective interest method, over the term of the 2018 Notes.

Accounting for Purchased Call Option:

In accordance with ASC 815-10-15-83, the Purchased Call Option meets the definition of a derivative instrument. However, the scope exception in accordance with ASC 815-10-15-74 applies to the Purchased Call Option as it is indexed to its own stock, and the Purchased Call Option meets the requirements of ASC 815 and would be classified in stockholders' equity, therefore, the cost paid for Purchased Call Option was accounted for within stockholders' equity, and subsequent changes in fair value will not be recorded.

Accounting for Issued Warrants:

The Company assessed that the Issued Warrants are not liabilities within scope of ASC 480-10-25. The Issued Warrants are legally detachable from the 2018 Notes and Purchased Call Option and separately exercisable as such meets the definition of a freestanding derivative instrument pursuant to ASC 815. However, the scope exception in accordance with ASC 815-10-15-74 applies to Warrants and it meets the requirements of ASC 815 that would be classified in stockholders' equity. Therefore, the Warrants were initially accounted for within stockholders' equity, and subsequent changes in fair value will not be recorded.

Description of 2020 Convertible Senior Notes

On June 18, 2015, the Company issued US\$700 million in aggregate principle amount of 1.00% Convertible Senior 2020 Notes due July 1, 2020 (the "2020 Notes") at par. The 2020 Notes may be converted, under certain circumstances, based on an initial conversion rate of 9,1942 American depository shares ("ADS") per US\$1,000 principal amount of the 2020 Notes (which represents an initial conversion price of US\$108.76 per ADS).

The net proceeds to the Company from the issuance of the 2020 Notes were US\$689 million. The Company pays cash interest at an annual rate of 1.00% on the 2020 Notes, payable semi-annually in arrears on January 1 and July 1 of each year, beginning January 1, 2016. Debt issuance costs were US\$11.3 million and are being amortized to interest expense to the maturity date of the 2020 Notes (July 1, 2020).

The 2020 Notes are general senior unsecured obligations and rank (1) senior in right of payment to any of the Company's future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the 2020 Notes, (2) equal in right of payment to any of the Company's future indebtedness and other liabilities of the Company that are not so subordinated, (3) junior in right of payment to any of the Company's secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness and (4) structurally junior to all future indebtedness incurred by the Company's subsidiaries and their other liabilities (including trade payables).

Concurrently with the issuance of the 2020 Notes, the Company purchased a call option ("Purchased Call Option") and sold warrants ("Sold Warrants"). The separate Purchased Call Option and Sold Warrants are structured to reduce the potential future economic dilution associated with the conversion of the 2020 Notes and to increase the initial conversion price to US\$135.02 per ADS. Each of these components is discussed separately below:

[Table of Contents](#)

Purchase Call Option

Counterparty agreed to sell to the Company up to approximately 6.4 million shares of the Company's ADS, which is the number of ADS initially issuable upon conversion of the 2020 Notes in full, at a price of US\$108.76 per ADS. The Purchased Call Option will be settled in ADSs and will terminate upon the maturity date of the 2020 Notes. Settlement of the Purchased Call Option in ADSs, based on the number of ADSs issued upon conversion of the 2020 Notes, on the expiration date would result in the Company receiving shares equivalent to the number of shares issuable by the Company upon conversion of the 2020 Notes. Should there be an early termination of the Purchased Call Option, the number of ADSs potentially received by the Company will depend upon 1) the then existing overall market conditions, 2) the Company's stock price, 3) the volatility of the Company's stock, and 4) the amount of time remaining before expiration of the convertible note hedge.

Sold Warrants

The Company received US\$84.4 million from the same counterparty from the sale of warrants to purchase up to approximately 6.4 million shares of the Company's ADS at an exercise price of US\$135.02 per ADS. The warrants had an expected life of 5 years and expire on July 1, 2020. At expiration, the Company may, at its option, elect to settle the warrants on a net share basis. As of December 31, 2015, the warrants had not been exercised and remained outstanding.

Use of Proceeds

The Company used a portion of the net proceeds of the offering to pay the associated cost of the convertible note hedge transaction, after such cost is partially offset by the proceeds to the Company from the sale of the warrant transaction. The remainder of the net proceeds from this offering is planned to be used for other general corporate purposes, including working capital needs and potential acquisitions of complementary businesses, as well as potential ADS repurchases and note retirement from time to time.

Evaluation that transactions should be viewed as a single unit:

In accordance with ASC 815-10-15, the Company concluded that the offering of the 2020 Notes, Purchased Call Option and the Issued Warrants (1) do not entail the same risks as the 2020 Notes involve interest, credit and equity risks, whereas the Purchased Call Option and Issued Warrants transaction was intended to reduce the equity dilution risk for the Company and (2) have a valid business purpose and economic need for structuring the transactions separately as the Company wanted to mitigate future dilution upon conversion of the 2020 Notes, as such required that the purchased call option is an American style option which is physical settled whereas the warrant is a European style instrument that allows net share settlement or cash settlement at the choice of the Company. Therefore, the offering of the 2020 Notes, Purchased Call Option and Issued Warrants transactions should be accounted for as separate transactions.

The Company has accounted for the 2020 Notes in accordance with ASC 470, as a single instrument as a long-term debt. The value of the 2020 Notes is measured by the cash received. As of December 31, 2015, RMB4.5 billion (US\$700 million) is accounted as the value of the 2020 Notes in long-term debt.

The key terms of the 2020 Notes are as follows:

Redemption

Contingent redemption option

The 2020 Notes are not redeemable prior to the maturity date of July 1, 2020, except as described below. The holders of the 2020 Notes (the "Holders") have a non-contingent option to require the Company to repurchase for cash all or any portion of their 2020 Notes on July 1, 2018. The repurchase price will equal 100% of the principal amount of the 2020 Notes to be repurchased plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the repurchase date. If a fundamental change (as defined in the Indenture) occurs prior to the maturity date, the Holders may require the Company to purchase for cash all or any portion of the 2020 Notes at a purchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2020 Notes to be purchased plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the fundamental change purchase date. The Holders have the option to require the Company to repurchase the 2020 Notes, in whole or in part, in the event of a fundamental change for an amount equal to the 100% of the principal amount and any accrued and unpaid interest in the event of fundamental changes. The Company believes that the likelihood of occurrence of events considered a fundamental change is remote.

[Table of Contents](#)

The contingent redemption option is assessed in accordance with ASC 815-15-25-42. The contingent redemption option is considered clearly and closely related to its debt host and does not meet the requirement for bifurcation as the 2020 Notes were issued at par and the repurchase feature requires the issuer to settle the option by delivering par plus accrued and unpaid interest, the 2020 Notes holder would recover all of their initial investment. Additionally, since the 2020 Notes holder can only recover its initial investment upon exercise of its option, there are no interest rate scenarios under which the embedded derivative would at least double the investor's initial rate of return.

Non-contingent redemption option

On July 1, 2018 (after year 3), the Holders have the right to require the issuer to redeem, at 100% of the loan's principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest, in which circumstance the Holders would recover substantially all of their initial investment.

Since the Holders can only recover its initial investment upon exercise of its option, there are no interest rate scenarios under which the embedded derivative would at least double the investor's initial rate of return. Therefore, the embedded repurchase feature (put option) is considered clearly and closely related to the debt host pursuant to ASC 815-15-25-1 and does not meet the requirements for bifurcation.

Conversion

The Holders may convert their 2020 Notes in integral multiples of US\$1,000 principle amount at an initial conversion rate of US\$108.76 per ADS, at any time prior to the maturity date of July 1, 2020. Upon conversion of the 2020 Notes, the Company will deliver shares of the Company's ADS. The conversion rate is subject to adjustment in certain events, such as distribution of dividends and stock splits. In addition, upon a make-whole fundamental change (as defined in the Indenture), the Company will, under certain circumstances, increase the applicable conversion rate for a holder that elects to convert its 2020 Notes in connection with such make-whole fundamental change.

In accordance with ASC 815-10-15-83, the conversion option meets the definition of a derivative. However, bifurcation of conversion option from the 2020 Notes is not required as the scope exception prescribed in ASC 815-10-15-74 is met as the conversion option is considered indexed to the entity's own stock and classified in stockholders' equity.

Assessment of Beneficial Conversion Feature and Contingent Beneficial Conversion Feature:

As the conversion options are not bifurcated, the Company has assessed the beneficial conversion feature ("BCF"), as of commitment date as defined in ASC 470-20. There was no BCF attribute to the 2020 Notes as the set conversion price for the 2020 Notes was greater than the fair value of the ordinary share price at date of issuance.

The Holders have the option to convert upon a fundamental change, if Holders decide to convert in connection with a fundamental change, the number of shares issuable upon conversion will be increased. The Company will have to assess for the contingent BCF using a measurement date upon issuance of the 2020 Notes, upon occurrence of such adjustment. The settlement of the conversion is based on a make-whole provision resulting from a fundamental change, this feature is consistent with ASC 815-40-55-46 (example 19), therefore the Company concludes that this feature is also considered indexed to its own stock.

Accounting for Debt Issuance Costs:

The debt issuance costs were recorded as reduction to the long term debt and are amortized as interest expense, using the effective interest method, over the term of the 2020 Notes.

Accounting for Purchased Call Option:

In accordance with ASC 815-10-15-83, the Purchased Call Option meets the definition of a derivative instrument. However, the scope exception in accordance with ASC 815-10-15-74 applies to the Purchased Call Option as it is indexed to its own stock, and the Purchased Call Option meets the requirements of ASC 815 and would be classified in stockholders' equity, therefore, the cost paid for Purchased Call Option was accounted for within stockholders' equity, and subsequent changes in fair value will not be recorded.

Accounting for Issued Warrants:

The Company assessed that the Issued Warrants are not liabilities within scope of ASC 480-10-25. The Issued Warrants are legally detachable from the 2020 Notes and Purchased Call Option and separately exercisable as such meets the definition of a freestanding derivative instrument pursuant to ASC 815. However, the scope exception in accordance with ASC 815-10-15-74 applies to Warrants and it meets the requirements of ASC 815 that would be classified in stockholders' equity. Therefore, the Warrants were initially accounted for within stockholders' equity, and subsequent changes in fair value will not be recorded.

[Table of Contents](#)

Description of 2025 Convertible Senior Notes

On June 18, 2015, the Company issued US\$400 million in aggregate principle amount of 1.99% Convertible Senior Notes due July 1, 2025 (the “2025 Notes”) at par. The 2025 Notes may be converted, under certain circumstances, based on an initial conversion rate of 9.3555 American depository shares (“ADS”) per US\$1,000 principal amount of the 2025 Notes (which represents an initial conversion price of US\$106.89 per ADS).

The net proceeds to the Company from the issuance of the 2025 Notes were US\$393 million. The Company pays cash interest at an annual rate of 1.99% on the 2025 Notes, payable semi-annually in arrears on January 1 and July 1 of each year, beginning January 1, 2016. Debt issuance costs were US\$6.8 million and are being amortized to interest expense to the maturity date of the 2025 Notes (July 1, 2025).

The 2025 Notes are general senior unsecured obligations and rank (1) senior in right of payment to any of the Company’s future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the 2025 Notes, (2) equal in right of payment to any of the Company’s future indebtedness and other liabilities of the Company that are not so subordinated, (3) junior in right of payment to any of the Company’s secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness and (4) structurally junior to all future indebtedness incurred by the Company’s subsidiaries and their other liabilities (including trade payables).

Use of Proceeds

The Company used a portion of the net proceeds of the offering to pay the associated cost of the convertible note hedge transaction, after such cost is partially offset by the proceeds to the Company from the sale of the warrant transaction. The remainder of the net proceeds from this offering is planned to be used for other general corporate purposes, including working capital needs and potential acquisitions of complementary businesses, as well as potential ADS repurchases and note retirement from time to time.

Evaluation that transactions should be viewed as a single unit:

In accordance with ASC 815-10-15, the Company concluded that the offering of the 2025 Notes, Purchased Call Option and the Issued Warrants (1) do not entail the same risks as the 2025 Notes involve interest, credit and equity risks, whereas the Purchased Call Option and Issued Warrants transaction was intended to reduce the equity dilution risk for the Company and (2) have a valid business purpose and economic need for structuring the transactions separately as the Company wanted to mitigate future dilution upon conversion of the 2025 Notes, as such required that the purchased call option is an American style option which is physical settled whereas the warrant is a European style instrument that allows net share settlement or cash settlement at the choice of the Company. Therefore, the offering of the 2025 Notes, Purchased Call Option and Issued Warrants transactions should be accounted for as separate transactions.

The Company has accounted for the 2025 Notes in accordance with ASC 470, as a single instrument as a long-term debt. The value of the 2025 Notes is measured by the cash received. As of December 31, 2015, RMB2.6 billion (US\$400 million) is accounted as the value of the 2025 Notes in long-term debt.

The key terms of the 2025 Notes are as follows:

Redemption

Contingent redemption option

The 2025 Notes are not redeemable prior to the maturity date of July 1, 2025, except as described below. The holders of the 2025 Notes (the “Holders”) have a non-contingent option to require the Company to repurchase for cash all or any portion of their 2025 Notes on July 1, 2020. The repurchase price will equal 100% of the principal amount of the 2025 Notes to be repurchased plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the repurchase date. If a fundamental change (as defined in the Indenture) occurs prior to the maturity date, the Holders may require the Company to purchase for cash all or any portion of the 2025 Notes at a purchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2025 Notes to be purchased plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the fundamental change purchase date. The Holders have the option to require the Company to repurchase the 2025 Notes, in whole or in part, in the event of a fundamental change for an amount equal to the 100% of the principal amount and any accrued and unpaid interest in the event of fundamental changes. The Company believes that the likelihood of occurrence of events considered a fundamental change is remote.

[Table of Contents](#)

The contingent redemption option is assessed in accordance with ASC 815-15-25-42. The contingent redemption option is considered clearly and closely related to its debt host and does not meet the requirement for bifurcation as the 2025 Notes were issued at par and the repurchase feature requires the issuer to settle the option by delivering par plus accrued and unpaid interest, the 2025 Notes holder would recover all of their initial investment. Additionally, since the 2025 Notes holder can only recover its initial investment upon exercise of its option, there are no interest rate scenarios under which the embedded derivative would at least double the investor's initial rate of return.

Non-contingent redemption option

On July 1, 2020 (after year 5), the Holders have the right to require the issuer to redeem, at 100% of the loan's principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest, in which circumstance the Holders would recover substantially all of their initial investment.

Since the Holders can only recover its initial investment upon exercise of its option, there are no interest rate scenarios under which the embedded derivative would at least double the investor's initial rate of return. Therefore, the embedded repurchase feature (put option) is considered clearly and closely related to the debt host pursuant to ASC 815-15-25-1 and does not meet the requirements for bifurcation.

Conversion

The Holders may convert their 2025 Notes in integral multiples of US\$1,000 principle amount at an initial conversion rate of US\$108.76 per ADS, at any time prior to the maturity date of July 1, 2025. Upon conversion of the 2025 Notes, the Company will deliver shares of the Company's ADS. The conversion rate is subject to adjustment in certain events, such as distribution of dividends and stock splits. In addition, upon a make-whole fundamental change (as defined in the Indenture), the Company will, under certain circumstances, increase the applicable conversion rate for a holder that elects to convert its 2025 Notes in connection with such make-whole fundamental change.

In accordance with ASC 815-10-15-83, the conversion option meets the definition of a derivative. However, bifurcation of conversion option from the 2025 Notes is not required as the scope exception prescribed in ASC 815-10-15-74 is met as the conversion option is considered indexed to the entity's own stock and classified in stockholders' equity.

Assessment of Beneficial Conversion Feature and Contingent Beneficial Conversion Feature:

As the conversion options are not bifurcated, the Company has assessed the beneficial conversion feature ("BCF"), as of commitment date as defined in ASC 470-20. There was no BCF attribute to the 2025 Notes as the set conversion price for the 2025 Notes was greater than the fair value of the ordinary share price at date of issuance.

The Holders have the option to convert upon a fundamental change, if Holders decide to convert in connection with a fundamental change, the number of shares issuable upon conversion will be increased. The Company will have to assess for the contingent BCF using a measurement date upon issuance of the 2025 Notes, upon occurrence of such adjustment. The settlement of the conversion is based on a make-whole provision resulting from a fundamental change, this feature is consistent with ASC 815-40-55-46 (example 19), therefore the Company concludes that this feature is also considered indexed to its own stock.

Accounting for Debt Issuance Costs:

The debt issuance costs were recorded as reduction to the long term debt and are amortized as interest expense, using the effective interest method, over the term of the 2025 Notes.

Description of Priceline and Hillhouse Notes

On August 7, 2014, the Company issued Convertible Senior Notes (the "Priceline 2019 Notes") at an aggregate principal amount of US\$500 million to the Priceline Group. The Priceline 2019 Notes are due on August 7, 2019 and bear interest of 1% annually which will be paid semi-annually beginning on February 7, 2015. The Priceline 2019 Notes will be convertible into the Company's American Depository Shares ("ADSs") with an initial conversion price of approximately US\$81.36 per ADS.

On May 26, 2015, the Company issued Convertible Senior Priceline Notes (the "Priceline 2020 Notes") at an aggregate principal amount of US\$250 million to the Priceline Group. The Priceline 2020 Notes are due on May 26, 2020 and bear interest of 1% annually which will be paid semi-annually beginning on November 29, 2015. The Priceline 2020 Notes will be convertible into the Company's American Depository Shares ("ADSs") with an initial conversion price of approximately US\$104.27 per ADS.

[Table of Contents](#)

On December 10, 2015, the Company issued Convertible Senior Notes at an aggregate principal amount of US\$1 billion to the Priceline Group and Hillhouse (the “Priceline and Hillhouse Notes”). The Priceline and Hillhouse Notes are due on December 11, 2025 and bear interest of 2% annually which will be paid semi-annually beginning on June 11, 2016. The Priceline and Hillhouse Notes will be convertible into the Company’s American Depository Shares (“ADSs”) with an initial conversion price of approximately US\$68.46 per ADS.

The Company has accounted for the Priceline and Hillhouse Notes in accordance with ASC 470, as a single instrument within the consolidated financial statements. The value of the Priceline and Hillhouse Notes is measured by the cash received. The Company recorded the interest expenses according to its annual interest rate.

The Company has assessed the beneficial conversion feature (“BCF”) of the above Priceline and Hillhouse Notes, as of commitment date as defined in ASC 470-20. There was no BCF attribute to the above Priceline Notes as the set conversion price for the above Priceline Notes was greater than the fair value of the ordinary share price at date of issuance.

In addition, the Company has granted the Priceline Group permission to acquire the Company’s shares in the open market over the next twelve months, so that combined with the shares convertible under the bond, the Priceline Group may hold up to 15% of the Company’s outstanding shares. As the potential purchase will be conducted by the market price, there is no accounting implication.

18. TREASURY STOCK

In October 2013, US\$45.5 million convertible senior notes issued in 2012 were early converted and 588,219 shares of repurchased treasury stock were delivered to the notes holders. As of December 31, 2013, the Company had 3,777,087 shares treasury stock at total cost of US\$256 million.

In 2014, US\$61.6 million convertible senior notes issued in 2012 were early converted and 846,131 shares of repurchased treasury stock were delivered to the notes holders. As of December 31, 2014, the Company had 3,323,262 shares treasury stock at total cost of US\$259 million.

In 2015, US\$16.5 million convertible senior notes issued in 2012 were early converted and 244,466 shares of repurchased treasury stock were delivered to the notes holders. As of December 31, 2015, the Company had 3,577,357 shares treasury stock at total cost of US\$366 million.

19. NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

Non-controlling interests include the common shares in the consolidated subsidiaries or VIE subsidiaries and preferred shares issued by the Company’s subsidiaries. The balance is summarized as follows:

	December 31, 2014 RMB	December 31, 2015 RMB
Qunar	—	17,855,897,129
An offline travel agency	367,705,496	455,614,677
Travelfusion	—	289,875,458
An online trip package service provider	136,890,011	134,586,452
A technology company focusing on hotel customer reviews	125,442,240	262,762,132
ezTravel	22,769,589	23,707,599
Tujia	130,343,575	—
Others	65,397,382	111,754,800
	<u>848,548,293</u>	<u>19,134,198,247</u>

In July 2015, Tujia, a subsidiary of the Company consummated its series D+ financing by issuing 23 million Series D+ redeemable and convertible preferred shares (the “Series D+ Preferred Shares”) with total consideration of US\$ 99 million (RMB 629 million) to a number of institutional investors. The shares held by the investors other than the Company in relation to the Series D+ financing gave rise to the increase of non-controlling interests. After Tujia’s issuance of Series D+ Preferred Shares, the Company lost the control in Tujia. The financial statements of Tujia were therefore deconsolidated and the non-controlling interests associated with Tujia were derecognized (Note 8).

[Table of Contents](#)

20. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share were calculated as follows:

	2013 RMB	2014 RMB	2015 RMB
Numerator:			
Net income attributable to Ctrip's shareholders	998,319,684	242,739,781	2,507,655,884
Eliminate the dilutive effect of interest expense of convertible notes	<u>15,496,021</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>185,589,773</u>
Numerator for diluted earnings per share	<u>1,013,815,705</u>	<u>242,739,781</u>	<u>2,693,245,657</u>
Denominator:			
Denominator for basic earnings per ordinary share - weighted average ordinary shares outstanding	32,905,601	34,289,170	37,797,698
Dilutive effect of share options	2,359,614	3,106,496	2,962,481
Dilutive effect of convertible notes	2,206,157	—	6,102,417
Dilutive effect of convertible notes sold warrants	<u>598,469</u>	<u>812,192</u>	<u>512,652</u>
Denominator for diluted earnings per ordinary share	<u>38,069,841</u>	<u>38,207,858</u>	<u>47,375,248</u>
Basic earnings per ordinary share	30.34	7.08	66.34
Diluted earnings per ordinary share	<u>26.63</u>	<u>6.35</u>	<u>56.85</u>
Basic earnings per ADS	3.79	0.88	8.29
Diluted earnings per ADS	<u>3.33</u>	<u>0.79</u>	<u>7.11</u>

The 2025 convertible senior notes and the 2025 Priceline convertible notes were not included in the computation of diluted EPS in 2015 because the inclusion of such instrument would be anti-dilutive. The 2017 and 2018 convertible senior notes and the 2019 Priceline convertible notes were not included in the computation of diluted EPS in 2014 because the inclusion of such instrument would be anti-dilutive. The 2018 convertible senior notes was not included in the computation of diluted EPS in 2013 because the inclusion of such instrument would be anti-dilutive.

For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015, the Company had securities which could potentially dilute basic earnings per share in the future, which were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share as their effects would have been anti-dilutive. Such weighted average numbers of ordinary shares outstanding are as following:

	2013 RMB	2014 RMB	2015 RMB
2017 convertible senior notes	—	1,587,142	—
2018 convertible senior notes	524,249	2,551,346	—
2025 convertible senior notes	—	—	486,999
Priceline convertible 2019 notes	—	614,535	—
Priceline convertible 2025 notes	—	—	50,023
A long-term equity investment firm notes	—	—	50,023
Outstanding weighted average stock options	251,266	74,104	64,074
Sold Warrants	<u>870,425</u>	<u>1,996,407</u>	<u>1,734,865</u>
	<u>1,645,940</u>	<u>6,823,534</u>	<u>2,385,984</u>

21. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Operating lease commitments

The Company has entered into leasing arrangements relating to office premises that are classified as operating leases for the periods from 2016 to 2020. Future minimum lease payments for non-cancelable operating leases are as follows:

	<u>Office Premises</u>
	RMB
2016	320,906,423
2017	129,078,478
2018	38,246,573
2019	15,841,910
2020	1,967,110
Thereafter	<u>1,226,669</u>
	<u>507,267,163</u>

[Table of Contents](#)

Rental expense amounted to RMB118 million, RMB144 million and RMB134 million for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2014 and 2015, respectively. Rental expense is charged to the statements of income and comprehensive income when incurred.

Capital commitments

As of December 31, 2015, the Company had outstanding capital commitments totaling RMB17 million, which consisted of capital expenditures of property, equipment and software.

Guarantee

In connection with our air ticketing business, the Group is required by the Civil Aviation Administration of China, International Air Transport Association, and local airline companies to pay deposits in order to or to provide other guarantees obtain blank air tickets. As of December 31, 2015, the amount under these guarantee arrangements was approximately RMB892 million.

Based on historical experience and information currently available, we do not believe that it is probable that we will be required to pay any amount under these guarantee arrangements. Therefore, we have not recorded any liability beyond what is required in connection with these guarantee arrangements.

Contingencies

The Company is not currently a party to any pending material litigation or other legal proceeding or claims.

The Company is incorporated in Cayman Islands and is considered as a foreign entity under PRC laws. Due to the restrictions on foreign ownership of the air-ticketing, travel agency, advertising and internet content provision businesses, the Company conducts these businesses partly through various VIEs. These VIEs hold the licenses and approvals that are essential for the Company's business operations. In the opinion of the Company's PRC legal counsel, the current ownership structures and the contractual arrangements with these VIEs and their shareholders as well as the operations of these VIEs are in compliance with all existing PRC laws, rules and regulations. However, there may be changes and other developments in PRC laws and regulations. Accordingly, the Company cannot be assured that PRC government authorities will not take a view in the future contrary to the opinion of the Company's PRC legal counsel. If the current ownership structures of the Company and its contractual arrangements with VIEs were found to be in violation of any existing or future PRC laws or regulations, the Company may be required to restructure its ownership structure and operations in China to comply with changing and new Chinese laws and regulations.

22. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In January and March 2016, the Company made certain investments, in the form of limited partnership capital contribution or other financing arrangements respectively, in several non-U.S. investment entities, with an aggregate fair value of approximately US\$2.8 billion, including US\$1 billion cash and newly issued ordinary shares (the "Investments"). In accordance with ASC 810, the Company consolidates these the financial statements of these investment entities and as such the Investments will be eliminated in consolidation. As of the date of these financial statements, these investment entities have spent the Investments to acquire the majority of minority stake of Qunar through privately negotiated transactions. These acquisitions have been accounted for as equity transactions to reflect the decrease in the non-controlling interest's ownership interest in Qunar.

In January, 2016, the Company made an investment of US\$180 million in MakeMyTrip Limited ("MakeMyTrip"), India's largest online travel company, via convertible bonds. In addition, MakeMyTrip has granted the Company permission to acquire MakeMyTrip shares in the open market, so that combined with shares convertible under the convertible bonds, the Company may beneficially own up to 26.6% of MakeMyTrip's outstanding shares. Upon completion of the investment, the Company will acquire the right to appoint a director to the MakeMyTrip board of directors.

In February 2016, the Company consummated a transaction to sell approximately 6 million Easy Go's convertible and redeemable preferred shares to a third party institution with the total consideration of US\$49 million which included a gain of US\$23 million to be recycled from the other comprehensive income.

TECHNICAL CONSULTING AND SERVICES AGREEMENT

This Technical Consulting and Services Agreement (this “**Agreement**”) is entered into in Shanghai, the People’s Republic of China (“**PRC**”) as of _____ by and between the following parties:

- (1) **Party A:** _____; and
Address: _____
- (2) **Party B:** _____
Address: _____

WHEREAS

- (1) Party A is a wholly foreign owned enterprise duly incorporated and validly existing under the PRC laws, having the relevant resources to provide Party B with the technical consulting and services.
- (2) Party B is a limited liability company duly incorporated and validly existing under the PRC laws.
- (3) Party B intends to entrust Party A, and Party A agrees to accept Party B’s entrustment, to provide exclusive technical consulting and related services to Party B by utilizing Party A’s strengths in human resources, technology and information during the term of this Agreement. Party B agrees to only accept such technical consulting and services provided by Party A.

NOW, THEREFORE, Upon mutual consultation, the Parties hereby agree as follows:

1. Exclusive Consulting and Service; Sole and Exclusive Rights and Interests

- 1.1 During the term of this Agreement, Party A agrees to provide Party B with relevant technical consulting and services (see details in Exhibit 1 attached hereto) as Party B’s exclusive consulting and services provider subject to the terms and conditions hereof.
 - 1.2 During the term of this Agreement, Party B agrees to hereby irrevocably appoint and designate Party A as its exclusive technical consulting and services provider and agrees to accept the technical consulting and services provided by Party A. Party B further agrees that during the term hereof, it will not accept from any third party, directly or indirectly, any other technical consulting and services the same as or similar to those provided hereunder, nor will Party B enter into any similar service agreement with any third party, unless otherwise agreed by Party A in writing in advance.
-

- 1.3 Party A shall enjoy sole and exclusive rights and interests in any and all rights, ownership, interests and intellectual property rights arising from the performance of this Agreement, including but not limited to copyrights, patent rights, technical know-how, trade secrets, etc., whether developed by Party A or Party B based on Party A's intellectual property rights. Unless otherwise expressly provided herein, Party B shall have no rights to each of the foregoing.
- 1.4 Party A has the right to designate and appoint, at its sole discretion, any of its Affiliates to provide any service set forth herein without obtaining any form of consents or confirmations from Party B. The "Affiliates" referred to in this paragraph shall include, without limitation,
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2. Calculation and Payment of the Consulting and Service Fee

- 2.1 The Parties agree that the consulting and service fees (hereinafter referred to as the "**Service Fees**") hereunder shall be determined based upon the services rendered by Party A as entrusted, and Party A may, at its sole reasonable discretion, decide the amount and payment method of the Service Fees payable by Party B. The calculation and payment method of the Service Fees are set out in Exhibit 2 attached hereto.
- 2.2 If at any time throughout the existence of this Agreement, Party A decides, at its own reasonable judgment, to adjust the calculation and payment method of the Service Fees for any reason whatsoever, it has the right to notify Party B of such adjustment with a five (5) days' prior written notice without any need to obtain Party B's consent.

3. Representations and Warranties

- 3.1 Party A hereby represents and warrants that:
- (1) it is a wholly foreign-owned enterprise duly incorporated and validly existing under the laws of the PRC;
 - (2) it executes and performs this Agreement within the scope of its corporate power and business; it has obtained necessary corporate action and appropriate authorization and necessary consent and approvals from third parties and government agency, and its execution and performance of this Agreement will not constitute a breach of any restrictions by laws or contracts by which it is bound or affected; and
 - (3) This Agreement, once executed, constitutes its lawful, effective and binding obligation, which may be enforced pursuant to the terms hereof.
- 3.2 Party B hereby represents and warrants that:
- (1) it is a limited liability company duly incorporated and validly existing under the laws of the PRC;
-

- (2) it executes and performs this Agreement within the scope of its corporate power and business; it has obtained necessary corporate action and appropriate authorization and necessary consent and approvals from third parties and government agency, and its execution and performance of this Agreement will not constitute a breach of any restrictions by laws or contracts by which it is bound or affected; and
- (3) This Agreement, once executed, constitutes its lawful, effective and binding obligation, which may be enforced pursuant to the terms hereof.

4. Confidentiality

- 4.1 Both Parties acknowledge and confirm that any oral or written materials exchanged by and between the Parties in connection with this Agreement are confidential (the “**Confidential Information**”). Both Parties shall keep secret of all Confidential Information and not disclose, offer or transfer any such documents to any third party without prior written consent from the other Party, except for such information: (a) as are known or will be known by the public (except by disclosure of the receiving party without authorization); (b) as are required to be disclosed in accordance with applicable laws or stock exchange rules or regulations; or (c) as are required to be disclosed by any Party to its legal counsel or financial consultant for the purpose of the transaction of this Agreement, provided that such legal counsel or financial consultant shall also be subject to the confidentiality obligation similar to that stated hereof. Any disclosure by employees or agencies employed by any Party shall be deemed the disclosure of such Party and such Party shall assume the liabilities for its breach of contract pursuant to this Agreement.
- 4.2 Party B further agrees to try its best to take various reasonable measures to keep secret of Party A’s Confidential Information that it may be aware of or have access to due to its acceptance of Party A’s exclusive technical consulting and services. Upon termination of this Agreement, Party B shall, upon Party A’s request, either return to Party A or destroy by itself all the documents, materials or software containing the Confidential Information and shall delete any such Confidential Information from all the relevant memory devices and cease to use such Confidential Information.
- 4.3 Both Parties agree that this Article 4 shall survive even if this Agreement is amended, cancelled, terminated or held impractical.

5. Party A’s Financial Support

To ensure that the cash flow requirements with regard to the business operations of Party B are met and/or to set off loss accrued during such operations, Party A agrees that it shall, to the extent permitted under PRC law, either by itself or through its designated party, provide financial support to Party B, including without limitation, in the form of entrusted bank loans.

6. Compensation Liability for Breach of Contract

- 6.1 If either party (“**Defaulting Party**”) breaches any provision of this Agreement, which causes damage to the other Party (“**Non-defaulting Party**”), the Non-defaulting Party may notify the Defaulting Party in writing and request it to immediately rectify and correct such breach of contract; if the Defaulting Party fails to take any action satisfactory to the Non-defaulting Party to rectify and correct such breach within fifteen (15) working days upon the issuance of the written notice by the Non-defaulting Party, the Non-defaulting Party may promptly take actions provided in this Agreement or take other remedies in accordance with laws.
- 6.2 Party B further agrees to indemnify and hold Party A harmless from any losses, damage, obligations and expenses incurred or arising from the contents of the technical consulting and services that Party B requires Party A to provide, or resulting from any litigations, claims or other requests filed against Party A.
- 6.3 Both Parties agree that this Article 6 shall survive even if this Agreement is amended, cancelled, terminated or held impractical.

7. Effectiveness and Term

- 7.1 This Agreement shall be executed and take effect as of the date first written above. The term of this Agreement is ten (10) years unless early termination occurs in accordance with relevant provisions herein.
- 7.2 This Agreement may be automatically extended for another ten (10) years upon its expiry, and may be extended for unlimited number of times thereafter, unless Party A notifies Party B in writing of its disagreement with the extension. Party B may not veto the extension of the term of this Agreement.

8. Termination

- 8.1 Termination. This Agreement shall remain valid, unless Party A disapproves the extension of the term hereof pursuant to Article 7.2 above or this Agreement is early terminated pursuant to Article 8.2 below.
- 8.2 Early Termination.
- (1) During the term hereof, in no event shall Party B terminate this Agreement earlier, unless Party A commits gross negligence, fraud or other illegal action, or goes bankrupt. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Party A shall have the right to terminate this Agreement at any time by issuing a thirty (30) days’ prior written notice to Party B.
- (2) During the term hereof, if Party B breaches this Agreement, Party A may terminate this Agreement by serving a written notice to Party B if Party B fails to correct its breach within fifteen (15) days upon its receipt of the written notice from Party A specifying the breach.
-

- (3) If during the term provided in Article 7.1 and 7.2 above, the operating term of either Party (including any extension thereof) expires or is otherwise terminated, this Agreement shall terminate upon the termination of such Party, unless such Party has transferred its rights and obligations hereunder according to Article 11 hereof.
- 8.3 Survival. After the termination of this Agreement, the respective rights and obligations of the Parties under Articles 4, 6 and 14 shall nonetheless remain valid.
- 9. Force Majeure**
- 9.1 An “Force Majeure Event” shall mean any event beyond the reasonable anticipation and control of a Party so affected, which are unavoidable even if the affected Party takes a reasonable care, including but not limited to governmental acts, Act of God, fires, explosion, storms, floods, earthquakes, tides, lightning or wars. However, any shortage of credits, funds or financing shall not be deemed as the events beyond reasonable control of the affected Party. The affected Party shall forthwith inform the other Party of the details concerning the exemption of liabilities and the steps that need to be taken to complete discharging such liabilities.
- 9.2 In the event that the performance of this Agreement is delayed or interrupted due to the said Force Majeure Event, the affected Party shall be excused from any liability hereunder to the extent of the delayed or interrupted performance, provided, however, that the affected Party shall take appropriate measures to minimize or eliminate the adverse impacts therefrom and strive to resume the performance of this Agreement so delayed or interrupted. The Parties agree to use their best efforts to continue the performance of this Agreement once the said Force Majeure Event disappears.

10. Notices

Notices or other communications required to be given by any Party pursuant to this Agreement shall be written in Chinese or English and delivered personally or sent by registered mail, postage prepaid mail, express delivery or facsimile transmission to the addresses of the other Parties set forth below, or to other designated addresses notified by such other Parties to such Party from time to time, or the addresses of other persons designated by such Party. A notice is deemed to be duly served: (a) if delivered personally, upon the delivery; (b) if sent by mail, on the tenth (10th) day after the date when the air registered mail with postage prepaid has been sent out (as is shown on the postmark), or the fourth (4th) day after delivered to the courier service agency; and (c) if sent by facsimile transmission, upon the receipt time as is shown on the transmission confirmation of relevant documents.

If to **Party A:** _____

Attn: _____

Address: _____

Phone: (____) _____

Fax: (____) _____

If to **Party B:** _____

Address: _____

Phone: (____) _____

Fax: (____) _____

11. Assignment

- 11.1 Party B shall not assign its rights and obligations under this Agreement to any third party without prior written consent from Party A.
- 11.2 Party B hereby agrees that Party A may assign its rights and obligations under this Agreement as Party A may decide at its sole discretion, and such assignment shall only be subject to a written notice sent to Party B, without subject to its consent. When and as requested by Party A, Party B shall execute with the assignee a supplementary agreement or an agreement substantially the same as this Agreement.

12. Entire Agreement and Severability

- 12.1 The Parties confirm that this Agreement shall, upon its effectiveness, constitute the entire agreement and common understanding of the Parties with respect to the contents herein and fully supersede all prior verbal and/or written agreements and understandings between the Parties with respect to the contents herein.
- 12.2 If any one or more provisions of this Agreement is identified or judged by a court of competent jurisdiction or arbitration authority as void, invalid or unenforceable in any respect according to any laws or regulations, the validity, legality and enforceability of the other provisions hereof shall not be affected or impaired in any way. The Parties shall cease performing such void, invalid or unenforceable provisions and revise those void, invalid or unenforceable provisions only to the extent closest to the original intention thereof to recover its validity or enforceability for such specific facts and circumstances.

13. Amendment and Supplement to Agreement

Any amendment and supplement to this Agreement shall be made in writing by the Parties. Any agreements on such amendment and supplement duly executed by both Parties shall be deemed as a part of this Agreement and shall have the same legal effect as this Agreement.

14. Governing Law and Dispute Resolution

- 14.1 The formation, validity, interpretation, performance and termination of this Agreement and the amendment hereto as well as the resolution of any disputes arising hereunder shall be governed by the PRC laws.
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14.2 Any disputes arising from the interpretation and performance of this Agreement shall first be resolved through friendly consultation among the Parties. In case no settlement can be reached through consultation within thirty (30) days after the request for consultation is made by any Party with a written notice, any Party can submit such disputes to Shanghai International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission for arbitration in accordance with its then effective rules. The arbitration shall take place in Shanghai. The arbitration proceedings shall be conducted in Chinese. The arbitration award shall be final and binding upon both Parties.

14.3 If any dispute arises from the interpretation and performance of this Agreement or any dispute is under arbitration, the Parties shall continue to perform their respective rights and obligations hereunder other than those in dispute.

15. Miscellaneous

15.1 The headings contained in this Agreement are for the convenience of reference only and shall not be used to interpret, explain or otherwise affect the meaning of the provisions of this Agreement.

15.2 The Parties agree to promptly execute such documents, or take such further actions, as are reasonably necessary or beneficial for performing the provisions or achieving the purposes hereof.

15.3 Any Party's failure to exercise the rights under this Agreement in time shall not be deemed as its waiver of such rights and would not affect its future exercise of such rights.

15.4 Any obligations that are incurred or become due arising from this Agreement by the expiry or early termination of this Agreement shall survive the expiry or termination of this Agreement.

15.5 The exhibits attached hereto shall constitute a component of this Agreement and shall be equally binding as this Agreement.

15.6 This Agreement is written in Chinese and executed with two (2) originals with the same legal effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Agreement has been duly executed by the Parties or their respective authorized representatives on the date first above written.

[The remainder of this page is intentionally left blank]

[This page is execution page]

Party A: _____

Signature: _____
Authorized representative: _____
(stamp)

Party B: _____

Signature: _____
Authorized representative: _____
(stamp)

Exhibit 1: List of Technical Consulting and Services

Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, the Parties hereby agree and confirm that Party A will provide the following technical consulting and services to Party B:

- (1) webpage design and content creation for all of the existing and future websites of Party B (including without limitation www.ctrip.com);
 - (2) research and development of the relevant technology required in connection with Party B's business operations, including development, design and production of database software for information storage, customer interface software and other related technologies as well as granting license of such technology to Party B;
 - (3) technology application and implementation for Party B's business operations, including without limitation master design, installation, commissioning and trial operation of technical systems;
 - (4) routine maintenance, monitor, commissioning and trouble shooting for Party B's computer network equipment necessary for its business operations, including prompt input of user information to database, or prompt update of database and regular update of customer interface, as well as other related technical services;
 - (5) consulting services for procurement of equipment, software and hardware systems necessary for business operations by Party B, including without limitation consulting and advising on selection, installation and commissioning of tool software, application software and technical platform, as well as the selection, type and function of complementary hardware facilities and equipment;
 - (6) pre-work and on-work training and technical support and assistance for Party B's employees, including without limitation providing appropriate training for Party B and its employees on customer services or technologies, sharing knowledge and experience in installation and operation of systems and equipment, assisting to resolve any problem in connection with system and equipment installation and operation, consulting and advising on operation of any other web edition platform and software, and assisting to collect and compile information and contents;
 - (7) technical consulting and response to enquiries raised by Party B relating to network equipment, technical products and software;
 - (8) a certain level of staff support at Party B's request, including without limitation temporarily sending and seconding relevant staff; and
 - (9) any other services required by Party B for business operations.
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Exhibit 2: Calculation and Payment of Services Fee

Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, the Parties hereby agree and confirm that the amount of the Service Fees shall be calculated and paid in the following way:

1. The Service Fees hereunder shall be calculated on the basis of Party B's revenue and its relevant operating cost, selling cost, management cost and such other costs, and may be charged:
 - (1) at a percentage of Party B's revenue;
 - (2) at a fixed amount for the service items completed for Party B;
 - (3) at a fixed amount of loyalty fee for specific software and patents; and/or
 - (4) in such other manner as decided by Party A from time to time based on the nature of the service.
 2. Party A shall send to Party B a written confirmation about the Service Fees, and the amount of the Service Fees shall be determined after taking into account:
 - (1) difficulty of the technology and complexity of the services provided by Party A;
 - (2) time required by Party A's employees to provide the services; and
 - (3) contents and commercial value of the services, software or consulting provided by Party A; and/or
 - (4) the benchmark price of the similar services on the market.
 3. Party A shall calculate the Service Fees and issue the corresponding invoices to Party B on a fixed period of time basis (monthly, quarterly and such other period as determined by Party A). Party B shall pay the Service Fees to the bank account designated by Party A.
 4. The Service Fees payable by Party B to Party A shall be subject to the payment notice sent by Party A to Party B.
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Schedule A

The following schedule sets forth all other similar agreements the registrant entered into with each of its affiliated Chinese entities. Other than the information set forth below, there is no material difference between such other agreements and this exhibit.

VIE	Executing Parties	Execution Date
Shanghai Ctrip Commerce Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Shanghai Ctrip Commerce Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015
Shanghai Huacheng Southwest International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Shanghai Huacheng Southwest International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015
Beijing Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Beijing Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015
Shanghai Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Shanghai Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd. Party A: Wancheng (Shanghai) Travel Agency Co., Ltd. Party B: Shanghai Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	February 26, 2016 February 26, 2016
Shenzhen Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Shenzhen Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015
Guangzhou Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Guangzhou Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015

VIE	Executing Parties	Execution Date
Chengdu Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Chengdu Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015
Chengdu Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Chengdu Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015
Hangzhou Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Hangzhou Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015
Wuhan Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Wuhan Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015
Sanya Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Sanya Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015
Nantong Tongcheng Information Technology Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Nantong Tongcheng Information Technology Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015
Shanghai Souzhen Information Technology Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Shanghai Souzhen Information Technology Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015
Lijiang Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Lijiang Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015

VIE	Executing Parties	Execution Date
Shanghai Ctrip Intelligent Tourism Commerce Consulting Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Shanghai Ctrip Intelligent Tourism Commerce Consulting Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015
Ctrip Insurance Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Ctrip Insurance Agency Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015
Chongqing Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Chongqing Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015
Nanjing Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Nanjing Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015
Shanghai Kehui Investment Consulting Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Shanghai Kehui Investment Consulting Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015
Chengdu Tufeng International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A: Chengdu Ctrip Travel Tufeng Technology Co., Ltd. Party B: Chengdu Tufeng International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	December 30, 2013
Shanghai Jitu Information Technology Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Shanghai Jitu Information Technology Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015

LOAN AGREEMENT

This Loan Agreement (this “**Agreement**”) is entered into in Shanghai, the People’s Republic of China (“**PRC**”) as of _____ by and between the following parties:

- (1) **Party A:** _____; and
Address: _____;
- (2) **Party B:** _____
Sex: _____
PRC Identification Card No.: _____
Address: _____;

(In this Agreement, Party A and Party B are hereinafter collectively referred to as the “**Parties**” and individually, as a “**Party**.”)

WHEREAS

- (1) Party A is a wholly foreign owned enterprise duly incorporated and validly existing under the PRC laws, and Party B is a PRC citizen.
- (2) Party B holds ____% equity interest in _____ (“**Ctrip Commerce**”), and needs to obtain financial support from Party A to contribute such equity interest; meanwhile, Party A is willing to provide capitals to Party B in the form of a loan for Party B’s capital contribution to Ctrip Commerce.

NOW, THEREFORE, Upon mutual consultation, the Parties hereby agree as follows:

1. Loan

- 1.1 Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, Party A agrees to provide Party B with a long-term loan at an aggregate amount of RMB _____ (¥ _____) (the “**Loan**”).
 - 1.2 Party A confirms to have received the Loan and Party B shall ensure the Loan to be used for contribution of Ctrip Commerce’s registered capital.
 - 1.3 The Parties agree and confirm that any increase of the registered capital of Ctrip Commerce subscribed by Party B in the future shall be funded by a loan from Party A, and with respect to such increase of the registered capital, the Parties agree to enter into a supplementary agreement based on this Agreement. Party B shall not pay such subscribed
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increase of registered capital with its own funds or through a loan from a third party other than Party A, except with the written consent from Party A.

- 1.4 The Parties agree and confirm that unless otherwise provided herein, the Loan hereunder shall be interest free, which is to say, Party B does not need to pay any interest to Party A with respect to the Loan hereunder.

2. Use of Loan

- 2.1 Party B agrees to accept the Loan provided by Party A, and hereby agrees and undertakes that the Loan has been used in its entirety to pay Party B's subscription to the registered capital of Ctrip Commerce for its formation or to subscribe to the increase (if any) of the registered capital of Ctrip Commerce. Party B shall use the Loan solely for the foregoing purpose, and shall not use the Loan for any purposes other than that agreed herein unless Party A's prior written consent has been obtained. Furthermore, Party B shall not transfer or pledge its equity interest or other rights in Ctrip Commerce to any third party, or otherwise dispose of its equity interest in Ctrip Commerce, including creating any encumbrances thereupon, except for the benefit of Party A and/or its designated person (including legal or natural, the "**Party A's Designated Person**") as requested by Party A.

- 2.2 Party B hereby agrees and confirms that it will not withdraw and take out its contribution to Ctrip Commerce throughout the operating term of Ctrip Commerce.

3. Term of Loan

- 3.1 The term of the Loan hereunder shall commence from the date when Party B actually receives the Loan to the tenth (10th) anniversary of the date hereof (the "**Term of Loan**").

- 3.2 The Term of Loan will be automatically extended for another ten (10) years upon the expiry of the first ten-year term, and so forth thereafter for unlimited number of times, unless Party A sends a prior written notice to disapprove the extension of Term of Loan. Once Party A sends such notice, the Loan shall become mature at the end of the term, and Party B shall perform its repayment obligation in the manner stipulated in Article 4 below within thirty (30) days upon the maturity of the Loan. Party B has no right to decide on the extension of the term, nor may it repay the Loan before scheduled.

- 3.3 During the term or any extended term of the Loan, the Loan will become immediately due and payable by Party B (or its inheritors, successors or assigns) in the manner stipulated in Article 4 hereof if:

- (1) Party B dies or becomes a person incapacitated or with limited capacity for civil acts;
 - (2) Party B ceases to hold the position of director or senior officer of Party A or any of its affiliates, or leaves, or is dismissed by, Party A or any of its affiliates;
 - (3) Party B commits or is involved in a crime;
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- (4) any third party claims RMB five hundred thousand (¥500,000) against Party B;
- (5) any of the representations or warranties made by Party B hereunder is proved to be untrue at the time it is made, or inaccurate in any material respect; or Party B breaches any of its obligations under this Agreement or any other agreement entered into with Party A, including without limitation the Equity Pledge Agreement (as defined below) and Exclusive Call Option Agreement (as defined below);
- (6) Party A exercises the exclusive call option under the Exclusive Call Option Agreement defined in Article 5.2 below;
- (7) this Agreement, the Equity Pledge Agreement, or the Exclusive Call Option Agreement is terminated or held invalid by any court for any reason whatsoever; or
- (8) Party A, at its sole discretion, sends a written notice to Party B at any time, requesting Party B to repay the Loan earlier than scheduled.

4. Repayment of Loan

- 4.1 Party A and Party B hereby mutually agree and confirm that the Loan shall be repaid in the following manner only: to the extent permitted by applicable laws, Party B will transfer all or part of its equity interest in Ctrip Commerce to Party A or Party A's Designated Person as requested by Party A in writing.
 - 4.2 Party A and Party B hereby mutually agree and confirm that any and all proceeds from Party B's transfer of its equity interest in Ctrip Commerce shall be entirely used for repayment of the principal of the Loan and as the consideration for the grant of the Loan by Party A to Party B; the principal of the Loan and such consideration shall be fully paid in the manner designated by Party A.
 - 4.3 Party A and Party B hereby mutually agree and confirm that, to the extent permitted by the applicable laws, Party A has the right but no obligation to purchase, or have Party A's Designated Person purchase at any time, all or part of the equity interest held by Party B in Ctrip Commerce at any price confirmed by Party A.
 - 4.4 Party A and Party B hereby mutually agree and confirm that, Party B shall be deemed to have fulfilled its repayment obligations hereunder only after both of the following conditions have been satisfied:
 - (1) Party B shall have transferred all of its equity interests in Ctrip Commerce to Party A and/or Party A's Designated Person as requested by Party A; and
 - (2) Party B has repaid to Party A the entire transfer proceeds for repayment of the principal of the Loan and as consideration for the grant of the Loan by Party A to Party B hereunder.
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4.5 If Ctrip Commerce goes bankrupt, is dissolved or is duly ordered for closure during the term of the Loan hereunder, Party B shall liquidate Ctrip Commerce according to laws and transfer all of the proceeds or remaining property from such liquidation to Party A for repayment of the principal of the Loan and as consideration for the grant of Loan by Party A to Party B hereunder.

4.6 Interest of Loan

- (1) The Loan will be deemed as a zero interest loan if the price to transfer the equity interests in Ctrip Commerce to Party A or Party A's Designated Person by Party B is equal to or less than the principal of the Loan;
- (2) On the other hand, if the equity interest transfer price exceeds the principal of the Loan hereunder, the exceeding amount shall, to the extent permitted by applicable law, be deemed as the consideration for the grant of Loan by Party A to Party B hereunder, and shall be reimbursed to Party A by Party B together with the principal of the Loan. Such consideration shall include, without limitation, highest interest possible accrued on the Loan during the term of the Loan to the extent permitted by applicable law, cost of capital occupation, and all taxes, fees and expenses incurred by the parties (including transferor and transferee) over the course of equity transfer by Party B to Party A or Party A's Designated Person under this Agreement.

5. **Conditions Precedent to the Loan**

The conditions for Party A to provide the Loan to Party B are set out below:

- 5.1 Party A and Party B having duly entered into an Equity Pledge Agreement (the "**Equity Pledge Agreement**"), pursuant to which Party B agrees to pledge all its equity interest in Ctrip Commerce to Party A;
 - 5.2 Party A, Party B and Ctrip Commerce having duly entered into an Exclusive Call Option Agreement (the "**Exclusive Call Option Agreement**"), pursuant to which Party B will grant an irrevocable and exclusive call option for Party A to purchase all of Party B's equity interest in Ctrip Commerce;
 - 5.3 each of the representations and warranties made by Party B under Article 6.2 below being true, complete, correct and not misleading, and will be true, complete, correct and not misleading as of the day when the Loan is received; and
 - 5.4 Party B not breaching any of its covenants made in Article 7 below, and no events having occurred or being anticipated to occur that may affect Party B's performance of its obligations hereunder.
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6. Representations and Warranties

- 6.1 From the date of this Agreement or the date of receiving the Loan (whichever is the earliest) until the termination hereof, Party A represents and warrants to Party B that:
- (1) it is a wholly foreign-owned company duly incorporated and validly existing under the laws of the PRC;
 - (2) it has the power and receives all approvals and authorities necessary and appropriate to execute and perform this Agreement. Its execution and performance of this Agreement are in compliance with its business scope, its articles of association or other organizational documents;
 - (3) neither the execution nor the performance of this Agreement by Party A is in breach of any law, regulation, government approval, authorization, notice or any other government document by which it is bound or affected, or any agreement between it and any third party or any covenant issued to any third party; and
 - (4) this Agreement, once executed, constitutes a legal, valid and enforceable obligation upon Party A.
- 6.2 From the date of this Agreement until the termination hereof, Party B represents and warrants to Party A that:
- (1) neither the execution nor the performance of this Agreement by Party B is in breach of any law, regulation, government approval, authorization, notice or any other government document by which it is bound or affected, or any agreement between it and any third party or any covenant issued to any third party;
 - (2) this Agreement, once executed, constitutes a legal, valid and enforceable obligation upon Party A;
 - (3) it will duly pay up the full contribution with respect to its equity interest in Ctrip Commerce according to law, and has not withdrawn or taken out any of its contributions to Ctrip Commerce;
 - (4) except for those provided under the Equity Pledge Agreement and Exclusive Call Option Agreement, it creates no mortgage, pledge or any other encumbrance (including security interest) upon its equity interest in Ctrip Commerce, provides no offer to any third party to transfer such equity interest, makes no covenant regarding any offer to purchase such equity interest from any third party, or enters into any agreement with any third party to transfer such equity interest;
 - (5) there is no existing or potential dispute, suit, arbitration, administrative proceeding or any other legal proceeding relating to Party B and/or its equity interest in Ctrip Commerce; and
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- (6) Ctrip Commerce has completed all government approvals, authorizations, licenses, registrations and filings necessary to conduct its businesses included in its business scope and own its assets.

7. Covenants by Party B

7.1 Party B covenants in its capacity of shareholder of Ctrip Commerce that during the Term of Loan it will cause Ctrip Commerce:

- (1) not to, in any form whatsoever, supplement, amend or modify its articles of association or organizational documents, or increase or decrease its registered capital, or change its shareholding structure without prior written consent from Party A;
 - (2) to maintain its existence, prudently and effectively operate its businesses and deal with its affairs in line with fair financial and business standards and customs;
 - (3) not to make any act and/or omission that may materially affect Ctrip Commerce's assets, business and liabilities without prior written consent from Party A; at any time as of the date hereof, not to sell, transfer, pledge or otherwise dispose of any legal or beneficial interest in any of Ctrip Commerce's assets, businesses or revenues, or allow creation of any other form of encumbrances thereon without prior written consent from Party A;
 - (4) not to incur, inherit, guarantee or allow the existence of any debt without prior written consent from Party A, except for (i) any debt arising from ordinary or day-to-day business rather than from borrowing; and (ii) any debt which has been disclosed to and has obtained the written consent from Party A;
 - (5) to always carry out all activities in the ordinary course of business to maintain the value of its assets, and not to make any act and/or omission that may adversely affect its results and asset value;
 - (6) not to enter into any material contract without prior written consent from Party A, other than those executed in the ordinary course of business (for purpose of this paragraph, any contract with a contact value exceeding RMB fifty thousand (50,000) shall be deemed as a material contract)
 - (7) not to provide any loan or guarantee to any person without prior written consent from Party A;
 - (8) to provide any and all information regarding its operations and financial conditions at the request from Party A;
 - (9) to purchase and always maintain requisite insurance policies from an insurer acceptable to Party A, the amount and type of which shall be the same as or equivalent to those maintained by the companies having similar operations, properties or assets in the same region;
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- (10) not to combine, merge with, be acquired by, acquire or invest in any person without prior written consent from Party A;
- (11) to immediately notify Party A of any actual or potential occurrence of any litigation, arbitration or administrative proceeding regarding its assets, business and revenue;
- (12) to execute all documents, conduct all actions, and make all claims or defenses necessary or appropriate to maintain its ownership of all of its assets;
- (13) not to distribute any form of dividends to any shareholder of Ctrip Commerce without the prior written consent from Party A, but to immediately distribute all distributable profits to the shareholders of Ctrip Commerce upon Party A's request; and
- (14) to strictly comply with the provisions of the Exclusive Call Option Agreement, and not to make any act and/or omission which may affect its validity and enforceability.

7.2 Party B covenants during the Term of Loan:

- (1) not to sell, transfer, pledge or otherwise dispose of any legal or beneficial interest in Party B's equity interest, or allow creation of any other encumbrances (including security interest) thereon without prior written consent from Party A, except for those provided under the Equity Pledge Agreement and Exclusive Call Option Agreement;
 - (2) to cause the shareholders' meeting of Ctrip Commerce not to approve any sale, transfer, pledge or otherwise disposal of any legal or beneficial interest in Party B's equity, or allow creation of any other security interests thereupon without prior written consent from Party A, except to Party A or Party A's Designated Person;
 - (3) not to vote for, support or execute any resolution at shareholders' meetings of Ctrip Commerce to approve Ctrip Commerce's merger or association with, acquisition by, acquisition of or investment in any person without prior written consent from Party A;
 - (4) to immediately notify Party A of any actual or potential occurrence of litigation, arbitration or administrative proceeding regarding its equity interest in Ctrip Commerce;
 - (5) to execute all documents, conduct all actions, and make all claims or defenses necessary or appropriate to maintain its ownership of its equity interest in Ctrip Commerce;
 - (6) not to make any act and/or omission which may materially affect any asset, business or liability of Ctrip Commerce without prior written consent from Party A;
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- (7) to accept and appoint the persons designated by Party A as directors, general manager and other senior management of Ctrip Commerce upon Party A's request, and actively assist Party A in dealing with all matters in connection with the appointment of such persons, including but not limited to execution of necessary documents, and assist the registration of the appointment of such senior management at the AIC;
- (8) to the extent permitted under the PRC laws and at the request of Party A at any time, to transfer unconditionally and immediately all or part of its equity interests in Ctrip Commerce to Party A or Party A's Designated Person, and waive its right of first refusal on the equity interests transferred by other shareholders of Ctrip Commerce to Party A or Party A's Designated Person; to actively assist all the matters in connection with the equity transfer, including but not limited to execution of necessary documents, and assist the registration of the equity transfer at the AIC;
- (9) if Party A purchases Party B's equity interest in Ctrip Commerce pursuant to the Exclusive Call Option Agreement, to use the price of such purchase to repay the Loan to Party A as agreed in this Agreement;
- (10) to strictly comply with the provisions of this Agreement, the Equity Pledge Agreement and the Exclusive Call Option Agreement, diligently perform its obligations under each of such agreements, without making any act and/or omission which suffices to affect the validity and enforceability of each of such agreements; and
- (11) to agree and undertake to sign an irrevocable power of attorney authorizing Party A or Party A's Designated Person to exercise on its behalf all of its rights as shareholder of Ctrip Commerce.

8. Effectiveness and Termination

- 8.1 This Agreement shall become effective as of the date of its execution. The Parties hereby agree and confirm that the effect of the terms and conditions of this Agreement shall retrospect to the day when Party B receives the Loan.
- 8.2 This Agreement shall remain valid until the Parties have performed their respective obligations under this Agreement.
- 8.3 In no event shall Party B be entitled to unilaterally terminate or cancel this Agreement.

9. Liabilities for Breach of Contract

- 9.1 If any party ("Defaulting Party") breaches any provision of this Agreement, which causes damage to the other party ("Non-defaulting Party"), the Non-defaulting Party could notify the Defaulting Party in writing and request it to rectify and correct such breach of contract; if the Defaulting Party fails to take any action satisfactory to the
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Non-defaulting Party to rectify and correct such breach within fifteen (15) working days upon the issuance of the written notice by the Non-defaulting Party, the Non-defaulting Party may immediately take the actions pursuant to this Agreement or take other remedies in accordance with laws.

- 9.2 If Party B fails to repay the Loan within the period and in the manner stipulated under this Agreement, it will be liable for a penalty interest accrued upon the amount outstanding and payable at a daily interest rate of 0.01% for each overdue day until the Loan as well as any penalty interest and any other amount accrued thereupon are fully repaid by Party B as required herein.

10. Notices

Notices or other communications required to be given by any Party pursuant to this Agreement shall be written in Chinese or English and delivered personally or sent by registered mail, postage prepaid mail, express delivery or facsimile transmission to the addresses of the other Parties set forth below, or to other designated addresses notified by such other Parties to such Party from time to time, or the addresses of other persons designated by such Party. A notice is deemed to be duly served: (a) if delivered personally, upon the delivery; (b) if sent by mail, on the tenth (10th) day after the date when the air registered mail with postage prepaid has been sent out (as is shown on the postmark), or the fourth (4th) day after delivered to the courier service agency; and (c) if sent by facsimile transmission, upon the receipt time as is shown on the transmission confirmation of relevant documents.

If to **Party A:** _____

Attn: _____

Address: _____

Phone: (____) _____

Fax: (____) _____

If to **Party B:** _____

Address: _____

Phone: (____) _____

Fax: (____) _____

11. Confidentiality

All Parties acknowledge and confirm that any oral or written materials exchanged by and between the Parties in connection with this Agreement are confidential. All Parties shall keep secret of all such documents and not disclose any such documents to any third party without prior written consent from other Parties, except for such information: (a) as are known or will be known by the public (except by disclosure of the receiving party without authorization); (b) as are required to be disclosed in accordance with applicable laws or stock exchange rules or regulations; or (c) as are required to be disclosed by any Party to its legal counsel or financial consultant for the purpose of the transaction of this Agreement, provided that such legal counsel or financial consultant shall also be subject to the confidentiality obligation similar to that stated hereof. Any disclosure by employees or agencies employed by any Party shall be deemed the

disclosure of such Party and such Party shall assume the liabilities for its breach of contract pursuant to this Agreement. This Article shall survive even if this Agreement is judged as void, cancelled, terminated or impractical for any reason whatsoever.

12. Governing Law and Dispute Resolution

- 12.1 The formation, validity, interpretation, performance and termination of this Agreement and the amendment hereto as well as the resolution of any disputes arising hereunder shall be governed by the PRC laws.
- 12.2 Any disputes arising from the interpretation and performance of this Agreement shall first be resolved through friendly consultation among the Parties. In case no settlement can be reached through consultation within thirty (30) days after the request for consultation is made by any Party with a written notice, any Party can submit such disputes to Shanghai International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission for arbitration in accordance with its then effective rules. The arbitration shall take place in Shanghai. The arbitration proceedings shall be conducted in Chinese. The arbitration award shall be final and binding upon both Parties.
- 12.3 If any dispute arises from the interpretation and performance of this Agreement or any dispute is under arbitration, the Parties shall continue to perform their respective rights and obligations hereunder other than those in dispute.

13. Miscellaneous

- 13.1 The headings contained in this Agreement are for the convenience of reference only and shall not be used to interpret, explain or otherwise affect the meaning of the provisions of this Agreement.
 - 13.2 The Parties agree to promptly execute such documents, or take such further actions, as are reasonably necessary or beneficial for performing the provisions or achieving the purposes hereof.
 - 13.3 The Parties confirm that this Agreement shall, upon its effectiveness, constitute the entire agreement and common understanding of the Parties with respect to the contents herein and fully supersede all prior verbal and/or written agreements and understandings between the Parties with respect to the contents herein.
 - 13.4 If any one or more provisions of this Agreement is identified or judged by a court of competent jurisdiction or arbitration authority as void, invalid or unenforceable in any respect according to any laws or regulations, the validity, legality and enforceability of the other provisions hereof shall not be affected or impaired in any way. The Parties shall cease performing such void, invalid or unenforceable provisions and revise those void, invalid or unenforceable provisions only to the extent closest to the original intention thereof to recover its validity or enforceability for such specific facts and circumstances.
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- 13.5 Party B hereby agrees and confirms that, (i) if Party B dies or loses or be limited from his/her full capacity for civil conducts, his/her rights and obligations hereunder will be immediately transferred to and succeeded by Party A's Designated Person, or Party A is allowed to exercise all rights, including but not limited to have the equity interests of Ctrip Commerce held by Party B transferred to Party A's Designated Person; (ii) Party A may assign its rights and obligations under this Agreement to Party A's Designated Person as Party A may decide at its sole discretion, and such assignment to Party B's successor and guardian shall only be subject to a written notice sent to Party B at the time of transfer, without subject to its consent. When and as requested by Party A, Party B shall execute with the assignee a supplementary agreement or an agreement substantially the same as this Agreement.
- 13.6 This Agreement shall be effective and binding upon the Parties hereto and their respective inheritors, successors and assigns. Party B may not assign any of its rights, interests or obligations under this Agreement to any third party without prior written consent from Party A.
- 13.7 Any Party's failure to exercise the rights under this Agreement in time shall not be deemed as its waiver of such rights and would not affect its future exercise of such rights.
- 13.8 Any matters excluded in this Agreement shall be negotiated by the Parties. Any amendment and supplement to this Agreement and its exhibits shall be made by the Parties in writing. The amendment and/or supplement duly executed by each Party with respect to this Agreement shall be indispensable part of this Agreement and have the same legal effect as this Agreement.
- 13.9 This Agreement is made in two (2) originals with each Party holding one (1) original. Each original has the same effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Agreement has been duly executed by the Parties or their respective authorized representatives on the date first above written.

[The remainder of this page is intentionally left blank]

[This page is execution page]

Party A: _____

Signature: _____
Authorized representative: _____
(stamp)

Party B: _____

Signature: _____

Schedule A

The following schedule sets forth all other similar agreements the registrant entered into with each of its affiliated Chinese entities. Other than the information set forth below, there is no material difference between such other agreements and this exhibit.

VIE	Executing Parties	Execution Date	Amount
Shanghai Ctrip Commerce Co., Ltd.	Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Fan Min Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Sun Maohua	December 14, 2015	RMB26.94 million
	Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Sun Maohua	December 14, 2015	RMB3.06 million
Beijing Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Sun Maohua	December 14, 2015	RMB1.6 million
Shanghai Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A (Lender): Wancheng (Shanghai) Travel Agency Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Fan Min Party A (Lender): Wancheng (Shanghai) Travel Agency Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Shi Qi	February 26, 2016	RMB10.99 million
	Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Fan Min Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Yang Tao	February 26, 2016	RMB50,000
Shenzhen Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Fan Min Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Yang Tao	December 14, 2015	RMB2.25 million
	Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Fan Min Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Yang Tao	December 14, 2015	RMB250,000
Guangzhou Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Fan Min Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Yang Tao	December 14, 2015	RMB2.7 million
	Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Fan Min Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Shi Qi	December 14, 2015	RMB300,000
Chengdu Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Fan Min Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Shi Qi	December 14, 2015	RMB19.9 million
	Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Shi Qi Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Zhuang Yuxiang	December 14, 2015	RMB100,000
Nantong Tongcheng Information Technology Co., Ltd.	Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Shi Qi Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Zhuang Yuxiang	December 14, 2015	RMB9.5 million
	Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Fan Min Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015	RMB500,000
Shanghai Ctrip Intelligent Tourism Commerce Consulting Co., Ltd.	Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Fan Min Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015	RMB4.5 million
	Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Fan Min Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015	RMB500,000

VIE	Executing Parties	Execution Date	Amount
Nanjing Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party B (Borrower): Sun Maohua Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Fan Min Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Yang Tao	December 14, 2015	RMB4.75 million
Shanghai Kehui Investment Consulting Co., Ltd.	Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Mi Yong Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Shen Jie	December 14, 2015	RMB99 million
Chengdu Tufeng International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A (Lender): Chengdu Ctrip Tufeng Technology Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Yang Tao Party A (Lender): Chengdu Ctrip Travel Tufeng Technology Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Wang Xiaofan	December 30, 2013	RMB5,817,040
Shanghai Jitu Information Technology Co., Ltd.	Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Wang Yuchen Party A (Lender): Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B (Borrower): Shi Qi	December 14, 2015	RMB900,000
		December 14, 2015	RMB100,000

EXCLUSIVE CALL OPTION AGREEMENT

This Exclusive Call Option Agreement (this “**Agreement**”) is entered into in Shanghai, the People’s Republic of China (“**PRC**”) as of _____ by and among the following parties:

- (1) **Party A:** _____
Address: _____
- (2) **Party B:** _____
Sex: _____
PRC Identification Card No.: _____
Address: _____; and
- (3) **Party C:** _____
Address: _____

(In this Agreement, Party A, Party B and Party C are hereinafter collectively referred to as the “**Parties**” and individually, as a “**Party**.“)

WHEREAS

- (1) Party A is a wholly foreign owned enterprise duly incorporated and validly existing under the PRC laws.
- (2) Party C is a limited liability company duly incorporated and validly existing under the PRC laws, and Party B is the registered shareholder of Party C duly holding ____% of its equity interests.
- (3) Party A and Party B entered into a Loan Agreement as of _____ (the “**Loan Agreement**”).
- (4) Party B agrees to grant Party A through this Agreement with, and Party A agrees to accept, an exclusive call option to purchase all or part of the equity interests held by Party B in Party C.

NOW, THEREFORE, Upon mutual consultation, the Parties hereby agree as follows:

1. Exclusive Call Option

1.1 Grant of Right

Party B hereby exclusively and irrevocably grants Party A an exclusive call option (the “**Call Option**”), which permits Party A to purchase or designate one or several person(s) (“**Party A’s Designated Person**”) to purchase all or part of the equity interests held by Party B in Party C (the “**Target Equity**”) at any time from Party B at the price specified in Article 1.3 of this Agreement in accordance with the procedure determined by Party A at its own discretion and to the extent permitted by the PRC laws. Party A shall have the right to decide any Party A’s Designated Person to be the transferee of and acquire all or part of the Target Equity; Party B shall not refuse, and shall assign and transfer the Target Equity to such Party A’s Designated Person as requested by Party A. No third party other than Party A and Party A’s Designated Person may be entitled to the Call Option. Party C hereby agrees with Party B’s grant of the Call Option to Party A. The “person” set forth in this paragraph and this Agreement means any individual, corporation, joint venture, partnership, enterprise, trust or other non-corporation organization.

1.2 Exercise Procedure

Subject to the PRC laws and regulations, Party A may exercise the Call Option pursuant to Article 1.1 hereinabove by issuing a written notice (the “**Purchase Notice**”) to Party B specifying the specific percentage of equity interest to be purchased from Party B (the “**Purchased Equity Interest**”) and the manner of purchase. Party A may exercise the Call Option for unlimited number of times. Within seven (7) working days upon the receipt of the Purchase Notice by Party B, Party B shall enter into an equity transfer agreement with Party A and/or its Designated Person in the form attached hereto or any other form accepted by Party A to ensure the Purchased Equity Interest can be transferred to Party A and/or Party A’s Designated Person as soon as practicable and shall take any necessary action to ensure the prompt completion of the corresponding change formalities at relevant Administration for Industry and Commerce.

1.3 Purchase Price

The Parties agree that the purchase price of the Purchased Equity Interest (“**Purchase Price**”) shall be equal to the contribution actually made by Party B for the Purchased Equity Interest, unless the applicable PRC laws and regulations at the time of Party A’s exercise of the Call Option require valuation of the Purchased Equity Interest or otherwise impose restriction on the Purchase Price. If the lowest price permissible under the applicable laws is higher than the contribution actually made or paid by Party B for the Purchased Equity Interest, the amount exceeded shall be repaid to Party A by Party B according to the Loan Agreement.

1.4 Transfer of the Purchased Equity Interest

Each time the Call Option is exercised:

(a) Party B shall cause Party C to convene a shareholders' meeting in time. At the meeting, a resolution shall be adopted to approve Party B's transfer of equity interest to Party A and/or Party A's Designated Person, and Party B shall sign a confirmation letter to waive its first right of refusal on the equity interest transferred by Party C's other shareholder(s) to Party A and/or Party A's Designated Person;

(b) Party B shall, pursuant to the terms and conditions of this Agreement and the Purchase Notice in respect of the Purchased Equity Interest, enter into an equity transfer agreement with Party A and/or Party A's Designated Person for each transfer in the form attached hereto as Exhibit 1 or any other form accepted by Party A;

(c) The related Parties shall execute all other requisite contracts, agreements or documents, obtain all requisite governmental approvals and consents, and conduct all necessary actions, to transfer the ownership of the Purchased Equity Interest to Party A and/or Party A's Designated Person without any security interest or other Encumbrances, and have Party A and/or Party A's Designated Person be registered as the registered owner of the Purchased Equity Interest at Administration for Industry and Commerce. For purposes of this paragraph and this Agreement, "**Encumbrances**" mentioned herein include guarantees, mortgages, pledges, third-party rights or interests, any call option, right of purchase, right of first refusal, right of set-off, ownership detainment or other security arrangements, but for purpose of clarification, shall not include any security interest or encumbrances arising under this Agreement and the Equity Pledge Agreement. The Equity Pledge Agreement mentioned in this paragraph and this Agreement shall mean the Equity Pledge Agreement entered into by and between Party A and Party B as of the date hereof, pursuant to which Party B shall pledge to Party A all its equity interest in Party C to guarantee the performance by Party B and Party C of their obligations under this Agreement, the Loan Agreement and the Technical Consulting and Services Agreement, each entered into by and among the Parties.

(d) Party B and Party C shall unconditionally use its best efforts to assist Party A and Party A's Designated Person in obtaining all governmental approvals, permits, registrations, filings and completing all formalities necessary for acquiring the Purchased Equity Interest.

1.5 Payment

Given that it is stipulated in the Loan Agreement that Party B shall use the entire proceeds from the transfer of its equity interest in Party C for repayment of the principal of the loan under the Loan Agreement and as the consideration for Party A's grant of loan under the Loan Agreement, Party A or Party A's Designated Person does not need to pay Purchase Price to Party B when exercising its Call Option.

2. Covenants relating to the Equity Interest

2.1 Covenants relating to Party C

Party B and Party C hereby covenants:

- (a) not to, in any form whatsoever, supplement, modify or amend the articles of association or organizational documents of Party C, increase or decrease the registered capital of Party C, or change its shareholding structure without prior written consent from Party A;
 - (b) to maintain the due existence of Party C, and prudently and efficiently operate and handle its business in line with fair finance and business standards and customs;
 - (c) not to make any act and/or omission that may adversely affect Party C's assets, business and liabilities without prior written consent from Party A; at any time as of the date hereof, not to sell, transfer, pledge or otherwise dispose of any legal or beneficial interests in any of Party C's assets, businesses or revenues, nor allow creation of other Encumbrances thereupon, including any security interests without prior written consent from Party A;
 - (d) not to incur, inherit, guarantee or allow the existence of any debt without prior written consent from Party A, except for (i) any debt arising from ordinary or day-to-day business rather than from borrowing; and (ii) any debt which has been disclosed to and has obtained the written consent from Party A;
 - (e) to always carry out all activities in the ordinary course of business to maintain the value of Party C's assets, and not to make any act and/or omission that may adversely affect Party C's results and asset value;
 - (f) not to enter into any material contract without prior written consent from Party A, other than those executed in the ordinary course of business (for purpose of this paragraph, any contract with a contact value exceeding RMB fifty thousand (50,000) shall be deemed as a material contract);
 - (g) not to provide any loan or guarantee to any person without prior written consent from Party A;
 - (h) to provide Party A with information about Party C's operations and financial conditions at the request from Party A;
 - (i) to purchase and always maintain requisite insurance policies from an insurer acceptable to Party A, the amount and type of which shall be the same as or equivalent to those maintained by the companies having similar operations, properties or assets in the same region as Party C;
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- (j) not to combine, merge with, be acquired by, acquire or invest in any person without prior written consent from Party A;
- (k) to immediately notify Party A of any actual or potential occurrence of any litigation, arbitration or administrative proceeding related to Party C's assets, business and revenue;
- (l) to execute all documents, conduct all actions, and make all claims or defenses necessary or appropriate to maintain Party C's ownership of all its assets; and
- (m) not to distribute any form of dividends to any shareholder of Party C without prior written consent from Party A, but to immediately distribute all distributable profits to the shareholders of Party C upon Party A's request.

2.2 Covenants relating to Party B

Party B hereby covenants:

- (a) at any time as of the date hereof, not to sell, transfer, pledge or otherwise dispose of any legal or beneficial interests in any equity interest, nor to allow creation of other Encumbrances thereupon without prior written consent from Party A, except for the pledge created on the equity interest held by Party B in Party C pursuant to the Equity Pledge Agreement;
 - (b) cause Party C's shareholders' meeting not to approve the sale, transfer, pledge or other disposal of any legal or beneficial interests in any equity interest, or allow creation of other Encumbrances thereupon without prior written consent from Party A, except to Party A and/or Party A's Designated Person; cause Party C's shareholders' meeting to vote for the transfer of the Purchased Equity Interest contemplated herein.
 - (c) not to vote for, support or execute any shareholders' resolution at Party C's shareholders' meeting to approve Party C's merger or combination with, acquisition by, acquisition of or investment in any person without prior written consent from Party A;
 - (d) to immediately notify Party A of any actual or potential occurrence of any litigation, arbitration or administrative proceeding related to the equity interests held by Party B in Party C;
 - (e) to execute all documents, conduct all actions, and make all claims or defenses necessary and appropriate to maintain Party B's ownership of the equity interest in Party C;
 - (f) not to make any act and/or omission that may adversely affect Party C's assets, business and liabilities without prior written consent from Party A;
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- (g) to accept and appoint the persons designated by Party A as Party C's directors, general manager and other senior management upon Party A's request, and actively assist Party A in dealing with all matters in connection with the appointment of such persons, including but not limited to execution of necessary documents, and assist the registration of the appointment of such senior management at the Administration for Industry and Commerce;
- (h) to the extent permitted by PRC laws and upon Party A's request at any time, to unconditionally and immediately transfer all or part of the equity interest held by Party B in Party C to Party A and/or Party A's Designated Person at any time, and to waive its first right of refusal on the equity interest transferred by Party C's other shareholders to Party A and/or Party A's Designated Person; to actively assist all the matters in connection with the equity transfer, including but not limited to execution of necessary documents, and assist the registration of the equity transfer at the Administration for Industry and Commerce;
- (i) to strictly comply with the provisions of this Agreement and other agreements jointly or severally executed by Party C and Party A, and to duly perform all obligations under such agreements, without making any act or omission that suffices to affect the validity and enforceability of these agreements; and
- (j) to agree and undertake to execute an irrevocable power of attorney authorizing Party A or Party A's Designated Person to exercise on its behalf all of its rights as shareholder of Party C.

3. Representations and Warranties

Party B hereby represents and warrants to Party A as of the date of this Agreement and each date of transfer that:

- (a) it has requisite capacity and authority to execute this Agreement and any equity transfer agreement to which it is a party and which is entered into for each transfer of Purchased Equity Interest hereunder (each a "**Transfer Agreement**"), and to perform its obligations hereunder and thereunder; this Agreement and each Transfer Agreement to which it is a party, once executed, will constitute its legal, valid and binding obligation, which is enforceable against it according to the specific terms hereof and thereof;
- (b) Neither the execution of this Agreement or any Transfer Agreement nor the performance of its obligations hereunder and thereunder by Party B will (i) violate any relevant PRC laws, (ii) conflict with the articles of association or other organizational documents of Party C; (iii) cause any violation of, or constitute any breach under, any contracts or instruments to which it is a party or by which it is bound; (iv) lead to any violation of any restrictions in connection with the grant and/or continued effectiveness of any licenses or
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permits issued to it; or (v) lead to the suspension or revocation of, or imposition of additional conditions to, any licenses or permits issued to it;

(c) Party C has good and merchantable title to all of its assets, on which Party C has, or will place, no Encumbrances of any form whatsoever, including security interest, unless Party A's written consent has been obtained;

(d) Party C has no outstanding debts, except for those (i) incurred in the ordinary course of business; and (ii) already disclosed to Party A for which Party A's written consent has been obtained;

(e) there are no ongoing, pending or threatened litigations, arbitrations or administrative proceedings in connection with the Target Equity, Party C's assets and Party C; and

(f) Party B has good and merchantable title to the equity interest held by it in Party C, on which Party B has, or will place, no Encumbrances of any form whatsoever, except for the pledge created under the Equity Pledge Agreement.

4. Breach of Contract

If any Party ("Defaulting Party") breaches any provision of this Agreement, which causes damage to any of the other Parties ("Non-defaulting Party"), the Non-defaulting Party may notify the Defaulting Party in writing and request it to immediately rectify and correct such breach; if the Defaulting Party fails to take any action satisfactory to the Non-defaulting Party to rectify and correct its breach within fifteen (15) days upon the issuance of such written notice by the Non-defaulting Party, the Non-defaulting Party may immediately take the actions provided in this Agreement or take other remedies according to the laws.

5. Effectiveness and Term

5.1 This Agreement shall come into effectiveness as of the date of its execution. The Parties hereby agree and confirm that the effect of the terms and conditions of this Agreement shall retrospect to the day when Party B becomes a shareholder of Party C.

5.2 The term of this Agreement is ten (10) years unless this Agreement is terminated pursuant to relevant provisions herein.

5.3 This Agreement may be automatically extended for another ten (10) years upon its expiry, and may be extended for unlimited number of times thereafter, unless Party A notifies Party B and Party C in writing of its disagreement with the extension. Neither Party B nor Party C may veto the extension of the term of this Agreement.

6. Termination

- 6.1 This Agreement shall remain valid unless Party A disagrees with the extension of the term hereof pursuant to Article 5.3 hereinabove.
- 6.2 At any time during the term of this Agreement and any extended term hereof, Party A may, at its own judgment and discretion, unconditionally terminate this Agreement by issuing a written notice to Party B without assuming any liability. Neither Party B nor Party C is entitled to the right of unilateral termination of this Agreement.

7. Governing Law and Dispute Resolution

- 7.1 The formation, validity, interpretation, performance and termination of this Agreement and the amendment hereto as well as the resolution of any disputes arising hereunder shall be governed by the PRC laws.
- 7.2 Any disputes arising from the interpretation and performance of this Agreement shall first be resolved through friendly consultation among the Parties. In case no settlement can be reached through consultation within thirty (30) days after the request for consultation is made by any Party with a written notice, any Party can submit such disputes to Shanghai International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission for arbitration in accordance with its then effective rules. The arbitration shall take place in Shanghai. The arbitration proceedings shall be conducted in Chinese. The arbitration award shall be final and binding upon all the Parties.
- 7.3 If any dispute arises from the interpretation and performance of this Agreement or any dispute is under arbitration, the Parties shall continue to perform their respective rights and obligations hereunder other than those in dispute.

8. Taxes and Expenses

Party B shall bear any and all taxes, costs and expenses incurred by or imposed on the Parties under the PRC laws arising from the preparation and execution of this Agreement and each Transfer Agreement and the consummation of the transaction contemplated hereunder and thereunder, unless Party A agrees to bear all or part of such taxes, costs and expenses.

9. Notices

Notices or other communications required to be given by any Party pursuant to this Agreement shall be written in Chinese or English and delivered personally or sent by registered mail, postage prepaid mail, express delivery or facsimile transmission to the addresses of the other Parties set forth below, or to other designated addresses notified by such other Parties to such Party from time to time, or the addresses of other persons designated by such Party. A notice is deemed to be duly served: (a) if delivered personally, upon the delivery; (b) if sent by mail, on the tenth (10th) day after the date when the air registered mail with postage prepaid has been sent out (as is shown on the postmark), or the fourth (4th) day after delivered to the courier service agency; and (c) if sent by facsimile transmission, upon the receipt time as is shown on the transmission confirmation of relevant documents.

If to **Party A:** _____

Attn: _____

Address: _____

Phone: (____) _____

Fax: (____) _____

If to **Party B:** _____

Address: _____

Phone: (____) _____

Fax: (____) _____

If to **Party C:** _____

Address: _____

Phone: (____) _____

Fax: (____) _____

10. Confidentiality

All Parties acknowledge and confirm that any oral or written materials exchanged by and between the Parties in connection with this Agreement are confidential. All Parties shall keep secret of all such documents and not disclose any such documents to any third party without prior written consent from other Parties, except for such information: (a) as are known or will be known by the public (except by disclosure of the receiving party without authorization); (b) as are required to be disclosed in accordance with applicable laws or stock exchange rules or regulations; or (c) as are required to be disclosed by any Party to its legal counsel or financial consultant for the purpose of the transaction of this Agreement, provided that such legal counsel or financial consultant shall also be subject to the confidentiality obligation similar to that stated hereof. Any disclosure by employees or agencies employed by any Party shall be deemed the disclosure of such Party and such Party shall assume the liabilities for its breach of contract pursuant to this Agreement. This Article shall survive even if this Agreement is judged as void, cancelled, terminated or impractical for any reason whatsoever.

11. Further Warranties

The Parties agree to promptly execute such documents or take such further actions as are reasonably necessary or beneficial for performing the provisions or achieving the purposes hereof.

12. Miscellaneous

12.1 Amendments, Modifications and Supplements

Any matters excluded in this Agreement shall be negotiated by the Parties. Any amendment and supplement to this Agreement and its exhibits shall be made by the Parties in writing. The amendment and supplement duly executed by each Party with respect to this Agreement and its exhibits are part of this Agreement and shall have the same legal effect as this Agreement.

12.2 Compliance with Laws and Regulations

Each of the Parties shall comply with, and shall ensure that its operations fully comply with all existing and publicly available laws and regulations of the PRC.

12.3 Entire Agreement

The Parties confirm that this Agreement shall, upon its effectiveness, constitute the entire agreement and common understanding of the Parties with respect to the contents herein and fully supersede all prior verbal and/or written agreements and understandings between the Parties with respect to the contents herein. The exhibits attached hereto shall constitute a component of this Agreement and shall be equally binding as this Agreement.

12.4 Headings

The headings contained in this Agreement are for the convenience of reference only and shall not be used to interpret, explain or otherwise affect the meaning of the provisions of this Agreement.

12.5 Severability

If any one or more provisions of this Agreement is identified or judged by a court of competent jurisdiction or arbitration authority as void, invalid or unenforceable in any respect according to any laws or regulations, the validity, legality and enforceability of the other provisions hereof shall not be affected or impaired in any way. The Parties shall cease performing such void, invalid or unenforceable provisions and revise those void, invalid or unenforceable provisions only to the extent closest to the original intention thereof to recover its validity or enforceability for such specific facts and circumstances.

12.6 Assignment

- (1) Neither Party B or Party C may assign any of their respective rights or obligations under this Agreement to any third party without prior written consent from Party A. Party B and Party C hereby agree that Party A may assign its rights and obligations under this Agreement as Party A may decide at its sole discretion, and such assignment shall only be subject to a written notice sent to Party B and Party C, without subject to their consent. When and as requested by Party A, Party B and Party C shall execute with the assignee a supplementary agreement or an agreement substantially the same as this Agreement.
 - (2) Party B hereby agrees and confirms that (i) if Party B has died or lost or been limited from his/her full capacity for civil conducts, his/her rights and obligations hereunder will be immediately transferred to and succeeded by Party A's Designated Person, or to Party A for its disposal at its sole discretion, including but not limited to the cases under which Party A or Party A's Designated Person will be transferred and thus acquire the equity interest held by Party B in Party C; and (ii) Party A can transfer its rights and obligations hereunder to its designated person as needed at any time by only providing a written notice to Party B's successor or guardian and no consent from Party B's successor or guardian is required. Upon the request of Party A, Party B's successor shall execute with Party A a supplement or an agreement substantially the same as this Agreement.
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12.7 **Successors**

This Agreement shall be effective and binding upon all the Parties hereto and their respective inheritors, successors and assigns.

12.8 **Survival**

Any obligations that are incurred or become due arising from this Agreement by the expiry or early termination of this Agreement shall survive the expiry or termination of this Agreement.

12.9 **Waiver**

Any Party's failure to exercise the rights under this Agreement in time shall not be deemed as its waiver of such rights and would not affect its future exercise of such rights.

12.10 **Counterparts**

This Agreement is executed with three (3) originals, with one Party holding one (1) original; each counterpart shall be equally binding.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Agreement has been duly executed by the Parties or their respective authorized representatives on the date first above written.

[The remainder of this page is intentionally left blank]

[This page is execution page]

Party A: _____

Signature: _____
Authorized representative: _____
(stamp)

Party B: _____

Signature: _____

Party C: _____

Signature: _____
Authorized representative: _____
(stamp)

APPENDIX 1

Equity Transfer Agreement

This Equity Transfer Agreement (“**Agreement**”) is entered into in _____, the People’s Republic of China (“PRC”) by and between:

Transferor: _____

Transferee: _____

NOW, the Parties agree as follows concerning the equity interest transfer:

1. The Transferor agrees to transfer to the Transferee ____% of equity interest of _____ held by the Transferor, and the Transferee agrees to accept the said equity interest.
2. After the closing of equity interest transfer, the Transferor shall not have any rights and obligations as a shareholder with regard to the transferred shares, and the Transferee shall have such rights and obligations as shareholder of _____.
3. Any matter not covered by this Agreement may be determined by the Parties by way of signing supplementary agreements.
4. This Agreement shall be effective from the date of execution by the Parties.
5. This Agreement is executed in four (4) originals, with each party holding one (1) original. The remaining originals are made for the purpose of going through change registration at the Administration for Industry and Commerce.

Transferor

Transferee

Signature: _____

Authorized Signature: _____

Date:

Date:

Schedule A

The following schedule sets forth all other similar agreements the registrant entered into with each of its affiliated Chinese entities. Other than the information set forth below, there is no material difference between such other agreements and this exhibit.

VIE	Executing Parties	Execution Date
Shanghai Ctrip Commerce Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Fan Min Party C: Shanghai Ctrip Commerce Co., Ltd. Party A: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Sun Maohua Party C: Shanghai Ctrip Commerce Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015
Beijing Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Sun Maohua Party C: Beijing Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015
Shanghai Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A: Wancheng (Shanghai) Travel Agency Co., Ltd. Party B: Fan Min Party C: Shanghai Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd. Party A: Wancheng (Shanghai) Travel Agency Co., Ltd. Party B: Shi Qi Party C: Shanghai Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	February 26, 2016 February 26, 2016
Shenzhen Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Fan Min Party C: Shenzhen Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd. Party A: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Yang Tao Party C: Shenzhen Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015
Guangzhou Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Fan Min Party C: Guangzhou Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd. Party A: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Yang Tao Party C: Guangzhou Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015
Chengdu Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Fan Min Party C: Chengdu Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd. Party A: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Shi Qi Party C: Chengdu Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015
Nantong Tongcheng Information Technology Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Shi Qi Party C: Nantong Tongcheng Information Technology Co., Ltd. Party A: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Zhuang Yuxiang Party C: Nantong Tongcheng Information Technology Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015

VIE	Executing Parties	Execution Date
Shanghai Ctrip Intelligent Tourism Commerce Consulting Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Fan Min Party C: Shanghai Ctrip Intelligent Tourism Commerce Consulting Co., Ltd. Party A: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Sun Maohua Party C: Shanghai Ctrip Intelligent Tourism Commerce Consulting Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015
Nanjing Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Fan Min Party C: Nanjing Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd. Party A: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Yang Tao Party C: Nanjing Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015
Shanghai Kehui Investment Consulting Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Mi Yong Party C: Shanghai Kehui Investment Consulting Co., Ltd. Party A: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Shen Jie Party C: Shanghai Kehui Investment Consulting Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015
Chengdu Tufeng International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Party A: Chengdu Ctrip Travel Tufeng Technology Co., Ltd. Party B: Yang Tao Party C: Chengdu Tufeng International Travel Agency Co., Ltd. Party A: Chengdu Ctrip Travel Tufeng Technology Co., Ltd. Party B: Wang Xiaofan Party C: Chengdu Tufeng International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	January 13, 2014 January 13, 2014
Shanghai Jitu Information Technology Co., Ltd.	Party A: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Wang Yuchen Party C: Shanghai Jitu Information Technology Co., Ltd. Party A: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Party B: Shi Qi Party C: Shanghai Jitu Information Technology Co., Ltd.	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015

EQUITY PLEDGE AGREEMENT

This Equity Pledge Agreement (this “**Agreement**”) is entered into in Shanghai, the People’s Republic of China (“**PRC**”) as of _____ by and between the following parties:

- (1) **Pledgee:** _____
Address: _____; and
- (2) **Pledgor:** _____
PRC Identification Card No.: _____
Address: _____;

(In this Agreement, Pledgee and Pledgor are hereinafter collectively referred to as the “**Parties**” and individually, as a “**Party**.“)

WHEREAS

- (1) The Pledgor is a PRC citizen, who owns ____% of the equity interests in _____ (“**Ctrip Commerce**”) for an amount of contribution of RMB _____.
 - (2) Ctrip Commerce is a limited liability company duly incorporated and validly existing under the PRC laws.
 - (3) The Pledgee is a wholly foreign owned enterprise duly incorporated and validly existing under the PRC laws.
 - (4) The Pledgee and Ctrip Commerce entered a Technical Consulting and Services Agreement as of _____ (the “**Services Agreement**”).
 - (5) The Pledgee and the Pledgor entered into a Loan Agreement as of _____ (the “**Loan Agreement**”).
 - (6) The Pledgee, the Pledgor and Ctrip Commerce entered into an Exclusive Call Option Agreement as of _____ (the “**Exclusive Call Option Agreement**”, together with the Services Agreement and the Loan Agreement, the “**Principal Agreements**”).
-

- (7) In order to secure the performance of the obligations (including without limitation, the normal payment of consulting and service fees and the Pledgor's repayment obligation) under the Principal Agreements by the Pledgor and Ctrip Commerce, the Pledgor is willing to unconditionally and irrevocably pledge all its ___% equity interest held in Ctrip Commerce to the Pledgee as a security.

NOW, THEREFORE, in order to perform the terms and provisions of the Principal Agreements, the Pledgor and the Pledgee hereby agree as follows upon mutual consultation:

1. Pledge

- 1.1 The Pledgor agrees to pledge all its ___% equity interest in Ctrip Commerce to the Pledgee as a security on the performance of all the obligations under the Principal Agreements by the Pledgor and Ctrip Commerce as well as on the entire compensation liability arising from the invalidity, cancellation or early termination of the Principal Agreements.
- 1.2 Pledge Right hereunder refers to the rights owned by the Pledgee, who shall be entitled to a priority to be compensated by the proceeds from conversion into money, auction or sale of the equity interest pledged by the Pledgor to the Pledgee.
- 1.3 The equity interest pledged hereunder is the ___% equity interest held by the Pledgor in Ctrip Commerce (the "**Pledged Equity**") and all the rights and interests associated therewith. The details of the Pledged Equity are listed as follows:

Pledgee: _____

Pledgor: _____

Company where the Pledged Equity is in: _____

Contribution corresponding to the Pledged Equity: RMB _____

2. Scope of Pledge

- 2.1 The pledge under this Agreement include the performance of all the obligations under the Principal Agreements by the Pledgor and Ctrip Commerce as well as on the entire compensation liability arising from the invalidity, cancellation or early termination of the Principal Agreements, including, without limitation, all amounts payable, outstanding debts, obligations and liabilities under the Principal Agreements, any fees and expenses incurred by the Pledgee for exercising its rights and the Pledge Right and the performance of the Principal Agreements. For the avoidance of doubt, the scope of the Pledge shall not be limited by the amount of the capital contribution made by the shareholders of Ctrip Commerce.
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2.2 The effect of the security under this Agreement shall not be affected due to any amendment or modification to the Principal Agreements, and the security hereunder shall remain valid on the obligations of the Pledgor and Ctrip Commerce under any Principal Agreements so amended or modified. If any of the Principal Agreements becomes invalid or is canceled or terminated for any reason whatsoever, the Pledgee has the right to immediately exercise the Pledge Right pursuant to Article 8 of this Agreement.

3. Creation and Term of Pledge

3.1 The pledge under this Agreement shall be registered at Ctrip Commerce's shareholder register upon the date hereof.

3.2 The Pledge Right hereunder shall be created as of the date when the equity pledge is registered at the competent administration for industry and commerce (AIC) of Ctrip Commerce.

3.3 The term of the Pledge Right hereunder shall commence from its creation until the second (2nd) anniversary of the date when all obligations under the Principal Agreements have been completed.

3.4 With the prior consent of the Pledgee, the Pledgor may increase its capital contribution to Ctrip Commerce, or transfer or acquire the equity interests in Ctrip Commerce; provided, however, that any such capital contribution by the Pledgor to Ctrip Commerce, or any such shareholding change of the Pledgor shall be subject to this Agreement. Ctrip Commerce shall immediately amend its shareholder register and file the change registration with respect to the equity interest and equity pledge to the AIC within fifteen (15) working days upon the date when such change occurs.

3.5 Within the pledge term, if the Pledgor or Ctrip Commerce fails to perform any of the obligations under or arising from the Principal Agreements, the Pledgee has the right to exercise the Pledge Right in accordance with Article 8 of this Agreement.

4. Custody of Pledge Certificate

4.1 The Pledgor shall deliver to the custody of the Pledgee the certificate of its capital contribution to Ctrip Commerce and the shareholder register of Ctrip Commerce within one (1) week after the pledge is recorded at Ctrip Commerce's shareholder register as required in Article 3; the Pledgee shall have the duty to well keep the pledge documents so received.

4.2 If the pledge hereunder is released pursuant to this Agreement, the Pledgee shall return the pledge registration certificate to the Pledgor within five (5) working days after the pledge is released, and provide necessary assistance to the Pledgor over the course of pledge release registration formalities.

4.3 The Pledgee shall have the right to collect all interests or beneficial rights, including dividends, accrued on the Pledged Equity.

5. Pledgor's Representations and Warranties

- 5.1 The Pledgor is the sole legal owner of the Pledged Equity.
- 5.2 There should be no intervention from any other party at any time when the Pledgee exercises its rights as pledgee pursuant to this Agreement.
- 5.3 The Pledgee shall have the right to exercise or transfer the Pledge Right in any manners provided herein.
- 5.4 The Pledgor does not set up any other pledge or other encumbrances on the equity interest except those set up for the benefit of the Pledgee.
- 5.5 The pledgee shall ensure that Ctrip Commerce's shareholders' meeting has adopted a resolution to approve the pledge under this Agreement.
- 5.6 This Agreement, once effective, constitutes a lawful, effective and binding obligation for the Pledgor.
- 5.7 The pledge created by the Pledgor on the Pledged Equity pursuant to this Agreement will not violate the relevant stipulations of the laws, regulations of the State and government policies, nor will it violate any contracts or agreements entered into by and between the Pledgor and any third party, or any commitments made by the Pledgor to any third party.
- 5.8 All documents and materials in relation to this Agreement provided by the Pledgor to the Pledgee are true, accurate and complete.

6. Pledgor's Commitments

- 6.1 Throughout the existence of this Agreement, the Pledgor commits to and for the benefit of the Pledgee that the Pledgor will:
 - (1) ensure that the Pledge Right hereunder is registered at the competent AIC;
 - (2) not transfer or assign the Pledged Equity, or create or allow to exist any encumbrance (including pledge) which may affect the rights and benefits of the Pledgee without prior written consent of the Pledgee;
 - (3) comply with and implement all the relevant laws and regulations with respect to the pledge of rights; present to the Pledgee the notices, orders or suggestions issued or formulated by the competent authority with respect to the Pledge within five (5) days upon receiving such notices, orders or suggestions, and act as required by such notices, orders or suggestions, or raise objection or statement to any of the foregoing at the reasonable request of or upon the consent of the Pledgee; and
 - (4) promptly notify the Pledgee of any events or notices received which may affect the Pledgor's rights in all or any part of the Pledged Equity, and any events or
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notices received which may change or affect any of the Pledgor's warranties and obligations under this Agreement.

- 6.2 The Pledgor agrees that the Pledgee's acquisition of the Pledge Right and exercise of its right to the pledge pursuant to this Agreement shall not be suspended or impaired by the Pledgor or any of its inheritors, successors, assigns, or any person authorized by the Pledgor or any such other person by way of any legal proceedings.
- 6.3 The Pledgor undertakes to the Pledgee that in order to protect or perfect the security hereunder for the creditors' rights and obligations under the Principal Agreements, the Pledgor will (i) execute in good faith and cause other pledge-concerned parties to execute all title certificates and covenants, and/or act and cause other pledge-concerned parties to act as required by the Pledgee, (ii) facilitate the Pledgee to exercise the rights and authority empowered on the Pledgee by this Agreement, (iii) execute all documents in relation to the equity change (if applicable and necessary) with the Pledgee or its designated person (whether natural or legal), and (iv) provide the Pledgee with such pledge-related notices, orders and decisions as is considered necessary by the Pledgee within a reasonable period of time.
- 6.4 The Pledgor undertakes to the Pledgee to comply with and perform, for the benefit of the Pledgee, all the warranties, commitments, covenants, representations, conditions and obligations under this Agreement and the Principal Agreements. The Pledgor shall indemnify the Pledgee for all the losses suffered by the Pledgee resulting from the Pledgor's inability to comply with or failure to perform or fully perform such warranties, commitments, covenants, representations, conditions and obligations under this Agreement and the Principal Agreements.

7. Events of Default

7.1 Any of the following events shall be regarded as an event of default:

- (1) Any of the representations or warranties made by the Pledgor under Articles 5 hereof is materially misleading or wrong, and/or the Pledgor breaches any of the warranties contained in Article 5 hereof;
 - (2) The Pledgor breaches any of the commitments contained in Article 6 hereof;
 - (3) The Pledgor or Ctrip Commerce breaches any provision under this Agreement or the Principal Agreements, or fails to perform its obligations hereunder or thereunder;
 - (4) Any provision or obligation of the Pledgor or Ctrip Commerce under this Agreement or the Principal Agreements is deemed as illegal, invalid, void or unenforceable;
 - (5) The Pledgor waives or transfers the Pledged Equity, or creates any encumbrances thereupon, without written consent from the Pledgee;
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- (6) Any of the Pledgor's external loans, guarantees, warranties, indemnities, covenants or other repayment liabilities (i) is required to be repaid or performed prior to the scheduled date due to a breach; or (ii) is due but unable to be repaid or performed as scheduled and thereby cause the Pledgee to believe that the Pledgor's capability to perform the obligations hereunder or under the Principle Agreements has been affected;
 - (7) The Pledgor is incapable of repaying the general obligation or other liabilities;
 - (8) The promulgation of relevant laws renders, or any applicable law deems any provision under this Agreement or the Principle Agreements as illegal, or deprives the Pledgor of its capability to continue to perform its obligations under this Agreement or the Principle Agreements;
 - (9) Any government consents, permits, approvals or authorizations, based on which this Agreement or the Principle Agreements is deemed enforceable, legitimate and valid, are revoked, terminated, invalidated or materially revised;
 - (10) The property of the Pledgor suffers adverse change, which causes the Pledgee to believe that the capability of the Pledgor to perform the obligations hereunder or under the Principle Agreements has been affected;
 - (11) The Pledgor breaches this Agreement or the Principle Agreements by an act and/or omission in violation of the provisions of this Agreement; or
 - (12) Other circumstances under which the Pledgee may not dispose of its Pledge Right under relevant laws.
- 7.2 The Pledgor shall immediately notify the Pledgee in writing once it is aware or discovers that any of the events mentioned in Article 7.1 hereinabove or any event that may result in any of such events has occurred.
- 7.3 Unless any of the events of default listed in Article 7.1 hereinabove has been fully resolved to the Pledgee's satisfaction, the Pledgee may, at the occurrence of such event of default or any time thereafter, send a written notice of default to the Pledgor, requiring the Pledgor or Ctrip Commerce to immediately perform its obligations under the Principal Agreements or requiring its exercise of the Pledge Right pursuant to Article 8 hereof.
- 8. Exercise of the Pledge Right**
- 8.1 The Pledgor shall not transfer or assign the Pledged Equity without written approval from the Pledgee until all the obligations under the Principal Agreements have been fully performed.
- 8.2 In case an event of default listed in Article 7 does occur, the Pledgee shall give a notice of default to the Pledgor when exercising its Pledge Right.
- 8.3 Subject to Article 7.3, the Pledgee may dispose of the Pledge Right either at the same time when the notice of default is sent pursuant to Article 7.3 or at any time thereafter.
-

- 8.4 The Pledgee has the right to convert the value of all or part of the Pledged Equity hereunder into money in compliance with legal procedures, or has the priority to be compensated by the proceeds generated from auction or sale of such equity interests, until the obligations under the Principal Agreement have been fully performed. If the Pledgee decides to exercise the Pledge Right, the Pledgor undertakes to transfer all its shareholder rights to the Pledgee for its exercise.
- 8.5 The Pledgor shall not hinder the Pledgee from exercising the Pledge Right in accordance with this Agreement and shall instead give necessary and positive assistance so that the Pledgee can realize its Pledge Right.

9. Assignment

- 9.1 The Pledgor shall not donate or transfer its rights and obligations hereunder without prior consent from the Pledgee. The Pledgor agrees that if he/she dies or loses his/her full capacity for civil acts, his/her rights and obligations hereunder will be immediately transferred to and succeeded by the Pledgee's designated person, or the Pledged Equity will be transferred to the Pledgee for its disposal at its sole discretion, including but not limited to the cases under which the Pledgee or its designated person will be transferred and thus acquire the Pledged Equity.
- 9.2 The Pledgee may transfer or assign any or all of its rights and obligations under the Principal Agreements to any person (whether natural or legal) designated by it at any time to the extent permissible by the laws. In this case, the assignee shall enjoy the rights and undertake the obligations of the Pledgee hereunder as if the assignee itself were a party hereto. When the Pledgee transfers or assigns its rights and obligations under the Principal Agreements, the Pledgor shall, at the request of the Pledgee, execute all relevant agreements and/or documents with respect to such transfer or assignment.
- 9.3 After the pledgee is changed due to the abovementioned transfer or assignment, the new parties to the pledge shall execute a new equity pledge agreement, which shall be substantially consistent with this Agreement.
- 9.4 This Agreement shall be effective and binding upon both Parties and their respective successors, inheritors and assigns.

10. Effectiveness and Termination of the Agreement

- 10.1 This Agreement shall come into effectiveness as of the date of its execution. The Parties hereby agree and confirm that the effect of the terms and conditions of this Agreement shall retrospect to the day when the Pledgor became a shareholder of Ctrip Commerce.
 - 10.2 The Parties further confirm that the effectiveness and validity of this Agreement shall not be affected regardless of whether or not the pledge hereunder is registered at the competent AIC.
-

- 10.3 This Agreement shall expire two (2) years after the Pledgor and Ctrip Commerce no longer undertake any obligations under or arising from the Principal Agreements, and in this case, the Pledgee shall cancel or terminate this Agreement as soon as reasonably practicable.
- 10.4 The release of pledge shall also be recorded accordingly at the shareholder register of Ctrip Commerce, and the deregistration of the pledge shall be completed at the competent AIC of Ctrip Commerce according to the relevant laws.

11. Formality Fees and Other Expenses

- 11.1 The Parties agree and confirm that the Pledgor shall bear any and all costs and actual expenses in relation to this Agreement, including without limitation any and all legal costs, production costs, stamp tax and any other taxes, costs and expenses arising from the performance of this Agreement by the Parties. If the Pledgee is required to pay the relevant taxes and expenses by the law, the Pledgor shall reimburse to the Pledgee in full the taxes and fees that have been paid by the Pledgee, unless the Pledgee agrees to bear all or part of such taxes and fees.
- 11.2 If the Pledgor fails to pay any taxes or expenses payable by it hereunder, or the Pledgee is otherwise rendered to take any approaches or actions to recover the amounts payable by the Pledgor, the Pledgor shall bear all costs arising therefrom, including without limitation, all kinds of taxes, fees, formality fees, administration fees, litigation costs, attorney fees and various insurance costs, etc. arising from the disposal of the Pledge Right.

12. Force Majeure

- 12.1 An “Force Majeure Event” shall mean any event beyond the reasonable anticipation and control of a Party so affected, which are unavoidable even if the affected Party takes a reasonable care, including but not limited to governmental acts, Act of God, fires, explosion, storms, floods, earthquakes, tides, lightning or wars. However, any shortage of credits, funds or financing shall not be deemed as the events beyond reasonable control of the affected Party. The affected Party shall forthwith inform the other Party of the details concerning the exemption of liabilities and the steps that need to be taken to complete discharging such liabilities.
 - 12.2 In the event that the performance of this Agreement is delayed or interrupted due to the said Force Majeure Event, the affected Party shall be excused from any liability hereunder to the extent of the delayed or interrupted performance, provided, however, that the affected Party shall take appropriate measures to minimize or eliminate the adverse impacts therefrom and strive to resume the performance of this Agreement so delayed or interrupted. The Parties agree to use their best efforts to continue the performance of this Agreement once the said Force Majeure Event disappears.
-

13. Governing Law and Dispute Resolution

- 13.1 The formation, validity, interpretation, performance and termination of this Agreement and the disputes resolution under this Agreement shall be governed by the PRC laws.
- 13.2 Any disputes arising from the interpretation and performance of this Agreement shall first be resolved through friendly consultation among the Parties. In case no settlement can be reached through consultation within thirty (30) days after the request for consultation is made by any Party with a written notice, any Party can submit such disputes to Shanghai International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission for arbitration in accordance with its then effective rules. The arbitration shall take place in Shanghai. The arbitration proceedings shall be conducted in Chinese. The arbitration award shall be final and binding upon both Parties.
- 13.3 If any dispute arises from the interpretation and performance of this Agreement or any dispute is under arbitration, the Parties shall continue to perform their respective rights and obligations hereunder other than those in dispute.

14. Notices

Notices or other communications required to be given by any Party pursuant to this Agreement shall be written in Chinese or English and delivered personally or sent by registered mail, postage prepaid mail, express delivery or facsimile transmission to the addresses of the other Parties set forth below, or to other designated addresses notified by such other Parties to such Party from time to time, or the addresses of other persons designated by such Party. A notice is deemed to be duly served: (a) if delivered personally, upon the delivery; (b) if sent by mail, on the tenth (10th) day after the date when the air registered mail with postage prepaid has been sent out (as is shown on the postmark), or the fourth (4th) day after delivered to the courier service agency; and (c) if sent by facsimile transmission, upon the receipt time as is shown on the transmission confirmation of relevant documents.

If to **Party A:** _____

Attn: _____

Address: _____

Phone: (____) _____

Fax: (____) _____

If to **Party B:** _____

Address: _____

Phone: (____) _____

Fax: (____) _____

15. Miscellaneous

- 15.1 The headings contained in this Agreement are for the convenience of reference only and shall not be used to interpret, explain or otherwise affect the meaning of the provisions of this Agreement.
-

- 15.2 The Parties agree to promptly execute such documents, or take such further actions, as are reasonably necessary or beneficial for performing the provisions or achieving the purposes hereof.
- 15.3 The Parties confirm that this Agreement shall, upon its effectiveness, constitute the entire agreement and common understanding of the Parties with respect to the contents herein and fully supersede all prior verbal and/or written agreements and understandings between the Parties with respect to the contents herein.
- 15.4 If any one or more provisions of this Agreement is identified or judged by a court of competent jurisdiction or arbitration authority as void, invalid or unenforceable in any respect according to any laws or regulations, the validity, legality and enforceability of the other provisions hereof shall not be affected or impaired in any way. The Parties shall cease performing such void, invalid or unenforceable provisions and revise those void, invalid or unenforceable provisions only to the extent closest to the original intention thereof to recover its validity or enforceability for such specific facts and circumstances.
- 15.5 Any Party's failure to exercise the rights under this Agreement in time shall not be deemed as its waiver of such rights and would not affect its future exercise of such rights.
- 15.6 Any obligations that are incurred or become due arising from this Agreement by the expiry or early termination of this Agreement shall survive the expiry or termination of this Agreement.
- 15.7 Any matters excluded in this Agreement shall be negotiated by the Parties. Any amendment and supplement to this Agreement and its exhibits shall be made by the Parties in writing. The amendment and supplement duly executed by each Party with respect to this Agreement and its exhibits are indispensable part of this Agreement and shall have the same legal effect as this Agreement.
- 15.8 Should the pledge registration authority require this Agreement to be re-signed or amended with respect to the pledge of the equity interest, the Parties shall use their respective best efforts to guarantee the validity and enforceability of this Agreement in good faith. Such re-signed or amended agreement shall be only used for the purposes of registration and filing at AIC and will not amend or supersede this Agreement. In case of any conflicts between such agreement and this Agreement, this Agreement shall prevail.
- 15.9 This Agreement is written in Chinese and executed with three (3) originals with the same legal effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Agreement has been duly executed by the Parties or their respective authorized representatives on the date first above written.

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[This page is execution page]

Pledgee: _____

Signature: _____
Authorized representative: _____
(stamp)

Pledgor: _____

Signature: _____

Schedule A

The following schedule sets forth all other similar agreements the registrant entered into with each of its affiliated Chinese entities. Other than the information set forth below, there is no material difference between such other agreements and this exhibit.

VIE	Parties to the Pledge	Execution Date
Shanghai Ctrip Commerce Co., Ltd.	Pledgee: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Pledger: Fan Min Pledgee: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Pledger: Sun Maohua	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015
Beijing Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Pledgee: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Pledger: Sun Maohua	December 14, 2015
Shanghai Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Pledgee: Wancheng (Shanghai) Travel Agency Co., Ltd. Pledger: Fan Min Pledgee: Wancheng (Shanghai) Travel Agency Co., Ltd. Pledger: Shi Qi	February 26, 2016 February 26, 2016
Shenzhen Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Pledgee: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Pledger: Fan Min Pledgee: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Pledger: Yang Tao	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015
Guangzhou Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Pledgee: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Pledger: Fan Min Pledgee: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Pledger: Yang Tao	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015
Chengdu Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Pledgee: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Pledger: Fan Min Pledgee: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Pledger: Shi Qi	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015
Nantong Tongcheng Information Technology Co., Ltd.	Pledgee: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Pledger: Shi Qi Pledgee: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Pledger: Zhuang Yuxiang	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015
Shanghai Ctrip Intelligent Tourism Commerce Consulting Co., Ltd.	Pledgee: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Pledger: Fan Min Pledgee: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Pledger: Sun Maohua	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015
Nanjing Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Pledgee: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Pledger: Fan Min Pledgee: Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Pledger: Yang Tao	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015
Shanghai Kehui Investment Consulting Co., Ltd.	Pledgee: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Pledger: Mi Yong Pledgee: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Pledger: Shen Jie	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015
Chengdu Tufeng International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Pledgee: Chengdu Ctrip Travel Tufeng Technology Co., Ltd. Pledger: Yang Tao Pledgee: Chengdu Ctrip Travel Tufeng Technology Co., Ltd. Pledger: Wang Xiaofan	January 13, 2014 January 13, 2014

VIE

Shanghai Jitu Information Technology Co., Ltd.

Parties to the Pledge	Execution Date
Pledgee: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Pledgor: Wang Yuchen	December 14, 2015
Pledgee: Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Pledgor: Shi Qi	December 14, 2015

POWER OF ATTORNEY

I, _____, citizen of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), PRC Identification Card No: _____ (the "Authorizer"), issue this Power of Attorney ("POA") on _____. This POA shall take effect as of the date of execution.

WHEREAS:

- (1) the Authorizer holds ____% equity interest in _____ (the "Company");
- (2) the Authorizer, _____ (the "WFOE") and the Company have entered into a series of contractual arrangements, including the Loan Agreement, the Exclusive Call Option Agreement, the Equity Pledge Agreement and the Exclusive Technical Consulting and Services Agreement; and
- (3) in order to guarantee the normal and continuous operations of the Company and the performance of the obligations under the abovementioned agreements by the Company and the Authorizer, the WFOE has requested the Authorizer to appoint the WFOE as its attorney-in-fact, with full power of substitution, to exercise any and all of the rights in respect of Authorizer's equity interests in the Company and the Authorizer has agreed to make such appointment.

In consideration of the above, the Authorizer hereby irrevocably nominates, appoints and constitutes the WFOE or its designated person as its attorney—in-fact ("Attorney-in-Fact," including legal and natural person) to exercise on the Authorizer's behalf any and all rights that the Authorizer has in respect of his/her equity interests in the Company conferred by relevant laws and regulations and the articles of association of the Company, including without limitation, the following rights (collectively, "Shareholder Rights"):

- (a) to propose, call and attend the shareholders' meetings of the Company;
- (b) to receive any notices about the holding of shareholders' meetings and relevant procedures;
- (c) to execute and deliver any and all written resolutions as a shareholder in the name and on behalf of the Authorizer;
- (d) to vote by itself or by proxy on any matters discussed on shareholders' meetings, including without limitation, the sale, transfer, mortgage, pledge or disposal of any or all of the assets of the Company;
- (e) to sell, transfer, pledge or otherwise dispose of any or all of the equity interests held by the Authorizer in the Company;

- (f) to nominate, elect, designate, appoint or remove the directors, general manager, finance controller and other senior officers of the Company;
- (g) to oversee the economic performance of the Company, to approve annual budgets of the Company or declare dividends, and to have full access to the financial information of the Company at any time;
- (h) to file any shareholder lawsuits or take other legal actions against the Company's directors or senior management members when such directors or members are acting to the detriment of the interest of the Company or its shareholder(s); and
- (i) any other rights conferred on the shareholder by the articles of association of the Company or relevant laws and regulations.

The Authorizer further agrees and undertakes that:

- (a) the Authorizer hereby authorizes the Attorney-in-Fact to exercise the Shareholder Rights at its sole discretion without any need to obtain any oral or written instructions from the Authorizer; and, without the WFOE's prior written consent, the Authorizer shall not exercise any of the Shareholder Rights;
- (b) the WFOE has the right to appoint, at its sole discretion, a substitute or substitutes to perform any or all of its rights of the Attorney-in-Fact under this POA, and to revoke the appointment of such substitute or substitutes at its sole discretion;
- (c) if the Authorizer's equity interest in the Company increases, whether by equity interest transfer or increase of the Company's registered capital, any such additional equity interests acquired by the Authorizer through equity transfer or the equity interests corresponding to the increased part of the registered capital shall be automatically subject to this POA and the Attorney-in-Fact shall have the right to exercise the Shareholder Rights with respect to such additional equity interests on behalf of the Authorizer; if any person acquires the Company's equity interests, whether by voluntary transfer, judicial sale, foreclosure sale or otherwise, any such equity interest in the Company so transferred remains subject to this POA and the Attorney-in-Fact shall continue to have the right to exercise the Shareholder Rights with respect to such equity interest in the Company so transferred.
- (d) for the avoidance of any doubt, if any equity transfer is contemplated under the Loan Agreement, the Exclusive Call Option Agreement and the Equity Pledge Agreement (including any and all subsequent amendments and supplements thereto) entered into by the Authorizer for the benefits of the WFOE or any of its affiliates, the Attorney-in-Fact shall, on behalf of the Authorizer, have the right to sign the equity transfer agreement and other relevant agreements and to perform all the shareholders' obligations under the Loan Agreement, the Exclusive Call Option Agreement and the Equity Pledge Agreement. If required by the WFOE, the Authorizer

shall sign any documents and fix the common chops and/or seals thereupon and the Authorizer shall take any other action as necessary for purposes of consummation of the aforesaid equity transfer. The Authorizer shall ensure that such equity transfer be consummated and cause any transferee to sign a power of attorney with the WFOE substantially the same as this POA; and

- (e) WFOE may, at its sole discretion, request the Authorizer at any time with a written notice to execute a new power of attorney substantially the same as this POA, authorizing the person designated by the WFOE as the Attorney-in-Fact to exercise any and all rights to which the Authorizer is entitled by relevant laws and regulations and the Company's articles of association with respect to the equity interest held by the Authorizer in the Company.

This POA shall be duly executed by the Authorizer. This POA shall become effective as of the date of execution specified herein, and shall remain effective as long as the Company exists. The Authorizer does not have rights to terminate or amend this POA or revoke the appointment of the Attorney-in-Fact without prior written consent from the WFOE. This POA shall be equally binding upon the respective inheritors, successors and assigns of the Parties.

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[This page is the execution page]

Authorizer:

Signature: _____

Name: _____

Schedule A

The following schedule sets forth all other similar agreements the registrant entered into with each of its affiliated Chinese entities. Other than the information set forth below, there is no material difference between such other agreements and this exhibit.

VIE	Executing Parties	Execution Date
Shanghai Ctrip Commerce Co., Ltd.	Fan Min Sun Maohua	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015
Beijing Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Sun Maohua	December 14, 2015
Shanghai Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Fan Min Shi Qi	February 26, 2016 February 26, 2016
Shenzhen Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Fan Min Yang Tao	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015
Guangzhou Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Fan Min Yang Tao	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015
Chengdu Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Fan Min Shi Qi	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015
Nantong Tongcheng Information Technology Co., Ltd.	Shi Qi Zhuang Yuxiang	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015
Shanghai Ctrip Intelligent Tourism Commerce Consulting Co., Ltd.	Fan Min Sun Maohua	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015
Nanjing Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Fan Min Yang Tao	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015
Shanghai Kehui Investment Consulting Co., Ltd.	Mi Yong Shen Jie	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015
Chengdu Tufeng International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Yang Tao Wang Xiaofan	January 13, 2014 January 13, 2014
Shanghai Jitu Information Technology Co., Ltd.	Wang Yuchen Shi Qi	December 14, 2015 December 14, 2015

Execution

CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

1.00% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020
1.99% Convertible Senior Notes due 2025

Purchase Agreement

June 18, 2015

J.P. Morgan Securities LLC

c/o J.P. Morgan Securities LLC
383 Madison Avenue
New York, New York 10179

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Ctrip.Com International, Ltd., an exempted company limited by shares under the laws of Cayman Islands (the “**Company**”), proposes to issue and sell to the initial purchasers identified in Schedule 1 (the “**Initial Purchasers**”), (i) US\$700,000,000 principal amount of its 1.00% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020 (the “**2020 Underwritten Securities**”) and, at the option of the Initial Purchaser, up to an additional US\$105,000,000 principal amount of its 1.00% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020 (the “**2020 Option Securities**” and, together with the 2020 Underwritten Securities, the “**2020 Securities**”) to cover over-allotment if and to the extent that J.P. Morgan Securities LLC (the “**Representative**”) shall have determined to exercise the option to purchase such 1.00% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020 granted to the Initial Purchasers in Section 2 hereof; (ii) US\$400,000,000 principal amount of its 1.99% Convertible Senior Notes due 2025 (the “**2025 Underwritten Securities**”) and, at the option of the Representative, up to an additional US\$60,000,000 principal amount of its 1.99% Convertible Senior Notes due 2025 (the “**2025 Option Securities**” and, together with the 2025 Underwritten Securities, the “**2025 Securities**”) to cover over-allotment if and to the extent that the Representative shall have determined to exercise the option to purchase such 1.99% Convertible Senior Notes due 2025 granted to the Initial Purchasers in Section 2 hereof. The 2020 Underwritten Securities and the 2025 Underwritten Securities are collectively referred to as the “**Underwritten Securities**”. The 2020 Option Securities and the 2025 Option Securities are collectively referred to as “**Option Securities**”. The Underwritten Securities and the Option Securities are herein referred to as the “**Securities**. The Securities will be convertible into American Depository Shares (the “**ADSs**”) to be issued pursuant to the Deposit Agreement (as defined below), each of which represents as of the date hereof 0.25 of an ordinary share of the Company, par value US\$0.01 per ordinary share (the “**Ordinary Shares**”).

The ADSs issuable upon conversion of the Securities and the Ordinary Shares represented by such ADSs shall be hereinafter referred to as the “**Underlying Securities**. The ADSs to be issued upon conversion of the Securities will be issued pursuant to the Deposit Agreement, dated as of December 8, 2003, as amended and restated as of August 11, 2006, and as further amended and restated as of December 3, 2007, among the Company, The Bank of New York Mellon, as depositary (the “**Depository**”), and all owners and holders from time to time of the ADSs issued thereunder (the “**Deposit Agreement**”), as supplemented by a restricted issuance agreement to be dated June 24, 2015 between the Company and the Depository (the “**Restricted Issuance Agreement**”).

The Securities will be issued pursuant to Indentures to be dated as of June 24, 2015 (the “**Indentures**”) between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon, as trustee (the “**Trustee**”). Each of the Ordinary Shares represented by the ADSs issuable upon conversion of the Securities will have attached thereto one right (the “**Right**”) (as such number may be adjusted pursuant to the Rights Agreement) to purchase one Ordinary Share. The Rights are to be issued pursuant to a Rights Agreement (the “**Rights Agreement**”) dated as of November 23, 2007 between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon.

In connection with the offering of the 2020 Underwritten Securities, the Company and (i) JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association, London Branch, (ii) Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc and (iii) Citigroup Global Markets Limited (the “**Call Spread Counterparties**”) are entering into convertible note hedge transactions and warrant transactions pursuant to convertible note hedge confirmations (the “**Bond Hedge Confirmations**”) and warrant confirmations (the “**Warrant Confirmations**”), each dated on or around the date hereof (the Bond Hedge Confirmations and the Warrant Confirmations, collectively, the “**Base Call Spread Confirmations**”), and in connection with the issuance of any Option Securities, the Company and the Call Spread Counterparties may enter into additional convertible hedge transactions and additional warrant transactions pursuant to additional convertible note hedge confirmations (“**Additional Bond Hedge Confirmations**”) and additional warrant confirmations (“**Additional Warrant Confirmations**”), each to be dated on or around the date on which the Representative exercises the right to purchase such Option Securities (the Additional Bond Hedge Confirmations and the Additional Warrant Confirmations, collectively, the “**Additional Call Spread Confirmations**” and together with the Base Call Spread Confirmations, the “**Call Spread Confirmations**”).

To the extent there are no additional parties listed on Schedule 1 other than the Representative, the term Representative as used herein shall mean you as the Initial Purchaser, and the term Initial Purchasers shall mean either the singular or plural as the context requires.

The Company hereby confirms its agreement with the Initial Purchasers concerning the purchase and sale of the Securities, as follows:

1. The Securities will be sold to the Initial Purchasers without being registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “**Securities Act**”), in reliance upon exemptions from the registration requirements thereof. The Company has prepared a preliminary offering memorandum dated June 17, 2015 (the “**Preliminary Offering Memorandum**”) and will prepare an offering memorandum dated the date hereof (the “**Offering Memorandum**”) setting forth information concerning the Company and the Securities. Copies of the Preliminary Offering Memorandum have been, and copies of the Offering Memorandum will be, delivered by the Company to the Initial Purchasers pursuant to the terms of this Agreement. The Company hereby confirms that it has authorized the use of the Preliminary Offering Memorandum, the other Time of Sale Information (as defined below) and the Offering Memorandum in connection with the offering and resale of the Securities by the Initial Purchaser in the manner contemplated by this Agreement. References herein to the Preliminary Offering Memorandum, the other Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum shall be deemed to refer to and include any document incorporated by reference therein.

At or prior to the time when sales of the Securities were first made (the “**Time of Sale**”), the Company had prepared the following information (collectively, the “**Time of Sale Information**”): the Preliminary Offering Memorandum, as supplemented and amended by the written communications listed on Annex B hereto.

2. **Purchase and Resale of the Securities by the Initial Purchasers.** (a) The Company agrees to issue and sell the Underwritten Securities to the Representative Initial Purchasers as provided in this Agreement, and the Initial Purchasers, on the basis of the representations, warranties and agreements set forth herein and subject to the conditions set forth herein, agrees to purchase from the Company the respective principal amount of Underwritten Securities at a price equal to, in the case of the 2020 Underwritten Securities, 100% of the principal amount thereof, less a selling concession of 1.75% of their principal amount (the “**2020 Underwritten Securities Purchase Price**”) plus accrued interest, if any, from June 24, 2015 to the Closing Date (as defined below) and, in the case of the 2025 Underwritten Securities, 100% of the principal amount thereof, less a selling concession of 1.75% of their principal amount (the “**2025 Underwritten Securities Purchase Price**”), together with the 2020 Underwritten Securities Purchase Price, the “**Underwritten Securities Purchase Price**”) plus accrued interest, if any, from June 24, 2015 to the Closing Date; provided that the amount of the selling concession to be deducted from the Underwritten Securities Purchase Price pursuant to this Section 2(a) shall include an amount of US\$500,000 to be paid to Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc as a fee for serving as a co-manager of the offering of the Securities (the “**Co-Manager Fee**”), and after paying the selling concession as specified in this Section 2(a), the Company shall have no obligation to pay the Co-Manager Fee separately.

In addition, the Company agrees to issue and sell the Option Securities to the Representative (for its account only), and the Representative on the basis of the representations, warranties and agreements set forth herein and subject to the conditions set forth herein, shall have the option to purchase from the Company the Option Securities at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, less a selling concession of 1.50% of their principal amount plus accrued interest, if any, from the Closing Date to the date of payment and delivery.

The Representative may exercise the option to purchase the Option Securities at any time in whole, or from time to time in part, on or before the thirtieth day following the date of this Agreement, by written notice to the Company. Such notice shall set forth the aggregate amount of Option Securities as to which the option is being exercised and the date and time when the Option Securities are to be delivered and paid for which may be the same date and time as the Closing Date (as hereinafter defined) but shall not be earlier than the Closing Date nor later than the tenth full business day (as hereinafter defined) after the date of such notice (unless such time and date are postponed in accordance with the provisions of Section 10 hereof). Any such notice shall be given at least two business days prior to the date and time of delivery specified therein.

(b) The Company understands that the Initial Purchasers intend to offer the Securities for resale on the terms set forth in the Time of Sale Information. Each Initial Purchaser represents, warrants and agrees that:

- (i) it has not solicited offers for, or offered or sold, and will not solicit offers for, or offer or sell, the Securities in any manner involving a public offering within the meaning of Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act;
- (ii) it has not sold the Securities as part of its initial offering within the United States except to persons whom it reasonably believes to be qualified institutional buyers (“**QIBs**”) within the meaning of Rule 144A under the Securities Act (“**Rule 144A**”) in transactions pursuant to Rule 144A and in connection with each such sale, it has taken or will take reasonable steps to ensure that the purchaser of the Securities is aware that such sale is being made in reliance on Rule 144A; and

(iii) it has not solicited offers for, or offered or sold, and will not solicit offers for, or offer or sell, the Securities as part of its initial offering outside the United States except in accordance with the restrictions set forth in Annex D hereto.

(c) Each Initial Purchaser acknowledges and agrees that the Company and, for purposes of the opinions to be delivered to the Initial Purchasers pursuant to Section 6, counsel for the Company and counsel for the Initial Purchasers may rely upon the accuracy of the representations and warranties of the Initial Purchasers, and compliance by each Initial Purchaser with its agreements, contained in paragraph (b) above (including Annex D hereto), and each Initial Purchaser hereby consents to such reliance.

(d) The Company acknowledges and agrees that each Initial Purchaser may offer and sell Securities to or through any affiliate of an Initial Purchaser.

(e) Payment for the Securities shall be made by wire transfer in immediately available funds to the account specified by the Company to the Initial Purchaser in the case of the Underwritten Securities, at the Hong Kong offices of Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP at 10:00 A.M. New York City time on June 24, 2015, or at such other time or place on the same or such other date, not later than the fifth business day thereafter, as the Initial Purchaser and the Company may agree upon in writing or, in the case of the Option Securities, on the date and at the time and place specified by the Initial Purchaser in the written notice of its election to purchase such Option Securities. The time and date of such payment for the Underwritten Securities is referred to herein as the "**Closing Date**" and the time and date for such payment for the Option Securities, if other than the Closing Date, is herein referred to as the "**Additional Closing Date**".

Payment for the Securities to be purchased on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, shall be made against delivery to the nominee of DTC, for the account of the Initial Purchaser of the Securities to be purchased on such date of one or more global notes representing the Securities, with any transfer taxes payable in connection with the sale of such Securities, if applicable, duly paid by the Company.

(f) The Company acknowledges and agrees that each Initial Purchaser is acting solely in the capacity of an arm's length contractual counterparty to the Company with respect to the offering of Securities contemplated hereby (including in connection with determining the terms of the offering) and not as a financial advisor or a fiduciary to, or an agent of, the Company or any other person. Additionally, neither Initial Purchaser is advising the Company or any other person as to any legal, tax, investment, accounting or regulatory matters in any jurisdiction. The Company shall consult with its own advisors concerning such matters and shall be responsible for making its own independent investigation and appraisal of the transactions contemplated hereby, and the Initial Purchasers shall have no responsibility or liability to the Company with respect thereto. Any review by the Initial Purchasers of the Company, the transactions contemplated hereby or other matters relating to such transactions will be performed solely for the benefit of the Initial Purchasers and shall not be on behalf of the Company.

3. Representations and Warranties of the Company. The Company represents and warrants to the Initial Purchasers that:

(a) *Preliminary Offering Memorandum.* The Preliminary Offering Memorandum, as of its date, did not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided that the Company makes no representation and

warranty with respect to any statements or omissions made in reliance upon and in conformity with information relating to each Initial Purchaser furnished to the Company in writing by such Initial Purchaser expressly for use in any Preliminary Offering Memorandum, it being understood and agreed that the only such information furnished by each Initial Purchaser consists of the information described as such in Section 7(b) hereof.

(b) *Time of Sale Information.* The Time of Sale Information, at the Time of Sale, did not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided that the Company makes no representation and warranty with respect to any statements or omissions made in reliance upon and in conformity with information relating to the Initial Purchasers furnished to the Company in writing by the Initial Purchasers expressly for use in such Time of Sale Information, it being understood and agreed that the only such information furnished by the Initial Purchasers consists of the information described as such in Section 7(b) hereof. No statement of material fact included in the Offering Memorandum has been omitted from the Time of Sale Information and no statement of material fact included in the Time of Sale Information that is required to be included in the Offering Memorandum has been omitted therefrom.

(c) *Additional Written Communications; Permitted General Solicitations.* Other than the Preliminary Offering Memorandum and the Offering Memorandum, the Company (including its agents and representatives, other than each Initial Purchaser in its capacity as such) has not made, used, prepared, authorized, approved or referred to and will not prepare, make, use, authorize, approve or refer to (x) any “written communication” (as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act) that constitutes an offer to sell or solicitation of an offer to buy the Securities (each such communication by the Company or its agents and representatives (other than a communication referred to in clauses (i), (ii) and (iii) below) an “**Issuer Written Communication**”) other than (i) the Preliminary Offering Memorandum, (ii) the Offering Memorandum, (iii) the documents listed on Annex B hereto, including a term sheet substantially in the form of Annex C hereto, which constitute part of the Time of Sale Information, and (iv) each electronic road show and any other written communications other than any Permitted General Solicitation (as defined below) approved in writing in advance by each Initial Purchaser or (y) any general solicitation other than any such solicitation (i) listed on Annex B hereto or (ii) in accordance with Section 4(o) hereof (each such solicitation referred to in clauses (i) and (ii) a “**Permitted General Solicitation**”). Each such Issuer Written Communication or Permitted General Solicitation, when taken together with the Time of Sale Information, did not, and does not, and each such Issuer Written Communication as then amended and supplemented by a further Issuer Written Communication (if applicable), when taken together with the Time of Sale Information, at the Closing Date and as of the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, will not, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided that the Company makes no representation and warranty with respect to any statements or omissions made in each such Issuer Written Communication in reliance upon and in conformity with information relating to the Initial Purchasers furnished to the Company in writing by the Initial Purchasers expressly for use in such Issuer Written Communication, it being understood and agreed that the only such information furnished by the Initial Purchasers consists of the information described as such in Section 7(b) hereof. Furthermore, each such Issuer Written Communication, as of its issue date and as of the Time of Sale, and each such Issuer Written Communication as then amended and supplemented by a further Issuer Written Communication (if applicable), at the Closing Date and as of the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, did not, does not and will not include any

information that conflicted, conflicts or will conflict with the information contained in the Time of Sale Information or the Offering Memorandum, including any document incorporated by reference therein.

(d) *Offering Memorandum.* As of the date of the Offering Memorandum and as of the Closing Date and as of the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, the Offering Memorandum does not and will not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; *provided* that the Company makes no representation and warranty with respect to any statements or omissions made in reliance upon and in conformity with information relating to the Initial Purchasers furnished to the Company in writing by the Initial Purchasers expressly for use in the Offering Memorandum, it being understood and agreed that the only such information furnished by the Initial Purchasers consists of the information described as such in Section 7(b) hereof.

(e) *Incorporated Documents.* The documents incorporated by reference in the Offering Memorandum or the Time of Sale Information, when filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “**Commission**”), conformed or will conform, as the case may be, in all material respects to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder (collectively, the “**Exchange Act**”) and such documents did not or will not, as the case may be, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

(f) *Financial Statements.* The financial statements and the related notes thereto of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries and affiliated entities included or incorporated by reference in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum present fairly the financial position of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries and affiliated entities as of the dates indicated and the results of their operations and the changes in their cash flows for the periods specified; such financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“**U.S. GAAP**”) applied on a consistent basis throughout the periods covered thereby; and the other financial information included or incorporated by reference in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum has been derived from the accounting records of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries and affiliated entities and presents fairly the information shown thereby.

(g) *No Material Adverse Change.* Since the date of the most recent financial statements of the Company included or incorporated by reference in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum, (i) there has not been any change in the share capital or long-term debt of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries (as defined below), or any dividend or distribution of any kind declared, set aside for payment, paid or made by the Company on any class of capital stock, or any material adverse change, or any development involving a prospective material adverse change, in or affecting the business, properties, management, financial position, shareholders’ equity, results of operations or prospects of the Company and its Subsidiaries taken as a whole; (ii) neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries has entered into any transaction or agreement that is material to the Company and its Subsidiaries taken as a whole or incurred any liability or obligation, direct or contingent, that is material to the Company and its Subsidiaries taken as a whole; and (iii) neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries has sustained any material loss or interference with its business from fire, explosion, flood or other calamity, whether or not covered by insurance, or from any labor disturbance or dispute or any action, order or decree of any court or arbitrator or governmental or regulatory authority or

body of any stock exchange authorities (each, a “**Governmental Agency**”), except in each case as otherwise disclosed in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum.

(h) *Organization and Good Standing.* The Company, each of its subsidiaries as listed in Schedule 1 hereto (each, a “**Covered Subsidiary**”) and each of its affiliated entities as listed in Schedule 1 hereto (each, a “**Covered VIE**” and all the Covered Subsidiaries and Covered VIEs being referred to collectively as the “**Subsidiaries**”) have been duly organized and are validly existing and in good standing under the laws of their respective jurisdictions of organization, are duly qualified to conduct their respective businesses as described in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum and are in good standing in each jurisdiction in which their respective ownership or lease of property or the conduct of their respective businesses requires such qualification, and have all power and authority necessary to own or hold their respective properties and to conduct the businesses as described in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum, except where the failure to be so qualified or in good standing or to have such power or authority would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect on the business, properties, management, financial position, shareholders’ equity, results of operations or prospects of the Company and its Subsidiaries taken as a whole or on the performance by the Company of its obligations under the Transaction Documents (as defined below) (a “**Material Adverse Effect**”). The Subsidiaries are the only “**significant subsidiaries**” (as defined in Rule 1-02 of Regulation S-X under the Exchange Act) of the Company and no other subsidiary or affiliated entity of the Company, when considered individually or in the aggregate, would constitute a “significant subsidiary” of the Company.

(i) *VIEs.* All of the issued and outstanding share capital or equity interest of each of the Covered VIEs have been duly authorized and validly issued, and are owned directly by directors, senior officers or family members of senior officers of the Company, as the case may be, as set forth in and in the amounts listed in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 20-F for the financial year ended December 31, 2014 (the “**Annual Report**”) as updated by the Time of Sale Information, free and clear of any security interest, mortgage, pledge, lien encumbrance, claim and equity other than as set forth in the Annual Report and the Time of Sale Information. Each shareholder of the Covered VIEs is a citizen of the People’s Republic of China, excluding Taiwan, Hong Kong SAR and Macau SAR.

(j) *Contractual Arrangement.* The description of the corporate structure of the Company and the various contracts between the Company and the Subsidiaries or shareholders of the Covered VIEs, or among the Subsidiaries, as the case may be (each a “**Corporate Structure Contract**” and collectively the “**Corporate Structure Contracts**”), incorporated by reference in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum and as set forth in the Annual Report, as updated by the Time of Sale Information, is true and accurate in all material respects and nothing has been omitted from such description which would make it misleading in any material respect. There is no other agreement, contract or document relating to the corporate structure or the operation of the Company and the Subsidiaries, to the extent material to the Company, not disclosed in the Annual Report, as updated by the Time of Sale Information. Each Corporate Structure Contract is in full force and effect and none of the parties thereto is in breach or default in the performance of any of the terms or provisions of such Corporate Structure Contract. None of the parties to any of the Corporate Structure Contracts has sent or received any communication regarding termination of, or intention not to renew, any of the Corporate Structure Contracts, and no such termination or non-renewal has been threatened or is being contemplated by any of the parties thereto.

(k) *Control.* The Company possesses, directly or indirectly, the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of the Covered VIEs, through, among other things, its rights to direct their shareholders as to the exercise of their voting rights. The Company is not aware of any development (including, without limitation, developments with respect to the contractual arrangements involving the Covered VIEs and accounting policies and operations of the Covered VIEs) that could reasonably cause the Company to be unable to consolidate the operating and financial results of any of the Covered VIEs.

(l) *Material Contracts.* Neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries has sent or received any written communication regarding termination of, or intent not to renew, any of the material contracts or agreements specifically referred to or described in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum, or specifically referred to or described in, or filed as an exhibit to, the Annual Report, and no such termination or non-renewal has been threatened by the Company, any of its Subsidiaries or, to the Company's knowledge after due inquiry, any other party to any such contract or agreement.

(m) *Capitalization.* The Company has an authorized capitalization as set forth in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum under the heading "Capitalization;" all the outstanding share capital of the Company and each Subsidiary have been duly and validly authorized and issued and are fully paid and non-assessable and are not subject to any preemptive or similar rights; except as described in or expressly contemplated by the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum, there are no outstanding rights (including, without limitation, pre-emptive rights), warrants or options to acquire, or instruments convertible into or exchangeable for, any Ordinary Shares, ADSs or any other class of share capital of the Company or any contract, commitment, agreement, understanding or arrangement of any kind relating to the issuance of any share capital of the Company, any such convertible or exchangeable securities or any such rights, warrants or options; the share capital of the Company conforms in all material respects to the description thereof contained in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum; and all the outstanding share capital or other equity interests of each Subsidiary owned, directly or indirectly, by the Company have been duly and validly authorized and issued, are fully paid and non-assessable and are owned directly or indirectly by the Company, free and clear of any lien, charge, encumbrance, security interest, restriction on voting or transfer or any other claim of any third party.

(n) *Share Options.* With respect to the options (the "**Share Options**") granted pursuant to the share incentive plans of the Company and its subsidiaries, (i) each grant of a Share Option was duly authorized no later than the date on which the grant of such Share Option was by its terms to be effective by all necessary corporate action, including, as applicable, approval by the board of directors of the Company (or a duly constituted and authorized committee thereof) and any required shareholder approval by the necessary number of votes or written consents, and the award agreement governing such grant (if any) was duly executed and delivered by each party thereto, and (ii) each such grant was properly accounted for in accordance with U.S. GAAP in the financial statements (including the related notes) of the Company and disclosed in the Company's filings with the Commission in accordance with the Exchange Act and all other applicable laws. The Company has not knowingly granted, and there is no and has been no policy or practice of the Company of granting, Share Options prior to, or otherwise coordinate the grant of Share Options with, the release or other public announcement of material information regarding the Company or its subsidiaries or their results of operations or prospects.

(o) *Due Authorization.* The Company has full right, power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement, the Indentures, the Securities and the Call Spread Confirmations

(collectively, the “**Transaction Documents**”) and to perform its obligations hereunder and thereunder; and all action required to be taken for the due and proper authorization, execution and delivery by it of each of the Transaction Documents and the consummation by it of the transactions contemplated thereby has been duly and validly taken.

(p) *The Indentures.* The Indentures have been duly authorized by the Company and, when duly executed and delivered in accordance with its terms by each of the parties thereto, will constitute a valid and legally binding agreement of the Company enforceable against the Company in accordance with its terms, except as enforceability may be limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency or similar laws affecting creditors’ rights generally or by equitable principles relating to enforceability (collectively, the “**Enforceability Exceptions**”).

(q) *Purchase Agreement.* This Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Company and, when duly executed and delivered in accordance with its terms by each of the parties hereto, will constitute a valid and legally binding agreement of the Company enforceable against the Company in accordance with its terms, subject to the Enforceability Exceptions, and except that rights to indemnity and contribution thereunder may be limited by applicable law and public policy.

(r) *The Securities.* The Securities to be issued and sold by the Company hereunder have been duly authorized by the Company and, when duly executed, authenticated, issued and delivered as provided in the Indentures and paid for as provided herein, will be duly and validly issued and outstanding and will constitute valid and legally binding obligations of the Company enforceable against the Company in accordance with their terms, subject to the Enforceability Exceptions, and will be entitled to the benefits of the Indentures.

(s) *The Call Spread Confirmations.* Each of the Base Call Spread Confirmations and performance thereof has been, and, if applicable, the Additional Call Spread Confirmations at the time of delivery of the Option Securities and performance thereof will have been, duly authorized, and each Call Spread Confirmation has been or will have been, as the case may be, executed and delivered by the Company and, assuming due execution and delivery thereof by the Call Spread Counterparties, constitutes, or will constitute, as the case may be, a valid and legally binding agreement of the Company enforceable against the Company in accordance with its terms, subject to the Enforceability Exceptions.

(t) *Maximum Number of Shares.* (i) The aggregate number of Ordinary Shares underlying a number of Shares (as defined in the Warrant Confirmations) equal to the Maximum Number of Shares (as defined in the Warrant Confirmations) for the warrant transaction evidenced by the Warrant Confirmations have been, and (ii) if the Representative elects to purchase any Option Securities and the Call Spread Counterparties and Company enter into Additional Warrant Confirmations in connection therewith, the aggregate number of Ordinary Shares underlying a number of Shares equal to two times the number of Shares (as defined in the Additional Warrant Confirmations) underlying such Option Securities at the time of delivery of such Option Securities will have been, in each case, duly reserved and authorized for issuance upon exercise of the warrant transactions evidenced by the Warrant Confirmations or Additional Warrant Confirmations, as the case may be. Any Ordinary Shares issued and delivered following exercise of the warrant transactions evidenced by the Warrant Confirmations or, if applicable, the Additional Warrant Confirmations, in each case, pursuant to the terms of such transactions, will be validly issued, fully-paid and non-assessable and the issuance of such Ordinary Shares will not be subject to any preemptive or similar rights under the Company’s Memorandum and Articles of Association or under Cayman Islands law.

(u) *The Deposit Agreement and the Restricted Issuance Agreement.* The Deposit Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Company and, assuming due authorization, execution and delivery by the Depositary, constitutes a valid and legally binding agreement of the Company, enforceable in accordance with its terms, subject to the Enforceability Exceptions. The Restricted Issuance Agreement has been duly authorized by the Company, and, when duly executed and delivered in accordance with its terms by each of the parties thereto, will constitute a valid and legally binding agreement of the Company, enforceable in accordance with its terms, subject to the Enforceability Exceptions. Upon issuance by the Depositary of ADSs and the deposit of the Ordinary Shares to be issued upon conversion of the Securities or upon exercise, termination or settlement of the warrant transactions evidenced by the Warrant Confirmations and, if applicable, the Additional Warrant Confirmations, in respect thereof in accordance with the provisions of the Deposit Agreement and the Restricted Issuance Agreement, such ADSs will be duly and validly issued and the persons in whose names the ADSs are registered will be entitled to the rights and subject to the restrictions specified therein and in the Deposit Agreement and the Restricted Issuance Agreement; and the descriptions of the Deposit Agreement, the Restricted Issuance Agreement and the ADSs contained in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum conform in all material respects to the Deposit Agreement and the Restricted Issuance Agreement.

(v) *The Underlying Securities.* Upon issuance and delivery of the Securities in accordance with this Agreement and the Indentures, the Securities will be convertible at the option of the holder thereof into ADSs representing Ordinary Shares in accordance with the terms of the Securities; the Ordinary Shares underlying the ADSs to be issued upon conversion of the Securities may be freely deposited by the Company with the Depositary against issuance of ADSs; the maximum number of Ordinary Shares for issuance upon conversion of the Securities, including in connection with a make-whole fundamental change, have been duly reserved and authorized and when issued upon conversion of the Securities in accordance with the terms of the Securities, will be validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable, and the issuance of the Ordinary Shares will not be subject to any preemptive or similar rights; the Rights Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Company and constitutes a valid and legally binding agreement of the Company enforceable against the Company in accordance with its terms, subject to the Enforceability Exceptions; and the Rights have been duly authorized by the Company and, when issued upon issuance of the Underlying Securities, will be validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable.

(w) *Descriptions of the Transaction Documents.* The description of each Transaction Document in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum conforms in all material respects to the relevant Transaction Document.

(x) *Accurate Disclosure.* The statements in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum under the captions “Description of the notes,” “Description of convertible note hedge and warrant transactions,” “Taxation,” “Description of share capital,” “Description of American depositary shares,” “Enforceability of civil liabilities,” “Summary” and “Risk factors,” insofar as such statements summarize legal matters, agreements, documents or proceedings discussed therein, are true and accurate summaries of such matters described therein in all material respects. The statements set forth in the Annual Report under the captions “Item 4. Information on the Company — B. Business Overview — PRC Government Regulations,” “Item 5. Operating and Financial Review and Prospects — B. Liquidity and Capital Resources,” “Item 6. Directors, Senior Management and Employees — B. Compensation,” “Item 6. Directors, Senior Management and Employees — C. Board Practices,” “Item 8. Financial Information — Legal Proceedings,” “Item 10. Additional Information — B. Memorandum and Articles of

Association” and “Item 10. Additional Information — E. Taxation,” insofar as such statements summarize legal matters, agreements, documents or proceedings discussed therein, are true and accurate summaries of such matters described therein in all material respects.

(y) *Enforceability in the Cayman Islands.* Each of the Transaction Documents is in proper form to be enforceable against the Company in the Cayman Islands in accordance with its terms; to ensure the legality, validity, enforceability or admissibility into evidence in the Cayman Islands of any Transaction Document, it is not necessary that such Transaction Document be filed or recorded with any court or other authority in the Cayman Islands.

(z) *Dividends.* (i) All dividends and other distributions declared and payable on the ADSs and the Ordinary Shares underlying the ADSs to be issued upon conversion of the Securities, may under the current laws and regulations of the Cayman Islands be paid to the Depository in United States dollars and may be freely transferred out of the Cayman Islands, and all such dividends and other distributions made to non-residents of the Cayman Islands will not be subject to withholding or other taxes under the laws and regulations of the Cayman Islands and are otherwise free and clear of any other tax, withholding or deduction in the Cayman Islands and without the necessity of obtaining any consents, approvals, authorizations, orders, registrations, clearances or qualifications of or with any court or Governmental Agency (hereinafter referred to as “**Governmental Authorizations**”) in the Cayman Islands;

(ii) Except as described in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum, all dividends and other distributions declared and payable on the share capital of any of the Subsidiaries in the PRC, Hong Kong, British Virgin Islands or Taiwan, may under the current laws and regulations of the jurisdiction in which such Subsidiary is incorporated (the “**Home Jurisdiction**”) be freely transferred out of such jurisdiction and may be paid in United States dollars, and all such dividends and other distributions will not be subject to withholding or other taxes under the laws and regulations of such Subsidiary’s Home Jurisdiction and are otherwise free and clear of any other tax, withholding or deduction in such Home Jurisdiction, and without the necessity of obtaining any Governmental Authorization in such Home Jurisdiction.

(aa) *No Violation or Default.* Neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries is (i) in violation of its constitutive or organizational documents; (ii) in default, and no event has occurred that, with notice or lapse of time or both, would constitute such a default, in the due performance or observance of any term, covenant or condition contained in any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement or other agreement or instrument to which the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is a party or by which the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is bound or to which any of the property or assets of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is subject; (iii) in violation of any law or statute or any judgment, order, rule, regulation, decree, guideline or notice of any court or arbitrator or Governmental Agency in the PRC, Hong Kong, British Virgin Islands, Taiwan or the Cayman Islands or any other jurisdiction where the Company or such Subsidiary was incorporated or operates, or (iv) in breach of or in default under any approval, consent, waiver, authorization, exemption, permission, endorsement or license granted by any court or Governmental Agency in the PRC, Hong Kong, British Virgin Islands, Taiwan or the Cayman Islands or any other jurisdiction where the Company or such Subsidiary was incorporated or operates, except, in the case of clauses (ii), (iii) and (iv) above, for any such breach, default or violation that would not, individually or in the aggregate, result in a Material Adverse Effect.

(bb) *No Conflicts.* The execution, delivery and performance by the Company of each of the Transaction Documents, the issuance and sale of the Securities, the issuance of the ADSs

and Ordinary Shares underlying the ADSs upon conversion of the Securities, the deposit of the Ordinary Shares with the Depositary against issuance of the ADSs, the delivery of such ADSs, the compliance by the Company with all of the provisions of the Transaction Documents and the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Documents will not (i) conflict with or result in a breach or violation of any of the terms or provisions of, or constitute a default under, or result in the creation or imposition of any lien, charge or encumbrance upon any property or assets of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries pursuant to, any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement or other agreement or instrument to which the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is a party or by which the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is bound or to which any of the property or assets of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is subject, (ii) result in any violation of the provisions of the constitutive or organizational documents of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or (iii) result in the violation of any law or statute or any judgment, order, rule or regulation of any court or arbitrator or Governmental Agency having jurisdiction over the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or any of their properties or assets.

(cc) *No Consents Required.* No consent, approval, authorization, order, registration or qualification of or with any court or arbitrator or Governmental Agency having jurisdiction over the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or any of their properties or assets is required for the execution, delivery and performance by the Company of each of the Transaction Documents, the issuance and sale of the Securities, the issuance of the ADSs and Ordinary Shares underlying the ADSs upon conversion of the Securities, the deposit of the Ordinary Shares with the Depositary against issuance of the ADSs, the delivery of such ADSs, the compliance by the Company with all of the provisions of the Transaction Documents, the Deposit Agreement, the Restricted Issuance Agreement and the Rights Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Documents, the Deposit Agreement, the Restricted Issuance Agreement and the Rights Agreement or the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum, except for such consents, approvals, authorizations, orders and registrations or qualifications as may be required under applicable state securities laws in connection with the purchase and resale of the Securities by each Initial Purchaser.

(dd) *Legal Proceedings.* Except as described in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum, there are no legal, governmental or regulatory investigations, actions, suits or proceedings pending to which the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is a party or to which any property of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is the subject that, individually or in the aggregate, if determined adversely to the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect; and, to the knowledge of the Company, no such investigations, actions, suits or proceedings are threatened or contemplated by any Governmental Agency or others.

(ee) *Independent Accountants.* PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian LLP (“PWC”), who have certified the financial statements incorporated by reference in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum, are an independent registered public accounting firm with respect to the Company as required by the Securities Act and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder and are independent in accordance with the requirements of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States).

(ff) *Title to Property.* The Company and its Subsidiaries have good and marketable title, or have valid rights to lease or otherwise use, all items of real and other property and assets that are material to the respective businesses of the Company and its Subsidiaries, in each case free and clear of all liens, encumbrances, claims and defects except as described in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum or those that (i) do not materially interfere with

the use made and proposed to be made of such property by the Company and its Subsidiaries or (ii) could not reasonably be expected, individually or in the aggregate, to have a Material Adverse Effect; and any real property and buildings held under lease by each of the Company and its Subsidiaries are held by them under valid, subsisting and enforceable leases with such exceptions as are not material and do not interfere with the use made and proposed to be made of such property and buildings by the Company and its Subsidiaries.

(gg) *Title to Intellectual Property.* (i) the Company and its Subsidiaries, as applicable, owns, possesses, licenses or has other rights to use all patents and patent applications, copyrights, trademarks, service marks, trade names (including the “Ctrip” and “Ctrip.com” names and logo), Internet domain names, technology, and/or know-how (including trade secrets and other unpatented and/or unpatentable proprietary rights) (collectively, “**Intellectual Property**”) that are necessary or used in any material respect to conduct their business in the manner in which it is being conducted as set forth in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum; (ii) neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries has received any notice or is otherwise aware of any infringement, violation or conflict (if the subject of an unfavorable decision, ruling or finding) would result in a Material Adverse Effect or of any facts or circumstances which would render any Intellectual Property invalid or inadequate to protect the interest of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries therein.

(hh) *No Undisclosed Relationships.* No material relationship exists between the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, on the one hand, and the directors, officers, shareholders, customers or suppliers of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, on the other, that is required by the Exchange Act to be described in an annual report and that is not so described in the Annual Report or the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum.

(ii) *Investment Company Act.* The Company is not and, after giving effect to the offering and sale of the Securities and the application of the proceeds thereof and the transactions contemplated by the Call Spread Confirmations as described in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum, will not be required to register as an “investment company” within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder (collectively, the “**Investment Company Act**”).

(jj) *Taxes.* All tax returns required to be filed by the Company and each Subsidiary have been filed, and all taxes and other assessments of a similar nature (whether imposed directly or through withholding) including any interest, additions to tax or penalties applicable thereto due from such entities have been paid, other than those being contested in good faith and for which adequate reserves have been provided.

(kk) *PFIC Status.* The Company was not a “Passive Foreign Investment Company” (“**PFIC**”) within the meaning of Section 1297(a) of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended for the taxable year ended December 31, 2014 and, based on the Company’s current projected income, assets and activities, the Company does not expect to be classified as a PFIC for the current taxable year ending December 31, 2015. The Company has no plan or intention to conduct its business in a manner that would be reasonably expected to result in the Company becoming a PFIC in the future under current laws and regulations.

(ll) *No Stamp or Transaction Taxes.* Except as disclosed in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum, no stamp or other issuance, transfer or withholding taxes or duties are payable by or on behalf of each Initial Purchaser to the government of the PRC, the Cayman Islands, Hong Kong, British Virgin Islands, Taiwan or any political subdivision or

taxing authority thereof or therein in connection with (i) the issuance of the Securities, (ii) the sale and delivery by the Company of the Securities to or for the account of each Initial Purchaser, (iii) the initial sale and delivery by each Initial Purchaser of the Securities to purchasers thereof, (iv) the issuance and delivery of the Ordinary Shares upon conversion of the Securities and the ADSs representing such Ordinary Shares, (v) the deposit of the Ordinary Shares with the Depositary against issuance of the ADSs, or (vi) the execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement and other Transaction Documents.

(mm) *Licenses and Permits.* The Company and its Subsidiaries possess all licenses, certificates, permits, consents, approvals and other authorizations issued by, and have made all declarations and filings with, all appropriate governmental or regulatory authorities that are necessary for the ownership or lease of their respective properties or the conduct of their respective businesses as described in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum, except where the failure to possess or make the same would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect; and except as described in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum, neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries has received notice of any revocation or modification of any such license, certificate, permit, consent, approval or authorization or has any reasonable basis to believe that any such license, certificate, permit, consent, approval or authorization will not be renewed when expired in the ordinary course.

(nn) *No Labor Disputes.* No labor disturbance by, or dispute with, employees of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries exists or, to the knowledge of the Company, is imminent, and the Company is not aware of any existing or imminent labor disturbance by the employees of any of its principal suppliers, except as would not have a Material Adverse Effect.

(oo) *Compliance with Environmental Laws.* The Company and its Subsidiaries (i) are in compliance with any and all applicable foreign, federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to the protection of human health and safety, the environment or hazardous or toxic substances or wastes, pollutants or contaminants (“**Environmental Laws**”), (ii) have received all permits, licenses or other approvals required of them under applicable Environmental Laws to conduct their respective businesses and (iii) are in compliance with all terms and conditions of any such permit, license or approval, except where such noncompliance with Environmental Laws, failure to receive required permits, licenses or other approvals or failure to comply with the terms and conditions of such permits, licenses or approvals would not, singly or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect. There are no costs or liabilities associated with Environmental Laws (including, without limitation, any capital or operating expenditures required for clean-up, closure of properties or compliance with Environmental Laws or any permit, license or approval, any related constraints on operating activities and any potential liabilities to third parties) which would, singly or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect.

(pp) *Disclosure Controls.* The Company maintains an effective system of “disclosure controls and procedures” (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Exchange Act) that complies with the requirements of the Exchange Act and is designed to ensure that material information relating to the Company and its Subsidiaries is made known to the Company’s management as appropriate. The Company has carried out evaluations of the effectiveness of its disclosure controls and procedures as required by Rule 13a-15 of the Exchange Act.

(qq) *Accounting Controls.* The Company maintains systems of “internal control over financial reporting” (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Exchange Act) that comply with the requirements of the Exchange Act and have been designed by, or under the supervision of, the

principal executive and principal financial officer, or persons performing similar functions, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, including, but not limited to internal accounting controls sufficient to provide reasonable assurance that (i) transactions are executed in accordance with management's general or specific authorizations; (ii) transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and to maintain asset accountability; (iii) access to assets is permitted only in accordance with management's general or specific authorization; and (iv) the recorded accountability for assets is compared with the existing assets at reasonable intervals and appropriate action is taken with respect to any differences. There are no material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in the Company's internal controls. The Company's auditors and the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company have not been advised of any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting. Since the date of the latest audited financial statements included or incorporated by reference in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum, there has been no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

(rr) *eXtensible Business Reporting Language*. The interactive data in eXtensible Business Reporting Language incorporated by reference in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum fairly presents the information called for in all material respects and has been prepared in accordance with the Commission's rules and guidelines applicable thereto.

(ss) *Critical Accounting Policies*. The section entitled "Operating and Financial Review and Prospects" in the Company's Annual Report, as updated by the Time of Sale Information, accurately and fully describes (i) accounting policies that the Company believes are the most important in the portrayal of the Company's financial condition and results of operations and that require management's most difficult, subjective or complex judgments ("critical accounting policies"); (ii) judgments and uncertainties affecting the application of critical accounting policies; and (iii) the likelihood that materially different amounts would be reported under different conditions or using different assumptions and an explanation thereof; the Company's management has reviewed and agreed with the selection, application and disclosure of critical accounting policies and have consulted with its legal advisers and independent accountants with regard to such disclosure in the Company's Annual Report, as updated by the Time of Sale Information.

(tt) *Liquidity and Off-balance Sheet Transactions*. The section entitled "Operating and Financial Review and Prospects — Liquidity and Capital Resources" in the Company's Annual Report, as updated by the Time of Sale Information, accurately and fully describes (i) all material trends, demands, commitments, events, uncertainties and risks, and the potential effects thereof, that the Company believes would materially affect liquidity and are reasonably likely to occur, and (ii) neither the Company nor any Subsidiary is engaged in any transactions with, or have any obligations to, its unconsolidated entities (if any) that are contractually limited to narrow activities that facilitate the transfer of or access to assets by the Company or such Subsidiary, including, without limitation, structured finance entities and special purpose entities, or otherwise engage in, or have any obligations under, any off-balance sheet transactions or arrangements.

(uu) *Insurance.* The Company and its Subsidiaries have insurance covering their respective properties, operations, personnel and businesses as the Company reasonably deems adequate; such insurance insures against such losses and risks to an extent which is, adequate to protect the Company and its Subsidiaries and their respective businesses; and neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries has any reason to believe that it will not be able to renew its existing insurance coverage as and when such coverage expires or to obtain similar coverage at reasonable cost from similar insurers as may be necessary to continue its business.

(vv) *No Unlawful Payments.* Neither the Company, any director or officer of the Company, any of its Subsidiaries nor, to the knowledge of the Company, any agent, employee or other person acting on behalf of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries has (i) used any corporate funds for any unlawful contribution, gift, entertainment or other unlawful or improper expense relating to political activity; (ii) made, offered, agreed, requested or taken any act in furtherance of any direct or indirect unlawful payment to any foreign or domestic government official or employee from corporate funds; (iii) violated or is in violation of any provision of the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, as amended, the U.K. Bribery Act of 2010 or any other applicable anti-corruption law, or the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder; or (iv) made, offered, agreed, requested or taken any act in furtherance of any bribe, rebate, payoff, influence payment, kickback or other unlawful or improper payment.

(ww) *Compliance with Anti-Money Laundering Laws.* The operations of the Company and its Subsidiaries are and have been conducted at all times in compliance with applicable financial recordkeeping and reporting requirements of the Currency and Foreign Transactions Reporting Act of 1970, as amended, the money laundering statutes of all applicable jurisdictions, the rules and regulations thereunder and any related or similar rules, regulations or guidelines, issued, administered or enforced by any Governmental Agency (collectively, the “Money Laundering Laws”) and no action, suit or proceeding by or before any court or Governmental Agency, authority or body or any arbitrator involving the Company or any of its Subsidiaries with respect to the Money Laundering Laws is pending or, to the knowledge of the Company after inquiry, threatened.

(xx) *No Conflicts with Sanctions Laws.* (a) None of the Company, any of its Subsidiaries, directors, officers or, to the knowledge of the Company, any agent, employee, representative or affiliate of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, (i) is an individual or entity (“Person”) that is, or is owned or controlled by Persons that are: (A) the target of any economic sanctions administered or enforced by the United States Government (including, without limitation, by the U.S. Treasury Department’s Office of Foreign Assets Control and the U.S. Department of State), the United Nations Security Council, the European Union, Her Majesty’s Treasury, or other relevant sanctions authority (collectively, “Sanctions”), nor (B) located, organized or resident in a country or territory that is, or whose government is, the subject of Sanctions (including, without limitation, Crimea, Cuba, Iran, North Korea, Sudan and Syria), or (ii) does any business with or involving any Person or the government of any country that is, or any project located in a country that is, the target of Sanctions; and (b) the proceeds from the offering of the Securities contemplated hereby will not be used, directly or indirectly, to fund any operations in, to finance any investments, projects or activities in, or to make any payments to, any country, or to make any payments to, or finance any activities with, any Person that is, at the time of such funding or financing, the target of Sanctions.

(yy) *No Restrictions on Subsidiaries.* Other than as described in the Time of Sale Information, no Subsidiary of the Company is currently prohibited, directly or indirectly, under any agreement or other instrument to which it is a party or is subject, from paying any dividends

to the Company, from making any other distribution on such Subsidiary's capital stock, from repaying to the Company any loans or advances to such Subsidiary from the Company or from transferring any of such Subsidiary's properties or assets to the Company or any other Subsidiary of the Company.

(zz) *Holders*. No holder of the Securities after the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or any other Transaction Documents is or will be subject to any personal liability in respect of any liability of the Company by virtue only of its holding of any Securities; and except as set forth in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum, there are no limitations on the rights of holders of the Securities to hold or transfer their Securities.

(aaa) *No Broker's Fees*. The Company is not a party to any contract, agreement or understanding with any person (other than this Agreement) that would give rise to a valid claim against the Company or the Initial Purchasers for a brokerage commission, finder's fee or like payment in connection with the offering and sale of the Securities.

(bbb) *Foreign Issuer*. The Company is a "foreign private issuer" within the meaning of Rule 405 under the Act.

(ccc) *Rule 144A Eligibility*. On the Closing Date, the Securities will not be of the same class as securities listed on a national securities exchange registered under Section 6 of the Exchange Act or quoted in an automated inter-dealer quotation system as defined pursuant to Rule 144A(d)(3); and each of the Time of Sale Information, as of the Time of Sale, and the Offering Memorandum, as of its date, contains or will contain all the information that, if requested by a prospective purchaser of the Securities, would be required to be provided to such prospective purchaser pursuant to Rule 144A(d)(4) under the Securities Act.

(ddd) *No Integration*. Neither the Company nor any of its affiliates (as defined in Rule 501(b) of Regulation D) has, directly or through any agent, sold, offered for sale, solicited offers to buy or otherwise negotiated in respect of, any security (as defined in the Securities Act), that is or will be integrated with the sale of the Securities in a manner that would require registration of the Securities under the Securities Act.

(eee) *No General Solicitation or Directed Selling Efforts*. None of the Company or any of its affiliates or any other person acting on its or their behalf (other than the Initial Purchasers, as to which no representation is made) has (i) solicited offers for, or offered or sold, the Securities by means of any form of general solicitation or general advertising within the meaning of Rule 502(c) of Regulation D other than by means of a Permitted General Solicitation or in any manner involving a public offering within the meaning of Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act or (ii) engaged in any directed selling efforts within the meaning of Regulation S under the Securities Act ("Regulation S"), and all such persons have complied with the offering restrictions requirement of Regulation S.

(fff) *Securities Law Exemptions*. Assuming the accuracy of the representations and warranties of the Initial Purchasers contained in Section 2(b) (including Annex D hereto) and its compliance with its agreements set forth therein, it is not necessary, in connection with the issuance and sale of the Securities to the Initial Purchasers and the offer, resale and delivery of the Securities by the Initial Purchasers in the manner contemplated by this Agreement, the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum, to register the Securities and the ADSs issuable upon conversion of the Securities or upon exercise, termination or settlement of the warrant transactions evidenced by the Warrant Confirmation and, if applicable, the Additional

Warrant Confirmation, and the Ordinary Shares represented by such ADSs under the Securities Act or to qualify the Indentures under the Trust Indenture Act.

(ggg) *No Stabilization.* Neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries or, to the Company's knowledge, any of their respective directors, officers, affiliates or controlling persons has taken, directly or indirectly, any action designed to or that could reasonably be expected to cause or result in any stabilization or manipulation of the price of the Securities.

(hhh) *Business with Cuba.* The Company has complied with all provisions of Section 517.075, Florida Statutes (Chapter 92-198, Laws of Florida) relating to doing business with the Government of Cuba or with any person or affiliate located in Cuba.

(iii) *Margin Rules.* Neither the issuance, sale and delivery of the Securities nor the application of the proceeds thereof by the Company as described in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum will violate Regulation T, U or X of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System or any other regulation of such Board of Governors.

(jjj) *Forward-Looking Statements.* No forward-looking statement (within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act) contained in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum has been made or reaffirmed without a reasonable basis or has been disclosed other than in good faith.

(kkk) *Statistical and Market Data.* Nothing has come to the attention of the Company that has caused the Company to believe that the statistical and market-related data included or incorporated by reference in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum is not based on or derived from sources that are reliable and accurate in all material respects.

(lll) *Sarbanes-Oxley Act.* There is and has been no failure on the part of the Company or any of the Company's directors or officers, in their capacities as such, to comply with any provision of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and the rules and regulations promulgated by the Commission and the Nasdaq Global Select Market in connection therewith, including Section 402 related to loans and Sections 302 and 906 related to certifications.

(mmm) *No Ratings.* There are no securities or preferred stock of or guaranteed by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries that are rated by a "nationally recognized statistical rating organization," as such term is defined by the Commission for purposes of Rule 436(g)(2) under the Securities Act.

(nnn) *Validity of Choice of Law.* The choice of laws of the State of New York as the governing law of this Agreement, the Indentures, the Deposit Agreement, the Restricted Issuance Agreement and any other Transaction Documents, if applicable, is a valid choice of law under the laws of the Cayman Islands and the PRC and will be honored by courts in the Cayman Islands and, to the extent permitted under the PRC civil law and rules of civil procedures (which do not involve a re-examination of the merits of the claim), will be honored by the courts in the PRC. The Company has the power to submit, and pursuant to Section 15 of this Agreement, has legally, validly, effectively and irrevocably submitted, to the personal jurisdiction of each United States federal court and New York state court located in the Borough of Manhattan, in The City of New York, New York, U.S.A. (each, a "**New York Court**"), and the Company has the power to designate, appoint and authorize, and pursuant to Section 15 of this Agreement, has legally, validly, effectively and irrevocably designated, appointed an authorized agent for service of process in any action arising out of or relating to this Agreement, the Deposit Agreement, the

Restricted Issuance Agreement or the Securities in any New York Court, and service of process effected on such authorized agent will be effective to confer valid personal jurisdiction over the Company as provided in Section 15 hereof.

(ooo) *No Immunity.* Neither the Company, or any Subsidiary nor any of their respective properties, assets or revenues has any right of immunity under Cayman Islands, PRC, New York state or United States federal law, from any legal action, suit or proceeding, from the giving of any relief in any such legal action, suit or proceeding, from set-off or counterclaim, from the jurisdiction of any Cayman Islands, PRC, New York state or U.S. federal court, from service of process, attachment upon or prior to judgment, or attachment in aid of execution of judgment, or from execution of a judgment, or other legal process or proceeding for the giving of any relief or for the enforcement of a judgment, in any such court, with respect to its obligations, liabilities or any other matter under or arising out of or in connection with this Agreement, the Deposit Agreement, the Restricted Issuance Agreement and the Securities; and, to the extent that the Company, or any Subsidiary or any of their respective properties, assets, or revenues may have or may hereafter become entitled to any such right of immunity in any such court in which proceedings may at any time be commenced, each of the Company and its Subsidiaries waives or will waive such right to the extent permitted by law and has consented to such relief and enforcement as provided in Section 15 of this Agreement.

(ppp) *Judgment.* Any final judgment for a fixed sum of money rendered by a New York Court having jurisdiction under its own domestic laws in respect of any suit, action or proceeding against the Company based upon this Agreement, the Deposit Agreement the Restricted Issuance Agreement and the Securities would be recognized and enforced against the Company by Cayman Islands courts without re-examining the merits of the case under the common law doctrine of obligation; provided that (i) adequate service of process has been effected and the defendant has had a reasonable opportunity to be heard, (ii) such judgments or the enforcement thereof are not contrary to the law, public policy, security or sovereignty of the Cayman Islands, (iii) such judgments were not obtained by fraudulent means and do not conflict with any other valid judgment in the same matter between the same parties, and (iv) an action between the same parties in the same matter is not pending in any Cayman Islands court at the time the lawsuit is instituted in the foreign court; it is not necessary that this Agreement, the Deposit Agreement, the Restricted Issuance Agreement, the Offering Memorandum or any other document be filed or recorded with any court or other authority in the Cayman Islands or the PRC.

4. Further Agreements of the Company. The Company covenants and agrees with each Initial Purchaser that:

(a) *Delivery of Copies.* The Company will deliver to each Initial Purchaser as many copies of the Preliminary Offering Memorandum, any other Time of Sale Information, any Issuer Written Communication and the Offering Memorandum (including all amendments and supplements thereto) as each Initial Purchaser may reasonably request.

(b) *Offering Memorandum, Amendments or Supplements.* Before finalizing the Offering Memorandum or making or distributing any amendment or supplement to any of the Time of Sale Information or the Offering Memorandum or filing with the Commission any document that will be incorporated by reference therein, the Company will furnish to each Initial Purchaser and counsel for the Initial Purchasers a copy of the proposed Offering Memorandum or such amendment or supplement or document to be incorporated by reference therein for review, and will not distribute any such proposed Offering Memorandum, amendment or supplement or file any such document with the Commission to which the Initial Purchasers reasonably object.

(c) *Additional Written Communications.* Before making, preparing, using, authorizing, approving or referring to any Issuer Written Communication, the Company will furnish to the Initial Purchasers and counsel for the Initial Purchasers a copy of such written communication for review and will not make, prepare, use, authorize, approve or refer to any such written communication to which the Initial Purchasers reasonably object.

(d) *Notice to the Initial Purchasers.* The Company will advise the Initial Purchasers promptly, and confirm such advice in writing, (i) of the issuance by any Governmental Agency of any order preventing or suspending the use of any of the Time of Sale Information, any Issuer Written Communication, any Permitted General Solicitation or the Offering Memorandum or the initiation or threatening of any proceeding for that purpose; (ii) of the occurrence of any event at any time prior to the completion of the initial offering of the Securities as a result of which any of the Time of Sale Information, any Issuer Written Communication, any Permitted General Solicitation or the Offering Memorandum as then amended or supplemented would include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances existing when such Time of Sale Information, Issuer Written Communication, Permitted General Solicitation or the Offering Memorandum is delivered to a purchaser, not misleading; and (iii) of the receipt by the Company of any notice with respect to any suspension of the qualification of the Securities for offer and sale in any jurisdiction or the initiation or threatening of any proceeding for such purpose; and the Company will use its reasonable best efforts to prevent the issuance of any such order preventing or suspending the use of any of the Time of Sale Information, any Issuer Written Communication, any Permitted General Solicitation or the Offering Memorandum or suspending any such qualification of the Securities and, if any such order is issued, will obtain as soon as possible the withdrawal thereof.

(e) *Ongoing Compliance of the Offering Memorandum and Time of Sale Information.* (i) If at any time prior to the completion of the initial offering of the Securities (A) any event shall occur or condition shall exist as a result of which the Offering Memorandum as then amended or supplemented would include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances existing when the Offering Memorandum is delivered to a purchaser, not misleading or (B) it is necessary to amend or supplement the Offering Memorandum to comply with law, the Company will immediately notify the Initial Purchasers thereof and forthwith prepare and, subject to paragraph (b) above, furnish to the Initial Purchasers such amendments or supplements to the Offering Memorandum (or any document to be filed with the Commission and incorporated by reference therein) as may be necessary so that the statements in the Offering Memorandum as so amended or supplemented (or including such document to be incorporated by reference therein) will not, in the light of the circumstances existing when the Offering Memorandum is delivered to a purchaser, be misleading or so that the Offering Memorandum will comply with law and (ii) if at any time prior to the Closing Date (A) any event shall occur or condition shall exist as a result of which any of the Time of Sale Information as then amended or supplemented would include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading or (B) it is necessary to amend or supplement any of the Time of Sale Information to comply with law, the Company will immediately notify the Initial Purchasers thereof and forthwith prepare and, subject to paragraph (b) above, furnish to the Initial Purchasers such amendments or supplements to any of the Time of Sale Information (or any document to be filed with the Commission and incorporated by reference therein) as may be necessary so that the statements in any of the Time of Sale Information as so amended or supplemented will not, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, be misleading.

(f) *Blue Sky Compliance.* The Company will qualify the Securities for offer and sale under the securities or Blue Sky laws of such jurisdictions as the Initial Purchasers shall reasonably request and will continue such qualifications in effect so long as required for the offering and resale of the Securities; provided that the Company shall not be required to (i) qualify as a foreign corporation or other entity or as a dealer in securities in any such jurisdiction where it would not otherwise be required to so qualify, (ii) file any general consent to service of process in any such jurisdiction or (iii) subject itself to taxation in any such jurisdiction if it is not otherwise so subject.

(g) *Clear Market.* For a period of 90 days after the date of the offering of the Securities, the Company will not (i) offer, pledge, sell, contract to sell, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase, or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, or file with the Commission a registration statement under the Securities Act relating to, any Ordinary Shares or ADSs or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for Ordinary Shares or ADSs, or publicly disclose the intention to make any offer, sale, pledge, disposition or filing, or (ii) enter into any swap or other agreement that transfers, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of the Ordinary Shares or ADSs or any such other securities, whether any such transaction described in clause (i) or (ii) above is to be settled by delivery of Ordinary Shares or ADSs or such other securities, in cash or otherwise, without the prior written consent of the Representative, other than the Securities to be sold hereunder, the grant of incentive shares by the Company to its employees, directors and/or consultants pursuant to the Company's existing share incentive plans, any shares of Ordinary Shares or ADSs issued upon the exercise of options granted under existing employee share incentive plans or any Ordinary Shares issued, and ADSs delivered representing such Ordinary Shares, upon any conversion of the Securities or the entry into, or the issuance by the Company of any shares of Ordinary Shares or ADSs upon settlement or termination of the warrant transactions evidenced by the Warrant Confirmation and, if applicable, the Additional Warrant Confirmation.

(h) *Use of Proceeds.* The Company will apply the net proceeds from the sale of the Securities as described in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum under the heading "Use of Proceeds."

(i) *No Stabilization.* The Company will not take, directly or indirectly, any action designed to or that could reasonably be expected to cause or result in any stabilization or manipulation of the price of the Securities and will not take any action prohibited by Regulation M under the Exchange Act in connection with the distribution of the Securities contemplated hereby.

(j) *Underlying Securities.* The Company will keep available, free of pre-emptive rights, Ordinary Shares for the purpose of enabling the Company (i) to satisfy its obligation to issue the maximum number of Underlying Securities that may be due upon conversion of the Securities including the maximum number of additional Underlying Securities that may be due in connection with a make-whole fundamental change and (ii) to satisfy its obligation to deliver the maximum number of ADSs that may be deliverable upon exercise, termination or settlement of the warrant transactions evidenced by the Warrant Confirmation and, if applicable, the Additional Warrant Confirmation. The Company will use commercially reasonable efforts to cause the Underlying Securities and the ADSs issuable upon exercise, termination or settlement of the warrant transactions evidenced by the Warrant Confirmation and, if applicable, the Additional Warrant Confirmation to be listed on the Nasdaq Global Select Market (the "Exchange").

(k) *Supplying Information.* While the Securities remain outstanding and are “restricted securities” within the meaning of Rule 144(a)(3) under the Securities Act, the Company will, during any period in which the Company is not subject to and in compliance with Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, furnish to holders of the Securities, prospective purchasers of the Securities designated by such holders and securities analysts, in each case upon request, the information required to be delivered pursuant to Rule 144A(d)(4) under the Securities Act.

(l) *DTC.* The Company will assist the Initial Purchasers in arranging for the Securities to be eligible for clearance and settlement through DTC.

(m) *No Resales by the Company.* The Company will not, and will not permit any of its affiliates (as defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act (“**Rule 144**”)) to, resell any of the Securities or the Underlying Securities which constitute “restricted securities” under Rule 144 that were initially sold pursuant to Rule 144A and have been reacquired by any of them other than pursuant to an effective registration statement or valid exemption under the Securities Act which results in the Securities or the Underlying Securities registered thereon being freely tradeable upon sale pursuant to such registration statement or exemption.

(n) *No Integration.* Neither the Company nor any of its affiliates (as defined in Rule 501(b) of Regulation D) will, directly or through any agent, sell, offer for sale, solicit offers to buy or otherwise negotiate in respect of, any security (as defined in the Securities Act), that is or will be integrated with the sale of the Securities in a manner that would require registration of the Securities under the Securities Act.

(o) *No General Solicitation or Directed Selling Efforts.* None of the Company or any of its affiliates or any other person acting on its or their behalf (other than the Initial Purchasers, as to which no covenant is given) will (i) solicit offers for, or offer or sell, the Securities by means of any form of general solicitation or general advertising within the meaning of Rule 502(c) of Regulation D without the prior written consent of the Representative or in any manner involving a public offering within the meaning of Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act or (ii) engage in any directed selling efforts within the meaning of Regulation S, and all such persons will comply with the offering restrictions requirement of Regulation S.

(p) *Taxes.* The Company will indemnify and hold harmless the Initial Purchasers against any documentary, stamp or similar issuance tax, including any interest and penalties, on the creation, issuance and sale of the Securities and on the execution and delivery of this Agreement and other Transaction Documents. All payments to be made by the Company hereunder shall be made without withholding or deduction for or on account of any present or future taxes, duties or governmental charges whatsoever unless the Company is compelled by law to deduct or withhold such taxes, duties or charges. In that event, the Company shall pay such additional amounts as may be necessary in order that the net amounts received after such withholding or deduction shall equal the amounts that would have been received if no withholding or deduction had been made.

5. *Certain Agreements of the Initial Purchasers.* Each Initial Purchaser hereby represents and agrees that it has not and will not use, authorize use of, refer to, or participate in the planning for use of, any written communication that constitutes an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy the Securities other than (a) the Preliminary Offering Memorandum and the Offering Memorandum, (b) a written communication that contains no “issuer information” (as defined in Rule 433(h)(2) under the Securities Act) that was not included (including through incorporation by reference) in the Preliminary

Offering Memorandum or the Offering Memorandum, (c) any written communication listed on Annex B or prepared pursuant to Section 4(c) above (including any electronic road show), (d) any written communication prepared by such Initial Purchaser and approved by the Company in advance in writing or (e) any written communication relating to or that contains the terms of the Securities and/or other information that was included (including through incorporation by reference) in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum or the Offering Memorandum.

6. **Conditions of Initial Purchasers' Obligations.** The obligation of the Initial Purchasers to purchase the Underwritten Securities on the Closing Date or the Option Securities on the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be as provided herein is subject to the performance by the Company of its covenants and other obligations hereunder and to the following additional conditions:

(a) ***Representations and Warranties.*** The representations and warranties of the Company contained herein shall be true and correct on the date hereof and on and as of the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be; and the statements of the Company and its officers made in any certificates delivered pursuant to this Agreement shall be true and correct on and as of the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be.

(b) ***No Material Adverse Change.*** No event or condition of a type described in Section 3(g) (*No Material Adverse Change representation*) hereof shall have occurred or shall exist, which event or condition is not described in the Time of Sale Information (excluding any amendment or supplement thereto) and the Offering Memorandum (excluding any amendment or supplement thereto) and the effect of which in the judgment of the Representative makes it impracticable or inadvisable to proceed with the offering, sale or delivery of the Securities on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, on the terms and in the manner contemplated by this Agreement, the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum.

(c) ***Officer's Certificate.*** The Representative shall have received on and as of the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, a certificate of the chief financial officer or chief accounting officer of the Company and the chief executive officer (i) confirming that such officers have carefully reviewed the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum and, to the best knowledge of such officers, the representations set forth in Sections 3(a) and 3(b) hereof are true and correct, (ii) confirming that the other representations and warranties of the Company in this Agreement are true and correct and that the Company has complied with all agreements and satisfied all conditions on its part to be performed or satisfied hereunder at or prior to such Closing Date and (iii) to the effect set forth in paragraph (b) above.

(d) ***Comfort Letters.*** On the date of this Agreement and on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, PWC shall have furnished to the Initial Purchasers, at the request of the Company, letters, dated the respective dates of delivery thereof and addressed to the Initial Purchasers, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representative, containing statements and information of the type customarily included in accountants' "comfort letters" to underwriters with respect to the financial statements and certain financial information contained or incorporated by reference in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum; provided, that the letter delivered on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, shall use a "cut-off" date no more than three business days prior to such Closing Date or such Additional Closing Date, as the case may be.

(e) ***Opinions and 10b-5 Statement of U.S. Counsel for the Company.*** Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP, special U.S. counsel for the Company, shall have furnished to the Initial Purchasers, at the request of the Company, their written opinions and 10b-5 statement,

dated the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, and addressed to the Initial Purchasers, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representative, to the effect set forth in Annex A-1 hereto.

(f) *Opinions of Cayman Islands Counsel for the Company.* Maples and Calder, Cayman Islands counsel for the Company, shall have furnished to the Initial Purchasers, at the request of the Company, their written opinions, dated the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, and addressed to the Initial Purchasers, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representative, to the effect set forth in Annex A-2 hereto.

(g) *Opinion of PRC Counsel for the Company.* Commerce & Finance Law Offices, PRC counsel for the Company, shall have furnished to the Initial Purchasers, at the request of the Company, their written opinion, dated the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, and addressed to the Company, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representative, to the effect set forth in Annex A-3 hereto.

(h) *Opinion of Hong Kong Counsel for the Company.* Li & Partners, Hong Kong counsel for the Company, shall have furnished to the Initial Purchasers, at the request of the Company, their written opinion, dated the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, and addressed to the Initial Purchasers, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representative, to the effect set forth in Annex A-4 hereto.

(i) *Opinion of Taiwan Counsel for the Company.* Tsar & Tsai Law Firm, Taiwan counsel for the Company, shall have furnished to the Initial Purchasers, at the request of the Company, their written opinion, dated the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, and addressed to the Initial Purchasers, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representative, to the effect set forth in Annex A-5 hereto.

(j) *Opinion of British Virgin Islands Counsel for the Company.* Maples and Calder, British Virgin Islands counsel for the Company, shall have furnished to the Initial Purchasers, at the request of the Company, their written opinion, dated the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, and addressed to the Initial Purchasers, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representative, to the effect set forth in Annex A-6 hereto.

(k) *Opinion of Counsel for the Depositary.* Emmet, Marvin & Martin LLP, counsel for the Depositary, shall have furnished to the Initial Purchasers, at the request of the Company, their written opinion, dated the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, and addressed to the Initial Purchasers, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representative, to the effect set forth in Annex A-7 hereto.

(l) *Opinion and 10b-5 Statement of Counsel for the Initial Purchasers.* The Initial Purchasers shall have received on and as of the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, an opinion and 10b-5 statement of Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, counsel for the Initial Purchasers, with respect to such matters as the Initial Purchaser may reasonably request, and such counsel shall have received such documents and information as they may reasonably request to enable them to pass upon such matters.

(m) *Opinion of PRC Counsel for the Initial Purchasers.* The Initial Purchasers shall have received on and as of the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, an opinion of Jingtian & Gongcheng, PRC counsel for the Initial Purchasers, with respect to such matters as the Representative may reasonably request, and such counsel shall have received such

documents and information as they may reasonably request to enable them to pass upon such matters.

(n) *No Legal Impediment to Issuance.* No action shall have been taken and no statute, rule, regulation or order shall have been enacted, adopted or issued by any Governmental Agency that would, as of the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, prevent the issuance or sale of the Securities; and no injunction or order of any federal, state or foreign court shall have been issued that would, as of the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, prevent the issuance or sale of the Securities.

(o) *DTC.* The Securities shall be eligible for clearance and settlement through DTC.

(p) *Lock-up Agreements.* The “lock-up” agreements, each substantially in the form of Exhibit A hereto, between you and James Jianzhang Liang, Min Fan, Jane Jie Sun, Jenny Wenjie Wu, Neil Nanpeng Shen, Qi Ji, and JP Gan, relating to sales and certain other dispositions of Ordinary Shares or ADSs or certain other securities, delivered to you on or before the date hereof, shall be in full force and effect on the Closing Date or Additional Closing Date, as the case may be.

(q) *CFO Certificate.* The Initial Purchasers shall have received on and as of the date of this Agreement, the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, a certificate of the chief financial officer of the Company substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto.

(r) *Transaction Documents.* On or prior to the Closing Date, the Company shall have duly executed and delivered the Transaction Documents dated as of the Closing Date.

(s) *Authorization.* The company shall have duly executed and delivered the Transaction Documents and duly authorized the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum.

All opinions, letters, certificates and evidence mentioned above or elsewhere in this Agreement shall be deemed to be in compliance with the provisions hereof only if they are in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to counsel for the Initial Purchasers.

7. Indemnification and Contribution.

(a) *Indemnification of the Initial Purchasers.* The Company agrees to indemnify and hold harmless each Initial Purchaser, its affiliates, and its respective directors and officers and each person, if any, who controls such Initial Purchaser within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act, from and against any and all losses, claims, damages and liabilities (including, without limitation, legal fees and other expenses incurred in connection with any suit, action or proceeding or any claim asserted, as such fees and expenses are incurred), joint or several, that arise out of, or are based upon, the breach of or failure to perform any of its representations, warranties or undertakings under this Agreement, or any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum, any of the other Time of Sale Information, any Issuer Written Communication, any Permitted General Solicitation, any road show as defined in Rule 433(h) under the Securities Act (a “**road show**”) or the Offering Memorandum (or any amendment or supplement thereto) or any omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made,

not misleading, in each case except insofar as such losses, claims, damages or liabilities arise out of, or are based upon, any untrue statement or omission or alleged untrue statement or omission made in reliance upon and in conformity with any information relating to such Initial Purchaser furnished to the Company in writing by such Initial Purchaser through the Representative expressly for use therein, it being understood and agreed that the only such information furnished by each Initial Purchaser consists of the information described as such in subsection (b) below.

(b) *Indemnification of the Company.* Each Initial Purchaser agrees, severally and not jointly, to indemnify and hold harmless the Company, its directors, its officers and each person, if any, who controls the Company within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act to the same extent as the indemnity set forth in paragraph (a) above, but only with respect to any losses, claims, damages or liabilities that arise out of, or are based upon, any untrue statement or omission or alleged untrue statement or omission made in reliance upon and in conformity with any information relating to such Initial Purchaser furnished to the Company in writing by such Initial Purchaser through the Representative expressly for use in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum, any of the other Time of Sale Information, any Issuer Written Communication, any road show or the Offering Memorandum (or any amendment or supplement thereto), it being understood and agreed upon that the only such information furnished by each Initial Purchaser consists of the following information in the Offering Memorandum furnished on behalf of each Initial Purchaser: the name of the Initial Purchaser set forth in the first paragraph, the first paragraph under the title "Price stabilization and short positions; repurchase of ADSs," the third and fourth paragraphs under the title "Convertible note hedge and warrant transactions," in each case under the caption "Plan of Distribution."

(c) *Notice and Procedures.* If any suit, action, proceeding (including any governmental or regulatory investigation), claim or demand shall be brought or asserted against any person in respect of which indemnification may be sought pursuant to either paragraph (a) or (b) above, such person (the "**Indemnified Person**") shall promptly notify the person against whom such indemnification may be sought (the "**Indemnifying Person**") in writing; provided that the failure to notify the Indemnifying Person shall not relieve it from any liability that it may have under paragraph (a) or (b) above except to the extent that it has been materially prejudiced (through the forfeiture of substantive rights or defenses) by such failure; and provided, further, that the failure to notify the Indemnifying Person shall not relieve it from any liability that it may have to an Indemnified Person otherwise than under paragraph (a) or (b) above. If any such proceeding shall be brought or asserted against an Indemnified Person and it shall have notified the Indemnifying Person thereof, the Indemnifying Person shall retain counsel reasonably satisfactory to the Indemnified Person (who shall not, without the consent of the Indemnified Person, be counsel to the Indemnifying Person) to represent the Indemnified Person in such proceeding and shall pay the fees and expenses of such counsel related to such proceeding, as incurred. In any such proceeding, any Indemnified Person shall have the right to retain its own counsel, but the fees and expenses of such counsel shall be at the expense of such Indemnified Person unless (i) the Indemnifying Person and the Indemnified Person shall have mutually agreed to the contrary; (ii) the Indemnifying Person has failed within a reasonable time to retain counsel reasonably satisfactory to the Indemnified Person; (iii) the Indemnified Person shall have reasonably concluded that there may be legal defenses available to it that are different from or in addition to those available to the Indemnifying Person; or (iv) the named parties in any such proceeding (including any impleaded parties) include both the Indemnifying Person and the Indemnified Person and representation of both parties by the same counsel would be inappropriate due to actual or potential differing interest between them. It is understood and agreed that the Indemnifying Person shall not, in connection with any proceeding or related proceeding in the same jurisdiction, be liable for the fees and expenses of more than one separate firm (in addition

to any local counsel) for all Indemnified Persons, and that all such fees and expenses shall be paid or reimbursed as they are incurred. Any such separate firm for each Initial Purchaser, its affiliates, directors and officers and any control persons of such Initial Purchaser shall be designated in writing by such Initial Purchaser and any such separate firm for the Company, its directors, its officers and any control persons of the Company shall be designated in writing by the Company. The Indemnifying Person shall not be liable for any settlement of any proceeding effected without its written consent, but if settled with such consent or if there be a final judgment for the plaintiff, the Indemnifying Person agrees to indemnify each Indemnified Person from and against any loss or liability by reason of such settlement or judgment. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence, if at any time an Indemnified Person shall have requested that an Indemnifying Person reimburse the Indemnified Person for fees and expenses of counsel as contemplated by this paragraph, the Indemnifying Person shall be liable for any settlement of any proceeding effected without its written consent if (i) such settlement is entered into more than 30 days after receipt by the Indemnifying Person of such request and (ii) the Indemnifying Person shall not have reimbursed the Indemnified Person in accordance with such request prior to the date of such settlement. No Indemnifying Person shall, without the written consent of the Indemnified Person, effect any settlement of any pending or threatened proceeding in respect of which any Indemnified Person is or could have been a party and indemnification could have been sought hereunder by such Indemnified Person, unless such settlement (x) includes an unconditional release of such Indemnified Person, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to such Indemnified Person, from all liability on claims that are the subject matter of such proceeding and (y) does not include any statement as to or any admission of fault, culpability or a failure to act by or on behalf of any Indemnified Person.

(d) *Contribution.* If the indemnification provided for in paragraphs (a) and (b) above is unavailable to an Indemnified Person or insufficient in respect of any losses, claims, damages or liabilities referred to therein, then each Indemnifying Person under such paragraph, in lieu of indemnifying such Indemnified Person thereunder, shall contribute to the amount paid or payable by such Indemnified Person as a result of such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (i) in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect the relative benefits received by the Company, on the one hand, and the Initial Purchasers, on the other, from the offering of the Securities or (ii) if the allocation provided by clause (i) is not permitted by applicable law, in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect not only the relative benefits referred to in clause (i) but also the relative fault of the Company, on the one hand, and the Initial Purchasers, on the other, in connection with the statements or omissions that resulted in such losses, claims, damages or liabilities, as well as any other relevant equitable considerations. The relative benefits received by the Company, on the one hand, and the Initial Purchasers, on the other, shall be deemed to be in the same respective proportions as the net proceeds (before deducting expenses) received by the Company from the sale of the Securities and the total discounts and commissions received by each Initial Purchaser in connection therewith, as provided in this Agreement, bear to the aggregate offering price of the Securities. The relative fault of the Company, on the one hand, and the Initial Purchasers, on the other, shall be determined by reference to, among other things, whether the untrue or alleged untrue statement of a material fact or the omission or alleged omission to state a material fact relates to information supplied by the Company or by an Initial Purchaser and the parties' relative intent, knowledge, access to information and opportunity to correct or prevent such statement or omission.

(e) *Limitation on Liability.* The Company and the Initial Purchasers agree that it would not be just and equitable if contribution pursuant to this Section 7 were determined by pro rata allocation or by any other method of allocation that does not take account of the equitable considerations referred to in paragraph (d) above. The amount paid or payable by an Indemnified

Person as a result of the losses, claims, damages and liabilities referred to in paragraph (d) above shall be deemed to include, subject to the limitations set forth above, any legal or other expenses incurred by such Indemnified Person in connection with any such action or claim. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section 7, in no event shall any Initial Purchaser be required to contribute any amount in excess of the amount by which the total discounts and commissions received by such Initial Purchaser with respect to the offering of the Securities exceeds the amount of any damages that such Initial Purchaser has otherwise been required to pay by reason of such untrue or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission. No person guilty of fraudulent misrepresentation (within the meaning of Section 11(f) of the Securities Act) shall be entitled to contribution from any person who was not guilty of such fraudulent misrepresentation.

(f) *Non-Exclusive Remedies.* The remedies provided for in this Section 7 are not exclusive and shall not limit any rights or remedies which may otherwise be available to any Indemnified Person at law or in equity.

8. **Effectiveness of Agreement.** This Agreement shall become effective upon the execution and delivery hereof by the parties hereto.

9. **Termination.** This Agreement may be terminated in the absolute discretion of the Representative, by notice to the Company, if after the execution and delivery of this Agreement and prior to the Closing Date or, in the case of the Option Securities, prior to the Additional Closing Date (a) trading generally shall have been suspended or materially limited on or by any of the New York Stock Exchange or the Nasdaq Global Market; (b) trading of any securities issued or guaranteed by the Company shall have been suspended on any exchange or in any over-the-counter market; (c) a general moratorium on commercial banking activities shall have been declared by U.S. federal or New York State authorities or the relevant authorities in the Cayman Islands, Hong Kong, the British Virgin Islands or the PRC; or (d) there shall have occurred any outbreak or escalation of hostilities or any change in financial markets or any calamity or crisis, either within or outside the United States, that, in the judgment of the Initial Purchaser, is material and adverse and makes it impracticable or inadvisable to proceed with the offering, sale or delivery of the Securities on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, on the terms and in the manner contemplated by this Agreement, the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum.

10. **Defaulting Initial Purchaser.** (a) If, on the Closing Date, any Initial Purchaser defaults on its obligation to purchase the Securities that it has agreed to purchase hereunder on such date, the non-defaulting Initial Purchaser may in its discretion arrange for the purchase of such Securities by other persons satisfactory to the Company on the terms contained in this Agreement. If, within 36 hours after any such default by any Initial Purchaser, the non-defaulting Initial Purchaser does not arrange for the purchase of such Securities, then the Company shall be entitled to a further period of 36 hours within which to procure other persons satisfactory to the non-defaulting Initial Purchaser to purchase such Securities on such terms. If other persons become obligated or agree to purchase the Securities of a defaulting Initial Purchaser, either the non-defaulting Initial Purchaser or the Company may postpone the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, for up to five full business days in order to effect any changes that in the opinion of counsel for the Company or counsel for the Initial Purchasers may be necessary in the Time of Sale Information, the Offering Memorandum or in any other document or arrangement, and the Company agrees to promptly prepare any amendment or supplement to the Time of Sale Information or the Offering Memorandum that effects any such changes. As used in this Agreement, the term "Initial Purchaser" includes, for all purposes of this Agreement unless the context otherwise requires, any person not listed in Schedule 1 hereto that, pursuant to this Section 10, purchases Securities that a defaulting Initial Purchaser agreed but failed to purchase.

(b) If, after giving effect to any arrangements for the purchase of the Securities of a defaulting Initial Purchaser by the non-defaulting Initial Purchaser and the Company as provided in paragraph (a) above, the aggregate number of Securities that remain unpurchased on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, does not exceed one-eleventh of the aggregate number of Securities to be purchased on such date, then the Company shall have the right to require each non-defaulting Initial Purchaser to purchase the number of Securities that such Initial Purchaser agreed to purchase hereunder on such date plus such Initial Purchaser's pro rata share (based on the number of Securities that such Initial Purchaser agreed to purchase on such date) of the Securities of such defaulting Initial Purchaser for which such arrangements have not been made.

(c) If, after giving effect to any arrangements for the purchase of the Securities of a defaulting Initial Purchaser by the non-defaulting Initial Purchaser and the Company as provided in paragraph (a) above, the aggregate number of Securities that remain unpurchased on the Closing Date, as the case may be, exceeds one-eleventh of the aggregate amount of Securities to be purchased on such date, or if the Company shall not exercise the right described in paragraph (b) above, then this Agreement shall terminate without liability on the part of the non-defaulting Initial Purchaser. Any termination of this Agreement pursuant to this Section 10 shall be without liability on the part of the Company, except that the Company will continue to be liable for the payment of expenses as set forth in Section 11 hereof and except that the provisions of Section 7 hereof shall not terminate and shall remain in effect.

(d) Nothing contained herein shall relieve a defaulting Initial Purchaser of any liability it may have to the Company or any non-defaulting Initial Purchaser for damages caused by its default.

11. Payment of Expenses. (a) Whether or not the transactions contemplated by this Agreement are consummated or this Agreement is terminated, the Company will pay or cause to be paid all costs and expenses incident to the performance of its obligations hereunder, including without limitation, (i) the costs incident to the authorization, issuance, sale, preparation and delivery of the Securities and any taxes payable in that connection; (ii) the costs incident to the preparation and printing of the Preliminary Offering Memorandum, any other Time of Sale Information, any Issuer Written Communication, any Permitted General Solicitation and the Offering Memorandum (including any amendments and supplements thereto) and the distribution thereof; (iii) the costs of reproducing and distributing each of the Transaction Documents; (iv) the fees and expenses of the Company's counsel and independent accountants; (v) the fees and expenses incurred in connection with the registration or qualification and determination of eligibility for investment of the Securities under the laws of such jurisdictions as the Initial Purchaser may designate and the preparation, printing and distribution of a Blue Sky Memorandum; (vi) any fees charged by rating agencies for rating the Securities; (vii) the fees and expenses of the Trustee and any paying agent (including related fees and expenses of any counsel to such parties); (viii) all expenses and application fees incurred in connection with the approval of the Securities for book-entry transfer by DTC; (ix) all expenses incurred by the Company in connection with any "road show" presentation to potential investors; and (x) all expenses and fees related to the listing of the Underlying Securities on the Exchange.

(b) If (i) the Company for any reason fails to tender the Securities for delivery to the Initial Purchasers, (ii) the Initial Purchasers decline to purchase the Securities because any of the conditions set forth in Section 6 have not been satisfied, or (iii) if for any reason the Company shall be unable to perform its obligations under this Agreement, the Company agrees to reimburse the Initial Purchasers for all out-of-pocket costs and expenses (including the fees and expenses of its counsel) reasonably incurred by the Initial Purchasers in connection with this Agreement and the offering contemplated hereby.

12. **Persons Entitled to Benefit of Agreement.** This Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the parties hereto and their respective successors and the officers and directors and any controlling persons referred to in Section 7 hereof. Nothing in this Agreement is intended or shall be construed to give any other person any legal or equitable right, remedy or claim under or in respect of this Agreement or any provision contained herein. No purchaser of Securities from the Initial Purchaser shall be deemed to be a successor merely by reason of such purchase.

13. **Survival.** The respective indemnities, rights of contribution, representations, warranties and agreements of the Company and the Initial Purchasers contained in this Agreement or made by or on behalf of the Company or the Initial Purchasers pursuant to this Agreement or any certificate delivered pursuant hereto shall survive the delivery of and payment for the Securities and shall remain in full force and effect, regardless of any termination of this Agreement or any investigation made by or on behalf of the Company or the Initial Purchasers.

14. **Certain Defined Terms.** For purposes of this Agreement, (a) except where otherwise expressly provided, the term "affiliate" has the meaning set forth in Rule 405 under the Securities Act; (b) the term "business day" means any day other than a day on which banks are permitted or required to be closed in New York City, Cayman Islands, Hong Kong or PRC; (c) the term "subsidiary" has the meaning set forth in Rule 405 under the Securities Act; and (d) the term "significant subsidiary" has the meaning set forth in Rule 1-02 of Regulation S-X under the Exchange Act.

15. **Miscellaneous.** (a) ***Notices.*** All notices and other communications hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly given if mailed or transmitted and confirmed by any standard form of telecommunication. Notices to the Initial Purchasers shall be given to c/o J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, 383 Madison Avenue, New York, New York 10179 (fax: (212) 622-8358); Attention: Equity Syndicate Desk. Notices to the Company shall be given to it at 99 Fu Quan Road, Shanghai 200335, People's Republic of China (fax: +(8621) 5251-0000); Attention: Chief Financial Officer.

(b) ***Governing Law.*** This Agreement and any claim, controversy or dispute arising under or related to this Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York.

(c) ***Counterparts.*** This Agreement may be signed in counterparts (which may include counterparts delivered by any standard form of telecommunication), each of which shall be an original and all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

(d) ***Amendments or Waivers.*** No amendment or waiver of any provision of this Agreement, nor any consent or approval to any departure therefrom, shall in any event be effective unless the same shall be in writing and signed by the parties hereto.

(e) ***Headings.*** The headings herein are included for convenience of reference only and are not intended to be part of, or to affect the meaning or interpretation of, this Agreement.

(f) ***Submission to Jurisdiction; Appointment of Agent for Service.*** Each of the parties hereto irrevocably (i) agrees that any legal suit, action or proceeding against the Company brought by any Initial Purchaser or by any person who controls such Initial Purchaser arising out of or based upon this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby may be instituted in any New York Court, (ii) waives, to the fullest extent it may effectively do so, any objection which it may now or hereafter have to the laying of venue of any such suit, action or proceeding and (iii) submits to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of such courts in any such suit, action or proceeding. The Company has appointed Law Debenture Corporate Services Inc., 400 Madison Avenue, 4th

Floor, New York, New York 10017, as its authorized agent (the “**Authorized Agent**”) upon whom process may be served in any such action arising out of or based on this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby which may be instituted in any New York Court by the Initial Purchaser or by any person who controls any of the Initial Purchaser, expressly consents to the jurisdiction of any such court in respect of any such action, and waives any other requirements of or objections to personal jurisdiction with respect thereto. Such appointment shall be irrevocable. The Company represents and warrants that the Authorized Agent has agreed to act as such agent for service of process and agrees to take any and all action, including the filing of any and all documents and instruments, that may be necessary to continue such appointment in full force and effect as aforesaid. Service of process upon the Authorized Agent and written notice of such service to the Company shall be deemed, in every respect, effective service of process upon the Company.

(g) *Waiver of Jury Trial.* The Company hereby irrevocably waives, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, any and all rights to trial by jury in any legal proceeding arising out of or relating to this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby.

(h) *Judgment Currency.* In respect of any judgment or order given or made for any amount due hereunder that is expressed and paid in a currency (the “**judgment currency**”) other than United States dollars, the Company will indemnify the Initial Purchaser against any loss incurred by such Initial Purchaser as a result of any variation as between (i) the rate of exchange at which the United States dollar amount is converted into the judgment currency for the purpose of such judgment or order and (ii) the rate of exchange at which such Initial Purchaser is able to purchase United States dollars with the amount of the judgment currency actually received by such Initial Purchaser. The foregoing indemnity shall constitute a separate and independent obligation of the Company and shall continue in full force and effect notwithstanding any such judgment or order as aforesaid. The term “rate of exchange” shall include any premiums and costs of exchange payable in connection with the purchase of or conversion into United States dollars.

[Signature page follows.]

If the foregoing is in accordance with your understanding, please indicate your acceptance of this Agreement by signing in the space provided below.

Very truly yours,

CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

By /s/ Xiaofan Wang

Name: Xiaofan Wang

Title: Chief Financial Officer

[Signature Page to Purchase Agreement]

Accepted as of the date above first written.
J.P. MORGAN SECURITIES LLC

By /s/ Santosh Sreenivasan
Name: Santosh Sreenivasan
Title: Managing Director

[Purchase Agreement Signature Page]

Schedule 1

Initial Purchaser	2020 Notes		2025 Notes	
	Principal Amount		Principal Amount	
J.P. Morgan Securities LLC	\$ 700,000,000		\$ 400,000,000	
Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc	\$ 0		\$ 0	
Total	\$ 700,000,000		\$ 400,000,000	

Schedule 1-1

Subsidiaries

C-Travel International Limited, a Cayman Islands company
Ctrip.com (Hong Kong) Limited, a Hong Kong company
Ctrip Computer Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., a PRC company
Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., a PRC company
Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., a PRC company
Ctrip Information Technology (Nantong) Co., Ltd., a PRC company
China Software Hotel Information System Co., Ltd., a PRC company
ezTravel Co., Ltd., a Taiwan company
HKWOT (BVI) Limited, a BVI company

Affiliated Entities

Beijing Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd., a PRC company
Shanghai Ctrip Commerce Co., Ltd., a PRC company
Guangzhou Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd., a PRC company
Shanghai Huacheng Southwest International Travel Agency Co., Ltd. (formerly Shanghai Huacheng Southwest Travel Agency Co., Ltd.), a PRC company
Shanghai Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd. (formerly Shanghai Ctrip Charming International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.), a PRC company
Shenzhen Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd., a PRC company
Chengdu Ctrip Travel Service Co Ltd., a PRC company
Chengdu Ctrip International Travel Service Co., Ltd., a PRC company
Ctrip Insurance Agency Co., Ltd., a PRC company

Form of Opinion of U.S. Counsel for the Company

1. Each of the Purchase Agreement, the Deposit Agreement, the Restricted Issuance Agreement and the Indentures has been duly executed and delivered by the Company, to the extent such execution and delivery are governed by the laws of the State of New York, and constitutes the valid and binding obligation of the Company, enforceable against the Company in accordance with its terms under the laws of the State of New York.
2. The Securities Certificates have been duly executed by the Company, to the extent such execution is governed by the laws of the State of New York, and when duly authenticated by the Trustee and issued and delivered by the Company against payment therefor in accordance with the terms of the Purchase Agreement and the Indentures, the Securities Certificates will constitute valid and binding obligations of the Company, entitled to the benefits of the Indentures and enforceable against the Company in accordance with their terms under the laws of the State of New York.
3. Upon the issuance by the Depository of the Conversion Securities in uncertificated form against the deposit of the underlying Shares by the Company in respect thereof in accordance with the provisions of the Deposit Agreement and the Restricted Issuance Agreement, such Conversion Securities will be duly and validly issued and the persons in whose names such Conversion Securities are registered will be entitled to the rights of holders specified in the Deposit Agreement and the Restricted Issuance Agreement.
4. Neither the execution and delivery by the Company of the Transaction Agreements nor the consummation by the Company of the issuance and sale of the Securities, the deposit of the underlying Shares with the Depository against the issuance of the ADSs and the issuance of the Shares upon conversion of the Securities contemplated therein: (i) constitutes a violation of, or a default under, any Scheduled Contract to which the Company is a party, or (ii) violates any law, rule or regulation of the State of New York or the United States of America.
5. Neither the execution and delivery by the Company of the Transaction Agreements nor the consummation by the Company of the issuance and sale of the Securities, the deposit of the underlying Shares with the Depository against the issuance of the ADSs and the issuance of the Shares upon conversion of the Securities contemplated therein, requires the consent, approval, licensing or authorization of, or any filing, recording or registration with, any governmental authority under any law, rule or regulation of the State of New York or the United States of America except for those consents, approvals, licenses and authorizations already obtained and those filings, recordings and registrations already made.
6. The submission by the Company to the personal jurisdiction of the New York Courts as set forth in Section 15(f) of the Purchase Agreement, Section 7.8 of the Deposit Agreement, Section [17.04] of the 2020 Notes Indenture and Section [17.04] of the 2025 Notes Indenture is valid, binding and enforceable against the Company. The waiver by the Company of any objection to the venue of a proceeding in any New York Court as set forth in Section 15(f) of the Purchase Agreement, Section [17.04] of the 2020 Notes Indenture and Section [17.04] of the 2025 Notes Indenture is valid and binding and enforceable against the Company. The appointment by the Company of the Agent for Service of Process as its authorized agent pursuant to Section 15(f) of the Purchase Agreement, Section 7.8 of the Deposit Agreement, Section [17.05] of the 2020 Notes Indenture and Section [17.05] of the 2025 Notes Indenture is valid, binding and enforceable against the Company under the laws of the State of New York. Service of process effected on the Agent for Service of Process,

as agent for the Company, will be effective service on the Company in connection with any action under the Purchase Agreement, the Deposit Agreement, the 2020 Notes Indenture or the 2025 Notes Indenture to which the Company has consented to jurisdiction in a New York Court.

7. The statements in the Disclosure Package and the Offering Memorandum under the caption “ Description of American depository shares,” insofar as such statements purport to summarize certain provisions of the Deposit Agreement referred to therein, fairly summarize such provisions in all material respects.
8. The statements in the Disclosure Package and the Offering Memorandum under the caption “ Description of the notes,” insofar as such statements purport to summarize certain provisions of the Indentures and the Securities Certificates referred to therein, fairly summarize such provisions in all material respects.
9. The Company is not and, solely after giving effect to the offering and sale of the Securities and the application of the proceeds thereof and the convertible note hedge and warrant transactions, each as described in the Disclosure Package and the Offering Memorandum, will not be an “investment company” as such term is defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.
10. Assuming (i) the accuracy of the representations and warranties of the Company set forth in Section 3 (other than Section 3(fff)) of the Purchase Agreement and of you in Section 2 of the Purchase Agreement, (ii) the due performance by the Company of the covenants and agreements set forth in Section 4 of the Purchase Agreement and the due performance by you of the covenants and agreements in Sections 2 and 5 of the Purchase Agreement, (iii) your compliance with the offering and transfer procedures and restrictions described in the Offering Memorandum, (iv) the accuracy of the representations and warranties made in accordance with the Purchase Agreement and the Offering Memorandum by purchasers to whom you initially resell the Securities and (v) that purchasers to whom you initially resell the Securities receive a copy of the Offering Memorandum prior to confirmation of such sale, the offer, sale and delivery of the Securities to you in the manner contemplated by the Purchase Agreement and the Offering Memorandum and the initial resale of the Securities by you in the manner contemplated in the Offering Memorandum and the Purchase Agreement do not require registration under the Securities Act or qualification of the Indentures under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, and upon conversion of restricted Securities, the Conversion Securities may be delivered to the holder without registration of the Conversion Securities or the Shares represented thereby under the Securities Act, and upon conversion of the Securities, the Shares issuable upon such conversion may be deposited with the Depository against the issuance of the Conversion Securities, provided that no commission or other remuneration is paid or given directly or indirectly for soliciting such conversion, and provided further that the Conversion Securities deliverable upon such conversion are not exchanged in a case under Title 11 of the United States Code. We do not express any opinion concerning any subsequent reoffer or resale of any Securities or Conversion Securities or the Shares represented thereby.

Annex A-1-A-2

Form of Negative Assurance Letter of U.S. Counsel to the Company

We have acted as special United States counsel to Ctrip.com International, Ltd., a company incorporated under the laws of the Cayman Islands (the "Company" or "Our Client"), in connection with the Purchase Agreement dated June [], 2015 (the "Purchase Agreement"), between you and the Company relating to the sale by the Company to you of \$[] aggregate principal amount of the Company's []% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020 and \$[] aggregate principal amount of the Company's []% Notes due 2025 (together, the "Securities"), to be issued under the Indenture for the 2020 Notes, dated as of June [], 2015 (the "2020 Notes Indenture"), and the Indenture for the 2025 Notes, dated as of June [], 2015 (the "2025 Notes Indenture" and, together with the 2020 Notes Indenture, the "Indentures"), each between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon, as Trustee. The Securities will be convertible into American Depository Shares of the Company, each representing one-fourth of an ordinary share of the Company, par value of US\$0.01 per share, in accordance with, and subject to, their terms and the terms of the Indentures.

This letter is being furnished to you pursuant to Section 6(e) of the Purchase Agreement. Neither the delivery of this letter nor anything in connection with the preparation, execution or delivery of the Purchase Agreement or the transactions contemplated thereby is intended to create or shall create an attorney-client relationship with you or any other party except Our Client.

In the above capacity, we have reviewed (i) the preliminary offering memorandum, dated June [], 2015 (together with the Incorporated Document (as defined below), the "Preliminary Offering Memorandum"), relating to the offering of the Securities and (ii) the final offering memorandum, dated June [], 2015, relating to the Securities (together with the Incorporated Document, the "Offering Memorandum"). We also have reviewed the document identified on Schedule A hereto filed by the Company pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and incorporated by reference into the Preliminary Offering Memorandum and the Offering Memorandum (the "Incorporated Document"), the written communication identified on Schedule B hereto relating to the Securities and such other documents as we deemed appropriate.

In addition, we have participated in conferences with officers and other representatives of the Company, Cayman Islands, British Virgin Islands, Hong Kong, Taiwan and People's Republic of China ("PRC") counsel for the Company, representatives of the independent registered public accountants of the Company and you and your U.S. and PRC counsel at which the contents of the Offering Memorandum and the Disclosure Package (as defined below) and related matters were discussed. We have assumed the accuracy of the translations or summaries furnished to us of any documents written in any language other than English. In addition, certain of the records and documents we reviewed were governed by the laws of the Cayman Islands, British Virgin Islands, Hong Kong, Taiwan, the PRC or other jurisdictions other than the State of New York, and, accordingly, we necessarily relied upon the officers, employees and other representatives and agents of the Company and its Cayman Islands, Hong Kong and PRC counsel and other persons in evaluating such records and documents. We do not pass upon, or assume any responsibility for, the accuracy, completeness or fairness of the statements contained or incorporated by reference in the Offering Memorandum or the Disclosure Package and have made no independent check or verification thereof (except to the limited extent referred to (i) in our opinion letter to you dated the date hereof regarding tax matters disclosed under the caption "Taxation—United States Federal Income Taxation" in the Offering Memorandum and (ii) in paragraphs [7] and [8] of our opinion letter to you dated the date hereof).

On the basis of the foregoing, no facts have come to our attention that have caused us to believe that (i) the Disclosure Package, at the Applicable Time, contained an untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading or (ii) the Offering Memorandum, as of its date and as of the date hereof, contained or contains an untrue statement of a material fact or omitted or omits to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, except that in each case we do not express any view as to the financial statements, schedules and other financial information included or incorporated by reference therein or excluded therefrom, the report of management's assessment of the effectiveness of internal controls over financial reporting or the auditors' attestation report thereon; in addition, we do not express any view as to the legal effect of incorporation by reference in the Offering Memorandum to documents that are not delivered with the Offering Memorandum and, accordingly, we do not express any view with respect to the Offering Memorandum considered independently of the Incorporated Document.

As used herein, (i) "Applicable Time" means the time set forth on Schedule C, which you advised us is the time of the first contract of sale of the Securities, and (ii) "Disclosure Package" means the Preliminary Offering Memorandum as amended and supplemented by the document identified on Schedule B hereto.

This letter is furnished only to you and is solely for your benefit in connection with the closing occurring today and the offering of the Securities, in each case pursuant to the Purchase Agreement. Without our prior written consent, this letter may not be used, circulated, quoted or otherwise referred to for any other purpose or relied upon by, or assigned to, any other person for any purpose, including any other person that acquires any Securities or any American Depository Shares (including the ordinary shares represented by such American Depository Shares) issuable upon conversion thereof or that seeks to assert your rights in respect of this letter (other than your successor in interest by means of merger, consolidation, transfer of a business or other similar transaction).

Annex A-1-B-2

Form of Tax Opinion of U.S. Counsel to the Company

Annex A-1-C-1

Form of Call Spread Opinion of U.S. Counsel to the Company

Annex A-1-D-1

**Form of Opinion of Cayman Islands Counsel for the Company
with respect to the Securities**

- 1.1 The Company has been duly incorporated as an exempted company with limited liability and is validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the Cayman Islands.
- 1.2 The Company has all the requisite power and authority under the Memorandum and Articles to enter into, execute and perform its obligations under the Transaction Documents and the Notes including the issue and offer of the Notes pursuant to the Transaction Documents.
- 1.3 The execution and delivery of the Transaction Documents do not, and the issue and offer of the Notes by the Company and the performance by the Company of its obligations thereunder will not, conflict with or result in a breach of any of the terms or provisions of the Memorandum and Articles or any law, public rule or regulation applicable to the Company currently in force in the Cayman Islands.
- 1.4 The execution, delivery and performance of the Transaction Documents have been authorised by and on behalf of the Company and, upon the execution and unconditional delivery of the Transaction Documents by [a director or other Authorized Person (as defined in the Resolutions)] for and on behalf of the Company, the Transaction Documents will have been duly executed and delivered on behalf of the Company and will constitute the legal, valid and binding obligations of the Company enforceable in accordance with their terms.
- 1.5 The Company has the authorized and issued share capital as set forth in the Section headed "Capitalization" in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum, and all of the issued shares of the Company have been duly authorised and are validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable, are not subject to any pre-emptive or similar rights under Cayman Islands law or the Memorandum and Articles and conform to the description thereof contained in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum.
- 1.6 The Notes have been duly authorised by the Company and when the Notes are signed in facsimile or manually by a director on behalf of the Company and, if appropriate, authenticated in the manner set forth in the Indenture and delivered against due payment therefor will be duly executed, issued and delivered and will constitute the legal, valid and binding obligations of the Company enforceable in accordance with their respective terms.
- 1.7 The issue and allotment of Shares and ADSs upon (i) conversion of the Notes, (ii) exercise of the warrant transactions evidenced by the Warrant Confirmation and, if applicable, the Additional Warrant Confirmation, and (iii) exercise of the Rights under the Rights Agreement, have been duly authorised and will not violate, conflict with or result in a breach of any of the terms or provisions of the Memorandum and Articles or any law, public rule or regulation applicable to the Company in the Cayman Islands currently in force in the Cayman Islands. When Shares are issued upon (i) conversion of the Notes in accordance with the terms of the Notes and the Indenture, (ii) exercise of the warrant transactions evidenced by the Warrant Confirmation and, if applicable, the Additional Warrant Confirmation, and (iii) exercise of the Rights under the Rights

Agreement, and in each case entered as fully paid on the register of members (shareholders) of the Company, such Shares will be legally issued and allotted, fully paid and non-assessable, and will not be subject to any pre-emptive or similar rights under Cayman Islands law or the Memorandum and Articles.

- 1.8 So far as the law of the Cayman Islands is concerned, the Transaction Documents are in proper form under the laws of the Cayman Islands for the enforcement thereof against the Company, subject in so far as such enforcement may be limited as more particularly set forth in paragraph 4.1 below.
- 1.9 The statements in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum under the headings “Enforceability of Civil Liabilities”, “Risk Factors”, “Description of the Notes,” “Description of convertible note hedge and warrant transactions”, “Description of Share Capital”, “Taxation”, “Plan of Distribution” and “Transfer Restrictions” are accurate in so far as such statements are summaries of or relate to Cayman Islands law.
- 1.10 The summaries of the Memorandum and Articles and of relevant Cayman Islands company law contained in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum are true, accurate and complete in the context in which they appear.
- 1.11 No authorisations, consents, approvals, licences, validations or exemptions are required by law from any governmental authorities or agencies or other official bodies in the Cayman Islands in connection with:
 - (a) the issue of the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum;
 - (b) the execution, creation or delivery of the Transaction Documents by and on behalf of the Company;
 - (c) subject to the payment of the appropriate stamp duty, enforcement of the Transaction Documents against the Company;
 - (d) the offering, execution, authentication, allotment, issue or delivery of the Notes;
 - (e) the performance by the Company of its obligations under the Notes and the Transaction Documents;
 - (f) the issue and delivery of ADSs upon conversion of the Notes;
 - (g) the issue and allotment of Shares represented by the ADSs upon conversion of the Notes and the deposit of such Shares with the Depositary against the issue by the Depositary of such ADSs; or
 - (h) the payment of the principal and interest and any other amounts under the Notes.

Annex A-2-A-2

- 1.12 No taxes, fees or charges (other than stamp duty) are payable (either by direct assessment or withholding) to the government or other taxing authority in the Cayman Islands under the laws of the Cayman Islands in respect of:
- (a) the execution or delivery of the Transaction Documents or the Notes;
 - (b) the enforcement of the Transaction Documents or the Notes;
 - (c) payments made under, or pursuant to, the Transaction Documents;
 - (d) the issue and sale of the Notes by the Company pursuant to the terms of the Purchase Agreement;
 - (e) the sale and delivery by the Initial Purchaser of the Notes to purchasers thereof;
 - (f) the issue and delivery of ADSs upon conversion of the Notes, and the issue and allotment of Shares represented by the ADSs upon conversion of the Notes and the deposit of such Shares with the Depositary against the issue by the Depositary of such ADSs; or
 - (g) the payment of dividends and other distributions declared and payable on the Shares or the ADSs.

The Cayman Islands currently have no form of income, corporate or capital gains tax and no estate duty, inheritance tax or gift tax.

- 1.13 The courts of the Cayman Islands will observe and give effect to the choice of the Relevant Law as the governing law of the Transaction Documents and the Notes.
- 1.14 The submission by the Company in the Transaction Documents to the jurisdiction of any New York State court or United States federal court (each a “**New York Court**”), the appointment of Law Debenture Corporate Services Inc. to accept as an agent for service of process in such jurisdiction and the waiver by the Company of any objection to the venue of a proceeding in a New York Court, pursuant to the Transaction Documents in any action or proceedings based on or arising under the Transaction Documents, is legal, valid and binding on the Company assuming that the same is true under the governing law of the Transaction Documents and under the laws, rules and procedures applying in the New York Courts.
- 1.15 The obligations of the Company under the Transaction Documents and the Notes rank and will rank at least pari passu with all its other present and future unsecured obligations (other than those preferred by law).
- 1.16 Based solely on our search of the Register of Writs and Other Originating Process (the “**Court Register**”) maintained by the Clerk of the Court of the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands from the date of incorporation of the Company to the close of business (Cayman Islands time) on [•] 2015 (the “**Litigation Search**”), the Court Register disclosed no writ, originating summons, originating motion, petition (including any winding-up petition), counterclaim nor third party

notice (“**Originating Process**”) nor any amended Originating Process pending before the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands, in which the Company is identified as a defendant or respondent.

- 1.17 Although there is no statutory enforcement in the Cayman Islands of judgments obtained in the Relevant Jurisdiction, a judgment obtained in such jurisdiction will be recognised and enforced in the courts of the Cayman Islands at common law, without any re-examination of the merits of the underlying dispute, by an action commenced on the foreign judgment debt in the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands, provided such judgment:
- (a) is given by a foreign court of competent jurisdiction;
 - (b) imposes on the judgment debtor a liability to pay a liquidated sum for which the judgment has been given;
 - (c) is final;
 - (d) is not in respect of taxes, a fine or a penalty; and
 - (e) was not obtained in a manner and is not of a kind the enforcement of which is contrary to natural justice or the public policy of the Cayman Islands.
- 1.18 It is not necessary to ensure the legality, validity, enforceability or admissibility in evidence of the Transaction Documents or the Notes that any document be filed, recorded or enrolled with any governmental authority or agency or any official body in the Cayman Islands.
- 1.19 The indemnification and contribution provisions set out in section [7] of the Purchase Agreement do not contravene the public policy or laws of the Cayman Islands.
- 1.20 All dividends and other distributions declared and payable on the Shares may under the current laws and regulations of the Cayman Islands be paid to the Depositary or its designee as the registered holder of the Shares, and where they are to be paid from the Cayman Islands are freely transferable out of the Cayman Islands and there are no restrictions under Cayman Islands law which would prevent the Company from paying dividends to shareholders in U.S. Dollars or any other currency.
- 1.21 There is no exchange control legislation under Cayman Islands law and accordingly there are no exchange control regulations imposed under Cayman Islands law.
- 1.22 The Company can sue and be sued in its own name under the laws of the Cayman Islands.
- 1.23 The Company is not entitled to any immunity under the laws of the Cayman Islands whether characterized as sovereign immunity or otherwise for any legal proceedings in the Cayman Islands to enforce or to collect upon the Transaction Documents.

Annex A-2-A-4

- 1.24 The Initial Purchaser will not be treated as resident, domiciled or carrying on or transacting business or subject to taxation in the Cayman Islands or in violation of any law thereof solely by reason of the negotiation, preparation or execution of the Transaction Documents, as applicable or the entering into of or the enforcement of their rights under the Transaction Documents, as applicable.
- 1.25 The Initial Purchaser will not be required to be licensed, qualified or otherwise entitled to carry on business in the Cayman Islands in order to enforce their rights under, or as a consequence of the execution, delivery and performance of the Transaction Documents.
- 1.26 There are no reporting obligations in the Cayman Islands under the Companies Law (2013 Revision) on holders of the Notes or the Shares to be issued upon conversion of the Notes solely as a result of being holders of such Notes or Shares.

Annex A-2-A-5

**Form of Opinion of Cayman Islands Counsel for the Company
with respect to the Call Spread Confirmations**

- 1.1 The Company has been duly incorporated as an exempted company with limited liability and is validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the Cayman Islands.
- 1.2 The Company has all requisite power and authority under the Memorandum and Articles to enter into, execute and perform its obligations under the Transaction Documents.
- 1.3 The execution and delivery of the Transaction Documents do not, and the performance by the Company of its obligations under the Transaction Documents will not, conflict with or result in a breach of any of the terms or provisions of the Memorandum and Articles or any law, public rule or regulation applicable to the Company currently in force in the Cayman Islands.
- 1.4 The execution, delivery and performance of the Transaction Documents have been authorised by and on behalf of the Company and, upon the execution and unconditional delivery of the Transaction Documents by [an Authorized Person (as defined in the Resolutions)] for and on behalf of the Company, the Transaction Documents will have been duly executed and delivered on behalf of the Company and will constitute the legal, valid and binding obligations of the Company enforceable in accordance with their terms.
- 1.5 No authorisations, consents, approvals, licences, validations or exemptions are required by law from any governmental authorities or agencies or other official bodies in the Cayman Islands in connection with:
 - (a) the execution, creation or delivery of the Transaction Documents by and on behalf of the Company;
 - (b) subject to the payment of the appropriate stamp duty, enforcement of the Transaction Documents against the Company; or
 - (c) the performance by the Company of its obligations under the Transaction Documents.
- 1.6 No taxes, fees or charges (other than stamp duty as set out in paragraph 4.3 below) are payable (either by direct assessment or withholding) to the government or other taxing authority in the Cayman Islands under the laws of the Cayman Islands in respect of:
 - (a) the execution or delivery of the Transaction Documents;
 - (b) the enforcement of the Transaction Documents; or
 - (c) payments made under, or pursuant to, the Transaction Documents.

- 1.7 The Cayman Islands currently have no form of income, corporate or capital gains tax and no estate duty, inheritance tax or gift tax.
- 1.8 The courts of the Cayman Islands will observe and give effect to the choice of the Relevant Law as the governing law of the Transaction Documents.
- 1.9 Based solely on our search of the Register of Writs and Other Originating Process (the “**Court Register**”) maintained by the Clerk of the Court of the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands from the date of incorporation of the Company to the close of business (Cayman Islands time) on [●] 2015 (the “**Litigation Search**”), the Court Register disclosed no writ, originating summons, originating motion, petition (including any winding-up petition), counterclaim nor third party notice (“**Originating Process**”) nor any amended Originating Process pending before the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands, in which the Company is identified as a defendant or respondent.
- 1.10 Although there is no statutory enforcement in the Cayman Islands of judgments obtained in the Relevant Jurisdiction, a judgment obtained in such jurisdiction will be recognised and enforced in the courts of the Cayman Islands at common law, without any re-examination of the merits of the underlying dispute, by an action commenced on the foreign judgment debt in the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands, provided such judgment:
- (a) is given by a foreign court of competent jurisdiction;
 - (b) imposes on the judgment debtor a liability to pay a liquidated sum for which the judgment has been given;
 - (c) is final;
 - (d) is not in respect of taxes, a fine or a penalty; and
 - (e) was not obtained in a manner and is not of a kind the enforcement of which is contrary to natural justice or the public policy of the Cayman Islands.
- 1.11 It is not necessary to ensure the legality, validity, enforceability or admissibility in evidence of the Transaction Documents that any document be filed, recorded or enrolled with any governmental authority or agency or any official body in the Cayman Islands.
- 1.12 None of the parties to the Transaction Documents (other than the Company) is or will be treated as resident, domiciled or carrying on or transacting business in the Cayman Islands solely by reason of the negotiation, preparation or execution of the Transaction Documents, as applicable or the entering into of or the enforcement of their rights under the Transaction Documents, as applicable.
- 1.13 None of the parties to the Transaction Documents (other than the Company) will be required to be licensed, qualified, or otherwise entitled to carry on business in the Cayman Islands in order to enforce their respective rights under the Transaction Documents, or as a consequence of the execution, delivery and performance of the Transaction Documents.

Annex A-2-B-2

**Form of Opinion of Cayman Islands Counsel for the Company
with respect to C-Travel International Limited**

- 1.1 The Company has been duly incorporated as an exempted company with limited liability and is validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the Cayman Islands.
- 1.2 Based solely on our review of the Register of Members, the Issuer is the sole registered holder of shares in the Company.
- 1.3 All dividends and other distributions declared and payable on the shares of the Company may under the current laws and regulations of the Cayman Islands be paid to the Issuer as the registered holder of the shares, and where they are to be paid from the Cayman Islands are freely transferable out of the Cayman Islands and there are no restrictions under Cayman Islands law which would prevent the Company from paying dividends to shareholders in U.S. Dollars or any other currency.
- 1.4 There is no exchange control legislation under Cayman Islands law and accordingly there are no exchange control regulations imposed under Cayman Islands law.
- 1.5 The statements about the Company in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum are accurate in so far as such statements are summaries of or relate to Cayman Islands law.
- 1.6 Based solely on our search of the Register of Writs and Other Originating Process (the “**Court Register**”) maintained by the Clerk of the Court of the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands from the date of incorporation of the Company to the close of business (Cayman Islands time) on [•] 2015 (the “**Litigation Search**”), the Court Register disclosed no writ, originating summons, originating motion, petition (including any winding-up petition), counterclaim nor third party notice (“**Originating Process**”) nor any amended Originating Process pending before the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands, in which the Company is identified as a defendant or respondent.

Form of Opinion of PRC Counsel for the Company

1. Each of the PRC Subsidiaries has been duly incorporated and is validly existing with limited liability under the PRC Laws and their respective business license is in full force and effect. The registered capital of each of the PRC Subsidiaries has been fully paid in accordance with the relevant PRC Laws and its articles of association. All of the equity interests in each of the PRC Subsidiaries (i) are legally owned by its shareholders as indicated in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum and Final Offering Memorandum, (ii) [are fully paid] in accordance with relevant PRC Laws and its articles of association, and (iii) are free and clear of all mortgages, pledges, and to the best of our knowledge after due inquiry all liens, encumbrances, security interests, equities or claims or any third-party right. All Governmental Authorizations required under PRC Laws for the ownership by the respective shareholders of their equity interest in each of the PRC Subsidiaries have been duly obtained. To the best of our knowledge after due inquiry there are no outstanding rights, warrants or options to acquire, or instruments convertible into or exchangeable for, nor any agreements or other obligations to issue or other rights to convert any obligation into, any equity interest in any PRC Subsidiaries. The articles of association of each of the PRC Subsidiaries comply with the requirements of applicable PRC Laws and are in full force and effect.

2. Each of the VIEs has been duly incorporated and is validly existing with limited liability under the PRC Laws and their respective business license is in full force and effect. The registered capital of each of the VIEs [has been fully paid] in accordance with the relevant PRC Laws and its articles of association. All of the equity interests in each of the VIEs (i) are legally owned by its respective shareholders, (ii) are fully paid and non-assessable, and (iii) are free and clear of all mortgages, pledges, and to the best of our knowledge after due inquiry, all liens, encumbrances, security interests, equities or claims or any third-party right, except for the pledges created under the Material Contracts. All Government Authorizations required under PRC Laws for the ownership by the respective shareholders of their equity interest in each of the VIEs have been duly obtained. To the best of our knowledge after due inquiry, there are no outstanding rights, warrants or options to acquire, or instruments convertible into or exchangeable for, nor any agreements or other obligations to issue or other rights to convert any obligation into, any equity interest in any VIEs, except for the option under the Material Contracts. The articles of association of each of the VIEs comply with the requirements of applicable PRC Laws and are in full force and effect.

3. The ownership structure, business and contractual arrangements of each of the PRC Entities as set forth in the [Preliminary Offering Memorandum and the Final Offering Memorandum] are in compliance with existing PRC laws, rules and regulations. No consent, approval or license other than those already obtained is required under the existing PRC Laws for the establishment of such ownership structures.

4. Each of the Material Contracts was duly authorized, executed and delivered by the parties thereto, constitutes legal, valid and binding obligations of such parties, and is enforceable against each such party in accordance with its terms. Except as disclosed in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum and the Final Offering Memorandum, to ensure the legality, validity, enforceability of the Material Contracts in the PRC, it is not necessary that any such document be filed or recorded with any PRC Government Agency. Each of the Material Contracts does not, and the execution and delivery thereof by the parties thereto, or the performance by each of the parties thereto of its obligations thereunder, or the consummation by each of the parties thereto of the transactions contemplated therein, will not (i) to the best of our knowledge, conflict with or result in a breach or violation of any terms or provisions of, or constitute a default under, any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement or other agreement or instrument governed by the PRC Laws to which any of the parties to the Material Contracts is a party or by which or to which any of such parties or their respective properties or assets is bound or subject; (ii) result in any violation of the provisions of such party's articles of association or business license or any Governmental Authorization;

or (iii) result in any violation of any PRC Laws.

5. [Except as disclosed in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum and the Final Offering Memorandum], all consents, approvals, authorizations, orders, registrations and qualifications required under the PRC Laws in connection with the transactions as contemplated by the Material Contracts have been made or unconditionally obtained in writing, and no such consent, approval, authorization, order, registration or qualification has been withdrawn or is subject to any condition precedent which has not been fulfilled or performed.
6. Each of the PRC Entities has full corporate right, power and authority and has all Governmental Authorizations of and from, and has made all necessary declarations and filings with, all Governmental Agencies to own, lease, license and use its material properties, vehicles and other assets and conduct its business in the manner presently conducted and as described in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum and the Final Offering Memorandum and such Governmental Authorizations contain no materially burdensome restrictions or conditions not described in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum and the Final Offering Memorandum. To the best of our knowledge after due inquiry, none of the PRC Entities has received any notification of proceedings relating to the modification, suspension or revocation of any such Governmental Authorizations, and nothing has come to our attention that makes us reasonably believe that any regulatory body is considering modifying, suspending or revoking, or not renewing, any such Governmental Authorizations. To the best of our knowledge after due inquiry, each of the PRC Entities conducts its business in accordance with, and is not in violation of, its articles of association, business license, Governmental Authorizations or any PRC Laws to which it is subject or by which it is bound. Nothing has come to our attention that makes us reasonably believe that any of the PRC Entities is in breach or violation of, or in default in the performance or observance of any obligation, agreement, covenant or condition contained in any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement, lease or other agreement or instrument and governed by PRC Laws to which it is a party or by which it or any of its properties may be bound.
7. The business engaged by the PRC Entities as described in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum and Final Offering Memorandum has received all required Government Authorizations and is in compliance with PRC Laws and their respective articles and associations in all material respects.
8. Each of the PRC Entities has valid title to its real properties as listed in Schedule V, to the best of our knowledge after due inquiry, free and clear of any liens, charges, encumbrances, equities, claims, defects, options or restrictions.
9. Each lease agreement as listed in Schedule IV to which any PRC Entity is a party is duly executed and constitutes a legal, valid and binding obligation of such PRC Entity, and the leasehold interests of each PRC Entity are free from liens, charges, encumbrances, equities, claims defects, options or restrictions and are fully protected by the terms of the lease agreements, which are valid, binding and enforceable in accordance with their respective terms under the PRC Laws, except for certain lease agreements have not been registered with local competent authorities, which will not have a Material Adverse Effect.
10. Each of the PRC Entities owns or possesses valid licenses in full force and effect or otherwise has the legal right to use, or can acquire on reasonable terms, the Intellectual Property Rights as listed in Schedule VI.
11. To the best of our knowledge after due inquiry, none of the PRC Entities is infringing, misappropriating or violating any Intellectual Property Rights of any third party in the PRC, and no Intellectual Property Right is subject to any outstanding decree, order, injunction, judgment or ruling restricting the use of such Intellectual Property Right in the PRC that would impair the validity or enforceability of such Intellectual Property Right, nor has any of the PRC Entities received any notice of any claim of infringement or

conflict with any such rights of any third parties, which would be reasonably expected to have a Material Adverse Effect .

12. Subject to satisfaction of applicable government registration and approval requirements for the proceeds proposed to fund the PRC Entities, the application of the net proceeds to be received by the Company from the offering as contemplated by the Preliminary Offering Memorandum and the Final Offering Memorandum will not (i) contravene any provision of applicable PRC laws, rules or regulations, or the articles of association or other constitutive or organizational documents or business license of any of the PRC Entities; or (ii) to the best of our knowledge after due inquiry, contravene the terms or provisions of, or constitute a default under, any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement, lease or other agreement or instrument governed by PRC Laws to which any of the PRC Entities is a party or by which it or any of its properties is bound, or any judgment, order or decree of any of the Governmental Agencies.
13. All dividends and other distributions declared and payable upon the equity interests in each of the PRC Subsidiaries in accordance with its articles of associations and the PRC Laws may be converted into foreign currency and freely transferred out of the PRC without the necessity of obtaining any Governmental Authorizations in the PRC except such as have been obtained, subject to compliance with the laws, regulations and rules generally applicable to all foreign invested-enterprises in the PRC; and except as disclosed in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum and the Final Offering Memorandum, all such dividends and other distributions are not and will not be subject to any other taxes or deductions under the applicable PRC Laws.
14. To the best of our knowledge after due inquiry, there are no legal, arbitration or governmental proceedings in progress or pending or threatened in the PRC to which any of the Group Companies is a party or of which any property of any Group Company is the subject which, if determined adversely to such Group Company, would have a Material Adverse Effect. Nothing has come to our attention that makes us reasonably believe that any such proceedings are contemplated by any PRC Government Agencies or any other third party.
15. To the best of our knowledge after due inquiry, no labor dispute, work stoppage, slow down or other conflict with the employees of any of the PRC Entities exists, or is imminent or threatened subject which, if determined adversely to such Group Company, would have a Material Adverse Effect.
16. To the best of our knowledge after due inquiry, there are no pending or threatened administrative or regulatory investigations or proceedings relating to any PRC tax laws against any Group Companies.
17. The statements in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum and the Final Offering Memorandum under “Offering Circular Summary”, “Risk Factors”, “Taxation” and “Enforceability of Civil Liabilities,” and the statements in the Annual Report under “Operating and Financial Review and Prospects,” “Information on the Company”, “Directors, Senior Management and Employees” and “Major Shareholders and Related Party Transactions” to the extent that they constitute matters of PRC Laws or summaries of legal matters of the PRC or legal conclusions in respect of the PRC Laws, or summarize the terms and provisions of the agreements governed by PRC Laws, are correct and accurate in all material respects, and nothing has been omitted from such statements which would make the same misleading in any material respect.
18. The Regulations on Mergers and Acquisitions of Domestic Enterprises by Foreign Investors (the “M&A Rule”), which became effective on September 8, 2006 and was issued by six PRC regulatory agencies, including the Ministry of Commerce (the “MOFCOM”), the State Assets Supervision and Administration Commission, the State Administration for Taxation, the State Administration for Industry

Annex A-3-3

and Commerce, the China Securities Regulatory Commission (the “CSRC”) and the State Administration of Foreign Exchange (“SAFE”), and any amendment, official clarifications, guidance, interpretations or implementation rules in connection with or related to the M&A Rules did not and do not apply to the issuance and sale of the Securities or the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Purchase Agreement, the Indenture or any of the Transaction Documents.

19. Each PRC Subsidiary has taken all necessary steps to comply with, and to ensure compliance by all of the Company’s direct or indirect shareholders who are PRC residents and subject to the registration requirement under Notice 75 (as defined below) known to the Company with the Notice on Issues Relating to the Administration of Foreign Exchange in Fund-raising and Reverse Investment Activities of Domestic Residents Conducted via Offshore Special Purpose Companies, or Notice 75, issued by the SAFE.
20. No stamp or other issuance or transfer taxes or duties and no capital gains, income, withholding or other taxes are payable by or on behalf of the Initial Purchaser (except for those who are PRC residents) to the government of the PRC or to any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof or therein in connection with (i) the issuance, sale and delivery by the Company of the Securities to or for the respective accounts of the Initial Purchaser, (ii) the sale and delivery outside of the PRC of the Securities by the Initial Purchaser, (iii) the conversion of the Securities into Ordinary Shares to be represented by ADSs, (iv) the deposit by the Company of Ordinary Shares with the Depositary against issuance of the corresponding ADSs or (v) the execution and delivery of any Transaction Documents or the performance by any of the parties thereto of their respective obligations thereof.
21. The issuance and deposit of the Conversion Shares and the issuance and delivery of Conversion ADSs representing such Conversion Shares as provided in the Transaction Documents will not violate any PRC Laws or require any Governmental Authorizations that has not been given or made or that is not in full force and effect.
22. The issuance and deposit of the Conversion Shares and the issuance and delivery of Conversion ADSs representing such Conversion Shares as provided in the Transaction Documents does not give rise to any tax liability that is or may become payable by the Depositary or its Custodian.
23. Each of the PRC Subsidiaries which is a foreign-invested company has duly completed all material Governmental Authorizations required under the applicable PRC laws concerning foreign exchange.
24. The irrevocable submission of the Company to the jurisdiction of any New York court, the waiver by the Company of any objection to the venue of a proceeding in a New York court, the waiver and agreement not to plead an inconvenient forum, the waiver of sovereign immunity and the agreement of the Company that the Transaction Documents shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of New York do not contravene PRC laws and will be respected by PRC courts. Service of process effected in the manner set forth in the Transaction Documents will be effective, insofar as PRC Laws are concerned, to confer valid personal jurisdiction over the Company. Any judgment obtained in a New York court arising out of or in relation to the obligations of the Company under the Transaction Documents will be recognized in PRC courts subject to conditions described under the caption “Enforceability of Civil Liabilities” in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum and the Final Offering Memorandum.
25. The indemnification and contribution provisions set forth in Section 7 of the Purchase Agreement and Section [●] of the Deposit Agreement do not contravene any PRC Laws. To ensure the legality, validity, enforceability or admissibility in evidence of the Purchase Agreement and the Deposit Agreement in the PRC, it is not necessary that any such document be filed or recorded with any Governmental Agencies or that any stamp or similar tax be paid on or in respect of any such document.

26. As a matter of PRC Laws, none of the PRC Entities or their properties, assets or revenues has any right of immunity in the PRC, on any grounds, from any legal action, suit or proceeding, from the giving of any relief in any such legal action, suit or proceeding, from setoff or counterclaim, from the jurisdiction of any court, from service of process, attachment upon or prior to judgment, or attachment in aid of execution of judgment, or from execution of a judgment, or other legal process or proceeding for the giving of any relief with respect to their respective obligations, liabilities or any other matter under or arising out of or in connection with the Transaction Documents.
27. The issue and sale of the Securities and the execution and delivery by the Company of, and the performance by the Company of its obligations under, the Purchase Agreement and the conversion of the Securities into Ordinary Shares to be represented by ADSs and the deposit with the Depositary of any Ordinary Shares against the issuance of the corresponding ADSs, do not and will not conflict with or result in a breach or violation of any of the terms or provisions of, or constitute a default under, any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement or other agreement or instrument governed by the PRC Laws to which any of the PRC Entities is a party or by which any of the PRC Entities is bound or to which any of the property or assets of any of the PRC Entities is subject, nor will such action result in any violation of the provisions of the articles of association, business license or any other constituent documents of any of the PRC Entities or any PRC Laws. No Governmental Authorization of or with any Governmental Agencies in the PRC is required for the issue and sale of the Securities under the Purchase Agreement, the conversion of the Securities into Ordinary Shares to be represented by ADSs, the deposit with the Depositary of any Ordinary Shares against the issuance of the corresponding ADSs and the execution and delivery of, and the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Documents.
28. As a matter of PRC Laws, no holder of any of the Securities and any of the ADSs of the Company will be subject to liability in respect of any liability of any of the PRC Entities, and no holder of any of the Securities and any of the ADSs of the Company who is not a PRC resident will be subject to a requirement to be licensed or otherwise qualified to do business or be deemed domiciled or resident in the PRC, by virtue only of the holding of such Securities and/or ADS. There are no limitations under PRC Laws on the rights of holders of the Securities and/or ADS who are not PRC residents to hold, vote or transfer their Securities or ADS nor any statutory pre-emptive rights or transfer restrictions applicable to the Securities, ADS or Ordinary Shares.
29. There are no PRC fees or taxes that are or will become applicable to any of the PRC Entities as a consequence of completion of the offering that have not been described in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum and the Final Offering Memorandum.
30. It is not necessary in order to enable the Initial Purchaser to exercise or enforce their rights under the Purchase Agreement in the PRC or by reason of the entry into and/or the performance of the Purchase Agreement for the Initial Purchaser to be licensed, qualified, authorized or entitled to do business in the PRC. The entry into, and performance or enforcement of each of the Transaction Documents in accordance with its respective terms will not subject any Initial Purchaser to any requirement to be licensed or otherwise qualified to do business in the PRC, nor will any Initial Purchaser be deemed to be resident, domiciled, carrying on business through an establishment or place in the PRC or in breach of any PRC Laws by reason of entry into, performance or enforcement of the Transaction Documents.
31. There are no reporting obligations under PRC Laws on holders of the Securities who are not PRC residents by virtue of holding of the Securities.
32. The description of PRC tax laws and regulations in general and as applicable to the PRC Entities in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum and the Final Offering Memorandum are true and accurate in all material respects. The preferential tax treatments received by any of the PRC Entities, are correctly and

Annex A-3-5

accurately described in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum and the Final Offering Memorandum.

33. To the best of our knowledge after due inquiry, except for the guarantees provided for the interest of PRC Entities in the ordinary course of business and disclosed in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum and the Final Offering Memorandum, there are no outstanding guarantees or contingent payment obligations by any of the PRC Entities in respect of indebtedness of third parties.
34. To the best of our knowledge after due inquiry, none of the PRC Entities has taken any action nor have any steps been taken or legal or administrative proceedings been commenced or threatened for the winding up, dissolution, bankruptcy or liquidation, or for the appointment of a liquidation committee or similar officers in respect of the assets of any of the PRC Entities, or for the suspension, withdrawal, revocation or cancellation of any of their respective business license.
35. Nothing has come to our attention that would cause us to believe that the Preliminary Offering Memorandum, as of the Time of Sale or the date hereof, the Time of Sale Information, as of the Time of Sale or as of the date hereof, or the Final Offering Memorandum, as of its date or as of the date hereof, in each case except for the financial statements and financial schedules and other financial data included therein, contained or contains any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted or omits to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

Annex A-3-6

**Form of Opinion of Hong Kong Counsel for the Company
with respect to the Hong Kong Subsidiary**

1. Due Incorporation

The Company was duly incorporated on 11 June 1999 as a private company with limited liability and is validly existing under the laws of Hong Kong. The Company remains on the Register of Companies maintained by the Companies Registry in Hong Kong.

2. Corporate Power

The Company has the capacity and powers to own the assets and to carry on the businesses as conducted by it and the Articles of Association does not contain any restriction against the Company owning such assets or carrying on such businesses.

The Company holds a valid Business Registration Certificate issued by the Commissioner of Inland Revenue which certificate is required under the laws of Hong Kong for carrying on business in Hong Kong.

3. Share Capital and Ownership

The total number of issued Shares is 65,000 and the total amount of the issued share capital is US\$65,000. The Shares have been duly and validly authorized and issued and are owned by Ctrip.com International.

4. No violation

Based solely on the Directors' Certificate, the board of directors of the Company confirms that the Company is not in violation of the Articles of Association or in default in the performance or observance of any material obligation, agreement, covenant or condition contained in any license, indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement, lease or other agreement or instrument to which it is a party or by which it or any of its properties may be bound or of any law, public rule or regulation applicable to the Company in Hong Kong currently in force or of any existing order or decree of any governmental authority or agency or any official body in Hong Kong.

5. Offering Documents

The execution and delivery by Ctrip.com International of each of the Offering Documents, the deposit of the ordinary shares of Ctrip.com International by Ctrip.com International with the Depository (hereinafter defined in paragraph 3 of Schedule 1 hereof) against the issuance of the American Depository Shares ("ADSs"), and the offering of the Securities by Ctrip.com International pursuant to the Offering Documents do not, and will not, cause the Company to violate (i) the Articles of Association, or (ii) any statute or provision of the laws of Hong Kong or any order, rule or regulation known to us of any Hong Kong government agency having jurisdiction over the Company.

6. Dividends

No taxes or charges are payable under the current laws of Hong Kong in respect of the payment of dividends and other distributions declared and payable on the shares of the Company, and all such dividends and other distributions may be paid without the necessity of obtaining any governmental authorization or approval in Hong Kong.

7. Disclosure

The statements in the Offering Memorandum (hereinafter defined in paragraph 2 of Schedule 1 hereof) under the section headed "Risk factors" and "Taxation — People's Republic of China Taxation" regarding the current effective tax treaty between China and Hong Kong on withholding tax payable on dividends, insofar as such statements constitute summaries of the legal matters to which the Company is a party referred to therein, in each case to the extent, and only to the extent, governed by the laws of Hong Kong, are materially true and correct and fairly present the information and summarize the matters referred to therein and not misleading in any material respect.

8. Winding up Petition and Civil Litigation

As revealed from the Winding Up Search on the Company, there is no record of the presentation of any winding up petition against the Company. The directors of the Company have confirmed in the Directors' Certificate that there is no resolution to wind-up the Company has been proposed (or is intended to be proposed) or passed; there is no receiver or manager has been appointed to take control or possession of any part of assets or undertakings of the Company; and there is no proposal or scheme of compromise or arrangement with any of its creditors.

As revealed from the record of the Civil Litigation Checks, the Company is not involved any civil litigation proceedings either as plaintiff or as defendant; and there is no judgment against the Company. The directors of the Company have confirmed in the Directors' Certificate that there is no legal or arbitration proceedings pending or threatened against the Company or any facts likely to give rise to any legal or arbitration proceedings against the Company.

Annex A-4-2

**Form of Opinion of Taiwan Counsel for the Company
with respect to the Taiwan Subsidiaries**

1. Each of the Company and the Subsidiary has been duly incorporated and is validly existing as a corporation limited by shares organized under the laws of the ROC with legal right, power and capacity to own, use, lease and operate its properties and conduct its business in the ROC in the manner described in their respective articles of incorporation and their respective corporate amendment registration filed with the ROC Ministry of Economic Affairs; and the articles of incorporation of the Company and the Subsidiary comply, in all material respects, with the requirements of applicable laws, statute and regulations of the ROC and are in full force and effect;
2. (A) The Company has an authorized capitalization of NT\$ 380,000,000 with an issued and outstanding capital of NT\$ 228,354,830, which is divided into 22,835,483 common shares, and (B) the Subsidiary has an authorized capitalization of NT\$ 200,000,000 with an issued and outstanding capital of NT\$ 138,000,000, which is divided into 13,800,000 common shares, all of which are wholly owned by the Company; and all of the issued and outstanding shares of capital stock of the Company and the Subsidiary have been duly and validly authorized and issued and are fully paid and non-assessable. To our knowledge after due inquiry, none of the outstanding issued shares of the Company was issued in violation of the pre-emptive or similar rights under ROC law of any shareholder of the Company. For the purposes of this opinion, the term "nonassessable" in relation to shares of capital stock of the Company under ROC law means that no calls for further payment can be made upon such capital stock or upon any holders of such capital stock solely by reason of their ownership thereof;
3. To our knowledge after due inquiry, as of the date hereof, C-Travel is (1) the registered holder of 19.09% issued and outstanding shares of the Company; and (2) the beneficial owner of 78.20% of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company through a trust arrangement established under the Trust Deed. To our knowledge after due inquiry, those shares held by C-Travel, directly or indirectly are free and clear of all liens and encumbrances of any third party;
4. The execution, delivery and performance of the Documents for the consumption of transactions contemplated therein do not violate the laws of the ROC;
5. To our knowledge after due inquiry, (A) there are no legal or governmental proceedings in the ROC courts pending to which the Company is a party or of which any property of the Company is the subject, the result of which, if determined unfavorable against the Company, would have any material adverse effect, or any development involving a prospective material adverse effect, in or affecting the general affairs, management, financial position, shareholders' equity or results of operations of the Issuer, C-Travel, the Company and their subsidiaries, taken as a whole (a "**Material Adverse Effect**"), and (B) no such proceedings in the ROC courts that would have Material Adverse Effect are threatened;

Annex A-5-1

6. To our knowledge after due inquiry, the Company (A) is not in violation of its articles of incorporation, (B) is not in default in the performance or observance of obligation, agreement, covenant or condition contained in any contract, license, indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan or credit agreement, lease or other material agreement or instrument to which it is a party or by which it or any of its assets or properties may be bound or subject, and (C) is not in violation or contravention of any ROC law or statute or any order, rule or regulation of any ROC Governmental Agency having jurisdiction over the Company, which in each case, the violation would have a Material Adverse Effect;
7. To our knowledge after due inquiry, (A) each of the Company and the Subsidiary has all licenses, permits, authorizations and approvals from all ROC Governmental Agencies that are necessary to own, lease, license and use its properties and conduct its businesses as described in their respective articles of incorporation of the Company and the Subsidiary and their respective corporate amendment registration filed with the ROC Ministry of Economic Affairs, (B) such licenses, permits, authorizations and approvals contain no unreasonably burdensome restrictions or conditions that would have a Material Adverse Effect, (C) none of the Company and Subsidiary is in violation of the provisions of all such licenses, permits, authorizations, and approvals in all material respects, and (D) no ROC Governmental Agency is threatening to modify, suspend or revoke any such licenses, permits, authorizations and approvals;
8. The Company is not currently prohibited from paying any dividends or stock distributions to the shareholders of the Company, all dividends declared and payable may be converted into foreign currency that may be freely transferred out of the ROC under the current ROC laws, and such dividends are not subject to any withholding or other taxes under the current ROC laws, except for the ROC withholding income tax currently at the rate of 20% of the gross amount payable; and
9. To our knowledge after due inquiry, the Company does not have (A) any strike, labor dispute, slowdown or stoppage or other conflict with its employees, and (B) any union representation dispute currently existing concerning its employees, that, in each case, would have a Material Adverse Effect.

Annex A-5-2

**Form of Opinion of British Virgin Islands Counsel for the Company
with respect to HKWOT (BVI) Limited**

- 1.1 The Company is a company limited by shares registered under the BVI Business Companies Act, 2004 (the “**Act**”), in good standing at the Registry of Corporate Affairs and validly existing under the laws of the British Virgin Islands, and possesses the capacity to sue and be sued in its own name.
- 1.2 Based solely on our review of the Register of Members, C-Travel International Limited is the sole registered holder of shares in the Company.
- 1.3 All dividends and other distributions declared and payable on the shares of the Company may under the current laws and regulations of the British Virgin Islands be paid to the Issuer as the registered holder of the shares, and where they are to be paid from the British Virgin Islands are freely transferable out of the British Virgin Islands and there are no restrictions under British Virgin Islands law which would prevent the Company from paying dividends to shareholders in U.S. Dollars or any other currency.
- 1.4 There is no exchange control legislation under British Virgin Islands law and accordingly there are no exchange control regulations imposed under British Virgin Islands law.
- 1.5 The statements about the Company in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum are accurate in so far as such statements are summaries of or relate to British Virgin Islands law.
- 1.6 Based solely on our inspection of the High Court Registry from the date of incorporation of the Company there were no actions or petitions pending against the Company in the High Court of the British Virgin Islands as at the time of our searches on [•] 2015.
- 1.7 On the basis of our searches conducted at the Registry of Corporate Affairs and at the High Court Registry, no currently valid order or resolution for the winding-up of the Company and no current notice of appointment of a receiver over the Company, or any of its assets, appears on the records maintained in respect of the Company. It is a requirement that notice of appointment of a receiver made under section 118 of the Insolvency Act 2003 be registered with the Registry of Corporate Affairs under section 118 of the Insolvency Act 2003. However, it should be noted that there is no mechanism to file with the Registry of Corporate Affairs notice of an appointment of a receiver made under foreign legislation.
- 1.8 On the basis of our search conducted at the Registry of Corporate Affairs, no register of mortgages, charges and other encumbrances was filed by the Company pursuant to section 111A of the International Business Companies Act, 1984 (the “**IBC Act**”) prior to its re-registration under the Act. Furthermore, no charge created by the Company has been registered pursuant to section 163 of the Act.

Form of Opinion of Counsel for the Depositary

Annex A-7-1

a. Time of Sale Information

1. Term sheet containing the terms of the Securities, substantially in the form of Annex C.

b. Permitted General Solicitation

2. Launch press release issued on June 17, 2015.
3. Pricing press release issued on June 18, 2015.

Annex B-1

PRICING TERM SHEET
Dated June 18, 2015

Ctrip.com International, Ltd.
1.00% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020
1.99% Convertible Senior Notes due 2025
Interest Payable January 1 and July 1
Convertible into American Depository Shares, each currently representing 0.25 of
an ordinary share

The information in this pricing term sheet supplements Ctrip.com International, Ltd.'s preliminary offering memorandum, dated June 17, 2015 (the "Preliminary Offering Memorandum"), and supersedes the information in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum to the extent inconsistent with the information in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum. In all other respects, this term sheet is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Preliminary Offering Memorandum. Terms used herein but not defined herein shall have the respective meanings as set forth in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum. All references to dollar amounts are references to U.S. dollars.

Issuer:	Ctrip.com International, Ltd. ("Ctrip")
Ticker / Exchange:	CTRP / The NASDAQ Global Select Market ("NASDAQ")
Title of securities:	1.00% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020 (the "2020 Notes") 1.99% Convertible Senior Notes due 2025 (the "2025 Notes" and, together with the 2020 Notes, the "Notes")
Aggregate principal amount offered:	US\$700,000,000 of the 2020 Notes, of which US\$0 aggregate principal amount is initially being offered pursuant to Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") (the "Regulation S 2020 Notes"), and US\$700,000,000 aggregate principal amount is initially being offered pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act (the "Rule 144A 2020 Notes"). US\$400,000,000 of the 2025 Notes, of which US\$0 aggregate principal amount is initially being offered pursuant to Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Regulation S 2025 Notes"), and US\$400,000,000 aggregate principal amount is initially being offered pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act (the "Rule 144A 2025 Notes").
Over-allotment option:	Ctrip has granted the initial purchaser the right to purchase, exercisable within a 30-day period, up to an additional US\$105,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2020 Notes and/or US\$60,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2025 Notes, solely to cover over-allotments.
Interest:	The 2020 Notes will bear interest at a rate equal to 1.00% per annum from June 24, 2015. The 2025 Notes will bear interest at a rate equal to 1.99% per annum from June 24, 2015.
NASDAQ Last Reported Sale Price on June 18, 2015:	US\$75.01 per American Depository Share ("ADS"), each representing as of the date of this pricing term sheet 0.25 of an ordinary share of Ctrip, par value US\$0.01 per ordinary share.
Conversion premium:	Approximately 45.0% above the NASDAQ Last Reported Sale Price on June 18, 2015 for the 2020 Notes and approximately

42.5% above the NASDAQ Last Reported Sale Price on June 18, 2015 for the 2025 Notes.

Initial conversion price:	Approximately US\$108.76 per ADS for the 2020 Notes and approximately US\$106.89 per ADS for the 2025 Notes.
Initial conversion rate:	For the 2020 Notes, 9.1942 ADSs per US\$1,000 principal amount of the 2020 Notes. For the 2025 Notes, 9.3555 ADSs per US\$1,000 principal amount of the 2025 Notes.
Interest payment dates:	January 1 and July 1 of each year
Maturity date:	For the 2020 Notes, July 1, 2020, unless earlier repurchased or converted; For the 2025 Notes, July 1, 2025, unless earlier repurchased or converted
Sole book-running manager:	J.P. Morgan Securities LLC
Trade date:	June 19, 2015
Settlement date:	June 24, 2015
CUSIP:	Rule 144A 2020 Notes: 22943F AE0 Regulation S 2020 Notes: G25861 AC2 Rule 144A 2025 Notes: 22943F AG5 Regulation S 2025 Notes: G25861 AD0
ISIN:	Rule 144A 2020 Notes: US22943FAE07 Regulation S 2020 Notes: USG25861AC29 Rule 144A 2025 Notes: US22943FAG54 Regulation S 2025 Notes: USG25861AD02
Convertible note hedge and warrant transactions:	In connection with the pricing of the Notes, Ctrip entered into convertible note hedge transactions with JPMorgan London and other financial institutions for the 2020 Notes. Ctrip also expects to enter into warrant transactions with JPMorgan London and other financial institutions for the 2020 Notes. Each convertible note hedge transaction is expected generally to offset the potential dilution to the ordinary shares and ADSs upon any conversion of the 2020 Notes. However, each warrant transaction could separately have a dilutive effect to the extent that the market value per ADS exceeds the applicable strike price of the warrants, subject to Ctrip's ability to elect cash settlement of the warrants under certain conditions. If the initial purchaser exercises its over-allotment option with respect to the 2020 Notes, Ctrip may enter into additional convertible note hedge and warrant transactions.
Use of proceeds:	Ctrip estimates that the net proceeds from this offering will be approximately US\$1080.8 million (or US\$1243.3 million if the initial purchaser exercises its over-allotment option regarding both the 2020 Notes and 2025 Notes in full), after deducting discounts and commissions of the initial purchaser.

Ctrip intends to use a portion of the net proceeds of the offering to pay the cost of call spread transactions which it expects to enter into with one or more third party financial institutions (the “hedge counterparties”). Ctrip has been advised that the hedge counterparties and/or their affiliates expect to enter into derivative transactions with respect to the ADSs concurrently with, or shortly after, the pricing of the notes and/or to purchase ADSs, and may adjust or unwind such derivative transactions or enter into additional derivative transactions, and buy or sell ADSs or other securities from time to time. These activities could impact the trading price of the ADSs and/or the notes.

Ctrip plans to use the remainder of the net proceeds from this offering for other general corporate purposes, including a concurrent repurchase of its ADSs and potential note retirement from time to time. The Company may from time to time enter into other transactions with respect to its securities, including purchases of its securities for cash and/or ADSs carried out concurrently with or shortly after the pricing of the notes. Any of these activities could impact the trading price of the ADSs and/or the notes.

Repurchase of Notes by Ctrip at the option of the holder:

Holders of the 2020 Notes have the right to require Ctrip to repurchase for cash all or part of their Notes on July 1, 2018 and holders of the 2025 Notes have the right to require Ctrip to repurchase for cash all or part of their Notes on July 1, 2020, in each case at a repurchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes to be repurchased, *plus* accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the repurchase date.

Optional Redemption for Changes in the Tax Laws of the Relevant Taxing Jurisdiction:

If Ctrip has, or on the next interest payment date would, become obligated to pay any additional amounts (other than de minimis amounts) as a result of (i) any change or amendment on or after the date of the Preliminary Offering Memorandum in the laws or any rules or regulations of a relevant taxing jurisdiction, or (ii) any change on or after the date of the Preliminary Offering Memorandum in an interpretation, administration or application of such laws, rules or regulations, as further described under “Description of the Notes—Optional Redemption for Changes in the Tax Laws of the Relevant Taxing Jurisdiction” of the Preliminary Offering Memorandum Ctrip may, at its option, redeem all but not part of the Notes at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes to be redeemed plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but not including, the redemption date and any additional amounts with respect to such redemption price.

Upon Ctrip’s giving a notice of redemption, a holder may elect not to have its Notes redeemed, in which case such holder would not be entitled to receive the additional amounts referred to in “Description of the Notes—Additional amounts” in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum after the redemption date.

Fundamental change:

If Ctrip undergoes a “fundamental change” (as defined under “Description of the notes—Fundamental change permits

holders to require us to repurchase notes” in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum), subject to certain conditions, holders may require Ctrip to repurchase for cash all or part of their Notes in principal amounts of US\$1,000 or an integral multiple thereof. The fundamental change repurchase price will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes to be repurchased, *plus* accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the fundamental change repurchase date.

Additional amounts:

All payments and deliveries made by, or on behalf of, Ctrip or any successor to Ctrip under or with respect to the Notes, including, but not limited to, payments of principal (including, if applicable, the repurchase price and the fundamental change repurchase price), payments of interest and deliveries of ADSs (together with payments of cash for any fractional ADS, if applicable) upon conversion, will be made without withholding or deductions, unless such withholding or deduction is required by law or by regulation or governmental policy having the force of law. In the event that any such withholding or deduction is so required by certain jurisdictions, Ctrip will pay such additional amounts as may be necessary to ensure that the net amount received by the beneficial owner after such withholding or deduction (and after deducting any taxes on the additional amounts) shall equal the amounts that would have been received by such holder had no such withholding or deduction been required, subject to certain exceptions set forth under “Description of the notes—Additional amounts” in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum.

Adjustment to ADSs delivered upon conversion upon a make-whole fundamental change or Ctrip’s election to redeem the 2020 Notes upon a change in tax law:

With respect to the 2020 Notes, the following table sets forth the number of additional ADSs to be received per US\$1,000 principal amount of Notes that are converted in connection with (i) a “make-whole fundamental change” as described in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum, based on the ADS price and effective date of the make-whole fundamental change or (ii) Ctrip’s election to redeem the Notes upon a change in tax law as if the applicable redemption reference date were the “effective date” and the applicable “ADS price”:

Effective date	ADS price														
	US\$75 .01	US\$90 .00	US\$100 .00	US\$108 .76	US\$115 .00	US\$120 .00	US\$125 .00	US\$130 .00	US\$140 .00	US\$150 .00	US\$175 .00	US\$200 .00	US\$250 .00	US\$300 .00	US\$400 .00
June 24, 2015	4.1373	3.0028	2.3926	1.9827	1.7441	1.5785	1.4322	1.3024	1.0840	0.9091	0.6018	0.4107	0.2027	0.1037	0.0247
July 1, 2016	4.1373	3.0092	2.3598	1.9286	1.6800	1.5088	1.3585	1.2262	1.0057	0.8315	0.5321	0.3517	0.1632	0.0781	0.0147
July 1, 2017	4.1373	2.8950	2.2126	1.7695	1.5185	1.3480	1.2000	1.0712	0.8598	0.6962	0.4239	0.2669	0.1121	0.0476	0.0049
July 1, 2018	4.1373	2.5949	1.9468	1.5262	1.2888	1.1283	0.9898	0.8700	0.6760	0.5288	0.2940	0.1685	0.0579	0.0189	0.0000
July 1, 2019	4.1373	2.3582	1.6454	1.2010	0.9603	0.8033	0.6724	0.5633	0.3965	0.2805	0.1211	0.0543	0.0112	0.0008	0.0000
July 1, 2020	4.1373	1.9169	0.8058	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

The exact ADS prices and effective dates may not be set forth in the table above, in which case:

- If the ADS price is between two ADS prices in the table or the effective date is between two effective dates in the table, the number of additional ADSs will be determined by a straight-line interpolation between the number of additional ADSs set forth for the higher and lower ADS prices and the earlier and later effective dates, as applicable, based on a 365-day year.
- If the ADS price is greater than US\$400.00 per ADS (subject to adjustment in the same manner as the ADS prices set forth in the column headings of the table above), no additional ADSs will be added to the conversion rate.
- If the ADS price is less than US\$75.01 per ADS (subject to adjustment in the same manner as the ADS prices set forth in the column headings of the table above), no additional ADSs will be added to the conversion rate.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no event will the conversion rate per US\$1,000 principal amount of the 2020 Notes exceed 13.3315 ADSs, subject to adjustment in the same manner as the conversion rate as set forth under “Description of the notes—Conversion rights—Conversion rate adjustments” in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum.

Adjustment to ADSs delivered upon conversion upon a make-whole fundamental change or Ctrip’s election to redeem the 2025 Notes upon a change in tax law:

With respect to the 2025 Notes, the following table sets forth the number of additional to be received per US\$1,000 principal amount of Notes that are converted in connection with (i) a “make-whole fundamental change” as described in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum, based on the ADS price and effective date of the make-whole fundamental change or (ii) Ctrip’s election to redeem the Notes upon a change in tax law as if the applicable redemption reference date were the “effective date” and the applicable “ADS price”:

Effective date	ADS price														
	US\$75 .01	US\$90 .00	US\$100 .89	US\$106 .89	US\$115 .00	US\$120 .00	US\$125 .00	US\$130 .00	US\$140 .00	US\$150 .00	US\$175 .00	US\$200 .00	US\$250 .00	US\$300 .00	US\$400 .00
June 24, 2015	3.9760	3.0672	2.5405	2.2508	1.9673	1.8175	1.6836	1.5634	1.3572	1.1876	0.8753	0.6660	0.4120	0.2696	0.1252
July 1, 2016	3.9760	3.1476	2.5860	2.2791	1.9805	1.8236	1.6838	1.5588	1.3454	1.1712	0.8538	0.6441	0.3935	0.2552	0.1169
July 1, 2017	3.9760	3.1563	2.5683	2.2497	1.9421	1.7815	1.6392	1.5124	1.2976	1.1236	0.8104	0.6067	0.3667	0.2361	0.1067
July 1, 2018	3.9760	3.1255	2.5112	2.1828	1.8693	1.7072	1.5644	1.4381	1.2260	1.0560	0.7544	0.5612	0.3363	0.2150	0.0955
July 1, 2019	3.9760	3.0142	2.3886	2.0619	1.7554	1.5989	1.4622	1.3421	1.1418	0.9822	0.7002	0.5192	0.3080	0.1945	0.0842
July 1, 2020	3.9760	2.6737	2.1641	1.8875	1.6201	1.4804	1.3567	1.2465	1.0601	0.9095	0.6405	0.4681	0.2705	0.1672	0.0698
July 1, 2021	3.9760	2.6990	2.1506	1.8557	1.5730	1.4266	1.2976	1.1835	0.9923	0.8399	0.5737	0.4086	0.2269	0.1363	0.0544
July 1, 2022	3.9760	2.6275	2.0456	1.7367	1.4445	1.2950	1.1645	1.0504	0.8618	0.7145	0.4662	0.3198	0.1687	0.0984	0.0378
July 1, 2023	3.9760	2.4989	1.8728	1.5473	1.2457	1.0945	0.9647	0.8531	0.6734	0.5383	0.3243	0.2097	0.1040	0.0598	0.0228
July 1, 2024	3.9760	2.2280	1.5386	1.1948	0.8909	0.7456	0.6258	0.5271	0.3784	0.2769	0.1407	0.0839	0.0428	0.0269	0.0108
July 1, 2025	3.9760	1.7556	0.6445	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

The exact ADS prices and effective dates may not be set forth in the table above, in which case:

- If the ADS price is between two ADS prices in the table or the effective date is between two effective dates in the table, the number of additional ADSs will be determined by a straight-line interpolation between the number of additional ADSs set forth for the higher and lower ADS prices and the earlier and later effective dates, as applicable, based on a 365-day year.
- If the ADS price is greater than US\$400.00 per ADS (subject to adjustment in the same manner as the ADS prices set forth in the column headings of the table above), no additional ADSs will be added to the conversion rate.
- If the ADS price is less than US\$75.01 per ADS (subject to adjustment in the same manner as the ADS prices set forth in the column headings of the table above), no additional ADSs will be added to the conversion rate.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no event will the conversion rate per US\$1,000 principal amount of the 2025 Notes exceed 13.3315 ADSs, subject to adjustment in the same manner as the conversion rate as set forth under “Description of the notes—Conversion rights—Conversion rate adjustments” in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum.

General

This communication is intended for the sole use of the person to whom it is provided by the sender.

This communication shall not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy securities nor shall there be any sale of these securities in any state in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful prior to registration or qualification under the laws of any such state.

The Notes, any ADSs deliverable upon conversion of the Notes and the ordinary shares represented thereby have not been, and will not be, registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”), or any state securities laws. Accordingly, the Notes are being offered and sold only to “qualified institutional buyers” as defined in Rule 144A promulgated under the Securities Act and to certain non-U.S. persons in offshore transactions in reliance on Regulation S under the Securities Act. The Notes are not transferable except in accordance with the restrictions described under “Transfer restrictions” in the Preliminary Offering Memorandum.

[Remainder of Page Intentionally Blank]

Restrictions on Offers and Sales Outside the United States

In connection with offers and sales of Securities outside the United States:

- (a) The Initial Purchaser acknowledges that the Securities have not been registered under the Securities Act and may not be offered or sold within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons except pursuant to an exemption from, or in transactions not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act.
- (b) The Initial Purchaser represents, warrants and agrees that:
 - (i) the Initial Purchaser has offered and sold the Securities, and will offer and sell the Securities, (A) as part of their distribution at any time and (B) otherwise until 40 days after the later of the commencement of the offering of the Securities and the Closing Date, only in accordance with Regulation S under the Securities Act ("Regulation S") or Rule 144A or any other available exemption from registration under the Securities Act;
 - (ii) none of the Initial Purchaser its affiliates and any other person acting on its or their behalf has engaged or will engage in any directed selling efforts with respect to the Securities, and all such persons have complied and will comply with the offering restrictions requirement of Regulation S; and
 - (iii) at or prior to the confirmation of sale of any Securities sold in reliance on Regulation S, such Initial Purchaser will have sent to each distributor, dealer or other person receiving a selling concession, fee or other remuneration that purchase Securities from it during the distribution compliance period a confirmation or notice to substantially the following effect:

The Securities covered hereby have not been registered under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and may not be offered or sold within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons (i) as part of their distribution at any time or (ii) otherwise until 40 days after the later of the commencement of the offering of the Securities and the date of original issuance of the Securities, except in accordance with Regulation S or Rule 144A or any other available exemption from registration under the Securities Act. Terms used above have the meanings given to them by Regulation S.

Terms used in paragraph (a) and this paragraph (b) and not otherwise defined in this Agreement have the meanings given to them by Regulation S.

- (c) the Initial Purchaser represents, warrants and agrees that:

- (i) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated any invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of Section 21 of the United Kingdom Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (the "FSMA")) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any Securities in circumstances in which Section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to the Company or the Guarantors; and

(ii) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to the Securities in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

(d) The Initial Purchaser acknowledges that no action has been or will be taken by the Company that would permit a public offering of the Securities, or possession or distribution of any of the Time of Sale Information, the Offering Memorandum, any Issuer Written Communication or any other offering or publicity material relating to the Securities, in any country or jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required.

Annex D-2

Exhibit A

FORM OF LOCK-UP AGREEMENT

Exhibit A-1

LOCK-UP AGREEMENT

June 18, 2015

J.P. MORGAN SECURITIES LLC
383 Madison Avenue
New York, New York 10179
United States of America

MORGAN STANLEY & CO. INTERNATIONAL PLC
25 Cabot Square
Canary Wharf
London E14 4QA
United Kingdom

Re: **Ctrip.com International, Ltd.** — Offering of 1.00% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020 and 1.99% Convertible Senior Notes due 2025

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The undersigned understands that J.P. Morgan Securities LLC (the “**Representative**”) and Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc (the “**Initial Purchasers**”) propose to enter into a Purchase Agreement (the “**Purchase Agreement**”) with Ctrip.com International, Ltd., an exempted company limited by shares incorporated in the Cayman Islands (the “**Company**”), providing for the purchase and resale (the “**Placement**”) by the Initial Purchasers of 1.00% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020 and 1.99% Convertible Senior Notes due 2025 of the Company (the “**Securities**”) pursuant to Regulation S and Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933 (the “**Securities Act**”), as amended. Capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings set forth in the Purchase Agreement.

In consideration of the Initial Purchasers’ agreement to purchase and make the Placement of the Securities, and for other good and valuable consideration receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the undersigned hereby agrees that, without the prior written consent of the Representative, the undersigned will not, and shall procure any entities controlled by the undersigned not to, during the period commencing on the date hereof and ending 90 days after the date of the final offering memorandum relating to the Placement, (1) offer, pledge, sell, contract to sell, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase, or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, or participate in the filing of a registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “**SEC**”) relating to, any ordinary shares, with a par value of US\$0.01 per share, of the Company (the “**Ordinary Shares**”) or American Depository Shares (“**ADSs**”) or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for Ordinary Shares or ADSs (including without limitation, Ordinary Shares or ADSs or such other securities which may be deemed to be beneficially owned by the undersigned in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC and securities which may be issued upon exercise of a share option or warrant), or publicly disclose the intention to make any offer, sale, pledge or disposition of such securities, (2) enter into any swap or other agreement that transfers, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of the Ordinary Shares or ADSs or such other securities, whether any such transaction described in clause (1) or (2) above is to be settled by delivery of Ordinary Shares or ADSs or such other securities, in cash or

Exhibit A-2

otherwise or (3) make any demand for or exercise any right with respect to the registration of any shares of Ordinary Shares or ADSs or any security convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for Ordinary Shares or ADSs.

In furtherance of the foregoing, the Company, and any duly appointed transfer agent for the registration or transfer of the securities described herein, are hereby authorized to decline to make any transfer of securities if such transfer would constitute a violation or breach of this Letter Agreement.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the undersigned may (a) transfer Ordinary Shares, ADSs or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for Ordinary Shares or ADSs (collectively, "**Covered Securities**") as a bona fide gift or gifts, (b) transfer Covered Securities to any trust for the direct or indirect benefit of the undersigned or the immediate family of the undersigned, (c) transfer Covered Securities upon death by will or intestacy to the undersigned's immediate family, or (d) distribute Covered Securities to stockholders of the undersigned, if the undersigned is a corporation; provided that, in the case of any gift, disposition, transfer or distribution pursuant to sub-clauses (a) through (d), (i) each donee, transferee or distributee shall sign and deliver a lock-up letter substantially in the form of this letter, and (ii) no filing under Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "**Exchange Act**") shall be required or shall be voluntarily made in connection with any such transaction; provided further that, in the case of any gift, disposition, transfer or distribution pursuant to sub-clauses (a) through (d), any such transaction shall not be for value. Additionally, any Ordinary Shares, ADSs or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for Ordinary Shares or ADSs acquired by the undersigned in the open market after the date of the Placement will not be subject to the restrictions in this Letter Agreement, provided that no filing under Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act shall be required or shall be voluntarily made in connection with the subsequent sales of such securities. For purposes of this Lock-Up Agreement, "**immediate family**" shall mean any relationship by blood, marriage or adoption, not more remote than first cousin.

The undersigned hereby represents and warrants that the undersigned has full power and authority to enter into this Letter Agreement. All authority herein conferred or agreed to be conferred and any obligations of the undersigned shall be binding upon the successors, assigns, heirs or personal representative of the undersigned.

The undersigned understands that, if the Purchase Agreement does not become effective, or if the Purchase Agreement (other than the provisions thereof which survive termination) shall terminate or be terminated prior to payment for and delivery of the Securities to be sold thereunder, the undersigned shall be released from all obligations under this Letter Agreement. The undersigned understands that the Representative is entering into the Purchase Agreement and proceeding with the Placement in reliance upon this Letter Agreement.

This Letter Agreement and any claim, controversy or dispute arising under or related to this Letter Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York.

[Signature page to follow]

Exhibit A-3

Very truly yours,

[NAME OF LOCK-UP PARTY]

By: _____
Name:
Title:

Exhibit A-4

FORM OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER'S CERTIFICATE

Exhibit B-1

CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER'S CERTIFICATE

June , 2015

The undersigned, Chief Financial Officer of Ctrip.Com International, Ltd., (collectively with its consolidated subsidiaries and affiliated entities, the “**Company**”), pursuant to Section 6(q) of the Purchase Agreement, dated June 18, 2015 (the “**Purchase Agreement**”), among the Company and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC as the initial purchaser (the “**Initial Purchaser**”), hereby certifies that:

1. I am providing this certificate to the Initial Purchaser in connection with the Company’s offer and sale of 1.00% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020 and 1.99% Convertible Senior Notes due 2025 (the “**Offering**”) as described in the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum.

2. I am familiar with the accounting, operations, records systems and internal controls of the Company. I have participated in the preparation of the Time of Sale Information and the Offering Memorandum.

3. I have reviewed the Company’s accounting and operating records for the relevant period described in paragraph 4 of this certificate.

4. To my knowledge after due inquiry, for the period from April 1, 2015 to the date hereof, there was no decrease, as compared with the corresponding period in the preceding year, in total consolidated net revenues of the Company.

Capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Purchase Agreement. This certificate is to assist the Initial Purchaser in conducting and documenting their investigation of the affairs of the Company in connection with the Offering and shall not be used for other purposes.

(Signature Page Follows)

Exhibit B-2

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have signed this Chief Financial Officer's Certificate as of the date first written above.

CTRIp.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

Name: Xiaofan Wang
Title: Chief Financial Officer

[Signature Page to Chief Financial Officer's Certificate]

Exhibit B-3

CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

AND

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON,

as Trustee

INDENTURE

Dated as of June 24, 2015

1.00% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS	
Section 1.01. <i>Definitions</i>	1
Section 1.02. <i>References to Interest</i>	10
ARTICLE 2 ISSUE, DESCRIPTION, EXECUTION, REGISTRATION AND EXCHANGE OF NOTES	
Section 2.01. <i>Designation and Amount</i>	11
Section 2.02. <i>Form of Notes</i>	11
Section 2.03. <i>Date and Denomination of Notes; Payments of Interest and Defaulted Amounts</i>	12
Section 2.04. <i>Execution, Authentication and Delivery of Notes</i>	13
Section 2.05. <i>Exchange and Registration of Transfer of Notes; Restrictions on Transfer; Depository Mutilated, Destroyed, Lost or Stolen Notes</i>	14
Section 2.06. <i>Temporary Notes</i>	21
Section 2.08. <i>Cancellation of Notes Paid, Converted, Etc.</i>	22
Section 2.09. <i>CUSIP Numbers</i>	22
Section 2.10. <i>Additional Notes; Repurchases</i>	23
ARTICLE 3 SATISFACTION AND DISCHARGE	
Section 3.01. <i>Satisfaction and Discharge</i>	23
ARTICLE 4 PARTICULAR COVENANTS OF THE COMPANY	
Section 4.01. <i>Payment of Principal and Interest</i>	24
Section 4.02. <i>Maintenance of Office or Agency</i>	24
Section 4.03. <i>Appointments to Fill Vacancies in Trustee's Office</i>	24
Section 4.04. <i>Provisions as to Paying Agent</i>	24
Section 4.05. <i>Existence</i>	26
Section 4.06. <i>Rule 144A Information Requirement and Annual Reports</i>	26
Section 4.07. <i>Additional Amounts</i>	28
Section 4.08. <i>Stay, Extension and Usury Laws</i>	30
Section 4.09. <i>Compliance Certificate; Statements as to Defaults</i>	30
Section 4.10. <i>Further Instruments and Acts</i>	31

ARTICLE 5
LISTS OF HOLDERS AND REPORTS BY THE COMPANY AND THE TRUSTEE

Section 5.01.	<i>Lists of Holders</i>	31
Section 5.02.	<i>Preservation and Disclosure of Lists</i>	31

ARTICLE 6
DEFAULTS AND REMEDIES

Section 6.01.	<i>Events of Default</i>	31
Section 6.02.	<i>Acceleration; Rescission and Annulment</i>	33
Section 6.03.	<i>Additional Interest</i>	34
Section 6.04.	<i>Payments of Notes on Default; Suit Therefor</i>	34
Section 6.05.	<i>Application of Monies Collected by Trustee</i>	36
Section 6.06.	<i>Proceedings by Holders</i>	37
Section 6.07.	<i>Proceedings by Trustee</i>	38
Section 6.08.	<i>Remedies Cumulative and Continuing</i>	38
Section 6.09.	<i>Direction of Proceedings and Waiver of Defaults by Majority of Holders</i>	38
Section 6.10.	<i>Notice of Defaults and Events of Default</i>	39
Section 6.11.	<i>Undertaking to Pay Costs</i>	39

ARTICLE 7
CONCERNING THE TRUSTEE

Section 7.01.	<i>Duties and Responsibilities of Trustee</i>	39
Section 7.02.	<i>Reliance on Documents, Opinions, Etc.</i>	41
Section 7.03.	<i>No Responsibility for Recitals, Etc.</i>	43
Section 7.04.	<i>Trustee, Paying Agents, Conversion Agents or Note Registrar May Own Notes</i>	43
Section 7.05.	<i>Monies and ADSs to Be Held in Trust</i>	43
Section 7.06.	<i>Compensation and Expenses of Trustee</i>	43
Section 7.07.	<i>Officers' Certificate as Evidence</i>	45
Section 7.08.	<i>Eligibility of Trustee</i>	45
Section 7.09.	<i>Resignation or Removal of Trustee</i>	45
Section 7.10.	<i>Acceptance by Successor Trustee</i>	46
Section 7.11.	<i>Succession by Merger, Etc.</i>	47
Section 7.12.	<i>Trustee's Application for Instructions from the Company</i>	47

ARTICLE 8
CONCERNING THE HOLDERS

Section 8.01.	<i>Action by Holders</i>	47
Section 8.02.	<i>Proof of Execution by Holders</i>	48
Section 8.03.	<i>Who Are Deemed Absolute Owners</i>	48
Section 8.04.	<i>Company-Owned Notes Disregarded</i>	48
Section 8.05.	<i>Revocation of Consents; Future Holders Bound</i>	49

ARTICLE 9
HOLDERS' MEETINGS

Section 9.01.	<i>Purpose of Meetings</i>	49
Section 9.02.	<i>Call of Meetings by Trustee</i>	49
Section 9.03.	<i>Call of Meetings by Company or Holders</i>	50
Section 9.04.	<i>Qualifications for Voting</i>	50
Section 9.05.	<i>Regulations</i>	50
Section 9.06.	<i>Voting</i>	51
Section 9.07.	<i>No Delay of Rights by Meeting</i>	51

ARTICLE 10
SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURES

Section 10.01.	<i>Supplemental Indentures Without Consent of Holders</i>	51
Section 10.02.	<i>Supplemental Indentures with Consent of Holders</i>	52
Section 10.03.	<i>Effect of Supplemental Indentures</i>	53
Section 10.04.	<i>Notation on Notes</i>	54
Section 10.05.	<i>Evidence of Compliance of Supplemental Indenture to Be Furnished Trustee</i>	54

ARTICLE 11
CONSOLIDATION, MERGER, SALE, CONVEYANCE AND LEASE

Section 11.01.	<i>Company May Consolidate, Etc. on Certain Terms</i>	54
Section 11.02.	<i>Successor Corporation to Be Substituted</i>	54
Section 11.03.	<i>Opinion of Counsel to Be Given to Trustee</i>	55

ARTICLE 12
IMMUNITY OF INCORPORATORS, STOCKHOLDERS, OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

Section 12.01.	<i>Indenture and Notes Solely Corporate Obligations</i>	55
----------------	---	----

ARTICLE 13
INTENTIONALLY OMITTED

ARTICLE 14
CONVERSION OF NOTES

Section 14.01.	<i>Conversion Privilege</i>	56
Section 14.02.	<i>Conversion Procedure; Settlement Upon Conversion</i>	56
Section 14.03.	<i>Increased Conversion Rate Applicable to Certain Notes Surrendered in Connection with Make-Whole Fundamental Changes</i>	58
Section 14.04.	<i>Adjustment of Conversion Rate</i>	61
Section 14.05.	<i>Adjustments of Prices</i>	70
Section 14.06.	<i>Ordinary Shares to Be Fully Paid</i>	70
Section 14.07.	<i>Effect of Recapitalizations, Reclassifications and Changes of the Ordinary Shares</i>	70
Section 14.08.	<i>Certain Covenant</i>	72

Section 14.09.	<i>Responsibility of Trustee</i>	72
Section 14.10.	<i>Notice to Holders Prior to Certain Actions</i>	73
Section 14.11.	<i>Stockholder Rights Plans</i>	74
Section 14.12.	<i>Termination of Depository Receipt Program</i>	74

ARTICLE 15
REPURCHASE OF NOTES AT OPTION OF HOLDERS

Section 15.01.	<i>Repurchase at Option of Holders</i>	74
Section 15.02.	<i>Repurchase at Option of Holders Upon a Fundamental Change</i>	76
Section 15.03.	<i>Withdrawal of Repurchase Notice or Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice</i>	79
Section 15.04.	<i>Deposit of Repurchase Price or Fundamental Change Repurchase Price</i>	79
Section 15.05.	<i>Covenant to Comply with Applicable Laws Upon Repurchase of Notes</i>	80

ARTICLE 16
OPTIONAL REDEMPTION

Section 16.01.	<i>Optional Redemption for Changes in the Tax Laws of the Relevant Taxing Jurisdiction</i>	81
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ARTICLE 17
MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Section 17.01.	<i>Provisions Binding on Company's Successors</i>	82
Section 17.02.	<i>Official Acts by Successor Corporation</i>	82
Section 17.03.	<i>Addresses for Notices, Etc.</i>	83
Section 17.04.	<i>Governing Law; Jurisdiction</i>	83
Section 17.05.	<i>Submission to Jurisdiction; Service of Process</i>	84
Section 17.06.	<i>Evidence of Compliance with Conditions Precedent; Certificates and Opinions of Counsel to Trustee</i>	84
Section 17.07.	<i>Legal Holidays</i>	85
Section 17.08.	<i>No Security Interest Created</i>	85
Section 17.09.	<i>Benefits of Indenture</i>	85
Section 17.10.	<i>Table of Contents, Headings, Etc.</i>	85
Section 17.11.	<i>Execution in Counterparts</i>	85
Section 17.12.	<i>Severability</i>	85
Section 17.13.	<i>Waiver of Jury Trial</i>	85
Section 17.14.	<i>Force Majeure</i>	85
Section 17.15.	<i>Calculations</i>	86

EXHIBIT

Exhibit A	Form of Note	A-1
Exhibit B	Form of Authorization Certificate	B-1

INDENTURE dated as of June 24, 2015 between CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD., a Cayman Islands exempted company, as issuer (the “**Company**”, as more fully set forth in Section 1.01) and THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON, a national banking association, as trustee (the “**Trustee**”, as more fully set forth in Section 1.01).

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, for its lawful corporate purposes, the Company has duly authorized the issuance of its 1.00% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020 (the “**Notes**”), initially in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed US\$700,000,000 (as increased by an amount equal to the aggregate principal amount of any additional Notes purchased by the Initial Purchasers pursuant to the exercise of their option to purchase additional Notes as set forth in the Purchase Agreement), and in order to provide the terms and conditions upon which the Notes are to be authenticated, issued and delivered, the Company has duly authorized the execution and delivery of this Indenture; and

WHEREAS, the Form of Note, the certificate of authentication to be borne by each Note, the Form of Notice of Conversion, the Form of Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice, the Form of Repurchase Notice and the Form of Assignment and Transfer to be borne by the Notes are to be substantially in the forms hereinafter provided; and

WHEREAS, all acts and things necessary to make the Notes, when executed by the Company and authenticated and delivered by the Trustee, as in this Indenture provided, the valid, binding and legal obligations of the Company, and this Indenture a valid agreement according to its terms, have been done and performed, and the execution of this Indenture and the issuance hereunder of the Notes have in all respects been duly authorized.

NOW, THEREFORE, THIS INDENTURE WITNESSETH:

That in order to declare the terms and conditions upon which the Notes are, and are to be, authenticated, issued and delivered, and in consideration of the premises and of the purchase and acceptance of the Notes by the Holders thereof, the Company covenants and agrees with the Trustee for the equal and proportionate benefit of the respective Holders from time to time of the Notes (except as otherwise provided below), as follows:

ARTICLE 1
DEFINITIONS

Section 1.01. *Definitions.* The terms defined in this Section 1.01 (except as herein otherwise expressly provided or unless the context otherwise requires) for all purposes of this Indenture and of any indenture supplemental hereto shall have the respective meanings specified in this Section 1.01. The words “herein,” “hereof,” “hereunder,” and words of similar import refer to this Indenture as a whole and not to any particular Article, Section or other subdivision. The terms defined in this Article include the plural as well as the singular.

“Additional ADSs” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.03(a).

“Additional Amounts” shall have the meaning specified in Section 4.07(a).

“Additional Interest” means all amounts, if any, payable pursuant to Section 4.06(d), Section 4.06(e), and Section 6.03, as applicable.

“ADS” means an American Depository Share, issued pursuant to the Deposit Agreement, representing 0.25 of an Ordinary Share of the Company as of the date of this Indenture, and deposited with the ADS Custodian.

“ADS Custodian” means The Bank of New York Mellon, with respect to the ADSs delivered pursuant to the Deposit Agreement, or any successor entity thereto.

“ADS Depositary” means The Bank of New York Mellon (formerly, The Bank of New York), as depositary for the ADSs.

“ADS Price” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.03(b).

“Affiliate” of any specified Person means any other Person directly or indirectly controlling or controlled by or under direct or indirect common control with such specified Person. For the purposes of this definition, “control,” when used with respect to any specified Person means the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of such Person, directly or indirectly, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise; and the terms “controlling” and “controlled” have meanings correlative to the foregoing. For purposes of this Indenture and the Notes, each of the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, the Chief Operating Officer of the Company and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company shall be Affiliates of the Company.

“Agents” means the Paying Agent, the Transfer Agent, the Note Registrar and the Conversion Agent.

“Board of Directors” means the board of directors of the Company or a committee of such board duly authorized to act for it hereunder.

“Board Resolution” means a copy of a resolution certified by the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary of the Company to have been duly adopted by the Board of Directors, and to be in full force and effect on the date of such certification, and delivered to the Trustee.

“Business Day” means, with respect to any Note, each Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday that is not a day on which banking institutions in the State of New York or the Cayman Islands are authorized or obligated by law or executive order to close.

“Capital Stock” means, for any entity, any and all shares, interests, rights to purchase, warrants, options, participations or other equivalents of or interests in (however designated) stock issued by that entity.

“Clause A Distribution” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.04(c).

“Clause B Distribution” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.04(c).

“Clause C Distribution” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.04(c).

“close of business” means 5:00 p.m. (New York City time).

“Code” means the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

“Commission” means the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

“Common Equity” of any Person means ordinary share capital or common stock of such Person that is generally entitled (a) to vote in the election of directors of such Person or (b) if such Person is not a corporation, to vote or otherwise participate in the selection of the governing body, partners, managers or others that will control the management or policies of such Person.

“Company” shall have the meaning specified in the first paragraph of this Indenture, and subject to the provisions of Article 11, shall include its successors and assigns.

“Company Notice” shall have the meaning specified in Section 15.01(a).

“Company Order” means a written order of the Company, signed by an Officer of the Company and delivered to the Trustee.

“Conversion Agent” shall have the meaning specified in Section 4.02.

“Conversion Date” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.02(c).

“Conversion Obligation” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.01.

“Conversion Rate” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.01.

“Corporate Trust Office” means the principal office of the Trustee at which at any time its corporate trust business shall be administered, which office at the date hereof is located at 101 Barclay Street, 21st Floor West, Floor 4E, New York, NY 10286, USA, Attention: Global Corporate Trust, or such other address as the Trustee may designate from time to time by notice to the Holders and the Company, or the principal corporate trust office of any successor trustee (or such other address as such successor trustee may designate from time to time by notice to the Holders and the Company).

“Default” means any event that is, or after notice or passage of time, or both, would be, an Event of Default.

“Defaulted Amounts” means any amounts on any Note (including, without limitation, the Repurchase Price, the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, principal and interest) that are payable but are not punctually paid or duly provided for.

“Deposit Agreement” means the deposit agreement dated as of December 8, 2003, as amended and restated as of August 11, 2006, and as further amended and restated as of December 3, 2007, by and among the Company, the ADS Depository, and the owners and

beneficial owners of the ADSs delivered thereunder or, if amended or supplemented as provided therein, as so amended or supplemented.

“Depository” means, with respect to each Global Note, the Person specified in Section 2.05(c) and Section 2.05(e) as the Depository with respect to such Notes, until a successor shall have been appointed and become such pursuant to the applicable provisions of this Indenture, and thereafter, “Depository” shall mean or include such successor.

“Distributed Property” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.04(c).

“Effective Date” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.03(c).

“Event of Default” shall have the meaning specified in Section 6.01.

“Ex-Dividend Date” means the first date on which the ADSs trade on the applicable exchange or in the applicable market, regular way, without the right to receive the issuance, dividend or distribution in question, from the Company or, if applicable, from the seller of the ADSs on such exchange or market (in the form of due bills or otherwise) as determined by such exchange or market.

“Exchange Act” means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

“Expiring Rights” means any rights, options or warrants to purchase Ordinary Shares or ADSs that expire on or prior to the Maturity Date.

“Form of Assignment and Transfer” shall mean the “Form of Assignment and Transfer” attached as Attachment 4 to the Form of Note attached hereto as Exhibit A.

“Form of Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice” shall mean the “Form of Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice” attached as Attachment 2 to the Form of Note attached hereto as Exhibit A.

“Form of Notice of Conversion” shall mean the “Form of Notice of Conversion” attached as Attachment 1 to the Form of Note attached hereto as Exhibit A.

“Form of Repurchase Notice” shall mean the “Form of Repurchase Notice” attached as Attachment 3 to the Form of Note attached hereto as Exhibit A.

“Fractional ADS” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.02(a).

“Fundamental Change” shall be deemed to have occurred at the time after the Notes are originally issued if any of the following occurs:

(a) a “person” or “group” within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act, other than the Company, its Subsidiaries and the employee benefit plans of the Company and its Subsidiaries, files a Schedule TO or any schedule, form or report under the Exchange Act disclosing that such person or group has become the direct or

indirect “beneficial owner,” as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act, of the Company’s ordinary share capital (including ordinary share capital held in the form of ADSs) representing more than 50% of the voting power of the Company’s ordinary share capital;

(b) the consummation of (A) any recapitalization, reclassification or change of the Ordinary Shares or the ADSs (other than changes resulting from a subdivision or combination) as a result of which the Ordinary Shares or the ADSs would be converted into, or exchanged for, stock, other securities, other property or assets; (B) any share exchange, consolidation or merger of the Company pursuant to which the Ordinary Shares or the ADSs will be converted into cash, securities or other property; or (C) any sale, lease or other transfer in one transaction or a series of transactions of all or substantially all of the consolidated assets of the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, to any Person other than one of the Company’s Subsidiaries; *provided, however,* that a transaction described in clause (B) in which the holders of all classes of the Company’s ordinary share capital immediately prior to such transaction own, directly or indirectly, more than 50% of all classes of Common Equity of the continuing or surviving corporation or transferee or the parent thereof immediately after such transaction shall not be a Fundamental Change pursuant to this clause (b);

(c) the shareholders of the Company approve any plan or proposal for the liquidation or dissolution of the Company; or

(d) the ADSs (or other Common Equity or ADSs in respect of Common Equity underlying the Notes) cease to be listed or quoted on any of The New York Stock Exchange, The NASDAQ Global Select Market or The NASDAQ Global Market (or any of their respective successors);

provided, however, that a transaction or transactions described in clause (a) or (b) above shall not constitute a Fundamental Change, if at least 90% of the consideration received or to be received by holders of the ADSs, excluding cash payments for Fractional ADSs, in connection with such transaction or transactions consists of shares of Common Equity or ADSs in respect of Common Equity that are listed or quoted on any of The New York Stock Exchange, The NASDAQ Global Select Market or The NASDAQ Global Market (or any of their respective successors) or will be so listed or quoted when issued or exchanged in connection with such transaction or transactions and as a result of such transaction or transactions the Notes become convertible into such consideration, excluding cash payments for Fractional ADSs.

“Fundamental Change Company Notice” shall have the meaning specified in Section 15.02(c).

“Fundamental Change Repurchase Date” shall have the meaning specified in Section 15.02(a).

“Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice” shall have the meaning specified in Section 15.02(b)(i).

“Fundamental Change Repurchase Price” shall have the meaning specified in Section 15.02(a).

“Global Note” shall have the meaning specified in Section 2.05(b).

“Holder,” as applied to any Note, or other similar terms (but excluding the term “beneficial holder”), shall mean any Person in whose name at the time a particular Note is registered on the Note Register.

“Indenture” means this instrument as originally executed or, if amended or supplemented as herein provided, as so amended or supplemented.

“Initial Purchasers” means J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC

“Interest Payment Date” means each January 1 and July 1 of each year, beginning on January 1, 2016.

“Last Reported Sale Price” of the ADSs on any date means the closing sale price per ADS (or if no closing sale price is reported, the average of the bid and ask prices or, if more than one in either case, the average of the average bid and the average ask prices) on that date as reported in composite transactions for the principal U.S. national or regional securities exchange on which the ADSs are traded. If the ADSs are not listed for trading on a U.S. national or regional securities exchange on the relevant date, the **“Last Reported Sale Price”** shall be the last quoted bid price for the ADSs in the over-the-counter market on the relevant date as reported by OTC Markets Group Inc. or a similar organization. If the ADSs are not so quoted, the **“Last Reported Sale Price”** shall be the average of the mid-point of the last bid and ask prices for the ADSs on the relevant date from each of at least three nationally recognized independent investment banking firms selected by the Company for this purpose.

“Make-Whole Fundamental Change” means any transaction or event described in clause (a), (b) or (d) of the definition of Fundamental Change (determined after giving effect to any exceptions to or exclusions from such definition, including in the *proviso* immediately succeeding clause (d) of the definition thereof, but without regard to the *proviso* in clause (b) of the definition thereof).

“Maturity Date” means July 1, 2020.

“Merger Event” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.07(a).

“Note” or **“Notes”** shall have the meaning specified in the first paragraph of the recitals of this Indenture.

“Notes Fungibility Date” means the date, if any, following the Resale Restriction Termination Date on which all of the Rule 144A Notes and all of the Regulation S Notes are no longer Restricted Securities, do not bear the restrictive legend required by Section 2.05(c), are fungible for U.S. securities law purposes and are assigned an identical, unrestricted CUSIP number.

“Note Register” shall have the meaning specified in Section 2.05(a).

“Note Registrar” shall have the meaning specified in Section 2.05(a).

“Notice of Conversion” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.02(b).

“Offering Memorandum” means the preliminary offering memorandum dated June 17, 2015, as supplemented by the pricing term sheet dated June 18, 2015, relating to the offering and sale of the Notes.

“Officer” means, with respect to the Company, the President, the Chief Executive Officer, the Treasurer, the Secretary, any Executive or Senior Vice President or any Vice President (whether or not designated by a number or numbers or word or words added before or after the title “Vice President”).

“Officers’ Certificate,” when used with respect to the Company, means a certificate that is delivered to the Trustee and that is signed by (a) two Officers of the Company or (b) one Officer of the Company and one of any Assistant Treasurer, any Assistant Secretary or the Controller of the Company. Each such certificate shall include the statements provided for in Section 17.06 if and to the extent required by the provisions of such Section. One of the Officers giving an Officers’ Certificate pursuant to Section 4.09 shall be the principal executive, financial or accounting officer of the Company.

“open of business” means 9:00 a.m. (New York City time).

“Opinion of Counsel” means an opinion in writing signed by legal counsel and in a form reasonably acceptable to the Trustee, who may be an employee of or counsel to the Company, or other counsel acceptable to the Trustee, that is delivered to the Trustee. Each such opinion shall include the statements provided for in Section 17.06 if and to the extent required by the provisions of such Section 17.06.

“Ordinary Shares” means ordinary shares of the Company, par value US\$0.01 per ordinary share, at the date of this Indenture, subject to Section 14.07.

“outstanding,” when used with reference to Notes, shall, subject to the provisions of Section 8.04, mean, as of any particular time, all Notes authenticated and delivered by the Trustee under this Indenture, except:

(a) Notes theretofore canceled by the Trustee or accepted by the Trustee for cancellation;

(b) Notes, or portions thereof, that have become due and payable and in respect of which monies in the necessary amount shall have been deposited with the Trustee or with any Paying Agent (other than the Company) or shall have been set aside and segregated in trust by the Company (if the Company shall act as its own Paying Agent);

- (c) Notes that have been paid pursuant to Section 2.06 or Notes in lieu of which, or in substitution for which, other Notes shall have been authenticated and delivered pursuant to the terms of Section 2.06 unless proof satisfactory to the Trustee is presented that any such Notes are held by protected purchasers in due course;
- (d) Notes converted pursuant to Article 14 and required to be cancelled pursuant to Section 2.08; and
- (e) Notes repurchased by the Company pursuant to the third sentence of Section 2.10.

“Paying Agent” shall have the meaning specified in Section 4.02.

“Person” means an individual, a corporation, a limited liability company, an association, a partnership, a joint venture, a joint stock company, a trust, an unincorporated organization or a government or an agency or a political subdivision thereof.

“Physical Notes” means permanent certificated Notes in registered form issued in denominations of US\$1,000 principal amount and multiples thereof.

“Predecessor Note” of any particular Note means every previous Note evidencing all or a portion of the same debt as that evidenced by such particular Note; and, for the purposes of this definition, any Note authenticated and delivered under Section 2.06 in lieu of or in exchange for a mutilated, lost, destroyed or stolen Note shall be deemed to evidence the same debt as the mutilated, lost, destroyed or stolen Note that it replaces.

“Purchase Agreement” means that certain Purchase Agreement, dated as of June 18, 2015, among the Company and the Initial Purchasers.

“Record Date” means, with respect to any dividend, distribution or other transaction or event in which the holders of the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) (or other applicable security) have the right to receive any cash, securities or other property or in which the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) (or such other security) are exchanged for or converted into any combination of cash, securities or other property, the date fixed for determination of security holders entitled to receive such cash, securities or other property (whether such date is fixed by the Board of Directors, statute, contract or otherwise).

“Redemption Date” shall have the meaning specified in Section 16.01.

“Redemption Reference Date” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.03(g).

“Redemption Reference Price” shall have the meaning specified in Section 16.01.

“Redemption Price” shall have the meaning specified in Section 16.01.

“Reference Property” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.07(a).

“Regular Record Date,” with respect to any Interest Payment Date, shall mean the December 15 or June 15 (whether or not such day is a Business Day) immediately preceding the applicable January 1 or July 1 Interest Payment Date, respectively.

“Regulation S” means Regulation S under the Securities Act or any successor to such regulation.

“Regulation S Notes” means the Notes initially offered and sold outside the United States pursuant to Regulation S.

“Relevant Jurisdiction” shall have the meaning specified in Section 4.07(a).

“Relevant Taxing Jurisdiction” shall have the meaning specified in Section 4.07(a).

“Repurchase Date” shall have the meaning specified in Section 15.01(a).

“Repurchase Expiration Time” shall have the meaning specified in Section 15.01(a).

“Repurchase Notice” shall have the meaning specified in Section 15.01(a).

“Repurchase Price” shall have the meaning specified in Section 15.01(a).

“Resale Restriction Termination Date” shall have the meaning specified in Section 2.05(c).

“Responsible Officer” means, when used with respect to the Trustee, any officer within the corporate trust department of the Trustee, including any vice president, assistant vice president, assistant secretary, assistant treasurer, trust officer or any other officer of the Trustee who customarily performs functions similar to those performed by the Persons who at the time shall be such officers, respectively, or to whom any corporate trust matter is referred because of such person’s knowledge of and familiarity with the particular subject and who shall have direct responsibility for the administration of this Indenture.

“Restricted Securities” shall have the meaning specified in Section 2.05(c).

“Rule 144A” means Rule 144A as promulgated under the Securities Act.

“Rule 144A Notes” means the notes initially offered and sold pursuant to Rule 144A.

“Securities Act” means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

“Significant Subsidiary” means a Subsidiary of the Company that meets the definition of “significant subsidiary” in Article 1, Rule 1-02 of Regulation S-X under the Exchange Act.

“Spin-Off” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.04(c).

“Subsidiary” means, with respect to any Person, any corporation, association, partnership or other business entity of which more than 50% of the total voting power of shares

of Capital Stock or other interests (including partnership interests) entitled (without regard to the occurrence of any contingency) to vote in the election of directors, managers, general partners or trustees thereof is at the time owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by (i) such Person; (ii) such Person and one or more Subsidiaries of such Person; or (iii) one or more Subsidiaries of such Person.

“**Successor Company**” shall have the meaning specified in Section 11.01(a).

“**Trading Day**” means a day on which (i) trading in the ADSs (or other security for which a closing sale price must be determined) generally occurs on The NASDAQ Global Select Market or, if the ADSs (or such other security) are not then listed on The NASDAQ Global Select Market, on the principal other U.S. national or regional securities exchange on which the ADSs (or such other security) are then listed or, if the ADSs (or such other security) are not then listed on a U.S. national or regional securities exchange, on the principal other market on which the ADSs (or such other security) are then traded and (ii) a Last Reported Sale Price for the ADSs (or closing sale price for such other security) is available on such securities exchange or market; *provided* that if the ADSs (or such other security) are not so listed or traded, “**Trading Day**” means a Business Day.

“**transfer**” shall have the meaning specified in Section 2.05(c) and Section 2.05(e), as applicable.

“**Trigger Event**” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.04(c).

“**Trust Indenture Act**” means the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, as it was in force at the date of execution of this Indenture; *provided, however*, that in the event the Trust Indenture Act of 1939 is amended after the date hereof, the term “**Trust Indenture Act**” shall mean, to the extent required by such amendment, the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as so amended.

“**Trustee**” means the Person named as the “**Trustee**” in the first paragraph of this Indenture until a successor trustee shall have become such pursuant to the applicable provisions of this Indenture, and thereafter “**Trustee**” shall mean or include each Person who is then a Trustee hereunder.

“**unit of Reference Property**” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.07(a).

“**U.S. Person**” shall have the meaning as such term is defined under Regulation S.

“**Valuation Period**” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.04(c).

Section 1.02. *References to Interest.* Unless the context otherwise requires, any reference to interest on, or in respect of, any Note in this Indenture shall be deemed to include Additional Interest if, in such context, Additional Interest is, was or would be payable pursuant to any of Section 4.06(d), Section 4.06(e) and Section 6.03. Unless the context otherwise requires, any express mention of Additional Interest in any provision hereof shall not be construed as excluding Additional Interest in those provisions hereof where such express mention is not made.

ARTICLE 2
ISSUE, DESCRIPTION, EXECUTION, REGISTRATION AND EXCHANGE OF NOTES

Section 2.01. *Designation and Amount.* The Notes shall be designated as the “1.00% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020.” The aggregate principal amount of Notes that may be authenticated and delivered under this Indenture is initially limited to US\$700,000,000 (as increased by an amount equal to the aggregate principal amount of any additional Notes purchased by the Initial Purchasers pursuant to the exercise of their option to purchase additional Notes as set forth in the Purchase Agreement), subject to Section 2.10 and except for Notes authenticated and delivered upon registration or transfer of, or in exchange for, or in lieu of other Notes pursuant to Section 2.05, Section 2.06, Section 2.07, Section 10.04, Section 14.02 and Section 15.04.

Section 2.02. *Form of Notes.* The Notes and the Trustee’s certificate of authentication to be borne by such Notes shall be substantially in the respective forms set forth in Exhibit A, the terms and provisions of which shall constitute, and are hereby expressly incorporated in and made a part of this Indenture. To the extent applicable, the Company and the Trustee, by their execution and delivery of this Indenture, expressly agree to such terms and provisions and to be bound thereby.

Any Global Note may be endorsed with or have incorporated in the text thereof such legends or recitals or changes not inconsistent with the provisions of this Indenture as may be required by the Depositary, or as may be required to comply with any applicable law or any regulation thereunder or with the rules and regulations of any securities exchange or automated quotation system upon which the Notes may be listed or traded or designated for issuance or to conform with any usage with respect thereto, or to indicate any special limitations or restrictions to which any particular Notes are subject.

Any of the Notes may have such letters, numbers or other marks of identification and such notations, legends or endorsements as the Officers executing the same may approve (execution thereof to be conclusive evidence of such approval) and as are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Indenture, or as may be required to comply with any law or with any rule or regulation made pursuant thereto or with any rule or regulation of any securities exchange or automated quotation system on which the Notes may be listed or designated for issuance, or to conform to usage or to indicate any special limitations or restrictions to which any particular Notes are subject.

Each Global Note shall represent such principal amount of the outstanding Notes as shall be specified therein and shall provide that it shall represent the aggregate principal amount of outstanding Notes from time to time endorsed thereon and that the aggregate principal amount of outstanding Notes represented thereby may from time to time be increased or reduced to reflect repurchases, cancellations, conversions, transfers or exchanges permitted hereby. Any endorsement of the Global Note to reflect the amount of any increase or decrease in the amount of outstanding Notes represented thereby shall be made by the Trustee or the Note Registrar in such manner and upon instructions given by the Holder of such Notes in accordance with this Indenture. Payment of principal (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) of, and accrued and unpaid interest on, the Global Note shall be

made to the Holder of such Note on the date of payment, unless a record date or other means of determining Holders eligible to receive payment is provided for herein.

Section 2.03. Date and Denomination of Notes; Payments of Interest and Defaulted Amounts. (a) The Notes shall be issuable in registered form without coupons in denominations of US\$1,000 principal amount and integral multiples thereof. Each Note shall be dated the date of its authentication and shall bear interest from the date specified on the face of such Note. Accrued interest on the Notes shall be computed on the basis of a 360-day year composed of twelve 30-day months and, for partial months, on the basis of actual days elapsed over a 30-day month.

(b) The Person in whose name any Note (or its Predecessor Note) is registered on the Note Register at the close of business on any Regular Record Date with respect to any Interest Payment Date shall be entitled to receive the interest payable on such Interest Payment Date. Interest shall be payable at the office or agency of the Company maintained by the Company for such purposes in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York, which shall initially be the Corporate Trust Office. The Company shall pay interest (i) on any Physical Notes (A) to Holders holding Physical Notes having an aggregate principal amount of US\$5,000,000 or less, by check mailed (at the Company's expense) to the Holders of these Notes at their address as it appears in the Note Register and (B) to Holders holding Physical Notes having an aggregate principal amount of more than US\$5,000,000, either by check mailed (at the Company's expense) to such Holders or, upon application by such Holder to the Trustee not later than the relevant Regular Record Date, by wire transfer in immediately available funds to that Holder's account within the United States, which application shall remain in effect until the Holder notifies, in writing, the Trustee to the contrary or (ii) on any Global Note by wire transfer of immediately available funds to the account of the Depository or its nominee.

(c) Any Defaulted Amounts shall forthwith cease to be payable to the Holder on the relevant payment date but shall accrue interest per annum at the rate per annum borne by the Notes *plus* one percent, subject to the enforceability thereof under applicable law, from, and including, such relevant payment date, and such Defaulted Amounts together with such interest thereon shall be paid by the Company, at its election in each case, as provided in clause (i) or (ii) below:

(i) The Company may elect to make payment of any Defaulted Amounts to the Persons in whose names the Notes (or their respective Predecessor Notes) are registered at the close of business on a special record date for the payment of such Defaulted Amounts, which shall be fixed in the following manner. The Company shall notify the Trustee in writing of the amount of the Defaulted Amounts proposed to be paid on each Note and the date of the proposed payment (which shall be not less than 25 days after the receipt by the Trustee of such notice, unless the Trustee in its sole discretion shall consent to an earlier date), and at the same time the Company shall deposit with the Trustee an amount of money equal to the aggregate amount to be paid in respect of such Defaulted Amounts or shall make arrangements satisfactory to the Trustee for such deposit on or prior to the date of the proposed payment, such money when deposited to be held in trust for the benefit of the Persons entitled to such Defaulted Amounts as in this clause provided. Thereupon the Company shall fix a special record date for the

payment of such Defaulted Amounts which shall be not more than 15 days and not less than 10 days prior to the date of the proposed payment, and not less than 10 days after the receipt by the Trustee of the notice of the proposed payment. The Company shall promptly notify the Trustee of such special record date and the Trustee, in the name and at the expense of the Company, shall cause notice of the proposed payment of such Defaulted Amounts and the special record date therefor to be mailed, first-class postage prepaid (at the Company's expense), to each Holder at its address as it appears in the Note Register, not less than 10 days prior to such special record date. Notice of the proposed payment of such Defaulted Amounts and the special record date therefor having been so mailed, such Defaulted Amounts shall be paid to the Persons in whose names the Notes (or their respective Predecessor Notes) are registered at the close of business on such special record date and shall no longer be payable pursuant to the following clause (ii) of this Section 2.03 (c).

(ii) The Company may make payment of any Defaulted Amounts in any other lawful manner not inconsistent with the requirements of any securities exchange or automated quotation system on which the Notes may be listed or designated for issuance, and upon such notice as may be required by such exchange or automated quotation system, if, after notice given by the Company to the Trustee of the proposed payment pursuant to this clause, such manner of payment shall be deemed practicable by the Trustee.

Section 2.04. Execution, Authentication and Delivery of Notes. The Notes shall be signed in the name and on behalf of the Company by the manual or facsimile signature of its Chief Executive Officer, President, Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer, Secretary or any of its Executive or Senior Vice Presidents. With the delivery of this Indenture, the Company is furnishing, and from time to time thereafter may furnish, a certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit B (an "**Authorization Certificate**") identifying and certifying the incumbency and specimen (and/or facsimile) signatures of its active authorized Officers. Until the Trustee receives a subsequent Authorization Certificate, the Trustee shall be entitled to conclusively rely on the last Authorization Certificate delivered to it for purposes of determining the relevant authorized Officers. Typographical and other minor errors or defects in any signature shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any Note which has been duly authenticated and delivered by the Trustee.

At any time and from time to time after the execution and delivery of this Indenture, the Company may deliver Notes executed by the Company to the Trustee for authentication, together with a Company Order for the authentication and delivery of such Notes, and the Trustee in accordance with such Company Order shall authenticate and deliver such Notes, without any further action by the Company hereunder.

The Company Order shall specify the amount of Notes to be authenticated (including the initial amount of Rule 144A Notes and the initial amount of Regulation S Notes), the applicable rate at which interest will accrue on such Notes, the date on which the original issuance of such Notes is to be authenticated, the date from which interest will begin to accrue, the date or dates on which interest on such Notes will be payable and the date on which the principal of such Notes will be payable and other terms relating to such Notes. The Trustee shall thereupon

authenticate and deliver said Notes to or upon the written order of the Company (as set forth in such Company Order).

The Trustee shall have the right to decline to authenticate and deliver any Notes under this Section (a) unless and until it receives from the Company a Company Order instructing it to so authenticate and deliver such Notes; (b) if the Trustee determines that such action may not lawfully be taken; or (c) if the Trustee determines that such action would expose the Trustee to personal liability, unless indemnity and/or security satisfactory to the Trustee against such liability is provided to the Trustee.

Only such Notes as shall bear thereon a certificate of authentication substantially in the form set forth on the form of Note attached as Exhibit A hereto, executed manually or by facsimile by an authorized officer of the Trustee, shall be entitled to the benefits of this Indenture or be valid or obligatory for any purpose. Such certificate by the Trustee upon any Note executed by the Company shall be conclusive evidence that the Note so authenticated has been duly authenticated and delivered hereunder and that the Holder is entitled to the benefits of this Indenture.

In case any Officer of the Company who shall have signed any of the Notes shall cease to be such Officer before the Notes so signed shall have been authenticated and delivered by the Trustee, or disposed of by the Company, such Notes nevertheless may be authenticated and delivered or disposed of as though the Person who signed such Notes had not ceased to be such Officer of the Company; and any Note may be signed on behalf of the Company by such persons as, at the actual date of the execution of such Note, shall be the Officers of the Company, although at the date of the execution of this Indenture any such Person was not such an Officer.

Section 2.05. Exchange and Registration of Transfer of Notes; Restrictions on Transfer; Depositary. (a) The Company shall cause to be kept at the Corporate Trust Office a register (the register maintained in such office or in any other office or agency of the Company designated pursuant to Section 4.02, the “**Note Register**”) in which, subject to such reasonable regulations as it may prescribe, the Company shall provide for the registration of Notes and of transfers of Notes. Such register shall be in written form or in any form capable of being converted into written form within a reasonable period of time. The Trustee is hereby initially appointed the “**Note Registrar**” for the purpose of registering Notes and transfers of Notes as herein provided. The Company may appoint one or more co-Note Registrars in accordance with Section 4.02.

Prior to the Notes Fungibility Date, upon surrender for registration of transfer of any Rule 144A Note or Regulation S Note, as the case may be, to the Note Registrar or any co-Note Registrar, and satisfaction of the requirements for such transfer set forth in this Section 2.05, the Company shall execute, and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, in the name of the designated transferee or transferees, one or more new Rule 144A Notes or Regulation S Notes, as the case may be, of any authorized denominations and of a like aggregate principal amount and bearing such restrictive legends as may be required by this Indenture. Following the Notes Fungibility Date, upon surrender for registration of transfer of any Note to the Note Registrar or any co-Note Registrar, and satisfaction of the requirements for such transfer set forth in this Section 2.05, the Company shall execute, and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, in the name of the designated transferee or transferees, one or more new Notes of any authorized

denominations and of a like aggregate principal amount and not bearing the restrictive legends required by Section 2.05(c).

Prior to the Notes Fungibility Date, Rule 144A Notes and Regulation S Notes, as the case may be, may be exchanged for other Rule 144A Notes or Regulation S Notes, as the case may be, of any authorized denominations and of a like aggregate principal amount, upon surrender of the Rule 144A Notes or Regulation S Notes, as the case may be, to be exchanged at any such office or agency maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 4.02. Whenever any Rule 144A Notes or Regulation S Notes, as the case may be, are so surrendered for exchange, the Company shall execute, and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, the Rule 144A Notes or Regulation S Notes, as the case may be, that the Holder making the exchange is entitled to receive, bearing registration numbers not contemporaneously outstanding. Following the Notes Fungibility Date, Notes may be exchanged for other Notes of any authorized denominations and of a like aggregate principal amount but not bearing the restrictive legend required by Section 2.05(c), upon surrender of the Notes to be exchanged at any such office or agency maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 4.02. Whenever any Notes are so surrendered for exchange, the Company shall execute, and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, the Notes that the Holder making the exchange is entitled to receive, bearing registration numbers not contemporaneously outstanding.

All Notes presented or surrendered for registration of transfer or for exchange, repurchase or conversion shall (if so required by the Company, the Trustee, the Note Registrar or any co-Note Registrar) be duly endorsed, or be accompanied by a written instrument or instruments of transfer in form satisfactory to the Company and duly executed, by the Holder thereof or its attorney-in-fact duly authorized in writing.

No service charge shall be imposed by the Company, the Transfer Agent, the Note Registrar, any co-Note Registrar or the Paying Agent for any exchange or registration of transfer of Notes, but the Company may require a Holder to pay a sum sufficient to cover any documentary, stamp or similar issue or transfer tax required in connection therewith as a result of the name of the Holder of new Notes issued upon such exchange or registration of transfer being different from the name of the Holder of the old Notes surrendered for exchange or registration of transfer. The Company shall pay the Depository's fees for issuance of the ADSs.

None of the Company, the Trustee, the Note Registrar or any co-Note Registrar shall be required to exchange or register a transfer of (i) any Notes surrendered for conversion or, if a portion of any Note is surrendered for conversion, such portion thereof surrendered for conversion or (ii) any Notes, or a portion of any Note, surrendered for repurchase (and not withdrawn) in accordance with Article 15.

All Notes issued upon any registration of transfer or exchange of Notes in accordance with this Indenture shall be the valid obligations of the Company, evidencing the same debt, and entitled to the same benefits under this Indenture as the Notes surrendered upon such registration of transfer or exchange.

(b) So long as the Notes are eligible for book-entry settlement with the Depository, unless otherwise required by law, subject to the fourth paragraph from the end of Section 2.05(c)

all Notes shall be represented by one or more Notes in global form (each, a “**Global Note**”) registered in the name of the Depositary or the nominee of the Depositary. The transfer and exchange of beneficial interests in a Global Note that does not involve the issuance of a Physical Note shall be effected through the Depositary in accordance with this Indenture (including the restrictions on transfer set forth herein) and the procedures of the Depositary therefor. Prior to the Notes Fungibility Date, the Rule 144A Notes shall be represented by one or more Global Notes and the Regulation S Notes shall be represented by one or more separate Global Notes. Following the Notes Fungibility Date, the Rule 144A Notes and the Regulation S Notes may be represented by one or more of the same Global Notes.

(c) Every Note that bears or is required under this Section 2.05(c) to bear the legend set forth in this Section 2.05(c) (together with any ADSs (including the Ordinary Shares represented thereby) delivered upon conversion of the Notes that is required to bear the legend set forth in Section 2.05(d), collectively, the “**Restricted Securities**”) shall be subject to the restrictions on transfer set forth in this Section 2.05(c) (including the legend set forth below), unless such restrictions on transfer shall be eliminated or otherwise waived by written consent of the Company, and the Holder of each such Restricted Security, by such Holder’s acceptance thereof, agrees to be bound by all such restrictions on transfer. As used in this Section 2.05(c) and Section 2.05(d), the term “**transfer**” encompasses any sale, pledge, transfer or other disposition whatsoever of any Restricted Security.

Until the date (the “**Resale Restriction Termination Date**”) that is the later of (1) the date that is one year after the last date of original issuance of the Notes, or such shorter period of time as permitted by Rule 144 under the Securities Act or any successor provision thereto, and (2) such later date, if any, as may be required by applicable law, any certificate evidencing such Note (and all securities issued in exchange therefor or substitution thereof, other than ADSs (including the Ordinary Shares represented thereby) issued upon conversion thereof, which shall bear the legend set forth in Section 2.05(d), if applicable) shall bear a legend in substantially the following form (unless such Notes have been transferred pursuant to a registration statement that has become or been declared effective under the Securities Act and that continues to be effective at the time of such transfer, or pursuant to the exemption from registration provided by Rule 144 or any similar provision then in force under the Securities Act, or unless otherwise agreed by the Company in writing, with notice thereof to the Trustee):

THIS SECURITY, THE AMERICAN DEPOSITORY SHARES DELIVERABLE UPON CONVERSION OF THIS SECURITY AND THE ORDINARY SHARES REPRESENTED THEREBY HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE “**SECURITIES ACT**”), AND MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD, PLEDGED OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED EXCEPT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE. BY ITS ACQUISITION HEREOF OR OF A BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN, THE ACQUIRER:

(1) REPRESENTS THAT IT AND ANY ACCOUNT FOR WHICH IT IS ACTING IS (A) A “QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER” (WITHIN THE MEANING OF RULE 144A UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) OR (B) NOT A U.S. PERSON AND LOCATED OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES (WITHIN THE MEANING OF REGULATION S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) AND THAT IT

EXERCISES SOLE INVESTMENT DISCRETION WITH RESPECT TO EACH SUCH ACCOUNT AND THAT IT AND ANY SUCH ACCOUNT IS NOT AN AFFILIATE OF THE COMPANY, AND

(2) AGREES FOR THE BENEFIT OF CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD. (THE "COMPANY") THAT IT WILL NOT OFFER, SELL, PLEDGE OR OTHERWISE TRANSFER THIS SECURITY OR ANY BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN PRIOR TO THE DATE THAT IS THE LATER OF (X) ONE YEAR AFTER THE LAST ORIGINAL ISSUE DATE HEREOF OR SUCH SHORTER PERIOD OF TIME AS PERMITTED BY RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR ANY SUCCESSOR PROVISION THERETO AND (Y) SUCH LATER DATE, IF ANY, AS MAY BE REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW, EXCEPT:

- (A) TO THE COMPANY OR ANY SUBSIDIARY THEREOF, OR
- (B) PURSUANT TO A REGISTRATION STATEMENT WHICH HAS BECOME EFFECTIVE UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, OR
- (C) TO A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER IN COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 144A UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, OR
- (D) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES IN ACCORDANCE WITH REGULATION S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, OR
- (E) PURSUANT TO AN EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRATION PROVIDED BY RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT (IF AVAILABLE).

PRIOR TO THE REGISTRATION OF ANY TRANSFER IN ACCORDANCE WITH (2)(E) ABOVE, THE COMPANY, THE DEPOSITORY AND THE TRUSTEE RESERVE THE RIGHT TO REQUIRE THE DELIVERY OF SUCH LEGAL OPINIONS, CERTIFICATIONS OR OTHER EVIDENCE AS MAY REASONABLY BE REQUIRED IN ORDER TO DETERMINE THAT THE PROPOSED TRANSFER IS BEING MADE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE SECURITIES ACT AND APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS. NO REPRESENTATION IS MADE AS TO THE AVAILABILITY OF ANY EXEMPTION FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT.

NO AFFILIATE (AS DEFINED IN RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) OF THE COMPANY OR PERSON THAT HAS BEEN AN AFFILIATE (AS DEFINED IN RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) OF THE COMPANY DURING THE THREE IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING MONTHS MAY PURCHASE, OTHERWISE ACQUIRE OR OWN THIS NOTE OR A BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN.

No transfer of any Note prior to the Resale Restriction Termination Date will be registered by the Note Registrar unless the applicable box on the Form of Assignment and Transfer has been checked.

Any Note (or security issued in exchange or substitution therefor) as to which such restrictions on transfer shall have expired in accordance with their terms may, upon surrender of such Note for exchange to the Note Registrar in accordance with the provisions of this Section 2.05, be exchanged for a new Note or Notes, of like tenor and aggregate principal amount, which shall not bear the restrictive legend required by this Section 2.05(c) and shall not be assigned a restricted CUSIP number. The Company shall be entitled to instruct the Trustee in writing to so surrender any Global Note as to which such restrictions on transfer shall have expired in accordance with their terms for exchange, and, upon such instruction, the Trustee shall so surrender such Global Note for exchange; and any new Global Note so exchanged therefor shall not bear the restrictive legend specified in this Section 2.05(c) and shall not be assigned a restricted CUSIP number. The Company shall promptly notify the Trustee upon the occurrence of the Resale Restriction Termination Date and after a registration statement, if any, with respect to the Notes or the ADSs (including the Ordinary Shares represented thereby) issued upon conversion of the Notes has been declared effective under the Securities Act.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Indenture (other than the provisions set forth in this Section 2.05(c)), a Global Note may not be transferred as a whole or in part except (i) by the Depositary to a nominee of the Depositary or by a nominee of the Depositary to the Depositary or another nominee of the Depositary or by the Depositary or any such nominee to a successor Depositary or a nominee of such successor Depositary and (ii) for transfers of portions of a Global Note in certificated form made upon request of a member of, or a participant in, the Depositary (for itself or on behalf of a beneficial owner) by written notice given to the Trustee by or on behalf of the Depositary in accordance with customary procedures of the Depositary and in compliance with this Section 2.05(c).

The Depositary shall be a clearing agency registered under the Exchange Act. The Company initially appoints The Depository Trust Company to act as Depositary with respect to each Global Note. Initially, each Global Note shall be issued to the Depositary, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as the nominee of the Depositary, and deposited with the Trustee as custodian for Cede & Co.

If (i) the Depositary notifies the Company at any time that the Depositary is unwilling or unable to continue as depositary for the Global Notes and a successor depositary is not appointed within 90 days, (ii) the Depositary ceases to be registered as a clearing agency under the Exchange Act and a successor depositary is not appointed within 90 days or (iii) an Event of Default with respect to the Notes has occurred and is continuing and a beneficial owner of any Note requests that its beneficial interest therein be issued as a Physical Note, the Company shall execute, and the Trustee, upon receipt of an Officers' Certificate and a Company Order for the authentication and delivery of Notes, shall authenticate and deliver (x) in the case of clause (iii), a Physical Note to such beneficial owner in a principal amount equal to the principal amount of such Note corresponding to such beneficial owner's beneficial interest and (y) in the case of clause (i) or (ii), Physical Notes to each beneficial owner of the related Global Notes (or a portion thereof) in an aggregate principal amount equal to the aggregate principal amount of such Global Notes in exchange for such Global Notes, and upon delivery of the Global Notes to the Trustee such Global Notes shall be canceled.

Physical Notes issued in exchange for all or a part of the Global Note pursuant to this Section 2.05(c) shall be registered in such names and in such authorized denominations as the Depositary, pursuant to instructions from its direct or indirect participants or otherwise, shall instruct the Trustee. Upon execution and authentication, the Trustee shall deliver such Physical Notes to the Persons in whose names such Physical Notes are so registered.

At such time as all interests in a Global Note have been converted, canceled, repurchased or transferred, such Global Note shall be, upon receipt thereof, canceled by the Trustee in accordance with standing procedures and existing instructions of the Depositary. At any time prior to such cancellation, if any interest in a Global Note is exchanged for Physical Notes, converted, canceled, repurchased or transferred to a transferee who receives Physical Notes therefor or any Physical Note is exchanged or transferred for part of such Global Note, the principal amount of such Global Note shall, in accordance with the standing procedures and existing instructions of the Depositary, be appropriately reduced or increased, as the case may be, and an endorsement shall be made on such Global Note, by the Trustee, to reflect such reduction or increase.

None of the Company, the Trustee, any agent of the Company or any agent of the Trustee shall have any responsibility or liability for any aspect of the records relating to or payments made on account of beneficial ownership interests of a Global Note or maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records relating to such beneficial ownership interests.

(d) Until the Resale Restriction Termination Date, any certificate representing ADSs (including the Ordinary Shares represented thereby) issued upon conversion of such Note shall bear a legend in substantially the following form (unless the Note or such ADSs (including the Ordinary Shares represented thereby) has been transferred pursuant to a registration statement that has become or been declared effective under the Securities Act and that continues to be effective at the time of such transfer, or pursuant to the exemption from registration provided by Rule 144 or any similar provision then in force under the Securities Act, or such ADS or the Ordinary Shares represented thereby have been issued upon conversion of Notes that have been transferred pursuant to a registration statement that has become or been declared effective under the Securities Act and that continues to be effective at the time of such transfer, or pursuant to the exemption from registration provided by Rule 144 or any similar provision then in force under the Securities Act, or unless otherwise agreed by the Company with written notice thereof to the Trustee and any transfer agent for the ADSs):

THE AMERICAN DEPOSITORY SHARES EVIDENCED HEREBY AND THE ORDINARY SHARES REPRESENTED THEREBY HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE “SECURITIES ACT”), AND MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD, PLEDGED OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED EXCEPT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE. BY ITS ACQUISITION HEREOF OR OF A BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN, THE ACQUIRER:

(1) REPRESENTS THAT IT AND ANY ACCOUNT FOR WHICH IT IS ACTING IS (A) A “QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER” (WITHIN THE MEANING OF RULE 144A UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) OR (B) NOT A U.S. PERSON AND LOCATED OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES (WITHIN THE

MEANING OF REGULATION S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) AND THAT IT EXERCISES SOLE INVESTMENT DISCRETION WITH RESPECT TO EACH SUCH ACCOUNT AND THAT IT AND ANY SUCH ACCOUNT IS NOT AN AFFILIATE OF THE COMPANY, AND

(2) AGREES FOR THE BENEFIT OF CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD. (THE “COMPANY”) THAT IT WILL NOT OFFER, SELL, PLEDGE OR OTHERWISE TRANSFER THIS SECURITY OR ANY BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN PRIOR TO THE DATE THAT IS THE LATER OF (X) ONE YEAR AFTER THE LAST ORIGINAL ISSUE DATE OF THE SERIES OF NOTES UPON THE CONVERSION OF WHICH THIS SECURITY WAS ISSUED OR SUCH SHORTER PERIOD OF TIME AS PERMITTED BY RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR ANY SUCCESSOR PROVISION THERETO AND (Y) SUCH LATER DATE, IF ANY, AS MAY BE REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW, EXCEPT:

- (A) TO THE COMPANY OR ANY SUBSIDIARY THEREOF, OR
- (B) PURSUANT TO A REGISTRATION STATEMENT WHICH HAS BECOME EFFECTIVE UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, OR
- (C) TO A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER IN COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 144A UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, OR
- (D) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES IN ACCORDANCE WITH REGULATION S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, OR
- (E) PURSUANT TO AN EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRATION PROVIDED BY RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT (IF AVAILABLE).

PRIOR TO THE REGISTRATION OF ANY TRANSFER IN ACCORDANCE WITH (2)(E) ABOVE, THE COMPANY, THE DEPOSITORY AND THE TRANSFER AGENT FOR THE COMPANY’S AMERICAN DEPOSITORY SHARES RESERVE THE RIGHT TO REQUIRE THE DELIVERY OF SUCH LEGAL OPINIONS, CERTIFICATIONS OR OTHER EVIDENCE AS MAY REASONABLY BE REQUIRED IN ORDER TO DETERMINE THAT THE PROPOSED TRANSFER IS BEING MADE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE SECURITIES ACT AND APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS. NO REPRESENTATION IS MADE AS TO THE AVAILABILITY OF ANY EXEMPTION FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT.

Any such ADSs as to which such restrictions on transfer shall have expired in accordance with their terms may, upon surrender of the certificates representing such ADSs for exchange in accordance with the procedures of the transfer agent for the ADSs, be exchanged for a new certificate or certificates for a like aggregate number of ADSs, which shall not bear the restrictive legend required by this Section 2.05(d).

(e) Any Note or ADS delivered upon the conversion or exchange of any Note that is repurchased or owned by any Affiliate of the Company may not be resold by such Affiliate

unless registered under the Securities Act or resold pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act in a transaction that results in such Note or ADS, as the case may be, no longer being a “restricted security” (as defined under Rule 144 under the Securities Act). The Company shall cause any Note that is repurchased or owned by it to be surrendered to the Paying Agent for cancellation in accordance with Section 2.08.

(f) Until the Resale Restriction Termination Date, prior to any sale of Regulation S Notes, the ADSs deliverable upon conversion thereof or the Ordinary Shares represented thereby, to a qualified institutional buyer in compliance with Rule 144A, the Holder thereof shall deliver to the Trustee, Transfer Agent and/or Depositary, as the case may be, written confirmation that the prospective purchaser is a Person such Holder reasonably believes is a “qualified institutional buyer” (within the meaning of Rule 144A) that is purchasing for its own account or for the account of another qualified institutional buyer and to whom notice is given that the transfer is being made in reliance on Rule 144A.

Section 2.06. *Mutilated, Destroyed, Lost or Stolen Notes.* In case any Note shall become mutilated or be destroyed, lost or stolen, the Company in its discretion may execute, and upon its written request the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, a new Note, bearing a registration number not contemporaneously outstanding, in exchange and substitution for the mutilated Note, or in lieu of and in substitution for the Note so destroyed, lost or stolen. In every case the applicant for a substituted Note shall furnish to the Company and to the Trustee such security and/or indemnity as may be required by them to save each of them harmless from any loss, liability, cost or expense caused by or connected with such substitution, and, in every case of destruction, loss or theft, the applicant shall also furnish to the Company and to the Trustee evidence to their satisfaction of the destruction, loss or theft of such Note and of the ownership thereof.

The Trustee may authenticate any such substituted Note and deliver the same upon the receipt of such security and/or indemnity as the Trustee and the Company may require. No service charge shall be imposed by the Company, the Transfer Agent, the Note Registrar, any co-Note Registrar or the Paying Agent upon the issuance of any substitute Note, but the Company may require a Holder to pay a sum sufficient to cover any documentary, stamp or similar issue or transfer tax required in connection therewith as a result of the name of the Holder of the new substitute Note being different from the name of the Holder of the old Note that became mutilated or was destroyed, lost or stolen. In case any Note that has matured or is about to mature or has been surrendered for required repurchase or is about to be converted in accordance with Article 14 shall become mutilated or be destroyed, lost or stolen, the Company may, in its sole discretion, instead of issuing a substitute Note, pay or authorize the payment of or convert or authorize the conversion of the same (without surrender thereof except in the case of a mutilated Note), as the case may be, if the applicant for such payment or conversion shall furnish to the Company and to the Trustee such security and/or indemnity as may be required by them to save each of them harmless for any loss, liability, cost or expense caused by or connected with such substitution, and, in every case of destruction, loss or theft, evidence satisfactory to the Company, and the Trustee evidence of their satisfaction of the destruction, loss or theft of such Note and of the ownership thereof.

Every substitute Note issued pursuant to the provisions of this Section 2.06 by virtue of the fact that any Note is destroyed, lost or stolen shall constitute an additional contractual obligation of the Company, whether or not the destroyed, lost or stolen Note shall be found at any time, and shall be entitled to all the benefits of (but shall be subject to all the limitations set forth in) this Indenture equally and proportionately with any and all other Notes duly issued hereunder. To the extent permitted by law, all Notes shall be held and owned upon the express condition that the foregoing provisions are exclusive with respect to the replacement or payment or conversion or repurchase of mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Notes and shall preclude any and all other rights or remedies notwithstanding any law or statute existing or hereafter enacted to the contrary with respect to the replacement or payment or conversion of negotiable instruments or other securities without their surrender.

Section 2.07. *Temporary Notes.* Pending the preparation of Physical Notes, the Company may execute and the Trustee shall, upon written request of the Company, authenticate and deliver temporary Notes (printed or lithographed). Temporary Notes shall be issuable in any authorized denomination, and substantially in the form of the Physical Notes but with such omissions, insertions and variations as may be appropriate for temporary Notes, all as may be determined by the Company. Every such temporary Note shall be executed by the Company and authenticated by the Trustee upon the same conditions and in substantially the same manner, and with the same effect, as the Physical Notes. Without unreasonable delay, the Company shall execute and deliver to the Trustee Physical Notes (other than any Global Note) and thereupon any or all temporary Notes (other than any Global Note) may be surrendered in exchange therefor, at each office or agency maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 4.02 and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver in exchange for such temporary Notes an equal aggregate principal amount of Physical Notes. Such exchange shall be made by the Company at its own expense and without any charge therefor. Until so exchanged, the temporary Notes shall in all respects be entitled to the same benefits and subject to the same limitations under this Indenture as Physical Notes authenticated and delivered hereunder.

Section 2.08. *Cancellation of Notes Paid, Converted, Etc.* The Company shall cause all Notes surrendered for the purpose of payment, repurchase, registration of transfer or exchange or conversion, if surrendered to any Person other than the Paying Agent (including any of the Company's agents, Subsidiaries or Affiliates), to be delivered and surrendered to the Trustee for cancellation. All Notes delivered to the Paying Agent shall be canceled promptly by it, and no Notes shall be authenticated in exchange thereof except as expressly permitted by any of the provisions of this Indenture. The Paying Agent shall dispose of canceled Notes in accordance with its customary procedures and, after such disposition, shall deliver a certificate of such cancellation and disposition to the Company, at the Company's written request in a Company Order.

Section 2.09. *CUSIP Numbers.* The Company in issuing the Notes may use "CUSIP" numbers (if then generally in use), and, if so, the Trustee shall use "CUSIP" numbers in all notices issued to Holders as a convenience to such Holders; *provided* that any such notice may state that no representation is made as to the correctness of such numbers either as printed on the Notes or on such notice and that reliance may be placed only on the other identification numbers printed on the Notes. The Company shall promptly notify the Trustee in writing of any change in the "CUSIP" numbers. Prior to the Notes Fungibility Date, the Rule 144A Notes and the

Regulation S Notes shall have different “CUSIP” numbers. Following the Notes Fungibility Date, the Rule 144A Notes and the Regulation S Notes shall have the same “CUSIP” number.

Section 2.10. *Additional Notes; Repurchases.* The Company may, without the consent of the Holders and notwithstanding Section 2.01, reopen this Indenture and issue additional Notes hereunder with the same terms as the Notes initially issued hereunder (except for any differences in the issue price, the issue date and interest accrued, if any) in an unlimited aggregate principal amount; *provided* that if any such additional Notes are not fungible with the Notes initially issued hereunder for U.S. federal income tax purposes, such additional Notes shall have a separate CUSIP number from both the Rule 144A Notes and the Regulation S Notes. Prior to the issuance of any such additional Notes, the Company shall deliver to the Trustee a Company Order, an Officers’ Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel, such Officers’ Certificate and Opinion of Counsel to cover such matters, in addition to those required by Section 17.06, as the Trustee shall reasonably request. In addition, the Company may, to the extent permitted by law, and directly or indirectly (regardless of whether such Notes are surrendered to the Company), repurchase Notes in the open market or otherwise, whether by the Company or through its Subsidiaries or through a private or public tender or exchange offer or through counterparties to private agreements. The Company shall cause any Notes so repurchased to be surrendered to the Paying Agent for cancellation in accordance with Section 2.08. The Company may also enter into cash-settled swaps or other derivatives with respect to the Notes. For the avoidance of doubt, any Notes underlying such cash-settled swaps or other derivatives shall not be required to be surrendered to the Paying Agent for cancellation in accordance with Section 2.08 and will continue to be considered outstanding for purposes of this Indenture, subject to the provisions of Section 8.04.

ARTICLE 3 SATISFACTION AND DISCHARGE

Section 3.01. *Satisfaction and Discharge.* This Indenture shall upon request of the Company contained in an Officers’ Certificate cease to be of further effect, and the Trustee, at the expense of the Company, shall execute proper instruments acknowledging satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture, when (a) (i) all Notes theretofore authenticated and delivered (other than (x) Notes which have been destroyed, lost or stolen and which have been replaced or paid as provided in Section 2.06 and (y) Notes for whose payment money has theretofore been deposited in trust or segregated and held in trust by the Company and thereafter repaid to the Company or discharged from such trust, as provided in Section 4.04(d)) have been delivered to the Trustee for cancellation; or (ii) the Company has deposited with the Trustee or delivered to Holders, as applicable, after the Notes have become due and payable, whether on the Maturity Date, the Repurchase Date, any Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, upon conversion or otherwise, cash or cash and ADSs, if any (solely to satisfy the Company’s Conversion Obligation, if applicable), sufficient to pay all of the outstanding Notes and all other sums due and payable under this Indenture by the Company; and (b) the Company has delivered to the Trustee an Officers’ Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel, each stating that all conditions precedent herein provided for relating to the satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture have been complied with. Notwithstanding the satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture, the obligations of the Company to the Trustee under Section 7.06 shall survive.

ARTICLE 4
PARTICULAR COVENANTS OF THE COMPANY

Section 4.01. *Payment of Principal and Interest.* The Company covenants and agrees that it will cause to be paid the principal (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) of, and accrued and unpaid interest on, each of the Notes at the places, at the respective times and in the manner provided herein and in the Notes.

Section 4.02. *Maintenance of Office or Agency.* The Company will maintain in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York, an office or agency (which will be the Corporate Trust Office initially) where the Notes may be surrendered for registration of transfer or exchange or for presentation for payment or repurchase ("Paying Agent") or for conversion ("Conversion Agent") and where notices and demands to or upon the Company in respect of the Notes and this Indenture may be served. The Company will give prompt written notice to the Trustee of the location, and any change in the location, of such office or agency. If at any time the Company shall fail to maintain any such required office or agency or shall fail to furnish the Trustee with the address thereof, such presentations, surrenders, notices and demands may be made or served at the Corporate Trust Office or the office or agency of the Trustee in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.

The Company may also from time to time designate as co-Note Registrars one or more other offices or agencies where the Notes may be presented or surrendered for any or all such purposes and may from time to time rescind such designations; *provided* that no such designation or rescission shall in any manner relieve the Company of its obligation to maintain an office or agency in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York, for such purposes. The Company will give prompt written notice to the Trustee of any such designation or rescission and of any change in the location of any such other office or agency. The terms "Paying Agent" and "Conversion Agent" include any such additional or other offices or agencies, as applicable.

The Company hereby initially designates the Trustee as the Paying Agent, Note Registrar and Conversion Agent and the Corporate Trust Office and the office or agency of the Trustee in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York, each shall be considered as one such office or agency of the Company for each of the aforesaid purposes.

Section 4.03. *Appointments to Fill Vacancies in Trustee's Office.* The Company, whenever necessary to avoid or fill a vacancy in the office of Trustee, will appoint, in the manner provided in Section 7.09, a Trustee, so that there shall at all times be a Trustee hereunder.

Section 4.04. *Provisions as to Paying Agent.* (a) If the Company shall appoint a Paying Agent other than the Trustee, the Company will cause such Paying Agent to execute and deliver to the Trustee an instrument in which such agent shall agree with the Trustee, subject to the provisions of this Section 4.04:

- (i) that it will hold all sums held by it as such agent for the payment of the principal (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) of, and accrued and unpaid interest on, the Notes for the benefit of the Holders of the Notes;

(ii) that it will give the Trustee prompt notice of any failure by the Company to make any payment of the principal (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) of, and accrued and unpaid interest on, the Notes when the same shall be due and payable; and

(iii) that at any time during the continuance of an Event of Default, upon request of the Trustee, it will forthwith pay to the Trustee all sums so held.

The Company shall, on or before each due date of the principal (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) of, or accrued and unpaid interest on, the Notes, deposit with the Paying Agent a sum sufficient to pay such principal (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) or accrued and unpaid interest and (unless such Paying Agent is the Trustee) the Company will promptly notify the Trustee of any failure to take such action; *provided* that such deposit must be received by the Paying Agent by 10:00 a.m., New York City time, on the relevant due date. The Paying Agent shall not be bound to make any payment until it has received, in immediately available and cleared funds, an amount which shall be sufficient to pay, as applicable, the aggregate amount of principal (including Repurchase Price and Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) of, or accrued and unpaid interest on, the Notes when such principal or interest shall become due and payable. The Paying Agent shall not be responsible or liable for any delay in making the payment if it does not receive funds before 10:00 a.m. on the payment date.

(b) If the Company shall act as its own Paying Agent, it will, on or before each due date of the principal (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) of, and accrued and unpaid interest on, the Notes, set aside, segregate and hold in trust for the benefit of the Holders of the Notes a sum sufficient to pay such principal (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) and accrued and unpaid interest so becoming due and will promptly notify the Trustee in writing of any failure to take such action and of any failure by the Company to make any payment of the principal (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) of, or accrued and unpaid interest on, the Notes when the same shall become due and payable.

(c) Anything in this Section 4.04 to the contrary notwithstanding, the Company may, at any time, for the purpose of obtaining a satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture, or for any other reason, pay, cause to be paid or deliver to the Trustee all sums or amounts held by the Company in trust or by any Paying Agent as required by this Section 4.04, such sums or amounts to be held by the Trustee upon the trusts herein contained and upon such payment or delivery by the Company or any Paying Agent to the Trustee, the Company or such Paying Agent shall be released from all further liability but only with respect to such sums or amounts.

(d) Any money and ADSs deposited with the Trustee or any Paying Agent, or then held by the Company, in trust for the payment of principal (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) of, and accrued and unpaid interest on, any Note (or, in the case of ADSs, in satisfaction of the Conversion Obligation) and remaining unclaimed for two years after such principal (including the Repurchase Price and the

Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) or interest has become due and payable shall be paid or delivered, as the case may be, to the Company on request of the Company contained in an Officers' Certificate, or (if then held by the Company) shall be discharged from such trust; and the Holder of such Note shall thereafter, as an unsecured general creditor, look only to the Company for payment thereof, and all liability of the Trustee or such Paying Agent with respect to such money and ADSs, and all liability of the Company as trustee thereof, shall thereupon cease; *provided, however,* that the Trustee or such Paying Agent, before being required to make any such repayment or delivery, may at the expense of the Company cause to be published once, in a newspaper published in the English language, customarily published on each Business Day and of general circulation in The Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York, notice that such money and ADSs remains unclaimed and that, after a date specified therein, which shall not be less than 30 days from the date of such publication, any unclaimed balance of such money and ADSs then remaining will be repaid or delivered to the Company.

Section 4.05. *Existence.* Subject to Article 11, the Company shall do or cause to be done all things necessary to preserve and keep in full force and effect its corporate existence.

Section 4.06. *Rule 144A Information Requirement and Annual Reports.* (a) At any time the Company is not subject to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the Company shall, so long as any of the Notes, any ADSs deliverable upon conversion thereof or any Ordinary Shares underlying ADSs deliverable upon conversion thereof shall, at such time, constitute "restricted securities" within the meaning of Rule 144(a)(3) under the Securities Act, promptly provide to the Trustee and shall, upon written request, provide to any Holder, beneficial owner or prospective purchaser of such Notes or the ADSs deliverable upon conversion of such Notes, the information required to be delivered pursuant to Rule 144A(d)(4) under the Securities Act to facilitate the resale of such Notes or ADSs pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act. The Company shall take such further action as any Holder or beneficial owner of such Notes or such ADSs may reasonably request to the extent from time to time required to enable such Holder or beneficial owner to sell such Notes or ADSs in accordance with Rule 144A under the Securities Act, as such rule may be amended from time to time.

(b) The Company shall provide to the Trustee within 15 days after the same are required to be filed with the Commission, copies of any documents or reports that the Company is required to file with the Commission pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act (giving effect to any applicable grace period provided by Rule 12b-25 under the Exchange Act). Any such document or report that the Company files with the Commission via the Commission's EDGAR system shall be deemed to be provided to the Trustee for purposes of this Section 4.06(b) at the time such documents are filed via the EDGAR system.

(c) Delivery of the reports and documents described in subsection (b) above to the Trustee is for informational purposes only, and the Trustee's receipt of such shall not constitute actual or constructive notice or knowledge of any information contained therein or determinable from information contained therein, including the Company's compliance with any of its covenants hereunder (as to which the Trustee is entitled to conclusively rely on an Officers' Certificate).

(d) If, at any time during the six-month period beginning on, and including, the date that is six months after the last date of original issuance of the Notes, the Company fails to timely file any document or report that it is required to file with the Commission pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, as applicable (after giving effect to all applicable grace periods thereunder and other than reports on Form 6-K), or the Notes are not otherwise freely tradable by Holders other than the Company's Affiliates (as a result of restrictions pursuant to U.S. securities laws or the terms of this Indenture or the Notes), the Company shall pay Additional Interest on the Notes. Such Additional Interest shall accrue on the Notes at the rate of 0.50% per annum of the principal amount of the Notes outstanding for each day during such period for which the Company's failure to file has occurred and is continuing or the period during which the Notes are not freely tradable, as the case may be. As used in this Section 4.06(d), documents or reports that the Company is required to "file" with the Commission pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act does not include documents or reports that the Company furnishes to the Commission pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act.

(e) If, and for so long as, the restrictive legend on the Notes specified in Section 2.05(c) has not been removed, the Notes are assigned a restricted CUSIP or the Notes are not otherwise freely tradable by Holders other than the Company's Affiliates (without restrictions pursuant to U.S. securities laws or the terms of this Indenture or the Notes) as of the 365th day after the last date of original issuance of the Notes, the Company shall pay Additional Interest on the Notes at a rate equal to 0.50% per annum of the principal amount of Notes outstanding until the restrictive legend on the Notes has been removed in accordance with Section 2.05(c), the Notes have been assigned an unrestricted CUSIP and the Notes are freely tradable by Holders other than the Company's Affiliates (without restrictions pursuant to U.S. securities laws or the terms of this Indenture or the Notes).

(f) Additional Interest will be payable in arrears on each Interest Payment Date following accrual in the same manner as regular interest on the Notes.

(g) The Additional Interest that is payable in accordance with Section 4.06(d) or Section 4.06(e) shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, any Additional Interest that may be payable as a result of the Company's election pursuant to Section 6.03. In no event shall Additional Interest accrue on any day under the terms of this Indenture (taking any Additional Interest payable pursuant to Section 4.06(d) and Section 4.06(e) together with any Additional Interest payable pursuant to Section 6.03) at annual rate in excess of 0.50%, in the aggregate, for any violation or Default caused by the Company's failure to be current in respect of its Exchange Act reporting obligations.

(h) If Additional Interest is payable by the Company pursuant to Section 4.06(d) or Section 4.06(e), the Company shall deliver to the Trustee an Officers' Certificate to that effect stating (i) the amount of such Additional Interest that is payable and (ii) the date on which such Additional Interest is payable. Unless and until a Responsible Officer of the Trustee receives at the Corporate Trust Office such a certificate, the Trustee may assume without inquiry that no such Additional Interest is payable. If the Company has paid such Additional Interest directly to the Persons entitled to it, the Company shall deliver to the Trustee an Officers' Certificate setting forth the particulars of such payment.

Section 4.07. Additional Amounts. (a) All payments and deliveries made by, or on behalf of, the Company or any successor to the Company under or with respect to this Indenture and the Notes, including, but not limited to, payments of principal (including, if applicable, the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price), payments of interest and deliveries of ADSs (together with payments of cash for any Fractional ADS) upon conversion of the Notes, shall be made without withholding or deduction for, or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed or levied by or within any jurisdiction in which the Company or any successor to the Company is, for tax purposes, organized or resident or doing business (each, as applicable, a “**Relevant Taxing Jurisdiction**”) or through which payment is made or deemed made (together with each Relevant Taxing Jurisdiction, a “**Relevant Jurisdiction**,” and in each case, any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof or therein), unless such withholding or deduction is required by law or by regulation or governmental policy having the force of law. The Trustee shall be entitled to make any withholding or deduction pursuant to an agreement described in Section 1471(b) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the “**Code**”) or otherwise imposed pursuant to Section 1471 through 1474 of the Code and any regulations or agreements thereunder or official interpretation thereof. The Company will provide the Trustee with sufficient information so as to enable the Trustee to determine whether or not it is obliged to make such a withholding or deduction. In the event that any such withholding or deduction is so required, the Company or any successor to the Company shall pay to each Holder such additional amounts (“**Additional Amounts**”) as may be necessary to ensure that the net amount received by the beneficial owner after such withholding or deduction (and after deducting any taxes on the Additional Amounts) shall equal the amounts that would have been received by such beneficial owner had no such withholding or deduction been required; *provided* that that no Additional Amounts shall be payable:

(i) for or on account of:

(A) any tax, duty, assessment or other governmental charge that would not have been imposed but for:

(1) the existence of any present or former connection between the Holder or beneficial owner of such Note and the Relevant Jurisdiction, other than merely holding such Note or the receipt of payments thereunder, including, without limitation, such Holder or beneficial owner being or having been a national, domiciliary or resident of such Relevant Jurisdiction or treated as a resident thereof or being or having been physically present or engaged in a trade or business therein or having or having had a permanent establishment therein;

(2) the presentation of such Note (in cases in which presentation is required) more than 30 days after the later of the date on which the payment of the principal of (including the Repurchase Price and Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) and interest on, such Note or the delivery of ADSs (together with payment of cash for any Fractional ADS) upon conversion of such Note became due and payable pursuant to the terms thereof or was made or duly provided for;

(3) the failure of the Holder or beneficial owner to comply with a timely request from the Company or any successor of the Company, addressed to the Holder or beneficial owner, as the case may be, to provide certification, information, documents or other evidence concerning such Holder's or beneficial owner's nationality, residence, identity or connection with the Relevant Jurisdiction, or to make any declaration or satisfy any other reporting requirement relating to such matters, if and to the extent that due and timely compliance with such request is required by statute, regulation or administrative practice of the Relevant Jurisdiction in order to reduce or eliminate any withholding or deduction as to which Additional Amounts would have otherwise been payable to such Holder or beneficial owner; or

(4) the presentation of such Note (in cases in which presentation is required) for payment in the Relevant Jurisdiction, unless such Note could not have been presented for payment elsewhere;

(B) any estate, inheritance, gift, sale, transfer, excise, personal property or similar tax, assessment or other governmental charge;

(C) any withholding or deduction in respect of any tax, duty, assessment or other governmental charge where such withholding or deduction is imposed or levied on a payment to an individual and is required to be made pursuant to European Council Directive 2003/48/EC, as amended by European Council Directive 2014/48/EU, or any other Directive implementing the conclusions of the ECOFIN Council meeting of November 26-27, 2000, on the taxation of savings income, or any law implementing or complying with, or introduced in order to conform to, such Directive or pursuant to any European Union legislation amending or replacing such Directive;

(D) any tax, duty, assessment or other governmental charge that is payable otherwise than by withholding from payments under or with respect to the Notes;

(E) any tax required to be withheld or deducted under Sections 1471 to 1474 of the Code (or any amended or successor versions of such Sections) ("FATCA"), any regulations or other official guidance thereunder, any intergovernmental agreement entered into in connection with FATCA, or any law, regulation or other official guidance enacted in any jurisdiction implementing FATCA or an intergovernmental agreement; or

(F) any combination of taxes, duties, assessments or other governmental charges referred to in the preceding clauses (A), (B), (C), (D) or (E); or

(ii) with respect to any payment of the principal of (including the Repurchase Price and Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) and interest on such Note

or the delivery of ADSs (together with payment of cash for any Fractional ADS) upon conversion of such Note to a Holder, if the Holder is a fiduciary, partnership or person other than the sole beneficial owner of that payment to the extent that such payment would be required to be included in the income under the laws of the Relevant Jurisdiction, for tax purposes, of a beneficiary or settlor with respect to the fiduciary, a partner or member of that partnership or a beneficial owner who would not have been entitled to such Additional Amounts had that beneficiary, settlor, partner, member or beneficial owner been the Holder thereof.

(b) Any reference in this Indenture or the Notes in any context to the delivery of ADSs (together with payments of cash for any Fractional ADS) upon conversion of the Notes or the payment of principal of (including the Repurchase Price and Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) and interest on, any Note or any other amount payable with respect to such Note, shall be deemed to include payment of Additional Amounts, to the extent that, in such context, Additional Amounts are, were or would be payable with respect to that amount pursuant to this Section 4.07.

(c) If the Company or its successor is required to make any deduction or withholding from any payments with respect to the Notes, it will deliver to the Trustee official tax receipts evidencing the remittance to the relevant tax authorities of the amounts so withheld or deducted.

(d) The foregoing obligations shall survive termination or discharge of this Indenture.

Section 4.08. Stay, Extension and Usury Laws. The Company covenants (to the extent that it may lawfully do so) that it shall not at any time insist upon, plead, or in any manner whatsoever claim or take the benefit or advantage of, any stay, extension or usury law or other law that would prohibit or forgive the Company from paying all or any portion of the principal of or interest on the Notes as contemplated herein, wherever enacted, now or at any time hereafter in force, or that may affect the covenants or the performance of this Indenture; and the Company (to the extent it may lawfully do so) hereby expressly waives all benefit or advantage of any such law, and covenants that it will not, by resort to any such law, hinder, delay or impede the execution of any power herein granted to the Trustee, but will suffer and permit the execution of every such power as though no such law had been enacted.

Section 4.09. Compliance Certificate; Statements as to Defaults. The Company shall deliver to the Trustee within 120 days after the end of each fiscal year of the Company (beginning with the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2015) an Officers' Certificate stating that a review has been conducted of the Company's activities under this Indenture and the Company has fulfilled its obligations hereunder, and whether the authorized Officers thereof have knowledge of any Default by the Company that occurred during the previous year that is then continuing and, if so, specifying each such Default and the nature thereof.

In addition, the Company shall deliver to the Trustee, as soon as possible, and in any event within 30 days after the Company becomes aware of the occurrence of any Default if such Default is then continuing, an Officers' Certificate setting forth the details of such Default, its status and the action that the Company is taking or proposing to take in respect thereof. The Trustee shall have no responsibility to take any steps to ascertain whether any Event of Default

or Default has occurred, and until (i) a Responsible Officer of the Trustee has received an Officers' Certificate regarding such an occurrence, or (ii) the Trustee has received notice from the Holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding regarding such an occurrence, the Trustee is entitled to assume, without liability, that no Event of Default or Default has occurred.

Section 4.10. *Further Instruments and Acts.* Upon request of the Trustee, the Company will execute and deliver such further instruments and do such further acts as may be reasonably necessary or proper to carry out more effectively the purposes of this Indenture.

ARTICLE 5 LISTS OF HOLDERS AND REPORTS BY THE COMPANY AND THE TRUSTEE

Section 5.01. *Lists of Holders.* The Company covenants and agrees that it will furnish or cause to be furnished to the Trustee, semi-annually, not more than 15 days after each June 15 and December 15 in each year beginning with December 15, 2015, and at such other times as the Trustee may request in writing, within 30 days after receipt by the Company of any such request (or such lesser time as the Trustee may reasonably request in order to enable it to timely provide any notice to be provided by it hereunder), a list in such form as the Trustee may reasonably require of the names and addresses of the Holders as of a date not more than 15 days (or such other date as the Trustee may reasonably request in order to so provide any such notices) prior to the time such information is furnished, except that no such list need be furnished so long as the Trustee is acting as Note Registrar.

Section 5.02. *Preservation and Disclosure of Lists.* The Trustee shall preserve, in as current a form as is reasonably practicable, all information as to the names and addresses of the Holders contained in the most recent list furnished to it as provided in Section 5.01 or maintained by the Trustee in its capacity as Note Registrar, if so acting. The Trustee may destroy any list furnished to it as provided in Section 5.01 upon receipt of a new list so furnished.

ARTICLE 6 DEFAULTS AND REMEDIES

Section 6.01. *Events of Default.* The following events shall be "**Events of Default**" with respect to the Notes:

- (a) default in any payment of interest or Additional Amounts, if any, on any Note when due and payable and the default continues for a period of 30 days;
- (b) default in the payment of principal of any Note when due and payable on the Maturity Date, upon any required repurchase, upon declaration of acceleration or otherwise;
- (c) failure by the Company to comply with its obligation to convert the Notes in accordance with this Indenture upon exercise of a Holder's conversion right and such failure continues for a period of 5 Business Days;

(d) failure by the Company to issue a Fundamental Change Company Notice in accordance with Section 15.02(c) or notice of a Make-Whole Fundamental Change in accordance with Section 14.03(a), in each case, when due and such failure continues for a period of 5 Business Days;

(e) failure by the Company to comply with its obligations under Article 11;

(f) failure by the Company for 60 days after written notice from the Trustee or by the Trustee at the request of the Holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding has been received by the Company to comply with any of its other agreements contained in the Notes or this Indenture;

(g) default by the Company or any Significant Subsidiary of the Company with respect to any mortgage, agreement or other instrument under which there may be outstanding, or by which there may be secured or evidenced, any indebtedness for money borrowed in excess of US\$15 million (or the foreign currency equivalent thereof) in the aggregate of the Company and/or any such Significant Subsidiary, whether such indebtedness now exists or shall hereafter be created (i) resulting in such indebtedness becoming or being declared due and payable or (ii) constituting a failure to pay the principal or interest of any such debt when due and payable at its stated maturity, upon required repurchase, upon declaration of acceleration or otherwise;

(h) a final judgment for the payment of US\$15 million (or the foreign currency equivalent thereof) or more (excluding any amounts covered by insurance) rendered against the Company or any Significant Subsidiary of the Company, which judgment is not paid, bonded or otherwise discharged or stayed within 60 days after (i) the date on which the right to appeal thereof has expired if no such appeal has commenced, or (ii) the date on which all rights to appeal have been extinguished;

(i) the Company or any Significant Subsidiary shall commence a voluntary case or other proceeding seeking liquidation, reorganization or other relief with respect to the Company or any such Significant Subsidiary or its debts under any bankruptcy, insolvency or other similar law now or hereafter in effect or seeking the appointment of a trustee, receiver, liquidator, custodian or other similar official of the Company or any such Significant Subsidiary or any substantial part of its property, or shall consent to any such relief or to the appointment of or taking possession by any such official in an involuntary case or other proceeding commenced against it, or shall make a general assignment for the benefit of creditors, or shall fail generally to pay its debts as they become due; or

(j) an involuntary case or other proceeding shall be commenced against the Company or any Significant Subsidiary seeking liquidation, reorganization or other relief with respect to the Company or such Significant Subsidiary or its debts under any bankruptcy, insolvency or other similar law now or hereafter in effect or seeking the appointment of a trustee, receiver, liquidator, custodian or other similar official of the Company or such Significant Subsidiary or any substantial part of its property, and such involuntary case or other proceeding shall remain undismissed and unstayed for a period of 30 consecutive days.

Section 6.02. Acceleration; Rescission and Annulment. If one or more Events of Default shall have occurred and be continuing (whatever the reason for such Event of Default and whether it shall be voluntary or involuntary or be effected by operation of law or pursuant to any judgment, decree or order of any court or any order, rule or regulation of any administrative or governmental body), then, and in each and every such case (other than an Event of Default specified in Section 6.01(i) or Section 6.01(j) with respect to the Company or any of its Significant Subsidiaries), unless the principal of all of the Notes shall have already become due and payable, the Trustee may by notice in writing to the Company, or the Holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding determined in accordance with Section 8.04, by notice in writing to the Company and to the Trustee may, and the Trustee at the request of such Holders accompanied by security and/or indemnity reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee shall, declare 100% of the principal of, and accrued and unpaid interest on, all the Notes to be due and payable immediately, and upon any such declaration the same shall become and shall automatically be immediately due and payable, anything in this Indenture or in the Notes contained to the contrary notwithstanding. If an Event of Default specified in Section 6.01(i) or Section 6.01(j) with respect to the Company or any of its Significant Subsidiaries occurs and is continuing, 100% of the principal of, and accrued and unpaid interest on, all Notes shall become and shall automatically be immediately due and payable without any action on the part of the Trustee. If an Event of Default occurs and is continuing, all agents of the Company appointed under this Indenture will be required to act on the direction of the Trustee.

The immediately preceding paragraph, however, is subject to the conditions that if, at any time after the principal of the Notes shall have been so declared due and payable, and before any judgment or decree for the payment of the monies due shall have been obtained or entered as hereinafter provided, the Company shall pay or shall deposit with the Trustee a sum sufficient to pay installments of accrued and unpaid interest upon all Notes and the principal of any and all Notes that shall have become due otherwise than by acceleration (with interest on overdue installments of accrued and unpaid interest to the extent that payment of such interest is enforceable under applicable law, and on such principal at the rate per annum borne by the Notes *plus* one percent) and amounts due to the Trustee pursuant to Section 7.06, and if (1) rescission would not conflict with any judgment or decree of a court of competent jurisdiction and (2) any and all existing Events of Default under this Indenture, other than the nonpayment of the principal of and accrued and unpaid interest on Notes that shall have become due solely by such acceleration, shall have been cured or waived pursuant to Section 6.09, then and in every such case (except as provided in the immediately succeeding sentence) the Holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding, by written notice to the Company and to the Trustee, may waive all Defaults or Events of Default with respect to the Notes and rescind and annul such declaration and its consequences and such Default shall cease to exist, and any Event of Default arising therefrom shall be deemed to have been cured for every purpose of this Indenture; but no such waiver or rescission and annulment shall extend to or shall affect any subsequent Default or Event of Default, or shall impair any right consequent thereon. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, no such waiver or rescission and annulment shall extend to or shall affect any Default or Event of Default resulting from (i) the nonpayment of the principal of, or accrued and unpaid interest on, any Notes, (ii) a failure to repurchase any Notes when required or (iii) a failure to pay or deliver, as the case may be, the consideration due upon conversion of the Notes.

Section 6.03. *Additional Interest.* Notwithstanding anything in this Indenture or in the Notes to the contrary, to the extent the Company elects, the sole remedy for Event of Default relating to the Company's failure to comply with its obligations as set forth in Section 4.06(b) shall after the occurrence of such an Event of Default consist exclusively of the right to receive Additional Interest on the Notes at a rate equal to:

(a) 0.25% per annum of the principal amount of the Notes outstanding for each day during the period beginning on, and including, the date on which such an Event of Default first occurs and ending on the earlier of (i) the date on which such Event of Default is cured or validly waived and (ii) the 90th day immediately following, and including, the date on which such Event of Default first occurred; and

(b) if such Event of Default has not been cured or validly waived prior to the 91st day immediately following, and including, the date on which such Event of Default first occurred, 0.50% per annum of the principal amount of the Notes outstanding for each day during the period beginning on, and including, the 91st day immediately following, and including, the date on which such an Event of Default first occurred and ending on the earlier of (i) the date on which such Event of Default is cured or validly waived and (ii) the 180th day immediately following, and including, the date on which such Event of Default first occurred.

Interest payable pursuant to this Section 6.03 shall be in addition to, not in lieu of, any Additional Interest payable pursuant to Section 4.06(d) or Section 4.06(e). In no event shall Additional Interest accrue on the Notes on any day under this Indenture (taking any Additional Interest payable pursuant to this Section 6.03 together with any Additional Interest payable pursuant to Section 4.06(d) and Section 4.06(e)) at an annual rate accruing in excess of 0.50%, in the aggregate, for any violation or Default caused by the Company's failure to be current in respect of its Exchange Act reporting obligations. If the Company so elects, such Additional Interest shall be payable in the same manner and on the same dates as regular interest on the Notes. On the 181st day after such Event of Default (if the Event of Default with respect to the Company's obligations under Section 4.06(b) is not cured or waived prior to such 181st day), the Notes will be subject to acceleration as provided in Section 6.02. In the event the Company does not elect to pay Additional Interest following an Event of Default in accordance with this Section 6.03 or the Company elected to make such payment but does not pay the Additional Interest when due, the Notes shall be subject to acceleration as provided in Section 6.02.

In order to elect to pay Additional Interest as the sole remedy during the first 180 days after the occurrence of any Event of Default described in the immediately preceding paragraph, the Company must notify in writing all Holders of the Notes, the Trustee and the Paying Agent of such election prior to the beginning of such 180-day period. Upon the failure to timely give such notice, the Notes shall be immediately subject to acceleration as provided in Section 6.02.

Section 6.04. *Payments of Notes on Default; Suit Therefor.* If an Event of Default described in clause (a) or (b) of Section 6.01 shall have occurred, the Company shall, upon demand of the Trustee acting in its own discretion or at the request of Holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding determined in accordance with Section 8.04 and subject to indemnity and/or security reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee, pay to the Trustee, for the benefit of the Holders of the Notes, the whole amount then due and payable on

the Notes for principal and interest, if any, with interest on any overdue principal and interest, if any, at the rate per annum borne by the Notes at such time *plus* one percent, and, in addition thereto, such further amount as shall be sufficient to cover any amounts due to the Trustee under Section 7.06. If the Company shall fail to pay such amounts forthwith upon such demand, the Trustee, in its own name and as trustee of an express trust, may institute a judicial proceeding for the collection of the sums so due and unpaid, may prosecute such proceeding to judgment or final decree and may enforce the same against the Company or any other obligor upon the Notes and collect the moneys adjudged or decreed to be payable in the manner provided by law out of the property of the Company or any other obligor upon the Notes, wherever situated.

In the event there shall be pending proceedings for the bankruptcy or for the reorganization of the Company or any other obligor on the Notes under title 11 of the United States Code, or any other applicable law, or in case a receiver, assignee or trustee in bankruptcy or reorganization, liquidator, sequestrator or similar official shall have been appointed for or taken possession of the Company or such other obligor, the property of the Company or such other obligor, or in the event of any other judicial proceedings relative to the Company or such other obligor upon the Notes, or to the creditors or property of the Company or such other obligor, the Trustee, irrespective of whether the principal of the Notes shall then be due and payable as therein expressed or by declaration or otherwise and irrespective of whether the Trustee shall have made any demand pursuant to the provisions of this Section 6.04, shall be entitled and empowered, by intervention in such proceedings or otherwise, to file and prove a claim or claims for the whole amount of principal and accrued and unpaid interest, if any, in respect of the Notes, and, in case of any judicial proceedings, to file such proofs of claim and other papers or documents and to take such other actions as it may deem necessary or advisable in order to have the claims of the Trustee (including any claim for the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Trustee, its agents and counsel) and of the Holders allowed in such judicial proceedings relative to the Company or any other obligor on the Notes, its or their creditors, or its or their property, and to collect and receive any monies or other property payable or deliverable on any such claims, and to distribute the same after the deduction of any amounts due to the Trustee under Section 7.06; and any receiver, assignee or trustee in bankruptcy or reorganization, liquidator, custodian or similar official is hereby authorized by each of the Holders to make such payments to the Trustee, as administrative expenses, and, in the event that the Trustee shall consent to the making of such payments directly to the Holders, to pay to the Trustee any amount due to it for reasonable compensation, expenses, advances and disbursements, including agents and counsel fees, and including any other amounts due to the Trustee under Section 7.06, incurred by it up to the date of such distribution. To the extent that such payment of reasonable compensation, expenses, advances and disbursements out of the estate in any such proceedings shall be denied for any reason, payment of the same shall be secured by a lien on, and shall be paid out of, any and all distributions, dividends, monies, securities and other property that the Holders of the Notes may be entitled to receive in such proceedings, whether in liquidation or under any plan of reorganization or arrangement or otherwise.

Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to authorize the Trustee to authorize or consent to or accept or adopt on behalf of any Holder any plan of reorganization, arrangement, adjustment or composition affecting such Holder or the rights of any Holder thereof, or to authorize the Trustee to vote in respect of the claim of any Holder in any such proceeding.

All rights of action and of asserting claims under this Indenture, or under any of the Notes, may be enforced by the Trustee without the possession of any of the Notes, or the production thereof at any trial or other proceeding relative thereto, and any such suit or proceeding instituted by the Trustee shall be brought in its own name as trustee of an express trust, and any recovery of judgment shall, after provision for the payment of the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Trustee, its agents and counsel, be for the ratable benefit of the Holders of the Notes.

In any proceedings brought by the Trustee (and in any proceedings involving the interpretation of any provision of this Indenture to which the Trustee shall be a party) the Trustee shall be held to represent all the Holders of the Notes, and it shall not be necessary to make any Holders of the Notes parties to any such proceedings.

In case the Trustee shall have proceeded to enforce any right under this Indenture and such proceedings shall have been discontinued or abandoned because of any waiver pursuant to Section 6.09 or any rescission and annulment pursuant to Section 6.02 or for any other reason or shall have been determined adversely to the Trustee, then and in every such case the Company, the Holders, and the Trustee shall, subject to any determination in such proceeding, be restored respectively to their several positions and rights hereunder, and all rights, remedies and powers of the Company, the Holders, and the Trustee shall continue as though no such proceeding had been instituted.

Section 6.05. Application of Monies Collected by Trustee. Any monies collected by the Trustee pursuant to this Article 6 with respect to the Notes shall be applied in the following order, at the date or dates fixed by the Trustee for the distribution of such monies, upon presentation of the several Notes, and stamping thereon the payment, if only partially paid, and upon surrender thereof, if fully paid:

First, to the payment of all amounts due the Trustee under Section 7.06 and any payments due to the Paying Agent, the Conversion Agent and the Note Registrar;

Second, in case the principal of the outstanding Notes shall not have become due and be unpaid, to the payment of interest on, the Notes in default in the order of the date due of the payments of such interest, with interest (to the extent that such interest has been collected by the Trustee) upon such overdue payments at the rate per annum borne by the Notes at such time plus one percent, such payments to be made ratably to the Persons entitled thereto;

Third, in case the principal of the outstanding Notes shall have become due, by declaration or otherwise, and be unpaid to the payment of the whole amount (including, if applicable, the payment of the Repurchase Price or Fundamental Change Repurchase Price and any cash due upon conversion) then owing and unpaid upon the Notes for principal and interest, if any, with interest on the overdue principal and, to the extent that such interest has been collected by the Trustee, upon overdue installments of interest at the rate per annum borne by the Notes at such time *plus* one percent, and in case such monies shall be insufficient to pay in full the whole amounts so due and unpaid upon the Notes, then to the payment of such principal (including, if applicable, the Repurchase Price or Fundamental Change Repurchase Price and the cash due upon conversion) and interest without preference or priority of principal over interest,

or of interest over principal or of any installment of interest over any other installment of interest, or of any Note over any other Note, ratably to the aggregate of such principal (including, if applicable, the Repurchase Price or Fundamental Change Repurchase Price) and accrued and unpaid interest; and

Fourth, to the payment of the remainder, if any, to the Company.

Section 6.06. Proceedings by Holders. Except to enforce the right to receive payment of principal (including, if applicable, the Repurchase Price or Fundamental Change Repurchase Price) or interest when due, or the right to receive payment or delivery of the consideration due upon conversion, no Holder of any Note shall have any right by virtue of or by availing of any provision of this Indenture to institute any suit, action or proceeding in equity or at law upon or under or with respect to this Indenture, or for the appointment of a receiver, trustee, liquidator, custodian or other similar official, or for any other remedy hereunder, unless:

(a) such Holder previously shall have given to the Trustee written notice of an Event of Default and of the continuance thereof, as herein provided;

(b) Holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding shall have made written request upon the Trustee to institute such action, suit or proceeding in its own name as Trustee hereunder;

(c) such Holders shall have offered to the Trustee such security and/or indemnity reasonably satisfactory to it against any loss, liability or expense to be incurred therein or thereby;

(d) the Trustee for 60 days after its receipt of such notice, request and offer of security and/or indemnity, shall have neglected or refused to institute any such action, suit or proceeding; and

(e) no direction that, in the opinion of the Trustee, is inconsistent with such written request shall have been given to the Trustee by the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding within such 60-day period pursuant to Section 6.09,

it being understood and intended, and being expressly covenanted by the taker and Holder of every Note with every other taker and Holder and the Trustee that no one or more Holders shall have any right in any manner whatever by virtue of or by availing of any provision of this Indenture to affect, disturb or prejudice the rights of any other Holder, or to obtain or seek to obtain priority over or preference to any other such Holder, or to enforce any right under this Indenture, except in the manner herein provided and for the equal, ratable and common benefit of all Holders (except as otherwise provided herein). For the protection and enforcement of this Section 6.06, each and every Holder and the Trustee shall be entitled to such relief as can be given either at law or in equity.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Indenture and any provision of any Note, the right of any Holder to receive payment or delivery, as the case may be, of (x) the principal (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) of, (y) accrued and unpaid interest on, and (z) the consideration due upon conversion of, such Note,

on or after the respective due dates expressed or provided for in such Note or in this Indenture, or to institute suit for the enforcement of any such payment or delivery, as the case may be, on or after such respective dates against the Company shall not be impaired or affected without the consent of such Holder.

Section 6.07. *Proceedings by Trustee.* In case of an Event of Default, the Trustee may in its discretion proceed to protect and enforce the rights vested in it by this Indenture by such appropriate judicial proceedings as are necessary to protect and enforce any of such rights, either by suit in equity or by action at law or by proceeding in bankruptcy or otherwise, whether for the specific enforcement of any covenant or agreement contained in this Indenture or in aid of the exercise of any power granted in this Indenture, or to enforce any other legal or equitable right vested in the Trustee by this Indenture or by law.

Section 6.08. *Remedies Cumulative and Continuing.* Except as provided in the last paragraph of Section 2.06, all powers and remedies given by this Article 6 to the Trustee or to the Holders shall, to the extent permitted by law, be deemed cumulative and not exclusive of any thereof or of any other powers and remedies available to the Trustee or the Holders of the Notes, by judicial proceedings or otherwise, to enforce the performance or observance of the covenants and agreements contained in this Indenture, and no delay or omission of the Trustee or of any Holder of any of the Notes to exercise any right or power accruing upon any Default or Event of Default shall impair any such right or power, or shall be construed to be a waiver of any such Default or Event of Default or any acquiescence therein; and, subject to the provisions of Section 6.06, every power and remedy given by this Article 6 or by law to the Trustee or to the Holders may be exercised from time to time, and as often as shall be deemed expedient, by the Trustee or by the Holders.

Section 6.09. *Direction of Proceedings and Waiver of Defaults by Majority of Holders.* The Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes at the time outstanding determined in accordance with Section 8.04 shall have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee or exercising any trust or power conferred on the Trustee with respect to Notes; *provided, however*, that (a) such direction shall not be in conflict with any rule of law or with this Indenture, and (b) the Trustee may take any other action deemed proper by the Trustee that is not inconsistent with such direction. The Trustee may refuse to follow any direction that would involve the Trustee in personal liability, or if it is not provided with security and/or indemnity to its reasonable satisfaction. In addition, the Trustee will not be required to expend its own funds under any circumstances. The Holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes at the time outstanding determined in accordance with Section 8.04 may on behalf of the Holders of all of the Notes waive any past Default or Event of Default hereunder and its consequences except (i) a default in the payment of accrued and unpaid interest on, or the principal (including, if applicable, the Repurchase Price or Fundamental Change Repurchase Price) of, the Notes when due that has not been cured pursuant to the provisions of Section 6.02, (ii) a failure by the Company to pay or deliver, or cause to be delivered, as the case may be, the consideration due upon conversion of the Notes or (iii) a default in respect of a covenant or provision hereof which under Article 10 cannot be modified or amended without the consent of each Holder of an outstanding Note affected. Upon any such waiver the Company, the Trustee and the Holders of the Notes shall be restored to their former positions and rights hereunder; but no such waiver shall extend to any

subsequent or other Default or Event of Default or impair any right consequent thereon. Whenever any Default or Event of Default hereunder shall have been waived as permitted by this Section 6.09, said Default or Event of Default shall for all purposes of the Notes and this Indenture be deemed to have been cured and to be not continuing; but no such waiver shall extend to any subsequent or other Default or Event of Default or impair any right consequent thereon.

Section 6.10. Notice of Defaults and Events of Default. If a Default or Event of Default occurs and is continuing and is notified in writing to the Trustee, the Trustee shall, within 90 days after the occurrence and continuance of such Default or Event of Default, mail to all Holders (at the Company's expense) as the names and addresses of such Holders appear upon the Note Register, notice of all Defaults known to a Responsible Officer, unless such Defaults shall have been cured or waived before the giving of such notice; *provided* that the Trustee shall not be deemed to have knowledge of any occurrence of a Default or Event unless it has received written notice. Except in the case of a Default in the payment of the principal of (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable), or accrued and unpaid interest on, any of the Notes or a Default in the payment or delivery of the consideration due upon conversion, the Trustee shall be protected in withholding such notice if and so long as the Trustee's board of directors, an executive committee or a committee of Responsible Officers of the Trustee (in its sole discretion) in good faith determines that the withholding of such notice is in the interests of the Holders.

Section 6.11. Undertaking to Pay Costs. All parties to this Indenture agree, and each Holder of any Note by its acceptance thereof shall be deemed to have agreed, that any court may, in its discretion, require, in any suit for the enforcement of any right or remedy under this Indenture, or in any suit against the Trustee for any action taken or omitted by it as Trustee, the filing by any party litigant in such suit of an undertaking to pay the costs of such suit and that such court may in its discretion assess reasonable costs, including reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses, against any party litigant in such suit, having due regard to the merits and good faith of the claims or defenses made by such party litigant; *provided* that the provisions of this Section 6.11 (to the extent permitted by law) shall not apply to any suit instituted by the Trustee, to any suit instituted by any Holder, or group of Holders, holding in the aggregate more than 10% in principal amount of the Notes at the time outstanding determined in accordance with Section 8.04, or to any suit instituted by any Holder for the enforcement of the payment of the principal of or accrued and unpaid interest on any Note (including, but not limited to, the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price with respect to the Notes being repurchased as provided in this Indenture) on or after the due date expressed or provided for in such Note or to any suit for the enforcement of the right to convert any Note in accordance with the provisions of Article 14.

ARTICLE 7 CONCERNING THE TRUSTEE

Section 7.01. Duties and Responsibilities of Trustee. The Trustee, prior to the occurrence of an Event of Default and after the curing or waiver of all Events of Default that may have occurred, undertakes to perform such duties and only such duties as are specifically set forth in this Indenture. In case an Event of Default has occurred that has not been cured or

waived the Trustee shall exercise such of the rights and powers vested in it by this Indenture, and use the same degree of care and skill in their exercise, as a prudent person would exercise or use under the circumstances in the conduct of such person's own affairs; *provided* that if an Event of Default occurs and is continuing, the Trustee will be under no obligation to exercise any of the rights or powers under this Indenture at the request or direction of any of the Holders unless such Holders have offered to the Trustee indemnity and/or security reasonably satisfactory to it against the costs, expenses and liabilities that might be incurred by it in compliance with such request or direction.

No provision of this Indenture shall be construed to relieve the Trustee from liability for its own grossly negligent action, its own grossly negligent failure to act or its own willful misconduct, except that:

(a) prior to the occurrence of an Event of Default and after the curing or waiving of all Events of Default that may have occurred:

(i) the duties and obligations of the Trustee shall be determined solely by the express provisions of this Indenture, and the Trustee shall not be liable except for the performance of such duties and obligations as are specifically set forth in this Indenture and no implied covenants or obligations shall be read into this Indenture against the Trustee; and

(ii) in the absence of gross negligence and willful misconduct on the part of the Trustee, the Trustee may conclusively and without liability rely, as to the truth of the statements and the correctness of the opinions expressed therein, upon any certificates or opinions furnished to the Trustee and conforming to the requirements of this Indenture; but, in the case of any such certificates or opinions that by any provisions hereof are specifically required to be furnished to the Trustee, the Trustee shall be under a duty to examine the same to determine whether or not they conform to the requirements of this Indenture (but need not confirm or investigate the accuracy of any mathematical calculations or other facts stated therein);

(b) the Trustee shall not be liable for any error of judgment made in good faith by a Responsible Officer or Officers of the Trustee, unless it shall be proved that the Trustee was grossly negligent in ascertaining the pertinent facts;

(c) the Trustee shall not be liable with respect to any action taken or omitted to be taken by it in good faith in accordance with the direction of the Holders of not less than a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes at the time outstanding determined as provided in Section 8.04 relating to the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee, or exercising any trust or power conferred upon the Trustee, under this Indenture;

(d) whether or not therein provided, every provision of this Indenture relating to the conduct or affecting the liability of, or affording protection to, the Trustee shall be subject to the provisions of this Section;

(e) the Trustee shall not be liable in respect of any payment (as to the correctness of amount, entitlement to receive or any other matters relating to payment) or notice effected by the Company or any Paying Agent or any records maintained by any co-Note Registrar with respect to the Notes;

(f) if any party fails to deliver a notice relating to an event the fact of which, pursuant to this Indenture, requires notice to be sent to the Trustee, the Trustee may conclusively and without liability rely on its failure to receive such notice as reason to act as if no such event occurred;

(g) in the absence of written investment direction from the Company, all cash received by the Trustee shall be placed in a non-interest bearing trust account, and in no event shall the Trustee be liable for the selection of investments or for investment losses incurred thereon or for losses incurred as a result of the liquidation of any such investment prior to its maturity date or the failure of the party directing such investments prior to its maturity date or the failure of the party directing such investment to provide timely written investment direction, and the Trustee shall have no obligation to invest or reinvest any amounts held hereunder in the absence of such written investment direction from the Company; and

(h) in the event that the Trustee is also acting as Note Registrar, Paying Agent, Conversion Agent or transfer agent hereunder, the rights and protections afforded to the Trustee pursuant to this Article 7 shall also be afforded to such Note Registrar, Paying Agent, Conversion Agent or transfer agent;

(i) the Trustee shall have no duty to inquire, no duty to determine and no duty to monitor as to the performance of the Company's covenants in this Indenture or the financial performance of the Company; the Trustee shall be entitled to assume, until it has received written notice in accordance with this Indenture or it has actual knowledge to the contrary, that the Company is properly performing its duties hereunder; and

(j) the Trustee shall be under no obligation to enforce any of the provisions of this Indenture unless it is instructed by Holders of at least 25% of the aggregate principal amount of outstanding Notes and is provided with security and/or indemnity reasonably satisfactory to it.

None of the provisions contained in this Indenture shall require the Trustee to expend or risk its own funds or otherwise incur personal financial liability in the performance of any of its duties or in the exercise of any of its rights or powers.

Section 7.02. Reliance on Documents, Opinions, Etc. Except as otherwise provided in Section 7.01:

(a) the Trustee may conclusively and without liability rely and shall be fully protected in acting upon any resolution, certificate, statement, instrument, opinion, report, notice, request, consent, order, bond, Note, coupon or other paper or document believed by it in good faith to be genuine and to have been signed or presented by the proper party or parties;

(b) any request, direction, order or demand of the Company mentioned herein shall be sufficiently evidenced by an Officers' Certificate (unless other evidence in respect thereof be

herein specifically prescribed); and any Board Resolution may be evidenced to the Trustee by a copy thereof certified by the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary of the Company;

(c) the Trustee may consult with counsel and require an Opinion of Counsel and any advice of such counsel or Opinion of Counsel shall be full and complete authorization and protection in respect of any action taken or omitted by it hereunder in good faith and in accordance with such advice or Opinion of Counsel;

(d) the Trustee shall not be bound to make any investigation into the facts or matters stated in any resolution, certificate, statement, instrument, opinion, report, notice, request, direction, consent, order, bond, debenture or other paper or document, but the Trustee, in its discretion, may make such further inquiry or investigation into such facts or matters as it may see fit, and, if the Trustee shall determine to make such further inquiry or investigation, it shall be entitled to examine the books, records and premises of the Company, personally or by agent or attorney at the expense of the Company and shall incur no liability of any kind by reason of such inquiry or investigation;

(e) the Trustee may execute any of the trusts or powers hereunder or perform any duties hereunder either directly or by or through agents, delegates, custodians, nominees or attorneys and the Trustee shall not be responsible for any misconduct or negligence on the part of any agent, delegate, representative, custodian, nominee or attorney appointed by it with due care hereunder;

(f) the permissive rights of the Trustee enumerated herein shall not be construed as duties;

(g) under no circumstances and notwithstanding any contrary provision included herein, neither the Trustee, the Paying Agent, the Conversion Agent nor the Note Registrar shall be responsible or liable for special, indirect, punitive, or consequential damages or loss of any kind whatsoever (including, but not limited to, loss of profit) irrespective of whether any of them have been advised of the likelihood of such loss or damage and regardless of the form of action; this provision shall remain in full force and effect notwithstanding the discharge of the Notes, the termination of this Indenture or the resignation, replacement or removal of the Trustee, the Paying Agent, the Conversion Agent and the Note Registrar; and

(h) the Trustee, the Paying Agent, the Conversion Agent and the Note Registrar may refrain from taking any action in any jurisdiction if the taking of such action in that jurisdiction would, in its opinion based upon legal advice in the relevant jurisdiction, be contrary to any law of that jurisdiction or, to the extent applicable, of New York; furthermore, the Trustee may also refrain from taking such action if it would otherwise render it liable to any person in that jurisdiction or New York or if, in its opinion based on such legal advice, it would not have the power to do the relevant thing in that jurisdiction by virtue of any applicable law in that jurisdiction or in New York or if it is determined by any court or other competent authority in that jurisdiction that it does not have such power.

(i) The Company understands that The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation is a global financial organization that operates in and provides services and products to clients

through affiliates and subsidiaries located in multiple jurisdictions (the “**BNY Mellon Group**”). The Company also understands that the BNY Mellon Group may centralize in one or more affiliates or subsidiaries certain activities, including, but not limited to, audit, administration, risk management, legal, sales, relationship management, and the storage and analysis of data regarding the Company. Consequently, the Company hereby consents and authorizes the Trustee and each Agent, in the course of performance of its duties as Trustee and Agents hereunder, to disclose to other members of the BNY Mellon Group data regarding the Company pursuant to this Indenture solely to the extent necessary to allow it to perform such duties, it being understood that no such affiliate or subsidiary may use such data for any other purpose without the prior consent of the Company.

Section 7.03. No Responsibility for Recitals, Etc. The recitals, statements, warranties and representations contained herein and in the Notes (except in the Trustee’s certificate of authentication) shall be taken as the statements of the Company, and the Trustee assumes no responsibility for the correctness of the same. The Trustee makes no representations as to the accuracy or correctness of the same or the execution, legality, effectiveness, adequacy, genuineness, validity, enforceability or admissibility in evidence of this Indenture or of the Notes. The Trustee shall not be accountable for the use or application by the Company of any Notes or the proceeds of any Notes authenticated and delivered by the Trustee in conformity with the provisions of this Indenture. Notwithstanding the generality of the foregoing, each Holder shall be solely responsible for making its own independent appraisal of, and investigation into, the financial condition, creditworthiness, condition, affairs, status and nature of the Company, and the Trustee shall not at any time have any responsibility for the same and each Holder shall not rely on the Trustee in respect thereof.

Section 7.04. Trustee, Paying Agents, Conversion Agents or Note Registrar May Own Notes. The Trustee, any Paying Agent, any Conversion Agent or Note Registrar, in its individual or any other capacity, may become the owner or pledgee of Notes with the same rights it would have if it were not the Trustee, Paying Agent, Conversion Agent or Note Registrar, and nothing herein shall obligate any of them to account for any profits earned from any business or transactional relationship.

Section 7.05. Monies and ADSs to Be Held in Trust. All monies and ADSs received by the Trustee shall, until used or applied as herein provided, be held in trust for the purposes for which they were received. Money and ADSs held by the Trustee in trust or by the Paying Agent hereunder need not be segregated from other funds except to the extent required by law. Neither the Trustee nor the Paying Agent shall be under any liability for interest on any money or ADSs received by it hereunder.

Section 7.06. Compensation and Expenses of Trustee. (a) The Company covenants and agrees to pay to the Trustee from time to time, and the Trustee shall be entitled to, reasonable compensation for all services rendered by it hereunder in any capacity (which shall not be limited by any provision of law in regard to the compensation of a trustee of an express trust) as mutually agreed to in writing between the Trustee and the Company, and the Company will pay or reimburse the Trustee upon its request for all reasonable expenses, disbursements and advances reasonably incurred or made by the Trustee in accordance with any of the provisions of this Indenture in any capacity thereunder (including the reasonable compensation and the

expenses and disbursements of its agents and counsel and of all Persons not regularly in its employ) except any such expense, disbursement or advance as shall have been caused by its gross negligence or willful misconduct. The Company also covenants to indemnify the Trustee in any capacity under this Indenture and any other document or transaction entered into in connection herewith, and to hold it harmless against, any loss, claim (provided that the Company need not pay for settlement of any such claim made without its consent, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld), damage, liability or expense incurred without gross negligence or willful misconduct on the part of the Trustee, its officers, directors, agents or employees, as the case may be, and arising out of or in connection with the acceptance or administration of this Indenture or in any other capacity hereunder, including the costs and expenses of defending themselves against any claim of liability in the premises. The obligations of the Company under this Section 7.06 to compensate or indemnify the Trustee and to pay or reimburse the Trustee for expenses, disbursements and advances shall be secured by a senior claim to which the Notes are hereby made subordinate on all money or property held or collected by the Trustee, except, subject to the effect of Section 6.05, funds held in trust herewith for the benefit of the Holders of particular Notes. The Trustee's right to receive payment of any amounts due under this Section 7.06 shall not be subordinate to any other liability or indebtedness of the Company. The indemnity under this Section 7.06(a) is payable upon demand by the Trustee. The obligation of the Company under this Section 7.06(a) shall survive the satisfaction and discharge of the Notes, the termination of this Indenture and the resignation or removal of the Trustee. The Company need not pay for any settlement made without its consent, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld. The indemnification provided in this Section 7.06(a) shall extend to the officers, directors, agents and employees of the Trustee. Subject to Section 7.02(e), any negligence or misconduct of any agent, delegate, attorney or representative, in each case, of the Trustee, shall not affect indemnification of the Trustee.

Without prejudice to any other rights available to the Trustee under applicable law, when the Trustee and its agents incur expenses or render services after an Event of Default specified in Section 6.01(i) or Section 6.01(j) occurs, the expenses and the compensation for the services are intended to constitute expenses of administration under any bankruptcy, insolvency or similar laws. If a Default or Event of Default shall have occurred or if the Trustee finds it expedient or necessary or is requested by the Company and/or the Holders to undertake duties which are of an exceptional nature or otherwise outside the scope of the Trustee's normal duties under this Indenture, the Company will pay such additional remuneration as the Company and the Trustee may separately agree in writing.

(b) The Paying Agent, the Conversion Agent and the Note Registrar shall be entitled to the compensation to be agreed upon in writing with the Company for all services rendered by it under this Indenture, and the Company agrees promptly to pay such compensation and to reimburse the Paying Agent, the Conversion Agent and the Note Registrar for its out-of-pocket expenses (including reasonable fees and expenses of counsel) incurred by it in connection with the services rendered by it under this Indenture. The Company hereby agrees to indemnify the Paying Agent, Transfer, the Conversion Agent and the Note Registrar and their respective officers, directors, agents and employees and any successors thereto for, and to hold it harmless against, any loss, liability or expense (including reasonable fees and expenses of counsel) incurred without gross negligence or willful misconduct on its part arising out of or in connection with its acting as the Paying Agent, the Conversion Agent and the Note Registrar

hereunder. The obligations of the Company under this paragraph (b) shall survive the payment of the Notes, the termination of the Indenture and the resignation or removal of the Paying Agent, the Conversion Agent and the Note Registrar.

Section 7.07. *Officers' Certificate as Evidence.* Except as otherwise provided in Section 7.01, whenever in the administration of the provisions of this Indenture the Trustee shall deem it necessary or desirable that a matter be proved or established prior to taking or omitting any action hereunder, such matter (unless other evidence in respect thereof be herein specifically prescribed) may be deemed to be conclusively proved and established by an Officers' Certificate delivered to the Trustee, and such Officers' Certificate shall be full warrant to the Trustee for any action taken or omitted by it under the provisions of this Indenture upon the faith thereof.

Section 7.08. *Eligibility of Trustee.* There shall at all times be a Trustee hereunder which shall be a Person that is eligible pursuant to the Trust Indenture Act to act as such and has a combined capital and surplus of at least US\$50,000,000. If such Person publishes reports of condition at least annually, pursuant to law or to the requirements of any supervising or examining authority, then for the purposes of this Section, the combined capital and surplus of such Person shall be deemed to be its combined capital and surplus as set forth in its most recent report of condition so published. If at any time the Trustee shall cease to be eligible in accordance with the provisions of this Section, it shall resign immediately in the manner and with the effect hereinafter specified in this Article.

Section 7.09. *Resignation or Removal of Trustee.* (a) The Trustee may at any time resign by giving 60 days written notice of such resignation to the Company and by mailing notice thereof to the Holders at their addresses as they shall appear on the Note Register. Upon receiving such notice of resignation, the Company shall promptly appoint a successor trustee by written instrument, in duplicate, executed by order of the Board of Directors, one copy of which instrument shall be delivered to the resigning Trustee and one copy to the successor trustee. If no successor trustee shall have been so appointed and have accepted appointment within 60 days after the mailing of such notice of resignation to the Holders, the resigning Trustee may appoint a successor trustee on behalf of and at the expense of the Company or it may, upon ten Business Days' notice to the Company and the Holders, petition any court of competent jurisdiction for the appointment of a successor trustee, or any Holder who has been a bona fide holder of a Note or Notes for at least six months may, subject to the provisions of Section 6.11, on behalf of himself or herself and all others similarly situated, petition any such court for the appointment of a successor trustee. Such court may thereupon, after such notice, if any, as it may deem proper and prescribe, appoint a successor trustee.

(b) In case at any time any of the following shall occur:

(i) the Trustee shall cease to be eligible in accordance with the provisions of Section 7.08 and shall fail to resign after written request therefor by the Company or by any such Holder, or

(ii) the Trustee shall become incapable of acting, or shall be adjudged a bankrupt or insolvent, or a receiver of the Trustee or of its property shall be appointed, or

any public officer shall take charge or control of the Trustee or of its property or affairs for the purpose of rehabilitation, conservation or liquidation,

then, in either case, the Company may by a Board Resolution remove the Trustee and appoint a successor trustee by written instrument, in duplicate, executed by order of the Board of Directors, one copy of which instrument shall be delivered to the Trustee so removed and one copy to the successor trustee, or, subject to the provisions of Section 6.11, any Holder who has been a bona fide holder of a Note or Notes for at least six months may, on behalf of himself or herself and all others similarly situated, petition any court of competent jurisdiction for the removal of the Trustee and the appointment of a successor trustee. Such court may thereupon, after such notice, if any, as it may deem proper and prescribe, remove the Trustee and appoint a successor trustee.

(c) The Holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes at the time outstanding, as determined in accordance with Section 8.04, may at any time remove the Trustee and nominate a successor trustee that shall be deemed appointed as successor trustee unless within ten days after notice to the Company of such nomination the Company objects thereto, in which case the Trustee so removed or any Holder, upon the terms and conditions and otherwise as in Section 7.09(a) provided, may petition any court of competent jurisdiction for an appointment of a successor trustee.

(d) Any resignation or removal of the Trustee and appointment of a successor trustee pursuant to any of the provisions of this Section 7.09 shall become effective upon acceptance of appointment by the successor trustee as provided in Section 7.10.

Section 7.10. Acceptance by Successor Trustee. Any successor trustee appointed as provided in Section 7.09 shall execute, acknowledge and deliver to the Company and to its predecessor trustee an instrument accepting such appointment hereunder, and thereupon the resignation or removal of the predecessor trustee shall become effective and such successor trustee, without any further act, deed or conveyance, shall become vested with all the rights, powers, duties and obligations of its predecessor hereunder, with like effect as if originally named as Trustee herein; but, nevertheless, on the written request of the Company or of the successor trustee, the trustee ceasing to act shall, upon payment of any amounts then due to it pursuant to the provisions of Section 7.06, execute and deliver an instrument transferring to such successor trustee all the rights and powers of the trustee so ceasing to act. Upon request of any such successor trustee, the Company shall execute any and all instruments in writing for more fully and certainly vesting in and confirming to such successor trustee all such rights and powers. Any trustee ceasing to act shall, nevertheless, retain a senior claim to which the Notes are hereby made subordinate on all money or property held or collected by such trustee as such, except for funds held in trust for the benefit of Holders of particular Notes, to secure any amounts then due to it pursuant to the provisions of Section 7.06.

No successor trustee shall accept appointment as provided in this Section 7.10 unless at the time of such acceptance such successor trustee shall be eligible under the provisions of Section 7.08.

Upon acceptance of appointment by a successor trustee as provided in this Section 7.10, each of the Company and the successor trustee, at the written direction and at the expense of the

Company shall mail or cause to be mailed notice of the succession of such trustee hereunder to the Holders at their addresses as they shall appear on the Note Register. If the Company fails to mail such notice within ten days after acceptance of appointment by the successor trustee, the successor trustee shall cause such notice to be mailed at the expense of the Company.

Section 7.11. Succession by Merger, Etc. Any corporation or other entity into which the Trustee may be merged or converted or with which it may be consolidated, or any corporation or other entity resulting from any merger, conversion or consolidation to which the Trustee shall be a party, or any corporation or other entity succeeding to all or substantially all of the corporate trust business of the Trustee (including the administration of this Indenture), shall be the successor to the Trustee hereunder without the execution or filing of any paper or any further act on the part of any of the parties hereto; *provided* that in the case of any corporation or other entity succeeding to all or substantially all of the corporate trust business of the Trustee such corporation or other entity shall be eligible under the provisions of Section 7.08.

In case at the time such successor to the Trustee shall succeed to the trusts created by this Indenture, any of the Notes shall have been authenticated but not delivered, any such successor to the Trustee may adopt the certificate of authentication of any predecessor trustee, and deliver such Notes so authenticated; and in case at that time any of the Notes shall not have been authenticated, any successor to the Trustee may authenticate such Notes either in the name of any predecessor trustee hereunder or in the name of the successor trustee; and in all such cases such certificates shall have the full force which it is anywhere in the Notes or in this Indenture provided that the certificate of the Trustee shall have; *provided, however,* that the right to adopt the certificate of authentication of any predecessor trustee or to authenticate Notes in the name of any predecessor trustee shall apply only to its successor or successors by merger, conversion or consolidation.

Section 7.12. Trustee's Application for Instructions from the Company. Any application by the Trustee for written instructions from the Company (other than with regard to any action proposed to be taken or omitted to be taken by the Trustee that affects the rights of the Holders of the Notes under this Indenture) may, at the option of the Trustee, set forth in writing any action proposed to be taken or omitted by the Trustee under this Indenture and the date on and/or after which such action shall be taken or such omission shall be effective. The Trustee shall not be liable for any action taken by, or omission of, the Trustee in accordance with a proposal included in such application on or after the date specified in such application (which date shall not be less than three Business Days after the date any officer that the Company has indicated to the Trustee should receive such application actually receives such application, unless any such officer shall have consented in writing to any earlier date), unless, prior to taking any such action (or the effective date in the case of any omission), the Trustee shall have received written instructions in accordance with this Indenture in response to such application specifying the action to be taken or omitted.

ARTICLE 8 CONCERNING THE HOLDERS

Section 8.01. Action by Holders. Whenever in this Indenture it is provided that the Holders of a specified percentage of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes may take any

action (including the making of any demand or request, the giving of any notice, consent or waiver or the taking of any other action), the fact that at the time of taking any such action, the Holders of such specified percentage have joined therein may be evidenced (a) by any instrument or any number of instruments of similar tenor executed by Holders in person or by agent or proxy appointed in writing, or (b) by the record of the Holders voting in favor thereof at any meeting of Holders duly called and held in accordance with the provisions of Article 9, or (c) by a combination of such instrument or instruments and any such record of such a meeting of Holders. Whenever the Company or the Trustee solicits the taking of any action by the Holders of the Notes, the Company or the Trustee may fix, but shall not be required to, in advance of such solicitation, a date as the record date for determining Holders entitled to take such action. The record date if one is selected shall be not more than fifteen days prior to the date of commencement of solicitation of such action.

Section 8.02. *Proof of Execution by Holders.* Subject to the provisions of Section 7.01, Section 7.02 and Section 9.05, proof of the execution of any instrument by a Holder or its agent or proxy shall be sufficient if made in accordance with such reasonable rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Trustee or in such manner as shall be satisfactory to the Trustee. The holding of Notes shall be proved by the Note Register or by a certificate of the Note Registrar. The record of any Holders' meeting shall be proved in the manner provided in Section 9.06.

Section 8.03. *Who Are Deemed Absolute Owners.* The Company, the Trustee, any Paying Agent, any Conversion Agent and any Note Registrar may deem the Person in whose name a Note shall be registered upon the Note Register to be, and may treat it as, the absolute owner of such Note (whether or not such Note shall be overdue and notwithstanding any notation of ownership or other writing thereon made by any Person other than the Company or any Note Registrar) for the purpose of receiving payment of or on account of the principal of and (subject to Section 2.03) accrued and unpaid interest on such Note, for the purpose of conversion of such Note and for all other purposes; and neither the Company nor the Trustee nor any Paying Agent nor any Conversion Agent nor any Note Registrar shall be affected by any notice to the contrary. All such payments or deliveries so made to any Holder for the time being, or upon its order, shall be valid, and, to the extent of the sums or ADSs so paid or delivered, effectual to satisfy and discharge the liability for monies payable or ADSs deliverable upon any such Note. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Indenture or the Notes following an Event of Default, any Holder of a beneficial interest in a Global Note may directly enforce against the Company, without the consent, solicitation, proxy, authorization or any other action of the Depositary or any other Person, such Holder's right to exchange such beneficial interest for a Note in certificated form in accordance with the provisions of this Indenture.

Section 8.04. *Company-Owned Notes Disregarded.* In determining whether the Holders of the requisite aggregate principal amount of Notes have concurred in any direction, consent, waiver or other action under this Indenture, Notes that are owned by the Company, by any Subsidiary thereof or by any Affiliate of the Company or any Subsidiary thereof shall be disregarded and deemed not to be outstanding for the purpose of any such determination; provided that for the purposes of determining whether the Trustee shall be protected in relying on any such direction, consent, waiver or other action only Notes in respect of which a Responsible Officer is notified in writing shall be so disregarded. Notes so owned that have

been pledged in good faith may be regarded as outstanding for the purposes of this Section 8.04 if the pledgee shall establish its right to so act with respect to such Notes and that the pledgee is not the Company, a Subsidiary thereof or an Affiliate of the Company or a Subsidiary thereof. Within five days of acquisition of the Notes by any of the above described persons or entities, the Company shall furnish to the Trustee promptly an Officers' Certificate listing and identifying all Notes, if any, known by the Company to be owned or held by or for the account of any of the above described Persons; and, subject to Section 7.01, the Trustee shall be entitled to accept such Officers' Certificate as conclusive evidence of the facts therein set forth and of the fact that all Notes not listed therein are outstanding for the purpose of any such determination.

Section 8.05. *Revocation of Consents; Future Holders Bound.* At any time prior to (but not after) the evidencing to the Trustee, as provided in Section 8.01, of the taking of any action by the Holders of the percentage of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes specified in this Indenture in connection with such action, any Holder of a Note that is shown by the evidence to be included in the Notes the Holders of which have consented to such action may, by filing written notice with the Trustee at its Corporate Trust Office and upon proof of holding as provided in Section 8.02, revoke such action so far as concerns such Note. Except as aforesaid, any such action taken by the Holder of any Note shall be conclusive and binding upon such Holder and upon all future Holders and owners of such Note and of any Notes issued in exchange or substitution therefor or upon registration of transfer thereof, irrespective of whether any notation in regard thereto is made upon such Note or any Note issued in exchange or substitution therefor or upon registration of transfer thereof.

ARTICLE 9 HOLDERS' MEETINGS

Section 9.01. *Purpose of Meetings.* A meeting of Holders may be called at any time and from time to time pursuant to the provisions of this Article 9 for any of the following purposes:

- (a) to give any notice to the Company or to the Trustee or to give any directions to the Trustee permitted under this Indenture, or to consent to the waiving of any Default or Event of Default hereunder and its consequences, or to take any other action authorized to be taken by Holders pursuant to any of the provisions of Article 6;
- (b) to remove the Trustee and nominate a successor trustee pursuant to the provisions of Article 7;
- (c) to consent to the execution of an indenture or indentures supplemental hereto pursuant to the provisions of Section 10.02; or
- (d) to take any other action authorized to be taken by or on behalf of the Holders of any specified aggregate principal amount of the Notes under any other provision of this Indenture or under applicable law.

Section 9.02. *Call of Meetings by Trustee.* The Trustee may at any time call a meeting of Holders to take any action specified in Section 9.01, to be held at such time and at such place as the Trustee shall determine. Notice of every meeting of the Holders, setting forth the time and

the place of such meeting and in general terms the action proposed to be taken at such meeting and the establishment of any record date pursuant to Section 8.01, shall be mailed to Holders of such Notes at their addresses as they shall appear on the Note Register. Such notice shall also be mailed to the Company. Such notices shall be mailed not less than 20 nor more than 90 days prior to the date fixed for the meeting.

Any meeting of Holders shall be valid without notice if the Holders of all Notes then outstanding are present in person or by proxy or if notice is waived before or after the meeting by the Holders of all Notes then outstanding, and if the Company and the Trustee are either present by duly authorized representatives or have, before or after the meeting, waived notice.

Section 9.03. *Call of Meetings by Company or Holders.* In case at any time the Company, pursuant to a Board Resolution, or the Holders of at least 10% of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding, shall have requested the Trustee to call a meeting of Holders, by written request setting forth in reasonable detail the action proposed to be taken at the meeting, and the Trustee shall not have mailed the notice of such meeting within 20 days after receipt of such request, then the Company or such Holders may determine the time and the place for such meeting and may call such meeting to take any action authorized in Section 9.01, by mailing notice thereof as provided in Section 9.02.

Section 9.04. *Qualifications for Voting.* To be entitled to vote at any meeting of Holders a Person shall (a) be a Holder of one or more Notes on the record date pertaining to such meeting or (b) be a Person appointed by an instrument in writing as proxy by a Holder of one or more Notes on the record date pertaining to such meeting. The only Persons who shall be entitled to be present or to speak at any meeting of Holders shall be the Persons entitled to vote at such meeting and their counsel and any representatives of the Trustee and its counsel and any representatives of the Company and its counsel.

Section 9.05. *Regulations.* Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Indenture, the Trustee may make such reasonable regulations as it may deem advisable for any meeting of Holders, in regard to proof of the holding of Notes and of the appointment of proxies, and in regard to the appointment and duties of inspectors of votes, the submission and examination of proxies, certificates and other evidence of the right to vote, and such other matters concerning the conduct of the meeting as it shall think fit.

The Trustee shall, by an instrument in writing, appoint a temporary chairman of the meeting, unless the meeting shall have been called by the Company or by Holders as provided in Section 9.03, in which case the Company or the Holders calling the meeting, as the case may be, shall in like manner appoint a temporary chairman. A permanent chairman and a permanent secretary of the meeting shall be elected by vote of the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Notes represented at the meeting and entitled to vote at the meeting.

Subject to the provisions of Section 8.04, at any meeting of Holders each Holder or proxyholder shall be entitled to one vote for each US\$1,000 principal amount of Notes held or represented by him or her; *provided, however,* that no vote shall be cast or counted at any meeting in respect of any Note challenged as not outstanding and ruled by the chairman of the meeting to be not outstanding. The chairman of the meeting shall have no right to vote other

than by virtue of Notes held by it or instruments in writing as aforesaid duly designating it as the proxy to vote on behalf of other Holders. Any meeting of Holders duly called pursuant to the provisions of Section 9.02 or Section 9.03 may be adjourned from time to time by the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of Notes represented at the meeting, whether or not constituting a quorum, and the meeting may be held as so adjourned without further notice.

Minutes shall be made of all resolutions and proceedings at every meeting and, if purporting to be signed by the chairman of that meeting or of the next succeeding meeting of Holders of the Notes, shall be conclusive evidence of the matters in them. Until the contrary is proved every meeting for which minutes have been so made and signed shall be deemed to have been duly convened and held and all resolutions passed or proceedings transacted at it to have been duly passed and transacted.

Section 9.06. *Voting.* The vote upon any resolution submitted to any meeting of Holders shall be by written ballot on which shall be subscribed the signatures of the Holders or of their representatives by proxy and the outstanding principal amount of the Notes held or represented by them. The permanent chairman of the meeting shall appoint two inspectors of votes who shall count all votes cast at the meeting for or against any resolution and who shall make and file with the secretary of the meeting their verified written reports in duplicate of all votes cast at the meeting. A record in duplicate of the proceedings of each meeting of Holders shall be prepared by the secretary of the meeting and there shall be attached to said record the original reports of the inspectors of votes on any vote by ballot taken thereat and affidavits by one or more Persons having knowledge of the facts setting forth a copy of the notice of the meeting and showing that said notice was mailed as provided in Section 9.02. The record shall show the principal amount of the Notes voting in favor of or against any resolution. The record shall be signed and verified by the affidavits of the permanent chairman and secretary of the meeting and one of the duplicates shall be delivered to the Company and the other to the Trustee to be preserved by the Trustee, the latter to have attached thereto the ballots voted at the meeting.

Any record so signed and verified shall be conclusive evidence of the matters therein stated.

Section 9.07. *No Delay of Rights by Meeting.* Nothing contained in this Article 9 shall be deemed or construed to authorize or permit, by reason of any call of a meeting of Holders or any rights expressly or impliedly conferred hereunder to make such call, any hindrance or delay in the exercise of any right or rights conferred upon or reserved to the Trustee or to the Holders under any of the provisions of this Indenture or of the Notes.

ARTICLE 10 SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURES

Section 10.01. *Supplemental Indentures Without Consent of Holders.* The Company, when authorized by the resolutions of the Board of Directors, and the Trustee, at the Company's expense and direction, may from time to time and at any time enter into an indenture or indentures supplemental hereto for one or more of the following purposes:

- (a) to cure any ambiguity, omission, defect or inconsistency;

- (b) to provide for the assumption by a Successor Company of the obligations of the Company under this Indenture pursuant to Article 11;
- (c) to add guarantees with respect to the Notes;
- (d) to secure the Notes;
- (e) to add to the covenants or Events of Defaults of the Company for the benefit of the Holders or surrender any right or power conferred upon the Company;
- (f) upon the occurrence of any transaction or event described in Section 14.07(a), to (i) provide that the Notes are convertible into Reference Property, subject to Section 14.02, and (ii) effect the related changes to the terms of the Notes described under Section 14.07(a), in each case, in accordance with Section 14.07;
- (g) to make any change that does not adversely affect the rights of any Holder; or
- (h) to conform the provisions of this Indenture or the Notes to the “Description of the Notes” section of the Offering Memorandum.

Upon the written request of the Company, the Trustee is hereby authorized to join with the Company in the execution of any such supplemental indenture, to make any further appropriate agreements and stipulations that may be therein contained, but the Trustee shall not be obligated to, but may in its discretion, enter into any supplemental indenture that affects the Trustee’s own rights, duties or immunities under this Indenture or otherwise. The Trustee shall be entitled to seek an Opinion of Counsel, at the Company’s expense, that any such supplemental indenture is authorized and permitted by the terms of this Indenture and not contrary to law.

Any supplemental indenture authorized by the provisions of this Section 10.01 may be executed by the Company and the Trustee without the consent of the Holders of any of the Notes at the time outstanding, notwithstanding any of the provisions of Section 10.02.

Section 10.02. *Supplemental Indentures with Consent of Holders.* With the consent (evidenced as provided in Article 8) of the Holders of at least a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding (determined in accordance with Article 8 and including, without limitation, consents obtained in connection with a repurchase of, or tender or exchange offer for, Notes), the Company, when authorized by the resolutions of the Board of Directors, and the Trustee, at the Company’s expense, may from time to time and at any time enter into an indenture or indentures supplemental hereto for the purpose of adding any provisions to or changing in any manner or eliminating any of the provisions of this Indenture or any supplemental indenture or of modifying in any manner the rights of the Holders; *provided, however,* that, without the consent of each Holder of an outstanding Note affected, no such supplemental indenture shall:

- (a) reduce the amount of Notes whose Holders must consent to an amendment;
- (b) reduce the rate of or extend the stated time for payment of interest on any Note;

- (c) reduce the principal of or extend the Maturity Date of any Note;
- (d) make any change that adversely affects the conversion rights of any Notes;
- (e) reduce the Repurchase Price payable on the Repurchase Date or the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price of any Note or amend or modify in any manner adverse to the Holders the Company's obligation to make such payments, whether through an amendment or waiver of provisions in the covenants, definitions or otherwise;
- (f) make any Note payable in a currency other than U.S. dollars;
- (g) change the ranking of the Notes;
- (h) impair the right of any Holder to receive payment of principal and interest on such Holder's Notes on or after the due dates therefor or to institute suit for the enforcement of any payment on or with respect to such Holder's Note;
- (i) change the Company's obligation to pay Additional Amounts on any Note; or
- (j) make any change in this Article 10 that requires each Holder's consent or in the waiver provisions in Section 6.02 or Section 6.09.

Upon the written request of the Company, and upon the filing with the Trustee of evidence of the consent of Holders as aforesaid and subject to Section 10.05, the Trustee shall join with the Company in the execution of such supplemental indenture unless (i) the Trustee has not received an Opinion of Counsel reasonably satisfactory to it that such supplemental indenture is authorized and permitted by the terms of this Indenture and not contrary to law or (ii) such supplemental indenture affects the Trustee's own rights, duties or immunities under this Indenture or otherwise, in which case the Trustee may in its discretion, but shall not be obligated to, enter into such supplemental indenture.

Holders do not need under this Section 10.02 to approve the particular form of any proposed supplemental indenture. It shall be sufficient if such Holders approve the substance thereof. After any supplemental indenture becomes effective under Section 10.01 or Section 10.02, the Company shall mail to the Holders a notice briefly describing such supplemental indenture. However, the failure to give such notice to all the Holders, or any defect in the notice, will not impair or affect the validity of the supplemental indenture.

Section 10.03. *Effect of Supplemental Indentures.* Upon the execution of any supplemental indenture pursuant to the provisions of this Article 10, this Indenture shall be and be deemed to be modified and amended in accordance therewith and the respective rights, limitation of rights, obligations, duties and immunities under this Indenture of the Trustee, the Company and the Holders shall thereafter be determined, exercised and enforced hereunder subject in all respects to such modifications and amendments and all the terms and conditions of any such supplemental indenture shall be and be deemed to be part of the terms and conditions of this Indenture for any and all purposes.

Section 10.04. Notation on Notes. Notes authenticated and delivered after the execution of any supplemental indenture pursuant to the provisions of this Article 10 may, at the Company's expense, bear a notation in form approved by the Trustee as to any matter provided for in such supplemental indenture. If the Company or the Trustee shall so determine, new Notes so modified as to conform, in the opinion of the Trustee and the Board of Directors, to any modification of this Indenture contained in any such supplemental indenture may, at the Company's expense, be prepared and executed by the Company, authenticated by the Trustee and delivered in exchange for the Notes then outstanding, upon surrender of such Notes then outstanding.

Section 10.05. Evidence of Compliance of Supplemental Indenture to Be Furnished Trustee. In addition to the documents required by Section 17.06, the Trustee shall receive an Officers' Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel as conclusive evidence that any supplemental indenture executed pursuant hereto complies with the requirements of this Article 10 and is permitted or authorized by this Indenture and is not contrary to law.

ARTICLE 11 CONSOLIDATION, MERGER, SALE, CONVEYANCE AND LEASE

Section 11.01. Company May Consolidate, Etc. on Certain Terms. Subject to the provisions of Section 11.02, the Company shall not consolidate with, merge with or into, or sell, convey, transfer or lease all or substantially all of its properties and assets to another Person, unless:

(a) the resulting, surviving or transferee Person (the "**Successor Company**"), if not the Company, shall be a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America, any State thereof, the District of Columbia, the Cayman Islands, the British Virgin Islands, Bermuda or Hong Kong and the Successor Company (if not the Company) shall expressly assume, by supplemental indenture all of the obligations of the Company under the Notes and this Indenture (including, for the avoidance of doubt, the obligation to pay Additional Amounts pursuant to Section 4.07); and

(b) immediately after giving effect to such transaction, no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing under this Indenture.

For purposes of this Section 11.01, the sale, conveyance, transfer or lease of all or substantially all of the properties and assets of one or more Subsidiaries of the Company to another Person, which properties and assets, if held by the Company instead of such Subsidiaries, would constitute all or substantially all of the properties and assets of the Company on a consolidated basis, shall be deemed to be the sale, conveyance, transfer or lease of all or substantially all of the properties and assets of the Company to another Person.

Section 11.02. Successor Corporation to Be Substituted. In case of any such consolidation, merger, sale, conveyance, transfer or lease and upon the assumption by the Successor Company, by supplemental indenture, executed and delivered to the Trustee and satisfactory in form to the Trustee, of the due and punctual payment of the principal of and accrued and unpaid interest on all of the Notes (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any

Additional Amounts), the due and punctual delivery or payment, as the case may be, of any consideration due upon conversion of the Notes (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any Additional Amounts) and the due and punctual performance of all of the covenants and conditions of this Indenture to be performed by the Company, such Successor Company (if not the Company) shall succeed to and, except in the case of a lease of all or substantially all of the Company's properties and assets, shall be substituted for the Company, with the same effect as if it had been named herein as the party of the first part. Such Successor Company thereupon may cause to be signed, and may issue either in its own name or in the name of the Company any or all of the Notes issuable hereunder which theretofore shall not have been signed by the Company and delivered to the Trustee; and, upon the order of such Successor Company instead of the Company and subject to all the terms, conditions and limitations in this Indenture prescribed, the Trustee shall authenticate and shall deliver, or cause to be authenticated and delivered, any Notes that previously shall have been signed and delivered by the Officers of the Company to the Trustee for authentication, and any Notes that such Successor Company thereafter shall cause to be signed and delivered to the Trustee for that purpose. All the Notes so issued shall in all respects have the same legal rank and benefit under this Indenture as the Notes theretofore or thereafter issued in accordance with the terms of this Indenture as though all of such Notes had been issued at the date of the execution hereof. In the event of any such consolidation, merger, sale, conveyance or transfer (but not in the case of a lease), upon compliance with this Article 11 the Person named as the "Company" in the first paragraph of this Indenture (or any successor that shall thereafter have become such in the manner prescribed in this Article 11) may be dissolved, wound up and liquidated at any time thereafter and, except in the case of a lease, such Person shall be released from its liabilities as obligor and maker of the Notes and from its obligations under this Indenture and the Notes.

In case of any such consolidation, merger, sale, conveyance, transfer or lease, such changes in phraseology and form (but not in substance) may be made in the Notes thereafter to be issued as may be appropriate.

Section 11.03. *Opinion of Counsel to Be Given to Trustee.* No consolidation, merger, sale, conveyance, transfer or lease shall be effective unless the Trustee shall receive an Officers' Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel as conclusive evidence that any such consolidation, merger, sale, conveyance, transfer or lease and any such assumption and, if a supplemental indenture is required in connection with such transaction, such supplemental indenture, complies with the provisions of this Article 11.

ARTICLE 12 IMMUNITY OF INCORPORATORS, STOCKHOLDERS, OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

Section 12.01. *Indenture and Notes Solely Corporate Obligations.* No recourse for the payment of the principal of or accrued and unpaid interest on any Note, nor for any claim based thereon or otherwise in respect thereof, and no recourse under or upon any obligation, covenant or agreement of the Company in this Indenture or in any supplemental indenture or in any Note, nor because of the creation of any indebtedness represented thereby, shall be had against any incorporator, stockholder, employee, agent, Officer or director or Subsidiary, as such, past, present or future, of the Company or of any successor corporation, either directly or through the Company or any successor corporation, whether by virtue of any constitution, statute or rule of

law, or by the enforcement of any assessment or penalty or otherwise; it being expressly understood that all such liability is hereby expressly waived and released as a condition of, and as a consideration for, the execution of this Indenture and the issue of the Notes.

ARTICLE 13
INTENTIONALLY OMITTED

ARTICLE 14
CONVERSION OF NOTES

Section 14.01. *Conversion Privilege.* Subject to and upon compliance with the provisions of this Article 14, each Holder of a Note shall have the right, at such Holder's option, to convert all or any portion (if the portion to be converted is US\$1,000 principal amount or an integral multiple thereof) of such Note at any time prior to the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Maturity Date at an initial conversion rate of 9.1942 ADSs (subject to adjustment as provided in this Article 14, the "**Conversion Rate**") per US\$1,000 principal amount of Notes (subject to the settlement provisions of Section 14.02, the "**Conversion Obligation**").

Section 14.02. *Conversion Procedure; Settlement Upon Conversion.*

(a) Upon conversion of any Note, the Company shall cause to be delivered to the converting Holder, in respect of each US\$1,000 principal amount of Notes being converted, a number of ADSs equal to the Conversion Rate, together with a cash payment, if applicable, in lieu of any ADSs ("**Fractional ADSs**") that would represent a fractional ordinary share (assuming delivery of the maximum number of ADSs due upon conversion that do not represent a fractional ordinary share) in accordance with subsection (j) of this Section 14.02, on the third Business Day immediately following the relevant Conversion Date.

(b) Subject to Section 14.02(e), before any Holder of a Note shall be entitled to convert a Note as set forth above, such Holder shall (i) in the case of a Global Note, comply with the procedures of the Depositary in effect at that time and, if required, pay funds equal to interest payable on the next Interest Payment Date to which such Holder is not entitled as set forth in Section 14.02(h), and complete, manually sign and deliver a duly completed irrevocable notice to the Conversion Agent as set forth in the Form of Notice of Conversion (or a facsimile thereof) (a "**Notice of Conversion**") and (ii) in the case of a Physical Note (1) complete, manually sign and deliver a duly completed irrevocable Notice of Conversion to the Conversion Agent at the office of the Conversion Agent and state in writing therein the principal amount of Notes to be converted and the name or names (with addresses) in which such Holder wishes the certificate or certificates for any ADSs to be delivered upon settlement of the Conversion Obligation to be registered, (2) surrender such Notes, duly endorsed to the Company or in blank (and accompanied by appropriate endorsement and transfer documents), at the office of the Conversion Agent, (3) if required, furnish appropriate endorsements and transfer documents and (4) if required, pay funds equal to interest payable on the next Interest Payment Date to which such Holder is not entitled as set forth in Section 14.02(h). The Trustee (and if different, the Conversion Agent) shall notify the Company of any conversion pursuant to this Article 14 on the

Conversion Date for such conversion. No Notice of Conversion with respect to any Notes may be delivered and no Notes may be surrendered by a Holder for conversion thereof if such Holder has also delivered a Repurchase Notice or Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice to the Company in respect of such Notes and not validly withdrawn such Repurchase Notice or Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice in accordance with Section 15.03. A Notice of Conversion shall be deposited in duplicate at the office of any Conversion Agent on any Business Day from 9:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. at the location of the Conversion Agent to which such Notice of Conversion is delivered. Any Notice of Conversion and any Physical Note (if issued) deposited outside the hours specified or on a day that is not a Business Day at the location of the Conversion Agent shall for all purposes be deemed to have been deposited with that Conversion Agent between 9:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. on the next Business Day.

If more than one Note shall be surrendered for conversion at one time by the same Holder, the Conversion Obligation with respect to such Notes shall be computed on the basis of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes (or specified portions thereof to the extent permitted thereby) so surrendered. None of the agents of the Trustee shall have any responsibility whatsoever with respect to the issuance and delivery of the ADSs to the converting Holder.

(c) A Note shall be deemed to have been converted immediately prior to the close of business on the date (the "**Conversion Date**") that the Holder has complied with the requirements set forth in subsection (b) above. The Company shall issue or cause to be issued, and deliver to the Conversion Agent or to such Holder, or such Holder's nominee or nominees, certificates or a book-entry transfer through the Depository for the full number of ADSs to which such Holder shall be entitled in satisfaction of the Company's Conversion Obligation.

(d) In case any Note shall be surrendered for partial conversion, the Company shall execute and instruct the Trustee who shall authenticate and deliver to or upon the written order of the Holder of the Note so surrendered a new Note or Notes in authorized denominations in an aggregate principal amount equal to the unconverted portion of the surrendered Note, without payment of any service charge by the converting Holder but, if required by the Company or Trustee, with payment of a sum sufficient to cover any transfer tax or similar governmental charge required by law or that may be imposed in connection therewith as a result of the name of the Holder of the new Notes issued upon such conversion being different from the name of the Holder of the old Notes surrendered for such conversion.

(e) If a Holder submits a Note for conversion, the Company shall pay any documentary, stamp or similar issue or transfer tax due on the delivery of the ADSs upon conversion of the Notes (or the issuance of the underlying Ordinary Shares), unless the tax is due because the Holder requests such ADSs (or such Ordinary Shares) to be issued in a name other than the Holder's name, in which case the Holder shall pay that tax. The Conversion Agent may refuse to deliver the certificates representing the ADSs (or the Ordinary Shares) being issued in a name other than the Holder's name until the Trustee receives a sum sufficient to pay any tax that is due by such Holder in accordance with the immediately preceding sentence. The Company shall pay the Depository's fees for issuance of the ADSs.

(f) Except as provided in Section 14.04, no adjustment shall be made for dividends on any ADSs delivered upon the conversion of any Note as provided in this Article 14.

(g) Upon the conversion of an interest in a Global Note, the Trustee shall make a notation on such Global Note as to the reduction in the principal amount represented thereby. The Company shall notify the Trustee in writing of any conversion of Notes effected through any Conversion Agent other than the Trustee.

(h) Upon conversion, a Holder shall not receive any separate cash payment for accrued and unpaid interest, if any, except as set forth below. The Company's settlement of the Conversion Obligation shall be deemed to satisfy in full its obligation to pay the principal amount of the Note and accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but not including, the relevant Conversion Date. As a result, accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but not including, the relevant Conversion Date shall be deemed to be paid in full rather than cancelled, extinguished or forfeited. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if Notes are converted after the close of business on a Regular Record Date, Holders of such Notes as of the close of business on such Regular Record Date will receive the full amount of interest payable on such Notes on the corresponding Interest Payment Date notwithstanding the conversion. Notes surrendered for conversion during the period from the close of business on any Regular Record Date to the open of business on the immediately following Interest Payment Date must be accompanied by funds equal to the amount of interest payable on the Notes so converted; *provided* that no such payment shall be required (1) for conversions following the Regular Record Date immediately preceding the Maturity Date; (2) if the Company has specified a Fundamental Change Repurchase Date that is after a Regular Record Date and on or prior to the corresponding Interest Payment Date; or (3) to the extent of any Defaulted Amounts, if any Defaulted Amounts exist at the time of conversion with respect to such Note.

(i) The Person in whose name the certificate for any ADSs delivered upon conversion is registered shall be treated as a holder of record of such ADSs as of the close of business on the relevant Conversion Date. Upon a conversion of Notes, such Person shall no longer be a Holder of such Notes surrendered for conversion.

(j) The Company shall not issue any Fractional ADS upon conversion of the Notes and shall instead pay cash in lieu of any Fractional ADS deliverable upon conversion based on the Last Reported Sale Price of the ADSs on the relevant Conversion Date.

Section 14.03. Increased Conversion Rate Applicable to Certain Notes Surrendered in Connection with Make-Whole Fundamental Changes. (a) If a Make-Whole Fundamental Change occurs prior to the Maturity Date and a Holder elects to convert its Notes in connection with such Make-Whole Fundamental Change, the Company shall, under the circumstances described below, increase the Conversion Rate for the Notes so surrendered for conversion by a number of additional ADSs (the "**Additional ADSs**"), as described below. A conversion of Notes shall be deemed for these purposes to be "in connection with" such Make-Whole Fundamental Change if the relevant Notice of Conversion is received by the Conversion Agent from, and including, the Effective Date of the Make-Whole Fundamental Change up to, and including, the second Business Day immediately prior to the related Fundamental Change Repurchase Date (or, in the case of a Make-Whole Fundamental Change that would have been a Fundamental Change but for the *proviso* in clause (b) of the definition thereof, the 35th Trading Day immediately following the Effective Date of such Make-Whole Fundamental Change). The Company shall provide written notification to Holders and the Trustee of the Effective Date of

any Make-Whole Fundamental Change and issue a press release announcing such Effective Date no later than five Business Days after such Effective Date.

(b) Upon surrender of Notes for conversion in connection with a Make-Whole Fundamental Change, the Company shall cause to be delivered ADSs, including the Additional ADSs, in accordance with Section 14.02; *provided, however,* that if, at the effective time of a Make-Whole Fundamental Change described in clause (b) of the definition of Fundamental Change, the Reference Property following such Make-Whole Fundamental Change is composed entirely of cash, for any conversion of Notes following the Effective Date of such Make-Whole Fundamental Change, the Conversion Obligation shall be calculated based solely on the ADS Price for the transaction and shall be deemed to be an amount of cash per US\$1,000 principal amount of converted Notes equal to the Conversion Rate (including any adjustment for Additional ADSs), *multiplied by* such ADS Price.

(c) The number of Additional ADSs, if any, by which the Conversion Rate shall be increased shall be determined by reference to the table below, based on the date on which the Make-Whole Fundamental Change occurs or becomes effective (the “**Effective Date**”) and the price (the “**ADS Price**”) paid (or deemed to be paid) per ADS in the Make-Whole Fundamental Change. If the holders of the ADSs receive in exchange for their ADSs only cash in a Make-Whole Fundamental Change described in clause (b) of the definition of Fundamental Change, the ADS Price shall be the cash amount paid per ADS. Otherwise, the ADS Price shall be the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the ADSs over the five Trading Day period ending on, and including, the Trading Day immediately preceding the Effective Date of the Make-Whole Fundamental Change.

(d) The ADS Prices set forth in the column headings of the table below shall be adjusted as of any date on which the Conversion Rate of the Notes is otherwise adjusted. The adjusted ADS Prices shall equal the ADS Prices applicable immediately prior to such adjustment, *multiplied by* a fraction, the numerator of which is the Conversion Rate immediately prior to such adjustment giving rise to the ADS Price adjustment and the denominator of which is the Conversion Rate as so adjusted. The number of Additional ADSs set forth in the table below shall be adjusted in the same manner and at the same time as the Conversion Rate as set forth in Section 14.04.

(e) The following table sets forth the number of Additional ADSs to be received per US\$1,000 principal amount of Notes pursuant to this Section 14.03 for each ADS Price and Effective Date set forth below:

Effective date	ADS price														
	US\$75 .01	US\$90 .00	US\$100 .00	US\$108 .76	US\$115 .00	US\$120 .00	US\$125 .00	US\$130 .00	US\$140 .00	US\$150 .00	US\$175 .00	US\$200 .00	US\$250 .00	US\$300 .00	US\$400 .00
June 24, 2015	4.1373	3.0028	2.3926	1.9827	1.7441	1.5785	1.4322	1.3024	1.0840	0.9091	0.6018	0.4107	0.2027	0.1037	0.0247
July 1, 2016	4.1373	3.0092	2.3598	1.9286	1.6800	1.5088	1.3585	1.2262	1.0057	0.8315	0.5321	0.3517	0.1632	0.0781	0.0147
July 1, 2017	4.1373	2.8950	2.2126	1.7695	1.5185	1.3480	1.2000	1.0712	0.8598	0.6962	0.4239	0.2669	0.1121	0.0476	0.0049
July 1, 2018	4.1373	2.5949	1.9468	1.5262	1.2888	1.1283	0.9898	0.8700	0.6760	0.5288	0.2940	0.1685	0.0579	0.0189	0.0000
July 1, 2019	4.1373	2.3582	1.6454	1.2010	0.9603	0.8033	0.6724	0.5633	0.3965	0.2805	0.1211	0.0543	0.0112	0.0008	0.0000
July 1, 2020	4.1373	1.9169	0.8058	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

The exact ADS Prices and Effective Dates may not be set forth in the table above, in which case:

- (i) if the ADS Price is between two ADS Prices in the table above or the Effective Date is between two Effective Dates in the table, the number of Additional ADSs shall be determined by a straight-line interpolation between the number of Additional ADSs set forth for the higher and lower ADS Prices and the earlier and later Effective Dates, as applicable, based on a 365-day year;
- (ii) if the ADS Price is greater than US\$400.00 per ADS (subject to adjustment in the same manner as the ADS Prices set forth in the column headings of the table above pursuant to subsection (d) above), no Additional ADSs shall be added to the Conversion Rate; and
- (iii) if the ADS Price is less than US\$75.01 per ADS (subject to adjustment in the same manner as the ADS Prices set forth in the column headings of the table above pursuant to subsection (d) above), no Additional ADSs shall be added to the Conversion Rate.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no event shall the Conversion Rate per US\$1,000 principal amount of Notes exceed 13.3315 ADSs, subject to adjustment in the same manner as the Conversion Rate pursuant to Section 14.04.

(f) Nothing in this Section 14.03 shall prevent an adjustment to the Conversion Rate pursuant to Section 14.04.

(g) If the Holder elects to convert its Notes in connection with the Company's election to redeem the Notes in respect of a Change in Tax Law pursuant to Section 16.01, the Conversion Rate shall be increased by a number of additional ADSs determined pursuant to this Section 14.03(g). The Company shall settle conversions of Notes as described in Section 14.02 and, for the avoidance of doubt, pay Additional Amounts, if any, with respect to any such conversion.

A conversion shall be deemed to be in connection with the Company's election to redeem the Notes in respect of a Change in Tax Law if such conversion occurs during the period from,

and including, the date the Company provides the related notice of redemption to Holders until the close of business on the Business Day immediately preceding the Redemption Date (or, if the Company fails to pay the Redemption Price, such later date on which the Company pays the Redemption Price).

Simultaneously with providing such notice of redemption, the Company shall publish a notice containing this information in a newspaper of general circulation in The City of New York or publish the information on the Company's website or through such other public medium as the Company may use at that time.

The number of additional ADSs by which the Conversion Rate will be increased in the event the Company elects to redeem the Notes in respect of a Change in Tax Law will be determined by reference to the table in clause (e) above based on the Redemption Reference Date and the Redemption Reference Price (each as defined below), but determined for purposes of this Section 14.03(g) as if (x) the Holder had elected to convert its Notes in connection with a Make-Whole Fundamental Change, (y) the applicable "Redemption Reference Date" were the "Effective Date" as specified in clause (c) above and (z) the applicable "Redemption Reference Price" were the "ADS price" as specified in clause (c) above. For this purpose, the date on which the Company delivers notice of redemption is the "**Redemption Reference Date**" and the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the ADSs over the five Trading Day immediately preceding, the date the Company delivers such notice of redemption is the "**Redemption Reference Price**".

Section 14.04. Adjustment of Conversion Rate. If the number of Ordinary Shares represented by the ADSs is changed, after the date of this Indenture, for any reason other than one or more of the events described in this Section 14.04, the Company shall make an appropriate adjustment to the Conversion Rate such that the number of Ordinary Shares represented by the ADSs upon which conversion of the Notes is based remains the same.

Notwithstanding the adjustment provisions described in this Section 14.04, if the Company distributes to holders of the Ordinary Shares any cash, rights, options, warrants, shares of Capital Stock or similar equity interest, evidences of indebtedness or other assets or property of the Company (but excluding Expiring Rights) and a corresponding distribution is not made to holders of the ADSs, but, instead, the ADSs shall represent, in addition to Ordinary Shares, such cash, rights, options, warrants, shares of Capital Stock or similar equity interest, evidences of indebtedness or other assets or property of the Company, then an adjustment to the Conversion Rate described in this Section 14.04 shall not be made until and unless a corresponding distribution (if any) is made to holders of the ADSs, and such adjustment to the Conversion Rate shall be based on the distribution made to the holders of the ADSs and not on the distribution made to the holders of the Ordinary Shares. However, in the event that the Company issues or distributes to all holders of the Ordinary Shares any Expiring Rights, notwithstanding the immediately preceding sentence, the Company shall adjust the Conversion Rate pursuant to Section 14.04(b) (in the case of Expiring Rights entitling holders of the Ordinary Shares for a period of not more than 45 calendar days after the announcement date of such issuance to subscribe for or purchase Ordinary Shares or ADSs) or Section 14.04(c) (in the case of all other Expiring Rights).

For the avoidance of doubt, if any event described in this Section 14.04 results in a change to the number of Ordinary Shares represented by the ADSs, then such a change shall be deemed to satisfy the Company's obligation to effect the relevant adjustment to the Conversion Rate on account of such an event to the extent to which such change reflects what a corresponding change to the Conversion Rate would have been on account of such an event.

The Conversion Rate shall be adjusted from time to time by the Company if any of the following events occurs, except that the Company shall not make any adjustments to the Conversion Rate if Holders of the Notes participate (other than in the case of a share split or share combination), at the same time and upon the same terms as holders of the ADSs and solely as a result of holding the Notes, in any of the transactions described in this Section 14.04, without having to convert their Notes, as if they held a number of ADSs equal to the Conversion Rate, *multiplied* by the principal amount (expressed in thousands) of Notes held by such Holder. Neither the Trustee nor the Conversion Agent shall have any responsibility to monitor the accuracy of any calculation of adjustment of the Conversion Rate and the same shall be conclusive and binding on the Holders, absent manifest error. Notice of such adjustment to the Conversion Rate shall be given by the Company promptly to the Holders, the Trustee and the Paying Agent and Conversion Agent and shall be conclusive and binding on the Holders, absent manifest error.

(a) If the Company exclusively issues Ordinary Shares as a dividend or distribution on the Ordinary Shares, or if the Company effects a share split or share combination, the Conversion Rate shall be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{OS_1}{OS_0}$$

where,

CR_0 = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the close of business on the Record Date for the ADSs of such dividend or distribution, or immediately prior to the open of business on the effective date of such share split or share combination, as applicable;

CR_1 = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the close of business on such Record Date or immediately after the open of business on such effective date, as applicable;

OS_0 = the number of Ordinary Shares outstanding immediately prior to the close of business on such Record Date or immediately prior to the open of business on such effective date, as applicable; and

OS_1 = the number of Ordinary Shares outstanding immediately after giving effect to such dividend, distribution, share split or share combination.

Any adjustment made under this Section 14.04(a) shall become effective immediately after the close of business on the Record Date for the ADSs for such dividend or distribution, or

immediately after the open of business on the effective date for such share split or share combination, as applicable. If any dividend or distribution of the type described in this Section 14.04(a) is declared but not so paid or made, the Conversion Rate shall be immediately readjusted, effective as of the date the Board of Directors determines not to pay such dividend or distribution, to the Conversion Rate that would then be in effect if such dividend or distribution had not been declared.

(b) If the Company issues to all or substantially all holders of the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) any rights, options or warrants entitling them, for a period of not more than 45 calendar days after the announcement date of such issuance, to subscribe for or purchase Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) at a price per Ordinary Share that is less than the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the Ordinary Shares or the ADSs, as the case may be (*divided by*, in the case of the ADSs, the number of Ordinary Shares then represented by one ADS), for the 10 consecutive Trading Day period ending on, and including, the Trading Day immediately preceding the date of announcement of such issuance, the Conversion Rate shall be increased based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{OS_0 + X}{OS_0 + Y}$$

where,

CR ₀	=	the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the close of business on the Record Date for the ADSs for such issuance;
CR ₁	=	the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the close of business on such Record Date;
OS ₀	=	the number of Ordinary Shares outstanding immediately prior to the close of business on such Record Date;
X	=	the total number of Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) deliverable pursuant to such rights, options or warrants; and
Y	=	the number of Ordinary Shares equal to (i) the aggregate price payable to exercise such rights, options or warrants, <i>divided by</i> (ii) the quotient of (a) the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the ADSs over the 10 consecutive Trading Day period ending on, and including, the Trading Day immediately preceding the date of announcement of the issuance of such rights, options or warrants <i>divided by</i> (b) the number of Ordinary Shares then represented by one ADS.

Any increase made under this Section 14.04(b) shall be made successively whenever any such rights, options or warrants are issued and shall become effective immediately after the close of business on the Record Date for the ADSs for such issuance. To the extent that Ordinary Shares or ADSs are not delivered after the expiration of such rights, options or warrants, the Conversion Rate shall be decreased to the Conversion Rate that would then be in effect had the increase with respect to the issuance of such rights, options or warrants been made on the basis of delivery of

only the number of Ordinary Shares actually delivered (directly or in the form of ADSs). If such rights, options or warrants are not so issued, the Conversion Rate shall be decreased to the Conversion Rate that would then be in effect if such the Record Date for the ADSs for such issuance had not occurred.

For purposes of this Section 14.04(b), in determining whether any rights, options or warrants entitle the holders to subscribe for or purchase Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) at a price per Ordinary Share that is less than such average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the Ordinary Shares or the ADSs, as the case may be (*divided by*, in the case of the ADSs, the number of Ordinary Shares then represented by one ADS), for the 10 consecutive Trading Day period ending on, and including, the Trading Day immediately preceding the date of announcement for such issuance, and in determining the aggregate offering price of such Ordinary Shares or ADSs, there shall be taken into account any consideration received by the Company for such rights, options or warrants and any amount payable on exercise or conversion thereof, the value of such consideration, if other than cash, to be determined by the Board of Directors.

(c) If the Company distributes shares of its Capital Stock, evidences of its indebtedness, other assets or property of the Company or rights, options or warrants to acquire its Capital Stock or other securities, to all or substantially all holders of the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs), excluding (i) dividends, distributions or issuances as to which an adjustment was effected pursuant to Section 14.04(a) or Section 14.04(b), (ii) dividends or distributions paid exclusively in cash as to which an adjustment was effected pursuant to Section 14.04(d), and (iii) Spin-Offs as to which the provisions set forth below in this Section 14.04(c) shall apply (any of such shares of Capital Stock, evidences of indebtedness, other assets or property or rights, options or warrants to acquire Capital Stock or other securities of the Company, the “**Distributed Property**”), then the Conversion Rate shall be increased based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{SP_0}{SP_0 - FMV}$$

where,

CR_0 = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the close of business on the Record Date for the ADSs for such distribution;

CR_1 = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the close of business on such Record Date;

SP_0 = the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the ADSs (*divided by* the number of Ordinary Shares then represented by one ADS) over the 10 consecutive Trading Day period ending on, and including, the Trading Day immediately preceding the Ex-Dividend Date for such distribution; and

FMV = the fair market value (as determined by the Board of Directors) of the Distributed Property with respect to each outstanding Ordinary Share (directly or in the form of ADSs) on the Record Date for the ADSs for such distribution.

Any increase made under the portion of this Section 14.04(c) above shall become effective immediately after the close of business on the Record Date for the ADSs for such distribution. If such distribution is not so paid or made, the Conversion Rate shall be decreased to the Conversion Rate that would then be in effect if such distribution had not been declared. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if “FMV” (as defined above) is equal to or greater than “SP₀” (as defined above), in lieu of the foregoing increase, each Holder of a Note shall receive, in respect of each US\$1,000 principal amount thereof, at the same time and upon the same terms as holders of the ADSs receive the Distributed Property, the amount and kind of Distributed Property such Holder would have received if such Holder owned a number of ADSs equal to the Conversion Rate in effect on the Record Date for the ADSs for the distribution.

With respect to an adjustment pursuant to this Section 14.04(c) where there has been a payment of a dividend or other distribution on the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) of shares of Capital Stock of any class or series, or similar equity interest, of or relating to a Subsidiary or other business unit of the Company, that are, or, when issued, will be, listed or admitted for trading on a U.S. national securities exchange (a “Spin-Off”), the Conversion Rate shall be increased based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{FMV_0 + MP_0}{MP_0}$$

where,

CR₀ = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the end of the Valuation Period;

CR₁ = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the end of the Valuation Period;

FMV₀ = the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the Capital Stock or similar equity interest distributed to holders of the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) applicable to one Ordinary Share (determined by reference to the definition of Last Reported Sale Price as set forth in Section 1.01 as if references therein to the ADSs were to such Capital Stock or similar equity interest) over the first 10 consecutive Trading Day period after, and including, the Ex-Dividend Date of the Spin-Off (the “Valuation Period”); and

MP₀ = the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the ADSs (*divided by* the number of Ordinary Shares then represented by one ADS) over the Valuation Period.

The adjustment to the Conversion Rate under the preceding paragraph shall occur on the last Trading Day of the Valuation Period; *provided* that in respect of any conversion during the Valuation Period, references in the portion of this Section 14.04(c) related to Spin-Offs to 10 Trading Days shall be deemed to be replaced with such lesser number of Trading Days as have

elapsed from, and including, the Ex-Dividend Date of such Spin-Off to, and including, the Conversion Date in determining the Conversion Rate.

For purposes of this Section 14.04(c) (and subject in all respect to Section 14.11), rights, options or warrants distributed by the Company to all holders of the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) entitling them to subscribe for or purchase shares of the Company's Capital Stock, including Ordinary Shares (either initially or under certain circumstances), which rights, options or warrants, until the occurrence of a specified event or events ("Trigger Event"): (i) are deemed to be transferred with such Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs); (ii) are not exercisable; and (iii) are also issued in respect of future issuances of the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs), shall be deemed not to have been distributed for purposes of this Section 14.04(c) (and no adjustment to the Conversion Rate under this Section 14.04(c) will be required) until the occurrence of the earliest Trigger Event, whereupon such rights, options or warrants shall be deemed to have been distributed and an appropriate adjustment (if any is required) to the Conversion Rate shall be made under this Section 14.04(c). If any such right, option or warrant, including any such existing rights, options or warrants distributed prior to the date of this Indenture, are subject to events, upon the occurrence of which such rights, options or warrants become exercisable to purchase different securities, evidences of indebtedness or other assets, then the date of the occurrence of any and each such event shall be deemed to be the date of distribution and Record Date with respect to new rights, options or warrants with such rights (in which case the existing rights, options or warrants shall be deemed to terminate and expire on such date without exercise by any of the holders thereof). In addition, in the event of any distribution (or deemed distribution) of rights, options or warrants, or any Trigger Event or other event (of the type described in the immediately preceding sentence) with respect thereto that was counted for purposes of calculating a distribution amount for which an adjustment to the Conversion Rate under this Section 14.04(c) was made, (1) in the case of any such rights, options or warrants that shall all have been redeemed or purchased without exercise by any holders thereof, upon such final redemption or purchase (x) the Conversion Rate shall be readjusted as if such rights, options or warrants had not been issued and (y) the Conversion Rate shall then again be readjusted to give effect to such distribution, deemed distribution or Trigger Event, as the case may be, as though it were a cash distribution, equal to the per Ordinary Share redemption or purchase price received by a holder or holders of Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) with respect to such rights, options or warrants (assuming such holder had retained such rights, options or warrants), made to all holders of Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) as of the date of such redemption or purchase, and (2) in the case of such rights, options or warrants that shall have expired or been terminated without exercise by any holders thereof, the Conversion Rate shall be readjusted as if such rights, options and warrants had not been issued.

For purposes of Section 14.04(a), Section 14.04(b) and this Section 14.04(c), if any dividend or distribution to which this Section 14.04(c) is applicable also includes one or both of:

- (A) a dividend or distribution of Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) to which Section 14.04(a) is applicable (the "**Clause A Distribution**"); or
- (B) a dividend or distribution of rights, options or warrants to which Section 14.04(b) is applicable (the "**Clause B Distribution**"),

then (1) such dividend or distribution, other than the Clause A Distribution and the Clause B Distribution, shall be deemed to be a dividend or distribution to which this Section 14.04(c) is applicable (the “**Clause C Distribution**”) and any Conversion Rate adjustment required by this Section 14.04(c) with respect to such Clause C Distribution shall then be made, and (2) the Clause A Distribution and Clause B Distribution shall be deemed to immediately follow the Clause C Distribution and any Conversion Rate adjustment required by Section 14.04(a) and Section 14.04(b) with respect thereto shall then be made, except that, if determined by the Company (I) the “Record Date” of the Clause A Distribution and the Clause B Distribution shall be deemed to be the Record Date of the Clause C Distribution and (II) any Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) included in the Clause A Distribution or Clause B Distribution shall be deemed not to be “outstanding immediately prior to the close of business on such Record Date or immediately after the open of business on such effective date, as applicable” within the meaning of Section 14.04(a) or “outstanding immediately prior to the close of business on such Record Date” within the meaning of Section 14.04(b).

(d) If any cash dividend or distribution is made to all or substantially all holders of the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs), the Conversion Rate shall be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{SP_0}{SP_0 - C}$$

where,

CR_0	=	the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the close of business on the Record Date for the ADSs for such dividend or distribution;
CR_1	=	the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the close of business on such Record Date;
SP_0	=	the Last Reported Sale Price of the ADSs (<i>divided by</i> the number of Ordinary Shares then represented by one ADS) on the Trading Day immediately preceding the Ex-Dividend Date for such dividend or distribution; and
C	=	the amount in cash per Ordinary Share the Company distributes to all or substantially all holders of the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs).

Any increase pursuant to this Section 14.04(d) shall become effective immediately after the close of business on the Record Date for the ADSs for such dividend or distribution. If such dividend or distribution is not so paid, the Conversion Rate shall be decreased, effective as of the date the Board of Directors determines not to make or pay such dividend or distribution, to be the Conversion Rate that would then be in effect if such dividend or distribution had not been declared. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if “C” (as defined above) is equal to or greater than “ SP_0 ” (as defined above), in lieu of the foregoing increase, each Holder of a Note shall receive, for each US\$1,000 principal amount of Notes, at the same time and upon the same terms as holders of the ADSs, the amount of cash that such Holder would have received if such Holder

owned a number of ADSs equal to the Conversion Rate on the Record Date for the ADSs for such cash dividend or distribution.

(e) If the Company or any of its Subsidiaries make a payment in respect of a tender or exchange offer for the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs), to the extent that the cash and value of any other consideration included in the payment per Ordinary Share exceeds the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the ADSs (*divided by* the number of Ordinary Shares then represented by one ADS) over the 10 consecutive Trading Day period commencing on, and including, the Trading Day next succeeding the date such tender or exchange offer expires, the Conversion Rate shall be increased based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{AC + (SP_1 \times OS_1)}{OS_0 \times SP_1}$$

where,

- CR₀ = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the close of business on the 10th Trading Day immediately following, and including, the Trading Day next succeeding the date such tender or exchange offer expires;
- CR₁ = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the close of business on the 10th Trading Day immediately following, and including, the Trading Day next succeeding the date such tender or exchange offer expires;
- AC = the aggregate value of all cash and any other consideration (as determined by the Board of Directors) paid or payable for Ordinary Shares or ADSs, as the case may be, purchased in such tender or exchange offer;
- OS₀ = the number of Ordinary Shares outstanding immediately prior to the date such tender or exchange offer expires (prior to giving effect to the purchase of all Ordinary Shares or ADSs, as the case may be, accepted for purchase or exchange in such tender or exchange offer);
- OS₁ = the number of Ordinary Shares outstanding immediately after the date such tender or exchange offer expires (after giving effect to the purchase of all Ordinary Shares or ADSs, as the case may be, accepted for purchase or exchange in such tender or exchange offer); and
- SP₁ = the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the ADSs (*divided by* the number of Ordinary Shares then represented by one ADS) over the 10 consecutive Trading Day period commencing on, and including, the Trading Day next succeeding the date such tender or exchange offer expires.

The adjustment to the Conversion Rate under this Section 14.04(e) shall occur at the close of business on the 10th Trading Day immediately following, and including, the Trading Day next succeeding the date such tender or exchange offer expires; *provided* that in respect of any conversion within the 10 Trading Days immediately following, and including, the expiration date

of any tender or exchange offer, references in this Section 14.04(e) with respect to 10 Trading Days shall be deemed replaced with such lesser number of Trading Days as have elapsed from, and including, the Trading Day next succeeding the expiration date of such tender or exchange offer to, and including, the Conversion Date in determining the Conversion Rate. For the avoidance of doubt, no adjustment to the Conversion Rate under this Section 14.04(e) shall be made if such adjustment would result in a decrease in the Conversion Rate.

(f) [Reserved]

(g) Except as stated herein, the Company shall not adjust the Conversion Rate for the issuance of Ordinary Shares or ADSs or any securities convertible into or exchangeable for Ordinary Shares or ADSs or the right to purchase Ordinary Shares or ADSs or such convertible or exchangeable securities.

(h) In addition to those adjustments required by clauses (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) of this Section 14.04, and to the extent permitted by applicable law and subject to the applicable rules of The NASDAQ Global Select Market and any other securities exchange on which any of the Company's securities are then listed, the Company from time to time may increase the Conversion Rate by any amount for a period of at least 20 Business Days if the Board of Directors determines that such increase would be in the Company's best interest, and the Company may (but is not required to) increase the Conversion Rate to avoid or diminish any income tax to holders of the Ordinary Shares or the ADSs or rights to purchase Ordinary Shares or ADSs in connection with a dividend or distribution of Ordinary Shares or ADSs (or rights to acquire Ordinary Shares or ADSs) or similar event.

(i) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Article 14, the Conversion Rate shall not be adjusted:

(i) upon the issuance of any Ordinary Shares or ADSs pursuant to any present or future plan providing for the reinvestment of dividends or interest payable on the Company's securities and the investment of additional optional amounts in Ordinary Shares or ADSs under any plan;

(ii) upon the issuance of any Ordinary Shares or ADSs or options or rights to purchase those Ordinary Shares or ADSs pursuant to any present or future employee, director or consultant benefit plan or program of or assumed by the Company or any of the Company's Subsidiaries;

(iii) upon the issuance of any Ordinary Shares or ADSs pursuant to any option, warrant, right or exercisable, exchangeable or convertible security not described in clause (ii) of this subsection and outstanding as of the date the Notes were first issued;

(iv) solely for a change in the par value of the Ordinary Shares or ADSs; or

(v) for accrued and unpaid interest, if any.

(j) All calculations and other determinations under this Article 14 shall be made by the Company and shall be made to the nearest one-ten thousandth (1/10,000) of an ADS.

(k) Whenever the Conversion Rate is adjusted as herein provided, the Company shall promptly file with the Trustee (and the Conversion Agent if not the Trustee) an Officers' Certificate setting forth the Conversion Rate after such adjustment and setting forth a brief statement of the facts requiring such adjustment. Unless and until a Responsible Officer of the Trustee shall have received such Officers' Certificate, the Trustee shall not be deemed to have knowledge of any adjustment of the Conversion Rate and may assume without inquiry that the last Conversion Rate of which it has knowledge is still in effect. Promptly after delivery of such certificate, the Company shall prepare a notice of such adjustment of the Conversion Rate setting forth the adjusted Conversion Rate and the date on which each adjustment becomes effective and shall mail such notice of such adjustment of the Conversion Rate to each Holder at its last address appearing on the Note Register of this Indenture. Failure to deliver such notice shall not affect the legality or validity of any such adjustment.

(l) For purposes of this Section 14.04, the number of Ordinary Shares at any time outstanding shall not include Ordinary Shares held in the treasury of the Company (directly or in the form of ADSs) so long as the Company does not pay any dividend or make any distribution on Ordinary Shares held in the treasury of the Company (directly or in the form of ADSs), but shall include Ordinary Shares issuable in respect of scrip certificates issued in lieu of fractions of Ordinary Shares.

(m) For purposes of this Section 14.04, the "effective date" means the first date on which the ADSs trade on the applicable exchange or in the applicable market, regular way, reflecting the relevant share split or share combination, as applicable.

Section 14.05. *Adjustments of Prices.* Whenever any provision of this Indenture requires the Company to calculate the Last Reported Sale Prices or the ADS Price for purposes of a Make-Whole Fundamental Change over a span of multiple days, the Board of Directors shall make appropriate adjustments to each to account for any adjustment to the Conversion Rate that becomes effective pursuant to Section 14.04, or any event requiring an adjustment to the Conversion Rate pursuant to Section 14.04 where the Record Date, effective date or expiration date, as the case may be, of the event occurs, at any time during the period when such Last Reported Sale Prices or ADS Prices are to be calculated.

Section 14.06. *Ordinary Shares to Be Fully Paid.* The Company shall provide, free from preemptive rights, out of its authorized but unissued Ordinary Shares or Ordinary Shares held in treasury, a sufficient number of Ordinary Shares that corresponds to the number of ADSs due upon conversion of the Notes from time to time as such Notes are presented for conversion (assuming that at the time of computation of such number of Ordinary Shares, all such Notes would be converted by a single Holder).

Section 14.07. *Effect of Recapitalizations, Reclassifications and Changes of the Ordinary Shares.*

(a) In the case of:

(i) any recapitalization, reclassification or change of the Ordinary Shares (other than changes resulting from a subdivision or combination),

- (ii) any consolidation, merger, combination or similar transaction involving the Company,
- (iii) any sale, lease or other transfer to a third party of the consolidated assets of the Company and the Company's Subsidiaries substantially as an entirety or
- (iv) any statutory share exchange,

in each case, as a result of which the ADS would be converted into, or exchanged for, stock, other securities, other property or assets (including cash or any combination thereof) (any such event, a "**Merger Event**"), then, prior to or at the effective time of such Merger Event, the Company or the successor or purchasing Person, as the case may be, shall execute with the Trustee a supplemental indenture permitted under Section 10.01(f) providing that, at and after the effective time of such Merger Event, the right to convert each US\$1,000 principal amount of Notes shall be changed into a right to convert such principal amount of Notes into the kind and amount of shares of stock, other securities or other property or assets (including cash or any combination thereof) that a holder of a number of ADSs equal to the Conversion Rate immediately prior to such Merger Event would have owned or been entitled to receive (the "**Reference Property**", with each "**unit of Reference Property**" meaning the kind and amount of Reference Property that a holder of one ADS is entitled to receive) upon such Merger Event; *provided, however,* that at and after the effective time of the Merger Event the number of ADSs otherwise deliverable upon conversion of the Notes in accordance with Section 14.02 shall instead be deliverable in the amount and type of Reference Property that a holder of that number of ADSs would have been entitled to receive in such Merger Event.

If the Merger Event causes the ADSs to be converted into, or exchanged for, the right to receive more than a single type of consideration (determined based in part upon any form of holder election), then (i) the Reference Property into which the Notes will be convertible shall be deemed to be the weighted average of the types and amounts of consideration received by the holders of ADSs that affirmatively make such an election, and (ii) the unit of Reference Property for purposes of the immediately preceding paragraph shall refer to the consideration referred to in clause (i) attributable to one ADS. The Company shall provide written notice to Holders, the Trustee and the Conversion Agent (if other than the Trustee) of such weighted average as soon as practicable after such determination is made.

Such supplemental indenture described in the second immediately preceding paragraph shall provide for anti-dilution and other adjustments that shall be as nearly equivalent as is practicable to the adjustments provided for in this Article 14 (it being understood that no such adjustments shall be required with respect to any portion of the Reference Property that does not consist of shares of Common Equity (however evidenced) or depositary receipts in respect thereof). If, in the case of any Merger Event, the Reference Property includes shares of stock, securities or other property or assets (including cash or any combination thereof) of a Person other than the Company or the successor or purchasing Person, as the case may be, in such Merger Event, then such other Person shall also execute such supplemental indenture, and such supplemental indenture shall contain such additional provisions to protect the interests of the Holders of the Notes, including the right of Holders to require the Company to repurchase their Notes upon a Fundamental Change pursuant to Section 15.02 and the right of Holders to require

the Company to repurchase their Notes on the Repurchase Date pursuant to Section 15.01, as the Board of Directors shall reasonably consider necessary by reason of the foregoing.

(b) [RESERVED]

(c) The Company shall not become a party to any Merger Event unless its terms are consistent with this Section 14.07. None of the foregoing provisions shall affect the right of a holder of Notes to convert its Notes into ADSs as set forth in Section 14.01 and Section 14.02 prior to the effective date of such Merger Event.

(d) The above provisions of this Section shall similarly apply to successive Merger Events.

Section 14.08. Certain Covenants. (a) The Company covenants that all ADSs delivered upon conversion of Notes, and all Ordinary Shares represented by such ADSs, will be fully paid and non-assessable by the Company and free from all taxes, liens and charges with respect to the issue thereof.

(b) The Company covenants that, if any ADSs to be provided for the purpose of conversion of Notes hereunder, or any Ordinary Shares represented by such ADSs, require registration with or approval of any governmental authority under any federal or state law before such ADSs may be validly issued upon conversion, the Company will, to the extent then permitted by the rules and interpretations of the Commission, secure such registration or approval, as the case may be.

(c) The Company further covenants that if at any time the ADSs shall be listed on any national securities exchange or automated quotation system the Company will list and keep listed, so long as the ADSs shall be so listed on such exchange or automated quotation system, any ADSs deliverable upon conversion of the Notes.

(d) The Company further covenants to take all actions and obtain all approvals and registrations required with respect to the conversion of the Notes into ADSs and the issuance, and deposit into the ADS facility, of the Ordinary Shares represented by such ADSs. The Company also undertakes to maintain, as long as any Notes are outstanding, the effectiveness of a registration statement on Form F-6 relating to the ADSs and an adequate number of ADSs available for issuance thereunder such that ADSs can be delivered in accordance with the terms of this Indenture, the Notes and the Deposit Agreement upon conversion of the Notes. In addition, the Company further covenants to provide Holders with a reasonably detailed description of the mechanics for the delivery of ADSs upon conversion of Notes as set forth in the Deposit Agreement upon request.

Section 14.09. Responsibility of Trustee. The Trustee and any other Conversion Agent shall not at any time be under any duty or responsibility to any Holder to determine the Conversion Rate (or any adjustment thereto) or whether any facts exist that may require any adjustment (including any increase) of the Conversion Rate, or with respect to the nature or extent or calculation of any such adjustment when made, or with respect to the method employed, or herein or in any supplemental indenture provided to be employed, in making the same. The Trustee and any other Conversion Agent shall not be accountable with respect to the validity or

value (or the kind or amount) of any ADSs, or of any securities, property or cash that may at any time be issued or delivered upon the conversion of any Note; and the Trustee and any other Conversion Agent make no representations with respect thereto. Neither the Trustee nor any Conversion Agent shall be responsible for any failure of the Company to issue, transfer or deliver any ADSs or stock certificates or other securities or property or cash upon the surrender of any Note for the purpose of conversion, the accuracy or inaccuracy of any mathematical calculation or formulae under this Indenture, whether by the Company or any Person so authorized by the Company for such purpose under this Indenture or the failure by the Company to comply with any of the duties, responsibilities or covenants of the Company contained in this Article. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, neither the Trustee nor any Conversion Agent shall be under any responsibility to determine the correctness of any provisions contained in any supplemental indenture entered into pursuant to Section 14.07 relating either to the kind or amount of ADSs or securities or property (including cash) receivable by Holders upon the conversion of their Notes after any event referred to in such Section 14.07 or to any adjustment to be made with respect thereto, but, subject to the provisions of Section 7.01, may accept (without any independent investigation) as conclusive evidence of the correctness of any such provisions, and shall be protected in relying upon, the Officers' Certificate (which the Company shall be obligated to file with the Trustee prior to the execution of any such supplemental indenture) with respect thereto.

Section 14.10. Notice to Holders Prior to Certain Actions. In case of any:

- (a) action by the Company or one of its Subsidiaries that would require an adjustment in the Conversion Rate pursuant to Section 14.04 or Section 14.11;
- (b) Merger Event; or
- (c) voluntary or involuntary dissolution, liquidation or winding-up of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries;

then, in each case (unless notice of such event is otherwise required pursuant to another provision of this Indenture), the Company shall cause to be filed with the Trustee and the Conversion Agent (if other than the Trustee) and to be mailed to each Holder at its address appearing on the Note Register, as promptly as possible but in any event at least 20 days prior to the applicable date hereinafter specified, a notice stating (i) the date on which a record is to be taken for the purpose of such action by the Company or one of its Subsidiaries or, if a record is not to be taken, the date as of which the holders of Ordinary Shares or ADSs, as the case may be, of record are to be determined for the purposes of such action by the Company or one of its Subsidiaries, or (ii) the date on which such Merger Event, dissolution, liquidation or winding-up is expected to become effective or occur, and the date as of which it is expected that holders of Ordinary Shares or ADSs, as the case may be, of record shall be entitled to exchange their Ordinary Shares or ADSs, as the case may be, for securities or other property deliverable upon such Merger Event, dissolution, liquidation or winding-up. Failure to give such notice, or any defect therein, shall not affect the legality or validity of such action by the Company or one of its Subsidiaries, Merger Event, dissolution, liquidation or winding-up.

Section 14.11. Stockholder Rights Plans. To the extent that the Company has a rights plan in effect upon conversion of the Notes, each ADS delivered upon such conversion shall be entitled to receive (either directly or in respect of the Ordinary Shares underlying such ADSs) the appropriate number of rights, if any, and the certificates representing the ADSs delivered upon such conversion shall bear such legends, if any, in each case as may be provided by the terms of any such stockholder rights plan, as the same may be amended from time to time. However, if, prior to any conversion, the rights have separated from the Ordinary Shares underlying the ADSs in accordance with the provisions of the applicable stockholder rights plan, the Conversion Rate shall be adjusted at the time of separation as if the Company distributed to all or substantially all holders of the Ordinary Shares Distributed Property as provided in Section 14.04(c), subject to readjustment in the event of the expiration, termination or redemption of such rights.

Section 14.12. Termination of Depository Receipt Program. If the Ordinary Shares cease to be represented by American Depository Shares issued under a depositary receipt program sponsored by the Company, all references in this Indenture to the ADSs shall be deemed to have been replaced by a reference to the number of Ordinary Shares (and other property, if any) represented by the ADSs on the last day on which the ADSs represented the Ordinary Shares and as if the Ordinary Shares and the other property had been distributed to holders of the ADSs on that day. In addition, all references to the Last Reported Sale Price of the ADSs will be deemed to refer to the Last Reported Sale Price of the Ordinary Shares, and other appropriate adjustments, including adjustments to the Conversion Rate, will be made to reflect such change. In making such adjustments, where currency translations between U.S. dollars and any other currency are required, the exchange rate in effect on the date of determination will apply.

ARTICLE 15 REPURCHASE OF NOTES AT OPTION OF HOLDERS

Section 15.01. Repurchase at Option of Holders.

(a) Each Holder shall have the right, at such Holder's option, to require the Company to repurchase for cash on July 1, 2018 (the "**Repurchase Date**"), all of such Holder's Notes, or any portion thereof that is an integral multiple of US\$1,000 principal amount, at a repurchase price (the "**Repurchase Price**") that is equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes to be repurchased, *plus* accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the Repurchase Date; *provided* that any such accrued and unpaid interest shall be paid not to the Holders submitting the Notes for repurchase on the Repurchase Date but instead to the Holders of such Notes at the close of business on the Regular Record Date immediately preceding the Repurchase Date. Not later than 20 Business Days prior to the Repurchase Date, the Company shall mail a notice (the "**Company Notice**") by first class mail to the Trustee, to the Paying Agent and to each Holder at its address shown in the Note Register of the Note Registrar (and to beneficial owners as required by applicable law). The Company Notice shall include a form of Repurchase Notice to be completed by a holder and shall state:

- (i) the last date on which a Holder may exercise its repurchase right pursuant to this Section 15.01 (the "**Repurchase Expiration Time**");

- (ii) the Repurchase Price;
- (iii) the Repurchase Date;
- (iv) the name and address of the Conversion Agent and Paying Agent;
- (v) that the Notes with respect to which a Repurchase Notice has been delivered by a Holder may be converted only if the Holder withdraws the Repurchase Notice in accordance with the terms of this Indenture;
- (vi) that the Holder shall have the right to withdraw any Notes surrendered prior to the Repurchase Expiration Time; and
- (vii) the procedures a Holder must follow to exercise its repurchase rights under this Section 15.01 and a brief description of those rights.

At the Company's request, the Trustee shall give such notice in the Company's name and at the Company's expense; *provided, however,* that, in all cases, the text of such Company Notice shall be prepared by the Company.

Simultaneously with providing the Company Notice, the Company shall publish a notice containing the information included in the Company Notice in a newspaper of general circulation in The City of New York or publish such information on the Company's website or through such other public medium as the Company may use at that time.

No failure of the Company to give the foregoing notices and no defect therein shall limit the Holders' repurchase rights or affect the validity of the proceedings for the repurchase of the Notes pursuant to this Section 15.01.

Repurchases of Notes under this Section 15.01 shall be made, at the option of the Holder thereof, upon:

- (A) delivery to the Trustee by the Holder of a duly completed notice (the "**Repurchase Notice**") in the form set forth in Attachment 3 to the Form of Note attached hereto as Exhibit A, if the Notes are Physical Notes, or in compliance with the Depositary's procedures for surrendering interests in global notes, if the Notes are Global Notes, in each case during the period beginning at any time from the open of business on the date that is 20 Business Days prior to the Repurchase Date until the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Repurchase Date; and
- (B) delivery of the Notes, if the Notes are Physical Notes, to the Trustee at any time after delivery of the Repurchase Notice (together with all necessary endorsements) at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee, or book-entry transfer of the Notes, if the Notes are Global Notes, in compliance with the procedures of the Depositary, in each case such delivery being a condition to receipt by the Holder of the Repurchase Price therefor.

Each Repurchase Notice shall state:

- (A) in the case of Physical Notes, the certificate numbers of the Notes to be delivered for repurchase;
- (B) the portion of the principal amount of the Notes to be repurchased, which must be US\$1,000 or an integral multiple thereof; and
- (C) that the Notes are to be repurchased by the Company pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Notes and this Indenture;

provided, however, that if the Notes are Global Notes, the Repurchase Notice must comply with appropriate Depositary procedures.

Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, any Holder delivering to the Trustee the Repurchase Notice contemplated by this Section 15.01 shall have the right to withdraw, in whole or in part, such Repurchase Notice at any time prior to the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Repurchase Date by delivery of a duly completed written notice of withdrawal to the Trustee in accordance with Section 15.03.

The Trustee shall promptly notify the Company of the receipt by it of any Repurchase Notice or written notice of withdrawal thereof.

No Repurchase Notice with respect to any Notes may be delivered and no Note may be surrendered for repurchase pursuant to this Section 15.01 by a Holder thereof to the extent such Holder has also delivered a Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice with respect to such Note in accordance with Section 15.02 and not validly withdrawn such Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice in accordance with Section 15.03.

(b) Notwithstanding the foregoing, no Notes may be repurchased by the Company at the option of the Holders on the Repurchase Date if the principal amount of the Notes has been accelerated, and such acceleration has not been rescinded, on or prior to such Repurchase Date (except in the case of an acceleration resulting from a default by the Company in the payment of the Repurchase Price with respect to such Notes). The Trustee will promptly return to the respective Holders thereof any Physical Notes held by it during the acceleration of the Notes (except in the case of an acceleration resulting from a default by the Company in the payment of the Repurchase Price with respect to such Notes), or any instructions for book-entry transfer of the Notes in compliance with the procedures of the Depositary shall be deemed to have been cancelled, and, upon such return or cancellation, as the case may be, the Repurchase Notice with respect thereto shall be deemed to have been withdrawn.

Section 15.02. Repurchase at Option of Holders Upon a Fundamental Change. (a) If a Fundamental Change occurs at any time, each Holder shall have the right, at such Holder's option, to require the Company to repurchase for cash all of such Holder's Notes, or any portion thereof that is equal to US\$1,000 or an integral multiple of US\$1,000, on the date (the "**Fundamental Change Repurchase Date**") notified in writing by the Company as set forth in Section 15.02(c) that is not less than 20 Business Days or more than 35 Business Days following the date of the Fundamental Change Company Notice at a repurchase price equal to

100% of the principal amount thereof, *plus* accrued and unpaid interest thereon to, but excluding, the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date (the “**Fundamental Change Repurchase Price**”), unless the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date falls after a Regular Record Date but on or prior to the Interest Payment Date to which such Regular Record Date relates, in which case the Company shall instead pay the full amount of accrued and unpaid interest to Holders of record as of such Regular Record Date, and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price shall be equal to 100% of the principal amount of Notes to be repurchased pursuant to this Article 15.

(b) Repurchases of Notes under this Section 15.02 shall be made, at the option of the Holder thereof, upon:

(i) delivery to the Trustee by a Holder of a duly completed notice (the “**Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice**”) in the form set forth in Attachment 2 to the Form of Note attached hereto as Exhibit A, if the Notes are Physical Notes, or in compliance with the Depositary’s procedures for surrendering interests in global notes, if the Notes are Global Notes, in each case on or before the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date; and

(ii) delivery of the Notes, if the Notes are Physical Notes, to the Trustee at any time after delivery of the Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice (together with all necessary endorsements for transfer) at the Corporate Trust Office, or book-entry transfer of the Notes, if the Notes are Global Notes, in compliance with the procedures of the Depositary, in each case such delivery being a condition to receipt by the Holder of the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price therefor.

The Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice in respect of any Notes to be repurchased shall state:

- (i) in the case of Physical Notes, the certificate numbers of the Notes to be delivered for repurchase;
- (ii) the portion of the principal amount of Notes to be repurchased, which must be US\$1,000 or an integral multiple thereof; and
- (iii) that the Notes are to be repurchased by the Company pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Notes and this Indenture;

provided, however, that if the Notes are Global Notes, the Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice must comply with appropriate Depositary procedures.

Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, any Holder delivering to the Trustee the Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice contemplated by this Section 15.02 shall have the right to withdraw, in whole or in part, such Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice at any time prior to the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date by delivery of a written notice of withdrawal to the Trustee in accordance with Section 15.03.

The Trustee shall promptly notify the Company of the receipt by it of any Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice or written notice of withdrawal thereof.

No Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice with respect to any Notes may be delivered and no Note may be surrendered by a Holder for repurchase thereof if such Holder has also surrendered a Repurchase Notice in accordance with Section 15.01 and not validly withdrawn such Repurchase Notice in accordance with Section 15.03.

(c) On or before the 20th calendar day after the occurrence of the effective date of a Fundamental Change, the Company shall provide to all Holders and the Trustee a written notice (the “**Fundamental Change Company Notice**”) of the occurrence of the effective date of the Fundamental Change and of the repurchase right at the option of the Holders arising as a result thereof. In the case of Physical Notes, such notice shall be by first class mail or, in the case of Global Notes, such notice shall be delivered in accordance with the applicable procedures of the Depository. Simultaneously with providing such notice, the Company shall publish a notice containing the information set forth in the Fundamental Change Company Notice in a newspaper of general circulation in The City of New York or publish such information on the Company’s website or through such other public medium as the Company may use at that time. Each Fundamental Change Company Notice shall specify:

- (i) the events causing the Fundamental Change;
- (ii) the date of the Fundamental Change;
- (iii) the last date on which a Holder may exercise the repurchase right pursuant to this Article 15;
- (iv) the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price;
- (v) the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date;
- (vi) the name and address of the Trustee;
- (vii) if applicable, the Conversion Rate and any adjustments to the Conversion Rate;
- (viii) that the Notes with respect to which a Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice has been delivered by a Holder may be converted only if the Holder withdraws the Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice in accordance with the terms of this Indenture; and
- (ix) the procedures that Holders must follow to require the Company to repurchase their Notes.

No failure of the Company to give the foregoing notices and no defect therein shall limit the Holders’ repurchase rights or affect the validity of the proceedings for the repurchase of the Notes pursuant to this Section 15.02.

At the Company's request, the Trustee shall give such notice in the Company's name and at the Company's expense; *provided, however,* that, in all cases, the text of such Fundamental Change Company Notice shall be prepared by the Company.

(d) Notwithstanding the foregoing, no Notes may be repurchased by the Company on any date at the option of the Holders upon a Fundamental Change if the principal amount of the Notes has been accelerated, and such acceleration has not been rescinded, on or prior to such date (except in the case of an acceleration resulting from a default by the Company in the payment of the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price with respect to such Notes). The Trustee will promptly return to the respective Holders thereof any Physical Notes held by it during the acceleration of the Notes (except in the case of an acceleration resulting from a default by the Company in the payment of the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price with respect to such Notes), or any instructions for book-entry transfer of the Notes in compliance with the procedures of the Depositary shall be deemed to have been cancelled, and, upon such return or cancellation, as the case may be, the Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice with respect thereto shall be deemed to have been withdrawn.

Section 15.03. Withdrawal of Repurchase Notice or Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice. (a) A Repurchase Notice or Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice may be withdrawn (in whole or in part) by means of a duly completed written notice of withdrawal delivered to the Corporate Trust Office in accordance with this Section 15.03 at any time prior to the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Repurchase Date or prior to the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, as the case may be, specifying:

- (i) the principal amount of the Notes with respect to which such notice of withdrawal is being submitted;
- (ii) if Physical Notes have been issued, the certificate number of the Note in respect of which such notice of withdrawal is being submitted, and
- (iii) the principal amount, if any, of such Note that remains subject to the original Repurchase Notice or Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice, as the case may be, which portion must be in principal amounts of US\$1,000 or an integral multiple of US\$1,000;

provided, however, that if the Notes are Global Notes, the notice must comply with appropriate procedures of the Depositary.

Section 15.04. Deposit of Repurchase Price or Fundamental Change Repurchase Price. (a) The Company will deposit with the Trustee (or other Paying Agent appointed by the Company, or if the Company is acting as its own Paying Agent, set aside, segregate and hold in trust as provided in Section 4.04) on or prior to 10:00 a.m., New York City time, on the Repurchase Date or Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, as the case may be, an amount of money sufficient to repurchase all of the Notes to be repurchased at the appropriate Repurchase Price or Fundamental Change Repurchase Price. Subject to receipt of funds and/or Notes by the Trustee (or other Paying Agent appointed by the Company), payment for Notes surrendered for

repurchase (and not withdrawn in accordance with Section 15.03) will be made on the later of (i) the Repurchase Date or Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, as the case may be, (*provided* the Holder has satisfied the conditions in Section 15.01 or Section 15.02, as the case may be) and (ii) the time of book-entry transfer or the delivery of such Note to the Trustee (or other Paying Agent appointed by the Company) by the Holder thereof in the manner required by Section 15.01 or Section 15.02, as applicable, by mailing checks for the amount payable to the Holders of such Notes entitled thereto as they shall appear in the Note Register; *provided, however,* that payments to the Depository shall be made by wire transfer of immediately available funds to the account of the Depository or its nominee. The Trustee shall, promptly after such payment and upon written demand by the Company, return to the Company any funds in excess of the Repurchase Price or Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, as the case may be.

(b) If by 10:00 a.m., New York City time, on the Repurchase Date or Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, as the case may be, the Trustee (or other Paying Agent appointed by the Company) holds money sufficient to make payment on all the Notes or portions thereof that are to be repurchased on such Repurchase Date or Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, as the case may be, then, with respect to the Notes that have been properly surrendered for repurchase and not validly withdrawn, on such Repurchase Date or Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, as the case may be, (i) such Notes will cease to be outstanding, (ii) interest will cease to accrue on such Notes (whether or not book-entry transfer of the Notes has been made or the Notes have been delivered to the Trustee or Paying Agent) and (iii) all other rights of the Holders of such Notes will terminate (other than the right to receive the Repurchase Price or Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, as the case may be).

(c) Upon surrender of a Note that is to be repurchased in part pursuant to Section 15.01 or Section 15.02, the Company shall execute and instruct the Trustee who shall authenticate and deliver to the Holder a new Note in an authorized denomination equal in principal amount to the unrepurchased portion of the Note surrendered.

Section 15.05. *Covenant to Comply with Applicable Laws Upon Repurchase of Notes.* In connection with any repurchase offer, the Company will, if required:

- (a) comply with the provisions of Rule 13e-4, Rule 14e-1 and any other tender offer rules under the Exchange Act;
- (b) file a Schedule TO or other required schedule under the Exchange Act; and
- (c) otherwise comply with all federal and state securities laws in connection with any offer by the Company to repurchase the Notes; in each case, so as to permit the rights and obligations under this Article 15 to be exercised in the time and in the manner specified in this Article 15.

ARTICLE 16
OPTIONAL REDEMPTION

Section 16.01. *Optional Redemption for Changes in the Tax Law of the Relevant Taxing Jurisdiction.* Other than as described in this Article 16, the Notes may not be redeemed by the Company at its option prior to maturity. If the Company has, or on the next Interest Payment Date would, become obligated to pay to the Holder of any Note Additional Amounts that are more than a *de minimis* amount, as a result of:

(a) any change or amendment on or after June 18, 2015 (or, in the case of a jurisdiction that becomes a Relevant Taxing Jurisdiction after such date, after such later date) in the laws or any rules or regulations of a Relevant Taxing Jurisdiction; or

(b) any change on or after June 18, 2015 (or, in the case of a jurisdiction that becomes a Relevant Taxing Jurisdiction after such date, after such later date) in an interpretation, administration or application of such laws, rules or regulations by any legislative body, court, governmental agency, taxing authority or regulatory or administrative authority of such Relevant Taxing Jurisdiction (including the enactment of any legislation and the announcement or publication of any judicial decision or regulatory or administrative interpretation or determination);

(each, a “**Change in Tax Law**”), the Company may, at its option, redeem all but not part of the Notes (except in respect of certain Holders that elect otherwise as described below) at a “**Redemption Price**” equal to 100% of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but not including the date on which the Notes are redeemed (the “**Redemption Date**”), including, for the avoidance of doubt, any Additional Amounts with respect to such Redemption Price; *provided* that the Company may only redeem the Notes if: (i) the Company cannot avoid such obligations by taking commercially reasonable measures available to the Company (*provided* that changing the jurisdiction of incorporation of the Company shall be deemed not to be a commercially reasonable measure); and (ii) the Company delivers to the Trustee an opinion of outside legal counsel of recognized standing in the Relevant Taxing Jurisdiction and an Officers’ Certificate attesting to such Change in Tax Law and obligation to pay Additional Amounts.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Article 16, neither the Company nor any successor Person may redeem any of the Notes in the case that Additional Amounts are payable in respect of PRC withholding tax at a rate of 10% or less solely as a result of the Company or its successor Person being considered a PRC tax resident under the PRC Enterprise Income Tax law.

If the Redemption Date occurs after a Regular Record Date and on or prior to the corresponding Interest Payment Date, the Company shall pay the full amount of accrued and unpaid interest, if any, due on such Interest Payment Date to the record holder of the Notes on the Regular Record Date corresponding to such Interest Payment Date, and the Redemption Price payable to the Holder who presents a Note for redemption shall be equal to 100% of the principal amount of such Note, including, for the avoidance of doubt, any Additional Amounts with respect to such Redemption Price.

The Company shall give Holders of Notes not less than 30 days' but no more than 60 days' notice prior to the Redemption Date. Simultaneously with providing such notice, the Company shall publish a notice containing this information in a newspaper of general circulation in The City of New York or publish the information on the Company's website or through such other public medium as the Company may use at that time. The Redemption Date must be a Business Day.

Upon receiving such notice of redemption, each Holder shall have the right to elect to not have its Notes redeemed, in which case the Company shall not be obligated to pay any Additional Amounts on any payment with respect to such Notes solely as a result of such Change in Tax Law that resulted in the obligation to pay such Additional Amounts (whether upon conversion, required repurchase in connection with a Fundamental Change or the Repurchase Date, maturity or otherwise, and whether in ADSs, Reference Property or otherwise) after the Redemption Date (or, if the Company fails to pay the Redemption Price on the Redemption Date, such later date on which the Company pays the Redemption Price), and all future payments with respect to such Notes shall be subject to the deduction or withholding of such Relevant Taxing Jurisdiction and taxes required by law to be deducted or withheld as a result of such Change in Tax Law; *provided* that, notwithstanding the foregoing, if a Holder electing not to have its Notes redeemed converts its Notes in connection with the Company's election to redeem the Notes in respect of such Change in Tax Law pursuant to Section 14.03(g) the Company shall be obligated to pay Additional Amounts, if any, with respect to such conversion.

A Holder electing to not have its Notes redeemed must deliver to the Paying Agent a written notice of election so as to be received by the Paying Agent prior to the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Redemption Date; *provided* that, a Holder that complies with the requirements for conversion in Section 14.02(b) shall be deemed to have delivered a notice of its election to not have its Notes so redeemed. A Holder may withdraw any notice of election (other than such a deemed notice of election in connection with a conversion) by delivering to the Paying Agent a written notice of withdrawal prior to the close of business on the Business Day immediately preceding the Redemption Date (or, if the Company fail to pay the Redemption Price on the Redemption Date, such later date on which the Company pays the Redemption Price). If no election is made or deemed to have been made, the Holder shall have its Notes redeemed without any further action.

No Notes may be redeemed if the principal amount of the Notes has been accelerated, and such acceleration has not been rescinded, on or prior to such date.

ARTICLE 17 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Section 17.01. *Provisions Binding on Company's Successors.* All the covenants, stipulations, promises and agreements of the Company contained in this Indenture shall bind its successors and assigns whether so expressed or not.

Section 17.02. *Official Acts by Successor Corporation.* Any act or proceeding by any provision of this Indenture authorized or required to be done or performed by any board, committee or Officer of the Company shall and may be done and performed with like force and

effect by the like board, committee or officer of any corporation or other entity that shall at the time be the lawful sole successor of the Company.

Section 17.03. *Addresses for Notices, Etc.* Any notice or demand that by any provision of this Indenture is required or permitted to be given or served by the Trustee or by the Holders on the Company shall be deemed to have been sufficiently given or made, for all purposes if given or served by being deposited postage prepaid by registered or certified mail in a post office letter box addressed (until another address is filed by the Company with the Trustee) to Ctrip.com International Ltd., 99 Fu Quan Road, Shanghai 200335, People's Republic of China, Attention: General Counsel. Any notice, direction, request or demand hereunder to or upon the Trustee shall be given or served by being deposited postage prepaid by registered or certified mail in a post office letter box addressed to the 101 Barclay Street, 21st Floor West, Floor 4E, New York, NY 10286, USA, Facsimile No.: +1 212 815 5802 / 5803, Attention: Global Corporate Trust with a copy to The Bank of New York Mellon, Hong Kong Branch, Level 24, Three Pacific Place, 1 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong, Facsimile No.: +852-2295.3283, Attention: Global Corporate Trust.

So long as and to the extent that the Notes are represented by Global Notes and such Global Notes are held by DTC, notices to owners of beneficial interests in the global notes may be given by delivery of the relevant notice to DTC for communication by it to entitled account holders.

The Trustee, by notice to the Company, may designate additional or different addresses for subsequent notices or communications.

Any notice or communication mailed to a Holder shall be mailed to it by first class mail, postage prepaid, at its address as it appears on the Note Register and shall be sufficiently given to it if so mailed within the time prescribed.

Failure to mail a notice or communication to a Holder or any defect in it shall not affect its sufficiency with respect to other Holders. If a notice or communication is mailed in the manner provided above, it is duly given, whether or not the addressee receives it.

In case by reason of the suspension of regular mail service or by reason of any other cause it shall be impracticable to give such notice to Holders by mail, then such notification as shall be made with the approval of the Trustee shall constitute a sufficient notification for every purpose hereunder.

Section 17.04. *Governing Law; Jurisdiction.* THIS INDENTURE AND EACH NOTE, AND ANY CLAIM, CONTROVERSY OR DISPUTE ARISING UNDER OR RELATED TO THIS INDENTURE AND EACH NOTE, SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK (WITHOUT REGARD TO THE CONFLICTS OF LAWS PROVISIONS THEREOF).

The Company irrevocably consents and agrees, for the benefit of the Holders from time to time of the Notes and the Trustee, that any legal action, suit or proceeding against it with respect to obligations, liabilities or any other matter arising out of or in connection with this Indenture or the Securities may be brought in the courts of the State of New York or the courts of

the United States located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York and, until amounts due and to become due in respect of the Notes have been paid, hereby irrevocably consents and submits to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of each such court *in personam*, generally and unconditionally with respect to any action, suit or proceeding for itself in respect of its properties, assets and revenues.

The Company irrevocably and unconditionally waives, to the fullest extent permitted by law, any objection which it may now or hereafter have to the laying of venue of any of the aforesaid actions, suits or proceedings arising out of or in connection with this Indenture brought in the courts of the State of New York or the courts of the United States located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York and hereby further irrevocably and unconditionally waives and agrees not to plead or claim in any such court that any such action, suit or proceeding brought in any such court has been brought in an inconvenient forum.

Section 17.05. Submission to Jurisdiction; Service of Process. The Company irrevocably appoints Law Debenture Corporate Service Inc. as its authorized agent in the Borough of Manhattan in the City of New York upon which process may be served in any such suit or proceeding, and agrees that service of process upon such agent, and written notice of said service to the Company by the person serving the same to Ctrip.com International Ltd., 99 Fu Quan Road, Shanghai 200335, People's Republic of China, Attention: Chief Financial Officer, Cindy Xiaofan Wang, shall be deemed in every respect effective service of process upon the Company in any such suit or proceeding. The Company further agrees to take any and all action as may be necessary to maintain such designation and appointment of such agent in full force and effect for a period of five and a half years from the date of this Indenture. If for any reason such agent shall cease to be such agent for service of process, the Company shall forthwith appoint a new agent of recognized standing for service of process in the State of New York and deliver to the Trustee a copy of the new agent's acceptance of that appointment within ten Business Days of such acceptance. Nothing herein shall affect the right of the Trustee, any agent or any Holder to serve process in any other manner permitted by law or to commence legal proceedings or otherwise proceed against the Company in any other court of competent jurisdiction. To the extent that the Company has or hereafter may acquire any sovereign or other immunity from jurisdiction of any court or from any legal process with respect to itself or its property, the Company irrevocably waives such immunity in respect of its obligations hereunder or under any Note.

Section 17.06. Evidence of Compliance with Conditions Precedent; Certificates and Opinions of Counsel to Trustee. Upon any application or demand by the Company to the Trustee to take any action under any of the provisions of this Indenture, the Company shall, if requested by the Trustee, furnish to the Trustee an Officers' Certificate stating that such action is permitted by the terms of this Indenture.

Each Officers' Certificate provided for, by or on behalf of the Company in this Indenture and delivered to the Trustee with respect to compliance with this Indenture (other than the Officers' Certificates provided for in Section 4.09) shall include (a) a statement that the person making such certificate is familiar with the requested action and this Indenture; (b) a brief statement as to the nature and scope of the examination or investigation upon which the statement contained in such certificate is based; (c) a statement that, in the judgment of such

person, he or she has made such examination or investigation as is necessary to enable him or her to express an informed judgment as to whether or not such action is permitted by this Indenture; and (d) a statement as to whether or not, in the judgment of such person, such action is permitted by this Indenture.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section 17.06, if any provision in this Indenture specifically provides that the Trustee shall or may receive an Opinion of Counsel in connection with any action to be taken by the Trustee or the Company hereunder, the Trustee shall be entitled to, or entitled to request, such Opinion of Counsel.

Section 17.07. *Legal Holidays.* In any case where any Interest Payment Date, Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, Conversion Date, Repurchase Date or Maturity Date is not a Business Day, then any action to be taken on such date need not be taken on such date, but may be taken on the next succeeding Business Day with the same force and effect as if taken on such date, and no interest shall accrue in respect of the delay.

Section 17.08. *No Security Interest Created.* Nothing in this Indenture or in the Notes, expressed or implied, shall be construed to constitute a security interest under the Uniform Commercial Code or similar legislation, as now or hereafter enacted and in effect, in any jurisdiction.

Section 17.09. *Benefits of Indenture.* Nothing in this Indenture or in the Notes, expressed or implied, shall give to any Person, other than the Holders, the parties hereto, any Paying Agent, any Conversion Agent, any Note Registrar and their successors hereunder, any benefit or any legal or equitable right, remedy or claim under this Indenture.

Section 17.10. *Table of Contents, Headings, Etc.* The table of contents and the titles and headings of the articles and sections of this Indenture have been inserted for convenience of reference only, are not to be considered a part hereof, and shall in no way modify or restrict any of the terms or provisions hereof.

Section 17.11. *Execution in Counterparts.* This Indenture may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be an original, but such counterparts shall together constitute but one and the same instrument.

Section 17.12. *Severability.* In the event any provision of this Indenture or in the Notes shall be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, then (to the extent permitted by law) the validity, legality or enforceability of the remaining provisions shall not in any way be affected or impaired.

Section 17.13. *Waiver of Jury Trial.* EACH OF THE COMPANY AND THE TRUSTEE HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES, TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, ANY AND ALL RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY LEGAL PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS INDENTURE, THE NOTES OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY.

Section 17.14. *Force Majeure.* In no event shall the Trustee or the Agents be responsible or liable for any failure or delay in the performance of its obligations hereunder

arising out of or caused by, directly or indirectly, forces beyond its control, including, without limitation, strikes, work stoppages, accidents, acts of war or terrorism, civil or military disturbances, nuclear or natural catastrophes or acts of God, and interruptions, loss or malfunctions of utilities, communications or computer (software and hardware) services; it being understood that the Trustee or the Agents, as the case may be, shall use reasonable efforts that are consistent with accepted practices in the banking industry to resume performance as soon as practicable under the circumstances.

Section 17.15. *Calculations.* Except as otherwise provided herein, the Company shall be responsible for making all calculations called for under the Notes. These calculations include, but are not limited to, determinations of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the ADSs, accrued interest payable on the Notes, the number of Additional ADSs to be added to the Conversion Rate upon a Make-Whole Fundamental Change, if any, and the Conversion Rate of the Notes. The Company shall make all these calculations in good faith and, absent manifest error, the Company's calculations shall be final and binding on Holders. The Company shall provide a schedule of its calculations to each of the Trustee, the Paying Agent and the Conversion Agent, and each of the Trustee, the Paying Agent and the Conversion Agent is entitled to rely conclusively and without liability upon the accuracy of the Company's calculations without independent verification. The Trustee will forward the Company's calculations to any Holder of Notes upon the request of that Holder at the sole cost and expense of the Company.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Indenture to be duly executed as of the date first written above.

CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

By: /s/ Xiaofan Wang

Name: Xiaofan Wang

Title: Chief Financial Officer

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON,
as Trustee

By: _____

Name:

Title:

[Signature Page to Indenture]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Indenture to be duly executed as of the date first written above.

CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

By:

Name:

Title:

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON,
as Trustee

By: /s/ Vivian Hui

Name: Vivian Hui

Title: Vice President

[*Signature Page — 2020 Note Indenture*]

[FORM OF FACE OF NOTE]

[INCLUDE FOLLOWING LEGEND IF A GLOBAL NOTE]

[UNLESS THIS CERTIFICATE IS PRESENTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPOSITORY TRUST COMPANY, A NEW YORK CORPORATION ("DTC"), TO THE COMPANY OR ITS AGENT FOR REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER, EXCHANGE, OR PAYMENT, AND ANY CERTIFICATE ISSUED IS REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF CEDE & CO. OR IN SUCH OTHER NAME AS IS REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF DTC (AND ANY PAYMENT IS MADE TO CEDE & CO. OR TO SUCH OTHER ENTITY AS IS REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF DTC), ANY TRANSFER, PLEDGE, OR OTHER USE HEREOF FOR VALUE OR OTHERWISE BY OR TO ANY PERSON IS WRONGFUL INASMUCH AS THE REGISTERED OWNER HEREOF, CEDE & CO., HAS AN INTEREST HEREIN.]

[INCLUDE FOLLOWING LEGEND IF A RESTRICTED SECURITY]

[THIS SECURITY, THE AMERICAN DEPOSITORY SHARES DELIVERABLE UPON CONVERSION OF THIS SECURITY AND THE ORDINARY SHARES REPRESENTED THEREBY HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "SECURITIES ACT"), AND MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD, PLEDGED OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED EXCEPT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE. BY ITS ACQUISITION HEREOF OR OF A BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN, THE ACQUIRER:

(1) REPRESENTS THAT IT AND ANY ACCOUNT FOR WHICH IT IS ACTING IS (A) A "QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER" (WITHIN THE MEANING OF RULE 144A UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) OR (B) NOT A U.S. PERSON AND LOCATED OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES (WITHIN THE MEANING OF REGULATION S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) AND THAT IT EXERCISES SOLE INVESTMENT DISCRETION WITH RESPECT TO EACH SUCH ACCOUNT AND THAT IT AND ANY SUCH ACCOUNT IS NOT AN AFFILIATE OF THE COMPANY, AND

(2) AGREES FOR THE BENEFIT OF CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD. (THE "COMPANY") THAT IT WILL NOT OFFER, SELL, PLEDGE OR OTHERWISE TRANSFER THIS SECURITY OR ANY BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN PRIOR TO THE DATE THAT IS THE LATER OF (X) ONE YEAR AFTER THE LAST ORIGINAL ISSUE DATE HEREOF OR SUCH SHORTER PERIOD OF TIME AS PERMITTED BY RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR ANY SUCCESSOR PROVISION THERETO AND (Y) SUCH LATER DATE, IF ANY, AS MAY BE REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW, EXCEPT:

- (A) TO THE COMPANY OR ANY SUBSIDIARY THEREOF, OR
- (B) PURSUANT TO A REGISTRATION STATEMENT WHICH HAS BECOME EFFECTIVE UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, OR
- (C) TO A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER IN COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 144A UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, OR
- (D) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES IN ACCORDANCE WITH REGULATION S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, OR
- (E) PURSUANT TO AN EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRATION PROVIDED BY RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT (IF AVAILABLE).

PRIOR TO THE REGISTRATION OF ANY TRANSFER IN ACCORDANCE WITH (2)(E) ABOVE, THE COMPANY, THE DEPOSITORY AND THE TRUSTEE RESERVE THE RIGHT TO REQUIRE THE DELIVERY OF SUCH LEGAL OPINIONS, CERTIFICATIONS OR OTHER EVIDENCE AS MAY REASONABLY BE REQUIRED IN ORDER TO DETERMINE THAT THE PROPOSED TRANSFER IS BEING MADE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE SECURITIES ACT AND APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS. NO REPRESENTATION IS MADE AS TO THE AVAILABILITY OF ANY EXEMPTION FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT.

NO AFFILIATE (AS DEFINED IN RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) OF THE COMPANY OR PERSON THAT HAS BEEN AN AFFILIATE (AS DEFINED IN RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) OF THE COMPANY DURING THE THREE IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING MONTHS MAY PURCHASE, OTHERWISE ACQUIRE OR OWN THIS NOTE OR A BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN.]

CTRIp.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

1.00% Convertible Senior Note due 2020

No. []

[Initially](1) US\$

CUSIP No. []

Ctrip.com International, Ltd., a company duly organized and validly existing under the laws of the Cayman Islands (the “**Company**,” which term includes any successor company or corporation or other entity under the Indenture referred to on the reverse hereof), for value received hereby promises to pay to [CEDE & CO.]⁽²⁾ []⁽³⁾, or registered assigns, the principal sum [as set forth in the “Schedule of Exchanges of Notes” attached hereto] ⁽⁴⁾ US\$700,000,000 (as increased by an amount equal to the aggregate principal amount of any additional Notes purchased by the Initial Purchasers pursuant to the exercise of their option to purchase additional Notes as set forth in the Purchase Agreement), which amount, taken together with the principal amounts of all other outstanding Notes, shall not, unless permitted by the Indenture, exceed US\$805,000,000 in aggregate at any time, in accordance with the rules and procedures of the Depositary, on July 1, 2020, and interest thereon as set forth below.

This Note shall bear interest at the rate of 1.00% per year from June 24, 2015, or from the most recent date to which interest had been paid or provided for to, but excluding, the next scheduled Interest Payment Date until July 1, 2020. Interest is payable semi-annually in arrears on each January 1 and July 1, commencing on January 1, 2016, to Holders of record at the close of business on the preceding December 15 and June 15 (whether or not such day is a Business Day), respectively. Additional Interest will be payable as set forth in Section 4.06(d), Section 4.06(e) and Section 6.03 of the within-mentioned Indenture, and any reference to interest on, or in respect of, any Note therein shall be deemed to include Additional Interest if, in such context, Additional Interest is, was or would be payable pursuant to any of such Section 4.06(d), Section 4.06(e) and Section 6.03, and any express mention of the payment of Additional Interest in any provision therein shall not be construed as excluding Additional Interest in those provisions thereof where such express mention is not made.

Any Defaulted Amounts shall accrue interest per annum at the rate per annum borne by the Notes *plus* one percent, subject to the enforceability thereof under applicable law, from, and including, the relevant payment date to, but excluding, the date on which such Defaulted Amounts shall have been paid by the Company, at its election, in accordance with Section 2.03(c) of the Indenture.

The Company shall pay the principal of and interest on this Note, so long as such Note is a Global Note, in immediately available funds to the Depositary or its nominee, as the case may be, as the registered Holder of such Note. As provided in and subject to the provisions of the

-
- (1) Include if a Global Note.
 - (2) Include if a Global Note.
 - (3) Include if a Physical Note.
 - (4) Include if a Global Note.

Indenture, the Company shall pay the principal of any Notes (other than Notes that are Global Notes) at the office or agency designated by the Company for that purpose. The Company has initially designated the Trustee as its Paying Agent, Conversion Agent and Note Registrar in respect of the Notes and its agency in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York, as a place where Notes may be presented for payment or for registration of transfer.

Reference is made to the further provisions of this Note set forth on the reverse hereof, including, without limitation, provisions giving the Holder of this Note the right to convert this Note into ADSs on the terms and subject to the limitations set forth in the Indenture. Such further provisions shall for all purposes have the same effect as though fully set forth at this place.

This Note, and any claim, controversy or dispute arising under or related to this Note, shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of New York (without regard to the conflicts of laws provisions thereof).

In the case of any conflict between this Note and the Indenture, the provisions of the Indenture shall control and govern.

This Note shall not be valid or become obligatory for any purpose until the certificate of authentication hereon shall have been signed manually or by facsimile by the Trustee under the Indenture.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused this Note to be duly executed.

CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

By: _____

Name:

Title:

Dated:

TRUSTEE'S CERTIFICATE OF AUTHENTICATION

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON
as Trustee, certifies that this is one of the Notes described
in the within-named Indenture.

By: _____
Authorized Officer

A-5

[FORM OF REVERSE OF NOTE]

CTRI.P.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.
1.00% Convertible Senior Note due 2020

This Note is one of a duly authorized issue of Notes of the Company, designated as its 1.00% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020 (the “**Notes**”), limited to the aggregate principal amount of US\$700,000,000 (as increased by an amount equal to the aggregate principal amount of any additional Notes purchased by the Initial Purchasers pursuant to the exercise of their option to purchase additional Notes as set forth in the Purchase Agreement), all issued or to be issued under and pursuant to an Indenture dated as of June 24, 2015 (the “**Indenture**”), between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon (the “**Trustee**”), to which Indenture and all indentures supplemental thereto reference is hereby made for a description of the rights, limitations of rights, obligations, duties and immunities thereunder of the Trustee, the Company and the Holders of the Notes. Additional Notes may be issued in an unlimited aggregate principal amount, subject to certain conditions specified in the Indenture. The Rule 144A Notes and the Regulation S Notes initially have separate CUSIP numbers and will initially not be fungible.

In the case certain Events of Default, as defined in the Indenture, shall have occurred and be continuing, the principal of, and interest on, all Notes may be declared, by either the Trustee or Holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of Notes then outstanding, and upon said declaration shall become, due and payable, in the manner, with the effect and subject to the conditions and certain exceptions set forth in the Indenture. In the case certain Events of Default relating to a bankruptcy (or similar proceeding) with respect to the Company or a Significant Subsidiary of the Company shall have occurred, the principal of, and interest on, all Notes shall automatically become immediately due and payable, as set forth in the Indenture.

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Indenture, the Company will make all payments in respect of the principal amount on the Maturity Date, the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, as the case may be, to the Holder who surrenders a Note to the Trustee to collect such payments in respect of the Note. The Company will pay cash amounts in money of the United States that at the time of payment is legal tender for payment of public and private debts.

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Indenture, Additional Amounts will be paid in connection with any payments made and deliveries caused to be made by the Company or any successor to the Company under or with respect to the Indenture and the Notes, including, but not limited to, payments of principal (including, if applicable the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price), payments of interest and deliveries of ADSs (together with payments for any Fractional ADS) upon conversion of the Notes to ensure that the net amount received by the beneficial owner after any applicable withholding or deduction (and after deducting any taxes on the Additional Amounts) will equal the amount that would have been received by such beneficial owner had no such withholding or deduction been required.

The Indenture contains provisions permitting the Company and the Trustee in certain circumstances, without the consent of the Holders of the Notes, and in certain other

circumstances, with the consent of the Holders of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes at the time outstanding, evidenced as in the Indenture provided, to execute supplemental indentures modifying the terms of the Indenture and the Notes as described therein. It is also provided in the Indenture that, subject to certain exceptions, the Holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes at the time outstanding may on behalf of the Holders of all of the Notes waive any past Default or Event of Default under the Indenture and its consequences.

No reference herein to the Indenture and no provision of this Note or of the Indenture shall alter or impair the obligation of the Company, which is absolute and unconditional, to pay or cause to be delivered, as the case may be, the principal (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) of, accrued and unpaid interest on, and the consideration due upon conversion of, this Note at the place, at the respective times, at the rate and in the lawful money herein prescribed.

The Notes are issuable in registered form without coupons in denominations of US\$1,000 principal amount and integral multiples thereof. At the office or agency of the Company referred to on the face hereof, and in the manner and subject to the limitations provided in the Indenture, Notes may be exchanged for a like aggregate principal amount of Notes of other authorized denominations, without payment of any service charge but, if required by the Company or Trustee, with payment of a sum sufficient to cover any transfer or similar tax that may be imposed in connection therewith as a result of the name of the Holder of the new Notes issued upon such exchange of Notes being different from the name of the Holder of the old Notes surrendered for such exchange.

The Company may not redeem the Notes prior to the Maturity Date, except in the event of certain Changes in Tax Law as described in Section 16.01. No sinking fund is provided for the Notes.

The Holder has the right, at such Holder's option, to require the Company to repurchase for cash all of such Holder's Notes or any portion thereof (in principal amounts of US\$1,000 or integral multiples thereof) on the Repurchase Date at a price equal to the Repurchase Price.

Upon the occurrence of a Fundamental Change, the Holder has the right, at such Holder's option, to require the Company to repurchase for cash all of such Holder's Notes or any portion thereof (in principal amounts of US\$1,000 or integral multiples thereof) on the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date at a price equal to the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price.

Subject to the provisions of the Indenture, the Holder hereof has the right, at its option, prior to the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Maturity Date, to convert any Notes or portion thereof that is US\$1,000 or an integral multiple thereof, into ADSs at the Conversion Rate specified in the Indenture, as adjusted from time to time as provided in the Indenture.

Terms used in this Note and defined in the Indenture are used herein as therein defined.

ABBREVIATIONS

The following abbreviations, when used in the inscription of the face of this Note, shall be construed as though they were written out in full according to applicable laws or regulations:

TEN COM = as tenants in common

UNIF GIFT MIN ACT = Uniform Gifts to Minors Act

CUST = Custodian

TEN ENT = as tenants by the entireties

JT TEN = joint tenants with right of survivorship and not as tenants in common

Additional abbreviations may also be used though not in the above list.

SCHEDULE A(5)

SCHEDULE OF EXCHANGES OF NOTES

CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.
1.00% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020

The initial principal amount of this Global Note is [] DOLLARS (US\$[]). The following increases or decreases in this Global Note have been made:

Date of exchange	Amount of decrease in principal amount of this Global Note	Amount of increase in principal amount of this Global Note	Principal amount of this Global Note following such decrease or increase	Signature of authorized signatory of Trustee

(5) Include if a global note.

[FORM OF NOTICE OF CONVERSION]

To: CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON, as Depositary for the ADSs

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON, as Conversion Agent

The undersigned registered owner of this Note hereby exercises the option to convert this Note, or the portion hereof (that is US\$1,000 principal amount or an integral multiple thereof) below designated, into ADSs in accordance with the terms of the Indenture referred to in this Note, and directs that any ADSs deliverable upon such conversion, together with any cash payable for any Fractional ADS, and any Notes representing any unconverted principal amount hereof, be issued and delivered to the registered Holder hereof unless a different name has been indicated below. If any ADSs or any portion of this Note not converted are to be issued in the name of a Person other than the undersigned, the undersigned will pay all documentary, stamp or similar issue or transfer taxes, if any in accordance with Section 14.02(d) and Section 14.02(e) of the Indenture. Any amount required to be paid to the undersigned on account of interest accompanies this Note.

In connection with the conversion of this Note, or the portion hereof below designated, the undersigned acknowledges, represents to and agrees with the Company that the undersigned is not an "affiliate" (as defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act) of the Company and has not been an "affiliate" (as defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act) during the three months immediately preceding the date hereof.

[The undersigned further certifies:

1. The undersigned acknowledges (and if the undersigned is acting for the account of another person, that person has confirmed that it acknowledges) that the Restricted Securities received upon conversion of this Note (or securities represented thereby) have not been and are not expected to be registered under the Securities Act.

2. The undersigned further certifies that either:

(a) The undersigned is, and at the time ADSs are delivered in conversion of its Notes will be, the holder of the ADSs and the Ordinary Shares represented thereby, and (i) the undersigned is not a U.S. person (as defined in Regulation S under the Act) and is located outside the United States (within the meaning of Regulation S) and acquired, or have agreed to acquire and will have acquired, the Notes being converted and the ADSs and the Ordinary Shares represented thereby being delivered in the conversion outside the United States and (ii) the undersigned is not in the business of buying and selling securities or, if the undersigned is in such business, the undersigned did not acquire the Notes being converted from the Company or any affiliate thereof in the initial distribution of the Notes.

OR

(b) The undersigned is a broker-dealer acting on behalf of its customer; its customer has confirmed to the undersigned that it is, and at the time ADSs are delivered in conversion of our Notes will be, the holder of the ADSs and the Ordinary Shares represented thereby, and (i) it is not a U.S. person (as defined in Regulation S under the Act) and it is located outside the United States (within the meaning of Regulation S and acquired, or have agreed to acquire and will have acquired, the Notes being converted and the ADSs and the Ordinary Shares represented thereby being delivered in the conversion outside the United States and (ii) it is not in the business of buying and selling securities or, if it is in such business, it did not acquire the Notes being converted from the Company or any affiliate thereof in the initial distribution of the Notes.

OR

(c) The undersigned is a qualified institutional buyer (as defined in Rule 144A under the Act) acting for its own account or for the account of one or more qualified institutional buyers and the undersigned is (or such account or accounts are) the sole beneficial owner(s) of the ADSs to be received upon conversion of the Notes.

3. The undersigned acknowledges that the undersigned (and any such other account) may not continue to hold or retain any interest in Restricted Securities received upon conversion of this Note if the undersigned (or such other account) becomes an Affiliate of the Company.

4. The undersigned agrees (and if the undersigned is acting for the account of another person, that person has confirmed that it agrees) that, unless and until the undersigned (or such other account) is notified by the Depositary that the restrictive legend on such Restricted Security has been removed from such security, the undersigned (and such other account) will not offer, sell, pledge or otherwise transfer the Restricted Security (or securities represented by such Restricted Security) except in accordance with the restrictions set forth in that legend and any applicable securities laws of the United States and any state thereof.]⁽⁶⁾

(6) Include if a Restricted Security.

Dated: _____

Signature(s)

Signature Guarantee

Signature(s) must be guaranteed by an eligible Guarantor Institution (banks, stock brokers, savings and loan associations and credit unions) with membership in an approved signature guarantee medallion program pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 17Ad-15 if ADSs are to be issued, or Notes are to be delivered, other than to and in the name of the registered holder.

Fill in for registration of ADSs if to be issued, and Notes if to be delivered, other than to and in the name of the registered holder:

(Name)

(Street Address)

(City, State and Zip Code)
Please print name and address

Principal amount to be converted (if less than all): US\$,000

NOTICE: The above signature(s) of the Holder(s) hereof must correspond with the name as written upon the face of the Note in every particular without alteration or enlargement or any change whatever.

Social Security or Other Taxpayer Identification Number

[FORM OF FUNDAMENTAL CHANGE REPURCHASE NOTICE]

To: CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON, as Trustee

The undersigned registered owner of this Note hereby acknowledges receipt of a notice from Ctrip.com International, Ltd. (the “**Company**”) as to the occurrence of a Fundamental Change with respect to the Company and specifying the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date and requests and instructs the Company to pay to the registered holder hereof in accordance with Section 15.02 of the Indenture referred to in this Note (1) the entire principal amount of this Note, or the portion thereof (that is US\$1,000 principal amount or an integral multiple thereof) below designated, and (2) if such Fundamental Change Repurchase Date does not fall during the period after a Regular Record Date and on or prior to the corresponding Interest Payment Date, accrued and unpaid interest thereon to, but excluding, such Fundamental Change Repurchase Date.

In the case of Physical Notes, the certificate numbers of the Notes to be repurchased are as set forth below:

Certificate Number(s): _____

Dated: _____

Signature(s)

Social Security or Other Taxpayer Identification Number

Principal amount to be repaid (if less than all): US\$,000

NOTICE: The above signature(s) of the Holder(s) hereof must correspond with the name as written upon the face of the Note in every particular without alteration or enlargement or any change whatever.

[FORM OF REPURCHASE NOTICE]

To: CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON, as Trustee

The undersigned registered owner of this Note hereby acknowledges receipt of a notice from Ctrip.com International, Ltd. (the “**Company**”) regarding the right of Holders to elect to require the Company to repurchase the entire principal amount of this Note, or the portion thereof (that is US\$1,000 principal amount or an integral multiple thereof) below designated, in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Indenture referred to in this Note, at the Repurchase Price to the registered Holder hereof.

In the case of certificated Notes, the certificate numbers of the Notes to be purchased are as set forth below:

Certificate Number(s): _____

Dated: _____

Signature(s)

Social Security or Other Taxpayer Identification Number

Principal amount to be repaid (if less than all): US\$,000

NOTICE: The above signature(s) of the Holder(s) hereof must correspond with the name as written upon the face of the Note in every particular without alteration or enlargement or any change whatever.

[FORM OF ASSIGNMENT AND TRANSFER]

For value received hereby sell(s), assign(s) and transfer(s) unto
Identification Number of assignee) the within Note, and hereby irrevocably constitutes and appoints
on the books of the Company, with full power of substitution in the premises.

(Please insert social security or Taxpayer
attorney to transfer the said Note

In connection with any transfer of the within Note occurring prior to the Resale Restriction Termination Date, as defined in the Indenture governing such Note, the undersigned confirms that such Note is being transferred:

- To Ctrip.com International, Ltd. or a subsidiary thereof; or
- Pursuant to a registration statement that has become or been declared effective under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended; or
- Pursuant to and in compliance with Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended [(“Rule 144A”), and the undersigned confirms that the undersigned reasonably believes that the transferee of such Note is a “qualified institutional buyer” (within the meaning of Rule 144A) that is purchasing for its own account or for the account of another qualified institutional buyer and the undersigned has provided such transferee notice that the transfer is being made in reliance on Rule 144A](7); or
- Outside the United States in accordance with Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended; or
- Pursuant to and in compliance with Rule 144 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (if available).

(7) Include if Regulation S Note.

Dated: _____

Signature(s) _____

Signature Guarantee _____

Signature(s) must be guaranteed by an eligible Guarantor Institution (banks, stock brokers, savings and loan associations and credit unions) with membership in an approved signature guarantee medallion program pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 17Ad-15 if Notes are to be delivered, other than to and in the name of the registered holder.

NOTICE: The signature on the assignment must correspond with the name as written upon the face of the Note in every particular without alteration or enlargement or any change whatever.

FORM OF AUTHORIZATION CERTIFICATE

I, [Name], [Title], acting on behalf of Ctrip.com International, Ltd. (the “**Company**”) hereby certify that:

- (A) the persons listed below are (i) authorized Officers of the Company for purposes of the Indenture (the “**Indenture**”) dated as of June 24, 2015 between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon, as trustee, (ii) duly elected or appointed, qualified and acting as the holder of the respective office or offices set forth opposite their names and (iii) the duly authorized persons who executed or will execute the Indenture and the notes issued pursuant to the Indenture by their manual or facsimile signatures and were at the time of such execution, duly elected or appointed, qualified and acting as the holder of the offices set forth opposite their names;
- (B) each of the individuals listed below have the authority to receive call backs at the telephone numbers noted below upon request of The Bank of New York Mellon in connection with the notes issued pursuant to the Indenture;
- (C) each signature appearing below is the person’s genuine signature; and
- (D) attached hereto as Schedule I is a true, correct and complete specimen of the certificates representing the Notes.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto executed and delivered this certificate on behalf of the Company as of the date indicated.

Dated: _____

[Name]

By: _____

Name:

Title:

B-2

SCHEDELE I

Name	Title, Fax No., Email	Signature	Tel No.
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CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

AND

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON,

as Trustee

INDENTURE

Dated as of June 24, 2015

1.99% Convertible Senior Notes due 2025

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS	
Section 1.01. <i>Definitions</i>	1
Section 1.02. <i>References to Interest</i>	10
ARTICLE 2 ISSUE, DESCRIPTION, EXECUTION, REGISTRATION AND EXCHANGE OF NOTES	
Section 2.01. <i>Designation and Amount</i>	11
Section 2.02. <i>Form of Notes</i>	11
Section 2.03. <i>Date and Denomination of Notes; Payments of Interest and Defaulted Amounts</i>	12
Section 2.04. <i>Execution, Authentication and Delivery of Notes</i>	13
Section 2.05. <i>Exchange and Registration of Transfer of Notes; Restrictions on Transfer; Depositary</i>	14
Section 2.06. <i>Mutilated, Destroyed, Lost or Stolen Notes</i>	21
Section 2.07. <i>Temporary Notes</i>	22
Section 2.08. <i>Cancellation of Notes Paid, Converted, Etc.</i>	22
Section 2.09. <i>CUSIP Numbers</i>	22
Section 2.10. <i>Additional Notes; Repurchases</i>	23
ARTICLE 3 SATISFACTION AND DISCHARGE	
Section 3.01. <i>Satisfaction and Discharge</i>	23
ARTICLE 4 PARTICULAR COVENANTS OF THE COMPANY	
Section 4.01. <i>Payment of Principal and Interest</i>	24
Section 4.02. <i>Maintenance of Office or Agency</i>	24
Section 4.03. <i>Appointments to Fill Vacancies in Trustee's Office</i>	24
Section 4.04. <i>Provisions as to Paying Agent</i>	24
Section 4.05. <i>Existence</i>	26
Section 4.06. <i>Rule 144A Information Requirement and Annual Reports</i>	26
Section 4.07. <i>Additional Amounts</i>	28
Section 4.08. <i>Stay, Extension and Usury Laws</i>	30
Section 4.09. <i>Compliance Certificate; Statements as to Defaults</i>	30
Section 4.10. <i>Further Instruments and Acts</i>	31

ARTICLE 5
LISTS OF HOLDERS AND REPORTS BY THE COMPANY AND THE TRUSTEE

Section 5.01.	<i>Lists of Holders</i>	31
Section 5.02.	<i>Preservation and Disclosure of Lists</i>	31

ARTICLE 6
DEFAULTS AND REMEDIES

Section 6.01.	<i>Events of Default</i>	31
Section 6.02.	<i>Acceleration; Rescission and Annulment</i>	33
Section 6.03.	<i>Additional Interest</i>	34
Section 6.04.	<i>Payments of Notes on Default; Suit Therefor</i>	34
Section 6.05.	<i>Application of Monies Collected by Trustee</i>	36
Section 6.06.	<i>Proceedings by Holders</i>	37
Section 6.07.	<i>Proceedings by Trustee</i>	38
Section 6.08.	<i>Remedies Cumulative and Continuing</i>	38
Section 6.09.	<i>Direction of Proceedings and Waiver of Defaults by Majority of Holders</i>	38
Section 6.10.	<i>Notice of Defaults and Events of Default</i>	39
Section 6.11.	<i>Undertaking to Pay Costs</i>	39

ARTICLE 7
CONCERNING THE TRUSTEE

Section 7.01.	<i>Duties and Responsibilities of Trustee</i>	39
Section 7.02.	<i>Reliance on Documents, Opinions, Etc.</i>	41
Section 7.03.	<i>No Responsibility for Recitals, Etc.</i>	43
Section 7.04.	<i>Trustee, Paying Agents, Conversion Agents or Note Registrar May Own Notes</i>	43
Section 7.05.	<i>Monies and ADSs to Be Held in Trust</i>	43
Section 7.06.	<i>Compensation and Expenses of Trustee</i>	43
Section 7.07.	<i>Officers' Certificate as Evidence</i>	45
Section 7.08.	<i>Eligibility of Trustee</i>	45
Section 7.09.	<i>Resignation or Removal of Trustee</i>	45
Section 7.10.	<i>Acceptance by Successor Trustee</i>	46
Section 7.11.	<i>Succession by Merger, Etc.</i>	47
Section 7.12.	<i>Trustee's Application for Instructions from the Company</i>	47

ARTICLE 8
CONCERNING THE HOLDERS

Section 8.01.	<i>Action by Holders</i>	47
Section 8.02.	<i>Proof of Execution by Holders</i>	48
Section 8.03.	<i>Who Are Deemed Absolute Owners</i>	48
Section 8.04.	<i>Company-Owned Notes Disregarded</i>	48
Section 8.05.	<i>Revocation of Consents; Future Holders Bound</i>	49

ARTICLE 9
HOLDERS' MEETINGS

Section 9.01.	<i>Purpose of Meetings</i>	49
Section 9.02.	<i>Call of Meetings by Trustee</i>	49
Section 9.03.	<i>Call of Meetings by Company or Holders</i>	50
Section 9.04.	<i>Qualifications for Voting</i>	50
Section 9.05.	<i>Regulations</i>	50
Section 9.06.	<i>Voting</i>	51
Section 9.07.	<i>No Delay of Rights by Meeting</i>	51

ARTICLE 10
SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURES

Section 10.01.	<i>Supplemental Indentures Without Consent of Holders</i>	51
Section 10.02.	<i>Supplemental Indentures with Consent of Holders</i>	52
Section 10.03.	<i>Effect of Supplemental Indentures</i>	53
Section 10.04.	<i>Notation on Notes</i>	54
Section 10.05.	<i>Evidence of Compliance of Supplemental Indenture to Be Furnished Trustee</i>	54

ARTICLE 11
CONSOLIDATION, MERGER, SALE, CONVEYANCE AND LEASE

Section 11.01.	<i>Company May Consolidate, Etc. on Certain Terms</i>	54
Section 11.02.	<i>Successor Corporation to Be Substituted</i>	54
Section 11.03.	<i>Opinion of Counsel to Be Given to Trustee</i>	55

ARTICLE 12
IMMUNITY OF INCORPORATORS, STOCKHOLDERS, OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

Section 12.01.	<i>Indenture and Notes Solely Corporate Obligations</i>	55
----------------	---	----

ARTICLE 13
INTENTIONALLY OMITTED

ARTICLE 14
CONVERSION OF NOTES

Section 14.01.	<i>Conversion Privilege</i>	56
Section 14.02.	<i>Conversion Procedure; Settlement Upon Conversion</i>	56
Section 14.03.	<i>Increased Conversion Rate Applicable to Certain Notes Surrendered in Connection with Make-Whole Fundamental Changes</i>	58
Section 14.04.	<i>Adjustment of Conversion Rate</i>	61
Section 14.05.	<i>Adjustments of Prices</i>	70
Section 14.06.	<i>Ordinary Shares to Be Fully Paid</i>	70
Section 14.07.	<i>Effect of Recapitalizations, Reclassifications and Changes of the Ordinary Shares</i>	71
Section 14.08.	<i>Certain Covenants</i>	72

Section 14.09.	<i>Responsibility of Trustee</i>	73
Section 14.10.	<i>Notice to Holders Prior to Certain Actions</i>	73
Section 14.11.	<i>Stockholder Rights Plans</i>	74
Section 14.12.	<i>Termination of Depository Receipt Program</i>	74

ARTICLE 15
REPURCHASE OF NOTES AT OPTION OF HOLDERS

Section 15.01.	<i>Repurchase at Option of Holders</i>	74
Section 15.02.	<i>Repurchase at Option of Holders Upon a Fundamental Change</i>	77
Section 15.03.	<i>Withdrawal of Repurchase Notice or Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice</i>	79
Section 15.04.	<i>Deposit of Repurchase Price or Fundamental Change Repurchase Price</i>	80
Section 15.05.	<i>Covenant to Comply with Applicable Laws Upon Repurchase of Notes</i>	80

ARTICLE 16
OPTIONAL REDEMPTION

Section 16.01.	<i>Optional Redemption for Changes in the Tax Law of the Relevant Taxing Jurisdiction</i>	81
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ARTICLE 17
MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Section 17.01.	<i>Provisions Binding on Company's Successors</i>	82
Section 17.02.	<i>Official Acts by Successor Corporation</i>	83
Section 17.03.	<i>Addresses for Notices, Etc.</i>	83
Section 17.04.	<i>Governing Law; Jurisdiction</i>	83
Section 17.05.	<i>Submission to Jurisdiction; Service of Process</i>	84
Section 17.06.	<i>Evidence of Compliance with Conditions Precedent; Certificates and Opinions of Counsel to Trustee</i>	84
Section 17.07.	<i>Legal Holidays</i>	85
Section 17.08.	<i>No Security Interest Created</i>	85
Section 17.09.	<i>Benefits of Indenture</i>	85
Section 17.10.	<i>Table of Contents, Headings, Etc.</i>	85
Section 17.11.	<i>Execution in Counterparts</i>	85
Section 17.12.	<i>Severability</i>	85
Section 17.13.	<i>Waiver of Jury Trial</i>	85
Section 17.14.	<i>Force Majeure</i>	86
Section 17.15.	<i>Calculations</i>	86

EXHIBIT

Exhibit A	Form of Note	A-1
Exhibit B	Form of Authorization Certificate	B-1

INDENTURE dated as of June 24, 2015 between CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD., a Cayman Islands exempted company, as issuer (the “**Company**”, as more fully set forth in Section 1.01) and THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON, a national banking association, as trustee (the “**Trustee**”, as more fully set forth in Section 1.01).

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, for its lawful corporate purposes, the Company has duly authorized the issuance of its 1.99% Convertible Senior Notes due 2025 (the “**Notes**”), initially in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed US\$400,000,000 (as increased by an amount equal to the aggregate principal amount of any additional Notes purchased by the Initial Purchasers pursuant to the exercise of their option to purchase additional Notes as set forth in the Purchase Agreement), and in order to provide the terms and conditions upon which the Notes are to be authenticated, issued and delivered, the Company has duly authorized the execution and delivery of this Indenture; and

WHEREAS, the Form of Note, the certificate of authentication to be borne by each Note, the Form of Notice of Conversion, the Form of Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice, the Form of Repurchase Notice and the Form of Assignment and Transfer to be borne by the Notes are to be substantially in the forms hereinafter provided; and

WHEREAS, all acts and things necessary to make the Notes, when executed by the Company and authenticated and delivered by the Trustee, as in this Indenture provided, the valid, binding and legal obligations of the Company, and this Indenture a valid agreement according to its terms, have been done and performed, and the execution of this Indenture and the issuance hereunder of the Notes have in all respects been duly authorized.

NOW, THEREFORE, THIS INDENTURE WITNESSETH:

That in order to declare the terms and conditions upon which the Notes are, and are to be, authenticated, issued and delivered, and in consideration of the premises and of the purchase and acceptance of the Notes by the Holders thereof, the Company covenants and agrees with the Trustee for the equal and proportionate benefit of the respective Holders from time to time of the Notes (except as otherwise provided below), as follows:

ARTICLE 1
DEFINITIONS

Section 1.01. *Definitions.* The terms defined in this Section 1.01 (except as herein otherwise expressly provided or unless the context otherwise requires) for all purposes of this Indenture and of any indenture supplemental hereto shall have the respective meanings specified in this Section 1.01. The words “herein,” “hereof,” “hereunder,” and words of similar import refer to this Indenture as a whole and not to any particular Article, Section or other subdivision. The terms defined in this Article include the plural as well as the singular.

“Additional ADSs” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.03(a).

“Additional Amounts” shall have the meaning specified in Section 4.07(a).

“Additional Interest” means all amounts, if any, payable pursuant to Section 4.06(d), Section 4.06(e), and Section 6.03, as applicable.

“ADS” means an American Depository Share, issued pursuant to the Deposit Agreement, representing 0.25 of an Ordinary Share of the Company as of the date of this Indenture, and deposited with the ADS Custodian.

“ADS Custodian” means The Bank of New York Mellon, with respect to the ADSs delivered pursuant to the Deposit Agreement, or any successor entity thereto.

“ADS Depositary” means The Bank of New York Mellon (formerly, The Bank of New York), as depositary for the ADSs.

“ADS Price” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.03(b).

“Affiliate” of any specified Person means any other Person directly or indirectly controlling or controlled by or under direct or indirect common control with such specified Person. For the purposes of this definition, “control,” when used with respect to any specified Person means the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of such Person, directly or indirectly, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise; and the terms “controlling” and “controlled” have meanings correlative to the foregoing. For purposes of this Indenture and the Notes, each of the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, the Chief Operating Officer of the Company and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company shall be Affiliates of the Company.

“Agents” means the Paying Agent, the Transfer Agent, the Note Registrar and the Conversion Agent.

“Board of Directors” means the board of directors of the Company or a committee of such board duly authorized to act for it hereunder.

“Board Resolution” means a copy of a resolution certified by the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary of the Company to have been duly adopted by the Board of Directors, and to be in full force and effect on the date of such certification, and delivered to the Trustee.

“Business Day” means, with respect to any Note, each Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday that is not a day on which banking institutions in the State of New York or the Cayman Islands are authorized or obligated by law or executive order to close.

“Capital Stock” means, for any entity, any and all shares, interests, rights to purchase, warrants, options, participations or other equivalents of or interests in (however designated) stock issued by that entity.

“Clause A Distribution” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.04(c).

“Clause B Distribution” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.04(c).

“Clause C Distribution” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.04(c).

“close of business” means 5:00 p.m. (New York City time).

“Code” means the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

“Commission” means the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

“Common Equity” of any Person means ordinary share capital or common stock of such Person that is generally entitled (a) to vote in the election of directors of such Person or (b) if such Person is not a corporation, to vote or otherwise participate in the selection of the governing body, partners, managers or others that will control the management or policies of such Person.

“Company” shall have the meaning specified in the first paragraph of this Indenture, and subject to the provisions of Article 11, shall include its successors and assigns.

“Company Notice” shall have the meaning specified in Section 15.01(a).

“Company Order” means a written order of the Company, signed by an Officer of the Company and delivered to the Trustee.

“Conversion Agent” shall have the meaning specified in Section 4.02.

“Conversion Date” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.02(c).

“Conversion Obligation” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.01.

“Conversion Rate” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.01.

“Corporate Trust Office” means the principal office of the Trustee at which at any time its corporate trust business shall be administered, which office at the date hereof is located at 101 Barclay Street, 21st Floor West, Floor 4E, New York, NY 10286, USA, Attention: Global Corporate Trust, or such other address as the Trustee may designate from time to time by notice to the Holders and the Company, or the principal corporate trust office of any successor trustee (or such other address as such successor trustee may designate from time to time by notice to the Holders and the Company).

“Default” means any event that is, or after notice or passage of time, or both, would be, an Event of Default.

“Defaulted Amounts” means any amounts on any Note (including, without limitation, the Repurchase Price, the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, principal and interest) that are payable but are not punctually paid or duly provided for.

“Deposit Agreement” means the deposit agreement dated as of December 8, 2003, as amended and restated as of August 11, 2006, and as further amended and restated as of December 3, 2007, by and among the Company, the ADS Depository, and the owners and

beneficial owners of the ADSs delivered thereunder or, if amended or supplemented as provided therein, as so amended or supplemented.

“Depository” means, with respect to each Global Note, the Person specified in Section 2.05(c) and Section 2.05(e) as the Depository with respect to such Notes, until a successor shall have been appointed and become such pursuant to the applicable provisions of this Indenture, and thereafter, “Depository” shall mean or include such successor.

“Distributed Property” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.04(c).

“Effective Date” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.03(c).

“Event of Default” shall have the meaning specified in Section 6.01.

“Ex-Dividend Date” means the first date on which the ADSs trade on the applicable exchange or in the applicable market, regular way, without the right to receive the issuance, dividend or distribution in question, from the Company or, if applicable, from the seller of the ADSs on such exchange or market (in the form of due bills or otherwise) as determined by such exchange or market.

“Exchange Act” means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

“Expiring Rights” means any rights, options or warrants to purchase Ordinary Shares or ADSs that expire on or prior to the Maturity Date.

“Form of Assignment and Transfer” shall mean the “Form of Assignment and Transfer” attached as Attachment 4 to the Form of Note attached hereto as Exhibit A.

“Form of Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice” shall mean the “Form of Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice” attached as Attachment 2 to the Form of Note attached hereto as Exhibit A.

“Form of Notice of Conversion” shall mean the “Form of Notice of Conversion” attached as Attachment 1 to the Form of Note attached hereto as Exhibit A.

“Form of Repurchase Notice” shall mean the “Form of Repurchase Notice” attached as Attachment 3 to the Form of Note attached hereto as Exhibit A.

“Fractional ADS” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.02(a).

“Fundamental Change” shall be deemed to have occurred at the time after the Notes are originally issued if any of the following occurs:

(a) a “person” or “group” within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act, other than the Company, its Subsidiaries and the employee benefit plans of the Company and its Subsidiaries, files a Schedule TO or any schedule, form or report under the Exchange Act disclosing that such person or group has become the direct or

indirect “beneficial owner,” as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act, of the Company’s ordinary share capital (including ordinary share capital held in the form of ADSs) representing more than 50% of the voting power of the Company’s ordinary share capital;

(b) the consummation of (A) any recapitalization, reclassification or change of the Ordinary Shares or the ADSs (other than changes resulting from a subdivision or combination) as a result of which the Ordinary Shares or the ADSs would be converted into, or exchanged for, stock, other securities, other property or assets; (B) any share exchange, consolidation or merger of the Company pursuant to which the Ordinary Shares or the ADSs will be converted into cash, securities or other property; or (C) any sale, lease or other transfer in one transaction or a series of transactions of all or substantially all of the consolidated assets of the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, to any Person other than one of the Company’s Subsidiaries; *provided, however,* that a transaction described in clause (B) in which the holders of all classes of the Company’s ordinary share capital immediately prior to such transaction own, directly or indirectly, more than 50% of all classes of Common Equity of the continuing or surviving corporation or transferee or the parent thereof immediately after such transaction shall not be a Fundamental Change pursuant to this clause (b);

(c) the shareholders of the Company approve any plan or proposal for the liquidation or dissolution of the Company; or

(d) the ADSs (or other Common Equity or ADSs in respect of Common Equity underlying the Notes) cease to be listed or quoted on any of The New York Stock Exchange, The NASDAQ Global Select Market or The NASDAQ Global Market (or any of their respective successors);

provided, however, that a transaction or transactions described in clause (a) or (b) above shall not constitute a Fundamental Change, if at least 90% of the consideration received or to be received by holders of the ADSs, excluding cash payments for Fractional ADSs, in connection with such transaction or transactions consists of shares of Common Equity or ADSs in respect of Common Equity that are listed or quoted on any of The New York Stock Exchange, The NASDAQ Global Select Market or The NASDAQ Global Market (or any of their respective successors) or will be so listed or quoted when issued or exchanged in connection with such transaction or transactions and as a result of such transaction or transactions the Notes become convertible into such consideration, excluding cash payments for Fractional ADSs.

“Fundamental Change Company Notice” shall have the meaning specified in Section 15.02(c).

“Fundamental Change Repurchase Date” shall have the meaning specified in Section 15.02(a).

“Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice” shall have the meaning specified in Section 15.02(b)(i).

“Fundamental Change Repurchase Price” shall have the meaning specified in Section 15.02(a).

“Global Note” shall have the meaning specified in Section 2.05(b).

“Holder,” as applied to any Note, or other similar terms (but excluding the term “beneficial holder”), shall mean any Person in whose name at the time a particular Note is registered on the Note Register.

“Indenture” means this instrument as originally executed or, if amended or supplemented as herein provided, as so amended or supplemented.

“Initial Purchasers” means J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC

“Interest Payment Date” means each January 1 and July 1 of each year, beginning on January 1, 2016.

“Last Reported Sale Price” of the ADSs on any date means the closing sale price per ADS (or if no closing sale price is reported, the average of the bid and ask prices or, if more than one in either case, the average of the average bid and the average ask prices) on that date as reported in composite transactions for the principal U.S. national or regional securities exchange on which the ADSs are traded. If the ADSs are not listed for trading on a U.S. national or regional securities exchange on the relevant date, the **“Last Reported Sale Price”** shall be the last quoted bid price for the ADSs in the over-the-counter market on the relevant date as reported by OTC Markets Group Inc. or a similar organization. If the ADSs are not so quoted, the **“Last Reported Sale Price”** shall be the average of the mid-point of the last bid and ask prices for the ADSs on the relevant date from each of at least three nationally recognized independent investment banking firms selected by the Company for this purpose.

“Make-Whole Fundamental Change” means any transaction or event described in clause (a), (b) or (d) of the definition of Fundamental Change (determined after giving effect to any exceptions to or exclusions from such definition, including in the *proviso* immediately succeeding clause (d) of the definition thereof, but without regard to the *proviso* in clause (b) of the definition thereof).

“Maturity Date” means July 1, 2025.

“Merger Event” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.07(a).

“Note” or **“Notes”** shall have the meaning specified in the first paragraph of the recitals of this Indenture.

“Notes Fungibility Date” means the date, if any, following the Resale Restriction Termination Date on which all of the Rule 144A Notes and all of the Regulation S Notes are no longer Restricted Securities, do not bear the restrictive legend required by Section 2.05(c), are fungible for U.S. securities law purposes and are assigned an identical, unrestricted CUSIP number.

“Note Register” shall have the meaning specified in Section 2.05(a).

“Note Registrar” shall have the meaning specified in Section 2.05(a).

“Notice of Conversion” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.02(b).

“Offering Memorandum” means the preliminary offering memorandum dated June 17, 2015, as supplemented by the pricing term sheet dated June 18, 2015, relating to the offering and sale of the Notes.

“Officer” means, with respect to the Company, the President, the Chief Executive Officer, the Treasurer, the Secretary, any Executive or Senior Vice President or any Vice President (whether or not designated by a number or numbers or word or words added before or after the title “Vice President”).

“Officers’ Certificate,” when used with respect to the Company, means a certificate that is delivered to the Trustee and that is signed by (a) two Officers of the Company or (b) one Officer of the Company and one of any Assistant Treasurer, any Assistant Secretary or the Controller of the Company. Each such certificate shall include the statements provided for in Section 17.06 if and to the extent required by the provisions of such Section. One of the Officers giving an Officers’ Certificate pursuant to Section 4.09 shall be the principal executive, financial or accounting officer of the Company.

“open of business” means 9:00 a.m. (New York City time).

“Opinion of Counsel” means an opinion in writing signed by legal counsel and in a form reasonably acceptable to the Trustee, who may be an employee of or counsel to the Company, or other counsel acceptable to the Trustee, that is delivered to the Trustee. Each such opinion shall include the statements provided for in Section 17.06 if and to the extent required by the provisions of such Section 17.06.

“Ordinary Shares” means ordinary shares of the Company, par value US\$0.01 per ordinary share, at the date of this Indenture, subject to Section 14.07.

“outstanding,” when used with reference to Notes, shall, subject to the provisions of Section 8.04, mean, as of any particular time, all Notes authenticated and delivered by the Trustee under this Indenture, except:

(a) Notes theretofore canceled by the Trustee or accepted by the Trustee for cancellation;

(b) Notes, or portions thereof, that have become due and payable and in respect of which monies in the necessary amount shall have been deposited with the Trustee or with any Paying Agent (other than the Company) or shall have been set aside and segregated in trust by the Company (if the Company shall act as its own Paying Agent);

(c) Notes that have been paid pursuant to Section 2.06 or Notes in lieu of which, or in substitution for which, other Notes shall have been authenticated and delivered pursuant to the terms of Section 2.06 unless proof satisfactory to the Trustee is presented that any such Notes are held by protected purchasers in due course;

- (d) Notes converted pursuant to Article 14 and required to be cancelled pursuant to Section 2.08; and
- (e) Notes repurchased by the Company pursuant to the third sentence of Section 2.10.

“Paying Agent” shall have the meaning specified in Section 4.02.

“Person” means an individual, a corporation, a limited liability company, an association, a partnership, a joint venture, a joint stock company, a trust, an unincorporated organization or a government or an agency or a political subdivision thereof.

“Physical Notes” means permanent certificated Notes in registered form issued in denominations of US\$1,000 principal amount and multiples thereof.

“Predecessor Note” of any particular Note means every previous Note evidencing all or a portion of the same debt as that evidenced by such particular Note; and, for the purposes of this definition, any Note authenticated and delivered under Section 2.06 in lieu of or in exchange for a mutilated, lost, destroyed or stolen Note shall be deemed to evidence the same debt as the mutilated, lost, destroyed or stolen Note that it replaces.

“Purchase Agreement” means that certain Purchase Agreement, dated as of June 18, 2015, among the Company and the Initial Purchasers.

“Record Date” means, with respect to any dividend, distribution or other transaction or event in which the holders of the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) (or other applicable security) have the right to receive any cash, securities or other property or in which the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) (or such other security) are exchanged for or converted into any combination of cash, securities or other property, the date fixed for determination of security holders entitled to receive such cash, securities or other property (whether such date is fixed by the Board of Directors, statute, contract or otherwise).

“Redemption Date” shall have the meaning specified in Section 16.01.

“Redemption Reference Date” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.03(g).

“Redemption Reference Price” shall have the meaning specified in Section 16.01.

“Redemption Price” shall have the meaning specified in Section 16.01.

“Reference Property” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.07(a).

“Regular Record Date,” with respect to any Interest Payment Date, shall mean the December 15 or June 15 (whether or not such day is a Business Day) immediately preceding the applicable January 1 or July 1 Interest Payment Date, respectively.

“Regulation S” means Regulation S under the Securities Act or any successor to such regulation.

“Regulation S Notes” means the Notes initially offered and sold outside the United States pursuant to Regulation S.

“Relevant Jurisdiction” shall have the meaning specified in Section 4.07(a).

“Relevant Taxing Jurisdiction” shall have the meaning specified in Section 4.07(a).

“Repurchase Date” shall have the meaning specified in Section 15.01(a).

“Repurchase Expiration Time” shall have the meaning specified in Section 15.01(a).

“Repurchase Notice” shall have the meaning specified in Section 15.01(a).

“Repurchase Price” shall have the meaning specified in Section 15.01(a).

“Resale Restriction Termination Date” shall have the meaning specified in Section 2.05(c).

“Responsible Officer” means, when used with respect to the Trustee, any officer within the corporate trust department of the Trustee, including any vice president, assistant vice president, assistant secretary, assistant treasurer, trust officer or any other officer of the Trustee who customarily performs functions similar to those performed by the Persons who at the time shall be such officers, respectively, or to whom any corporate trust matter is referred because of such person’s knowledge of and familiarity with the particular subject and who shall have direct responsibility for the administration of this Indenture.

“Restricted Securities” shall have the meaning specified in Section 2.05(c).

“Rule 144A” means Rule 144A as promulgated under the Securities Act.

“Rule 144A Notes” means the notes initially offered and sold pursuant to Rule 144A.

“Securities Act” means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

“Significant Subsidiary” means a Subsidiary of the Company that meets the definition of “significant subsidiary” in Article 1, Rule 1-02 of Regulation S-X under the Exchange Act.

“Spin-Off” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.04(c).

“Subsidiary” means, with respect to any Person, any corporation, association, partnership or other business entity of which more than 50% of the total voting power of shares

of Capital Stock or other interests (including partnership interests) entitled (without regard to the occurrence of any contingency) to vote in the election of directors, managers, general partners or trustees thereof is at the time owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by (i) such Person; (ii) such Person and one or more Subsidiaries of such Person; or (iii) one or more Subsidiaries of such Person.

“**Successor Company**” shall have the meaning specified in Section 11.01(a).

“**Trading Day**” means a day on which (i) trading in the ADSs (or other security for which a closing sale price must be determined) generally occurs on The NASDAQ Global Select Market or, if the ADSs (or such other security) are not then listed on The NASDAQ Global Select Market, on the principal other U.S. national or regional securities exchange on which the ADSs (or such other security) are then listed or, if the ADSs (or such other security) are not then listed on a U.S. national or regional securities exchange, on the principal other market on which the ADSs (or such other security) are then traded and (ii) a Last Reported Sale Price for the ADSs (or closing sale price for such other security) is available on such securities exchange or market; *provided* that if the ADSs (or such other security) are not so listed or traded, “**Trading Day**” means a Business Day.

“**transfer**” shall have the meaning specified in Section 2.05(c) and Section 2.05(e), as applicable.

“**Trigger Event**” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.04(c).

“**Trust Indenture Act**” means the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, as it was in force at the date of execution of this Indenture; *provided, however*, that in the event the Trust Indenture Act of 1939 is amended after the date hereof, the term “**Trust Indenture Act**” shall mean, to the extent required by such amendment, the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as so amended.

“**Trustee**” means the Person named as the “**Trustee**” in the first paragraph of this Indenture until a successor trustee shall have become such pursuant to the applicable provisions of this Indenture, and thereafter “**Trustee**” shall mean or include each Person who is then a Trustee hereunder.

“**unit of Reference Property**” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.07(a).

“**U.S. Person**” shall have the meaning as such term is defined under Regulation S.

“**Valuation Period**” shall have the meaning specified in Section 14.04(c).

Section 1.02. *References to Interest.* Unless the context otherwise requires, any reference to interest on, or in respect of, any Note in this Indenture shall be deemed to include Additional Interest if, in such context, Additional Interest is, was or would be payable pursuant to any of Section 4.06(d), Section 4.06(e) and Section 6.03. Unless the context otherwise requires, any express mention of Additional Interest in any provision hereof shall not be construed as excluding Additional Interest in those provisions hereof where such express mention is not made.

ARTICLE 2
ISSUE, DESCRIPTION, EXECUTION, REGISTRATION AND EXCHANGE OF NOTES

Section 2.01. *Designation and Amount.* The Notes shall be designated as the “1.99% Convertible Senior Notes due 2025.” The aggregate principal amount of Notes that may be authenticated and delivered under this Indenture is initially limited to US\$400,000,000 (as increased by an amount equal to the aggregate principal amount of any additional Notes purchased by the Initial Purchasers pursuant to the exercise of their option to purchase additional Notes as set forth in the Purchase Agreement), subject to Section 2.10 and except for Notes authenticated and delivered upon registration or transfer of, or in exchange for, or in lieu of other Notes pursuant to Section 2.05, Section 2.06, Section 2.07, Section 10.04, Section 14.02 and Section 15.04.

Section 2.02. *Form of Notes.* The Notes and the Trustee’s certificate of authentication to be borne by such Notes shall be substantially in the respective forms set forth in Exhibit A, the terms and provisions of which shall constitute, and are hereby expressly incorporated in and made a part of this Indenture. To the extent applicable, the Company and the Trustee, by their execution and delivery of this Indenture, expressly agree to such terms and provisions and to be bound thereby.

Any Global Note may be endorsed with or have incorporated in the text thereof such legends or recitals or changes not inconsistent with the provisions of this Indenture as may be required by the Depositary, or as may be required to comply with any applicable law or any regulation thereunder or with the rules and regulations of any securities exchange or automated quotation system upon which the Notes may be listed or traded or designated for issuance or to conform with any usage with respect thereto, or to indicate any special limitations or restrictions to which any particular Notes are subject.

Any of the Notes may have such letters, numbers or other marks of identification and such notations, legends or endorsements as the Officers executing the same may approve (execution thereof to be conclusive evidence of such approval) and as are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Indenture, or as may be required to comply with any law or with any rule or regulation made pursuant thereto or with any rule or regulation of any securities exchange or automated quotation system on which the Notes may be listed or designated for issuance, or to conform to usage or to indicate any special limitations or restrictions to which any particular Notes are subject.

Each Global Note shall represent such principal amount of the outstanding Notes as shall be specified therein and shall provide that it shall represent the aggregate principal amount of outstanding Notes from time to time endorsed thereon and that the aggregate principal amount of outstanding Notes represented thereby may from time to time be increased or reduced to reflect repurchases, cancellations, conversions, transfers or exchanges permitted hereby. Any endorsement of the Global Note to reflect the amount of any increase or decrease in the amount of outstanding Notes represented thereby shall be made by the Trustee or the Note Registrar in such manner and upon instructions given by the Holder of such Notes in accordance with this Indenture. Payment of principal (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) of, and accrued and unpaid interest on, the Global Note shall be

made to the Holder of such Note on the date of payment, unless a record date or other means of determining Holders eligible to receive payment is provided for herein.

Section 2.03. *Date and Denomination of Notes; Payments of Interest and Defaulted Amounts.* (a) The Notes shall be issuable in registered form without coupons in denominations of US\$1,000 principal amount and integral multiples thereof. Each Note shall be dated the date of its authentication and shall bear interest from the date specified on the face of such Note. Accrued interest on the Notes shall be computed on the basis of a 360-day year composed of twelve 30-day months and, for partial months, on the basis of actual days elapsed over a 30-day month.

(b) The Person in whose name any Note (or its Predecessor Note) is registered on the Note Register at the close of business on any Regular Record Date with respect to any Interest Payment Date shall be entitled to receive the interest payable on such Interest Payment Date. Interest shall be payable at the office or agency of the Company maintained by the Company for such purposes in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York, which shall initially be the Corporate Trust Office. The Company shall pay interest (i) on any Physical Notes (A) to Holders holding Physical Notes having an aggregate principal amount of US\$5,000,000 or less, by check mailed (at the Company's expense) to the Holders of these Notes at their address as it appears in the Note Register and (B) to Holders holding Physical Notes having an aggregate principal amount of more than US\$5,000,000, either by check mailed (at the Company's expense) to such Holders or, upon application by such Holder to the Trustee not later than the relevant Regular Record Date, by wire transfer in immediately available funds to that Holder's account within the United States, which application shall remain in effect until the Holder notifies, in writing, the Trustee to the contrary or (ii) on any Global Note by wire transfer of immediately available funds to the account of the Depository or its nominee.

(c) Any Defaulted Amounts shall forthwith cease to be payable to the Holder on the relevant payment date but shall accrue interest per annum at the rate per annum borne by the Notes *plus* one percent, subject to the enforceability thereof under applicable law, from, and including, such relevant payment date, and such Defaulted Amounts together with such interest thereon shall be paid by the Company, at its election in each case, as provided in clause (i) or (ii) below:

(i) The Company may elect to make payment of any Defaulted Amounts to the Persons in whose names the Notes (or their respective Predecessor Notes) are registered at the close of business on a special record date for the payment of such Defaulted Amounts, which shall be fixed in the following manner. The Company shall notify the Trustee in writing of the amount of the Defaulted Amounts proposed to be paid on each Note and the date of the proposed payment (which shall be not less than 25 days after the receipt by the Trustee of such notice, unless the Trustee in its sole discretion shall consent to an earlier date), and at the same time the Company shall deposit with the Trustee an amount of money equal to the aggregate amount to be paid in respect of such Defaulted Amounts or shall make arrangements satisfactory to the Trustee for such deposit on or prior to the date of the proposed payment, such money when deposited to be held in trust for the benefit of the Persons entitled to such Defaulted Amounts as in this clause provided. Thereupon the Company shall fix a special record date for the

payment of such Defaulted Amounts which shall be not more than 15 days and not less than 10 days prior to the date of the proposed payment, and not less than 10 days after the receipt by the Trustee of the notice of the proposed payment. The Company shall promptly notify the Trustee of such special record date and the Trustee, in the name and at the expense of the Company, shall cause notice of the proposed payment of such Defaulted Amounts and the special record date therefor to be mailed, first-class postage prepaid (at the Company's expense), to each Holder at its address as it appears in the Note Register, not less than 10 days prior to such special record date. Notice of the proposed payment of such Defaulted Amounts and the special record date therefor having been so mailed, such Defaulted Amounts shall be paid to the Persons in whose names the Notes (or their respective Predecessor Notes) are registered at the close of business on such special record date and shall no longer be payable pursuant to the following clause (ii) of this Section 2.03 (c).

(ii) The Company may make payment of any Defaulted Amounts in any other lawful manner not inconsistent with the requirements of any securities exchange or automated quotation system on which the Notes may be listed or designated for issuance, and upon such notice as may be required by such exchange or automated quotation system, if, after notice given by the Company to the Trustee of the proposed payment pursuant to this clause, such manner of payment shall be deemed practicable by the Trustee.

Section 2.04. *Execution, Authentication and Delivery of Notes.* The Notes shall be signed in the name and on behalf of the Company by the manual or facsimile signature of its Chief Executive Officer, President, Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer, Secretary or any of its Executive or Senior Vice Presidents. With the delivery of this Indenture, the Company is furnishing, and from time to time thereafter may furnish, a certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit B (an "**Authorization Certificate**") identifying and certifying the incumbency and specimen (and/or facsimile) signatures of its active authorized Officers. Until the Trustee receives a subsequent Authorization Certificate, the Trustee shall be entitled to conclusively rely on the last Authorization Certificate delivered to it for purposes of determining the relevant authorized Officers. Typographical and other minor errors or defects in any signature shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any Note which has been duly authenticated and delivered by the Trustee.

At any time and from time to time after the execution and delivery of this Indenture, the Company may deliver Notes executed by the Company to the Trustee for authentication, together with a Company Order for the authentication and delivery of such Notes, and the Trustee in accordance with such Company Order shall authenticate and deliver such Notes, without any further action by the Company hereunder.

The Company Order shall specify the amount of Notes to be authenticated (including the initial amount of Rule 144A Notes and the initial amount of Regulation S Notes), the applicable rate at which interest will accrue on such Notes, the date on which the original issuance of such Notes is to be authenticated, the date from which interest will begin to accrue, the date or dates on which interest on such Notes will be payable and the date on which the principal of such Notes will be payable and other terms relating to such Notes. The Trustee shall thereupon

authenticate and deliver said Notes to or upon the written order of the Company (as set forth in such Company Order).

The Trustee shall have the right to decline to authenticate and deliver any Notes under this Section (a) unless and until it receives from the Company a Company Order instructing it to so authenticate and deliver such Notes; (b) if the Trustee determines that such action may not lawfully be taken; or (c) if the Trustee determines that such action would expose the Trustee to personal liability, unless indemnity and/or security satisfactory to the Trustee against such liability is provided to the Trustee.

Only such Notes as shall bear thereon a certificate of authentication substantially in the form set forth on the form of Note attached as Exhibit A hereto, executed manually or by facsimile by an authorized officer of the Trustee, shall be entitled to the benefits of this Indenture or be valid or obligatory for any purpose. Such certificate by the Trustee upon any Note executed by the Company shall be conclusive evidence that the Note so authenticated has been duly authenticated and delivered hereunder and that the Holder is entitled to the benefits of this Indenture.

In case any Officer of the Company who shall have signed any of the Notes shall cease to be such Officer before the Notes so signed shall have been authenticated and delivered by the Trustee, or disposed of by the Company, such Notes nevertheless may be authenticated and delivered or disposed of as though the Person who signed such Notes had not ceased to be such Officer of the Company; and any Note may be signed on behalf of the Company by such persons as, at the actual date of the execution of such Note, shall be the Officers of the Company, although at the date of the execution of this Indenture any such Person was not such an Officer.

Section 2.05. Exchange and Registration of Transfer of Notes; Restrictions on Transfer; Depositary. (a) The Company shall cause to be kept at the Corporate Trust Office a register (the register maintained in such office or in any other office or agency of the Company designated pursuant to Section 4.02, the “**Note Register**”) in which, subject to such reasonable regulations as it may prescribe, the Company shall provide for the registration of Notes and of transfers of Notes. Such register shall be in written form or in any form capable of being converted into written form within a reasonable period of time. The Trustee is hereby initially appointed the “**Note Registrar**” for the purpose of registering Notes and transfers of Notes as herein provided. The Company may appoint one or more co-Note Registrars in accordance with Section 4.02.

Prior to the Notes Fungibility Date, upon surrender for registration of transfer of any Rule 144A Note or Regulation S Note, as the case may be, to the Note Registrar or any co-Note Registrar, and satisfaction of the requirements for such transfer set forth in this Section 2.05, the Company shall execute, and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, in the name of the designated transferee or transferees, one or more new Rule 144A Notes or Regulation S Notes, as the case may be, of any authorized denominations and of a like aggregate principal amount and bearing such restrictive legends as may be required by this Indenture. Following the Notes Fungibility Date, upon surrender for registration of transfer of any Note to the Note Registrar or any co-Note Registrar, and satisfaction of the requirements for such transfer set forth in this Section 2.05, the Company shall execute, and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, in the name of the designated transferee or transferees, one or more new Notes of any authorized

denominations and of a like aggregate principal amount and not bearing the restrictive legends required by Section 2.05(c).

Prior to the Notes Fungibility Date, Rule 144A Notes and Regulation S Notes, as the case may be, may be exchanged for other Rule 144A Notes or Regulation S Notes, as the case may be, of any authorized denominations and of a like aggregate principal amount, upon surrender of the Rule 144A Notes or Regulation S Notes, as the case may be, to be exchanged at any such office or agency maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 4.02. Whenever any Rule 144A Notes or Regulation S Notes, as the case may be, are so surrendered for exchange, the Company shall execute, and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, the Rule 144A Notes or Regulation S Notes, as the case may be, that the Holder making the exchange is entitled to receive, bearing registration numbers not contemporaneously outstanding. Following the Notes Fungibility Date, Notes may be exchanged for other Notes of any authorized denominations and of a like aggregate principal amount but not bearing the restrictive legend required by Section 2.05(c), upon surrender of the Notes to be exchanged at any such office or agency maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 4.02. Whenever any Notes are so surrendered for exchange, the Company shall execute, and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, the Notes that the Holder making the exchange is entitled to receive, bearing registration numbers not contemporaneously outstanding.

All Notes presented or surrendered for registration of transfer or for exchange, repurchase or conversion shall (if so required by the Company, the Trustee, the Note Registrar or any co-Note Registrar) be duly endorsed, or be accompanied by a written instrument or instruments of transfer in form satisfactory to the Company and duly executed, by the Holder thereof or its attorney-in-fact duly authorized in writing.

No service charge shall be imposed by the Company, the Transfer Agent, the Note Registrar, any co-Note Registrar or the Paying Agent for any exchange or registration of transfer of Notes, but the Company may require a Holder to pay a sum sufficient to cover any documentary, stamp or similar issue or transfer tax required in connection therewith as a result of the name of the Holder of new Notes issued upon such exchange or registration of transfer being different from the name of the Holder of the old Notes surrendered for exchange or registration of transfer. The Company shall pay the Depository's fees for issuance of the ADSs.

None of the Company, the Trustee, the Note Registrar or any co-Note Registrar shall be required to exchange or register a transfer of (i) any Notes surrendered for conversion or, if a portion of any Note is surrendered for conversion, such portion thereof surrendered for conversion or (ii) any Notes, or a portion of any Note, surrendered for repurchase (and not withdrawn) in accordance with Article 15.

All Notes issued upon any registration of transfer or exchange of Notes in accordance with this Indenture shall be the valid obligations of the Company, evidencing the same debt, and entitled to the same benefits under this Indenture as the Notes surrendered upon such registration of transfer or exchange.

(b) So long as the Notes are eligible for book-entry settlement with the Depository, unless otherwise required by law, subject to the fourth paragraph from the end of Section 2.05(c)

all Notes shall be represented by one or more Notes in global form (each, a “**Global Note**”) registered in the name of the Depositary or the nominee of the Depositary. The transfer and exchange of beneficial interests in a Global Note that does not involve the issuance of a Physical Note shall be effected through the Depositary in accordance with this Indenture (including the restrictions on transfer set forth herein) and the procedures of the Depositary therefor. Prior to the Notes Fungibility Date, the Rule 144A Notes shall be represented by one or more Global Notes and the Regulation S Notes shall be represented by one or more separate Global Notes. Following the Notes Fungibility Date, the Rule 144A Notes and the Regulation S Notes may be represented by one or more of the same Global Notes.

(c) Every Note that bears or is required under this Section 2.05(c) to bear the legend set forth in this Section 2.05(c) (together with any ADSs (including the Ordinary Shares represented thereby) delivered upon conversion of the Notes that is required to bear the legend set forth in Section 2.05(d), collectively, the “**Restricted Securities**”) shall be subject to the restrictions on transfer set forth in this Section 2.05(c) (including the legend set forth below), unless such restrictions on transfer shall be eliminated or otherwise waived by written consent of the Company, and the Holder of each such Restricted Security, by such Holder’s acceptance thereof, agrees to be bound by all such restrictions on transfer. As used in this Section 2.05(c) and Section 2.05(d), the term “**transfer**” encompasses any sale, pledge, transfer or other disposition whatsoever of any Restricted Security.

Until the date (the “**Resale Restriction Termination Date**”) that is the later of (1) the date that is one year after the last date of original issuance of the Notes, or such shorter period of time as permitted by Rule 144 under the Securities Act or any successor provision thereto, and (2) such later date, if any, as may be required by applicable law, any certificate evidencing such Note (and all securities issued in exchange therefor or substitution thereof, other than ADSs (including the Ordinary Shares represented thereby) issued upon conversion thereof, which shall bear the legend set forth in Section 2.05(d), if applicable) shall bear a legend in substantially the following form (unless such Notes have been transferred pursuant to a registration statement that has become or been declared effective under the Securities Act and that continues to be effective at the time of such transfer, or pursuant to the exemption from registration provided by Rule 144 or any similar provision then in force under the Securities Act, or unless otherwise agreed by the Company in writing, with notice thereof to the Trustee):

THIS SECURITY, THE AMERICAN DEPOSITORY SHARES DELIVERABLE UPON CONVERSION OF THIS SECURITY AND THE ORDINARY SHARES REPRESENTED THEREBY HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE “**SECURITIES ACT**”), AND MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD, PLEDGED OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED EXCEPT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE. BY ITS ACQUISITION HEREOF OR OF A BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN, THE ACQUIRER:

(1) REPRESENTS THAT IT AND ANY ACCOUNT FOR WHICH IT IS ACTING IS (A) A “QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER” (WITHIN THE MEANING OF RULE 144A UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) OR (B) NOT A U.S. PERSON AND LOCATED OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES (WITHIN THE MEANING OF REGULATION S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) AND THAT IT

EXERCISES SOLE INVESTMENT DISCRETION WITH RESPECT TO EACH SUCH ACCOUNT AND THAT IT AND ANY SUCH ACCOUNT IS NOT AN AFFILIATE OF THE COMPANY, AND

(2) AGREES FOR THE BENEFIT OF CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD. (THE "COMPANY") THAT IT WILL NOT OFFER, SELL, PLEDGE OR OTHERWISE TRANSFER THIS SECURITY OR ANY BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN PRIOR TO THE DATE THAT IS THE LATER OF (X) ONE YEAR AFTER THE LAST ORIGINAL ISSUE DATE HEREOF OR SUCH SHORTER PERIOD OF TIME AS PERMITTED BY RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR ANY SUCCESSOR PROVISION THERETO AND (Y) SUCH LATER DATE, IF ANY, AS MAY BE REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW, EXCEPT:

- (A) TO THE COMPANY OR ANY SUBSIDIARY THEREOF, OR
- (B) PURSUANT TO A REGISTRATION STATEMENT WHICH HAS BECOME EFFECTIVE UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, OR
- (C) TO A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER IN COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 144A UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, OR
- (D) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES IN ACCORDANCE WITH REGULATION S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, OR
- (E) PURSUANT TO AN EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRATION PROVIDED BY RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT (IF AVAILABLE).

PRIOR TO THE REGISTRATION OF ANY TRANSFER IN ACCORDANCE WITH (2)(E) ABOVE, THE COMPANY, THE DEPOSITORY AND THE TRUSTEE RESERVE THE RIGHT TO REQUIRE THE DELIVERY OF SUCH LEGAL OPINIONS, CERTIFICATIONS OR OTHER EVIDENCE AS MAY REASONABLY BE REQUIRED IN ORDER TO DETERMINE THAT THE PROPOSED TRANSFER IS BEING MADE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE SECURITIES ACT AND APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS. NO REPRESENTATION IS MADE AS TO THE AVAILABILITY OF ANY EXEMPTION FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT.

NO AFFILIATE (AS DEFINED IN RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) OF THE COMPANY OR PERSON THAT HAS BEEN AN AFFILIATE (AS DEFINED IN RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) OF THE COMPANY DURING THE THREE IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING MONTHS MAY PURCHASE, OTHERWISE ACQUIRE OR OWN THIS NOTE OR A BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN.

No transfer of any Note prior to the Resale Restriction Termination Date will be registered by the Note Registrar unless the applicable box on the Form of Assignment and Transfer has been checked.

Any Note (or security issued in exchange or substitution therefor) as to which such restrictions on transfer shall have expired in accordance with their terms may, upon surrender of such Note for exchange to the Note Registrar in accordance with the provisions of this Section 2.05, be exchanged for a new Note or Notes, of like tenor and aggregate principal amount, which shall not bear the restrictive legend required by this Section 2.05(c) and shall not be assigned a restricted CUSIP number. The Company shall be entitled to instruct the Trustee in writing to so surrender any Global Note as to which such restrictions on transfer shall have expired in accordance with their terms for exchange, and, upon such instruction, the Trustee shall so surrender such Global Note for exchange; and any new Global Note so exchanged therefor shall not bear the restrictive legend specified in this Section 2.05(c) and shall not be assigned a restricted CUSIP number. The Company shall promptly notify the Trustee upon the occurrence of the Resale Restriction Termination Date and after a registration statement, if any, with respect to the Notes or the ADSs (including the Ordinary Shares represented thereby) issued upon conversion of the Notes has been declared effective under the Securities Act.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Indenture (other than the provisions set forth in this Section 2.05(c)), a Global Note may not be transferred as a whole or in part except (i) by the Depositary to a nominee of the Depositary or by a nominee of the Depositary to the Depositary or another nominee of the Depositary or by the Depositary or any such nominee to a successor Depositary or a nominee of such successor Depositary and (ii) for transfers of portions of a Global Note in certificated form made upon request of a member of, or a participant in, the Depositary (for itself or on behalf of a beneficial owner) by written notice given to the Trustee by or on behalf of the Depositary in accordance with customary procedures of the Depositary and in compliance with this Section 2.05(c).

The Depositary shall be a clearing agency registered under the Exchange Act. The Company initially appoints The Depository Trust Company to act as Depositary with respect to each Global Note. Initially, each Global Note shall be issued to the Depositary, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as the nominee of the Depositary, and deposited with the Trustee as custodian for Cede & Co.

If (i) the Depositary notifies the Company at any time that the Depositary is unwilling or unable to continue as depositary for the Global Notes and a successor depositary is not appointed within 90 days, (ii) the Depositary ceases to be registered as a clearing agency under the Exchange Act and a successor depositary is not appointed within 90 days or (iii) an Event of Default with respect to the Notes has occurred and is continuing and a beneficial owner of any Note requests that its beneficial interest therein be issued as a Physical Note, the Company shall execute, and the Trustee, upon receipt of an Officers' Certificate and a Company Order for the authentication and delivery of Notes, shall authenticate and deliver (x) in the case of clause (iii), a Physical Note to such beneficial owner in a principal amount equal to the principal amount of such Note corresponding to such beneficial owner's beneficial interest and (y) in the case of clause (i) or (ii), Physical Notes to each beneficial owner of the related Global Notes (or a portion thereof) in an aggregate principal amount equal to the aggregate principal amount of such Global Notes in exchange for such Global Notes, and upon delivery of the Global Notes to the Trustee such Global Notes shall be canceled.

Physical Notes issued in exchange for all or a part of the Global Note pursuant to this Section 2.05(c) shall be registered in such names and in such authorized denominations as the Depositary, pursuant to instructions from its direct or indirect participants or otherwise, shall instruct the Trustee. Upon execution and authentication, the Trustee shall deliver such Physical Notes to the Persons in whose names such Physical Notes are so registered.

At such time as all interests in a Global Note have been converted, canceled, repurchased or transferred, such Global Note shall be, upon receipt thereof, canceled by the Trustee in accordance with standing procedures and existing instructions of the Depositary. At any time prior to such cancellation, if any interest in a Global Note is exchanged for Physical Notes, converted, canceled, repurchased or transferred to a transferee who receives Physical Notes therefor or any Physical Note is exchanged or transferred for part of such Global Note, the principal amount of such Global Note shall, in accordance with the standing procedures and existing instructions of the Depositary, be appropriately reduced or increased, as the case may be, and an endorsement shall be made on such Global Note, by the Trustee, to reflect such reduction or increase.

None of the Company, the Trustee, any agent of the Company or any agent of the Trustee shall have any responsibility or liability for any aspect of the records relating to or payments made on account of beneficial ownership interests of a Global Note or maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records relating to such beneficial ownership interests.

(d) Until the Resale Restriction Termination Date, any certificate representing ADSs (including the Ordinary Shares represented thereby) issued upon conversion of such Note shall bear a legend in substantially the following form (unless the Note or such ADSs (including the Ordinary Shares represented thereby) has been transferred pursuant to a registration statement that has become or been declared effective under the Securities Act and that continues to be effective at the time of such transfer, or pursuant to the exemption from registration provided by Rule 144 or any similar provision then in force under the Securities Act, or such ADS or the Ordinary Shares represented thereby have been issued upon conversion of Notes that have been transferred pursuant to a registration statement that has become or been declared effective under the Securities Act and that continues to be effective at the time of such transfer, or pursuant to the exemption from registration provided by Rule 144 or any similar provision then in force under the Securities Act, or unless otherwise agreed by the Company with written notice thereof to the Trustee and any transfer agent for the ADSs):

THE AMERICAN DEPOSITORY SHARES EVIDENCED HEREBY AND THE ORDINARY SHARES REPRESENTED THEREBY HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE “SECURITIES ACT”), AND MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD, PLEDGED OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED EXCEPT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE. BY ITS ACQUISITION HEREOF OR OF A BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN, THE ACQUIRER:

(1) REPRESENTS THAT IT AND ANY ACCOUNT FOR WHICH IT IS ACTING IS (A) A “QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER” (WITHIN THE MEANING OF RULE 144A UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) OR (B) NOT A U.S. PERSON AND LOCATED OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES (WITHIN THE

MEANING OF REGULATION S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) AND THAT IT EXERCISES SOLE INVESTMENT DISCRETION WITH RESPECT TO EACH SUCH ACCOUNT AND THAT IT AND ANY SUCH ACCOUNT IS NOT AN AFFILIATE OF THE COMPANY, AND

(2) AGREES FOR THE BENEFIT OF CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD. (THE “COMPANY”) THAT IT WILL NOT OFFER, SELL, PLEDGE OR OTHERWISE TRANSFER THIS SECURITY OR ANY BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN PRIOR TO THE DATE THAT IS THE LATER OF (X) ONE YEAR AFTER THE LAST ORIGINAL ISSUE DATE OF THE SERIES OF NOTES UPON THE CONVERSION OF WHICH THIS SECURITY WAS ISSUED OR SUCH SHORTER PERIOD OF TIME AS PERMITTED BY RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR ANY SUCCESSOR PROVISION THERETO AND (Y) SUCH LATER DATE, IF ANY, AS MAY BE REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW, EXCEPT:

- (A) TO THE COMPANY OR ANY SUBSIDIARY THEREOF, OR
- (B) PURSUANT TO A REGISTRATION STATEMENT WHICH HAS BECOME EFFECTIVE UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, OR
- (C) TO A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER IN COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 144A UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, OR
- (D) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES IN ACCORDANCE WITH REGULATION S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, OR
- (E) PURSUANT TO AN EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRATION PROVIDED BY RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT (IF AVAILABLE).

PRIOR TO THE REGISTRATION OF ANY TRANSFER IN ACCORDANCE WITH (2)(E) ABOVE, THE COMPANY, THE DEPOSITORY AND THE TRANSFER AGENT FOR THE COMPANY’S AMERICAN DEPOSITORY SHARES RESERVE THE RIGHT TO REQUIRE THE DELIVERY OF SUCH LEGAL OPINIONS, CERTIFICATIONS OR OTHER EVIDENCE AS MAY REASONABLY BE REQUIRED IN ORDER TO DETERMINE THAT THE PROPOSED TRANSFER IS BEING MADE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE SECURITIES ACT AND APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS. NO REPRESENTATION IS MADE AS TO THE AVAILABILITY OF ANY EXEMPTION FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT.

Any such ADSs as to which such restrictions on transfer shall have expired in accordance with their terms may, upon surrender of the certificates representing such ADSs for exchange in accordance with the procedures of the transfer agent for the ADSs, be exchanged for a new certificate or certificates for a like aggregate number of ADSs, which shall not bear the restrictive legend required by this Section 2.05(d).

(e) Any Note or ADS delivered upon the conversion or exchange of any Note that is repurchased or owned by any Affiliate of the Company may not be resold by such Affiliate

unless registered under the Securities Act or resold pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act in a transaction that results in such Note or ADS, as the case may be, no longer being a “restricted security” (as defined under Rule 144 under the Securities Act). The Company shall cause any Note that is repurchased or owned by it to be surrendered to the Paying Agent for cancellation in accordance with Section 2.08.

(f) Until the Resale Restriction Termination Date, prior to any sale of Regulation S Notes, the ADSs deliverable upon conversion thereof or the Ordinary Shares represented thereby, to a qualified institutional buyer in compliance with Rule 144A, the Holder thereof shall deliver to the Trustee, Transfer Agent and/or Depositary, as the case may be, written confirmation that the prospective purchaser is a Person such Holder reasonably believes is a “qualified institutional buyer” (within the meaning of Rule 144A) that is purchasing for its own account or for the account of another qualified institutional buyer and to whom notice is given that the transfer is being made in reliance on Rule 144A.

Section 2.06. *Mutilated, Destroyed, Lost or Stolen Notes.* In case any Note shall become mutilated or be destroyed, lost or stolen, the Company in its discretion may execute, and upon its written request the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, a new Note, bearing a registration number not contemporaneously outstanding, in exchange and substitution for the mutilated Note, or in lieu of and in substitution for the Note so destroyed, lost or stolen. In every case the applicant for a substituted Note shall furnish to the Company and to the Trustee such security and/or indemnity as may be required by them to save each of them harmless from any loss, liability, cost or expense caused by or connected with such substitution, and, in every case of destruction, loss or theft, the applicant shall also furnish to the Company and to the Trustee evidence to their satisfaction of the destruction, loss or theft of such Note and of the ownership thereof.

The Trustee may authenticate any such substituted Note and deliver the same upon the receipt of such security and/or indemnity as the Trustee and the Company may require. No service charge shall be imposed by the Company, the Transfer Agent, the Note Registrar, any co-Note Registrar or the Paying Agent upon the issuance of any substitute Note, but the Company may require a Holder to pay a sum sufficient to cover any documentary, stamp or similar issue or transfer tax required in connection therewith as a result of the name of the Holder of the new substitute Note being different from the name of the Holder of the old Note that became mutilated or was destroyed, lost or stolen. In case any Note that has matured or is about to mature or has been surrendered for required repurchase or is about to be converted in accordance with Article 14 shall become mutilated or be destroyed, lost or stolen, the Company may, in its sole discretion, instead of issuing a substitute Note, pay or authorize the payment of or convert or authorize the conversion of the same (without surrender thereof except in the case of a mutilated Note), as the case may be, if the applicant for such payment or conversion shall furnish to the Company and to the Trustee such security and/or indemnity as may be required by them to save each of them harmless for any loss, liability, cost or expense caused by or connected with such substitution, and, in every case of destruction, loss or theft, evidence satisfactory to the Company, and the Trustee evidence of their satisfaction of the destruction, loss or theft of such Note and of the ownership thereof.

Every substitute Note issued pursuant to the provisions of this Section 2.06 by virtue of the fact that any Note is destroyed, lost or stolen shall constitute an additional contractual obligation of the Company, whether or not the destroyed, lost or stolen Note shall be found at any time, and shall be entitled to all the benefits of (but shall be subject to all the limitations set forth in) this Indenture equally and proportionately with any and all other Notes duly issued hereunder. To the extent permitted by law, all Notes shall be held and owned upon the express condition that the foregoing provisions are exclusive with respect to the replacement or payment or conversion or repurchase of mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Notes and shall preclude any and all other rights or remedies notwithstanding any law or statute existing or hereafter enacted to the contrary with respect to the replacement or payment or conversion of negotiable instruments or other securities without their surrender.

Section 2.07. *Temporary Notes.* Pending the preparation of Physical Notes, the Company may execute and the Trustee shall, upon written request of the Company, authenticate and deliver temporary Notes (printed or lithographed). Temporary Notes shall be issuable in any authorized denomination, and substantially in the form of the Physical Notes but with such omissions, insertions and variations as may be appropriate for temporary Notes, all as may be determined by the Company. Every such temporary Note shall be executed by the Company and authenticated by the Trustee upon the same conditions and in substantially the same manner, and with the same effect, as the Physical Notes. Without unreasonable delay, the Company shall execute and deliver to the Trustee Physical Notes (other than any Global Note) and thereupon any or all temporary Notes (other than any Global Note) may be surrendered in exchange therefor, at each office or agency maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 4.02 and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver in exchange for such temporary Notes an equal aggregate principal amount of Physical Notes. Such exchange shall be made by the Company at its own expense and without any charge therefor. Until so exchanged, the temporary Notes shall in all respects be entitled to the same benefits and subject to the same limitations under this Indenture as Physical Notes authenticated and delivered hereunder.

Section 2.08. *Cancellation of Notes Paid, Converted, Etc.* The Company shall cause all Notes surrendered for the purpose of payment, repurchase, registration of transfer or exchange or conversion, if surrendered to any Person other than the Paying Agent (including any of the Company's agents, Subsidiaries or Affiliates), to be delivered and surrendered to the Trustee for cancellation. All Notes delivered to the Paying Agent shall be canceled promptly by it, and no Notes shall be authenticated in exchange thereof except as expressly permitted by any of the provisions of this Indenture. The Paying Agent shall dispose of canceled Notes in accordance with its customary procedures and, after such disposition, shall deliver a certificate of such cancellation and disposition to the Company, at the Company's written request in a Company Order.

Section 2.09. *CUSIP Numbers.* The Company in issuing the Notes may use "CUSIP" numbers (if then generally in use), and, if so, the Trustee shall use "CUSIP" numbers in all notices issued to Holders as a convenience to such Holders; *provided* that any such notice may state that no representation is made as to the correctness of such numbers either as printed on the Notes or on such notice and that reliance may be placed only on the other identification numbers printed on the Notes. The Company shall promptly notify the Trustee in writing of any change in the "CUSIP" numbers. Prior to the Notes Fungibility Date, the Rule 144A Notes and the

Regulation S Notes shall have different “CUSIP” numbers. Following the Notes Fungibility Date, the Rule 144A Notes and the Regulation S Notes shall have the same “CUSIP” number.

Section 2.10. *Additional Notes; Repurchases.* The Company may, without the consent of the Holders and notwithstanding Section 2.01, reopen this Indenture and issue additional Notes hereunder with the same terms as the Notes initially issued hereunder (except for any differences in the issue price, the issue date and interest accrued, if any) in an unlimited aggregate principal amount; *provided* that if any such additional Notes are not fungible with the Notes initially issued hereunder for U.S. federal income tax purposes, such additional Notes shall have a separate CUSIP number from both the Rule 144A Notes and the Regulation S Notes. Prior to the issuance of any such additional Notes, the Company shall deliver to the Trustee a Company Order, an Officers’ Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel, such Officers’ Certificate and Opinion of Counsel to cover such matters, in addition to those required by Section 17.06, as the Trustee shall reasonably request. In addition, the Company may, to the extent permitted by law, and directly or indirectly (regardless of whether such Notes are surrendered to the Company), repurchase Notes in the open market or otherwise, whether by the Company or through its Subsidiaries or through a private or public tender or exchange offer or through counterparties to private agreements. The Company shall cause any Notes so repurchased to be surrendered to the Paying Agent for cancellation in accordance with Section 2.08. The Company may also enter into cash-settled swaps or other derivatives with respect to the Notes. For the avoidance of doubt, any Notes underlying such cash-settled swaps or other derivatives shall not be required to be surrendered to the Paying Agent for cancellation in accordance with Section 2.08 and will continue to be considered outstanding for purposes of this Indenture, subject to the provisions of Section 8.04.

ARTICLE 3 SATISFACTION AND DISCHARGE

Section 3.01. *Satisfaction and Discharge.* This Indenture shall upon request of the Company contained in an Officers’ Certificate cease to be of further effect, and the Trustee, at the expense of the Company, shall execute proper instruments acknowledging satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture, when (a) (i) all Notes theretofore authenticated and delivered (other than (x) Notes which have been destroyed, lost or stolen and which have been replaced or paid as provided in Section 2.06 and (y) Notes for whose payment money has theretofore been deposited in trust or segregated and held in trust by the Company and thereafter repaid to the Company or discharged from such trust, as provided in Section 4.04(d)) have been delivered to the Trustee for cancellation; or (ii) the Company has deposited with the Trustee or delivered to Holders, as applicable, after the Notes have become due and payable, whether on the Maturity Date, the Repurchase Date, any Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, upon conversion or otherwise, cash or cash and ADSs, if any (solely to satisfy the Company’s Conversion Obligation, if applicable), sufficient to pay all of the outstanding Notes and all other sums due and payable under this Indenture by the Company; and (b) the Company has delivered to the Trustee an Officers’ Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel, each stating that all conditions precedent herein provided for relating to the satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture have been complied with. Notwithstanding the satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture, the obligations of the Company to the Trustee under Section 7.06 shall survive.

ARTICLE 4
PARTICULAR COVENANTS OF THE COMPANY

Section 4.01. *Payment of Principal and Interest.* The Company covenants and agrees that it will cause to be paid the principal (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) of, and accrued and unpaid interest on, each of the Notes at the places, at the respective times and in the manner provided herein and in the Notes.

Section 4.02. *Maintenance of Office or Agency.* The Company will maintain in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York, an office or agency (which will be the Corporate Trust Office initially) where the Notes may be surrendered for registration of transfer or exchange or for presentation for payment or repurchase ("Paying Agent") or for conversion ("Conversion Agent") and where notices and demands to or upon the Company in respect of the Notes and this Indenture may be served. The Company will give prompt written notice to the Trustee of the location, and any change in the location, of such office or agency. If at any time the Company shall fail to maintain any such required office or agency or shall fail to furnish the Trustee with the address thereof, such presentations, surrenders, notices and demands may be made or served at the Corporate Trust Office or the office or agency of the Trustee in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.

The Company may also from time to time designate as co-Note Registrars one or more other offices or agencies where the Notes may be presented or surrendered for any or all such purposes and may from time to time rescind such designations; *provided* that no such designation or rescission shall in any manner relieve the Company of its obligation to maintain an office or agency in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York, for such purposes. The Company will give prompt written notice to the Trustee of any such designation or rescission and of any change in the location of any such other office or agency. The terms "Paying Agent" and "Conversion Agent" include any such additional or other offices or agencies, as applicable.

The Company hereby initially designates the Trustee as the Paying Agent, Note Registrar and Conversion Agent and the Corporate Trust Office and the office or agency of the Trustee in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York, each shall be considered as one such office or agency of the Company for each of the aforesaid purposes.

Section 4.03. *Appointments to Fill Vacancies in Trustee's Office.* The Company, whenever necessary to avoid or fill a vacancy in the office of Trustee, will appoint, in the manner provided in Section 7.09, a Trustee, so that there shall at all times be a Trustee hereunder.

Section 4.04. *Provisions as to Paying Agent.* (a) If the Company shall appoint a Paying Agent other than the Trustee, the Company will cause such Paying Agent to execute and deliver to the Trustee an instrument in which such agent shall agree with the Trustee, subject to the provisions of this Section 4.04:

- (i) that it will hold all sums held by it as such agent for the payment of the principal (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) of, and accrued and unpaid interest on, the Notes for the benefit of the Holders of the Notes;

(ii) that it will give the Trustee prompt notice of any failure by the Company to make any payment of the principal (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) of, and accrued and unpaid interest on, the Notes when the same shall be due and payable; and

(iii) that at any time during the continuance of an Event of Default, upon request of the Trustee, it will forthwith pay to the Trustee all sums so held.

The Company shall, on or before each due date of the principal (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) of, or accrued and unpaid interest on, the Notes, deposit with the Paying Agent a sum sufficient to pay such principal (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) or accrued and unpaid interest and (unless such Paying Agent is the Trustee) the Company will promptly notify the Trustee of any failure to take such action; *provided* that such deposit must be received by the Paying Agent by 10:00 a.m., New York City time, on the relevant due date. The Paying Agent shall not be bound to make any payment until it has received, in immediately available and cleared funds, an amount which shall be sufficient to pay, as applicable, the aggregate amount of principal (including Repurchase Price and Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) of, or accrued and unpaid interest on, the Notes when such principal or interest shall become due and payable. The Paying Agent shall not be responsible or liable for any delay in making the payment if it does not receive funds before 10:00 a.m. on the payment date.

(b) If the Company shall act as its own Paying Agent, it will, on or before each due date of the principal (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) of, and accrued and unpaid interest on, the Notes, set aside, segregate and hold in trust for the benefit of the Holders of the Notes a sum sufficient to pay such principal (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) and accrued and unpaid interest so becoming due and will promptly notify the Trustee in writing of any failure to take such action and of any failure by the Company to make any payment of the principal (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) of, or accrued and unpaid interest on, the Notes when the same shall become due and payable.

(c) Anything in this Section 4.04 to the contrary notwithstanding, the Company may, at any time, for the purpose of obtaining a satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture, or for any other reason, pay, cause to be paid or deliver to the Trustee all sums or amounts held by the Company in trust or by any Paying Agent as required by this Section 4.04, such sums or amounts to be held by the Trustee upon the trusts herein contained and upon such payment or delivery by the Company or any Paying Agent to the Trustee, the Company or such Paying Agent shall be released from all further liability but only with respect to such sums or amounts.

(d) Any money and ADSs deposited with the Trustee or any Paying Agent, or then held by the Company, in trust for the payment of principal (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) of, and accrued and unpaid interest on, any Note (or, in the case of ADSs, in satisfaction of the Conversion Obligation) and remaining unclaimed for two years after such principal (including the Repurchase Price and the

Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) or interest has become due and payable shall be paid or delivered, as the case may be, to the Company on request of the Company contained in an Officers' Certificate, or (if then held by the Company) shall be discharged from such trust; and the Holder of such Note shall thereafter, as an unsecured general creditor, look only to the Company for payment thereof, and all liability of the Trustee or such Paying Agent with respect to such money and ADSs, and all liability of the Company as trustee thereof, shall thereupon cease; *provided, however,* that the Trustee or such Paying Agent, before being required to make any such repayment or delivery, may at the expense of the Company cause to be published once, in a newspaper published in the English language, customarily published on each Business Day and of general circulation in The Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York, notice that such money and ADSs remains unclaimed and that, after a date specified therein, which shall not be less than 30 days from the date of such publication, any unclaimed balance of such money and ADSs then remaining will be repaid or delivered to the Company.

Section 4.05. *Existence.* Subject to Article 11, the Company shall do or cause to be done all things necessary to preserve and keep in full force and effect its corporate existence.

Section 4.06. *Rule 144A Information Requirement and Annual Reports.* (a) At any time the Company is not subject to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the Company shall, so long as any of the Notes, any ADSs deliverable upon conversion thereof or any Ordinary Shares underlying ADSs deliverable upon conversion thereof shall, at such time, constitute "restricted securities" within the meaning of Rule 144(a)(3) under the Securities Act, promptly provide to the Trustee and shall, upon written request, provide to any Holder, beneficial owner or prospective purchaser of such Notes or the ADSs deliverable upon conversion of such Notes, the information required to be delivered pursuant to Rule 144A(d)(4) under the Securities Act to facilitate the resale of such Notes or ADSs pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act. The Company shall take such further action as any Holder or beneficial owner of such Notes or such ADSs may reasonably request to the extent from time to time required to enable such Holder or beneficial owner to sell such Notes or ADSs in accordance with Rule 144A under the Securities Act, as such rule may be amended from time to time.

(b) The Company shall provide to the Trustee within 15 days after the same are required to be filed with the Commission, copies of any documents or reports that the Company is required to file with the Commission pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act (giving effect to any applicable grace period provided by Rule 12b-25 under the Exchange Act). Any such document or report that the Company files with the Commission via the Commission's EDGAR system shall be deemed to be provided to the Trustee for purposes of this Section 4.06(b) at the time such documents are filed via the EDGAR system.

(c) Delivery of the reports and documents described in subsection (b) above to the Trustee is for informational purposes only, and the Trustee's receipt of such shall not constitute actual or constructive notice or knowledge of any information contained therein or determinable from information contained therein, including the Company's compliance with any of its covenants hereunder (as to which the Trustee is entitled to conclusively rely on an Officers' Certificate).

(d) If, at any time during the six-month period beginning on, and including, the date that is six months after the last date of original issuance of the Notes, the Company fails to timely file any document or report that it is required to file with the Commission pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, as applicable (after giving effect to all applicable grace periods thereunder and other than reports on Form 6-K), or the Notes are not otherwise freely tradable by Holders other than the Company's Affiliates (as a result of restrictions pursuant to U.S. securities laws or the terms of this Indenture or the Notes), the Company shall pay Additional Interest on the Notes. Such Additional Interest shall accrue on the Notes at the rate of 0.50% per annum of the principal amount of the Notes outstanding for each day during such period for which the Company's failure to file has occurred and is continuing or the period during which the Notes are not freely tradable, as the case may be. As used in this Section 4.06(d), documents or reports that the Company is required to "file" with the Commission pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act does not include documents or reports that the Company furnishes to the Commission pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act.

(e) If, and for so long as, the restrictive legend on the Notes specified in Section 2.05(c) has not been removed, the Notes are assigned a restricted CUSIP or the Notes are not otherwise freely tradable by Holders other than the Company's Affiliates (without restrictions pursuant to U.S. securities laws or the terms of this Indenture or the Notes) as of the 365th day after the last date of original issuance of the Notes, the Company shall pay Additional Interest on the Notes at a rate equal to 0.50% per annum of the principal amount of Notes outstanding until the restrictive legend on the Notes has been removed in accordance with Section 2.05(c), the Notes have been assigned an unrestricted CUSIP and the Notes are freely tradable by Holders other than the Company's Affiliates (without restrictions pursuant to U.S. securities laws or the terms of this Indenture or the Notes).

(f) Additional Interest will be payable in arrears on each Interest Payment Date following accrual in the same manner as regular interest on the Notes.

(g) The Additional Interest that is payable in accordance with Section 4.06(d) or Section 4.06(e) shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, any Additional Interest that may be payable as a result of the Company's election pursuant to Section 6.03. In no event shall Additional Interest accrue on any day under the terms of this Indenture (taking any Additional Interest payable pursuant to Section 4.06(d) and Section 4.06(e) together with any Additional Interest payable pursuant to Section 6.03) at annual rate in excess of 0.50%, in the aggregate, for any violation or Default caused by the Company's failure to be current in respect of its Exchange Act reporting obligations.

(h) If Additional Interest is payable by the Company pursuant to Section 4.06(d) or Section 4.06(e), the Company shall deliver to the Trustee an Officers' Certificate to that effect stating (i) the amount of such Additional Interest that is payable and (ii) the date on which such Additional Interest is payable. Unless and until a Responsible Officer of the Trustee receives at the Corporate Trust Office such a certificate, the Trustee may assume without inquiry that no such Additional Interest is payable. If the Company has paid such Additional Interest directly to the Persons entitled to it, the Company shall deliver to the Trustee an Officers' Certificate setting forth the particulars of such payment.

Section 4.07. Additional Amounts. (a) All payments and deliveries made by, or on behalf of, the Company or any successor to the Company under or with respect to this Indenture and the Notes, including, but not limited to, payments of principal (including, if applicable, the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price), payments of interest and deliveries of ADSs (together with payments of cash for any Fractional ADS) upon conversion of the Notes, shall be made without withholding or deduction for, or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed or levied by or within any jurisdiction in which the Company or any successor to the Company is, for tax purposes, organized or resident or doing business (each, as applicable, a “**Relevant Taxing Jurisdiction**”) or through which payment is made or deemed made (together with each Relevant Taxing Jurisdiction, a “**Relevant Jurisdiction**,” and in each case, any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof or therein), unless such withholding or deduction is required by law or by regulation or governmental policy having the force of law. The Trustee shall be entitled to make any withholding or deduction pursuant to an agreement described in Section 1471(b) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the “**Code**”) or otherwise imposed pursuant to Section 1471 through 1474 of the Code and any regulations or agreements thereunder or official interpretation thereof. The Company will provide the Trustee with sufficient information so as to enable the Trustee to determine whether or not it is obliged to make such a withholding or deduction. In the event that any such withholding or deduction is so required, the Company or any successor to the Company shall pay to each Holder such additional amounts (“**Additional Amounts**”) as may be necessary to ensure that the net amount received by the beneficial owner after such withholding or deduction (and after deducting any taxes on the Additional Amounts) shall equal the amounts that would have been received by such beneficial owner had no such withholding or deduction been required; *provided* that that no Additional Amounts shall be payable:

(i) for or on account of:

(A) any tax, duty, assessment or other governmental charge that would not have been imposed but for:

(1) the existence of any present or former connection between the Holder or beneficial owner of such Note and the Relevant Jurisdiction, other than merely holding such Note or the receipt of payments thereunder, including, without limitation, such Holder or beneficial owner being or having been a national, domiciliary or resident of such Relevant Jurisdiction or treated as a resident thereof or being or having been physically present or engaged in a trade or business therein or having or having had a permanent establishment therein;

(2) the presentation of such Note (in cases in which presentation is required) more than 30 days after the later of the date on which the payment of the principal of (including the Repurchase Price and Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) and interest on, such Note or the delivery of ADSs (together with payment of cash for any Fractional ADS) upon conversion of such Note became due and payable pursuant to the terms thereof or was made or duly provided for;

(3) the failure of the Holder or beneficial owner to comply with a timely request from the Company or any successor of the Company, addressed to the Holder or beneficial owner, as the case may be, to provide certification, information, documents or other evidence concerning such Holder's or beneficial owner's nationality, residence, identity or connection with the Relevant Jurisdiction, or to make any declaration or satisfy any other reporting requirement relating to such matters, if and to the extent that due and timely compliance with such request is required by statute, regulation or administrative practice of the Relevant Jurisdiction in order to reduce or eliminate any withholding or deduction as to which Additional Amounts would have otherwise been payable to such Holder or beneficial owner; or

(4) the presentation of such Note (in cases in which presentation is required) for payment in the Relevant Jurisdiction, unless such Note could not have been presented for payment elsewhere;

(B) any estate, inheritance, gift, sale, transfer, excise, personal property or similar tax, assessment or other governmental charge;

(C) any withholding or deduction in respect of any tax, duty, assessment or other governmental charge where such withholding or deduction is imposed or levied on a payment to an individual and is required to be made pursuant to European Council Directive 2003/48/EC, as amended by European Council Directive 2014/48/EU, or any other Directive implementing the conclusions of the ECOFIN Council meeting of November 26-27, 2000, on the taxation of savings income, or any law implementing or complying with, or introduced in order to conform to, such Directive or pursuant to any European Union legislation amending or replacing such Directive;

(D) any tax, duty, assessment or other governmental charge that is payable otherwise than by withholding from payments under or with respect to the Notes;

(E) any tax required to be withheld or deducted under Sections 1471 to 1474 of the Code (or any amended or successor versions of such Sections) ("FATCA"), any regulations or other official guidance thereunder, any intergovernmental agreement entered into in connection with FATCA, or any law, regulation or other official guidance enacted in any jurisdiction implementing FATCA or an intergovernmental agreement; or

(F) any combination of taxes, duties, assessments or other governmental charges referred to in the preceding clauses (A), (B), (C), (D) or (E); or

(ii) with respect to any payment of the principal of (including the Repurchase Price and Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) and interest on such Note

or the delivery of ADSs (together with payment of cash for any Fractional ADS) upon conversion of such Note to a Holder, if the Holder is a fiduciary, partnership or person other than the sole beneficial owner of that payment to the extent that such payment would be required to be included in the income under the laws of the Relevant Jurisdiction, for tax purposes, of a beneficiary or settlor with respect to the fiduciary, a partner or member of that partnership or a beneficial owner who would not have been entitled to such Additional Amounts had that beneficiary, settlor, partner, member or beneficial owner been the Holder thereof.

(b) Any reference in this Indenture or the Notes in any context to the delivery of ADSs (together with payments of cash for any Fractional ADS) upon conversion of the Notes or the payment of principal of (including the Repurchase Price and Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) and interest on, any Note or any other amount payable with respect to such Note, shall be deemed to include payment of Additional Amounts, to the extent that, in such context, Additional Amounts are, were or would be payable with respect to that amount pursuant to this Section 4.07.

(c) If the Company or its successor is required to make any deduction or withholding from any payments with respect to the Notes, it will deliver to the Trustee official tax receipts evidencing the remittance to the relevant tax authorities of the amounts so withheld or deducted.

(d) The foregoing obligations shall survive termination or discharge of this Indenture.

Section 4.08. Stay, Extension and Usury Laws. The Company covenants (to the extent that it may lawfully do so) that it shall not at any time insist upon, plead, or in any manner whatsoever claim or take the benefit or advantage of, any stay, extension or usury law or other law that would prohibit or forgive the Company from paying all or any portion of the principal of or interest on the Notes as contemplated herein, wherever enacted, now or at any time hereafter in force, or that may affect the covenants or the performance of this Indenture; and the Company (to the extent it may lawfully do so) hereby expressly waives all benefit or advantage of any such law, and covenants that it will not, by resort to any such law, hinder, delay or impede the execution of any power herein granted to the Trustee, but will suffer and permit the execution of every such power as though no such law had been enacted.

Section 4.09. Compliance Certificate; Statements as to Defaults. The Company shall deliver to the Trustee within 120 days after the end of each fiscal year of the Company (beginning with the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2015) an Officers' Certificate stating that a review has been conducted of the Company's activities under this Indenture and the Company has fulfilled its obligations hereunder, and whether the authorized Officers thereof have knowledge of any Default by the Company that occurred during the previous year that is then continuing and, if so, specifying each such Default and the nature thereof.

In addition, the Company shall deliver to the Trustee, as soon as possible, and in any event within 30 days after the Company becomes aware of the occurrence of any Default if such Default is then continuing, an Officers' Certificate setting forth the details of such Default, its status and the action that the Company is taking or proposing to take in respect thereof. The Trustee shall have no responsibility to take any steps to ascertain whether any Event of Default

or Default has occurred, and until (i) a Responsible Officer of the Trustee has received an Officers' Certificate regarding such an occurrence, or (ii) the Trustee has received notice from the Holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding regarding such an occurrence, the Trustee is entitled to assume, without liability, that no Event of Default or Default has occurred.

Section 4.10. *Further Instruments and Acts.* Upon request of the Trustee, the Company will execute and deliver such further instruments and do such further acts as may be reasonably necessary or proper to carry out more effectively the purposes of this Indenture.

ARTICLE 5 LISTS OF HOLDERS AND REPORTS BY THE COMPANY AND THE TRUSTEE

Section 5.01. *Lists of Holders.* The Company covenants and agrees that it will furnish or cause to be furnished to the Trustee, semi-annually, not more than 15 days after each June 15 and December 15 in each year beginning with December 15, 2015, and at such other times as the Trustee may request in writing, within 30 days after receipt by the Company of any such request (or such lesser time as the Trustee may reasonably request in order to enable it to timely provide any notice to be provided by it hereunder), a list in such form as the Trustee may reasonably require of the names and addresses of the Holders as of a date not more than 15 days (or such other date as the Trustee may reasonably request in order to so provide any such notices) prior to the time such information is furnished, except that no such list need be furnished so long as the Trustee is acting as Note Registrar.

Section 5.02. *Preservation and Disclosure of Lists.* The Trustee shall preserve, in as current a form as is reasonably practicable, all information as to the names and addresses of the Holders contained in the most recent list furnished to it as provided in Section 5.01 or maintained by the Trustee in its capacity as Note Registrar, if so acting. The Trustee may destroy any list furnished to it as provided in Section 5.01 upon receipt of a new list so furnished.

ARTICLE 6 DEFAULTS AND REMEDIES

Section 6.01. *Events of Default.* The following events shall be "**Events of Default**" with respect to the Notes:

- (a) default in any payment of interest or Additional Amounts, if any, on any Note when due and payable and the default continues for a period of 30 days;
- (b) default in the payment of principal of any Note when due and payable on the Maturity Date, upon any required repurchase, upon declaration of acceleration or otherwise;
- (c) failure by the Company to comply with its obligation to convert the Notes in accordance with this Indenture upon exercise of a Holder's conversion right and such failure continues for a period of 5 Business Days;

(d) failure by the Company to issue a Fundamental Change Company Notice in accordance with Section 15.02(c) or notice of a Make-Whole Fundamental Change in accordance with Section 14.03(a), in each case, when due and such failure continues for a period of 5 Business Days;

(e) failure by the Company to comply with its obligations under Article 11;

(f) failure by the Company for 60 days after written notice from the Trustee or by the Trustee at the request of the Holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding has been received by the Company to comply with any of its other agreements contained in the Notes or this Indenture;

(g) default by the Company or any Significant Subsidiary of the Company with respect to any mortgage, agreement or other instrument under which there may be outstanding, or by which there may be secured or evidenced, any indebtedness for money borrowed in excess of US\$15 million (or the foreign currency equivalent thereof) in the aggregate of the Company and/or any such Significant Subsidiary, whether such indebtedness now exists or shall hereafter be created (i) resulting in such indebtedness becoming or being declared due and payable or (ii) constituting a failure to pay the principal or interest of any such debt when due and payable at its stated maturity, upon required repurchase, upon declaration of acceleration or otherwise;

(h) a final judgment for the payment of US\$15 million (or the foreign currency equivalent thereof) or more (excluding any amounts covered by insurance) rendered against the Company or any Significant Subsidiary of the Company, which judgment is not paid, bonded or otherwise discharged or stayed within 60 days after (i) the date on which the right to appeal thereof has expired if no such appeal has commenced, or (ii) the date on which all rights to appeal have been extinguished;

(i) the Company or any Significant Subsidiary shall commence a voluntary case or other proceeding seeking liquidation, reorganization or other relief with respect to the Company or any such Significant Subsidiary or its debts under any bankruptcy, insolvency or other similar law now or hereafter in effect or seeking the appointment of a trustee, receiver, liquidator, custodian or other similar official of the Company or any such Significant Subsidiary or any substantial part of its property, or shall consent to any such relief or to the appointment of or taking possession by any such official in an involuntary case or other proceeding commenced against it, or shall make a general assignment for the benefit of creditors, or shall fail generally to pay its debts as they become due; or

(j) an involuntary case or other proceeding shall be commenced against the Company or any Significant Subsidiary seeking liquidation, reorganization or other relief with respect to the Company or such Significant Subsidiary or its debts under any bankruptcy, insolvency or other similar law now or hereafter in effect or seeking the appointment of a trustee, receiver, liquidator, custodian or other similar official of the Company or such Significant Subsidiary or any substantial part of its property, and such involuntary case or other proceeding shall remain undismissed and unstayed for a period of 30 consecutive days.

Section 6.02. Acceleration; Rescission and Annulment. If one or more Events of Default shall have occurred and be continuing (whatever the reason for such Event of Default and whether it shall be voluntary or involuntary or be effected by operation of law or pursuant to any judgment, decree or order of any court or any order, rule or regulation of any administrative or governmental body), then, and in each and every such case (other than an Event of Default specified in Section 6.01(i) or Section 6.01(j) with respect to the Company or any of its Significant Subsidiaries), unless the principal of all of the Notes shall have already become due and payable, the Trustee may by notice in writing to the Company, or the Holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding determined in accordance with Section 8.04, by notice in writing to the Company and to the Trustee may, and the Trustee at the request of such Holders accompanied by security and/or indemnity reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee shall, declare 100% of the principal of, and accrued and unpaid interest on, all the Notes to be due and payable immediately, and upon any such declaration the same shall become and shall automatically be immediately due and payable, anything in this Indenture or in the Notes contained to the contrary notwithstanding. If an Event of Default specified in Section 6.01(i) or Section 6.01(j) with respect to the Company or any of its Significant Subsidiaries occurs and is continuing, 100% of the principal of, and accrued and unpaid interest on, all Notes shall become and shall automatically be immediately due and payable without any action on the part of the Trustee. If an Event of Default occurs and is continuing, all agents of the Company appointed under this Indenture will be required to act on the direction of the Trustee.

The immediately preceding paragraph, however, is subject to the conditions that if, at any time after the principal of the Notes shall have been so declared due and payable, and before any judgment or decree for the payment of the monies due shall have been obtained or entered as hereinafter provided, the Company shall pay or shall deposit with the Trustee a sum sufficient to pay installments of accrued and unpaid interest upon all Notes and the principal of any and all Notes that shall have become due otherwise than by acceleration (with interest on overdue installments of accrued and unpaid interest to the extent that payment of such interest is enforceable under applicable law, and on such principal at the rate per annum borne by the Notes *plus* one percent) and amounts due to the Trustee pursuant to Section 7.06, and if (1) rescission would not conflict with any judgment or decree of a court of competent jurisdiction and (2) any and all existing Events of Default under this Indenture, other than the nonpayment of the principal of and accrued and unpaid interest on Notes that shall have become due solely by such acceleration, shall have been cured or waived pursuant to Section 6.09, then and in every such case (except as provided in the immediately succeeding sentence) the Holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding, by written notice to the Company and to the Trustee, may waive all Defaults or Events of Default with respect to the Notes and rescind and annul such declaration and its consequences and such Default shall cease to exist, and any Event of Default arising therefrom shall be deemed to have been cured for every purpose of this Indenture; but no such waiver or rescission and annulment shall extend to or shall affect any subsequent Default or Event of Default, or shall impair any right consequent thereon. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, no such waiver or rescission and annulment shall extend to or shall affect any Default or Event of Default resulting from (i) the nonpayment of the principal of, or accrued and unpaid interest on, any Notes, (ii) a failure to repurchase any Notes when required or (iii) a failure to pay or deliver, as the case may be, the consideration due upon conversion of the Notes.

Section 6.03. *Additional Interest.* Notwithstanding anything in this Indenture or in the Notes to the contrary, to the extent the Company elects, the sole remedy for Event of Default relating to the Company's failure to comply with its obligations as set forth in Section 4.06(b) shall after the occurrence of such an Event of Default consist exclusively of the right to receive Additional Interest on the Notes at a rate equal to:

(a) 0.25% per annum of the principal amount of the Notes outstanding for each day during the period beginning on, and including, the date on which such an Event of Default first occurs and ending on the earlier of (i) the date on which such Event of Default is cured or validly waived and (ii) the 90th day immediately following, and including, the date on which such Event of Default first occurred; and

(b) if such Event of Default has not been cured or validly waived prior to the 91st day immediately following, and including, the date on which such Event of Default first occurred, 0.50% per annum of the principal amount of the Notes outstanding for each day during the period beginning on, and including, the 91st day immediately following, and including, the date on which such an Event of Default first occurred and ending on the earlier of (i) the date on which such Event of Default is cured or validly waived and (ii) the 180th day immediately following, and including, the date on which such Event of Default first occurred.

Interest payable pursuant to this Section 6.03 shall be in addition to, not in lieu of, any Additional Interest payable pursuant to Section 4.06(d) or Section 4.06(e). In no event shall Additional Interest accrue on the Notes on any day under this Indenture (taking any Additional Interest payable pursuant to this Section 6.03 together with any Additional Interest payable pursuant to Section 4.06(d) and Section 4.06(e)) at an annual rate accruing in excess of 0.50%, in the aggregate, for any violation or Default caused by the Company's failure to be current in respect of its Exchange Act reporting obligations. If the Company so elects, such Additional Interest shall be payable in the same manner and on the same dates as regular interest on the Notes. On the 181st day after such Event of Default (if the Event of Default with respect to the Company's obligations under Section 4.06(b) is not cured or waived prior to such 181st day), the Notes will be subject to acceleration as provided in Section 6.02. In the event the Company does not elect to pay Additional Interest following an Event of Default in accordance with this Section 6.03 or the Company elected to make such payment but does not pay the Additional Interest when due, the Notes shall be subject to acceleration as provided in Section 6.02.

In order to elect to pay Additional Interest as the sole remedy during the first 180 days after the occurrence of any Event of Default described in the immediately preceding paragraph, the Company must notify in writing all Holders of the Notes, the Trustee and the Paying Agent of such election prior to the beginning of such 180-day period. Upon the failure to timely give such notice, the Notes shall be immediately subject to acceleration as provided in Section 6.02.

Section 6.04. *Payments of Notes on Default; Suit Therefor.* If an Event of Default described in clause (a) or (b) of Section 6.01 shall have occurred, the Company shall, upon demand of the Trustee acting in its own discretion or at the request of Holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding determined in accordance with Section 8.04 and subject to indemnity and/or security reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee, pay to the Trustee, for the benefit of the Holders of the Notes, the whole amount then due and payable on

the Notes for principal and interest, if any, with interest on any overdue principal and interest, if any, at the rate per annum borne by the Notes at such time *plus* one percent, and, in addition thereto, such further amount as shall be sufficient to cover any amounts due to the Trustee under Section 7.06. If the Company shall fail to pay such amounts forthwith upon such demand, the Trustee, in its own name and as trustee of an express trust, may institute a judicial proceeding for the collection of the sums so due and unpaid, may prosecute such proceeding to judgment or final decree and may enforce the same against the Company or any other obligor upon the Notes and collect the moneys adjudged or decreed to be payable in the manner provided by law out of the property of the Company or any other obligor upon the Notes, wherever situated.

In the event there shall be pending proceedings for the bankruptcy or for the reorganization of the Company or any other obligor on the Notes under title 11 of the United States Code, or any other applicable law, or in case a receiver, assignee or trustee in bankruptcy or reorganization, liquidator, sequestrator or similar official shall have been appointed for or taken possession of the Company or such other obligor, the property of the Company or such other obligor, or in the event of any other judicial proceedings relative to the Company or such other obligor upon the Notes, or to the creditors or property of the Company or such other obligor, the Trustee, irrespective of whether the principal of the Notes shall then be due and payable as therein expressed or by declaration or otherwise and irrespective of whether the Trustee shall have made any demand pursuant to the provisions of this Section 6.04, shall be entitled and empowered, by intervention in such proceedings or otherwise, to file and prove a claim or claims for the whole amount of principal and accrued and unpaid interest, if any, in respect of the Notes, and, in case of any judicial proceedings, to file such proofs of claim and other papers or documents and to take such other actions as it may deem necessary or advisable in order to have the claims of the Trustee (including any claim for the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Trustee, its agents and counsel) and of the Holders allowed in such judicial proceedings relative to the Company or any other obligor on the Notes, its or their creditors, or its or their property, and to collect and receive any monies or other property payable or deliverable on any such claims, and to distribute the same after the deduction of any amounts due to the Trustee under Section 7.06; and any receiver, assignee or trustee in bankruptcy or reorganization, liquidator, custodian or similar official is hereby authorized by each of the Holders to make such payments to the Trustee, as administrative expenses, and, in the event that the Trustee shall consent to the making of such payments directly to the Holders, to pay to the Trustee any amount due to it for reasonable compensation, expenses, advances and disbursements, including agents and counsel fees, and including any other amounts due to the Trustee under Section 7.06, incurred by it up to the date of such distribution. To the extent that such payment of reasonable compensation, expenses, advances and disbursements out of the estate in any such proceedings shall be denied for any reason, payment of the same shall be secured by a lien on, and shall be paid out of, any and all distributions, dividends, monies, securities and other property that the Holders of the Notes may be entitled to receive in such proceedings, whether in liquidation or under any plan of reorganization or arrangement or otherwise.

Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to authorize the Trustee to authorize or consent to or accept or adopt on behalf of any Holder any plan of reorganization, arrangement, adjustment or composition affecting such Holder or the rights of any Holder thereof, or to authorize the Trustee to vote in respect of the claim of any Holder in any such proceeding.

All rights of action and of asserting claims under this Indenture, or under any of the Notes, may be enforced by the Trustee without the possession of any of the Notes, or the production thereof at any trial or other proceeding relative thereto, and any such suit or proceeding instituted by the Trustee shall be brought in its own name as trustee of an express trust, and any recovery of judgment shall, after provision for the payment of the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Trustee, its agents and counsel, be for the ratable benefit of the Holders of the Notes.

In any proceedings brought by the Trustee (and in any proceedings involving the interpretation of any provision of this Indenture to which the Trustee shall be a party) the Trustee shall be held to represent all the Holders of the Notes, and it shall not be necessary to make any Holders of the Notes parties to any such proceedings.

In case the Trustee shall have proceeded to enforce any right under this Indenture and such proceedings shall have been discontinued or abandoned because of any waiver pursuant to Section 6.09 or any rescission and annulment pursuant to Section 6.02 or for any other reason or shall have been determined adversely to the Trustee, then and in every such case the Company, the Holders, and the Trustee shall, subject to any determination in such proceeding, be restored respectively to their several positions and rights hereunder, and all rights, remedies and powers of the Company, the Holders, and the Trustee shall continue as though no such proceeding had been instituted.

Section 6.05. Application of Monies Collected by Trustee. Any monies collected by the Trustee pursuant to this Article 6 with respect to the Notes shall be applied in the following order, at the date or dates fixed by the Trustee for the distribution of such monies, upon presentation of the several Notes, and stamping thereon the payment, if only partially paid, and upon surrender thereof, if fully paid:

First, to the payment of all amounts due the Trustee under Section 7.06 and any payments due to the Paying Agent, the Conversion Agent and the Note Registrar;

Second, in case the principal of the outstanding Notes shall not have become due and be unpaid, to the payment of interest on, the Notes in default in the order of the date due of the payments of such interest, with interest (to the extent that such interest has been collected by the Trustee) upon such overdue payments at the rate per annum borne by the Notes at such time plus one percent, such payments to be made ratably to the Persons entitled thereto;

Third, in case the principal of the outstanding Notes shall have become due, by declaration or otherwise, and be unpaid to the payment of the whole amount (including, if applicable, the payment of the Repurchase Price or Fundamental Change Repurchase Price and any cash due upon conversion) then owing and unpaid upon the Notes for principal and interest, if any, with interest on the overdue principal and, to the extent that such interest has been collected by the Trustee, upon overdue installments of interest at the rate per annum borne by the Notes at such time *plus* one percent, and in case such monies shall be insufficient to pay in full the whole amounts so due and unpaid upon the Notes, then to the payment of such principal (including, if applicable, the Repurchase Price or Fundamental Change Repurchase Price and the cash due upon conversion) and interest without preference or priority of principal over interest,

or of interest over principal or of any installment of interest over any other installment of interest, or of any Note over any other Note, ratably to the aggregate of such principal (including, if applicable, the Repurchase Price or Fundamental Change Repurchase Price) and accrued and unpaid interest; and

Fourth, to the payment of the remainder, if any, to the Company.

Section 6.06. *Proceedings by Holders.* Except to enforce the right to receive payment of principal (including, if applicable, the Repurchase Price or Fundamental Change Repurchase Price) or interest when due, or the right to receive payment or delivery of the consideration due upon conversion, no Holder of any Note shall have any right by virtue of or by availing of any provision of this Indenture to institute any suit, action or proceeding in equity or at law upon or under or with respect to this Indenture, or for the appointment of a receiver, trustee, liquidator, custodian or other similar official, or for any other remedy hereunder, unless:

- (a) such Holder previously shall have given to the Trustee written notice of an Event of Default and of the continuance thereof, as herein provided;
- (b) Holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding shall have made written request upon the Trustee to institute such action, suit or proceeding in its own name as Trustee hereunder;
- (c) such Holders shall have offered to the Trustee such security and/or indemnity reasonably satisfactory to it against any loss, liability or expense to be incurred therein or thereby;
- (d) the Trustee for 60 days after its receipt of such notice, request and offer of security and/or indemnity, shall have neglected or refused to institute any such action, suit or proceeding; and
- (e) no direction that, in the opinion of the Trustee, is inconsistent with such written request shall have been given to the Trustee by the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding within such 60-day period pursuant to Section 6.09,

it being understood and intended, and being expressly covenanted by the taker and Holder of every Note with every other taker and Holder and the Trustee that no one or more Holders shall have any right in any manner whatever by virtue of or by availing of any provision of this Indenture to affect, disturb or prejudice the rights of any other Holder, or to obtain or seek to obtain priority over or preference to any other such Holder, or to enforce any right under this Indenture, except in the manner herein provided and for the equal, ratable and common benefit of all Holders (except as otherwise provided herein). For the protection and enforcement of this Section 6.06, each and every Holder and the Trustee shall be entitled to such relief as can be given either at law or in equity.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Indenture and any provision of any Note, the right of any Holder to receive payment or delivery, as the case may be, of (x) the principal (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) of, (y) accrued and unpaid interest on, and (z) the consideration due upon conversion of, such Note,

on or after the respective due dates expressed or provided for in such Note or in this Indenture, or to institute suit for the enforcement of any such payment or delivery, as the case may be, on or after such respective dates against the Company shall not be impaired or affected without the consent of such Holder.

Section 6.07. *Proceedings by Trustee.* In case of an Event of Default, the Trustee may in its discretion proceed to protect and enforce the rights vested in it by this Indenture by such appropriate judicial proceedings as are necessary to protect and enforce any of such rights, either by suit in equity or by action at law or by proceeding in bankruptcy or otherwise, whether for the specific enforcement of any covenant or agreement contained in this Indenture or in aid of the exercise of any power granted in this Indenture, or to enforce any other legal or equitable right vested in the Trustee by this Indenture or by law.

Section 6.08. *Remedies Cumulative and Continuing.* Except as provided in the last paragraph of Section 2.06, all powers and remedies given by this Article 6 to the Trustee or to the Holders shall, to the extent permitted by law, be deemed cumulative and not exclusive of any thereof or of any other powers and remedies available to the Trustee or the Holders of the Notes, by judicial proceedings or otherwise, to enforce the performance or observance of the covenants and agreements contained in this Indenture, and no delay or omission of the Trustee or of any Holder of any of the Notes to exercise any right or power accruing upon any Default or Event of Default shall impair any such right or power, or shall be construed to be a waiver of any such Default or Event of Default or any acquiescence therein; and, subject to the provisions of Section 6.06, every power and remedy given by this Article 6 or by law to the Trustee or to the Holders may be exercised from time to time, and as often as shall be deemed expedient, by the Trustee or by the Holders.

Section 6.09. *Direction of Proceedings and Waiver of Defaults by Majority of Holders.* The Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes at the time outstanding determined in accordance with Section 8.04 shall have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee or exercising any trust or power conferred on the Trustee with respect to Notes; *provided, however*, that (a) such direction shall not be in conflict with any rule of law or with this Indenture, and (b) the Trustee may take any other action deemed proper by the Trustee that is not inconsistent with such direction. The Trustee may refuse to follow any direction that would involve the Trustee in personal liability, or if it is not provided with security and/or indemnity to its reasonable satisfaction. In addition, the Trustee will not be required to expend its own funds under any circumstances. The Holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes at the time outstanding determined in accordance with Section 8.04 may on behalf of the Holders of all of the Notes waive any past Default or Event of Default hereunder and its consequences except (i) a default in the payment of accrued and unpaid interest on, or the principal (including, if applicable, the Repurchase Price or Fundamental Change Repurchase Price) of, the Notes when due that has not been cured pursuant to the provisions of Section 6.02, (ii) a failure by the Company to pay or deliver, or cause to be delivered, as the case may be, the consideration due upon conversion of the Notes or (iii) a default in respect of a covenant or provision hereof which under Article 10 cannot be modified or amended without the consent of each Holder of an outstanding Note affected. Upon any such waiver the Company, the Trustee and the Holders of the Notes shall be restored to their former positions and rights hereunder; but no such waiver shall extend to any

subsequent or other Default or Event of Default or impair any right consequent thereon. Whenever any Default or Event of Default hereunder shall have been waived as permitted by this Section 6.09, said Default or Event of Default shall for all purposes of the Notes and this Indenture be deemed to have been cured and to be not continuing; but no such waiver shall extend to any subsequent or other Default or Event of Default or impair any right consequent thereon.

Section 6.10. *Notice of Defaults and Events of Default.* If a Default or Event of Default occurs and is continuing and is notified in writing to the Trustee, the Trustee shall, within 90 days after the occurrence and continuance of such Default or Event of Default, mail to all Holders (at the Company's expense) as the names and addresses of such Holders appear upon the Note Register, notice of all Defaults known to a Responsible Officer, unless such Defaults shall have been cured or waived before the giving of such notice; *provided* that the Trustee shall not be deemed to have knowledge of any occurrence of a Default or Event unless it has received written notice. Except in the case of a Default in the payment of the principal of (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable), or accrued and unpaid interest on, any of the Notes or a Default in the payment or delivery of the consideration due upon conversion, the Trustee shall be protected in withholding such notice if and so long as the Trustee's board of directors, an executive committee or a committee of Responsible Officers of the Trustee (in its sole discretion) in good faith determines that the withholding of such notice is in the interests of the Holders.

Section 6.11. *Undertaking to Pay Costs.* All parties to this Indenture agree, and each Holder of any Note by its acceptance thereof shall be deemed to have agreed, that any court may, in its discretion, require, in any suit for the enforcement of any right or remedy under this Indenture, or in any suit against the Trustee for any action taken or omitted by it as Trustee, the filing by any party litigant in such suit of an undertaking to pay the costs of such suit and that such court may in its discretion assess reasonable costs, including reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses, against any party litigant in such suit, having due regard to the merits and good faith of the claims or defenses made by such party litigant; *provided* that the provisions of this Section 6.11 (to the extent permitted by law) shall not apply to any suit instituted by the Trustee, to any suit instituted by any Holder, or group of Holders, holding in the aggregate more than 10% in principal amount of the Notes at the time outstanding determined in accordance with Section 8.04, or to any suit instituted by any Holder for the enforcement of the payment of the principal of or accrued and unpaid interest on any Note (including, but not limited to, the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price with respect to the Notes being repurchased as provided in this Indenture) on or after the due date expressed or provided for in such Note or to any suit for the enforcement of the right to convert any Note in accordance with the provisions of Article 14.

ARTICLE 7 CONCERNING THE TRUSTEE

Section 7.01. *Duties and Responsibilities of Trustee.* The Trustee, prior to the occurrence of an Event of Default and after the curing or waiver of all Events of Default that may have occurred, undertakes to perform such duties and only such duties as are specifically set forth in this Indenture. In case an Event of Default has occurred that has not been cured or

waived the Trustee shall exercise such of the rights and powers vested in it by this Indenture, and use the same degree of care and skill in their exercise, as a prudent person would exercise or use under the circumstances in the conduct of such person's own affairs; *provided* that if an Event of Default occurs and is continuing, the Trustee will be under no obligation to exercise any of the rights or powers under this Indenture at the request or direction of any of the Holders unless such Holders have offered to the Trustee indemnity and/or security reasonably satisfactory to it against the costs, expenses and liabilities that might be incurred by it in compliance with such request or direction.

No provision of this Indenture shall be construed to relieve the Trustee from liability for its own grossly negligent action, its own grossly negligent failure to act or its own willful misconduct, except that:

(a) prior to the occurrence of an Event of Default and after the curing or waiving of all Events of Default that may have occurred:

(i) the duties and obligations of the Trustee shall be determined solely by the express provisions of this Indenture, and the Trustee shall not be liable except for the performance of such duties and obligations as are specifically set forth in this Indenture and no implied covenants or obligations shall be read into this Indenture against the Trustee; and

(ii) in the absence of gross negligence and willful misconduct on the part of the Trustee, the Trustee may conclusively and without liability rely, as to the truth of the statements and the correctness of the opinions expressed therein, upon any certificates or opinions furnished to the Trustee and conforming to the requirements of this Indenture; but, in the case of any such certificates or opinions that by any provisions hereof are specifically required to be furnished to the Trustee, the Trustee shall be under a duty to examine the same to determine whether or not they conform to the requirements of this Indenture (but need not confirm or investigate the accuracy of any mathematical calculations or other facts stated therein);

(b) the Trustee shall not be liable for any error of judgment made in good faith by a Responsible Officer or Officers of the Trustee, unless it shall be proved that the Trustee was grossly negligent in ascertaining the pertinent facts;

(c) the Trustee shall not be liable with respect to any action taken or omitted to be taken by it in good faith in accordance with the direction of the Holders of not less than a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes at the time outstanding determined as provided in Section 8.04 relating to the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee, or exercising any trust or power conferred upon the Trustee, under this Indenture;

(d) whether or not therein provided, every provision of this Indenture relating to the conduct or affecting the liability of, or affording protection to, the Trustee shall be subject to the provisions of this Section;

(e) the Trustee shall not be liable in respect of any payment (as to the correctness of amount, entitlement to receive or any other matters relating to payment) or notice effected by the Company or any Paying Agent or any records maintained by any co-Note Registrar with respect to the Notes;

(f) if any party fails to deliver a notice relating to an event the fact of which, pursuant to this Indenture, requires notice to be sent to the Trustee, the Trustee may conclusively and without liability rely on its failure to receive such notice as reason to act as if no such event occurred;

(g) in the absence of written investment direction from the Company, all cash received by the Trustee shall be placed in a non-interest bearing trust account, and in no event shall the Trustee be liable for the selection of investments or for investment losses incurred thereon or for losses incurred as a result of the liquidation of any such investment prior to its maturity date or the failure of the party directing such investments prior to its maturity date or the failure of the party directing such investment to provide timely written investment direction, and the Trustee shall have no obligation to invest or reinvest any amounts held hereunder in the absence of such written investment direction from the Company; and

(h) in the event that the Trustee is also acting as Note Registrar, Paying Agent, Conversion Agent or transfer agent hereunder, the rights and protections afforded to the Trustee pursuant to this Article 7 shall also be afforded to such Note Registrar, Paying Agent, Conversion Agent or transfer agent;

(i) the Trustee shall have no duty to inquire, no duty to determine and no duty to monitor as to the performance of the Company's covenants in this Indenture or the financial performance of the Company; the Trustee shall be entitled to assume, until it has received written notice in accordance with this Indenture or it has actual knowledge to the contrary, that the Company is properly performing its duties hereunder; and

(j) the Trustee shall be under no obligation to enforce any of the provisions of this Indenture unless it is instructed by Holders of at least 25% of the aggregate principal amount of outstanding Notes and is provided with security and/or indemnity reasonably satisfactory to it.

None of the provisions contained in this Indenture shall require the Trustee to expend or risk its own funds or otherwise incur personal financial liability in the performance of any of its duties or in the exercise of any of its rights or powers.

Section 7.02. Reliance on Documents, Opinions, Etc. Except as otherwise provided in Section 7.01:

(a) the Trustee may conclusively and without liability rely and shall be fully protected in acting upon any resolution, certificate, statement, instrument, opinion, report, notice, request, consent, order, bond, Note, coupon or other paper or document believed by it in good faith to be genuine and to have been signed or presented by the proper party or parties;

(b) any request, direction, order or demand of the Company mentioned herein shall be sufficiently evidenced by an Officers' Certificate (unless other evidence in respect thereof be

herein specifically prescribed); and any Board Resolution may be evidenced to the Trustee by a copy thereof certified by the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary of the Company;

(c) the Trustee may consult with counsel and require an Opinion of Counsel and any advice of such counsel or Opinion of Counsel shall be full and complete authorization and protection in respect of any action taken or omitted by it hereunder in good faith and in accordance with such advice or Opinion of Counsel;

(d) the Trustee shall not be bound to make any investigation into the facts or matters stated in any resolution, certificate, statement, instrument, opinion, report, notice, request, direction, consent, order, bond, debenture or other paper or document, but the Trustee, in its discretion, may make such further inquiry or investigation into such facts or matters as it may see fit, and, if the Trustee shall determine to make such further inquiry or investigation, it shall be entitled to examine the books, records and premises of the Company, personally or by agent or attorney at the expense of the Company and shall incur no liability of any kind by reason of such inquiry or investigation;

(e) the Trustee may execute any of the trusts or powers hereunder or perform any duties hereunder either directly or by or through agents, delegates, custodians, nominees or attorneys and the Trustee shall not be responsible for any misconduct or negligence on the part of any agent, delegate, representative, custodian, nominee or attorney appointed by it with due care hereunder;

(f) the permissive rights of the Trustee enumerated herein shall not be construed as duties;

(g) under no circumstances and notwithstanding any contrary provision included herein, neither the Trustee, the Paying Agent, the Conversion Agent nor the Note Registrar shall be responsible or liable for special, indirect, punitive, or consequential damages or loss of any kind whatsoever (including, but not limited to, loss of profit) irrespective of whether any of them have been advised of the likelihood of such loss or damage and regardless of the form of action; this provision shall remain in full force and effect notwithstanding the discharge of the Notes, the termination of this Indenture or the resignation, replacement or removal of the Trustee, the Paying Agent, the Conversion Agent and the Note Registrar; and

(h) the Trustee, the Paying Agent, the Conversion Agent and the Note Registrar may refrain from taking any action in any jurisdiction if the taking of such action in that jurisdiction would, in its opinion based upon legal advice in the relevant jurisdiction, be contrary to any law of that jurisdiction or, to the extent applicable, of New York; furthermore, the Trustee may also refrain from taking such action if it would otherwise render it liable to any person in that jurisdiction or New York or if, in its opinion based on such legal advice, it would not have the power to do the relevant thing in that jurisdiction by virtue of any applicable law in that jurisdiction or in New York or if it is determined by any court or other competent authority in that jurisdiction that it does not have such power.

(i) The Company understands that The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation is a global financial organization that operates in and provides services and products to clients

through affiliates and subsidiaries located in multiple jurisdictions (the “**BNY Mellon Group**”). The Company also understands that the BNY Mellon Group may centralize in one or more affiliates or subsidiaries certain activities, including, but not limited to, audit, administration, risk management, legal, sales, relationship management, and the storage and analysis of data regarding the Company. Consequently, the Company hereby consents and authorizes the Trustee and each Agent, in the course of performance of its duties as Trustee and Agents hereunder, to disclose to other members of the BNY Mellon Group data regarding the Company pursuant to this Indenture solely to the extent necessary to allow it to perform such duties, it being understood that no such affiliate or subsidiary may use such data for any other purpose without the prior consent of the Company.

Section 7.03. No Responsibility for Recitals, Etc. The recitals, statements, warranties and representations contained herein and in the Notes (except in the Trustee’s certificate of authentication) shall be taken as the statements of the Company, and the Trustee assumes no responsibility for the correctness of the same. The Trustee makes no representations as to the accuracy or correctness of the same or the execution, legality, effectiveness, adequacy, genuineness, validity, enforceability or admissibility in evidence of this Indenture or of the Notes. The Trustee shall not be accountable for the use or application by the Company of any Notes or the proceeds of any Notes authenticated and delivered by the Trustee in conformity with the provisions of this Indenture. Notwithstanding the generality of the foregoing, each Holder shall be solely responsible for making its own independent appraisal of, and investigation into, the financial condition, creditworthiness, condition, affairs, status and nature of the Company, and the Trustee shall not at any time have any responsibility for the same and each Holder shall not rely on the Trustee in respect thereof.

Section 7.04. Trustee, Paying Agents, Conversion Agents or Note Registrar May Own Notes. The Trustee, any Paying Agent, any Conversion Agent or Note Registrar, in its individual or any other capacity, may become the owner or pledgee of Notes with the same rights it would have if it were not the Trustee, Paying Agent, Conversion Agent or Note Registrar, and nothing herein shall obligate any of them to account for any profits earned from any business or transactional relationship.

Section 7.05. Monies and ADSs to Be Held in Trust. All monies and ADSs received by the Trustee shall, until used or applied as herein provided, be held in trust for the purposes for which they were received. Money and ADSs held by the Trustee in trust or by the Paying Agent hereunder need not be segregated from other funds except to the extent required by law. Neither the Trustee nor the Paying Agent shall be under any liability for interest on any money or ADSs received by it hereunder.

Section 7.06. Compensation and Expenses of Trustee. (a) The Company covenants and agrees to pay to the Trustee from time to time, and the Trustee shall be entitled to, reasonable compensation for all services rendered by it hereunder in any capacity (which shall not be limited by any provision of law in regard to the compensation of a trustee of an express trust) as mutually agreed to in writing between the Trustee and the Company, and the Company will pay or reimburse the Trustee upon its request for all reasonable expenses, disbursements and advances reasonably incurred or made by the Trustee in accordance with any of the provisions of this Indenture in any capacity thereunder (including the reasonable compensation and the

expenses and disbursements of its agents and counsel and of all Persons not regularly in its employ) except any such expense, disbursement or advance as shall have been caused by its gross negligence or willful misconduct. The Company also covenants to indemnify the Trustee in any capacity under this Indenture and any other document or transaction entered into in connection herewith, and to hold it harmless against, any loss, claim (provided that the Company need not pay for settlement of any such claim made without its consent, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld), damage, liability or expense incurred without gross negligence or willful misconduct on the part of the Trustee, its officers, directors, agents or employees, as the case may be, and arising out of or in connection with the acceptance or administration of this Indenture or in any other capacity hereunder, including the costs and expenses of defending themselves against any claim of liability in the premises. The obligations of the Company under this Section 7.06 to compensate or indemnify the Trustee and to pay or reimburse the Trustee for expenses, disbursements and advances shall be secured by a senior claim to which the Notes are hereby made subordinate on all money or property held or collected by the Trustee, except, subject to the effect of Section 6.05, funds held in trust herewith for the benefit of the Holders of particular Notes. The Trustee's right to receive payment of any amounts due under this Section 7.06 shall not be subordinate to any other liability or indebtedness of the Company. The indemnity under this Section 7.06(a) is payable upon demand by the Trustee. The obligation of the Company under this Section 7.06(a) shall survive the satisfaction and discharge of the Notes, the termination of this Indenture and the resignation or removal of the Trustee. The Company need not pay for any settlement made without its consent, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld. The indemnification provided in this Section 7.06(a) shall extend to the officers, directors, agents and employees of the Trustee. Subject to Section 7.02(e), any negligence or misconduct of any agent, delegate, attorney or representative, in each case, of the Trustee, shall not affect indemnification of the Trustee.

Without prejudice to any other rights available to the Trustee under applicable law, when the Trustee and its agents incur expenses or render services after an Event of Default specified in Section 6.01(i) or Section 6.01(j) occurs, the expenses and the compensation for the services are intended to constitute expenses of administration under any bankruptcy, insolvency or similar laws. If a Default or Event of Default shall have occurred or if the Trustee finds it expedient or necessary or is requested by the Company and/or the Holders to undertake duties which are of an exceptional nature or otherwise outside the scope of the Trustee's normal duties under this Indenture, the Company will pay such additional remuneration as the Company and the Trustee may separately agree in writing.

(b) The Paying Agent, the Conversion Agent and the Note Registrar shall be entitled to the compensation to be agreed upon in writing with the Company for all services rendered by it under this Indenture, and the Company agrees promptly to pay such compensation and to reimburse the Paying Agent, the Conversion Agent and the Note Registrar for its out-of-pocket expenses (including reasonable fees and expenses of counsel) incurred by it in connection with the services rendered by it under this Indenture. The Company hereby agrees to indemnify the Paying Agent, Transfer, the Conversion Agent and the Note Registrar and their respective officers, directors, agents and employees and any successors thereto for, and to hold it harmless against, any loss, liability or expense (including reasonable fees and expenses of counsel) incurred without gross negligence or willful misconduct on its part arising out of or in connection with its acting as the Paying Agent, the Conversion Agent and the Note Registrar

hereunder. The obligations of the Company under this paragraph (b) shall survive the payment of the Notes, the termination of the Indenture and the resignation or removal of the Paying Agent, the Conversion Agent and the Note Registrar.

Section 7.07. *Officers' Certificate as Evidence.* Except as otherwise provided in Section 7.01, whenever in the administration of the provisions of this Indenture the Trustee shall deem it necessary or desirable that a matter be proved or established prior to taking or omitting any action hereunder, such matter (unless other evidence in respect thereof be herein specifically prescribed) may be deemed to be conclusively proved and established by an Officers' Certificate delivered to the Trustee, and such Officers' Certificate shall be full warrant to the Trustee for any action taken or omitted by it under the provisions of this Indenture upon the faith thereof.

Section 7.08. *Eligibility of Trustee.* There shall at all times be a Trustee hereunder which shall be a Person that is eligible pursuant to the Trust Indenture Act to act as such and has a combined capital and surplus of at least US\$50,000,000. If such Person publishes reports of condition at least annually, pursuant to law or to the requirements of any supervising or examining authority, then for the purposes of this Section, the combined capital and surplus of such Person shall be deemed to be its combined capital and surplus as set forth in its most recent report of condition so published. If at any time the Trustee shall cease to be eligible in accordance with the provisions of this Section, it shall resign immediately in the manner and with the effect hereinafter specified in this Article.

Section 7.09. *Resignation or Removal of Trustee.* (a) The Trustee may at any time resign by giving 60 days written notice of such resignation to the Company and by mailing notice thereof to the Holders at their addresses as they shall appear on the Note Register. Upon receiving such notice of resignation, the Company shall promptly appoint a successor trustee by written instrument, in duplicate, executed by order of the Board of Directors, one copy of which instrument shall be delivered to the resigning Trustee and one copy to the successor trustee. If no successor trustee shall have been so appointed and have accepted appointment within 60 days after the mailing of such notice of resignation to the Holders, the resigning Trustee may appoint a successor trustee on behalf of and at the expense of the Company or it may, upon ten Business Days' notice to the Company and the Holders, petition any court of competent jurisdiction for the appointment of a successor trustee, or any Holder who has been a bona fide holder of a Note or Notes for at least six months may, subject to the provisions of Section 6.11, on behalf of himself or herself and all others similarly situated, petition any such court for the appointment of a successor trustee. Such court may thereupon, after such notice, if any, as it may deem proper and prescribe, appoint a successor trustee.

(b) In case at any time any of the following shall occur:

(i) the Trustee shall cease to be eligible in accordance with the provisions of Section 7.08 and shall fail to resign after written request therefor by the Company or by any such Holder, or

(ii) the Trustee shall become incapable of acting, or shall be adjudged a bankrupt or insolvent, or a receiver of the Trustee or of its property shall be appointed, or

any public officer shall take charge or control of the Trustee or of its property or affairs for the purpose of rehabilitation, conservation or liquidation,

then, in either case, the Company may by a Board Resolution remove the Trustee and appoint a successor trustee by written instrument, in duplicate, executed by order of the Board of Directors, one copy of which instrument shall be delivered to the Trustee so removed and one copy to the successor trustee, or, subject to the provisions of Section 6.11, any Holder who has been a bona fide holder of a Note or Notes for at least six months may, on behalf of himself or herself and all others similarly situated, petition any court of competent jurisdiction for the removal of the Trustee and the appointment of a successor trustee. Such court may thereupon, after such notice, if any, as it may deem proper and prescribe, remove the Trustee and appoint a successor trustee.

(c) The Holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes at the time outstanding, as determined in accordance with Section 8.04, may at any time remove the Trustee and nominate a successor trustee that shall be deemed appointed as successor trustee unless within ten days after notice to the Company of such nomination the Company objects thereto, in which case the Trustee so removed or any Holder, upon the terms and conditions and otherwise as in Section 7.09(a) provided, may petition any court of competent jurisdiction for an appointment of a successor trustee.

(d) Any resignation or removal of the Trustee and appointment of a successor trustee pursuant to any of the provisions of this Section 7.09 shall become effective upon acceptance of appointment by the successor trustee as provided in Section 7.10.

Section 7.10. Acceptance by Successor Trustee. Any successor trustee appointed as provided in Section 7.09 shall execute, acknowledge and deliver to the Company and to its predecessor trustee an instrument accepting such appointment hereunder, and thereupon the resignation or removal of the predecessor trustee shall become effective and such successor trustee, without any further act, deed or conveyance, shall become vested with all the rights, powers, duties and obligations of its predecessor hereunder, with like effect as if originally named as Trustee herein; but, nevertheless, on the written request of the Company or of the successor trustee, the trustee ceasing to act shall, upon payment of any amounts then due to it pursuant to the provisions of Section 7.06, execute and deliver an instrument transferring to such successor trustee all the rights and powers of the trustee so ceasing to act. Upon request of any such successor trustee, the Company shall execute any and all instruments in writing for more fully and certainly vesting in and confirming to such successor trustee all such rights and powers. Any trustee ceasing to act shall, nevertheless, retain a senior claim to which the Notes are hereby made subordinate on all money or property held or collected by such trustee as such, except for funds held in trust for the benefit of Holders of particular Notes, to secure any amounts then due to it pursuant to the provisions of Section 7.06.

No successor trustee shall accept appointment as provided in this Section 7.10 unless at the time of such acceptance such successor trustee shall be eligible under the provisions of Section 7.08.

Upon acceptance of appointment by a successor trustee as provided in this Section 7.10, each of the Company and the successor trustee, at the written direction and at the expense of the

Company shall mail or cause to be mailed notice of the succession of such trustee hereunder to the Holders at their addresses as they shall appear on the Note Register. If the Company fails to mail such notice within ten days after acceptance of appointment by the successor trustee, the successor trustee shall cause such notice to be mailed at the expense of the Company.

Section 7.11. Succession by Merger, Etc. Any corporation or other entity into which the Trustee may be merged or converted or with which it may be consolidated, or any corporation or other entity resulting from any merger, conversion or consolidation to which the Trustee shall be a party, or any corporation or other entity succeeding to all or substantially all of the corporate trust business of the Trustee (including the administration of this Indenture), shall be the successor to the Trustee hereunder without the execution or filing of any paper or any further act on the part of any of the parties hereto; *provided* that in the case of any corporation or other entity succeeding to all or substantially all of the corporate trust business of the Trustee such corporation or other entity shall be eligible under the provisions of Section 7.08.

In case at the time such successor to the Trustee shall succeed to the trusts created by this Indenture, any of the Notes shall have been authenticated but not delivered, any such successor to the Trustee may adopt the certificate of authentication of any predecessor trustee, and deliver such Notes so authenticated; and in case at that time any of the Notes shall not have been authenticated, any successor to the Trustee may authenticate such Notes either in the name of any predecessor trustee hereunder or in the name of the successor trustee; and in all such cases such certificates shall have the full force which it is anywhere in the Notes or in this Indenture provided that the certificate of the Trustee shall have; *provided, however,* that the right to adopt the certificate of authentication of any predecessor trustee or to authenticate Notes in the name of any predecessor trustee shall apply only to its successor or successors by merger, conversion or consolidation.

Section 7.12. Trustee's Application for Instructions from the Company. Any application by the Trustee for written instructions from the Company (other than with regard to any action proposed to be taken or omitted to be taken by the Trustee that affects the rights of the Holders of the Notes under this Indenture) may, at the option of the Trustee, set forth in writing any action proposed to be taken or omitted by the Trustee under this Indenture and the date on and/or after which such action shall be taken or such omission shall be effective. The Trustee shall not be liable for any action taken by, or omission of, the Trustee in accordance with a proposal included in such application on or after the date specified in such application (which date shall not be less than three Business Days after the date any officer that the Company has indicated to the Trustee should receive such application actually receives such application, unless any such officer shall have consented in writing to any earlier date), unless, prior to taking any such action (or the effective date in the case of any omission), the Trustee shall have received written instructions in accordance with this Indenture in response to such application specifying the action to be taken or omitted.

ARTICLE 8 CONCERNING THE HOLDERS

Section 8.01. Action by Holders. Whenever in this Indenture it is provided that the Holders of a specified percentage of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes may take any

action (including the making of any demand or request, the giving of any notice, consent or waiver or the taking of any other action), the fact that at the time of taking any such action, the Holders of such specified percentage have joined therein may be evidenced (a) by any instrument or any number of instruments of similar tenor executed by Holders in person or by agent or proxy appointed in writing, or (b) by the record of the Holders voting in favor thereof at any meeting of Holders duly called and held in accordance with the provisions of Article 9, or (c) by a combination of such instrument or instruments and any such record of such a meeting of Holders. Whenever the Company or the Trustee solicits the taking of any action by the Holders of the Notes, the Company or the Trustee may fix, but shall not be required to, in advance of such solicitation, a date as the record date for determining Holders entitled to take such action. The record date if one is selected shall be not more than fifteen days prior to the date of commencement of solicitation of such action.

Section 8.02. *Proof of Execution by Holders.* Subject to the provisions of Section 7.01, Section 7.02 and Section 9.05, proof of the execution of any instrument by a Holder or its agent or proxy shall be sufficient if made in accordance with such reasonable rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Trustee or in such manner as shall be satisfactory to the Trustee. The holding of Notes shall be proved by the Note Register or by a certificate of the Note Registrar. The record of any Holders' meeting shall be proved in the manner provided in Section 9.06.

Section 8.03. *Who Are Deemed Absolute Owners.* The Company, the Trustee, any Paying Agent, any Conversion Agent and any Note Registrar may deem the Person in whose name a Note shall be registered upon the Note Register to be, and may treat it as, the absolute owner of such Note (whether or not such Note shall be overdue and notwithstanding any notation of ownership or other writing thereon made by any Person other than the Company or any Note Registrar) for the purpose of receiving payment of or on account of the principal of and (subject to Section 2.03) accrued and unpaid interest on such Note, for the purpose of conversion of such Note and for all other purposes; and neither the Company nor the Trustee nor any Paying Agent nor any Conversion Agent nor any Note Registrar shall be affected by any notice to the contrary. All such payments or deliveries so made to any Holder for the time being, or upon its order, shall be valid, and, to the extent of the sums or ADSs so paid or delivered, effectual to satisfy and discharge the liability for monies payable or ADSs deliverable upon any such Note. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Indenture or the Notes following an Event of Default, any Holder of a beneficial interest in a Global Note may directly enforce against the Company, without the consent, solicitation, proxy, authorization or any other action of the Depositary or any other Person, such Holder's right to exchange such beneficial interest for a Note in certificated form in accordance with the provisions of this Indenture.

Section 8.04. *Company-Owned Notes Disregarded.* In determining whether the Holders of the requisite aggregate principal amount of Notes have concurred in any direction, consent, waiver or other action under this Indenture, Notes that are owned by the Company, by any Subsidiary thereof or by any Affiliate of the Company or any Subsidiary thereof shall be disregarded and deemed not to be outstanding for the purpose of any such determination; provided that for the purposes of determining whether the Trustee shall be protected in relying on any such direction, consent, waiver or other action only Notes in respect of which a Responsible Officer is notified in writing shall be so disregarded. Notes so owned that have

been pledged in good faith may be regarded as outstanding for the purposes of this Section 8.04 if the pledgee shall establish its right to so act with respect to such Notes and that the pledgee is not the Company, a Subsidiary thereof or an Affiliate of the Company or a Subsidiary thereof. Within five days of acquisition of the Notes by any of the above described persons or entities, the Company shall furnish to the Trustee promptly an Officers' Certificate listing and identifying all Notes, if any, known by the Company to be owned or held by or for the account of any of the above described Persons; and, subject to Section 7.01, the Trustee shall be entitled to accept such Officers' Certificate as conclusive evidence of the facts therein set forth and of the fact that all Notes not listed therein are outstanding for the purpose of any such determination.

Section 8.05. *Revocation of Consents; Future Holders Bound.* At any time prior to (but not after) the evidencing to the Trustee, as provided in Section 8.01, of the taking of any action by the Holders of the percentage of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes specified in this Indenture in connection with such action, any Holder of a Note that is shown by the evidence to be included in the Notes the Holders of which have consented to such action may, by filing written notice with the Trustee at its Corporate Trust Office and upon proof of holding as provided in Section 8.02, revoke such action so far as concerns such Note. Except as aforesaid, any such action taken by the Holder of any Note shall be conclusive and binding upon such Holder and upon all future Holders and owners of such Note and of any Notes issued in exchange or substitution therefor or upon registration of transfer thereof, irrespective of whether any notation in regard thereto is made upon such Note or any Note issued in exchange or substitution therefor or upon registration of transfer thereof.

ARTICLE 9 HOLDERS' MEETINGS

Section 9.01. *Purpose of Meetings.* A meeting of Holders may be called at any time and from time to time pursuant to the provisions of this Article 9 for any of the following purposes:

- (a) to give any notice to the Company or to the Trustee or to give any directions to the Trustee permitted under this Indenture, or to consent to the waiving of any Default or Event of Default hereunder and its consequences, or to take any other action authorized to be taken by Holders pursuant to any of the provisions of Article 6;
- (b) to remove the Trustee and nominate a successor trustee pursuant to the provisions of Article 7;
- (c) to consent to the execution of an indenture or indentures supplemental hereto pursuant to the provisions of Section 10.02; or
- (d) to take any other action authorized to be taken by or on behalf of the Holders of any specified aggregate principal amount of the Notes under any other provision of this Indenture or under applicable law.

Section 9.02. *Call of Meetings by Trustee.* The Trustee may at any time call a meeting of Holders to take any action specified in Section 9.01, to be held at such time and at such place as the Trustee shall determine. Notice of every meeting of the Holders, setting forth the time and

the place of such meeting and in general terms the action proposed to be taken at such meeting and the establishment of any record date pursuant to Section 8.01, shall be mailed to Holders of such Notes at their addresses as they shall appear on the Note Register. Such notice shall also be mailed to the Company. Such notices shall be mailed not less than 20 nor more than 90 days prior to the date fixed for the meeting.

Any meeting of Holders shall be valid without notice if the Holders of all Notes then outstanding are present in person or by proxy or if notice is waived before or after the meeting by the Holders of all Notes then outstanding, and if the Company and the Trustee are either present by duly authorized representatives or have, before or after the meeting, waived notice.

Section 9.03. *Call of Meetings by Company or Holders.* In case at any time the Company, pursuant to a Board Resolution, or the Holders of at least 10% of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding, shall have requested the Trustee to call a meeting of Holders, by written request setting forth in reasonable detail the action proposed to be taken at the meeting, and the Trustee shall not have mailed the notice of such meeting within 20 days after receipt of such request, then the Company or such Holders may determine the time and the place for such meeting and may call such meeting to take any action authorized in Section 9.01, by mailing notice thereof as provided in Section 9.02.

Section 9.04. *Qualifications for Voting.* To be entitled to vote at any meeting of Holders a Person shall (a) be a Holder of one or more Notes on the record date pertaining to such meeting or (b) be a Person appointed by an instrument in writing as proxy by a Holder of one or more Notes on the record date pertaining to such meeting. The only Persons who shall be entitled to be present or to speak at any meeting of Holders shall be the Persons entitled to vote at such meeting and their counsel and any representatives of the Trustee and its counsel and any representatives of the Company and its counsel.

Section 9.05. *Regulations.* Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Indenture, the Trustee may make such reasonable regulations as it may deem advisable for any meeting of Holders, in regard to proof of the holding of Notes and of the appointment of proxies, and in regard to the appointment and duties of inspectors of votes, the submission and examination of proxies, certificates and other evidence of the right to vote, and such other matters concerning the conduct of the meeting as it shall think fit.

The Trustee shall, by an instrument in writing, appoint a temporary chairman of the meeting, unless the meeting shall have been called by the Company or by Holders as provided in Section 9.03, in which case the Company or the Holders calling the meeting, as the case may be, shall in like manner appoint a temporary chairman. A permanent chairman and a permanent secretary of the meeting shall be elected by vote of the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Notes represented at the meeting and entitled to vote at the meeting.

Subject to the provisions of Section 8.04, at any meeting of Holders each Holder or proxyholder shall be entitled to one vote for each US\$1,000 principal amount of Notes held or represented by him or her; *provided, however,* that no vote shall be cast or counted at any meeting in respect of any Note challenged as not outstanding and ruled by the chairman of the meeting to be not outstanding. The chairman of the meeting shall have no right to vote other

than by virtue of Notes held by it or instruments in writing as aforesaid duly designating it as the proxy to vote on behalf of other Holders. Any meeting of Holders duly called pursuant to the provisions of Section 9.02 or Section 9.03 may be adjourned from time to time by the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of Notes represented at the meeting, whether or not constituting a quorum, and the meeting may be held as so adjourned without further notice.

Minutes shall be made of all resolutions and proceedings at every meeting and, if purporting to be signed by the chairman of that meeting or of the next succeeding meeting of Holders of the Notes, shall be conclusive evidence of the matters in them. Until the contrary is proved every meeting for which minutes have been so made and signed shall be deemed to have been duly convened and held and all resolutions passed or proceedings transacted at it to have been duly passed and transacted.

Section 9.06. *Voting.* The vote upon any resolution submitted to any meeting of Holders shall be by written ballot on which shall be subscribed the signatures of the Holders or of their representatives by proxy and the outstanding principal amount of the Notes held or represented by them. The permanent chairman of the meeting shall appoint two inspectors of votes who shall count all votes cast at the meeting for or against any resolution and who shall make and file with the secretary of the meeting their verified written reports in duplicate of all votes cast at the meeting. A record in duplicate of the proceedings of each meeting of Holders shall be prepared by the secretary of the meeting and there shall be attached to said record the original reports of the inspectors of votes on any vote by ballot taken thereat and affidavits by one or more Persons having knowledge of the facts setting forth a copy of the notice of the meeting and showing that said notice was mailed as provided in Section 9.02. The record shall show the principal amount of the Notes voting in favor of or against any resolution. The record shall be signed and verified by the affidavits of the permanent chairman and secretary of the meeting and one of the duplicates shall be delivered to the Company and the other to the Trustee to be preserved by the Trustee, the latter to have attached thereto the ballots voted at the meeting.

Any record so signed and verified shall be conclusive evidence of the matters therein stated.

Section 9.07. *No Delay of Rights by Meeting.* Nothing contained in this Article 9 shall be deemed or construed to authorize or permit, by reason of any call of a meeting of Holders or any rights expressly or impliedly conferred hereunder to make such call, any hindrance or delay in the exercise of any right or rights conferred upon or reserved to the Trustee or to the Holders under any of the provisions of this Indenture or of the Notes.

ARTICLE 10

SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURES

Section 10.01. *Supplemental Indentures Without Consent of Holders.* The Company, when authorized by the resolutions of the Board of Directors, and the Trustee, at the Company's expense and direction, may from time to time and at any time enter into an indenture or indentures supplemental hereto for one or more of the following purposes:

- (a) to cure any ambiguity, omission, defect or inconsistency;

- (b) to provide for the assumption by a Successor Company of the obligations of the Company under this Indenture pursuant to Article 11;
- (c) to add guarantees with respect to the Notes;
- (d) to secure the Notes;
- (e) to add to the covenants or Events of Defaults of the Company for the benefit of the Holders or surrender any right or power conferred upon the Company;
- (f) upon the occurrence of any transaction or event described in Section 14.07(a), to (i) provide that the Notes are convertible into Reference Property, subject to Section 14.02, and (ii) effect the related changes to the terms of the Notes described under Section 14.07(a), in each case, in accordance with Section 14.07;
- (g) to make any change that does not adversely affect the rights of any Holder; or
- (h) to conform the provisions of this Indenture or the Notes to the “Description of the Notes” section of the Offering Memorandum.

Upon the written request of the Company, the Trustee is hereby authorized to join with the Company in the execution of any such supplemental indenture, to make any further appropriate agreements and stipulations that may be therein contained, but the Trustee shall not be obligated to, but may in its discretion, enter into any supplemental indenture that affects the Trustee’s own rights, duties or immunities under this Indenture or otherwise. The Trustee shall be entitled to seek an Opinion of Counsel, at the Company’s expense, that any such supplemental indenture is authorized and permitted by the terms of this Indenture and not contrary to law.

Any supplemental indenture authorized by the provisions of this Section 10.01 may be executed by the Company and the Trustee without the consent of the Holders of any of the Notes at the time outstanding, notwithstanding any of the provisions of Section 10.02.

Section 10.02. *Supplemental Indentures with Consent of Holders.* With the consent (evidenced as provided in Article 8) of the Holders of at least a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding (determined in accordance with Article 8 and including, without limitation, consents obtained in connection with a repurchase of, or tender or exchange offer for, Notes), the Company, when authorized by the resolutions of the Board of Directors, and the Trustee, at the Company’s expense, may from time to time and at any time enter into an indenture or indentures supplemental hereto for the purpose of adding any provisions to or changing in any manner or eliminating any of the provisions of this Indenture or any supplemental indenture or of modifying in any manner the rights of the Holders; *provided, however,* that, without the consent of each Holder of an outstanding Note affected, no such supplemental indenture shall:

- (a) reduce the amount of Notes whose Holders must consent to an amendment;
- (b) reduce the rate of or extend the stated time for payment of interest on any Note;

- (c) reduce the principal of or extend the Maturity Date of any Note;
- (d) make any change that adversely affects the conversion rights of any Notes;
- (e) reduce the Repurchase Price payable on the Repurchase Date or the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price of any Note or amend or modify in any manner adverse to the Holders the Company's obligation to make such payments, whether through an amendment or waiver of provisions in the covenants, definitions or otherwise;
- (f) make any Note payable in a currency other than U.S. dollars;
- (g) change the ranking of the Notes;
- (h) impair the right of any Holder to receive payment of principal and interest on such Holder's Notes on or after the due dates therefor or to institute suit for the enforcement of any payment on or with respect to such Holder's Note;
- (i) change the Company's obligation to pay Additional Amounts on any Note; or
- (j) make any change in this Article 10 that requires each Holder's consent or in the waiver provisions in Section 6.02 or Section 6.09.

Upon the written request of the Company, and upon the filing with the Trustee of evidence of the consent of Holders as aforesaid and subject to Section 10.05, the Trustee shall join with the Company in the execution of such supplemental indenture unless (i) the Trustee has not received an Opinion of Counsel reasonably satisfactory to it that such supplemental indenture is authorized and permitted by the terms of this Indenture and not contrary to law or (ii) such supplemental indenture affects the Trustee's own rights, duties or immunities under this Indenture or otherwise, in which case the Trustee may in its discretion, but shall not be obligated to, enter into such supplemental indenture.

Holders do not need under this Section 10.02 to approve the particular form of any proposed supplemental indenture. It shall be sufficient if such Holders approve the substance thereof. After any supplemental indenture becomes effective under Section 10.01 or Section 10.02, the Company shall mail to the Holders a notice briefly describing such supplemental indenture. However, the failure to give such notice to all the Holders, or any defect in the notice, will not impair or affect the validity of the supplemental indenture.

Section 10.03. *Effect of Supplemental Indentures.* Upon the execution of any supplemental indenture pursuant to the provisions of this Article 10, this Indenture shall be and be deemed to be modified and amended in accordance therewith and the respective rights, limitation of rights, obligations, duties and immunities under this Indenture of the Trustee, the Company and the Holders shall thereafter be determined, exercised and enforced hereunder subject in all respects to such modifications and amendments and all the terms and conditions of any such supplemental indenture shall be and be deemed to be part of the terms and conditions of this Indenture for any and all purposes.

Section 10.04. Notation on Notes. Notes authenticated and delivered after the execution of any supplemental indenture pursuant to the provisions of this Article 10 may, at the Company's expense, bear a notation in form approved by the Trustee as to any matter provided for in such supplemental indenture. If the Company or the Trustee shall so determine, new Notes so modified as to conform, in the opinion of the Trustee and the Board of Directors, to any modification of this Indenture contained in any such supplemental indenture may, at the Company's expense, be prepared and executed by the Company, authenticated by the Trustee and delivered in exchange for the Notes then outstanding, upon surrender of such Notes then outstanding.

Section 10.05. Evidence of Compliance of Supplemental Indenture to Be Furnished Trustee. In addition to the documents required by Section 17.06, the Trustee shall receive an Officers' Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel as conclusive evidence that any supplemental indenture executed pursuant hereto complies with the requirements of this Article 10 and is permitted or authorized by this Indenture and is not contrary to law.

ARTICLE 11 CONSOLIDATION, MERGER, SALE, CONVEYANCE AND LEASE

Section 11.01. Company May Consolidate, Etc. on Certain Terms. Subject to the provisions of Section 11.02, the Company shall not consolidate with, merge with or into, or sell, convey, transfer or lease all or substantially all of its properties and assets to another Person, unless:

(a) the resulting, surviving or transferee Person (the "**Successor Company**"), if not the Company, shall be a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America, any State thereof, the District of Columbia, the Cayman Islands, the British Virgin Islands, Bermuda or Hong Kong and the Successor Company (if not the Company) shall expressly assume, by supplemental indenture all of the obligations of the Company under the Notes and this Indenture (including, for the avoidance of doubt, the obligation to pay Additional Amounts pursuant to Section 4.07); and

(b) immediately after giving effect to such transaction, no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing under this Indenture.

For purposes of this Section 11.01, the sale, conveyance, transfer or lease of all or substantially all of the properties and assets of one or more Subsidiaries of the Company to another Person, which properties and assets, if held by the Company instead of such Subsidiaries, would constitute all or substantially all of the properties and assets of the Company on a consolidated basis, shall be deemed to be the sale, conveyance, transfer or lease of all or substantially all of the properties and assets of the Company to another Person.

Section 11.02. Successor Corporation to Be Substituted. In case of any such consolidation, merger, sale, conveyance, transfer or lease and upon the assumption by the Successor Company, by supplemental indenture, executed and delivered to the Trustee and satisfactory in form to the Trustee, of the due and punctual payment of the principal of and accrued and unpaid interest on all of the Notes (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any

Additional Amounts), the due and punctual delivery or payment, as the case may be, of any consideration due upon conversion of the Notes (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any Additional Amounts) and the due and punctual performance of all of the covenants and conditions of this Indenture to be performed by the Company, such Successor Company (if not the Company) shall succeed to and, except in the case of a lease of all or substantially all of the Company's properties and assets, shall be substituted for the Company, with the same effect as if it had been named herein as the party of the first part. Such Successor Company thereupon may cause to be signed, and may issue either in its own name or in the name of the Company any or all of the Notes issuable hereunder which theretofore shall not have been signed by the Company and delivered to the Trustee; and, upon the order of such Successor Company instead of the Company and subject to all the terms, conditions and limitations in this Indenture prescribed, the Trustee shall authenticate and shall deliver, or cause to be authenticated and delivered, any Notes that previously shall have been signed and delivered by the Officers of the Company to the Trustee for authentication, and any Notes that such Successor Company thereafter shall cause to be signed and delivered to the Trustee for that purpose. All the Notes so issued shall in all respects have the same legal rank and benefit under this Indenture as the Notes theretofore or thereafter issued in accordance with the terms of this Indenture as though all of such Notes had been issued at the date of the execution hereof. In the event of any such consolidation, merger, sale, conveyance or transfer (but not in the case of a lease), upon compliance with this Article 11 the Person named as the "Company" in the first paragraph of this Indenture (or any successor that shall thereafter have become such in the manner prescribed in this Article 11) may be dissolved, wound up and liquidated at any time thereafter and, except in the case of a lease, such Person shall be released from its liabilities as obligor and maker of the Notes and from its obligations under this Indenture and the Notes.

In case of any such consolidation, merger, sale, conveyance, transfer or lease, such changes in phraseology and form (but not in substance) may be made in the Notes thereafter to be issued as may be appropriate.

Section 11.03. *Opinion of Counsel to Be Given to Trustee.* No consolidation, merger, sale, conveyance, transfer or lease shall be effective unless the Trustee shall receive an Officers' Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel as conclusive evidence that any such consolidation, merger, sale, conveyance, transfer or lease and any such assumption and, if a supplemental indenture is required in connection with such transaction, such supplemental indenture, complies with the provisions of this Article 11.

ARTICLE 12 IMMUNITY OF INCORPORATORS, STOCKHOLDERS, OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

Section 12.01. *Indenture and Notes Solely Corporate Obligations.* No recourse for the payment of the principal of or accrued and unpaid interest on any Note, nor for any claim based thereon or otherwise in respect thereof, and no recourse under or upon any obligation, covenant or agreement of the Company in this Indenture or in any supplemental indenture or in any Note, nor because of the creation of any indebtedness represented thereby, shall be had against any incorporator, stockholder, employee, agent, Officer or director or Subsidiary, as such, past, present or future, of the Company or of any successor corporation, either directly or through the Company or any successor corporation, whether by virtue of any constitution, statute or rule of

law, or by the enforcement of any assessment or penalty or otherwise; it being expressly understood that all such liability is hereby expressly waived and released as a condition of, and as a consideration for, the execution of this Indenture and the issue of the Notes.

ARTICLE 13
INTENTIONALLY OMITTED

ARTICLE 14
CONVERSION OF NOTES

Section 14.01. *Conversion Privilege.* Subject to and upon compliance with the provisions of this Article 14, each Holder of a Note shall have the right, at such Holder's option, to convert all or any portion (if the portion to be converted is US\$1,000 principal amount or an integral multiple thereof) of such Note at any time prior to the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Maturity Date at an initial conversion rate of 9.3555 ADSs (subject to adjustment as provided in this Article 14, the "**Conversion Rate**") per US\$1,000 principal amount of Notes (subject to the settlement provisions of Section 14.02, the "**Conversion Obligation**").

Section 14.02. *Conversion Procedure; Settlement Upon Conversion.*

(a) Upon conversion of any Note, the Company shall cause to be delivered to the converting Holder, in respect of each US\$1,000 principal amount of Notes being converted, a number of ADSs equal to the Conversion Rate, together with a cash payment, if applicable, in lieu of any ADSs ("**Fractional ADSs**") that would represent a fractional ordinary share (assuming delivery of the maximum number of ADSs due upon conversion that do not represent a fractional ordinary share) in accordance with subsection (j) of this Section 14.02, on the third Business Day immediately following the relevant Conversion Date.

(b) Subject to Section 14.02(e), before any Holder of a Note shall be entitled to convert a Note as set forth above, such Holder shall (i) in the case of a Global Note, comply with the procedures of the Depositary in effect at that time and, if required, pay funds equal to interest payable on the next Interest Payment Date to which such Holder is not entitled as set forth in Section 14.02(h), and complete, manually sign and deliver a duly completed irrevocable notice to the Conversion Agent as set forth in the Form of Notice of Conversion (or a facsimile thereof) (a "**Notice of Conversion**") and (ii) in the case of a Physical Note (1) complete, manually sign and deliver a duly completed irrevocable Notice of Conversion to the Conversion Agent at the office of the Conversion Agent and state in writing therein the principal amount of Notes to be converted and the name or names (with addresses) in which such Holder wishes the certificate or certificates for any ADSs to be delivered upon settlement of the Conversion Obligation to be registered, (2) surrender such Notes, duly endorsed to the Company or in blank (and accompanied by appropriate endorsement and transfer documents), at the office of the Conversion Agent, (3) if required, furnish appropriate endorsements and transfer documents and (4) if required, pay funds equal to interest payable on the next Interest Payment Date to which such Holder is not entitled as set forth in Section 14.02(h). The Trustee (and if different, the Conversion Agent) shall notify the Company of any conversion pursuant to this Article 14 on the

Conversion Date for such conversion. No Notice of Conversion with respect to any Notes may be delivered and no Notes may be surrendered by a Holder for conversion thereof if such Holder has also delivered a Repurchase Notice or Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice to the Company in respect of such Notes and not validly withdrawn such Repurchase Notice or Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice in accordance with Section 15.03. A Notice of Conversion shall be deposited in duplicate at the office of any Conversion Agent on any Business Day from 9:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. at the location of the Conversion Agent to which such Notice of Conversion is delivered. Any Notice of Conversion and any Physical Note (if issued) deposited outside the hours specified or on a day that is not a Business Day at the location of the Conversion Agent shall for all purposes be deemed to have been deposited with that Conversion Agent between 9:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. on the next Business Day.

If more than one Note shall be surrendered for conversion at one time by the same Holder, the Conversion Obligation with respect to such Notes shall be computed on the basis of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes (or specified portions thereof to the extent permitted thereby) so surrendered. None of the agents of the Trustee shall have any responsibility whatsoever with respect to the issuance and delivery of the ADSs to the converting Holder.

(c) A Note shall be deemed to have been converted immediately prior to the close of business on the date (the "**Conversion Date**") that the Holder has complied with the requirements set forth in subsection (b) above. The Company shall issue or cause to be issued, and deliver to the Conversion Agent or to such Holder, or such Holder's nominee or nominees, certificates or a book-entry transfer through the Depository for the full number of ADSs to which such Holder shall be entitled in satisfaction of the Company's Conversion Obligation.

(d) In case any Note shall be surrendered for partial conversion, the Company shall execute and instruct the Trustee who shall authenticate and deliver to or upon the written order of the Holder of the Note so surrendered a new Note or Notes in authorized denominations in an aggregate principal amount equal to the unconverted portion of the surrendered Note, without payment of any service charge by the converting Holder but, if required by the Company or Trustee, with payment of a sum sufficient to cover any transfer tax or similar governmental charge required by law or that may be imposed in connection therewith as a result of the name of the Holder of the new Notes issued upon such conversion being different from the name of the Holder of the old Notes surrendered for such conversion.

(e) If a Holder submits a Note for conversion, the Company shall pay any documentary, stamp or similar issue or transfer tax due on the delivery of the ADSs upon conversion of the Notes (or the issuance of the underlying Ordinary Shares), unless the tax is due because the Holder requests such ADSs (or such Ordinary Shares) to be issued in a name other than the Holder's name, in which case the Holder shall pay that tax. The Conversion Agent may refuse to deliver the certificates representing the ADSs (or the Ordinary Shares) being issued in a name other than the Holder's name until the Trustee receives a sum sufficient to pay any tax that is due by such Holder in accordance with the immediately preceding sentence. The Company shall pay the Depository's fees for issuance of the ADSs.

(f) Except as provided in Section 14.04, no adjustment shall be made for dividends on any ADSs delivered upon the conversion of any Note as provided in this Article 14.

(g) Upon the conversion of an interest in a Global Note, the Trustee shall make a notation on such Global Note as to the reduction in the principal amount represented thereby. The Company shall notify the Trustee in writing of any conversion of Notes effected through any Conversion Agent other than the Trustee.

(h) Upon conversion, a Holder shall not receive any separate cash payment for accrued and unpaid interest, if any, except as set forth below. The Company's settlement of the Conversion Obligation shall be deemed to satisfy in full its obligation to pay the principal amount of the Note and accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but not including, the relevant Conversion Date. As a result, accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but not including, the relevant Conversion Date shall be deemed to be paid in full rather than cancelled, extinguished or forfeited. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if Notes are converted after the close of business on a Regular Record Date, Holders of such Notes as of the close of business on such Regular Record Date will receive the full amount of interest payable on such Notes on the corresponding Interest Payment Date notwithstanding the conversion. Notes surrendered for conversion during the period from the close of business on any Regular Record Date to the open of business on the immediately following Interest Payment Date must be accompanied by funds equal to the amount of interest payable on the Notes so converted; *provided* that no such payment shall be required (1) for conversions following the Regular Record Date immediately preceding the Maturity Date; (2) if the Company has specified a Fundamental Change Repurchase Date that is after a Regular Record Date and on or prior to the corresponding Interest Payment Date; or (3) to the extent of any Defaulted Amounts, if any Defaulted Amounts exist at the time of conversion with respect to such Note.

(i) The Person in whose name the certificate for any ADSs delivered upon conversion is registered shall be treated as a holder of record of such ADSs as of the close of business on the relevant Conversion Date. Upon a conversion of Notes, such Person shall no longer be a Holder of such Notes surrendered for conversion.

(j) The Company shall not issue any Fractional ADS upon conversion of the Notes and shall instead pay cash in lieu of any Fractional ADS deliverable upon conversion based on the Last Reported Sale Price of the ADSs on the relevant Conversion Date.

Section 14.03. Increased Conversion Rate Applicable to Certain Notes Surrendered in Connection with Make-Whole Fundamental Changes. (a) If a Make-Whole Fundamental Change occurs prior to the Maturity Date and a Holder elects to convert its Notes in connection with such Make-Whole Fundamental Change, the Company shall, under the circumstances described below, increase the Conversion Rate for the Notes so surrendered for conversion by a number of additional ADSs (the "**Additional ADSs**"), as described below. A conversion of Notes shall be deemed for these purposes to be "in connection with" such Make-Whole Fundamental Change if the relevant Notice of Conversion is received by the Conversion Agent from, and including, the Effective Date of the Make-Whole Fundamental Change up to, and including, the second Business Day immediately prior to the related Fundamental Change Repurchase Date (or, in the case of a Make-Whole Fundamental Change that would have been a Fundamental Change but for the *proviso* in clause (b) of the definition thereof, the 35th Trading Day immediately following the Effective Date of such Make-Whole Fundamental Change). The Company shall provide written notification to Holders and the Trustee of the Effective Date of

any Make-Whole Fundamental Change and issue a press release announcing such Effective Date no later than five Business Days after such Effective Date.

(b) Upon surrender of Notes for conversion in connection with a Make-Whole Fundamental Change, the Company shall cause to be delivered ADSs, including the Additional ADSs, in accordance with Section 14.02; *provided, however,* that if, at the effective time of a Make-Whole Fundamental Change described in clause (b) of the definition of Fundamental Change, the Reference Property following such Make-Whole Fundamental Change is composed entirely of cash, for any conversion of Notes following the Effective Date of such Make-Whole Fundamental Change, the Conversion Obligation shall be calculated based solely on the ADS Price for the transaction and shall be deemed to be an amount of cash per US\$1,000 principal amount of converted Notes equal to the Conversion Rate (including any adjustment for Additional ADSs), *multiplied by* such ADS Price.

(c) The number of Additional ADSs, if any, by which the Conversion Rate shall be increased shall be determined by reference to the table below, based on the date on which the Make-Whole Fundamental Change occurs or becomes effective (the “**Effective Date**”) and the price (the “**ADS Price**”) paid (or deemed to be paid) per ADS in the Make-Whole Fundamental Change. If the holders of the ADSs receive in exchange for their ADSs only cash in a Make-Whole Fundamental Change described in clause (b) of the definition of Fundamental Change, the ADS Price shall be the cash amount paid per ADS. Otherwise, the ADS Price shall be the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the ADSs over the five Trading Day period ending on, and including, the Trading Day immediately preceding the Effective Date of the Make-Whole Fundamental Change.

(d) The ADS Prices set forth in the column headings of the table below shall be adjusted as of any date on which the Conversion Rate of the Notes is otherwise adjusted. The adjusted ADS Prices shall equal the ADS Prices applicable immediately prior to such adjustment, *multiplied by* a fraction, the numerator of which is the Conversion Rate immediately prior to such adjustment giving rise to the ADS Price adjustment and the denominator of which is the Conversion Rate as so adjusted. The number of Additional ADSs set forth in the table below shall be adjusted in the same manner and at the same time as the Conversion Rate as set forth in Section 14.04.

(e) The following table sets forth the number of Additional ADSs to be received per US\$1,000 principal amount of Notes pursuant to this Section 14.03 for each ADS Price and Effective Date set forth below:

Effective date	ADS price														
	US\$75 .01	US\$90 .00	US\$100 .00	US\$106 .89	US\$115 .00	US\$120 .00	US\$125 .00	US\$130 .00	US\$140 .00	US\$150 .00	US\$175 .00	US\$200 .00	US\$250 .00	US\$300 .00	US\$400 .00
June 24, 2015	3.9760	3.0672	2.5405	2.2508	1.9673	1.8175	1.6836	1.5634	1.3572	1.1876	0.8753	0.6660	0.4120	0.2696	0.1252
July 1, 2016	3.9760	3.1476	2.5860	2.2791	1.9805	1.8236	1.6838	1.5588	1.3454	1.1712	0.8538	0.6441	0.3935	0.2552	0.1169
July 1, 2017	3.9760	3.1563	2.5683	2.2497	1.9421	1.7815	1.6392	1.5124	1.2976	1.1236	0.8104	0.6067	0.3667	0.2361	0.1067
July 1, 2018	3.9760	3.1255	2.5112	2.1828	1.8693	1.7072	1.5644	1.4381	1.2260	1.0560	0.7544	0.5612	0.3363	0.2150	0.0955
July 1, 2019	3.9760	3.0142	2.3886	2.0619	1.7554	1.5989	1.4622	1.3421	1.1418	0.9822	0.7002	0.5192	0.3080	0.1945	0.0842
July 1, 2020	3.9760	2.6737	2.1641	1.8875	1.6201	1.4804	1.3567	1.2465	1.0601	0.9095	0.6405	0.4681	0.2705	0.1672	0.0698
July 1, 2021	3.9760	2.6990	2.1506	1.8557	1.5730	1.4266	1.2976	1.1835	0.9923	0.8399	0.5737	0.4086	0.2269	0.1363	0.0544
July 1, 2022	3.9760	2.6275	2.0456	1.7367	1.4445	1.2950	1.1645	1.0504	0.8618	0.7145	0.4662	0.3198	0.1687	0.0984	0.0378
July 1, 2023	3.9760	2.4989	1.8728	1.5473	1.2457	1.0945	0.9647	0.8531	0.6734	0.5383	0.3243	0.2097	0.1040	0.0598	0.0228
July 1, 2024	3.9760	2.2280	1.5386	1.1948	0.8909	0.7456	0.6258	0.5271	0.3784	0.2769	0.1407	0.0839	0.0428	0.0269	0.0108
July 1, 2025	3.9760	1.7556	0.6445	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

The exact ADS Prices and Effective Dates may not be set forth in the table above, in which case:

- (i) if the ADS Price is between two ADS Prices in the table above or the Effective Date is between two Effective Dates in the table, the number of Additional ADSs shall be determined by a straight-line interpolation between the number of Additional ADSs set forth for the higher and lower ADS Prices and the earlier and later Effective Dates, as applicable, based on a 365-day year;
- (ii) if the ADS Price is greater than US\$400.00 per ADS (subject to adjustment in the same manner as the ADS Prices set forth in the column headings of the table above pursuant to subsection (d) above), no Additional ADSs shall be added to the Conversion Rate; and
- (iii) if the ADS Price is less than US\$75.01 per ADS (subject to adjustment in the same manner as the ADS Prices set forth in the column headings of the table above pursuant to subsection (d) above), no Additional ADSs shall be added to the Conversion Rate.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no event shall the Conversion Rate per US\$1,000 principal amount of Notes exceed 13.3315 ADSs, subject to adjustment in the same manner as the Conversion Rate pursuant to Section 14.04.

(f) Nothing in this Section 14.03 shall prevent an adjustment to the Conversion Rate pursuant to Section 14.04.

(g) If the Holder elects to convert its Notes in connection with the Company's election to redeem the Notes in respect of a Change in Tax Law pursuant to Section 16.01, the

Conversion Rate shall be increased by a number of additional ADSs determined pursuant to this Section 14.03(g). The Company shall settle conversions of Notes as described in Section 14.02 and, for the avoidance of doubt, pay Additional Amounts, if any, with respect to any such conversion.

A conversion shall be deemed to be in connection with the Company's election to redeem the Notes in respect of a Change in Tax Law if such conversion occurs during the period from, and including, the date the Company provides the related notice of redemption to Holders until the close of business on the Business Day immediately preceding the Redemption Date (or, if the Company fails to pay the Redemption Price, such later date on which the Company pays the Redemption Price).

Simultaneously with providing such notice of redemption, the Company shall publish a notice containing this information in a newspaper of general circulation in The City of New York or publish the information on the Company's website or through such other public medium as the Company may use at that time.

The number of additional ADSs by which the Conversion Rate will be increased in the event the Company elects to redeem the Notes in respect of a Change in Tax Law will be determined by reference to the table in clause (e) above based on the Redemption Reference Date and the Redemption Reference Price (each as defined below), but determined for purposes of this Section 14.03(g) as if (x) the Holder had elected to convert its Notes in connection with a Make-Whole Fundamental Change, (y) the applicable "Redemption Reference Date" were the "Effective Date" as specified in clause (c) above and (z) the applicable "Redemption Reference Price" were the "ADS price" as specified in clause (c) above. For this purpose, the date on which the Company delivers notice of redemption is the "**Redemption Reference Date**" and the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the ADSs over the five Trading Day immediately preceding, the date the Company delivers such notice of redemption is the "**Redemption Reference Price**".

Section 14.04. Adjustment of Conversion Rate. If the number of Ordinary Shares represented by the ADSs is changed, after the date of this Indenture, for any reason other than one or more of the events described in this Section 14.04, the Company shall make an appropriate adjustment to the Conversion Rate such that the number of Ordinary Shares represented by the ADSs upon which conversion of the Notes is based remains the same.

Notwithstanding the adjustment provisions described in this Section 14.04, if the Company distributes to holders of the Ordinary Shares any cash, rights, options, warrants, shares of Capital Stock or similar equity interest, evidences of indebtedness or other assets or property of the Company (but excluding Expiring Rights) and a corresponding distribution is not made to holders of the ADSs, but, instead, the ADSs shall represent, in addition to Ordinary Shares, such cash, rights, options, warrants, shares of Capital Stock or similar equity interest, evidences of indebtedness or other assets or property of the Company, then an adjustment to the Conversion Rate described in this Section 14.04 shall not be made until and unless a corresponding distribution (if any) is made to holders of the ADSs, and such adjustment to the Conversion Rate shall be based on the distribution made to the holders of the ADSs and not on the distribution made to the holders of the Ordinary Shares. However, in the event that the Company issues or

distributes to all holders of the Ordinary Shares any Expiring Rights, notwithstanding the immediately preceding sentence, the Company shall adjust the Conversion Rate pursuant to Section 14.04(b) (in the case of Expiring Rights entitling holders of the Ordinary Shares for a period of not more than 45 calendar days after the announcement date of such issuance to subscribe for or purchase Ordinary Shares or ADSs) or Section 14.04(c) (in the case of all other Expiring Rights).

For the avoidance of doubt, if any event described in this Section 14.04 results in a change to the number of Ordinary Shares represented by the ADSs, then such a change shall be deemed to satisfy the Company's obligation to effect the relevant adjustment to the Conversion Rate on account of such an event to the extent to which such change reflects what a corresponding change to the Conversion Rate would have been on account of such an event.

The Conversion Rate shall be adjusted from time to time by the Company if any of the following events occurs, except that the Company shall not make any adjustments to the Conversion Rate if Holders of the Notes participate (other than in the case of a share split or share combination), at the same time and upon the same terms as holders of the ADSs and solely as a result of holding the Notes, in any of the transactions described in this Section 14.04, without having to convert their Notes, as if they held a number of ADSs equal to the Conversion Rate, multiplied by the principal amount (expressed in thousands) of Notes held by such Holder. Neither the Trustee nor the Conversion Agent shall have any responsibility to monitor the accuracy of any calculation of adjustment of the Conversion Rate and the same shall be conclusive and binding on the Holders, absent manifest error. Notice of such adjustment to the Conversion Rate shall be given by the Company promptly to the Holders, the Trustee and the Paying Agent and Conversion Agent and shall be conclusive and binding on the Holders, absent manifest error.

(a) If the Company exclusively issues Ordinary Shares as a dividend or distribution on the Ordinary Shares, or if the Company effects a share split or share combination, the Conversion Rate shall be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{OS_1}{OS_0}$$

where,

CR_0 = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the close of business on the Record Date for the ADSs of such dividend or distribution, or immediately prior to the open of business on the effective date of such share split or share combination, as applicable;

CR_1 = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the close of business on such Record Date or immediately after the open of business on such effective date, as applicable;

OS ₀	=	the number of Ordinary Shares outstanding immediately prior to the close of business on such Record Date or immediately prior to the open of business on such effective date, as applicable; and
OS ₁	=	the number of Ordinary Shares outstanding immediately after giving effect to such dividend, distribution, share split or share combination.

Any adjustment made under this Section 14.04(a) shall become effective immediately after the close of business on the Record Date for the ADSs for such dividend or distribution, or immediately after the open of business on the effective date for such share split or share combination, as applicable. If any dividend or distribution of the type described in this Section 14.04(a) is declared but not so paid or made, the Conversion Rate shall be immediately readjusted, effective as of the date the Board of Directors determines not to pay such dividend or distribution, to the Conversion Rate that would then be in effect if such dividend or distribution had not been declared.

(b) If the Company issues to all or substantially all holders of the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) any rights, options or warrants entitling them, for a period of not more than 45 calendar days after the announcement date of such issuance, to subscribe for or purchase Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) at a price per Ordinary Share that is less than the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the Ordinary Shares or the ADSs, as the case may be (*divided by*, in the case of the ADSs, the number of Ordinary Shares then represented by one ADS), for the 10 consecutive Trading Day period ending on, and including, the Trading Day immediately preceding the date of announcement of such issuance, the Conversion Rate shall be increased based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{OS_0 + X}{OS_0 + Y}$$

where,

CR₀ = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the close of business on the Record Date for the ADSs for such issuance;

CR₁ = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the close of business on such Record Date;

OS₀ = the number of Ordinary Shares outstanding immediately prior to the close of business on such Record Date;

X = the total number of Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) deliverable pursuant to such rights, options or warrants; and

Y = the number of Ordinary Shares equal to (i) the aggregate price payable to exercise such rights, options or warrants, *divided by* (ii) the quotient of (a) the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the ADSs over the 10 consecutive Trading Day period ending on, and including, the Trading Day immediately preceding the date

of announcement of the issuance of such rights, options or warrants *divided by* (b) the number of Ordinary Shares then represented by one ADS.

Any increase made under this Section 14.04(b) shall be made successively whenever any such rights, options or warrants are issued and shall become effective immediately after the close of business on the Record Date for the ADSs for such issuance. To the extent that Ordinary Shares or ADSs are not delivered after the expiration of such rights, options or warrants, the Conversion Rate shall be decreased to the Conversion Rate that would then be in effect had the increase with respect to the issuance of such rights, options or warrants been made on the basis of delivery of only the number of Ordinary Shares actually delivered (directly or in the form of ADSs). If such rights, options or warrants are not so issued, the Conversion Rate shall be decreased to the Conversion Rate that would then be in effect if such the Record Date for the ADSs for such issuance had not occurred.

For purposes of this Section 14.04(b), in determining whether any rights, options or warrants entitle the holders to subscribe for or purchase Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) at a price per Ordinary Share that is less than such average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the Ordinary Shares or the ADSs, as the case may be (*divided by*, in the case of the ADSs, the number of Ordinary Shares then represented by one ADS), for the 10 consecutive Trading Day period ending on, and including, the Trading Day immediately preceding the date of announcement for such issuance, and in determining the aggregate offering price of such Ordinary Shares or ADSs, there shall be taken into account any consideration received by the Company for such rights, options or warrants and any amount payable on exercise or conversion thereof, the value of such consideration, if other than cash, to be determined by the Board of Directors.

(c) If the Company distributes shares of its Capital Stock, evidences of its indebtedness, other assets or property of the Company or rights, options or warrants to acquire its Capital Stock or other securities, to all or substantially all holders of the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs), excluding (i) dividends, distributions or issuances as to which an adjustment was effected pursuant to Section 14.04(a) or Section 14.04(b), (ii) dividends or distributions paid exclusively in cash as to which an adjustment was effected pursuant to Section 14.04(d), and (iii) Spin-Offs as to which the provisions set forth below in this Section 14.04(c) shall apply (any of such shares of Capital Stock, evidences of indebtedness, other assets or property or rights, options or warrants to acquire Capital Stock or other securities of the Company, the "**Distributed Property**"), then the Conversion Rate shall be increased based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{SP_0}{SP_0 - FMV}$$

where,

CR_0 = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the close of business on the Record Date for the ADSs for such distribution;

CR ₁	=	the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the close of business on such Record Date;
SP ₀	=	the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the ADSs (<i>divided by</i> the number of Ordinary Shares then represented by one ADS) over the 10 consecutive Trading Day period ending on, and including, the Trading Day immediately preceding the Ex-Dividend Date for such distribution; and
FMV	=	the fair market value (as determined by the Board of Directors) of the Distributed Property with respect to each outstanding Ordinary Share (directly or in the form of ADSs) on the Record Date for the ADSs for such distribution.

Any increase made under the portion of this Section 14.04(c) above shall become effective immediately after the close of business on the Record Date for the ADSs for such distribution. If such distribution is not so paid or made, the Conversion Rate shall be decreased to the Conversion Rate that would then be in effect if such distribution had not been declared. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if “FMV” (as defined above) is equal to or greater than “SP₀” (as defined above), in lieu of the foregoing increase, each Holder of a Note shall receive, in respect of each US\$1,000 principal amount thereof, at the same time and upon the same terms as holders of the ADSs receive the Distributed Property, the amount and kind of Distributed Property such Holder would have received if such Holder owned a number of ADSs equal to the Conversion Rate in effect on the Record Date for the ADSs for the distribution.

With respect to an adjustment pursuant to this Section 14.04(c) where there has been a payment of a dividend or other distribution on the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) of shares of Capital Stock of any class or series, or similar equity interest, of or relating to a Subsidiary or other business unit of the Company, that are, or, when issued, will be, listed or admitted for trading on a U.S. national securities exchange (a “Spin-Off”), the Conversion Rate shall be increased based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{FMV_0 + MP_0}{MP_0}$$

where,

CR ₀	=	the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the end of the Valuation Period;
CR ₁	=	the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the end of the Valuation Period;
FMV ₀	=	the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the Capital Stock or similar equity interest distributed to holders of the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) applicable to one Ordinary Share (determined by reference to the definition of Last Reported Sale Price as set forth in Section 1.01 as if references therein to the ADSs were to such Capital Stock or similar equity interest) over the first 10 consecutive Trading Day period after, and including, the Ex-Dividend Date of the Spin-Off (the “Valuation Period”); and

MP₀ = the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the ADSs (*divided by* the number of Ordinary Shares then represented by one ADS) over the Valuation Period.

The adjustment to the Conversion Rate under the preceding paragraph shall occur on the last Trading Day of the Valuation Period; *provided* that in respect of any conversion during the Valuation Period, references in the portion of this Section 14.04(c) related to Spin-Offs to 10 Trading Days shall be deemed to be replaced with such lesser number of Trading Days as have elapsed from, and including, the Ex-Dividend Date of such Spin-Off to, and including, the Conversion Date in determining the Conversion Rate.

For purposes of this Section 14.04(c) (and subject in all respect to Section 14.11), rights, options or warrants distributed by the Company to all holders of the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) entitling them to subscribe for or purchase shares of the Company's Capital Stock, including Ordinary Shares (either initially or under certain circumstances), which rights, options or warrants, until the occurrence of a specified event or events ("Trigger Event"): (i) are deemed to be transferred with such Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs); (ii) are not exercisable; and (iii) are also issued in respect of future issuances of the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs), shall be deemed not to have been distributed for purposes of this Section 14.04(c) (and no adjustment to the Conversion Rate under this Section 14.04(c) will be required) until the occurrence of the earliest Trigger Event, whereupon such rights, options or warrants shall be deemed to have been distributed and an appropriate adjustment (if any is required) to the Conversion Rate shall be made under this Section 14.04(c). If any such right, option or warrant, including any such existing rights, options or warrants distributed prior to the date of this Indenture, are subject to events, upon the occurrence of which such rights, options or warrants become exercisable to purchase different securities, evidences of indebtedness or other assets, then the date of the occurrence of any and each such event shall be deemed to be the date of distribution and Record Date with respect to new rights, options or warrants with such rights (in which case the existing rights, options or warrants shall be deemed to terminate and expire on such date without exercise by any of the holders thereof). In addition, in the event of any distribution (or deemed distribution) of rights, options or warrants, or any Trigger Event or other event (of the type described in the immediately preceding sentence) with respect thereto that was counted for purposes of calculating a distribution amount for which an adjustment to the Conversion Rate under this Section 14.04(c) was made, (1) in the case of any such rights, options or warrants that shall all have been redeemed or purchased without exercise by any holders thereof, upon such final redemption or purchase (x) the Conversion Rate shall be readjusted as if such rights, options or warrants had not been issued and (y) the Conversion Rate shall then again be readjusted to give effect to such distribution, deemed distribution or Trigger Event, as the case may be, as though it were a cash distribution, equal to the per Ordinary Share redemption or purchase price received by a holder or holders of Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) with respect to such rights, options or warrants (assuming such holder had retained such rights, options or warrants), made to all holders of Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) as of the date of such redemption or purchase, and (2) in the case of such rights, options or warrants that shall have expired or been terminated without exercise by any holders thereof, the Conversion Rate shall be readjusted as if such rights, options and warrants had not been issued.

For purposes of Section 14.04(a), Section 14.04(b) and this Section 14.04(c), if any dividend or distribution to which this Section 14.04(c) is applicable also includes one or both of:

(A) a dividend or distribution of Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) to which Section 14.04(a) is applicable (the “**Clause A Distribution**”); or

(B) a dividend or distribution of rights, options or warrants to which Section 14.04(b) is applicable (the “**Clause B Distribution**”),

then (1) such dividend or distribution, other than the Clause A Distribution and the Clause B Distribution, shall be deemed to be a dividend or distribution to which this Section 14.04(c) is applicable (the “**Clause C Distribution**”) and any Conversion Rate adjustment required by this Section 14.04(c) with respect to such Clause C Distribution shall then be made, and (2) the Clause A Distribution and Clause B Distribution shall be deemed to immediately follow the Clause C Distribution and any Conversion Rate adjustment required by Section 14.04(a) and Section 14.04(b) with respect thereto shall then be made, except that, if determined by the Company (I) the “Record Date” of the Clause A Distribution and the Clause B Distribution shall be deemed to be the Record Date of the Clause C Distribution and (II) any Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) included in the Clause A Distribution or Clause B Distribution shall be deemed not to be “outstanding immediately prior to the close of business on such Record Date or immediately after the open of business on such effective date, as applicable” within the meaning of Section 14.04(a) or “outstanding immediately prior to the close of business on such Record Date” within the meaning of Section 14.04(b).

(d) If any cash dividend or distribution is made to all or substantially all holders of the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs), the Conversion Rate shall be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{SP_0}{SP_0 - C}$$

where,

CR_0 = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the close of business on the Record Date for the ADSs for such dividend or distribution;

CR_1 = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the close of business on such Record Date;

SP_0 = the Last Reported Sale Price of the ADSs (*divided by* the number of Ordinary Shares then represented by one ADS) on the Trading Day immediately preceding the Ex-Dividend Date for such dividend or distribution; and

C = the amount in cash per Ordinary Share the Company distributes to all or substantially all holders of the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs).

Any increase pursuant to this Section 14.04(d) shall become effective immediately after the close of business on the Record Date for the ADSs for such dividend or distribution. If such dividend or distribution is not so paid, the Conversion Rate shall be decreased, effective as of the date the Board of Directors determines not to make or pay such dividend or distribution, to be the Conversion Rate that would then be in effect if such dividend or distribution had not been declared. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if “C” (as defined above) is equal to or greater than “SP₀” (as defined above), in lieu of the foregoing increase, each Holder of a Note shall receive, for each US\$1,000 principal amount of Notes, at the same time and upon the same terms as holders of the ADSs, the amount of cash that such Holder would have received if such Holder owned a number of ADSs equal to the Conversion Rate on the Record Date for the ADSs for such cash dividend or distribution.

(e) If the Company or any of its Subsidiaries make a payment in respect of a tender or exchange offer for the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs), to the extent that the cash and value of any other consideration included in the payment per Ordinary Share exceeds the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the ADSs (*divided by* the number of Ordinary Shares then represented by one ADS) over the 10 consecutive Trading Day period commencing on, and including, the Trading Day next succeeding the date such tender or exchange offer expires, the Conversion Rate shall be increased based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{AC + (SP_1 \times OS_1)}{OS_0 \times SP_1}$$

where,

- CR₀ = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the close of business on the 10th Trading Day immediately following, and including, the Trading Day next succeeding the date such tender or exchange offer expires;
- CR₁ = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the close of business on the 10th Trading Day immediately following, and including, the Trading Day next succeeding the date such tender or exchange offer expires;
- AC = the aggregate value of all cash and any other consideration (as determined by the Board of Directors) paid or payable for Ordinary Shares or ADSs, as the case may be, purchased in such tender or exchange offer;
- OS₀ = the number of Ordinary Shares outstanding immediately prior to the date such tender or exchange offer expires (prior to giving effect to the purchase of all Ordinary Shares or ADSs, as the case may be, accepted for purchase or exchange in such tender or exchange offer);
- OS₁ = the number of Ordinary Shares outstanding immediately after the date such tender or exchange offer expires (after giving effect to the purchase of all Ordinary Shares or ADSs, as the case may be, accepted for purchase or exchange in such tender or exchange offer); and

SP₁ = the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the ADSs (*divided by* the number of Ordinary Shares then represented by one ADS) over the 10 consecutive Trading Day period commencing on, and including, the Trading Day next succeeding the date such tender or exchange offer expires.

The adjustment to the Conversion Rate under this Section 14.04(e) shall occur at the close of business on the 10th Trading Day immediately following, and including, the Trading Day next succeeding the date such tender or exchange offer expires; *provided* that in respect of any conversion within the 10 Trading Days immediately following, and including, the expiration date of any tender or exchange offer, references in this Section 14.04(e) with respect to 10 Trading Days shall be deemed replaced with such lesser number of Trading Days as have elapsed from, and including, the Trading Day next succeeding the expiration date of such tender or exchange offer to, and including, the Conversion Date in determining the Conversion Rate. For the avoidance of doubt, no adjustment to the Conversion Rate under this Section 14.04(e) shall be made if such adjustment would result in a decrease in the Conversion Rate.

(f) [Reserved]

(g) Except as stated herein, the Company shall not adjust the Conversion Rate for the issuance of Ordinary Shares or ADSs or any securities convertible into or exchangeable for Ordinary Shares or ADSs or the right to purchase Ordinary Shares or ADSs or such convertible or exchangeable securities.

(h) In addition to those adjustments required by clauses (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) of this Section 14.04, and to the extent permitted by applicable law and subject to the applicable rules of The NASDAQ Global Select Market and any other securities exchange on which any of the Company's securities are then listed, the Company from time to time may increase the Conversion Rate by any amount for a period of at least 20 Business Days if the Board of Directors determines that such increase would be in the Company's best interest, and the Company may (but is not required to) increase the Conversion Rate to avoid or diminish any income tax to holders of the Ordinary Shares or the ADSs or rights to purchase Ordinary Shares or ADSs in connection with a dividend or distribution of Ordinary Shares or ADSs (or rights to acquire Ordinary Shares or ADSs) or similar event.

(i) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Article 14, the Conversion Rate shall not be adjusted:

(i) upon the issuance of any Ordinary Shares or ADSs pursuant to any present or future plan providing for the reinvestment of dividends or interest payable on the Company's securities and the investment of additional optional amounts in Ordinary Shares or ADSs under any plan;

(ii) upon the issuance of any Ordinary Shares or ADSs or options or rights to purchase those Ordinary Shares or ADSs pursuant to any present or future employee, director or consultant benefit plan or program of or assumed by the Company or any of the Company's Subsidiaries;

(iii) upon the issuance of any Ordinary Shares or ADSs pursuant to any option, warrant, right or exercisable, exchangeable or convertible security not described in clause (ii) of this subsection and outstanding as of the date the Notes were first issued;

- (iv) solely for a change in the par value of the Ordinary Shares or ADSs; or
- (v) for accrued and unpaid interest, if any.

(j) All calculations and other determinations under this Article 14 shall be made by the Company and shall be made to the nearest one-ten thousandth (1/10,000) of an ADS.

(k) Whenever the Conversion Rate is adjusted as herein provided, the Company shall promptly file with the Trustee (and the Conversion Agent if not the Trustee) an Officers' Certificate setting forth the Conversion Rate after such adjustment and setting forth a brief statement of the facts requiring such adjustment. Unless and until a Responsible Officer of the Trustee shall have received such Officers' Certificate, the Trustee shall not be deemed to have knowledge of any adjustment of the Conversion Rate and may assume without inquiry that the last Conversion Rate of which it has knowledge is still in effect. Promptly after delivery of such certificate, the Company shall prepare a notice of such adjustment of the Conversion Rate setting forth the adjusted Conversion Rate and the date on which each adjustment becomes effective and shall mail such notice of such adjustment of the Conversion Rate to each Holder at its last address appearing on the Note Register of this Indenture. Failure to deliver such notice shall not affect the legality or validity of any such adjustment.

(l) For purposes of this Section 14.04, the number of Ordinary Shares at any time outstanding shall not include Ordinary Shares held in the treasury of the Company (directly or in the form of ADSs) so long as the Company does not pay any dividend or make any distribution on Ordinary Shares held in the treasury of the Company (directly or in the form of ADSs), but shall include Ordinary Shares issuable in respect of scrip certificates issued in lieu of fractions of Ordinary Shares.

(m) For purposes of this Section 14.04, the "effective date" means the first date on which the ADSs trade on the applicable exchange or in the applicable market, regular way, reflecting the relevant share split or share combination, as applicable.

Section 14.05. *Adjustments of Prices.* Whenever any provision of this Indenture requires the Company to calculate the Last Reported Sale Prices or the ADS Price for purposes of a Make-Whole Fundamental Change over a span of multiple days, the Board of Directors shall make appropriate adjustments to each to account for any adjustment to the Conversion Rate that becomes effective pursuant to Section 14.04, or any event requiring an adjustment to the Conversion Rate pursuant to Section 14.04 where the Record Date, effective date or expiration date, as the case may be, of the event occurs, at any time during the period when such Last Reported Sale Prices or ADS Prices are to be calculated.

Section 14.06. *Ordinary Shares to Be Fully Paid.* The Company shall provide, free from preemptive rights, out of its authorized but unissued Ordinary Shares or Ordinary Shares held in treasury, a sufficient number of Ordinary Shares that corresponds to the number of ADSs due upon conversion of the Notes from time to time as such Notes are presented for conversion

(assuming that at the time of computation of such number of Ordinary Shares, all such Notes would be converted by a single Holder).

Section 14.07. Effect of Recapitalizations, Reclassifications and Changes of the Ordinary Shares.

(a) In the case of:

- (i) any recapitalization, reclassification or change of the Ordinary Shares (other than changes resulting from a subdivision or combination),
- (ii) any consolidation, merger, combination or similar transaction involving the Company,
- (iii) any sale, lease or other transfer to a third party of the consolidated assets of the Company and the Company's Subsidiaries substantially as an entirety or
- (iv) any statutory share exchange,

in each case, as a result of which the ADS would be converted into, or exchanged for, stock, other securities, other property or assets (including cash or any combination thereof) (any such event, a "**Merger Event**"), then, prior to or at the effective time of such Merger Event, the Company or the successor or purchasing Person, as the case may be, shall execute with the Trustee a supplemental indenture permitted under Section 10.01(f) providing that, at and after the effective time of such Merger Event, the right to convert each US\$1,000 principal amount of Notes shall be changed into a right to convert such principal amount of Notes into the kind and amount of shares of stock, other securities or other property or assets (including cash or any combination thereof) that a holder of a number of ADSs equal to the Conversion Rate immediately prior to such Merger Event would have owned or been entitled to receive (the "**Reference Property**", with each "**unit of Reference Property**" meaning the kind and amount of Reference Property that a holder of one ADS is entitled to receive) upon such Merger Event; *provided, however*, that at and after the effective time of the Merger Event the number of ADSs otherwise deliverable upon conversion of the Notes in accordance with Section 14.02 shall instead be deliverable in the amount and type of Reference Property that a holder of that number of ADSs would have been entitled to receive in such Merger Event.

If the Merger Event causes the ADSs to be converted into, or exchanged for, the right to receive more than a single type of consideration (determined based in part upon any form of holder election), then (i) the Reference Property into which the Notes will be convertible shall be deemed to be the weighted average of the types and amounts of consideration received by the holders of ADSs that affirmatively make such an election, and (ii) the unit of Reference Property for purposes of the immediately preceding paragraph shall refer to the consideration referred to in clause (i) attributable to one ADS. The Company shall provide written notice to Holders, the Trustee and the Conversion Agent (if other than the Trustee) of such weighted average as soon as practicable after such determination is made.

Such supplemental indenture described in the second immediately preceding paragraph shall provide for anti-dilution and other adjustments that shall be as nearly equivalent as is

practicable to the adjustments provided for in this Article 14 (it being understood that no such adjustments shall be required with respect to any portion of the Reference Property that does not consist of shares of Common Equity (however evidenced) or depositary receipts in respect thereof). If, in the case of any Merger Event, the Reference Property includes shares of stock, securities or other property or assets (including cash or any combination thereof) of a Person other than the Company or the successor or purchasing Person, as the case may be, in such Merger Event, then such other Person shall also execute such supplemental indenture, and such supplemental indenture shall contain such additional provisions to protect the interests of the Holders of the Notes, including the right of Holders to require the Company to repurchase their Notes upon a Fundamental Change pursuant to Section 15.02 and the right of Holders to require the Company to repurchase their Notes on the Repurchase Date pursuant to Section 15.01, as the Board of Directors shall reasonably consider necessary by reason of the foregoing.

(b) [RESERVED]

(c) The Company shall not become a party to any Merger Event unless its terms are consistent with this Section 14.07. None of the foregoing provisions shall affect the right of a holder of Notes to convert its Notes into ADSs as set forth in Section 14.01 and Section 14.02 prior to the effective date of such Merger Event.

(d) The above provisions of this Section shall similarly apply to successive Merger Events.

Section 14.08. *Certain Covenants.* (a) The Company covenants that all ADSs delivered upon conversion of Notes, and all Ordinary Shares represented by such ADSs, will be fully paid and non-assessable by the Company and free from all taxes, liens and charges with respect to the issue thereof.

(b) The Company covenants that, if any ADSs to be provided for the purpose of conversion of Notes hereunder, or any Ordinary Shares represented by such ADSs, require registration with or approval of any governmental authority under any federal or state law before such ADSs may be validly issued upon conversion, the Company will, to the extent then permitted by the rules and interpretations of the Commission, secure such registration or approval, as the case may be.

(c) The Company further covenants that if at any time the ADSs shall be listed on any national securities exchange or automated quotation system the Company will list and keep listed, so long as the ADSs shall be so listed on such exchange or automated quotation system, any ADSs deliverable upon conversion of the Notes.

(d) The Company further covenants to take all actions and obtain all approvals and registrations required with respect to the conversion of the Notes into ADSs and the issuance, and deposit into the ADS facility, of the Ordinary Shares represented by such ADSs. The Company also undertakes to maintain, as long as any Notes are outstanding, the effectiveness of a registration statement on Form F-6 relating to the ADSs and an adequate number of ADSs available for issuance thereunder such that ADSs can be delivered in accordance with the terms of this Indenture, the Notes and the Deposit Agreement upon conversion of the Notes. In

addition, the Company further covenants to provide Holders with a reasonably detailed description of the mechanics for the delivery of ADSs upon conversion of Notes as set forth in the Deposit Agreement upon request.

Section 14.09. Responsibility of Trustee. The Trustee and any other Conversion Agent shall not at any time be under any duty or responsibility to any Holder to determine the Conversion Rate (or any adjustment thereto) or whether any facts exist that may require any adjustment (including any increase) of the Conversion Rate, or with respect to the nature or extent or calculation of any such adjustment when made, or with respect to the method employed, or herein or in any supplemental indenture provided to be employed, in making the same. The Trustee and any other Conversion Agent shall not be accountable with respect to the validity or value (or the kind or amount) of any ADSs, or of any securities, property or cash that may at any time be issued or delivered upon the conversion of any Note; and the Trustee and any other Conversion Agent make no representations with respect thereto. Neither the Trustee nor any Conversion Agent shall be responsible for any failure of the Company to issue, transfer or deliver any ADSs or stock certificates or other securities or property or cash upon the surrender of any Note for the purpose of conversion, the accuracy or inaccuracy of any mathematical calculation or formulae under this Indenture, whether by the Company or any Person so authorized by the Company for such purpose under this Indenture or the failure by the Company to comply with any of the duties, responsibilities or covenants of the Company contained in this Article. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, neither the Trustee nor any Conversion Agent shall be under any responsibility to determine the correctness of any provisions contained in any supplemental indenture entered into pursuant to Section 14.07 relating either to the kind or amount of ADSs or securities or property (including cash) receivable by Holders upon the conversion of their Notes after any event referred to in such Section 14.07 or to any adjustment to be made with respect thereto, but, subject to the provisions of Section 7.01, may accept (without any independent investigation) as conclusive evidence of the correctness of any such provisions, and shall be protected in relying upon, the Officers' Certificate (which the Company shall be obligated to file with the Trustee prior to the execution of any such supplemental indenture) with respect thereto.

Section 14.10. Notice to Holders Prior to Certain Actions. In case of any:

- (a) action by the Company or one of its Subsidiaries that would require an adjustment in the Conversion Rate pursuant to Section 14.04 or Section 14.11;
- (b) Merger Event; or
- (c) voluntary or involuntary dissolution, liquidation or winding-up of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries;

then, in each case (unless notice of such event is otherwise required pursuant to another provision of this Indenture), the Company shall cause to be filed with the Trustee and the Conversion Agent (if other than the Trustee) and to be mailed to each Holder at its address appearing on the Note Register, as promptly as possible but in any event at least 20 days prior to the applicable date hereinafter specified, a notice stating (i) the date on which a record is to be taken for the purpose of such action by the Company or one of its Subsidiaries or, if a record is

not to be taken, the date as of which the holders of Ordinary Shares or ADSs, as the case may be, of record are to be determined for the purposes of such action by the Company or one of its Subsidiaries, or (ii) the date on which such Merger Event, dissolution, liquidation or winding-up is expected to become effective or occur, and the date as of which it is expected that holders of Ordinary Shares or ADSs, as the case may be, of record shall be entitled to exchange their Ordinary Shares or ADSs, as the case may be, for securities or other property deliverable upon such Merger Event, dissolution, liquidation or winding-up. Failure to give such notice, or any defect therein, shall not affect the legality or validity of such action by the Company or one of its Subsidiaries, Merger Event, dissolution, liquidation or winding-up.

Section 14.11. Stockholder Rights Plans. To the extent that the Company has a rights plan in effect upon conversion of the Notes, each ADS delivered upon such conversion shall be entitled to receive (either directly or in respect of the Ordinary Shares underlying such ADSs) the appropriate number of rights, if any, and the certificates representing the ADSs delivered upon such conversion shall bear such legends, if any, in each case as may be provided by the terms of any such stockholder rights plan, as the same may be amended from time to time. However, if, prior to any conversion, the rights have separated from the Ordinary Shares underlying the ADSs in accordance with the provisions of the applicable stockholder rights plan, the Conversion Rate shall be adjusted at the time of separation as if the Company distributed to all or substantially all holders of the Ordinary Shares Distributed Property as provided in Section 14.04(c), subject to readjustment in the event of the expiration, termination or redemption of such rights.

Section 14.12. Termination of Depositary Receipt Program. If the Ordinary Shares cease to be represented by American Depository Shares issued under a depositary receipt program sponsored by the Company, all references in this Indenture to the ADSs shall be deemed to have been replaced by a reference to the number of Ordinary Shares (and other property, if any) represented by the ADSs on the last day on which the ADSs represented the Ordinary Shares and as if the Ordinary Shares and the other property had been distributed to holders of the ADSs on that day. In addition, all references to the Last Reported Sale Price of the ADSs will be deemed to refer to the Last Reported Sale Price of the Ordinary Shares, and other appropriate adjustments, including adjustments to the Conversion Rate, will be made to reflect such change. In making such adjustments, where currency translations between U.S. dollars and any other currency are required, the exchange rate in effect on the date of determination will apply.

ARTICLE 15 REPURCHASE OF NOTES AT OPTION OF HOLDERS

Section 15.01. Repurchase at Option of Holders.

(a) Each Holder shall have the right, at such Holder's option, to require the Company to repurchase for cash on July 1, 2020 (the "Repurchase Date"), all of such Holder's Notes, or any portion thereof that is an integral multiple of US\$1,000 principal amount, at a repurchase price (the "Repurchase Price") that is equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes to be repurchased, *plus* accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the Repurchase Date; *provided* that any such accrued and unpaid interest shall be paid not to the Holders submitting the Notes for repurchase on the Repurchase Date but instead to the Holders of such Notes at the close of

business on the Regular Record Date immediately preceding the Repurchase Date. Not later than 20 Business Days prior to the Repurchase Date, the Company shall mail a notice (the “**Company Notice**”) by first class mail to the Trustee, to the Paying Agent and to each Holder at its address shown in the Note Register of the Note Registrar (and to beneficial owners as required by applicable law). The Company Notice shall include a form of Repurchase Notice to be completed by a holder and shall state:

- (i) the last date on which a Holder may exercise its repurchase right pursuant to this Section 15.01 (the “**Repurchase Expiration Time**”);
- (ii) the Repurchase Price;
- (iii) the Repurchase Date;
- (iv) the name and address of the Conversion Agent and Paying Agent;
- (v) that the Notes with respect to which a Repurchase Notice has been delivered by a Holder may be converted only if the Holder withdraws the Repurchase Notice in accordance with the terms of this Indenture;
- (vi) that the Holder shall have the right to withdraw any Notes surrendered prior to the Repurchase Expiration Time; and
- (vii) the procedures a Holder must follow to exercise its repurchase rights under this Section 15.01 and a brief description of those rights.

At the Company’s request, the Trustee shall give such notice in the Company’s name and at the Company’s expense; *provided, however,* that, in all cases, the text of such Company Notice shall be prepared by the Company.

Simultaneously with providing the Company Notice, the Company shall publish a notice containing the information included in the Company Notice in a newspaper of general circulation in The City of New York or publish such information on the Company’s website or through such other public medium as the Company may use at that time.

No failure of the Company to give the foregoing notices and no defect therein shall limit the Holders’ repurchase rights or affect the validity of the proceedings for the repurchase of the Notes pursuant to this Section 15.01.

Repurchases of Notes under this Section 15.01 shall be made, at the option of the Holder thereof, upon:

- (A) delivery to the Trustee by the Holder of a duly completed notice (the “**Repurchase Notice**”) in the form set forth in Attachment 3 to the Form of Note attached hereto as Exhibit A, if the Notes are Physical Notes, or in compliance with the Depository’s procedures for surrendering interests in global notes, if the Notes are Global Notes, in each case during the period beginning at any time from the open business on the date that is 20 Business Days prior to

the Repurchase Date until the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Repurchase Date; and

(B) delivery of the Notes, if the Notes are Physical Notes, to the Trustee at any time after delivery of the Repurchase Notice (together with all necessary endorsements) at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee, or book-entry transfer of the Notes, if the Notes are Global Notes, in compliance with the procedures of the Depositary, in each case such delivery being a condition to receipt by the Holder of the Repurchase Price therefor.

Each Repurchase Notice shall state:

- (A) in the case of Physical Notes, the certificate numbers of the Notes to be delivered for repurchase;
- (B) the portion of the principal amount of the Notes to be repurchased, which must be US\$1,000 or an integral multiple thereof; and
- (C) that the Notes are to be repurchased by the Company pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Notes and this Indenture;

provided, however, that if the Notes are Global Notes, the Repurchase Notice must comply with appropriate Depositary procedures.

Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, any Holder delivering to the Trustee the Repurchase Notice contemplated by this Section 15.01 shall have the right to withdraw, in whole or in part, such Repurchase Notice at any time prior to the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Repurchase Date by delivery of a duly completed written notice of withdrawal to the Trustee in accordance with Section 15.03.

The Trustee shall promptly notify the Company of the receipt by it of any Repurchase Notice or written notice of withdrawal thereof.

No Repurchase Notice with respect to any Notes may be delivered and no Note may be surrendered for repurchase pursuant to this Section 15.01 by a Holder thereof to the extent such Holder has also delivered a Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice with respect to such Note in accordance with Section 15.02 and not validly withdrawn such Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice in accordance with Section 15.03.

(b) Notwithstanding the foregoing, no Notes may be repurchased by the Company at the option of the Holders on the Repurchase Date if the principal amount of the Notes has been accelerated, and such acceleration has not been rescinded, on or prior to such Repurchase Date (except in the case of an acceleration resulting from a default by the Company in the payment of the Repurchase Price with respect to such Notes). The Trustee will promptly return to the respective Holders thereof any Physical Notes held by it during the acceleration of the Notes (except in the case of an acceleration resulting from a default by the Company in the payment of the Repurchase Price with respect to such Notes), or any instructions for book-entry transfer of the Notes in compliance with the procedures of the Depositary shall be deemed to have been

cancelled, and, upon such return or cancellation, as the case may be, the Repurchase Notice with respect thereto shall be deemed to have been withdrawn.

Section 15.02. Repurchase at Option of Holders Upon a Fundamental Change. (a) If a Fundamental Change occurs at any time, each Holder shall have the right, at such Holder's option, to require the Company to repurchase for cash all of such Holder's Notes, or any portion thereof that is equal to US\$1,000 or an integral multiple of US\$1,000, on the date (the "**Fundamental Change Repurchase Date**") notified in writing by the Company as set forth in Section 15.02(c) that is not less than 20 Business Days or more than 35 Business Days following the date of the Fundamental Change Company Notice at a repurchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, *plus* accrued and unpaid interest thereon to, but excluding, the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date (the "**Fundamental Change Repurchase Price**"), unless the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date falls after a Regular Record Date but on or prior to the Interest Payment Date to which such Regular Record Date relates, in which case the Company shall instead pay the full amount of accrued and unpaid interest to Holders of record as of such Regular Record Date, and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price shall be equal to 100% of the principal amount of Notes to be repurchased pursuant to this Article 15.

(b) Repurchases of Notes under this Section 15.02 shall be made, at the option of the Holder thereof, upon:

(i) delivery to the Trustee by a Holder of a duly completed notice (the "**Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice**") in the form set forth in Attachment 2 to the Form of Note attached hereto as Exhibit A, if the Notes are Physical Notes, or in compliance with the Depositary's procedures for surrendering interests in global notes, if the Notes are Global Notes, in each case on or before the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date; and

(ii) delivery of the Notes, if the Notes are Physical Notes, to the Trustee at any time after delivery of the Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice (together with all necessary endorsements for transfer) at the Corporate Trust Office, or book-entry transfer of the Notes, if the Notes are Global Notes, in compliance with the procedures of the Depositary, in each case such delivery being a condition to receipt by the Holder of the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price therefor.

The Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice in respect of any Notes to be repurchased shall state:

- (i) in the case of Physical Notes, the certificate numbers of the Notes to be delivered for repurchase;
- (ii) the portion of the principal amount of Notes to be repurchased, which must be US\$1,000 or an integral multiple thereof; and
- (iii) that the Notes are to be repurchased by the Company pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Notes and this Indenture;

provided, however, that if the Notes are Global Notes, the Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice must comply with appropriate Depository procedures.

Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, any Holder delivering to the Trustee the Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice contemplated by this Section 15.02 shall have the right to withdraw, in whole or in part, such Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice at any time prior to the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date by delivery of a written notice of withdrawal to the Trustee in accordance with Section 15.03.

The Trustee shall promptly notify the Company of the receipt by it of any Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice or written notice of withdrawal thereof.

No Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice with respect to any Notes may be delivered and no Note may be surrendered by a Holder for repurchase thereof if such Holder has also surrendered a Repurchase Notice in accordance with Section 15.01 and not validly withdrawn such Repurchase Notice in accordance with Section 15.03.

(c) On or before the 20th calendar day after the occurrence of the effective date of a Fundamental Change, the Company shall provide to all Holders and the Trustee a written notice (the “**Fundamental Change Company Notice**”) of the occurrence of the effective date of the Fundamental Change and of the repurchase right at the option of the Holders arising as a result thereof. In the case of Physical Notes, such notice shall be by first class mail or, in the case of Global Notes, such notice shall be delivered in accordance with the applicable procedures of the Depository. Simultaneously with providing such notice, the Company shall publish a notice containing the information set forth in the Fundamental Change Company Notice in a newspaper of general circulation in The City of New York or publish such information on the Company’s website or through such other public medium as the Company may use at that time. Each Fundamental Change Company Notice shall specify:

- (i) the events causing the Fundamental Change;
- (ii) the date of the Fundamental Change;
- (iii) the last date on which a Holder may exercise the repurchase right pursuant to this Article 15;
- (iv) the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price;
- (v) the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date;
- (vi) the name and address of the Trustee;
- (vii) if applicable, the Conversion Rate and any adjustments to the Conversion Rate;
- (viii) that the Notes with respect to which a Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice has been delivered by a Holder may be converted only if the Holder withdraws the

Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice in accordance with the terms of this Indenture; and

- (ix) the procedures that Holders must follow to require the Company to repurchase their Notes.

No failure of the Company to give the foregoing notices and no defect therein shall limit the Holders' repurchase rights or affect the validity of the proceedings for the repurchase of the Notes pursuant to this Section 15.02.

At the Company's request, the Trustee shall give such notice in the Company's name and at the Company's expense; *provided, however,* that, in all cases, the text of such Fundamental Change Company Notice shall be prepared by the Company.

(d) Notwithstanding the foregoing, no Notes may be repurchased by the Company on any date at the option of the Holders upon a Fundamental Change if the principal amount of the Notes has been accelerated, and such acceleration has not been rescinded, on or prior to such date (except in the case of an acceleration resulting from a default by the Company in the payment of the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price with respect to such Notes). The Trustee will promptly return to the respective Holders thereof any Physical Notes held by it during the acceleration of the Notes (except in the case of an acceleration resulting from a default by the Company in the payment of the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price with respect to such Notes), or any instructions for book-entry transfer of the Notes in compliance with the procedures of the Depository shall be deemed to have been cancelled, and, upon such return or cancellation, as the case may be, the Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice with respect thereto shall be deemed to have been withdrawn.

Section 15.03. Withdrawal of Repurchase Notice or Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice. (a) A Repurchase Notice or Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice may be withdrawn (in whole or in part) by means of a duly completed written notice of withdrawal delivered to the Corporate Trust Office in accordance with this Section 15.03 at any time prior to the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Repurchase Date or prior to the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, as the case may be, specifying:

- (i) the principal amount of the Notes with respect to which such notice of withdrawal is being submitted,
- (ii) if Physical Notes have been issued, the certificate number of the Note in respect of which such notice of withdrawal is being submitted, and
- (iii) the principal amount, if any, of such Note that remains subject to the original Repurchase Notice or Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice, as the case may be, which portion must be in principal amounts of US\$1,000 or an integral multiple of US\$1,000;

provided, however, that if the Notes are Global Notes, the notice must comply with appropriate procedures of the Depository.

Section 15.04. Deposit of Repurchase Price or Fundamental Change Repurchase Price. (a) The Company will deposit with the Trustee (or other Paying Agent appointed by the Company, or if the Company is acting as its own Paying Agent, set aside, segregate and hold in trust as provided in Section 4.04) on or prior to 10:00 a.m., New York City time, on the Repurchase Date or Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, as the case may be, an amount of money sufficient to repurchase all of the Notes to be repurchased at the appropriate Repurchase Price or Fundamental Change Repurchase Price. Subject to receipt of funds and/or Notes by the Trustee (or other Paying Agent appointed by the Company), payment for Notes surrendered for repurchase (and not withdrawn in accordance with Section 15.03) will be made on the later of (i) the Repurchase Date or Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, as the case may be, (*provided* the Holder has satisfied the conditions in Section 15.01 or Section 15.02, as the case may be) and (ii) the time of book-entry transfer or the delivery of such Note to the Trustee (or other Paying Agent appointed by the Company) by the Holder thereof in the manner required by Section 15.01 or Section 15.02, as applicable, by mailing checks for the amount payable to the Holders of such Notes entitled thereto as they shall appear in the Note Register; *provided, however,* that payments to the Depository shall be made by wire transfer of immediately available funds to the account of the Depository or its nominee. The Trustee shall, promptly after such payment and upon written demand by the Company, return to the Company any funds in excess of the Repurchase Price or Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, as the case may be.

(b) If by 10:00 a.m., New York City time, on the Repurchase Date or Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, as the case may be, the Trustee (or other Paying Agent appointed by the Company) holds money sufficient to make payment on all the Notes or portions thereof that are to be repurchased on such Repurchase Date or Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, as the case may be, then, with respect to the Notes that have been properly surrendered for repurchase and not validly withdrawn, on such Repurchase Date or Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, as the case may be, (i) such Notes will cease to be outstanding, (ii) interest will cease to accrue on such Notes (whether or not book-entry transfer of the Notes has been made or the Notes have been delivered to the Trustee or Paying Agent) and (iii) all other rights of the Holders of such Notes will terminate (other than the right to receive the Repurchase Price or Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, as the case may be).

(c) Upon surrender of a Note that is to be repurchased in part pursuant to Section 15.01 or Section 15.02, the Company shall execute and instruct the Trustee who shall authenticate and deliver to the Holder a new Note in an authorized denomination equal in principal amount to the unrepurchased portion of the Note surrendered.

Section 15.05. Covenant to Comply with Applicable Laws Upon Repurchase of Notes. In connection with any repurchase offer, the Company will, if required:

- (a) comply with the provisions of Rule 13e-4, Rule 14e-1 and any other tender offer rules under the Exchange Act;
- (b) file a Schedule TO or other required schedule under the Exchange Act; and
- (c) otherwise comply with all federal and state securities laws in connection with any offer by the Company to repurchase the Notes;

in each case, so as to permit the rights and obligations under this Article 15 to be exercised in the time and in the manner specified in this Article 15.

ARTICLE 16 OPTIONAL REDEMPTION

Section 16.01. *Optional Redemption for Changes in the Tax Law of the Relevant Taxing Jurisdiction.* Other than as described in this Article 16, the Notes may not be redeemed by the Company at its option prior to maturity. If the Company has, or on the next Interest Payment Date would, become obligated to pay to the Holder of any Note Additional Amounts that are more than a *de minimis* amount, as a result of:

(a) any change or amendment on or after June 18, 2015 (or, in the case of a jurisdiction that becomes a Relevant Taxing Jurisdiction after such date, after such later date) in the laws or any rules or regulations of a Relevant Taxing Jurisdiction; or

(b) any change on or after June 18, 2015 (or, in the case of a jurisdiction that becomes a Relevant Taxing Jurisdiction after such date, after such later date) in an interpretation, administration or application of such laws, rules or regulations by any legislative body, court, governmental agency, taxing authority or regulatory or administrative authority of such Relevant Taxing Jurisdiction (including the enactment of any legislation and the announcement or publication of any judicial decision or regulatory or administrative interpretation or determination);

(each, a “**Change in Tax Law**”), the Company may, at its option, redeem all but not part of the Notes (except in respect of certain Holders that elect otherwise as described below) at a “**Redemption Price**” equal to 100% of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but not including the date on which the Notes are redeemed (the “**Redemption Date**”), including, for the avoidance of doubt, any Additional Amounts with respect to such Redemption Price; *provided* that the Company may only redeem the Notes if: (i) the Company cannot avoid such obligations by taking commercially reasonable measures available to the Company (*provided* that changing the jurisdiction of incorporation of the Company shall be deemed not to be a commercially reasonable measure); and (ii) the Company delivers to the Trustee an opinion of outside legal counsel of recognized standing in the Relevant Taxing Jurisdiction and an Officers’ Certificate attesting to such Change in Tax Law and obligation to pay Additional Amounts.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Article 16, neither the Company nor any successor Person may redeem any of the Notes in the case that Additional Amounts are payable in respect of PRC withholding tax at a rate of 10% or less solely as a result of the Company or its successor Person being considered a PRC tax resident under the PRC Enterprise Income Tax law.

If the Redemption Date occurs after a Regular Record Date and on or prior to the corresponding Interest Payment Date, the Company shall pay the full amount of accrued and unpaid interest, if any, due on such Interest Payment Date to the record holder of the Notes on the Regular Record Date corresponding to such Interest Payment Date, and the Redemption Price payable to the Holder who presents a Note for redemption shall be equal to 100% of the principal

amount of such Note, including, for the avoidance of doubt, any Additional Amounts with respect to such Redemption Price.

The Company shall give Holders of Notes not less than 30 days' but no more than 60 days' notice prior to the Redemption Date. Simultaneously with providing such notice, the Company shall publish a notice containing this information in a newspaper of general circulation in The City of New York or publish the information on the Company's website or through such other public medium as the Company may use at that time. The Redemption Date must be a Business Day.

Upon receiving such notice of redemption, each Holder shall have the right to elect to not have its Notes redeemed, in which case the Company shall not be obligated to pay any Additional Amounts on any payment with respect to such Notes solely as a result of such Change in Tax Law that resulted in the obligation to pay such Additional Amounts (whether upon conversion, required repurchase in connection with a Fundamental Change or the Repurchase Date, maturity or otherwise, and whether in ADSs, Reference Property or otherwise) after the Redemption Date (or, if the Company fails to pay the Redemption Price on the Redemption Date, such later date on which the Company pays the Redemption Price), and all future payments with respect to such Notes shall be subject to the deduction or withholding of such Relevant Taxing Jurisdiction and taxes required by law to be deducted or withheld as a result of such Change in Tax Law; *provided* that, notwithstanding the foregoing, if a Holder electing not to have its Notes redeemed converts its Notes in connection with the Company's election to redeem the Notes in respect of such Change in Tax Law pursuant to Section 14.03(g) the Company shall be obligated to pay Additional Amounts, if any, with respect to such conversion.

A Holder electing to not have its Notes redeemed must deliver to the Paying Agent a written notice of election so as to be received by the Paying Agent prior to the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Redemption Date; *provided* that, a Holder that complies with the requirements for conversion in Section 14.02(b) shall be deemed to have delivered a notice of its election to not have its Notes so redeemed. A Holder may withdraw any notice of election (other than such a deemed notice of election in connection with a conversion) by delivering to the Paying Agent a written notice of withdrawal prior to the close of business on the Business Day immediately preceding the Redemption Date (or, if the Company fail to pay the Redemption Price on the Redemption Date, such later date on which the Company pays the Redemption Price). If no election is made or deemed to have been made, the Holder shall have its Notes redeemed without any further action.

No Notes may be redeemed if the principal amount of the Notes has been accelerated, and such acceleration has not been rescinded, on or prior to such date.

ARTICLE 17 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Section 17.01. *Provisions Binding on Company's Successors.* All the covenants, stipulations, promises and agreements of the Company contained in this Indenture shall bind its successors and assigns whether so expressed or not.

Section 17.02. *Official Acts by Successor Corporation.* Any act or proceeding by any provision of this Indenture authorized or required to be done or performed by any board, committee or Officer of the Company shall and may be done and performed with like force and effect by the like board, committee or officer of any corporation or other entity that shall at the time be the lawful sole successor of the Company.

Section 17.03. *Addresses for Notices, Etc.* Any notice or demand that by any provision of this Indenture is required or permitted to be given or served by the Trustee or by the Holders on the Company shall be deemed to have been sufficiently given or made, for all purposes if given or served by being deposited postage prepaid by registered or certified mail in a post office letter box addressed (until another address is filed by the Company with the Trustee) to Ctrip.com International Ltd., 99 Fu Quan Road, Shanghai 200335, People's Republic of China, Attention: General Counsel. Any notice, direction, request or demand hereunder to or upon the Trustee shall be given or served by being deposited postage prepaid by registered or certified mail in a post office letter box addressed to the 101 Barclay Street, 21st Floor West, Floor 4E, New York, NY 10286, USA, Facsimile No.: +1 212 815 5802 / 5803, Attention: Global Corporate Trust with a copy to The Bank of New York Mellon, Hong Kong Branch, Level 24, Three Pacific Place, 1 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong, Facsimile No.: +852-2295.3283, Attention: Global Corporate Trust.

So long as and to the extent that the Notes are represented by Global Notes and such Global Notes are held by DTC, notices to owners of beneficial interests in the global notes may be given by delivery of the relevant notice to DTC for communication by it to entitled account holders.

The Trustee, by notice to the Company, may designate additional or different addresses for subsequent notices or communications.

Any notice or communication mailed to a Holder shall be mailed to it by first class mail, postage prepaid, at its address as it appears on the Note Register and shall be sufficiently given to it if so mailed within the time prescribed.

Failure to mail a notice or communication to a Holder or any defect in it shall not affect its sufficiency with respect to other Holders. If a notice or communication is mailed in the manner provided above, it is duly given, whether or not the addressee receives it.

In case by reason of the suspension of regular mail service or by reason of any other cause it shall be impracticable to give such notice to Holders by mail, then such notification as shall be made with the approval of the Trustee shall constitute a sufficient notification for every purpose hereunder.

Section 17.04. *Governing Law; Jurisdiction.* THIS INDENTURE AND EACH NOTE, AND ANY CLAIM, CONTROVERSY OR DISPUTE ARISING UNDER OR RELATED TO THIS INDENTURE AND EACH NOTE, SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK (WITHOUT REGARD TO THE CONFLICTS OF LAWS PROVISIONS THEREOF).

The Company irrevocably consents and agrees, for the benefit of the Holders from time to time of the Notes and the Trustee, that any legal action, suit or proceeding against it with respect to obligations, liabilities or any other matter arising out of or in connection with this Indenture or the Securities may be brought in the courts of the State of New York or the courts of the United States located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York and, until amounts due and to become due in respect of the Notes have been paid, hereby irrevocably consents and submits to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of each such court *in personam*, generally and unconditionally with respect to any action, suit or proceeding for itself in respect of its properties, assets and revenues.

The Company irrevocably and unconditionally waives, to the fullest extent permitted by law, any objection which it may now or hereafter have to the laying of venue of any of the aforesaid actions, suits or proceedings arising out of or in connection with this Indenture brought in the courts of the State of New York or the courts of the United States located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York and hereby further irrevocably and unconditionally waives and agrees not to plead or claim in any such court that any such action, suit or proceeding brought in any such court has been brought in an inconvenient forum.

Section 17.05. Submission to Jurisdiction; Service of Process. The Company irrevocably appoints Law Debenture Corporate Service Inc. as its authorized agent in the Borough of Manhattan in the City of New York upon which process may be served in any such suit or proceeding, and agrees that service of process upon such agent, and written notice of said service to the Company by the person serving the same to Ctrip.com International Ltd., 99 Fu Quan Road, Shanghai 200335, People's Republic of China, Attention: Chief Financial Officer, Cindy Xiaofan Wang, shall be deemed in every respect effective service of process upon the Company in any such suit or proceeding. The Company further agrees to take any and all action as may be necessary to maintain such designation and appointment of such agent in full force and effect for a period of five and a half years from the date of this Indenture. If for any reason such agent shall cease to be such agent for service of process, the Company shall forthwith appoint a new agent of recognized standing for service of process in the State of New York and deliver to the Trustee a copy of the new agent's acceptance of that appointment within ten Business Days of such acceptance. Nothing herein shall affect the right of the Trustee, any agent or any Holder to serve process in any other manner permitted by law or to commence legal proceedings or otherwise proceed against the Company in any other court of competent jurisdiction. To the extent that the Company has or hereafter may acquire any sovereign or other immunity from jurisdiction of any court or from any legal process with respect to itself or its property, the Company irrevocably waives such immunity in respect of its obligations hereunder or under any Note.

Section 17.06. Evidence of Compliance with Conditions Precedent; Certificates and Opinions of Counsel to Trustee. Upon any application or demand by the Company to the Trustee to take any action under any of the provisions of this Indenture, the Company shall, if requested by the Trustee, furnish to the Trustee an Officers' Certificate stating that such action is permitted by the terms of this Indenture.

Each Officers' Certificate provided for, by or on behalf of the Company in this Indenture and delivered to the Trustee with respect to compliance with this Indenture (other than the

Officers' Certificates provided for in Section 4.09) shall include (a) a statement that the person making such certificate is familiar with the requested action and this Indenture; (b) a brief statement as to the nature and scope of the examination or investigation upon which the statement contained in such certificate is based; (c) a statement that, in the judgment of such person, he or she has made such examination or investigation as is necessary to enable him or her to express an informed judgment as to whether or not such action is permitted by this Indenture; and (d) a statement as to whether or not, in the judgment of such person, such action is permitted by this Indenture.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section 17.06, if any provision in this Indenture specifically provides that the Trustee shall or may receive an Opinion of Counsel in connection with any action to be taken by the Trustee or the Company hereunder, the Trustee shall be entitled to, or entitled to request, such Opinion of Counsel.

Section 17.07. *Legal Holidays.* In any case where any Interest Payment Date, Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, Conversion Date, Repurchase Date or Maturity Date is not a Business Day, then any action to be taken on such date need not be taken on such date, but may be taken on the next succeeding Business Day with the same force and effect as if taken on such date, and no interest shall accrue in respect of the delay.

Section 17.08. *No Security Interest Created.* Nothing in this Indenture or in the Notes, expressed or implied, shall be construed to constitute a security interest under the Uniform Commercial Code or similar legislation, as now or hereafter enacted and in effect, in any jurisdiction.

Section 17.09. *Benefits of Indenture.* Nothing in this Indenture or in the Notes, expressed or implied, shall give to any Person, other than the Holders, the parties hereto, any Paying Agent, any Conversion Agent, any Note Registrar and their successors hereunder, any benefit or any legal or equitable right, remedy or claim under this Indenture.

Section 17.10. *Table of Contents, Headings, Etc.* The table of contents and the titles and headings of the articles and sections of this Indenture have been inserted for convenience of reference only, are not to be considered a part hereof, and shall in no way modify or restrict any of the terms or provisions hereof.

Section 17.11. *Execution in Counterparts.* This Indenture may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be an original, but such counterparts shall together constitute but one and the same instrument.

Section 17.12. *Severability.* In the event any provision of this Indenture or in the Notes shall be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, then (to the extent permitted by law) the validity, legality or enforceability of the remaining provisions shall not in any way be affected or impaired.

Section 17.13. *Waiver of Jury Trial.* EACH OF THE COMPANY AND THE TRUSTEE HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES, TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, ANY AND ALL RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY LEGAL

PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS INDENTURE, THE NOTES OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY.

Section 17.14. *Force Majeure*. In no event shall the Trustee or the Agents be responsible or liable for any failure or delay in the performance of its obligations hereunder arising out of or caused by, directly or indirectly, forces beyond its control, including, without limitation, strikes, work stoppages, accidents, acts of war or terrorism, civil or military disturbances, nuclear or natural catastrophes or acts of God, and interruptions, loss or malfunctions of utilities, communications or computer (software and hardware) services; it being understood that the Trustee or the Agents, as the case may be, shall use reasonable efforts that are consistent with accepted practices in the banking industry to resume performance as soon as practicable under the circumstances.

Section 17.15. *Calculations*. Except as otherwise provided herein, the Company shall be responsible for making all calculations called for under the Notes. These calculations include, but are not limited to, determinations of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the ADSs, accrued interest payable on the Notes, the number of Additional ADSs to be added to the Conversion Rate upon a Make-Whole Fundamental Change, if any, and the Conversion Rate of the Notes. The Company shall make all these calculations in good faith and, absent manifest error, the Company's calculations shall be final and binding on Holders. The Company shall provide a schedule of its calculations to each of the Trustee, the Paying Agent and the Conversion Agent, and each of the Trustee, the Paying Agent and the Conversion Agent is entitled to rely conclusively and without liability upon the accuracy of the Company's calculations without independent verification. The Trustee will forward the Company's calculations to any Holder of Notes upon the request of that Holder at the sole cost and expense of the Company.

[*Remainder of page intentionally left blank*]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Indenture to be duly executed as of the date first written above.

CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

By: /s/ Xiaofan Wang

Name: Xiaofan Wang

Title: Chief Financial Officer

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON,
as Trustee

By:

Name:

Title:

[Signature Page to Indenture]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Indenture to be duly executed as of the date first written above.

CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

By:

Name:
Title:

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON,
as Trustee

By: /s/ Vivian Hui

Name: Vivian Hui
Title: Vice President

[*Signature Page — 2025 Note Indenture*]

[FORM OF FACE OF NOTE]

[INCLUDE FOLLOWING LEGEND IF A GLOBAL NOTE]

[UNLESS THIS CERTIFICATE IS PRESENTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPOSITORY TRUST COMPANY, A NEW YORK CORPORATION ("DTC"), TO THE COMPANY OR ITS AGENT FOR REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER, EXCHANGE, OR PAYMENT, AND ANY CERTIFICATE ISSUED IS REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF CEDE & CO. OR IN SUCH OTHER NAME AS IS REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF DTC (AND ANY PAYMENT IS MADE TO CEDE & CO. OR TO SUCH OTHER ENTITY AS IS REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF DTC), ANY TRANSFER, PLEDGE, OR OTHER USE HEREOF FOR VALUE OR OTHERWISE BY OR TO ANY PERSON IS WRONGFUL INASMUCH AS THE REGISTERED OWNER HEREOF, CEDE & CO., HAS AN INTEREST HEREIN.]

[INCLUDE FOLLOWING LEGEND IF A RESTRICTED SECURITY]

[THIS SECURITY, THE AMERICAN DEPOSITORY SHARES DELIVERABLE UPON CONVERSION OF THIS SECURITY AND THE ORDINARY SHARES REPRESENTED THEREBY HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "SECURITIES ACT"), AND MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD, PLEDGED OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED EXCEPT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE. BY ITS ACQUISITION HEREOF OR OF A BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN, THE ACQUIRER:

(1) REPRESENTS THAT IT AND ANY ACCOUNT FOR WHICH IT IS ACTING IS (A) A "QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER" (WITHIN THE MEANING OF RULE 144A UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) OR (B) NOT A U.S. PERSON AND LOCATED OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES (WITHIN THE MEANING OF REGULATION S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) AND THAT IT EXERCISES SOLE INVESTMENT DISCRETION WITH RESPECT TO EACH SUCH ACCOUNT AND THAT IT AND ANY SUCH ACCOUNT IS NOT AN AFFILIATE OF THE COMPANY, AND

(2) AGREES FOR THE BENEFIT OF CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD. (THE "COMPANY") THAT IT WILL NOT OFFER, SELL, PLEDGE OR OTHERWISE TRANSFER THIS SECURITY OR ANY BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN PRIOR TO THE DATE THAT IS THE LATER OF (X) ONE YEAR AFTER THE LAST ORIGINAL ISSUE DATE HEREOF OR SUCH SHORTER PERIOD OF TIME AS PERMITTED BY RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR ANY SUCCESSOR PROVISION THERETO AND (Y) SUCH LATER DATE, IF ANY, AS MAY BE REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW, EXCEPT:

- (A) TO THE COMPANY OR ANY SUBSIDIARY THEREOF, OR
- (B) PURSUANT TO A REGISTRATION STATEMENT WHICH HAS BECOME EFFECTIVE UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, OR
- (C) TO A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER IN COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 144A UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, OR
- (D) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES IN ACCORDANCE WITH REGULATION S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, OR
- (E) PURSUANT TO AN EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRATION PROVIDED BY RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT (IF AVAILABLE).

PRIOR TO THE REGISTRATION OF ANY TRANSFER IN ACCORDANCE WITH (2)(E) ABOVE, THE COMPANY, THE DEPOSITORY AND THE TRUSTEE RESERVE THE RIGHT TO REQUIRE THE DELIVERY OF SUCH LEGAL OPINIONS, CERTIFICATIONS OR OTHER EVIDENCE AS MAY REASONABLY BE REQUIRED IN ORDER TO DETERMINE THAT THE PROPOSED TRANSFER IS BEING MADE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE SECURITIES ACT AND APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS. NO REPRESENTATION IS MADE AS TO THE AVAILABILITY OF ANY EXEMPTION FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT.

NO AFFILIATE (AS DEFINED IN RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) OF THE COMPANY OR PERSON THAT HAS BEEN AN AFFILIATE (AS DEFINED IN RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) OF THE COMPANY DURING THE THREE IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING MONTHS MAY PURCHASE, OTHERWISE ACQUIRE OR OWN THIS NOTE OR A BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN.]

CTRIp.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

1.99% Convertible Senior Note due 2025

No. []

[Initially](1) US\$

CUSIP No. []

Ctrip.com International, Ltd., a company duly organized and validly existing under the laws of the Cayman Islands (the “**Company**,” which term includes any successor company or corporation or other entity under the Indenture referred to on the reverse hereof), for value received hereby promises to pay to [CEDE & CO.]⁽²⁾ []⁽³⁾, or registered assigns, the principal sum [as set forth in the “Schedule of Exchanges of Notes” attached hereto] (4) US\$400,000,000 (as increased by an amount equal to the aggregate principal amount of any additional Notes purchased by the Initial Purchasers pursuant to the exercise of their option to purchase additional Notes as set forth in the Purchase Agreement), which amount, taken together with the principal amounts of all other outstanding Notes, shall not, unless permitted by the Indenture, exceed US\$460,000,000 in aggregate at any time, in accordance with the rules and procedures of the Depositary, on July 1, 2025, and interest thereon as set forth below.

This Note shall bear interest at the rate of 1.99% per year from June 24, 2015, or from the most recent date to which interest had been paid or provided for to, but excluding, the next scheduled Interest Payment Date until July 1, 2025. Interest is payable semi-annually in arrears on each January 1 and July 1, commencing on January 1, 2016, to Holders of record at the close of business on the preceding December 15 and June 15 (whether or not such day is a Business Day), respectively. Additional Interest will be payable as set forth in Section 4.06(d), Section 4.06(e) and Section 6.03 of the within-mentioned Indenture, and any reference to interest on, or in respect of, any Note therein shall be deemed to include Additional Interest if, in such context, Additional Interest is, was or would be payable pursuant to any of such Section 4.06(d), Section 4.06(e) and Section 6.03, and any express mention of the payment of Additional Interest in any provision therein shall not be construed as excluding Additional Interest in those provisions thereof where such express mention is not made.

Any Defaulted Amounts shall accrue interest per annum at the rate per annum borne by the Notes *plus* one percent, subject to the enforceability thereof under applicable law, from, and including, the relevant payment date to, but excluding, the date on which such Defaulted Amounts shall have been paid by the Company, at its election, in accordance with Section 2.03(c) of the Indenture.

The Company shall pay the principal of and interest on this Note, so long as such Note is a Global Note, in immediately available funds to the Depositary or its nominee, as the case may be, as the registered Holder of such Note. As provided in and subject to the provisions of the

-
- (1) Include if a Global Note.
(2) Include if a Global Note.
(3) Include if a Physical Note.
(4) Include if a Global Note.
-

Indenture, the Company shall pay the principal of any Notes (other than Notes that are Global Notes) at the office or agency designated by the Company for that purpose. The Company has initially designated the Trustee as its Paying Agent, Conversion Agent and Note Registrar in respect of the Notes and its agency in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York, as a place where Notes may be presented for payment or for registration of transfer.

Reference is made to the further provisions of this Note set forth on the reverse hereof, including, without limitation, provisions giving the Holder of this Note the right to convert this Note into ADSs on the terms and subject to the limitations set forth in the Indenture. Such further provisions shall for all purposes have the same effect as though fully set forth at this place.

This Note, and any claim, controversy or dispute arising under or related to this Note, shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of New York (without regard to the conflicts of laws provisions thereof).

In the case of any conflict between this Note and the Indenture, the provisions of the Indenture shall control and govern.

This Note shall not be valid or become obligatory for any purpose until the certificate of authentication hereon shall have been signed manually or by facsimile by the Trustee under the Indenture.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused this Note to be duly executed.

CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

By: _____

Name:

Title:

Dated:

TRUSTEE'S CERTIFICATE OF AUTHENTICATION

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON
as Trustee, certifies that this is one of the Notes described
in the within-named Indenture.

By: _____
Authorized Officer

A-5

[FORM OF REVERSE OF NOTE]

CTRI.P.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.
1.99% Convertible Senior Note due 2025

This Note is one of a duly authorized issue of Notes of the Company, designated as its 1.99% Convertible Senior Notes due 2025 (the “**Notes**”), limited to the aggregate principal amount of US\$400,000,000 (as increased by an amount equal to the aggregate principal amount of any additional Notes purchased by the Initial Purchasers pursuant to the exercise of their option to purchase additional Notes as set forth in the Purchase Agreement), all issued or to be issued under and pursuant to an Indenture dated as of June 24, 2015 (the “**Indenture**”), between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon (the “**Trustee**”), to which Indenture and all indentures supplemental thereto reference is hereby made for a description of the rights, limitations of rights, obligations, duties and immunities thereunder of the Trustee, the Company and the Holders of the Notes. Additional Notes may be issued in an unlimited aggregate principal amount, subject to certain conditions specified in the Indenture. The Rule 144A Notes and the Regulation S Notes initially have separate CUSIP numbers and will initially not be fungible.

In the case certain Events of Default, as defined in the Indenture, shall have occurred and be continuing, the principal of, and interest on, all Notes may be declared, by either the Trustee or Holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of Notes then outstanding, and upon said declaration shall become, due and payable, in the manner, with the effect and subject to the conditions and certain exceptions set forth in the Indenture. In the case certain Events of Default relating to a bankruptcy (or similar proceeding) with respect to the Company or a Significant Subsidiary of the Company shall have occurred, the principal of, and interest on, all Notes shall automatically become immediately due and payable, as set forth in the Indenture.

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Indenture, the Company will make all payments in respect of the principal amount on the Maturity Date, the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, as the case may be, to the Holder who surrenders a Note to the Trustee to collect such payments in respect of the Note. The Company will pay cash amounts in money of the United States that at the time of payment is legal tender for payment of public and private debts.

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Indenture, Additional Amounts will be paid in connection with any payments made and deliveries caused to be made by the Company or any successor to the Company under or with respect to the Indenture and the Notes, including, but not limited to, payments of principal (including, if applicable the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price), payments of interest and deliveries of ADSs (together with payments for any Fractional ADS) upon conversion of the Notes to ensure that the net amount received by the beneficial owner after any applicable withholding or deduction (and after deducting any taxes on the Additional Amounts) will equal the amount that would have been received by such beneficial owner had no such withholding or deduction been required.

The Indenture contains provisions permitting the Company and the Trustee in certain circumstances, without the consent of the Holders of the Notes, and in certain other

circumstances, with the consent of the Holders of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes at the time outstanding, evidenced as in the Indenture provided, to execute supplemental indentures modifying the terms of the Indenture and the Notes as described therein. It is also provided in the Indenture that, subject to certain exceptions, the Holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes at the time outstanding may on behalf of the Holders of all of the Notes waive any past Default or Event of Default under the Indenture and its consequences.

No reference herein to the Indenture and no provision of this Note or of the Indenture shall alter or impair the obligation of the Company, which is absolute and unconditional, to pay or cause to be delivered, as the case may be, the principal (including the Repurchase Price and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, if applicable) of, accrued and unpaid interest on, and the consideration due upon conversion of, this Note at the place, at the respective times, at the rate and in the lawful money herein prescribed.

The Notes are issuable in registered form without coupons in denominations of US\$1,000 principal amount and integral multiples thereof. At the office or agency of the Company referred to on the face hereof, and in the manner and subject to the limitations provided in the Indenture, Notes may be exchanged for a like aggregate principal amount of Notes of other authorized denominations, without payment of any service charge but, if required by the Company or Trustee, with payment of a sum sufficient to cover any transfer or similar tax that may be imposed in connection therewith as a result of the name of the Holder of the new Notes issued upon such exchange of Notes being different from the name of the Holder of the old Notes surrendered for such exchange.

The Company may not redeem the Notes prior to the Maturity Date, except in the event of certain Changes in Tax Law as described in Section 16.01. No sinking fund is provided for the Notes.

The Holder has the right, at such Holder's option, to require the Company to repurchase for cash all of such Holder's Notes or any portion thereof (in principal amounts of US\$1,000 or integral multiples thereof) on the Repurchase Date at a price equal to the Repurchase Price.

Upon the occurrence of a Fundamental Change, the Holder has the right, at such Holder's option, to require the Company to repurchase for cash all of such Holder's Notes or any portion thereof (in principal amounts of US\$1,000 or integral multiples thereof) on the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date at a price equal to the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price.

Subject to the provisions of the Indenture, the Holder hereof has the right, at its option, prior to the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Maturity Date, to convert any Notes or portion thereof that is US\$1,000 or an integral multiple thereof, into ADSs at the Conversion Rate specified in the Indenture, as adjusted from time to time as provided in the Indenture.

Terms used in this Note and defined in the Indenture are used herein as therein defined.

ABBREVIATIONS

The following abbreviations, when used in the inscription of the face of this Note, shall be construed as though they were written out in full according to applicable laws or regulations:

TEN COM = as tenants in common

UNIF GIFT MIN ACT = Uniform Gifts to Minors Act

CUST = Custodian

TEN ENT = as tenants by the entireties

JT TEN = joint tenants with right of survivorship and not as tenants in common

Additional abbreviations may also be used though not in the above list.

SCHEDULE A(5)

SCHEDULE OF EXCHANGES OF NOTES

CTRIp.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.
1.99% Convertible Senior Notes due 2025

The initial principal amount of this Global Note is [] DOLLARS (US\$[]). The following increases or decreases in this Global Note have been made:

<u>Date of exchange</u>	<u>Amount of decrease in principal amount of this Global Note</u>	<u>Amount of increase in principal amount of this Global Note</u>	<u>Principal amount of this Global Note following such decrease or increase</u>	<u>Signature of authorized signatory of Trustee</u>

(5) Include if a global note.

[FORM OF NOTICE OF CONVERSION]

To: CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON, as Depositary for the ADSs

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON, as Conversion Agent

The undersigned registered owner of this Note hereby exercises the option to convert this Note, or the portion hereof (that is US\$1,000 principal amount or an integral multiple thereof) below designated, into ADSs in accordance with the terms of the Indenture referred to in this Note, and directs that any ADSs deliverable upon such conversion, together with any cash payable for any Fractional ADS, and any Notes representing any unconverted principal amount hereof, be issued and delivered to the registered Holder hereof unless a different name has been indicated below. If any ADSs or any portion of this Note not converted are to be issued in the name of a Person other than the undersigned, the undersigned will pay all documentary, stamp or similar issue or transfer taxes, if any in accordance with Section 14.02(d) and Section 14.02(e) of the Indenture. Any amount required to be paid to the undersigned on account of interest accompanies this Note.

In connection with the conversion of this Note, or the portion hereof below designated, the undersigned acknowledges, represents to and agrees with the Company that the undersigned is not an "affiliate" (as defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act) of the Company and has not been an "affiliate" (as defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act) during the three months immediately preceding the date hereof.

[The undersigned further certifies:

1. The undersigned acknowledges (and if the undersigned is acting for the account of another person, that person has confirmed that it acknowledges) that the Restricted Securities received upon conversion of this Note (or securities represented thereby) have not been and are not expected to be registered under the Securities Act.

2. The undersigned further certifies that either:

(a) The undersigned is, and at the time ADSs are delivered in conversion of its Notes will be, the holder of the ADSs and the Ordinary Shares represented thereby, and (i) the undersigned is not a U.S. person (as defined in Regulation S under the Act) and is located outside the United States (within the meaning of Regulation S) and acquired, or have agreed to acquire and will have acquired, the Notes being converted and the ADSs and the Ordinary Shares represented thereby being delivered in the conversion outside the United States and (ii) the undersigned is not in the business of buying and selling securities or, if the undersigned is in such business, the undersigned did not acquire the Notes being converted from the Company or any affiliate thereof in the initial distribution of the Notes.

OR

(b) The undersigned is a broker-dealer acting on behalf of its customer; its customer has confirmed to the undersigned that it is, and at the time ADSs are delivered in conversion of our Notes will be, the holder of the ADSs and the Ordinary Shares represented thereby, and (i) it is not a U.S. person (as defined in Regulation S under the Act) and it is located outside the United States (within the meaning of Regulation S and acquired, or have agreed to acquire and will have acquired, the Notes being converted and the ADSs and the Ordinary Shares represented thereby being delivered in the conversion outside the United States and (ii) it is not in the business of buying and selling securities or, if it is in such business, it did not acquire the Notes being converted from the Company or any affiliate thereof in the initial distribution of the Notes.

OR

(c) The undersigned is a qualified institutional buyer (as defined in Rule 144A under the Act) acting for its own account or for the account of one or more qualified institutional buyers and the undersigned is (or such account or accounts are) the sole beneficial owner(s) of the ADSs to be received upon conversion of the Notes.

3. The undersigned acknowledges that the undersigned (and any such other account) may not continue to hold or retain any interest in Restricted Securities received upon conversion of this Note if the undersigned (or such other account) becomes an Affiliate of the Company.

4. The undersigned agrees (and if the undersigned is acting for the account of another person, that person has confirmed that it agrees) that, unless and until the undersigned (or such other account) is notified by the Depositary that the restrictive legend on such Restricted Security has been removed from such security, the undersigned (and such other account) will not offer, sell, pledge or otherwise transfer the Restricted Security (or securities represented by such Restricted Security) except in accordance with the restrictions set forth in that legend and any applicable securities laws of the United States and any state thereof.]⁽⁶⁾

(6) Include if a Restricted Security.

Dated: _____

Signature(s)

Signature Guarantee

Signature(s) must be guaranteed by an eligible Guarantor Institution (banks, stock brokers, savings and loan associations and credit unions) with membership in an approved signature guarantee medallion program pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 17Ad-15 if ADSs are to be issued, or Notes are to be delivered, other than to and in the name of the registered holder.

Fill in for registration of ADSs if to be issued, and Notes if to be delivered, other than to and in the name of the registered holder:

(Name)

(Street Address)

(City, State and Zip Code)
Please print name and address

Principal amount to be converted (if less than all): US\$,000

NOTICE: The above signature(s) of the Holder(s) hereof must correspond with the name as written upon the face of the Note in every particular without alteration or enlargement or any change whatever.

Social Security or Other Taxpayer
Identification Number

[FORM OF FUNDAMENTAL CHANGE REPURCHASE NOTICE]

To: CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON, as Trustee

The undersigned registered owner of this Note hereby acknowledges receipt of a notice from Ctrip.com International, Ltd. (the "Company") as to the occurrence of a Fundamental Change with respect to the Company and specifying the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date and requests and instructs the Company to pay to the registered holder hereof in accordance with Section 15.02 of the Indenture referred to in this Note (1) the entire principal amount of this Note, or the portion thereof (that is US\$1,000 principal amount or an integral multiple thereof) below designated, and (2) if such Fundamental Change Repurchase Date does not fall during the period after a Regular Record Date and on or prior to the corresponding Interest Payment Date, accrued and unpaid interest thereon to, but excluding, such Fundamental Change Repurchase Date.

In the case of Physical Notes, the certificate numbers of the Notes to be repurchased are as set forth below:

Certificate Number(s):

Dated: _____

Signature(s)

Social Security or Other Taxpayer Identification Number

Principal amount to be repaid (if less than all): US\$,000

NOTICE: The above signature(s) of the Holder(s) hereof must correspond with the name as written upon the face of the Note in every particular without alteration or enlargement or any change whatever.

1

[FORM OF REPURCHASE NOTICE]

To: CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON, as Trustee

The undersigned registered owner of this Note hereby acknowledges receipt of a notice from Ctrip.com International, Ltd. (the “**Company**”) regarding the right of Holders to elect to require the Company to repurchase the entire principal amount of this Note, or the portion thereof (that is US\$1,000 principal amount or an integral multiple thereof) below designated, in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Indenture referred to in this Note, at the Repurchase Price to the registered Holder hereof.

In the case of certificated Notes, the certificate numbers of the Notes to be purchased are as set forth below:

Certificate Number(s): _____

Dated: _____

Signature(s)

Social Security or Other Taxpayer Identification Number

Principal amount to be repaid (if less than all): US\$,000

NOTICE: The above signature(s) of the Holder(s) hereof must correspond with the name as written upon the face of the Note in every particular without alteration or enlargement or any change whatever.

1

[FORM OF ASSIGNMENT AND TRANSFER]

For value received hereby sell(s), assign(s) and transfer(s) unto (Please insert social security or Taxpayer Identification Number of assignee) the within Note, and hereby irrevocably constitutes and appoints attorney to transfer the said Note on the books of the Company, with full power of substitution in the premises.

In connection with any transfer of the within Note occurring prior to the Resale Restriction Termination Date, as defined in the Indenture governing such Note, the undersigned confirms that such Note is being transferred:

- To Ctrip.com International, Ltd. or a subsidiary thereof; or
- Pursuant to a registration statement that has become or been declared effective under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended; or
- Pursuant to and in compliance with Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended [(“Rule 144A”), and the undersigned confirms that the undersigned reasonably believes that the transferee of such Note is a “qualified institutional buyer” (within the meaning of Rule 144A) that is purchasing for its own account or for the account of another qualified institutional buyer and the undersigned has provided such transferee notice that the transfer is being made in reliance on Rule 144A](7); or
- Outside the United States in accordance with Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended; or
- Pursuant to and in compliance with Rule 144 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (if available).

(7) Include if Regulation S Note.

Dated: _____

Signature(s)

Signature Guarantee

Signature(s) must be guaranteed by an eligible Guarantor Institution (banks, stock brokers, savings and loan associations and credit unions) with membership in an approved signature guarantee medallion program pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 17Ad-15 if Notes are to be delivered, other than to and in the name of the registered holder.

NOTICE: The signature on the assignment must correspond with the name as written upon the face of the Note in every particular without alteration or enlargement or any change whatever.

FORM OF AUTHORIZATION CERTIFICATE

I, [Name], [Title], acting on behalf of Ctrip.com International, Ltd. (the “**Company**”) hereby certify that:

- (A) the persons listed below are (i) authorized Officers of the Company for purposes of the Indenture (the “**Indenture**”) dated as of June 24, 2015 between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon, as trustee, (ii) duly elected or appointed, qualified and acting as the holder of the respective office or offices set forth opposite their names and (iii) the duly authorized persons who executed or will execute the Indenture and the notes issued pursuant to the Indenture by their manual or facsimile signatures and were at the time of such execution, duly elected or appointed, qualified and acting as the holder of the offices set forth opposite their names;
- (B) each of the individuals listed below have the authority to receive call backs at the telephone numbers noted below upon request of The Bank of New York Mellon in connection with the notes issued pursuant to the Indenture;
- (C) each signature appearing below is the person’s genuine signature; and
- (D) attached hereto as Schedule I is a true, correct and complete specimen of the certificates representing the Notes.

B-1

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto executed and delivered this certificate on behalf of the Company as of the date indicated.

Dated: _____

[Name]

By: _____
Name:
Title:

B-2

SCHEDELE I

Name	Title, Fax No., Email	Signature	Tel No.
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CONVERTIBLE NOTE PURCHASE AGREEMENT

by and among

CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.,

GAOLING FUND, L.P.

and

YHG INVESTMENT, L.P.

Dated as of December 9, 2015

Table of Contents

ARTICLE I Definitions and Interpretation	1
Section 1.1 Definitions	1
Section 1.2 Interpretation and Rules of Construction	5
ARTICLE II PURCHASE AND SALE OF THE NOTE	6
Section 2.1 Sale and Issuance of Notes	6
Section 2.2 Closing	6
ARTICLE III REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES	7
Section 3.1 Representations and Warranties of the Company	7
Section 3.2 Representations and Warranties of the Purchasers	13
ARTICLE IV MISCELLANEOUS	15
Section 4.1 No Third Party Beneficiaries	15
Section 4.2 Governing Law; Selection of Forum; Submission to Jurisdiction; Service of Process	15
Section 4.3 Counterparts	16
Section 4.4 Notices	16
Section 4.5 Fees and Expenses	17
Section 4.6 Entire Agreement	17
Section 4.7 Amendment	17
Section 4.8 Waiver and Extension	17
Section 4.9 Severability	17
Section 4.10 Public Disclosure	18
Section 4.11 Waiver of Jury Trial	18
Section 4.12 Further Assurances	18
SCHEDULE 1 COVERED SUBSIDIARIES	

SCHEDULE 2

EXHIBIT A

EXHIBIT B

EXHIBIT C

ALLOCATION OF NOTES TO PURCHASERS

FORM OF CONVERTIBLE NOTE

FORM OF OPINION OF COUNSEL

THIS CONVERTIBLE NOTE PURCHASE AGREEMENT (this “Agreement”) is made as of December 9, 2015, by and between:

- (1) Ctrip.com International, Ltd., a Cayman Islands exempted company (the “Company”);
- (2) Gaoling Fund, L.P., a Cayman Islands exempted limited partnership (“Gaoling”); and
- (3) YHG Investment, L.P., a Cayman Islands exempted limited partnership (“YHG,” together with Gaoling, each a “Purchaser” and collectively the “Purchasers”).

W I T N E S S E T H:

WHEREAS, the Company desires to issue, sell and deliver to the Purchasers, and the Purchasers desire to purchase from the Company, the Notes (as defined below) pursuant to the terms and subject to the conditions of this Agreement;

WHEREAS, the Company and the Purchasers desire to enter into this Agreement on the terms and conditions hereof.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and the mutual representations, warranties, covenants and agreements set forth herein, as well as other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto, intending to be legally bound, agree as follows:

ARTICLE I
DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATION

Section 1.1 Definitions. As used herein, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:

“ADS” means an American Depository Share, representing 0.125 of an Ordinary Share of the Company as of the date hereof.

“Affiliate” means, with respect to any specified Person, any Person that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with such Person. For purposes of this definition, the term “control” (including the terms “controlling,” “controlled by” and “under common control with”), when used with respect to any specified Person, means the possession, directly or indirectly, individually or together with any other Person, of the power to direct or to cause the direction of the management and policies of a Person, whether through ownership of voting securities or other interests, by contract or otherwise. For purposes of this Agreement and the Notes, each of the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, the Chief Operating Officer of the Company and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company shall be Affiliates of the Company.

“Agreement” shall have the meaning ascribed to this term in the preamble to this Agreement.

“Board of Directors” means the board of directors of the Company or a committee of such board duly authorized to act for it hereunder.

“Business Day” means any day that is not a Saturday, a Sunday or other day on which banking institutions in the Cayman Islands, the State of New York or the cities of Beijing, Shanghai or Hong Kong are required by Law to be closed.

“Closing” shall have the meaning ascribed to this term in Section 2.2(a).

“Company” has the meaning ascribed thereto in the preamble hereto.

“Company Financial Statements” shall have the meaning ascribed to this term in Section 3.1(h)(ii).

“Company Material Adverse Effect” means any event, development, change or effect that, individually or in the aggregate, has had or would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the business, financial condition, results of operations, assets or liabilities of the Company and the Covered Subsidiaries, taken as a whole; provided, however, that no changes, events, circumstances or developments attributable to or resulting from any of the following shall be deemed to be, or taken into account in determining whether there has been or would reasonably be expected to be, a Company Material Adverse Effect: (i) changes, events, circumstances or developments in or affecting general economic conditions or the securities, credit or financial markets in general (including interest rates and exchange rates), (ii) changes, events, circumstances or developments generally affecting the industries in which any of the Company and the Covered Subsidiaries operate, (iii) changes or developments in GAAP, other applicable accounting rules or applicable Law, or the enforcement or interpretation thereof, or changes or developments in political, regulatory or legislative conditions, (iv) changes, events, circumstances or developments resulting from any weather-related or other force majeure event or natural disaster (including hurricane, tornado, flood, earthquake, tsunami or volcano eruption) or outbreak or escalation of hostilities or acts of war (whether or not declared) or terrorism, (v) any failure by the Company or any of the Covered Subsidiaries to meet any internal or published projections, forecasts, estimates or projections or analysts' expectations in respect of revenues, cash flow, earnings or other financial or operating metrics for any period or (vi) any changes in the market price or trading volume of Ordinary Shares or ADSs or in the Company's credit rating; provided, however, that (x) the underlying cause(s) of such change or failure shall not be excluded in the case of clauses (v) and (vi) (unless otherwise excepted under the foregoing clauses (i) through (iv)) and (y) any changes, events, circumstances or developments referred to in clauses (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) shall not be excluded to the extent the same disproportionately affect (individually or together with other changes, events, circumstances or developments) the Company and the Covered Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, as compared to other similarly situated Persons operating in the same principal industries in which the Company and the Covered Subsidiaries operate.

“Company SEC Documents” shall have the meaning ascribed to this term in Section 3.1(h)(i).

“Covered Subsidiaries” means the entities set forth in Schedule 1 hereto.

“Exchange Act” means the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

“Foreign Corrupt Practices Act” shall have the meaning ascribed to this term in Section 3.1(f)(ii).

“Gaoling” shall have the meaning ascribed to this term in the preamble to this Agreement.

“Governmental Authority” means any federal, national, supranational, state, provincial, local, municipal or other government, any governmental, quasi-governmental, supranational, regulatory or administrative authority (including any governmental division, department, agency, commission, instrumentality, organization, unit or body, political subdivision, and any court or other tribunal) or any self-regulatory organization (including NASDAQ) with competent jurisdiction.

“Governmental Order” means any order, writ, judgment, injunction, decree, stipulation, determination or award entered by or with any Governmental Authority.

“Hong Kong” means the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People’s Republic of China.

“Intellectual Property” means all (i) trademarks, service marks, brand names, certification marks, collective marks, d/b/a’s, Internet domain names, logos, symbols, trade dress, trade names, and other indicia of origin, all applications and registrations for the foregoing, and all goodwill associated therewith and symbolized thereby, including all renewals of same; (ii) inventions and discoveries, whether patentable or not, and all patents and applications therefor, including provisional applications, divisions, continuations, continuations-in-part, extensions, reexaminations and reissues; (iii) confidential information, trade secrets and know-how, including processes, schematics, business methods, formulae, drawings, prototypes, models, designs, customer lists and supplier lists; (iv) published and unpublished works of authorship, whether copyrightable or not (including, without limitation, databases and other compilations of information), copyrights therein and thereto, and registrations and applications therefor, and all renewals, extensions, restorations and reversions thereof; and (v) other intellectual property or proprietary rights.

“Law” means any statute, law, ordinance, regulation, rule, code, order, judgment, writ, injunction, decree or requirement of law (including common law) enacted, issued, promulgated, enforced or entered by a Governmental Authority.

“Lien” means, with respect to any property or asset, any mortgage, pledge, claim, security interest, easement, covenant, restriction, reservation, defect in title, encroachment or

other encumbrance, lien (choate or inchoate), charge, equity, or other restriction or limitation, whether arising by contract or under Law.

NASDAQ means The NASDAQ Global Select Market.

Notes means the convertible notes issued to the Purchasers pursuant to Section 2.1 below, the form of which is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

Ordinary Shares means ordinary shares of the Company, par value US\$0.01 per ordinary share.

Permits shall have the meaning ascribed to this term in Section 3.1(f)(iii).

Person means an individual, a corporation, a limited liability company, an association, a partnership, a joint venture, a joint stock company, a trust, an unincorporated organization or a Governmental Authority.

Proceeding means any action, suit, claim, litigation, arbitration, proceeding (including any civil, criminal, administrative or appellate proceeding), hearing, investigation or public inquiry commenced, brought, conducted or heard by or before, or otherwise involving, any arbitrator, arbitration panel, court or other Governmental Authority.

Purchase Price shall have the meaning ascribed to this term in Section 2.1.

Purchasers shall have the meaning ascribed to this term in the preamble to this Agreement.

Purchaser Material Adverse Effect means any event, development, change or effect that, individually or in the aggregate, has had or would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the authority or ability of the relevant Purchaser to perform its obligations under this Agreement.

Sarbanes-Oxley Act shall have the meaning ascribed to this term in Section 3.1(h)(i).

SEC means the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

Securities Act shall have the meaning ascribed to this term in Section 3.2(f).

Subsidiary means, as of the relevant date of determination, with respect to any Person (the “subject entity”), (i) any Person (x) more than fifty percent (50%) of whose shares or other interests entitled to vote in the election of directors or (y) more than fifty percent (50%) interest in the profits or capital of such Person are owned or controlled directly or indirectly by the subject entity or through one (1) or more Subsidiaries of the subject entity, (ii) any Person, including for the avoidance of doubt any “variable interest entity,” whose financial statements, or portions thereof, are or are intended to be consolidated with the financial statements of the subject entity for financial reporting purposes in accordance with GAAP or (iii) any Person with respect to which the subject entity has the sole power to control or otherwise direct the business

and policies of that entity directly or indirectly through another subsidiary or otherwise. For the avoidance of doubt, none of eLong, Inc., Qunar Cayman Islands Limited and their respective Subsidiaries and Affiliates shall be considered a Subsidiary of the Company under this Agreement.

“YHG” shall have the meaning ascribed to this term in the preamble to this Agreement.

Section 1.2 Interpretation and Rules of Construction. In this Agreement, except to the extent otherwise provided or that the context otherwise requires:

- (a) The words “party” and “parties” shall be construed to mean a party or the parties to this Agreement, and any reference to a party to this Agreement or any other agreement or document contemplated hereby shall include such party’s successors and permitted assigns.
- (b) When a reference is made in this Agreement to a section or clause, such reference is to a section or clause of this Agreement.
- (c) The headings for this Agreement are for reference purposes only and do not affect in any way the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement.
- (d) Whenever the words “include,” “includes” or “including” are used in this Agreement, they are deemed to be followed by the words “without limitation.”
- (e) The words “hereof,” “herein” and “hereunder” and words of similar import, when used in this Agreement, refer to this Agreement as a whole and not to any particular provision of this Agreement.
- (f) All terms defined in this Agreement have the defined meanings when used in any certificate or other document made or delivered pursuant hereto, unless otherwise defined therein.
- (g) The definitions contained in this Agreement are applicable to the singular as well as the plural forms of such terms.
- (h) The use of “or” is not intended to be exclusive unless expressly indicated otherwise.
- (i) The term “US\$” means United States Dollars.
- (j) The term “days” shall refer to calendar days.
- (k) The word “will” shall be construed to have the same meaning and effect as the word “shall.”
- (l) A reference to any legislation or to any provision of any legislation shall include any modification, amendment, re-enactment thereof, any legislative provision

substituted therefor and all rules, regulations and statutory instruments issued or related to such legislation.

(m) References herein to any gender include the other gender.

(n) The parties hereto have each participated in the negotiation and drafting of this Agreement and if any ambiguity or question of interpretation should arise, this Agreement shall be construed as if drafted jointly by the parties hereto and no presumption or burden of proof shall arise favoring or burdening either party by virtue of the authorship of any of the provisions in this Agreement or any interim drafts thereof.

ARTICLE II **PURCHASE AND SALE OF THE NOTE**

Section 2.1 **Sale and Issuance of Notes.** Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, at the Closing, the Company agrees to issue and sell the Notes with an aggregate principal value of US\$500 million to the Purchasers, and, in exchange, each Purchaser agrees, severally and not jointly, to subscribe for and purchase the Notes from the Company as set forth beside such Purchaser's name in Schedule 2 for an aggregate price of US\$500 million (being 100% of the face value thereof) (the "Purchase Price").

Section 2.2 **Closing.**

(a) Subject to Section 2.2(c) and Section 2.2(d), the consummation of the transactions described in Section 2.1 (the "Closing") shall occur on the second Business Day following the date hereof, or such other time as the parties hereto shall mutually agree in writing. At the Closing, the Company shall deliver to each Purchaser (i) the Notes dated the date of the Closing and registered in the name of such Purchaser and (ii) a copy of an opinion of Cayman Islands counsel to the Company dated the date of the Closing and substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit B, together against payment by such Purchaser to the Company or to its order of the Purchase Price as set forth beside such Purchaser's name in Schedule 2 by wire transfer of immediately available funds within forty-eight (48) hours of the Closing to such account as designated by the Company in writing. Performance by each party under this Section 2.2 shall be tendered against performance by the other parties of such other parties' obligations under this Section 2.2.

(b) The Closing shall take place at the offices of Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP, 42/F, Edinburgh Tower, The Landmark, 15 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong, or at such other place as the parties hereto shall mutually agree in writing.

(c) The obligation of a Purchaser to consummate the transactions contemplated at Closing is subject to (i) the representations and warranties of the Company contained in this Agreement being true and correct on the date of this Agreement and true and correct in all material respects (or, if qualified by materiality or Company Material Adverse Effect, true and correct in all respects) on and as of the date of the Closing (except for representations and warranties that expressly speak as of an earlier date, in which case on and as of such specified date), and (ii) the Company having performed and complied in all material respects with all, and not being in breach or default in any material respects under any,

agreements, covenants, conditions and obligations contained in this Agreement that are required to be performed or complied with by it on or before the Closing.

(d) The obligation of the Company to consummate the transactions contemplated at Closing with respect to a Purchaser is subject to (i) the representations and warranties of such Purchaser contained in this Agreement being true and correct on the date of this Agreement and true and correct in all material respects (or, if qualified by materiality or Purchaser Material Adverse Effect, true and correct in all respects) on and as of the date of the Closing (except for representations and warranties that expressly speak as of an earlier date, in which case on and as of such specified date), and (ii) such Purchaser having performed and complied in all material respects with all, and not being in breach or default in any material respects under any, agreements, covenants, conditions and obligations contained in this Agreement that are required to be performed or complied with by it on or before the Closing.

ARTICLE III **REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES**

Section 3.1 **Representations and Warranties of the Company.** In connection with the transactions provided for herein, the Company hereby represents and warrants to the Purchasers that:

(a) **Organization, Good Standing and Qualification.** The Company is an exempted company, duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing under the Laws of the Cayman Islands and each of the Company's Subsidiaries is duly incorporated or organized, validly existing and in good standing (where such concept is applicable) under the Laws of the jurisdiction of its incorporation or organization. The Company and each of its Subsidiaries has the requisite corporate power and authority to own or lease all of its properties and assets and to carry on its business as it is now being conducted, and is duly licensed or qualified to do business in each jurisdiction in which the nature of the business conducted by it or the character or location of the properties and assets owned or leased by it makes such licensing or qualification necessary, except where the failure so to qualify or to be in good standing would not, individually or in the aggregate, result in a Company Material Adverse Effect.

(b) **Authorization.** The execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement and the Notes by the Company have been duly authorized by all necessary corporate action on the part of the Company. Each of this Agreement and the Notes has been duly executed and delivered by the Company and, assuming due authorization, execution and delivery by the Purchasers and Parent, as the case may be, constitutes a legal, valid and binding obligation of the Company, enforceable against the Company in accordance with its terms, except as enforcement may be limited by general principles of equity, whether applied in a court of Law or a court of equity, and by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency and similar Law affecting creditors' rights and remedies generally. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, no approval by the shareholders of the Company is required in connection with this Agreement and the Notes, the performance by the Company of its obligations hereunder or thereunder, or the consummation by the Company of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby.

(c) **Valid Issuance of the Notes.** The Notes have been duly and validly authorized for issuance and sale to the Purchasers by the Company, and when issued and delivered by the Company against payment therefor by the Purchasers in accordance with the terms of this Agreement, the Notes will be legally binding and valid obligations of the Company and enforceable against the Company in accordance with their terms, except as enforcement may be limited by general principles of equity, whether applied in a court of Law or a court of equity, and by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency and similar Law affecting creditors' rights and remedies generally.

(d) **No Violation.** The execution, delivery and performance by the Company of this Agreement and the Notes does not and will not (i) violate, conflict with or result in the breach of any provision of the memorandum and articles of association (or similar organizational documents) of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, (ii) subject to the truth and accuracy of the representations and warranties of the Purchasers in Section 3.2, conflict with or violate any Law or Governmental Order applicable to the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or the assets, properties or businesses of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or (iii) conflict with, result in any breach of, constitute a default (or event which with the giving of notice or lapse of time, or both, would become a default) under, require any consent under, or give to others any rights of termination, amendment, acceleration, suspension, revocation or cancellation of, any note, bond, mortgage or indenture, contract, agreement, lease, sublease, license, permit, franchise or other instrument or arrangement to which the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is a party or result in the creation of any Liens upon any of the properties or assets of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, other than, in the case of clauses (ii) and (iii) above, any such conflict, violation, default, termination, amendment, acceleration, suspension, revocation or cancellation that would not have, individually or in the aggregate, a Company Material Adverse Effect.

(e) **Governmental Consents and Approvals.** Subject to the truth and accuracy of the representations and warranties of the Purchasers in Section 3.2, the execution, delivery and performance by the Company of this Agreement and the Notes does not and will not require any consent, approval, authorization or other order of, action by, filing with, or notification to, any Governmental Authority.

(f) **Compliance with Applicable Laws; Permits.**

(i) Each of the Company and each of its Covered Subsidiaries (A) is, and has at all times since December 31, 2014 through the date hereof been, in compliance with applicable Laws and (B) to the knowledge of the Company, since December 31, 2014 through the date hereof, has not received notice from any Governmental Authority alleging that the Company or any of its Covered Subsidiaries is in violation of any applicable Law, except, in the case of each of clauses (A) and (B), for such non-compliance and violations that, individually or in the aggregate, would not reasonably be expected to materially impair the ability of the Company to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Company Material Adverse Effect. As of the date of this Agreement, no investigation or review by any Governmental Authority with respect to the Company or any of its Covered Subsidiaries

is pending or, to the knowledge of the Company, threatened, nor, to the knowledge of the Company, has any Governmental Authority indicated an intention to conduct the same.

(ii) Except in each case as, individually or in the aggregate, has not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Company Material Adverse Effect, (A) neither the Company nor any of the Covered Subsidiaries nor any of the Company's or the Covered Subsidiaries' directors, officers, agents, employees or Affiliates, in their capacity as a director, officer, agent, employee or affiliate of the Company or any of the Covered Subsidiaries has taken any action that would result in a violation by such Persons of the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder (the "Foreign Corrupt Practices Act") and any other applicable anti-corruption Laws to which they may be subject, (B) the Company and the Covered Subsidiaries and, to the knowledge of the Company, its Affiliates have conducted their businesses in compliance with the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and any other applicable anti-corruption Laws to which they may be subject and (C) the Company and the Covered Subsidiaries have instituted and maintain policies and procedures designed to ensure, and which are reasonably expected to continue to ensure, continued compliance therewith.

(iii) Except in each case as, individually or in the aggregate, has not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Company Material Adverse Effect, (A) the Company and its Covered Subsidiaries have, and at all times since December 31, 2014 have had and have been in compliance with, all licenses, permits, qualifications, accreditations, approvals, registrations, consents, authorizations, franchises, variances, exemptions and orders of any Governmental Authority (collectively, the "Permits"), and have made all necessary filings required under applicable Laws, necessary to conduct the business of the Company and the Covered Subsidiaries, (B) since December 31, 2014 through the date hereof, neither the Company nor any of the Covered Subsidiaries has received any written notice of any violation of or failure to comply with any Permit or any actual or possible revocation, withdrawal, suspension, cancellation, termination or material modification of any Permit and (C) each such Permit has been validly issued or obtained and is in full force and effect.

(g) Capitalization; Covered Subsidiaries.

(i) The authorized capital stock of the Company consists of 100,000,000 Ordinary Shares, of which (A) 47,131,129 are issued and outstanding, (B) 3,577,357 are held in treasury and (C) 1,121,055 are issued and reserved for issuance in respect of outstanding options to acquire Ordinary Shares, in each case as of November 30, 2015. Except as set forth in this Section 3.1(g), the Company has no outstanding bonds, debentures, notes or other obligations, the holders of which have the right to vote (or which are convertible into or exercisable for securities having the right to vote) with the shareholders of the Company on any matter.

(ii) As of November 30, 2015, 5,942,782 Ordinary Shares were issuable pursuant to the 5,049,779 options and 893,003 restricted share units issued and outstanding pursuant to the Company's 2007 Share Incentive Plan and 2005 Employee's

Stock Option Plan. All outstanding Ordinary Shares have been duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable and free of preemptive rights.

(iii) Except as set forth above in this Section 3.1(g) and Exhibit C to this Agreement, there are no outstanding (A) shares of capital stock or voting securities of the Company, (B) securities of the Company convertible into or exchangeable for shares of capital stock or voting securities of the Company or (C) preemptive or other outstanding rights, options, warrants, conversion rights, “phantom” stock rights, stock appreciation rights, redemption rights, repurchase rights, agreements, arrangements, calls, commitments or rights of any kind that obligate the Company to issue or sell any shares of capital stock or other securities of the Company or any securities or obligations convertible or exchangeable into or exercisable for, or giving any Person a right to subscribe for or acquire, any securities of the Company, and no securities or obligations evidencing such rights are authorized, issued or outstanding. The authorized capital stock of the Company is sufficient to accommodate any and all issuances of Ordinary Shares or ADSs upon conversion of the 0.50% Convertible Senior Notes due 2017, the 1.25% Convertible Senior Notes due 2018, the 1% Convertible Notes due 2019, the 1% Convertible Notes due 2020, the 1% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020 and the 1.99% Convertible Senior Notes due 2025 issued by the Company and outstanding, and upon conversion of the Notes.

(iv) All outstanding shares of capital stock or other securities of the Covered Subsidiaries are duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable and all such shares in the Covered Subsidiaries (except for directors’ qualifying shares or the like) are owned, directly or indirectly, by the Company free and clear of any Liens.

(v) Other than the Covered Subsidiaries set forth on Schedule 1, there are no Subsidiaries that meet the definition of a “significant subsidiary” in Article 1, Rule 1-02 of Regulation S-X under the Exchange Act.

(h) SEC Matters; Financial Statements.

(i) The Company has filed or furnished, as applicable, on a timely basis, all registration statements, proxy statements and other statements, reports, schedules, forms and other documents required to be filed or furnished by it with the SEC during the period since December 31, 2014 (the “Company SEC Documents”). None of the Covered Subsidiaries is required to file periodic reports with the SEC pursuant to the Exchange Act. As of their respective effective dates (in the case of the Company SEC Documents that are registration statements filed pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act) and as of their respective SEC filing dates (in the case of all other Company SEC Documents), or in each case, if amended prior to the date hereof, as of the date of the last such amendment: (A) each of the Company SEC Documents complied in all material respects with the applicable requirements of the Securities Act or the Exchange Act and the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as amended, and any rules and regulations promulgated thereunder (the “Sarbanes-Oxley Act”) applicable to the Company SEC Documents (as the case may be) and (B) none of the

Company SEC Documents contained any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

(ii) The financial statements (including any related notes) contained in the Company SEC Documents (collectively, the “Company Financial Statements”): (A) were prepared in accordance with GAAP applied on a consistent basis throughout the periods covered thereby and (B) fairly present in all material respects the consolidated financial position of the Company and the Covered Subsidiaries as of the respective dates thereof and the consolidated results of operations and cash flows of the Company and the Covered Subsidiaries for the periods covered thereby, except as disclosed therein and as permitted under the Exchange Act.

(iii) The Company has established and maintains a system of internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15 or 15d-15, as applicable, under the Exchange Act) sufficient to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting, including policies and procedures that (A) mandate the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the material transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company, (B) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with appropriate authorizations of management and the Board of Directors and (C) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the assets of the Company. There are no material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in the Company’s internal controls. The Company’s auditors and the audit committee of the board of directors of the Company have not been advised of any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company’s internal controls over financial reporting. Since December 31, 2014, there has been no change in the Company’s internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company’s internal control over financial reporting.

(iv) The “disclosure controls and procedures” (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) or 15d-15(e), as applicable, under the Exchange Act) of the Company are designed to ensure that all material information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the management of the Company as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

(v) Neither the Company nor any of the Covered Subsidiaries is a party to, nor has any commitment to become a party to, any joint venture, off-balance sheet partnership or any similar contract, agreement, arrangement or undertaking (including any contract, agreement, arrangement or undertaking relating to any transaction or relationship between or among one or more of the Company and/or any of its Covered Subsidiaries, on the one hand, and any unconsolidated Affiliate, including

any structured finance, special purpose or limited purpose entity or Person, on the other hand), or any “off-balance sheet arrangements” (as defined in Item 303(a) of Regulation S-K promulgated by the SEC), where the result, purpose or intended effect of such contract, agreement, arrangement or undertaking is to avoid disclosure of any material transaction involving, or material liabilities of, the Company or any of the Covered Subsidiaries in the Company’s or such Covered Subsidiary’s published financial statements or other Company SEC Documents.

(i) Absence of Certain Changes. Since December 31, 2014, (i) the Company and its Covered Subsidiaries have operated in the ordinary course of business in all material respects and (ii) there has not been a Company Material Adverse Effect.

(j) No Undisclosed Liabilities. Except as has not had, and would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Company Material Adverse Effect, neither the Company nor any of the Covered Subsidiaries has any liabilities or obligations of a type required to be reflected on a balance sheet in accordance with GAAP other than (i) liabilities or obligations disclosed and provided for in the Company Financial Statements or in the notes thereto, (ii) liabilities or obligations that have been incurred by the Company or the Covered Subsidiaries since December 31, 2014 in the ordinary course of business or (iii) liabilities or obligations arising under or in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

(k) Litigation.

(i) As of the date of this Agreement, there is no pending Proceeding, and, to the knowledge of the Company, since December 31, 2014 through the date hereof, no Person has threatened to commence any Proceeding: (i) against the Company or any of the Covered Subsidiaries or any director or officer thereof (in their capacity as such), in each case, as would have, if decided adversely, individually or in the aggregate, a Company Material Adverse Effect or (ii) that challenges, or would reasonably be expected to have the effect of making illegal, restraining, enjoining or otherwise prohibiting or preventing the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

(ii) There is no Governmental Order in effect to which the Company or any of the Covered Subsidiaries is a party or subject which materially interferes with the business of the Company and the Covered Subsidiaries as currently conducted, taken as a whole.

(l) Intellectual Property. The Company owns, or possesses the right to use, all of the Intellectual Property, licenses, permits and other authorizations that are reasonably necessary for the operation of its business, without conflict with the rights of any other Person, except for failures to so own, or so possess the right to use, that would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect. To the best knowledge of the Company, no slogan or other advertising device, product, process, method, substance, part or other material now employed, or now contemplated to be employed, by the Company or any of the Covered Subsidiaries infringes upon any rights held by any other Person, except for such infringements that would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect. No claim or litigation regarding any of the foregoing is

pending or, to the best knowledge of the Company, threatened, which, either individually or in the aggregate, could reasonably be expected to have a Company Material Adverse Effect.

(m) Investment Company. The Company is not an “investment company” within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.

(n) Offering. Subject to the truth and accuracy of the Purchasers’ representations set forth in Section 3.2, the offer, sale and issuance of the Notes are exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act and the Notes are not required to be qualified under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939.

(o) No Additional Representations. The Company acknowledges that the Purchasers make no representations or warranties as to any matter whatsoever except as expressly set forth in this Agreement or in any certificate delivered by the Purchasers to the Company in accordance with the terms hereof and thereof.

Section 3.2 Representations and Warranties of the Purchasers. In connection with the transactions provided for herein, each Purchaser hereby severally, and not jointly, represents and warrants to the Company as to itself that:

(a) Existence and Power. Such Purchaser is duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the Laws of its jurisdiction of organization and has all necessary power and authority to enter into this Agreement and the Notes, to carry out its obligations hereunder and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby.

(b) Authorization. The execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement and the Notes by such Purchaser have been duly authorized by all necessary corporate action on its part. This Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by it and, assuming due authorization, execution and delivery by the Company, constitutes a legal, valid and binding obligation of such Purchaser, enforceable against it in accordance with its terms, except as enforcement may be limited by general principles of equity, whether applied in a court of Law or a court of equity, and by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency and similar Law affecting creditors’ rights and remedies generally. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, no approval by the owners of partnership interests in such Purchaser is required in connection with this Agreement and the Notes, the performance by it of its obligations hereunder and thereunder, or the consummation by it of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby.

(c) Purchase Entirely for Own Account. Such Purchaser is acquiring the Notes for investment for their own account and not with a view to the distribution thereof in violation of the Securities Act. Such Purchaser acknowledges that it can bear the economic risk of its investment in the Notes, and has such knowledge and experience in financial or business matters that it is capable of evaluating the merits and risks of the investment in the Notes. Such Purchaser has independently and without reliance upon Ctrip, its Subsidiaries or Affiliates, and based on such information as it has deemed appropriate, made its own analysis and decision to enter into this Agreement and complete the transaction contemplated under this Agreement, except that it has relied upon the Company’s express representations, warranties, covenants and agreements in this Agreement.

(d) **No Violation.** The execution, delivery and performance by such Purchaser of this Agreement and the Notes does not and will not (i) violate, conflict with or result in the breach of any provision of its memorandum and articles of association (or similar organizational documents), (ii) subject to the truth and accuracy of the representations and warranties of the Company in Section 3.1(n), conflict with or violate any Law or Governmental Order applicable to it or any of its assets, properties or businesses or (iii) conflict with, result in any breach of, constitute a default (or event which with the giving of notice or lapse of time, or both, would become a default) under, require any consent under, or give to others any rights of termination, amendment, acceleration, suspension, revocation or cancellation of, any note, bond, mortgage or indenture, contract, agreement, lease, sublease, license, permit, franchise or other instrument or arrangement to which it is a party or result in the creation of any Liens upon any of its properties or assets, other than, in the case of clauses (ii) and (iii) above, any such conflict, violation, default, termination, amendment, acceleration, suspension, revocation or cancellation that would not have, individually or in the aggregate, a Purchaser Material Adverse Effect.

(e) **Governmental Consents and Approvals.** The execution, delivery and performance by such Purchaser of this Agreement and the Notes do not and will not require any consent, approval, authorization or other order of, action by, filing with, or notification to, any Governmental Authority.

(f) **Legend.** Such Purchaser understands that the certificate representing the Note will bear a legend to the following effect:

“THIS NOTE AND THE SECURITIES REPRESENTED HEREBY HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE UNITED STATES SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE “SECURITIES ACT”), OR UNDER ANY OTHER SECURITIES LAWS. THIS NOTE AND THE SECURITIES REPRESENTED HEREBY ARE SUBJECT TO RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFERABILITY AND RESALE AND MAY NOT BE TRANSFERRED OR RESOLD EXCEPT AS PERMITTED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT AND OTHER APPLICABLE SECURITIES LAWS, PURSUANT TO REGISTRATION OR EXEMPTION THEREFROM. HOLDERS SHOULD BE AWARE THAT THEY MAY BE REQUIRED TO BEAR THE FINANCIAL RISKS OF THIS INVESTMENT FOR AN INDEFINITE PERIOD OF TIME.”

(g) **Private Placement.** Such Purchaser understands that (a) the Notes have not been registered under the Securities Act or any state securities Laws, by reason of their issuance by the Company in a transaction exempt from the registration requirements thereof and (b) the Notes may not be sold unless such disposition is registered under the Securities Act and applicable state securities Laws or is exempt from registration thereunder. Such Purchaser represents that it is not a U.S. person and is located outside of the United States, as such terms are defined in Rule 902 of Regulation S under the Securities Act.

(h) **No Additional Representations.** Such Purchaser acknowledges that the Company makes no representations or warranties as to any matter whatsoever except as expressly set forth in this Agreement or in any certificate delivered by the Company to the Purchasers in accordance with the terms hereof and thereof.

ARTICLE IV **MISCELLANEOUS**

Section 4.1 **No Third Party Beneficiaries.** This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure solely to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and permitted assigns and nothing herein, express or implied, is intended to or shall confer upon any other Person any legal or equitable right, benefit or remedy of any nature whatsoever, except as expressly provided in this Agreement.

Section 4.2 **Governing Law; Selection of Forum; Submission to Jurisdiction; Service of Process.**

(a) THIS AGREEMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK WITHOUT REGARD TO PRINCIPLES OF CONFLICTS OF LAW. The Company irrevocably consents and agrees, for the benefit of the Purchasers, that any legal action, suit or proceeding against it with respect to obligations, liabilities or any other matter arising out of or in connection with this Agreement or the Notes or the transactions contemplated herein or therein shall be brought in the courts of the State of New York or the courts of the United States located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York and hereby (i) irrevocably consents and submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of each such court in personam, generally and unconditionally with respect to any action, suit or proceeding for itself in respect of its properties, assets and revenues, (ii) waives, to the fullest extent permitted by Law, any objection which it may now or hereafter have to the laying of venue of any of the aforesaid actions, suits or proceedings arising out of or in connection with this Agreement or the Notes or the transactions contemplated herein or therein brought in any such court, (iii) waives and agrees not to plead or claim in any such court that any such action, suit or proceeding brought in any such court has been brought in an inconvenient forum and (iv) subject to Section 4.2(b), agrees that service of process upon such party in any such action or proceeding shall be effective if notice is given in accordance with Section 4.4.

(b) The Company irrevocably appoints Law Debenture Corporate Service Inc. as its authorized agent in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York upon which process may be served in any such suit or proceeding, and agrees that service of process upon such agent, and written notice of said service to the Company by the person serving the same to Ctrip.com International Ltd., 99 Fu Quan Road, Shanghai 200335, People's Republic of China, Attention: Chief Financial Officer, shall be deemed in every respect effective service of process upon the Company in any such suit or proceeding. The Company further agrees to take any and all action as may be necessary to maintain such designation and appointment of such agent in full force and effect. If for any reason such agent shall cease to be such agent for service of process, the Company shall forthwith appoint a new agent of recognized standing for service of process in the State of New York and deliver to the Purchasers a copy of the new agent's acceptance of that appointment within ten Business Days of such acceptance. Nothing herein shall affect the right of the Purchasers to serve process in any other manner permitted by Law or to commence legal proceedings or otherwise proceed against the Company in any other court of competent jurisdiction. To the extent that the Company has or hereafter may acquire any sovereign or other immunity from jurisdiction of any court or from any legal process with

respect to itself or its property, the Company irrevocably waives such immunity in respect of its obligations hereunder or under the Notes.

Section 4.3 Counterparts. This Agreement may be signed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

Section 4.4 Notices. All notices, requests, claims, demands and other communications hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed duly given, made or received (i) on the date of delivery if delivered in person, (ii) on the date of confirmation of receipt of transmission by facsimile or other form of electronic delivery (provided confirmation of transmission is mechanically or electronically generated and kept on file by the sending party) or (iii) three (3) Business Days after deposit with an internationally recognized express courier service to the respective parties hereto at the following addresses (or at such other address for a party as shall be specified in a notice given in accordance with this Section 4.4):

If to the Company, to:

Ctrip.com International, Ltd.
99 Fu Quan Road
Shanghai 200335, People's Republic of China
Attention: Chief Financial Officer
Facsimile: +86 21 5251 0000

with a copy to:

Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP
42/F, Edinburgh Tower, The Landmark
15 Queen's Road Central
Hong Kong
Attention: Z. Julie Gao, Esq./Haiping Li, Esq.
Facsimile: +852 3740 4727

If to the Purchaser, to:

Hillhouse Capital Management, Ltd.
190 Elgin Ave
George Town, Cayman Islands
KY 91005
Facsimile: + 852 2179 1900
Attention: Adam Hornung
Email: Legal@hillhousecap.com

with a copy to:

Goodwin Procter LLP
28/F One Exchange Square
8 Connaught Place, Central

Hong Kong
Attention: Yash A. Rana
Facsimile: +852 2801 5515

Section 4.5 Fees and Expenses. Each party hereto shall pay all of its own fees and expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred in connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby.

Section 4.6 Entire Agreement. This Agreement, the Notes and the other documents delivered pursuant hereto constitute the entire agreement between the parties with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement and supersede all prior agreements and understandings, both oral and written, between the parties and/or their Subsidiaries and Affiliates with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement.

Section 4.7 Amendment. Any provision of this Agreement may be amended if, but only if, such amendment is in writing and is duly executed and delivered by or on behalf of each of the parties hereto.

Section 4.8 Waiver and Extension. Any party to this Agreement may (a) extend the time for the performance of any of the obligations or other acts of the other party, (b) waive any inaccuracies in the representations and warranties of the other party contained herein or in any document delivered by the other party pursuant hereto or (c) waive compliance with any of the agreements of the other party or conditions to such party's obligations contained herein. Any such extension or waiver shall be valid only if set forth in an instrument in writing signed by the party to be bound thereby. No waiver of any representation, warranty, agreement, condition or obligation granted pursuant to this Section 4.8 or otherwise in accordance with this Agreement shall be construed as a waiver of any prior or subsequent breach of such representation, warranty, agreement, condition or obligation or any other representation, warranty, agreement, condition or obligation and no waiver of any condition granted pursuant to this Section 4.8 or otherwise in accordance with this Agreement shall be construed as a waiver of any representation, warranty, agreement or covenant to which such condition relates. The failure of any party hereto to assert any of its rights hereunder shall not constitute a waiver of any of such rights.

Section 4.9 Severability. If any term or other provision of this Agreement is held to be invalid, illegal or incapable of being enforced under any applicable Law or any Governmental Order, such term or other provision shall be excluded from this Agreement and all other terms and provisions of this Agreement shall nevertheless remain in full force and effect for so long as the economic or legal substance of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement is not affected in any manner materially adverse to either party hereto. Upon such determination that any term or other provision is invalid, illegal or incapable of being enforced, the Company and the Purchasers shall negotiate together in good faith to modify this Agreement so as to effect the original intent of both the Company and the Purchasers as closely as possible in an acceptable manner in order that the transactions contemplated by this Agreement are consummated as originally contemplated to the greatest extent possible.

Section 4.10 Public Disclosure. Without limiting any other provision of this Agreement, each of the Purchasers and the Company shall consult with the other and issue a joint press release with respect to the execution of this Agreement, the Note and the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby. Thereafter, neither the Company nor the Purchasers, nor any of their respective Subsidiaries, shall issue any press release or other public announcement or communication (to the extent not previously publicly disclosed or made in accordance with this Agreement) with respect to the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby without the prior written consent of the other party (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed), except to the extent a party's counsel deems such disclosure necessary in order to comply with any Law or the regulations or policies of any securities exchange or other similar regulatory body (in which case the disclosing party shall give the other parties notice as promptly as is reasonably practicable of any required disclosure to the extent permitted by applicable Law), shall limit such disclosure to the information such counsel advises is required to comply with such Law or regulations, and if reasonably practicable, shall consult with the other party regarding such disclosure and give good faith consideration to any suggested changes to such disclosure from the other party. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section 4.10, each of the Purchasers, Parent and the Company may make public statements in response to specific questions by the press, analysts, investors or those attending industry conferences or financial analyst conference calls, so long as any such statements are not materially inconsistent with previous press releases, public disclosures or public statements made jointly by Parent and the Company and do not reveal material, non-public information regarding the other parties or the transactions contemplated this Agreement.

Section 4.11 Waiver of Jury Trial. EACH OF THE COMPANY AND THE PURCHASERS HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES, TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, ANY AND ALL RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY LEGAL PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS AGREEMENT, THE NOTE OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY OR THEREBY.

Section 4.12 Further Assurances. From time to time, each party hereto shall execute and deliver to the other party hereto such additional documents and shall provide such additional information to such other party as such other party may reasonably require to carry out the terms of this Agreement and the Notes.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have caused their duly authorized representatives to execute this Agreement as of the date first above written.

CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

By: /s/ Xiaofan Wang
Name: Xiaofan Wang
Capacity: CFO

GAOLING FUND, L.P.
By: Gaoling Fund GP, Ltd., its General Partner

By: /s/ Tracy Ma
Name: Tracy Ma
Capacity: Managing Director

YHG INVESTMENT, L.P.
By: Hillhouse Capital Management, Ltd., its General Partner

By: /s/ Tracy Ma
Name: Tracy Ma
Capacity: Managing Director

[Signature Page to Note Purchase Agreement]

SCHEDULE 1
COVERED SUBSIDIARIES

Subsidiaries

C-Travel International Limited, a Cayman Islands company
Beijing JointWisdom Information Technology Co., Ltd. (formerly China Software Hotel Information System Co., Ltd.), a PRC company
Ctrip.com (Hong Kong) Limited, a Hong Kong company
Ctrip Computer Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., a PRC company
Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., a PRC company
Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., a PRC company
Ctrip Information Technology (Nantong) Co., Ltd., a PRC company
ezTravel Co., Ltd., a Taiwan company
HKWOT (BVI) Limited, a BVI company

Affiliated Entities

Beijing Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd., a PRC company
Chengdu Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd, a PRC company
Chengdu Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd., a PRC company
Ctrip Insurance Agency Co., Ltd., a PRC company
Guangzhou Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd., a PRC company
Shanghai Ctrip Commerce Co., Ltd., a PRC company
Shanghai Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd. (formerly Shanghai Ctrip
Charming International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.), a PRC company
Shanghai Huacheng Southwest International Travel Agency Co., Ltd (formerly Shanghai Huacheng Southwest Travel Agency Co., Ltd.), a PRC company
Shenzhen Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd., a PRC company

SCHEDULE 2
ALLOCATION OF NOTES TO PURCHASERS

PURCHASER		PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF NOTES
Gaoling Fund, L.P.	US\$	481,900,000
YHG Investment, L.P.	US\$	18,100,000
Total	US\$	500,000,000

EXHIBIT A
FORM OF CONVERTIBLE NOTE

CONVERTIBLE NOTE

THIS NOTE AND THE SECURITIES REPRESENTED HEREBY HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE UNITED STATES SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE “SECURITIES ACT”), OR UNDER ANY OTHER SECURITIES LAWS. THIS NOTE AND THE SECURITIES REPRESENTED HEREBY ARE SUBJECT TO RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFERABILITY AND RESALE AND MAY NOT BE TRANSFERRED OR RESOLD EXCEPT AS PERMITTED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT AND OTHER APPLICABLE SECURITIES LAWS, PURSUANT TO REGISTRATION OR EXEMPTION THEREFROM. HOLDERS SHOULD BE AWARE THAT THEY MAY BE REQUIRED TO BEAR THE FINANCIAL RISKS OF THIS INVESTMENT FOR AN INDEFINITE PERIOD OF TIME.

CONVERTIBLE NOTE

[US\$481,900,000 / US\$18,100,000]

December 11, 2015

Subject to the terms and conditions of this Convertible Note (the “Note”), for good and valuable consideration received, Ctrip.com International, Ltd., an exempted limited liability company under the laws of the Cayman Islands (the “Company”), promises to pay to the order of [Gaoling Fund, L.P. / YHG Investment, L.P.], a Cayman Islands exempted limited partnership (such party and any transferee, the “Holder”), the principal amount of [US\$481,900,000 / US\$18,100,000], plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the rate provided below, on December 11, 2025 (the “Maturity Date”), or such earlier or later date as may be otherwise provided herein, unless the outstanding principal, together with accrued interest, is settled in accordance with ARTICLE 3 of the Note.

The Note is issued pursuant to, and in accordance with, the Convertible Note Purchase Agreement, dated December 9, 2015 (the “Purchase Agreement”), between the Company, the Holder and [YGH Investment, L.P. / Gaoling Fund, L.P.], and is subject to the provisions thereof. Capitalized terms used and not defined herein shall have the meaning set forth in the Purchase Agreement.

The following is a statement of the rights of the Holder of the Note and the terms and conditions to which the Note is subject, and to which the Holder hereof, by the acceptance of the Note, agrees:

ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS

“Additional ADSs” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 4.1(a).

“ADS” means an American Depository Share, representing 0.125 of an Ordinary Share of the Company as of the date of this Note.

“ADS Price” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 4.1(c).

“Board of Directors” means the board of directors of the Company or a committee of such board duly authorized to act for it hereunder.

“Business Day” means any day that is not a Saturday, a Sunday or other day on which banking institutions in the Cayman Islands, the State of New York or the cities of Beijing, Shanghai or Hong Kong are required by Law to be closed.

“Capital Stock” means for any entity, any and all shares, interests, rights to purchase, warrants, options, participations or other equivalents of or interests in (however designated) stock issued by that entity.

“Clause A Distribution” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 4.2(c).

“Clause B Distribution” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 4.2(c).

“Clause C Distribution” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 4.2(c).

“close of business” means 5:00 P.M., New York City time.

“Common Equity” of any Person means ordinary share capital or common stock of such Person that is generally entitled (a) to vote in the election of directors of such Person or (b) if such Person is not a corporation, to vote or otherwise participate in the selection of the governing body, partners, managers or others that will control the management or policies of such Person.

“Company” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in the Preamble.

“Conversion Agent” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in the Indenture.

“Conversion Date” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 3.3.

“Conversion Notice” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 3.3.

“Conversion Rate” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 3.2.

“Default” means any event that is, or after notice or passage of time, or both, would be, an Event of Default.

“Defaulted Amounts” means any amounts on this Note (including, without limitation, the Repurchase Price, the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, principal and interest) that are payable but are not punctually paid or duly provided for.

“Distributed Property” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 4.2(c).

“Effective Date” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 4.1(c).

“Event of Default” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 2.4.

“Exchange Act” means the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

“Ex-Dividend Date” means the first date on which the Ordinary Shares, ADSs representing Ordinary Shares or other applicable security trade on the applicable exchange or in the applicable market, regular way, without the right to receive the issuance, dividend or distribution in question, from the Company or, if applicable, from the seller of the Ordinary Shares, ADSs representing Ordinary Shares or other applicable security on such exchange or market (in the form of due bills or otherwise) as determined by such exchange or market.

“Expiring Rights” means any rights, options or warrants to purchase Ordinary Shares or ADSs that expire on or prior to the Maturity Date.

“Fractional ADSs” means ADSs that would represent a fractional ordinary share.

“Fundamental Change” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in the Indenture.

“Fundamental Change Company Notice” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 6.3.

“Fundamental Change Repurchase Date” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 0.

“Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 6.2(a).

“Fundamental Change Repurchase Price” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 0.

“Governmental Authority” means any federal, national, supranational, state, provincial, local, municipal or other government, any governmental, quasi-governmental, supranational, regulatory or administrative authority (including any governmental division, department, agency, commission, instrumentality, organization, unit or body, political subdivision, and any court or other tribunal) or any self-regulatory organization (including NASDAQ) with competent jurisdiction.

“Holder” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in the Preamble.

“Indenture” means that certain Indenture dated as of October 17, 2013 between the Company and the Trustee, as the provisions thereof exist on the date of this Note.

“Interest Payment Date” means June 11 and December 11 of each year, beginning on June 11, 2016.

“Last Reported Sale Price” of the ADSs on any date means the closing sale price per ADS (or if no closing sale price is reported, the average of the bid and ask prices or, if more than one in either case, the average of the average bid and the average ask prices) on that date as reported in composite transactions for the NASDAQ (or the principal U.S. national or regional securities exchange on which the ADSs are traded). If the ADSs are not listed for trading on a U.S. national or regional securities exchange on the relevant date, the “Last Reported Sale Price” shall be the last quoted bid price for the ADSs in the over-the-counter market on the relevant date as reported by OTC Markets Group Inc. or a similar organization. If the ADSs are not so quoted, the “Last Reported Sale Price” shall be the average of the midpoint of the last bid and ask prices for the ADSs on the relevant date from each of at least three nationally recognized independent investment banking firms selected by the Company for this purpose.

“Law” means any statute, law, ordinance, regulation, rule, code, order, judgment, writ, injunction, decree or requirement of law (including common law) enacted, issued, promulgated, enforced or entered by a Governmental Authority.

“Make-Whole Fundamental Change” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in the Indenture, provided that a “person” or “group” within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act, other than the Company, its Subsidiaries and the employee benefit plans of the Company and its Subsidiaries, becoming the direct or indirect “beneficial owner,” as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act, of no less than 45% and no more than 50% of the ordinary share capital of the Company resulting in the Company being consolidated into the financial statements of such “person” or “group” prepared under United States generally accepted accounting principles shall also constitute a Make-Whole Fundamental Change.

“Maturity Date” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in the Preamble.

“Merger Event” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 4.3.

“NASDAQ” means the NASDAQ Global Select Market.

“Note” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in the Preamble.

“Officer” means, with respect to the Company, the President, the Chief Executive Officer, the Treasurer, the Secretary, any Executive or Senior Vice President or any Vice President (whether or not designated by a number or numbers or word or words added before or after the title “Vice President”).

“Officers’ Certificate” means, when used with respect to the Company, a certificate that is delivered to the Holder and that is signed by (a) two Officers of the Company or (b) one Officer of the Company and one of any Assistant Treasurer, any Assistant Secretary or the Controller of the Company. One of the Officers giving an Officers’ Certificate pursuant to Section 7.6 shall be the principal executive, financial or accounting officer of the Company.

“open of business” means 9:00 A.M., New York City time.

“Ordinary Shares” means ordinary shares of the Company, par value US\$0.01 per ordinary share, at the date of this Note, subject to Section 4.3.

“Person” means an individual, a corporation, a limited liability company, an association, a partnership, a joint venture, a joint stock company, a trust, an unincorporated organization or a Governmental Authority.

“Purchase Agreement” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in the Preamble.

“Record Date” means, with respect to any dividend, distribution or other transaction or event in which the holders of the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) (or other applicable security) have the right to receive any cash, securities or other property or in which the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) (or such other security) is exchanged for or converted into any combination of cash, securities or other property, the date fixed for determination of security holders entitled to receive such cash, securities or other property (whether such date is fixed by the Board of Directors, statute, contract or otherwise).

“Reference Property” and **“unit of Reference Property”** have the meanings ascribed thereto in **Section 4.3**.

“Regular Record Date” means, with respect to any Interest Payment Date, June 1 or December 1 (whether or not such day is a Business Day) immediately preceding the applicable June 11 or December 11 Interest Payment Date, respectively.

“Repurchase Date” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in **Section 5.1**.

“Repurchase Notice” shall **Section 6.2(a)**.

“Repurchase Price” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in **Section 5.1**.

“Significant Subsidiary” means a Subsidiary of the Company that meets the definition of “significant subsidiary” in Article 1, Rule 1-02 of Regulation S-X under the Exchange Act.

“Spin-Off” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in **Section 4.2(c)**.

“Subsidiary” means, as of the relevant date of determination, with respect to any Person (the “subject entity”), (i) any Person (x) more than 50% of whose shares or other interests entitled to vote in the election of directors or (y) more than fifty percent (50%) interest in the profits or capital of such Person are owned or controlled directly or indirectly by the subject entity or through one (1) or more subsidiaries of the subject entity, (ii) any Person, including for the avoidance of doubt any “variable interest entity”, whose financial statements, or portions thereof, are or are intended to be consolidated with the financial statements of the subject entity for financial reporting purposes in accordance with GAAP, or (iii) any Person with respect to which the subject entity has the sole power to control or otherwise direct the business and policies of that entity directly or indirectly through another subsidiary or otherwise. For the avoidance of doubt, none of eLong, Inc., Qunar Cayman Islands Limited and their respective Subsidiaries and Affiliates shall be considered a Subsidiary of the Company under this Note.

“Trading Day” means a day on which (i) trading in the ADSs (or other Company security for which a closing sale price must be determined) generally occurs on the NASDAQ or, if the ADSs (or such other security) are not then listed on the NASDAQ, on the principal other U.S. national or regional securities exchange on which the ADSs (or such other security) are then listed or, if the ADSs (or such other security) are not then listed on a U.S. national or regional securities exchange, on the principal other market on which the ADSs (or such other security) are then traded and (ii) a Last Reported Sale Price for the ADSs (or closing sale price for such other security) is available on such securities exchange or market; provided that if the ADSs (or such other security) are not so listed or traded, “**Trading Day**” means a Business Day.

“Trigger Event” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 4.2(c).

“Trustee” means The Bank of New York Mellon, a national banking association, or any successor thereto under the Indenture.

“U.S.” means United States.

“US\$” or **“\$”** means the United States dollar, the lawful currency of the United States of America.

“Valuation Period” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 4.2(c).

ARTICLE 2 **INTEREST; PAYMENTS; DEFAULTS**

2.1 **Interest Rate.** The principal amount outstanding under the Note shall bear interest at a rate of 2.00% per annum or the maximum rate permissible by Law, whichever is less, until maturity or such earlier or later time as the principal becomes due and payable hereunder, whether through redemption upon an Event of Default or otherwise. Interest on the Note shall accrue annually from December 11, 2015 or from the most recent date on which interest has been paid for or duly provided for. Interest shall be payable semiannually in arrears on each Interest Payment Date. Accrued interest on the Note shall be computed on the basis of a 360-day year composed of twelve 30-day months and, for partial months, on the basis of actual days elapsed over a 30-day month. The Holder may choose to defer receipt of interest payment in cash on an Interest Payment Date by notifying the Company in writing at least five Business Days prior to an applicable Interest Payment Date, and until the Holder notifies the Company in writing at least five Business Days prior to another later applicable Interest Payment Date to choose to receive interest payment in cash, the interest shall be accrued but unpaid and shall not be rolled onto the principal. Upon the Maturity Date or any earlier date of conversion, purchase or payment of the Note, the aggregate accrued but unpaid interest shall be subject to conversion, purchase or payment (as the case may be) in accordance with the terms contained herein.

2.2 **Payment.** All amounts payable on or in respect of the Note or the indebtedness evidenced hereby shall be paid to the Holder in U.S. dollars, in immediately available funds on the date that any principal or interest payment is due and payable hereunder. The Company shall make such payments of the unpaid principal amount of the Note, together with accrued and unpaid interest thereon, on each such date to the Holder by wire transfer of immediately

available funds for the account of the Holder as the Holder may designate from time to time and notify in writing to the Company at least three Business Days prior to each payment date. If any such payment date or the Maturity Date falls on a day that is not a Business Day, the required payment will be made on the next succeeding Business Day and no interest on such payment will accrue in respect of the delay.

2.3 Seniority. The Note ranks senior in right of payment to any of the Company's future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the Note, equal in right of payment to any of the Company's existing and future indebtedness and other liabilities of the Company that are not so subordinated, junior in right of payment to any of the Company's secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness and structurally junior to all future indebtedness incurred by the Company's Subsidiaries and their other liabilities (including trade payables).

2.4 Events of Default. For purposes of the Note, an "Event of Default" shall be deemed to have occurred if any of the following events occur, whatever the reason or cause for such Event of Default and whether it is voluntary or involuntary or is effected by operation of law or pursuant to any judgment, decree or order of any court or any order, rule or regulation of any Governmental Authority or otherwise:

(a) Failure to Pay Principal. The Company defaults in the payment of principal of the Note when due and payable on the Maturity Date, upon any required repurchase, upon declaration of acceleration or otherwise;

(b) Failure to Pay Interest. The Company defaults in the payment of interest or Additional Amounts, if any, when any such payment becomes due and payable and the default continues for a period of 30 calendar days;

(c) Breach of Certain Notice Obligations. The Company fails for a period of five Business Days to issue a Fundamental Change Company Notice in accordance with Section 6.3 or notice of a Make-Whole Fundamental Change in accordance with Section 4.1(a), in each case, when due;

(d) Breach of Conversion Obligation. The Company fails to comply with its obligation to convert all or a portion of the Note in accordance with ARTICLE 3 upon Holder's exercise of its conversion rights and such failure continues for a period of five Business Days;

(e) Breach of ARTICLE 8. The Company fails to comply with its obligations under ARTICLE 8;

(f) Breach of Other Obligations. The Company fails for 60 calendar days after written notice from the Holder has been received by the Company to comply with any of its other agreements contained in the Note;

(g) Cross Default. Any default by the Company or any Significant Subsidiary of the Company with respect to any mortgage, agreement or other instrument under which there may be outstanding, or by which there may be secured or evidenced, any indebtedness for money borrowed in excess of US\$15 million (or the foreign currency equivalent thereof) in the

aggregate of the Company and/or any such Significant Subsidiary, whether such indebtedness now exists or shall hereafter be created (A) resulting in such indebtedness becoming or being declared due and payable or (B) constituting a failure to pay the principal or interest of any such debt when due and payable at its stated maturity, upon required repurchase, upon declaration of acceleration or otherwise;

(h) **Adverse Judgment.** A final judgment for the payment of US\$15 million (or the foreign currency equivalent thereof) or more (excluding any amounts covered by insurance) is rendered against the Company or any Significant Subsidiary of the Company, which judgment is not paid, bonded or otherwise discharged or stayed within 60 calendar days after the earlier of (i) the date on which the right to appeal thereof has expired if no such appeal has commenced and (ii) the date on which all rights to appeal have been extinguished;

(i) **Bankruptcy.** The Company or any Significant Subsidiary shall commence a voluntary case or other proceeding seeking liquidation, reorganization or other relief with respect to the Company or any such Significant Subsidiary or its debts under any bankruptcy, insolvency or other similar Law now or hereafter in effect or seeking the appointment of a trustee, receiver, liquidator, custodian or other similar official of the Company or any such Significant Subsidiary or all or substantially all of its property, or shall consent to any such relief or to the appointment of or taking possession by any such official in an involuntary case or other proceeding commenced against it, or shall make a general assignment for the benefit of creditors, or shall fail generally to pay its debts as they become due; or

(j) **Involuntary Proceedings.** An involuntary case or other proceeding shall be commenced against the Company or any Significant Subsidiary seeking liquidation, reorganization or other relief with respect to the Company or such Significant Subsidiary or its debts under any bankruptcy, insolvency or other similar Law now or hereafter in effect or seeking the appointment of a trustee, receiver, liquidator, custodian or other similar official of the Company or such Significant Subsidiary or all or substantially all of its property, and such involuntary case or other proceeding shall remain undismissed and unstayed for a period of 30 consecutive calendar days.

2.5 **Consequences of Event of Default.**

(a) Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, the Company shall promptly deliver written notice thereof to the Holder. If one or more Events of Default shall have occurred and be continuing (whatever the reason for such Event of Default and whether it shall be voluntary or involuntary or be effected by operation of law or pursuant to any judgment, decree or order of any court or any order, rule or regulation of any Governmental Authority), then, and in each and every such case (other than an Event of Default specified in Section 2.4(i) or Section 2.4(j) with respect to the Company or any of its Significant Subsidiaries), unless the principal of the Note shall have already become due and payable, the Holder may by notice in writing to the Company, declare 100% of the outstanding principal of, and accrued and unpaid interest on, the Note to be due and payable immediately, and upon any such declaration the same shall become and shall automatically be immediately due and payable. If an Event of Default specified in Section 2.4(i) or Section 2.4(j) with respect to the Company or any of its Significant Subsidiaries occurs and is continuing, 100% of the outstanding principal of, and accrued and

unpaid interest on, the Note shall become and shall automatically be immediately due and payable without any action on the part of the Holder.

(b) Subsection (a) above, however, is subject to the conditions that if, at any time after the outstanding principal of the Note shall have been so declared due and payable, and before any judgment or decree for the payment of the monies due shall have been obtained or entered as hereinafter provided, the Company shall pay or shall deposit with the Holder a sum sufficient to pay installments of accrued and unpaid interest upon the Note and the outstanding principal of the Note that shall have become due otherwise than by acceleration (with interest on overdue installments of accrued and unpaid interest to the extent that payment of such interest is enforceable under applicable Law, and on such principal at the rate per annum borne by the Note *plus* one percent), and if (1) rescission would not conflict with any judgment or decree of a court of competent jurisdiction and (2) any and all existing Events of Default under the Note, other than the nonpayment of the principal of and accrued and unpaid interest on the Note that shall have become due solely by such acceleration, shall have been cured or waived, then and in every such case the Holder, by written notice to the Company, may waive all Default or Events of Default with respect to the Note and rescind and annul such declaration and its consequences and such Default shall cease to exist, and any Event of Default arising therefrom shall be deemed to have been cured for every purpose of the Note; but no such waiver or rescission and annulment shall extend to or shall affect any subsequent Event of Default, or shall impair any right consequent thereon.

2.6 Defaulted Amounts. Any Defaulted Amounts shall forthwith accrue interest per annum at 2.00%, subject to the enforceability thereof under applicable Law, from, and including, such relevant payment date, and such Defaulted Amounts together with such interest thereon shall be paid by the Company to the Holder by wire transfer of immediately available funds pursuant to the procedures set forth in Section 2.2.

ARTICLE 3 **CONVERSION**

3.1 Conversion by Holder. Subject to and upon compliance with the provisions of this ARTICLE 3, the Holder shall have the right from time to time, at the Holder's option, to convert all or any portion (if the portion to be converted is at least US\$100,000,000 or such lesser amount then held by the Holder) of the Note (including any accrued but unpaid interest) to the Company's fully paid ADSs at any time prior to the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Maturity Date.

3.2 Conversion Price; Conversion Rate. Subject to adjustments as provided in ARTICLE 4, the initial conversion price shall be US\$68.4617 per ADS, representing an initial conversion rate of 14.6067 ADSs (the "Conversion Rate") per US\$1,000 principal amount of the Note.

3.3 Conversion Procedure; Settlement Upon Conversion.

(a) Subject to Section 3.3(c), this Note shall be deemed to have been converted immediately prior to the close of business on the date (the “Conversion Date”) that the Holder has delivered a duly completed irrevocable written notice to the Company specifying its intention to convert the Note (or a portion thereof) (the “Conversion Notice”) and the Note for cancellation to the Company. Within three Business Days after the delivery of the Note and the Conversion Notice to the Company pursuant to Section 3.1 above, the Company shall (i) take all actions and execute all documents necessary to effect the issuance of the full number of ADSs to which the Holder shall be entitled in satisfaction of any conversion pursuant to Section 3.1, (ii) if required by applicable Law, deliver to the Holder certificate(s) representing the number of ADSs delivered upon each such conversion and (iii) subject to Section 3.3(c), cancel the Note. No Conversion Notice may be delivered and the Note may not be surrendered by a Holder for conversion thereof if the Holder has also delivered a Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice to the Company in respect of the Note and not validly withdrawn such Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice in accordance with ARTICLE 6.

(b) The Company shall not issue any Fractional ADS upon conversion of the Note and shall instead pay cash in lieu of any Fractional ADS deliverable upon conversion based on the Last Reported Sale Price of the ADSs on the relevant Conversion Date.

(c) In the event the Holder surrenders this Note pursuant to Section 3.3(a) for partial conversion, the Company shall, in addition to cancelling the Note upon such surrender, promptly execute and deliver to the Holder a new note (consistent in all respects with this Note, other than with respect to principal amount) denominated in U.S. dollars and in an aggregate principal amount equal to the unconverted portion of the surrendered Note, without payment of any service charge by the Holder.

(d) If the Holder submits the Note for conversion, the Company shall pay any documentary, stamp or similar issue or transfer tax due on the delivery of the ADSs upon such conversion of the Note (or the issuance of the underlying Ordinary Shares), unless the tax is due because the Holder requests such ADSs (or such Ordinary Shares) to be issued in a name other than the Holder’s name, in which case the Holder shall pay that tax. The Company shall pay the relevant depositary’s fees for issuance of the ADSs.

(e) Upon any conversion, the Holder shall not receive any separate cash payment for accrued and unpaid interest, if any, except as set forth below. The Company’s settlement of each conversion pursuant to this ARTICLE 3 shall be deemed to satisfy in full its obligation to pay the principal amount of the Note converted and accrued and unpaid interest thereon, if any, to, but not including, the relevant Conversion Date. As a result, such accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but not including, the relevant Conversion Date shall be deemed to be paid in full rather than cancelled, extinguished or forfeited. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if this Note is converted after the close of business on a Regular Record Date, the Holder will receive the full amount of interest payable on the Note on the corresponding Interest Payment Date notwithstanding the pending conversion for so long as it remains a holder of the Note and there remains outstanding principal. Any issuance of ADSs upon conversion of the Note during the period from the close of business on any Regular Record Date to the open of business on the

immediately following Interest Payment Date must be accompanied by funds equal to the amount of interest payable on the Note; provided that no such payment shall be required (1) for conversions following the Regular Record Date immediately preceding the Maturity Date, (2) if the Company has specified a Fundamental Change Repurchase Date that is after a Regular Record Date and on or prior to the corresponding Interest Payment Date or (3) to the extent of any Defaulted Amounts, if any Defaulted Amounts exist at the time of conversion with respect to such Note.

(f) Except as provided in Section 4.2, no adjustment shall be made for dividends on any ADSs delivered upon any conversion of this Note as provided in this ARTICLE 3.

ARTICLE 4 **ADJUSTMENTS**

4.1 Increased Conversion Rate Applicable in Connection with Make-Whole Fundamental Change.

(a) If a Make-Whole Fundamental Change occurs prior to the Maturity Date and the Holder elects to convert this Note in connection with such Make-Whole Fundamental Change, the Company shall, under the circumstances described below, increase the Conversion Rate by a number of additional ADSs (the “Additional ADSs”) as described below. A conversion of this Note shall be deemed for these purposes to be “in connection with” such Make-Whole Fundamental Change if the relevant Conversion Notice is received by the Company from, and including, the Effective Date of the Make-Whole Fundamental Change up to, and including, the second Business Day immediately prior to the related Fundamental Change Repurchase Date (or, in the case of a Make-Whole Fundamental Change that would have been a Fundamental Change but for the proviso in clause (b) of the definition thereof in the Indenture, the 35th Trading Day immediately following the Effective Date of such Make-Whole Fundamental Change). The Company shall provide written notice to the Holder of the Effective Date of any Make-Whole Fundamental Change.

(b) Upon surrender of this Note for conversion in connection with a Make-Whole Fundamental Change, the Company shall cause to be delivered ADSs, including the Additional ADSs, in accordance with Section 3.3; provided, however, that if, at the effective time of a Make-Whole Fundamental Change described in clause (b) of the definition of Fundamental Change in the Indenture, the Reference Property following such Make-Whole Fundamental Change is composed entirely of cash, for any conversion of the Note following the Effective Date of such Make-Whole Fundamental Change, such conversion shall be calculated based solely on the ADS Price for the transaction and shall be deemed to be an amount of cash per US\$1,000 principal amount of the converted Note equal to the Conversion Rate (including any adjustment for Additional ADSs), *multiplied* by such ADS Price.

(c) The number of Additional ADSs, if any, by which the Conversion Rate shall be increased shall be determined by reference to the table below, based on the date on which the Make-Whole Fundamental Change occurs or becomes effective (the “Effective Date”) and the price (the “ADS Price”) paid (or deemed to be paid) per ADS in the Make-Whole

Fundamental Change. If the holders of the ADSs receive in exchange for their ADSs only cash in a Make-Whole Fundamental Change described in clause (b) of the definition of Fundamental Change, the ADS Price shall be the cash amount paid per ADS. Otherwise, the ADS Price shall be the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the ADSs over the five Trading Day period ending on, and including, the Trading Day immediately preceding the Effective Date of the Make-Whole Fundamental Change.

(d) The ADS Prices set forth in the column headings of the table below shall be adjusted as of any date on which the Conversion Rate of the Note is otherwise adjusted. The adjusted ADS Prices shall equal the ADS Prices applicable immediately prior to such adjustment, multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the Conversion Rate immediately prior to such adjustment giving rise to the ADS Price adjustment and the denominator of which is the Conversion Rate as so adjusted. The number of Additional ADSs set forth in the table below shall be adjusted in the same manner and at the same time as the Conversion Rate as set forth in Section 4.2.

(e) The following table sets forth the number of Additional ADSs to be received per US\$1,000 principal amount of the Note pursuant to this Section 4.1 for each ADS Price and Effective Date set forth below:

Increase in Conversion Ratio Per Bond (Make-Whole Table)

Change of Control Date	Stock Price on Change of Control Date									
	\$52.66	\$57.00	\$62.00	\$68.46	\$75.00	\$90.00	\$120.00	\$150.00	\$200.00	\$250.00
12/10/2015	4.3820	3.7912	3.2413	2.6840	2.2472	1.5563	0.8353	0.4881	0.2128	0.0865
12/10/2016	4.3820	3.7991	3.2260	2.6494	2.2015	1.5021	0.7890	0.4545	0.1955	0.0802
12/10/2017	4.3820	3.8309	3.2258	2.6230	2.1593	1.4473	0.7417	0.4205	0.1777	0.0717
12/10/2018	4.3820	3.8704	3.2239	2.5875	2.1055	1.3807	0.6881	0.3839	0.1594	0.0634
12/10/2019	4.3820	3.8879	3.1892	2.5152	2.0159	1.2882	0.6241	0.3430	0.1400	0.0546
12/10/2020	4.3820	3.8177	3.0576	2.3552	1.8563	1.1608	0.5513	0.2989	0.1196	0.0457
12/10/2021	4.3820	3.1388	2.5811	2.0362	1.6272	1.0242	0.4752	0.2511	0.0974	0.0360
12/10/2022	4.3820	3.1519	2.5374	1.9473	1.5144	0.9009	0.3858	0.1951	0.0727	0.0258
12/10/2023	4.3820	3.1247	2.4287	1.7781	1.3184	0.7106	0.2683	0.1293	0.0468	0.0156
12/10/2024	4.3820	3.0142	2.1715	1.4238	0.9416	0.4062	0.1262	0.0605	0.0226	0.0068
12/10/2025	4.3820	2.9372	1.5224	0.0004	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

The exact ADS Prices and Effective Dates may not be set forth in the table above, in which case:

(i) if the ADS Price is between two ADS Prices in the table above or the Effective Date is between two Effective Dates in the table, the number of Additional ADSs shall be determined by a straight-line interpolation between the number of Additional ADSs set forth for the higher and lower ADS Prices and the earlier and later Effective Dates, as applicable, based on a 365-day year;

(ii) if the ADS Price is greater than US\$250 per ADS (subject to adjustment in the same manner as the ADS Prices set forth in the column headings of the table above pursuant to subsection (d) above), the number of Additional ADSs shall be determined by linear extrapolation of the decrease in the number of Additional ADSs between the ADS Prices of the 2nd highest price in the table and highest price in the table; and

(iii) if the ADS Price is less than US\$52.66 per ADS (subject to adjustment in the same manner as the ADS Prices set forth in the column headings of the table above pursuant to subsection (d) above), the number of Additional ADSs shall be determined by linear extrapolation of the increase in the number of Additional ADSs between the ADS Prices of the 2nd lowest price in the table and lowest price in the table.

(f) Nothing in this Section 4.1 shall prevent an adjustment to the Conversion Rate pursuant to Section 4.2.

(g) Whenever any provision of this Note requires the Company to calculate the Last Reported Sale Prices or the ADS Price for purposes of a Make-Whole Fundamental Change over a span of multiple days, the Board of Directors shall make appropriate adjustments to each account for any adjustment to the Conversion Rate that becomes effective pursuant to Section 4.2, or any event requiring an adjustment to the Conversion Rate pursuant to Section 4.2 where the Record Date, effective date or expiration date, as the case may be, of the event occurs, at any time during the period when such Last Reported Sale Prices or ADS Prices are to be calculated.

4.2 Adjustment of Conversion Rate. If the number of Ordinary Shares represented by the ADSs is changed, after the date of this Note, for any reason other than one or more of the events described in this Section 4.2, the Company shall make an appropriate adjustment to the Conversion Rate such that the number of Ordinary Shares represented by the ADSs upon which any conversion of this Note is based remains the same.

Notwithstanding the adjustment provisions described in this Section 4.2, if the Company distributes to holders of the Ordinary Shares any cash, rights, options, warrants, shares of capital stock or similar equity interest, evidences of indebtedness or other assets or property of the Company (but excluding Expiring Rights) and a corresponding distribution is not made to holders of the ADSs, but, instead, the ADSs shall represent, in addition to Ordinary Shares, such cash, rights, options, warrants, shares of Capital Stock or similar equity interest, evidences of indebtedness or other assets or property of the Company, then an adjustment to the Conversion Rate described in this Section 4.2 shall not be made until and unless a corresponding distribution (if any) is made to holders of the ADSs, and such adjustment to the Conversion Rate shall be based on the distribution made to the holders of the ADSs and not on the distribution made to the holders of the Ordinary Shares. However, in the event that the Company issues or distributes to all holders of the Ordinary Shares any Expiring Rights, notwithstanding the immediately preceding sentence, the Company shall adjust the Conversion Rate pursuant to Section 4.2(b) (in the case of Expiring Rights entitling holders of the Ordinary Shares for a period of not more than 45 calendar days after the announcement date of such issuance to subscribe for or purchase Ordinary Shares or ADSs) or Section 4.2(c) (in the case of all other Expiring Rights).

For the avoidance of doubt, if any event described in this Section 4.2 results in a change to the number of Ordinary Shares represented by the ADSs, then such a change shall be deemed to satisfy the Company's obligation to effect the relevant adjustment to the Conversion Rate on account of such an event to the extent to which such change reflects what a corresponding change to the Conversion Rate would have been on account of such an event.

The Conversion Rate shall be adjusted from time to time by the Company if any of the following events occurs, except that the Company shall not make any adjustments to the Conversion Rate if the Holder participates (other than in the case of a share split or share combination), at the same time and upon the same terms as holders of the Ordinary Shares and solely as a result of holding the Note, in any of the transactions described in this Section 4.2, without having to convert the Note, as if it held a number of Ordinary Shares equal to the Conversion Rate, *multiplied by* the principal amount of the Note held by the Holder.

(a) If the Company exclusively issues Ordinary Shares as a dividend or distribution on the Ordinary Shares, or if the Company effects a share split or share combination, the Conversion Rate shall be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{OS_1}{OS_0}$$

where,

CR_0 = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the close of business on the Record Date for the ADSs of such dividend or distribution, or immediately prior to the close of business on the effective date of such share split or share combination, as applicable;

CR_1 = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the close of business on such Record Date or immediately after the close of business on such effective date, as applicable;

OS_0 = the number of Ordinary Shares outstanding immediately prior to the close of business on such Record Date or immediately prior to the close of business on such effective date, as applicable; and

OS_1 = the number of Ordinary Shares outstanding immediately after giving effect to such dividend, distribution, share split or share combination.

Any adjustment made under this Section 4.2(a) shall become effective immediately after the close of business on the Record Date for such dividend or distribution, or immediately after the open of business on the effective date for such share split or share combination, as applicable. If any dividend or distribution of the type described in this Section 4.2(a) is declared but not so paid or made, the Conversion Rate shall be immediately readjusted, effective as of the date the Board of Directors determines not to pay such dividend or distribution, to the Conversion Rate that would then be in effect if such dividend or distribution had not been declared.

(b) If the Company issues to all or substantially all holders of the Ordinary Shares (directly in or in the form of ADSs) any rights, options or warrants entitling them, for a period of not more than 45 calendar days after the announcement date of such issuance, to subscribe for or purchase Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) at a price per

Ordinary Share that is less than the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the Ordinary Shares or the ADSs, as the case may be (*divided by*, in the case of ADSs, the number of Ordinary Shares then represented by one ADS), for the 10 consecutive Trading Day period ending on, and including, the Trading Day immediately preceding the date of announcement of such issuance, the Conversion Rate shall be increased based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{OS_0 + X}{OS_0 + Y}$$

where,

- CR₀ = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the close of business on the Record Date for the ADSs for such issuance;
- CR₁ = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the close of business on such Record Date;
- OS₀ = the number of Ordinary Shares outstanding immediately prior to the close of business on such Record Date;
- X = the total number of Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) deliverable pursuant to such rights, options or warrants; and
- Y = the number of Ordinary Shares equal to (i) the aggregate price payable to exercise such rights, options or warrants, *divided by* (ii) the quotient of (a) the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the ADSs over the 10 consecutive Trading Day period ending on, and including, the Trading Day immediately preceding the date of announcement of the issuance of such rights, options or warrants, *divided by* (b) the number of Ordinary Shares then represented by one ADS.

Any increase made under this Section 4.2(b) shall be made successively whenever any such rights, options or warrants are issued and shall become effective immediately after the close of business on the Record Date for the ADSs for such issuance. To the extent that Ordinary Shares or ADSs are not delivered after the expiration of such rights, options or warrants, the Conversion Rate shall be decreased to the Conversion Rate that would then be in effect had the increase with respect to the issuance of such rights, options or warrants been made on the basis of delivery of only the number of Ordinary Shares actually delivered (directly or in the form of ADSs). If such rights, options or warrants are not so issued, the Conversion Rate shall be decreased to the Conversion Rate that would then be in effect if such the Record Date for the ADSs for such issuance had not occurred.

For purposes of this Section 4.2(b), in determining whether any rights, options or warrants entitle the holders to subscribe for or purchase Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) at a price per Ordinary Share that is less than such average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the Ordinary Shares or the ADSs, as the case may be (*divided by*, in the case of ADSs, the number of Ordinary Shares then represented by one ADS), for the 10 consecutive Trading

Day period ending on, and including, the Trading Day immediately preceding the date of announcement for such issuance, and in determining the aggregate offering price of such Ordinary Shares or ADSs, there shall be taken into account any consideration received by the Company for such rights, options or warrants and any amount payable on exercise or conversion thereof, the value of such consideration, if other than cash, to be determined by the Board of Directors.

(c) If the Company distributes shares of its Capital Stock, evidences of its indebtedness, other assets or property of the Company or rights, options or warrants to acquire its Capital Stock or other securities, to all or substantially all holders of the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs), excluding (i) dividends, distributions or issuances as to which an adjustment was effected pursuant to Section 4.2(a) or Section 4.2(b), (ii) dividends or distributions paid exclusively in cash as to which an adjustment was effected pursuant to Section 4.2(d), and (iii) Spin-Offs as to which the provisions set forth below in this Section 4.2(c) shall apply (any of such shares of Capital Stock, evidences of indebtedness, other assets or property or rights, options or warrants to acquire Capital Stock or other securities of the Company, the “Distributed Property”), then the Conversion Rate shall be increased based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{SP_0}{SP_0 - FMV}$$

where,

- CR₀ = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the close of business on the Record Date for the ADSs for such distribution;
- CR₁ = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the close of business on such Record Date;
- SP₀ = the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the ADSs (*divided by* the number of Ordinary Shares then represented by one ADS over the 10 consecutive Trading Day period ending on, and including, the Trading Day immediately preceding the Ex-Dividend Date for such distribution; and
- FMV = the fair market value (as determined by the Board of Directors) of the Distributed Property with respect to each outstanding Ordinary Share (directly or in the form of ADSs) on the Record Date for the ADSs for such distribution.

Any increase made under the portion of this Section 4.2(c) above shall become effective immediately after the close of business on the Record Date for the ADSs for such distribution. If such distribution is not so paid or made, the Conversion Rate shall be decreased to the Conversion Rate that would then be in effect if such distribution had not been declared. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if “FMV” (as defined above) is equal to or greater than “SP₀” (as defined above), in lieu of the foregoing increase, the Holder shall receive, in respect of each

US\$1,000 principal amount thereof, at the same time and upon the same terms as holders of the ADSs receive the Distributed Property, the amount and kind of Distributed Property the Holder would have received if the Holder owned a number of ADSs equal to the Conversion Rate in effect on the Record Date for the ADSs for the distribution.

With respect to an adjustment pursuant to this Section 4.2(c) where there has been a payment of a dividend or other distribution on the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) of shares of Capital Stock of any class or series, or similar equity interest, of or relating to a Subsidiary or other business unit of the Company, that are, or, when issued, will be, listed or admitted for trading on a U.S. national securities exchange (a “Spin-Off”), the Conversion Rate shall be increased based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{FMV_0 + MP_0}{MP_0}$$

where,

CR_0 = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the end of the Valuation Period;

CR_1 = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the end of the Valuation Period;

FMV_0 = the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the Capital Stock or similar equity interest distributed to holders of the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) applicable to one Ordinary Share (determined by reference to the definition of Last Reported Sale Price as if references therein to the ADSs were to such Capital Stock or similar equity interest) over the first 10 consecutive Trading Day period after, and including, the Ex-Dividend Date of the Spin-Off (the “Valuation Period”); and

MP_0 = the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the ADSs (*divided by* the number of Ordinary Shares then represented by one ADS) over the Valuation Period.

The adjustment to the Conversion Rate under the preceding paragraph shall occur on the last Trading Day of the Valuation Period; provided that in respect of any conversion during the Valuation Period, references in the portion of this Section 4.2(c) related to Spin-Offs to 10 Trading Days shall be deemed to be replaced with such lesser number of Trading Days as have elapsed from, and including, the Ex-Dividend Date of such Spin-Off to, and including, the Conversion Date in determining the Conversion Rate.

For purposes of this Section 4.2(c) (and subject in all respect to Section 4.2(f)), rights, options or warrants distributed by the Company to all holders of the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) entitling them to subscribe for or purchase shares of the Company’s Capital Stock, including Ordinary Shares (either initially or under certain

circumstances), which rights, options or warrants, until the occurrence of a specified event or events (“Trigger Event”): (i) are deemed to be transferred with such Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs); (ii) are not exercisable; and (iii) are also issued in respect of future issuances of the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs), shall be deemed not to have been distributed for purposes of this Section 4.2(c) (and no adjustment to the Conversion Rate under this Section 4.2(c) will be required) until the occurrence of the earliest Trigger Event, whereupon such rights, options or warrants shall be deemed to have been distributed and an appropriate adjustment (if any is required) to the Conversion Rate shall be made under this Section 4.2(c). If any such right, option or warrant, including any such existing rights, options or warrants distributed prior to the date of this Note, are subject to events, upon the occurrence of which such rights, options or warrants become exercisable to purchase different securities, evidences of indebtedness or other assets, then the date of the occurrence of any and each such event shall be deemed to be the date of distribution and Record Date with respect to new rights, options or warrants with such rights (in which case the existing rights, options or warrants shall be deemed to terminate and expire on such date without exercise by any of the holders thereof). In addition, in the event of any distribution (or deemed distribution) of rights, options or warrants, or any Trigger Event or other event (of the type described in the immediately preceding sentence) with respect thereto that was counted for purposes of calculating a distribution amount for which an adjustment to the Conversion Rate under this Section 4.2(c) was made, (1) in the case of any such rights, options or warrants that shall all have been redeemed or purchased without exercise by any holders thereof, upon such final redemption or purchase (x) the Conversion Rate shall be readjusted as if such rights, options or warrants had not been issued and (y) the Conversion Rate shall then again be readjusted to give effect to such distribution, deemed distribution or Trigger Event, as the case may be, as though it were a cash distribution, equal to the per Ordinary Share redemption or purchase price received by a holder or holders of Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) with respect to such rights, options or warrants (assuming such holder had retained such rights, options or warrants), made to all holders of Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) as of the date of such redemption or purchase, and (2) in the case of such rights, options or warrants that shall have expired or been terminated without exercise by any holders thereof, the Conversion Rate shall be readjusted as if such rights, options and warrants had not been issued.

For purposes of Section 4.2(a), Section 4.2(b) and this Section 4.2(c), any dividend or distribution to which this Section 4.2(c) is applicable that also includes one or both of:

- (A) a dividend or distribution of Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) to which Section 4.2(a) is applicable (the “Clause A Distribution”); or
- (B) a dividend or distribution of rights, options or warrants to which Section 4.2(b) is applicable (the “Clause B Distribution”),

then (1) such dividend or distribution, other than the Clause A Distribution and the Clause B Distribution, shall be deemed to be a dividend or distribution to which this Section 4.2(c) is applicable (the “Clause C Distribution”) and any Conversion Rate adjustment required by this Section 4.2(c) with respect to such Clause C Distribution shall then be made, and (2) the Clause A Distribution and Clause B Distribution shall be deemed to immediately follow

the Clause C Distribution and any Conversion Rate adjustment required by Section 4.2(a) and Section 4.2(b) with respect thereto shall then be made, except that, if determined by the Company (I) the “Record Date” of the Clause A Distribution and the Clause B Distribution shall be deemed to be the Record Date of the Clause C Distribution and (II) any Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs) included in the Clause A Distribution or Clause B Distribution shall be deemed not to be “outstanding immediately prior to the close of business on such Record Date or immediately after the open of business on such effective date, as applicable” within the meaning of Section 4.2(a) or “outstanding immediately prior to the close of business on such Record Date” within the meaning of Section 4.2(b).

(d) If any cash dividend or distribution is made to all or substantially all holders of the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs), the Conversion Rate shall be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{SP_0}{SP_0 - C}$$

where,

CR ₀	=	the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the close of business on the Record Date for the ADSs for such dividend or distribution;
CR ₁	=	the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the close of business on such Record Date;
SP ₀	=	the Last Reported Sale Price of the ADSs (<i>divided by</i> the number of Ordinary Shares then represented by one ADS) on the Trading Day immediately preceding the Ex-Dividend Date for such dividend or distribution; and
C	=	the amount in cash per Ordinary Share the Company distributes to all or substantially all holders of the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs).

Any increase pursuant to this Section 4.2(d) shall become effective immediately after the close of business on the Record Date for the ADSs for such dividend or distribution. If such dividend or distribution is not so paid, the Conversion Rate shall be decreased, effective as of the date the Board of Directors determines not to make or pay such dividend or distribution, to be the Conversion Rate that would then be in effect if such dividend or distribution had not been declared. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if “C” (as defined above) is equal to or greater than “SP₀” (as defined above), in lieu of the foregoing increase, the Holder shall receive, for each US\$1,000 principal amount of the Note, at the same time and upon the same terms as holders of the ADSs, the amount of cash that the Holder would have received if the Holder owned a number of ADSs equal to the Conversion Rate on the Record Date for the ADSs for such cash dividend or distribution.

(e) If the Company or any of its Subsidiaries make a payment in respect of a tender or exchange offer for the Ordinary Shares (directly or in the form of ADSs), to the extent that the cash and value of any other consideration included in the payment per Ordinary Share exceeds the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the ADSs (*divided by* the number of Ordinary Shares then represented by one ADS) over the 10 consecutive Trading Day period commencing on, and including, the Trading Day next succeeding the date such tender or exchange offer expires, the Conversion Rate shall be increased based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{AC + (SP_1 \times OS_1)}{OS_0 \times SP_1}$$

where,

- CR₀ = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the close of business on the 10th Trading Day immediately following, and including, the Trading Day next succeeding the date such tender or exchange offer expires;
- CR₁ = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the close of business on the 10th Trading Day immediately following, and including, the Trading Day next succeeding the date such tender or exchange offer expires;
- AC = the aggregate value of all cash and any other consideration (as determined by the Board of Directors) paid or payable for Ordinary Shares or ADSs, as the case may be, purchased in such tender or exchange offer;
- OS₀ = the number of Ordinary Shares outstanding immediately prior to the date such tender or exchange offer expires (prior to giving effect to the purchase of all Ordinary Shares or ADSs, as the case may be, accepted for purchase or exchange in such tender or exchange offer);
- OS₁ = the number of Ordinary Shares outstanding immediately after the date such tender or exchange offer expires (after giving effect to the purchase of all Ordinary Shares or ADSs, as the case may be, accepted for purchase or exchange in such tender or exchange offer); and
- SP₁ = the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the ADSs (*divided by* the number of Ordinary Shares then represented by one ADS) over the 10 consecutive Trading Day period commencing on, and including, the Trading Day next succeeding the date such tender or exchange offer expires.

The adjustment to the Conversion Rate under this Section 4.2(e) shall occur at the close of business on the 10th Trading Day immediately following, and including, the Trading Day next succeeding the date such tender or exchange offer expires; provided that in respect of any conversion within the 10 Trading Days immediately following, and including, the expiration date of any tender or exchange offer, references in this Section 4.2(e) with respect to 10 Trading Days shall be deemed replaced with such lesser number of Trading Days as have elapsed from, and

including, the Trading Day next succeeding the expiration date of such tender or exchange offer to, and including, the Conversion Date in determining the Conversion Rate. No adjustment to the Conversion Rate under this Section 4.2(e) shall be made if such adjustment would result in a decrease in the Conversion Rate.

(f) To the extent that the Company has a rights plan in effect upon any conversion of the Note, each ADS delivered upon such conversion shall be entitled to receive (either directly or in respect of the Ordinary Shares underlying such ADSs) the appropriate number of rights, if any, and the certificates representing the ADSs delivered upon such conversion shall bear such legends, if any, in each case as may be provided by the terms of any such stockholder rights plan, as the same may be amended from time to time. However, if, prior to any conversion, the rights have separated from the Ordinary Shares underlying the ADSs in accordance with the provisions of the applicable stockholder rights plan, the Conversion Rate shall be adjusted at the time of separation as if the Company distributed to all or substantially all holders of the Ordinary Shares Distributed Property as provided in Section 4.2(c), subject to readjustment in the event of the expiration, termination or redemption of such rights.

(g) Notwithstanding this Section 4.2 or any other provision of this Note, if a Conversion Rate adjustment becomes effective on any Ex-Dividend Date, and the Holder has converted the Note on or after such Ex-Dividend Date and on or prior to the related Record Date would be treated as the record holder of the ADSs as of the related Conversion Date as described under Section 4.2(j) based on an adjusted Conversion Rate for such Ex-Dividend Date, then, notwithstanding the Conversion Rate adjustment provisions in this Section 4.2, the Conversion Rate adjustment relating to such Ex-Dividend Date shall not be made for the Holder. Instead, the Holder shall be treated as if the Holder were the record owner of the ADSs on an unadjusted basis and participate in the related dividend, distribution or other event giving rise to such adjustment.

(h) Except as stated herein, the Company shall not adjust the Conversion Rate for the issuance of Ordinary Shares or ADSs or any securities convertible into or exchangeable for Ordinary Shares or ADSs or the right to purchase Ordinary Shares or ADSs or such convertible or exchangeable securities.

(i) In addition to those adjustments required by subsections (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) of this Section 4.2, and to the extent permitted by applicable Law and subject to the applicable rules of the NASDAQ and any other securities exchange on which any of the Company's securities are then listed, the Company from time to time may increase the Conversion Rate by any amount for a period of at least 20 Business Days if the Board of Directors determines that such increase would be in the Company's best interest, and the Company may (but is not required to) increase the Conversion Rate to avoid or diminish any income tax to holders of the Ordinary Shares or the ADSs or rights to purchase Ordinary Shares or ADSs in connection with a dividend or distribution of Ordinary Shares or ADSs (or rights to acquire Ordinary Shares or ADSs) or similar event.

(j) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section 4.2, the Conversion Rate shall not be adjusted:

(i) upon the issuance of any Ordinary Shares or ADSs pursuant to any present or future plan providing for the reinvestment of dividends or interest payable on the Company's securities and the investment of additional optional amounts in Ordinary Shares or ADSs under any plan;

(ii) upon the issuance of any Ordinary Shares or ADSs or options or rights to purchase those Ordinary Shares or ADSs pursuant to any present or future employee, director or consultant benefit plan or program of or assumed by the Company or any of the Company's Subsidiaries;

(iii) upon the issuance of any Ordinary Shares or ADSs pursuant to any option, warrant, right or exercisable, exchangeable or convertible security not described in clause (ii) of this subsection and outstanding as of the date this Note was first issued;

(iv) solely for a change in the par value of the Ordinary Shares or ADSs ; or

(v) for accrued and unpaid interest, if any.

(k) All calculations and other determinations under this Section 4.2 shall be made by the Company and shall be made to the nearest one-ten thousandth (1/10,000) of an ADS.

(l) Whenever the Conversion Rate is adjusted as herein provided, the Company shall promptly prepare a notice of such adjustment of the Conversion Rate setting forth the adjusted Conversion Rate, the manner of calculation of such adjusted Conversion Rate and the date on which each adjustment becomes effective and shall mail such notice of such adjustment of the Conversion Rate to the Holder.

(m) For purposes of this ARTICLE 4, the number of Ordinary Shares at any time outstanding shall not include Ordinary Shares held in the treasury of the Company (directly or in the form of ADSs) so long as the Company does not pay any dividend or make any distribution on Ordinary Shares held in the treasury of the Company (directly or in the form of ADSs), but shall include Ordinary Shares issuable in respect of scrip certificates issued in lieu of fractions of Ordinary Shares.

(n) For purposes of this Section 4.2, the "effective date" means the first date on which the ADSs trade on the applicable exchange or in the applicable market, regular way, reflecting the relevant share split or share combination, as applicable.

4.3 Effect of Recapitalizations, Reclassifications and Changes of the Ordinary Shares.

(a) In the case of:

(i) any recapitalization, reclassification or change of the Ordinary Shares (other than changes resulting from a subdivision or combination),

(ii) any consolidation, merger, combination or similar transaction involving the Company,

(iii) any sale, lease or other transfer to a third party of the consolidated assets of the Company and the Company's Subsidiaries substantially as an entirety; or

(iv) any statutory share exchange,

in each case, as a result of which the ADSs would be converted into, or exchanged for, stock, other securities, other property or assets (including cash or any combination thereof) (any such event, a "Merger Event"), then, prior to or at the effective time of such Merger Event, the Company or the successor or purchasing Person, as the case may be, shall execute an amendment to this Note providing that, at and after the effective time of such Merger Event, the right to convert each US\$1,000 principal amount of the Note (subject to compliance with Article 3) shall be changed into a right to convert such principal amount of the Note into the kind and amount of shares of stock, other securities or other property or assets (including cash or any combination thereof) that a holder of a number of ADSs equal to the Conversion Rate immediately prior to such Merger Event would have owned or been entitled to receive (the "Reference Property," with each "unit of Reference Property" meaning the kind and amount of Reference Property that a holder of one ADS is entitled to receive) upon such Merger Event; provided, however, that at and after the effective time of the Merger Event the number of ADSs otherwise deliverable upon any conversion of the Note in accordance with ARTICLE 3 shall instead be deliverable in the amount and type of Reference Property that a holder of that number of ADSs would have been entitled to receive in such Merger Event.

If the Merger Event causes the ADSs to be converted into, or exchanged for, the right to receive more than a single type of consideration (determined based in part upon any form of holder election), then (i) the Reference Property into which the Note will be convertible shall be deemed to be the weighted average of the types and amounts of consideration received by the holders of ADSs that affirmatively make such an election, and (ii) the unit of Reference Property for purposes of the immediately preceding paragraph shall refer to the consideration referred to in clause (i) attributable to one ADS. The Company shall provide written notice to the Holder of such weighted average as soon as practicable after such determination is made.

Such amendment described in the second immediately preceding paragraph shall provide for anti-dilution and other adjustments that shall be as nearly equivalent as is practicable to the adjustments provided for in this ARTICLE 4 (it being understood that no such adjustments shall be required with respect to any portion of the Reference Property that does not consist of shares of Common Equity (however evidenced) or depositary receipts in respect thereof). If, in the case of any Merger Event, the Reference Property includes shares of stock, securities or other property or assets (including cash or any combination thereof) of a Person other than the Company or the successor or purchasing Person, as the case may be, in such Merger Event, then such other Person shall also execute such amendment, and such amendment shall contain such additional provisions to protect the interests of the Holder, including the rights of the Holder to require the Company to repurchase this Note upon a Fundamental Change pursuant to ARTICLE 6 and the right of the Holder to require the Company to repurchase this Note on the Repurchase Date pursuant to ARTICLE 5 as the Board of Directors shall reasonably consider necessary by reason of the foregoing.

(b) The Company shall not become a party to any Merger Event unless its terms are consistent with this Section 4.3. None of the foregoing provisions shall affect the right of the Holder to convert this Note into ADSs as set forth in ARTICLE 3 prior to the effective date of such Merger Event.

(c) The above provisions of this Section 4.3 shall similarly apply to successive Merger Events.

4.4 No Adjustment. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, no adjustment under this ARTICLE 4 shall be required to be made to the Conversion Rate if the Company receives written notice from the Holder that no such adjustment is required.

4.5 Certain Covenants.

(a) The Company covenants that all ADSs delivered upon any conversion of this Note, and all Ordinary Shares represented by such ADSs, will be fully paid and non-assessable by the Company and free from all taxes, liens and charges with respect to the issue thereof.

(b) The Company covenants that if any ADSs to be provided for the purpose of any conversion of this Note, or any Ordinary Shares represented by such ADSs, require registration with or approval of any Governmental Authority under any Law before such ADSs may be validly issued upon conversion, the Company will, to the extent then permitted by applicable Law, secure such registration or approval, as the case may be.

(c) The Company further covenants that, for as long as the ADSs are listed on the NASDAQ or any other national securities exchange or automated quotation system, the Company will list and keep listed, so long as the ADSs shall be so listed on such exchange or automated quotation system, any ADSs deliverable upon any conversion of this Note.

(d) The Company further covenants to take all actions and obtain all approvals and registrations required with respect to any conversion of this Note into ADSs and the issuance of the Ordinary Shares represented by such ADSs. The Company also undertakes to maintain, as long as this Note remains outstanding, the effectiveness of a registration statement on Form F-6 relating to the ADSs and an adequate number of ADSs available for issuance thereunder, and shall reserve for issuance an adequate number of ADSs, such that ADSs can be delivered in accordance with the terms of this Note upon any conversion hereunder. In addition, the Company further covenants to provide the Holder with a reasonably detailed description of the mechanics for the delivery of ADSs upon any conversion of this Note upon request.

(e) The parties hereto acknowledge and agree that (i) nothing herein shall require the Company to file a shelf registration statement for the resale of the Note, the ADSs deliverable upon conversion of all or any portion of the Note or the Ordinary Shares represented thereby and (ii) the Holder may only resell the Note, the ADSs delivered upon conversion of all or any portion of the Note or the Ordinary Shares represented thereby pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act and other applicable securities Laws.

4.6 **Notice for Certain Actions.** In case of any (a) action by the Company or one of its Subsidiaries that would require an adjustment in the Conversion Rate pursuant to Section 4.2, (b) Merger Event or (c) voluntary or involuntary dissolution, liquidation or winding-up of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, then, in each case (unless notice of such event is otherwise required pursuant to another provision of this Note), the Company shall deliver a written notice to the Holder, as promptly as possible but in any event at least 20 calendar days prior to the applicable date hereinafter specified, stating (i) the date on which a record is to be taken for the purpose of such action by the Company or one of its Subsidiaries or, if a record is not to be taken, the date as of which the holders of Ordinary Shares or ADSs, as the case may be, of record are to be determined for the purposes of such action by the Company or one of its Subsidiaries, or (ii) the date on which such Merger Event, dissolution, liquidation or winding-up is expected to become effective or occur, and the date as of which it is expected that holders of Ordinary Shares or ADSs, as the case may be, of record shall be entitled to exchange their Ordinary Shares or ADSs, as the case may be, for securities or other property deliverable upon such Merger Event, dissolution, liquidation or winding-up. Failure to give such notice, or any defect therein, shall not affect the legality or validity of such action by the Company or one of its Subsidiaries, Merger Event, dissolution, liquidation or winding-up.

4.7 **Termination of Depository Receipt Program.** If the Ordinary Shares cease to be represented by ADSs issued under a depository receipt program sponsored by the Company, all references in this Note to the ADSs shall be deemed to have been replaced by a reference to the number of Ordinary Shares (and other property, if any) represented by the ADSs on the last day on which the ADSs represented the Ordinary Shares and as if the Ordinary Shares and the other property had been distributed to holders of the ADSs on that day. In addition, all references to the Last Reported Sale Price of the ADSs will be deemed to refer to the Last Reported Sale Price of the Ordinary Shares, and other appropriate adjustments, including adjustments to the Conversion Rate, will be made to reflect such change. In making such adjustments, where currency translations between U.S. dollars and any other currency are required, the exchange rate in effect on the date of determination will apply.

ARTICLE 5 **REPURCHASE AT OPTION OF THE HOLDER**

5.1 **Repurchase at Option of the Holder.** Beginning on December 11, 2021, the Holder shall have the right, at its option, to require the Company to repurchase for cash all of the Note or any portion thereof that is equal to at least US\$100,000,000 or such lesser amount then held by the Holder, for once only, on the date that is ten (10) Business Days after December 11, 2021 (the “Repurchase Date”) at a repurchase price (the “Repurchase Price”) that is equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes to be repurchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the Repurchase Date; provided that any such accrued and unpaid interest shall be paid not to the Holders submitting the Notes for repurchase on the Repurchase Date but instead to the Holders of such Notes at the close of business on the Regular Record Date immediately preceding the Repurchase Date.

5.2 **Delivery of Notice and Note by the Holder.**

(a) Repurchase of Notes under this ARTICLE 5 shall be made, at the option of the Holder thereof, upon: (i) delivery by the Holder to the Company of a duly completed notice (the "Repurchase Notice"), in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A, on or before the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Repurchase Date; and (ii) delivery of the Note to the Company together with the Repurchase Notice, such delivery being a condition to receipt by the Holder of the Repurchase Price therefor.

(b) Each Repurchase Notice delivered pursuant to this Section 5.2(a) shall state (a) the portion of the principal amount of the Note to be repurchased, which must be at least US\$100,000,000 or such lesser amount then held by the Holder, (ii) that the Note is to be repurchased by the Company pursuant to the applicable provisions of this Note and (iii) the account to which funds in respect of the repurchase shall be wired on the Repurchase Date.

(c) Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Holder shall have the right to withdraw, in whole or in part, such Repurchase Notice at any time prior to the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Repurchase Date by delivery of a written notice of withdrawal to the Company in accordance with Section 5.3.

5.3 No Repurchase in the Event of Acceleration. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Note may not be repurchased by the Company at the option of the Holder if the principal amount of the Note has been accelerated, and such acceleration has not been rescinded, on or prior to the Repurchase Date (except in the case of an acceleration resulting from a default by the Company in the payment of the Repurchase Price with respect to the Note).

5.4 Withdrawal of Repurchase Notice. A Repurchase Notice may be withdrawn (in whole or in part) by means of a duly completed written notice of withdrawal delivered to the Company in accordance with this Section 5.3 at any time prior to the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Repurchase Date, specifying (a) the principal amount of the Note with respect to which such notice of withdrawal is being submitted and (b) the principal amount, if any, of the Note that remains subject to the original Repurchase Notice, which portion must be in principal amounts of at least US\$100,000,000 or such lesser amount then held by the Holder.

5.5 Payment of Repurchase Price

(a) On or prior to 10:00 a.m., New York City time, on the Repurchase Date, the Company shall make payment for the applicable portion of the Note to be repurchased at the appropriate Repurchase Price, by wire transfer of immediately available funds to the account specified by the Holder in the Repurchase Notice. .

(b) If by 10:00 a.m., New York City time, on the Repurchase Date, the Holder has received payment for the applicable portion of the Note to be repurchased on such Repurchase Date in accordance with Section (a) above, then, with respect to the applicable portion of the Note that has been properly surrendered for repurchase and not validly withdrawn, on such Repurchase Date, (i) such portion of the Note will cease to be outstanding, (ii) interest will cease to accrue on such portion of the Note and (iii) in the event the entire outstanding

amount of the Note is surrendered by the Holder to be repurchased, all other rights of the Holder with respect to the Note will terminate (other than the right to receive the Repurchase Price).

(c) In the event a portion of the Note that is less than the entire outstanding amount is surrendered by the Holder to be repurchased, the Company shall promptly execute and deliver to the Holder a new Note in an authorized denomination equal in principal amount to the unrepurchased portion of the Note.

5.6 Covenant to Comply with Applicable Laws Upon Repurchase of the Note. In connection with any repurchase offer, the Company will, if required, comply with all federal and state securities laws in connection with any offer by the Company to repurchase the Note so as to permit the rights and obligations under this ARTICLE 5 to be exercised in the time and in the manner specified in this ARTICLE 5.

5.7 Further Instruments and Acts. Upon request of the Holder, the Company will execute and deliver such further instruments and do such further acts as may be reasonably necessary or proper to carry out more effectively the purposes of this Note.

ARTICLE 6 **REPURCHASE AT OPTION OF THE HOLDER UPON A FUNDAMENTAL CHANGE**

6.1 Option of the Holder. If a Fundamental Change occurs at any time, the Holder shall have the right, at its option, to require the Company to repurchase for cash all of the Note or any portion thereof that is equal to at least US\$100,000,000 or such lesser amount then held by the Holder on the date (the “Fundamental Change Repurchase Date”) notified in writing by the Company as set forth in Section 6.2 that is not less than 20 Business Days or more than 35 Business Days following the date of the Fundamental Change Company Notice at a repurchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon to, but excluding, the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date (the “Fundamental Change Repurchase Price”), unless the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date falls after a Regular Record Date but on or prior to the Interest Payment Date to which such Regular Record Date relates, in which case the Company shall instead pay the full amount of accrued and unpaid interest to the Holder as of such Regular Record Date, and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price shall be equal to 100% of the principal amount of Notes to be repurchased pursuant to this ARTICLE 6.

6.2 Delivery of Notice and the Note by the Holder.

(a) Repurchases of Notes under this ARTICLE 6 shall be made, at the option of the Holder thereof, upon: (i) delivery by the Holder to the Company of a duly completed notice (the “Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice”), in the form attached hereto as Exhibit B, on or before the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date; and (ii) delivery of the Note to the Company at any time after delivery of the Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice (together with all necessary endorsements for transfer), such delivery being a condition to receipt by the Holder of the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price therefor.

(b) Each Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice delivered pursuant to this Section 6.2(a) shall state (a) the portion of the principal amount of the Note to be repurchased, which must be at least US\$100,000,000 or such lesser amount then held by the Holder and (ii) that the Note is to be repurchased by the Company pursuant to the applicable provisions of this Note.

(c) Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Holder shall have the right to withdraw, in whole or in part, such Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice at any time prior to the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date by delivery of a written notice of withdrawal to the Company in accordance with Section 6.5.

6.3 Fundamental Change Company Notice. On or before the 20th calendar day after the occurrence of the effective date of a Fundamental Change, the Company shall provide to the Holder a written notice (the “Fundamental Change Company Notice”) by first class mail of the occurrence of the effective date of the Fundamental Change and of the repurchase right at the option of the Holder arising as a result thereof. Each Fundamental Change Company Notice shall specify:

- (a) the events causing the Fundamental Change;
- (b) the date of the Fundamental Change;
- (c) the last date on which the Holder may exercise the repurchase right pursuant to this ARTICLE 6;
- (d) the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price;
- (e) the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date;
- (f) if applicable, the Conversion Rate and any adjustments to the Conversion Rate;
- (g) that the Note may be converted only if any Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice that has been delivered by the Holder has been withdrawn in accordance with the terms of this Note; and
- (h) the procedures that the Holder must follow to require the Company to repurchase the Note.

No failure of the Company to give the foregoing notices and no defect therein shall limit the Holder’s repurchase rights or affect the validity of the proceedings for the repurchase of the Note pursuant to this ARTICLE 6.

6.4 No Repurchase in the Event of Acceleration. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Note may not be repurchased by the Company on any date at the option of the Holder upon a Fundamental Change if the principal amount of the Note has been accelerated, and such acceleration has not been rescinded, on or prior to such date (except in the case of an acceleration

resulting from a default by the Company in the payment of the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price with respect to the Note).

6.5 Withdrawal of Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice. A Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice may be withdrawn (in whole or in part) by means of a duly completed written notice of withdrawal delivered to the Company in accordance with this Section 6.5 at any time prior to the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, specifying (a) the principal amount of the Note with respect to which such notice of withdrawal is being submitted and (b) the principal amount, if any, of the Note that remains subject to the original Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice, which portion must be in principal amounts of at least US\$100,000,000 or such lesser amount then held by the Holder.

6.6 Payment of Fundamental Change Repurchase Price.

(a) On or prior to 10:00 a.m., New York City time, on the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, the Company shall set aside, segregate and hold in trust for the benefit of the Holder an amount of money sufficient to repurchase the applicable portion of the Note to be repurchased at the appropriate Fundamental Change Repurchase Price. Payment for the applicable portion of the Note surrendered for repurchase (and not withdrawn in accordance with Section 6.5) will be made on the later of (i) the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date (provided the Holder has satisfied the conditions in this ARTICLE 6) and (ii) the time of delivery of the applicable portion of the Note by the Holder to the Company in the manner required by Section 6.2, by mailing checks for the amount payable to the Holder or, at the Holder's option, pursuant to wire instructions provided by the Holder to the Company on or before the close of business on the second Business Day immediately preceding the Repurchase Date.

(b) If by 10:00 a.m., New York City time, on the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, the Company holds money sufficient to make payment on the applicable portion of the Note to be repurchased on such Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, then, with respect to the applicable portion of the Note that has been properly surrendered for repurchase and not validly withdrawn, on such Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, (i) such portion of the Note will cease to be outstanding, (ii) interest will cease to accrue on such portion of the Note and (iii) in the event the entire outstanding amount of the Note is surrendered by the Holder to be repurchased, all other rights of the Holder with respect to the Note will terminate (other than the right to receive the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price).

(c) In the event a portion of the Note that is less than the entire outstanding amount is surrendered by the Holder to be repurchased, the Company shall promptly execute and deliver to the Holder a new Note in an authorized denomination equal in principal amount to the unrepurchased portion of the Note.

6.7 Covenant to Comply with Applicable Laws Upon Repurchase of the Note. In connection with any repurchase offer, the Company will, if required, comply with all federal and state securities laws in connection with any offer by the Company to repurchase the Note so as to permit the rights and obligations under this ARTICLE 6 to be exercised in the time and in the manner specified in this ARTICLE 6.

6.8 **Further Instruments and Acts.** Upon request of the Holder, the Company will execute and deliver such further instruments and do such further acts as may be reasonably necessary or proper to carry out more effectively the purposes of this Note.

ARTICLE 7 **COVENANTS**

7.1 **Payment of Principal and Interest.** The Company covenants and agrees that it will cause to be paid the principal (including, if applicable, the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price) of, and accrued and unpaid interest on, this Note at the respective times and in the manner provided herein.

7.2 **Rule 144A Information Requirement.** At any time the Company is not subject to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the Company shall, so long as any of the Notes, any ADSs deliverable upon conversion thereof or any Ordinary Shares underlying ADSs deliverable upon conversion thereof shall, at such time, constitute “restricted securities” within the meaning of Rule 144(a)(3) under the Securities Act, promptly, upon written request, provide to the Holder or prospective purchaser of such Note or the ADSs deliverable upon conversion of the Note, the information required to be delivered pursuant to Rule 144A(d)(4) under the Securities Act to facilitate the resale of the Note or ADSs pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act. The Company shall take such further action as any Holder of the Note or such ADSs may reasonably request to the extent from time to time required to enable the Holder to sell the Note or ADSs in accordance with Rule 144A under the Securities Act, as such rule may be amended from time to time.

7.3 **Existence.** The Company shall do or cause to be done all things necessary to preserve and keep in full force and effect its corporate existence.

7.4 **No Withholding.** All payments and deliveries made by, or on behalf of, the Company or any successor to the Company under or with respect to this Note, including, but not limited to, payments of principal (including, if applicable, the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price), payments of interest and deliveries of ADSs (together with payments of cash for any Fractional ADS) upon any conversion of the Note, shall be made without withholding or deduction for, or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed or levied by or within any jurisdiction in which the Company or any successor to the Company is, for tax purposes, organized or resident or doing business or through which payment is made or deemed made (or any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof or therein), unless such withholding or deduction is required by Law or by regulation or governmental policy having the force of Law.

7.5 **Stay, Extension and Usury Laws.** The Company covenants (to the extent that it may lawfully do so) that it shall not at any time insist upon, plead, or in any manner whatsoever claim or take the benefit or advantage of, any stay, extension or usury law or other Law that would prohibit or forgive the Company from paying all or any portion of the principal or interest on this Note as contemplated herein, wherever enacted, now or at any time hereafter in force, or that may affect the covenants or the performance of this Note; and the Company (to the extent it may lawfully do so) hereby expressly waives all benefit or advantage of any such Law,

and covenants that it will not, by resort to any such Law, hinder, delay or impede the execution of any power herein granted to the Holder, but will suffer and permit the execution of every such power as though no such Law had been enacted.

7.6 Compliance Certificates; Statements as to Defaults. The Company shall deliver to the Holder officers' certificates consistent with the requirements set forth in Section 4.09 of the Indenture.

7.7 Supplemental Indentures; Amendments of Note. The Company shall provide written notice to the Holder promptly after the execution of any supplemental indenture to the Indenture, and such notice shall include a copy of such supplemental indenture and any documents related thereto (excluding copies of any opinions of counsel delivered by the Company to the Trustee). The Company acknowledges and agrees that, notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, the execution of any such supplemental indenture to the Indenture shall not be deemed an amendment, modification, addition or deletion of the terms of this Note or other change in rights, duties or immunities of the parties hereto without the prior written consent of the Holder (which may be granted or withheld in its sole discretion and with respect to all or a portion of any such supplemental indenture). In the event the Holder consents to the application of any such supplemental indenture to this Note, the Company covenants further to negotiate in good faith with the Holder to prepare and execute an amendment to this Note to reflect any amendment(s), modification(s), addition(s) and/or deletion(s) to the terms this Note necessary to give effect to the applicable terms of any such supplemental indenture.

ARTICLE 8 CONSOLIDATION, MERGER, SALE, CONVEYANCE AND LEASE

8.1 Company May Consolidate, Etc. on Certain Terms. Subject to the provisions of Section 8.2, the Company shall not consolidate with, merge with or into, or sell, convey, transfer or lease all or substantially all of its properties and assets to another Person, unless:

(a) the resulting, surviving or transferee Person (the "Successor Company"), if not the Company, shall be a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America, any State thereof, the District of Columbia, the Cayman Islands, the British Virgin Islands, Bermuda or Hong Kong and the Successor Company (if not the Company) shall expressly assume, by a duly executed amendment delivered to the Holder and satisfactory in form to the Holder, all of the obligations of the Company under this Note (including, for the avoidance of doubt, the obligation to pay Additional Amounts pursuant to Section 7.4); and

(b) immediately after giving effect to such transaction, no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing under this Note.

For purposes of this Section 8.1, the sale, conveyance, transfer or lease of all or substantially all of the properties and assets of one or more Subsidiaries of the Company to another Person, which properties and assets, if held by the Company instead of such Subsidiaries, would constitute all or substantially all of the properties and assets of the Company on a consolidated basis, shall be deemed to be the sale, conveyance, transfer or lease of all or substantially all of the properties and assets of the Company to another Person.

8.2 **Successor Corporation to Be Substituted.** In case of any such consolidation, merger, sale, conveyance, transfer or lease and upon the assumption by the Successor Company, by a duly executed amendment delivered to the Holder and satisfactory in form to the Holder, of the due and punctual payment of the principal of and accrued and unpaid interest on the Note (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any Additional Amounts), the due and punctual delivery or payment, as the case may be, of any consideration due upon conversion of the Note and the due and punctual performance of all of the covenants and conditions of this Note to be performed by the Company, such Successor Company (if not the Company) shall succeed to and, except in the case of a lease of all or substantially all of the Company's properties and assets, shall be substituted for the Company, with the same effect as if it had been named herein as the party of the first part. Such Successor Company thereupon may cause the Note to be signed and re-issued in its own name. The Note as so re-issued shall in all respects have the same legal rank and benefit as though it had been issued at the date of the execution hereof. In the event of any such consolidation, merger, sale, conveyance or transfer (but not in the case of a lease), upon compliance with this ARTICLE 8 the Person named as the "Company" in the first paragraph of this Note (or any successor that shall thereafter have become such in the manner prescribed in this ARTICLE 8) may be dissolved, wound up and liquidated at any time thereafter and, except in the case of a lease, such Person shall be released from its liabilities as obligor and maker of this Note and from its obligations under this Note.

In case of any such consolidation, merger, sale, conveyance, transfer or lease, such changes in phraseology and form (but not in substance) may be made in the Note thereafter to be re-issued as may be appropriate.

ARTICLE 9
NO RIGHTS AS SHAREHOLDER PRIOR TO CONVERSION

For the avoidance of doubt, the Holder hereby acknowledges and agrees that it has not been conferred with any of the rights of a shareholder of the Company, including the right to vote as such, by any of the provisions hereof or any right (a) to vote for the election of directors or upon any matter submitted to shareholders at any meeting thereof, (b) to give or withhold consent to any corporate action (whether upon any recapitalization, issuance of shares, reclassification of shares, change of par value, or change of shares to no par value, consolidation, merger, scheme of arrangement, conveyance, or otherwise), (c) to receive notice of meetings or to receive in-kind dividends or subscription rights or otherwise until the Note shall have been converted in whole and all ADSs issuable upon the whole conversion hereof shall have been issued, as provided for in the Note.

ARTICLE 10
CANCELLATION

After all amounts at any time owing on the Note have been paid in full or upon the conversion of the Note in full pursuant to ARTICLE 3, the Note shall be surrendered to the Company for cancellation and shall not be reissued.

ARTICLE 11
NO REDEMPTION

This Note shall not be redeemable by the Company prior to the Maturity Date, and no sinking fund is provided for this Note.

ARTICLE 12
MISCELLANEOUS

12.1 Termination of Rights. All rights under this Note shall terminate when (a) all amounts at any time owing on this Note have been paid in full or (ii) the Note is converted in full pursuant to the terms set forth in ARTICLE 3 and the Company delivers the applicable conversion consideration in respect thereof.

12.2 Amendments and Waivers; Notice. The amendment or waiver of any term of the Note shall be subject to the written consent of Holder and the Company. The provision of notice shall be made pursuant to the terms of the Purchase Agreement.

12.3 Transferability. This Note may be transferred, in whole or in part, at any time by Holder to a qualified institutional buyer in a transaction complying with Rule 144A under the Securities Act or pursuant to any other available exemption from registration under the Securities Act.

12.4 Governing Law; Selection of Forum; Submission to Jurisdiction; Service of Process.

(a) THIS NOTE SHALL BE GOVERNED BY AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK WITHOUT REGARD TO PRINCIPLES OF CONFLICTS OF LAW. The Company irrevocably consents and agrees, for the benefit of the Holder, that any legal action, suit or proceeding against it with respect to obligations, liabilities or any other matter arising out of or in connection with this Note or the Purchase Agreement or the transactions contemplated herein or therein shall be brought in the courts of the State of New York or the courts of the United States located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York and hereby (i) irrevocably consents and submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of each such court in personam, generally and unconditionally with respect to any action, suit or proceeding for itself in respect of its properties, assets and revenues, (ii) waives, to the fullest extent permitted by Law, any objection which it may now or hereafter have to the laying of venue of any of the aforesaid actions, suits or proceedings arising out of or in connection with this Note or the Purchase Agreement or the transactions contemplated herein or therein brought in any such court, (iii) waives and agrees not to plead or claim in any such court that any such action, suit or proceeding brought in any such court has been brought in an inconvenient forum and (iv) subject to Section 12.4(b), agrees that service of process upon such party in any such action or proceeding shall be effective if notice is given in accordance with Section 12.2.

(b) The Company irrevocably appoints Law Debenture Corporate Service Inc. as its authorized agent in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York upon which

process may be served in any such suit or proceeding, and agrees that service of process upon such agent, and written notice of said service to the Company by the person serving the same to Ctrip.com International Ltd., 99 Fu Quan Road, Shanghai 200335, People's Republic of China, Attention: Chief Financial Officer, shall be deemed in every respect effective service of process upon the Company in any such suit or proceeding. The Company further agrees to take any and all action as may be necessary to maintain such designation and appointment of such agent in full force and effect. If for any reason such agent shall cease to be such agent for service of process, the Company shall forthwith appoint a new agent of recognized standing for service of process in the State of New York and deliver to the Holder a copy of the new agent's acceptance of that appointment within ten Business Days of such acceptance. Nothing herein shall affect the right of the Holder to serve process in any other manner permitted by Law or to commence legal proceedings or otherwise proceed against the Company in any other court of competent jurisdiction. To the extent that the Company has or hereafter may acquire any sovereign or other immunity from jurisdiction of any court or from any legal process with respect to itself or its property, the Company irrevocably waives such immunity in respect of its obligations hereunder or under the Purchase Agreement.

12.5 Delays or Omissions. No delay or failure by any party to insist on the strict performance of any provision of the Note, or to exercise any power, right or remedy, will be deemed a waiver or impairment of such performance, power, right or remedy or of any other provision of the Note, nor shall it be construed to be a waiver of any breach or Default, or an acquiescence therein, or of or in any similar breach or Default thereafter occurring.

12.6 Interpretation. If any claim is made by a party relating to any conflict, omission or ambiguity in the provisions of the Note, no presumption or burden of proof or persuasion will be implied because the Note was prepared by or at the request of any party or its counsel.

12.7 Waiver of Jury Trial. EACH OF THE COMPANY AND THE HOLDER HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES, TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, ANY AND ALL RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY LEGAL PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS NOTE, THE PURCHASE AGREEMENT OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY OR THEREBY.

12.8 Other Miscellaneous Provisions. The provisions of Sections 17.01, 17.02, 17.14 and 17.15 of the Indenture are hereby incorporated by reference into this Section 12.8; it being understood that (a) any references to the Indenture in such provisions shall be deemed to be references to this Note, (b) any obligations of the Company to the Trustee, the Paying Agent or the Conversion Agent pursuant to such provisions shall be deemed to be obligations of the Company to the Holder and (c) any rights held by the Trustee, the Paying Agent or the Conversion Agent pursuant to such provisions shall be deemed to be rights held by the Holder.

[The remainder of this page has been deliberately left blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused the Note to be issued on the date first above written.

COMPANY:

Ctrip.com International, Ltd.

By: _____
(Signature)

Name: _____
Title: _____

[Signature Page to Convertible Note]

Exhibit A

[FORM OF REPURCHASE NOTICE]

To: CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

The undersigned Holder of this Note hereby requests and instructs Ctrip.com International, Ltd. (the “Company”) to pay to the Holder in accordance with Section 5.1 of this Note (1) the entire principal amount of this Note, or the portion thereof (that is at least US\$100,000,000 principal amount or such lesser amount then held by the Holder) below designated, and (2) accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the Repurchase Date at the close of business on the Regular Record Date immediately preceding the Repurchase Date.

Principal amount to be repaid (if less than all): US\$ _____

Dated: _____

[NAME OF HOLDER]

By: _____

Name:

Capacity:

Exhibit B

[FORM OF FUNDAMENTAL CHANGE REPURCHASE NOTICE]

To: CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL, LTD.

The undersigned Holder of this Note hereby acknowledges receipt of a notice from Ctrip.com International, Ltd. (the “Company”) as to the occurrence of a Fundamental Change with respect to the Company and specifying the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date and requests and instructs the Company to pay to the Holder in accordance with Section 6.1 of this Note (1) the entire principal amount of this Note, or the portion thereof (that is at least US\$100,000,000 principal amount or such lesser amount then held by the Holder) below designated, and (2) if such Fundamental Change Repurchase Date does not fall during the period after a Regular Record Date and on or prior to the corresponding Interest Payment Date, accrued and unpaid interest thereon to, but excluding, such Fundamental Change Repurchase Date.

Principal amount to be repaid (if less than all): US\$

Dated: _____

[NAME OF HOLDER]

By:

Name:
Capacity:

EXHIBIT B
FORM OF OPINION OF COUNSEL

Office: +852 2801 6066
Mobile: +852 6621 8994
rthorp@traversthorpalberga.com

To: Gaoling Fund, L.P. and YHG Investment, L.P.
as the Purchasers pursuant to the Purchase Agreement
(the “**Purchasers**”)

11 December 2015

Dear Sirs

Ctrip.com International, Ltd.

We have acted as counsel as to Cayman Islands law to Ctrip.com International, Ltd. (the “**Company**”) in connection with its issue of a Convertible Note in the principal amount of US\$500 million, plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the rate provided, due 211 December 2025 (the “**Note**”), which is convertible into American Depository Shares (“**ADSs**”), each ADS representing 0.25 of the Company’s ordinary shares of par value US\$0.01 each (the “**Shares**”).

1 Documents Reviewed

We have reviewed originals, copies, drafts or conformed copies of the following documents:

- 1.1 The certificate of incorporation dated 3 March 2000 and the amended and restated memorandum and articles of association of the Company as adopted by a special resolution passed on 8 December 2003 and as further amended by a special resolution passed on 17 October 2006 (the “**Memorandum and Articles**”).
- 1.2 [The written resolutions]/[The minutes of the meeting] of the board of directors of the Company dated 9 December 2015 (the “**Resolutions**”).
- 1.3 A certificate of good standing with respect to the Company issued by the Registrar of Companies dated 22 May 2015 (the “**Certificate of Good Standing**”).
- 1.4 Convertible Note Purchase Agreement dated as of 9 December 2015 (the “**Purchase Agreement**”) between the Company and the Purchasers.
- 1.5 The Note.
- 1.6 A certificate from a Director of the Company a copy of which is annexed hereto (the “**Director’s Certificate**”);

The transaction documents listed in 1.4 and 1.5 above are together referred to as the “**Transaction Documents**”.

Tel: +852 2801 6066 1205A The Centrium
Fax: +852 2801 6767 60 Wyndham Street
www.traversthorpalberga.com Central HONG KONG
Cayman Islands & British Virgin Islands Attorneys-at-Law
Resident Hong Kong Partners: Richard Thorp, Everton
Robertson (England & Wales), Jos Briggs (England & Wales)

2 Assumptions

The following opinions are given only as to, and based on, circumstances and matters of fact existing and known to us on the date of this opinion letter. These opinions only relate to the laws of the Cayman Islands which are in force on the date of this opinion letter. In giving the following opinions, we have relied (without further verification) upon the completeness and accuracy of the Director's Certificate. We have also relied upon the following assumptions, which we have not independently verified:

- 2.1 The Transaction Documents have been or will be authorised and duly executed and unconditionally delivered by or on behalf of all relevant parties in accordance with all relevant laws (other than, with respect to the Company, the laws of the Cayman Islands).
 - 2.2 The Transaction Documents are, or will be, legal, valid, binding and enforceable against all relevant parties in accordance with their terms under the laws of the State of New York (the "**Relevant Law**") and all other relevant laws (other than, with respect to the Company, the laws of the Cayman Islands).
 - 2.3 The choice of the Relevant Law as the governing law of the Transaction Documents has been made in good faith and would be regarded as a valid and binding selection which will be upheld by the courts of the State of New York or the courts of the United States located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York (the "**Relevant Jurisdiction**") and any other relevant jurisdiction (other than the Cayman Islands) as a matter of the Relevant Law and all other relevant laws (other than the laws of the Cayman Islands).
 - 2.4 Where a Transaction Document has been provided to us in draft or undated form, it will be duly executed, dated and unconditionally delivered by all parties thereto in materially the same form as the last version provided to us.
 - 2.5 Copies of documents, conformed copies or drafts of documents provided to us are true and complete copies of, or in the final forms of, the originals, and translations of documents provided to us are complete and accurate.
 - 2.6 All signatures, initials and seals are genuine.
 - 2.7 The capacity, power, authority and legal right of all parties under all relevant laws and regulations (other than, with respect to the Company, the laws of the Cayman Islands) to enter into, execute, unconditionally deliver and perform their respective obligations under the Transaction Documents.
 - 2.8 There is no contractual or other prohibition or restriction (other than as arising under Cayman Islands law) binding on the Company prohibiting or restricting it from entering into and performing its obligations under the Transaction Documents.
 - 2.9 No monies paid to or for the account of any party under the Transaction Documents represent or will represent criminal property or terrorist property (as defined in the Proceeds of Crime Law (2014 Revision) and the Terrorism Law (2011 Revision), respectively).
 - 2.10 Payment obligations of the Company under the Transaction Documents are unsubordinated and undeferred as a contractual matter under the governing law of the Transaction Documents and the parties to the Transaction Documents do not subsequently agree to subordinate or defer their claims.
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- 2.11 No invitation has been or will be made by or on behalf of the Company to the public in the Cayman Islands to subscribe for the Note.
- 2.12 There is nothing under any law (other than the laws of the Cayman Islands) which would or might affect the opinions set out below. Specifically, we have made no independent investigation of the Relevant Law.
- 2.13 The Court Register constitutes a complete record of the proceedings before the Grand Court as at the time of the Litigation Search (as those terms are defined below).

3 Opinions

Based upon, and subject to, the foregoing assumptions and the qualifications set out below, and having regard to such legal considerations as we deem relevant, we are of the opinion that:

- 3.1 The Company has been duly incorporated as an exempted company with limited liability and is validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the Cayman Islands.
 - 3.2 The Company has all the requisite power and authority under the Memorandum and Articles to enter into, execute and perform its obligations under the Transaction Documents including the issue and offer of the Note.
 - 3.3 The execution and delivery of the Transaction Documents do not, and the performance by the Company of its obligations thereunder, including the issue and offer of the Note, will not, conflict with or result in a breach of any of the terms or provisions of the Memorandum and Articles or any law, public rule or regulation applicable to the Company currently in force in the Cayman Islands.
 - 3.4 The execution, delivery and performance of the Transaction Documents, including the issue and offer of the Note, have been authorised by and on behalf of the Company and, upon the execution and unconditional delivery of the Transaction Documents, including the authentication of the Note and delivery thereof against payment therefor, by a director for and on behalf of the Company, the Transaction Documents will have been duly executed and delivered on behalf of the Company and will constitute the legal, valid and binding obligations of the Company enforceable in accordance with their terms.
 - 3.5 The issue and allotment of Shares and ADSs upon conversion of the Note have been duly authorised and will not violate, conflict with or result in a breach of any of the terms or provisions of the Memorandum and Articles or any law, public rule or regulation applicable to the Company in the Cayman Islands currently in force in the Cayman Islands. When Shares are issued upon conversion of the Note in accordance with the terms of the Note and entered as fully paid on the register of members (shareholders) of the Company, such Shares will be legally issued and allotted, fully paid and non-assessable, and will not be subject to any pre-emptive or similar rights under Cayman Islands law or the Memorandum and Articles.
 - 3.6 The Transaction Documents are in proper form under the laws of the Cayman Islands for the enforcement thereof against the Company, subject in so far as such enforcement may be limited as more particularly set forth in paragraph 4.1 below.
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- 3.7 No authorisations, consents, approvals, licences, validations or exemptions are required by law from any governmental authorities or agencies or other official bodies in the Cayman Islands in connection with:
- (a) the execution, creation or delivery of the Transaction Documents by and on behalf of the Company;
 - (b) the execution, authentication, issue and delivery of the Note;
 - (c) subject to the payment of the appropriate stamp duty, enforcement of the Transaction Documents against the Company;
 - (d) the performance by the Company of its obligations under the Transaction Documents;
 - (e) the issue and delivery of ADSs upon conversion of the Note;
 - (f) the issue and allotment of Shares represented by the ADSs upon conversion of the Note and the deposit of such Shares with the depositary for such ADSs (the “**Depository**”) against the issue by the Depositary of such ADSs; or
 - (g) the payment of the principal and interest and any other amounts under the Note.
- 3.8 No taxes, fees or charges (other than stamp duty) are payable (either by direct assessment or withholding) to the government or other taxing authority in the Cayman Islands under the laws of the Cayman Islands in respect of:
- (a) the execution or delivery of the Transaction Documents, including the issue and sale of the Note by the Company;
 - (b) the enforcement of the Transaction Documents;
 - (c) payments made under, or pursuant to, the Transaction Documents;
 - (d) the issue and delivery of ADSs upon conversion of the Note, and the issue and allotment of Shares represented by the ADSs upon conversion of the Note and the deposit of such Shares with the Depositary against the issue by the Depositary of such ADSs; or
 - (e) the payment of dividends and other distributions declared and payable on the Shares or the ADSs.

The Cayman Islands currently have no form of income, corporate or capital gains tax and no estate duty, inheritance tax or gift tax.

- 3.9 The courts of the Cayman Islands will observe and give effect to the choice of the Relevant Law as the governing law of the Transaction Documents.
- 3.10 The irrevocable submission by the Company in the Transaction Documents to the jurisdiction of any courts of the State of New York or the courts of the United States located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York (each a “**New York Court**”), the appointment of Law Debenture Corporate Services Inc. as an agent to accept service of process in such jurisdiction and the waiver by the Company of any objection to the venue of a proceeding in a New York Court, pursuant to the Transaction Documents in any action or proceedings based on or arising under the Transaction
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Documents, is legal, valid and binding on the Company assuming that the same is true under the governing law of the Transaction Documents and under the laws, rules and procedures applying in the New York Courts.

- 3.11 The obligations of the Company under the Transaction Documents rank and will rank at least pari passu with all its other present and future unsecured obligations (other than those preferred by law).
 - 3.12 Based solely on our search of the Register of Writs and Other Originating Process (the “**Court Register**”) maintained by the Clerk of the Court of the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands from the date of incorporation of the Company to the close of business (Cayman Islands time) on 9 December 2015 (the “**Litigation Search**”), the Court Register disclosed no writ, originating summons, originating motion, petition (including any winding-up petition), counterclaim nor third party notice (“**Originating Process**”) nor any amended Originating Process pending before the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands, in which the Company is a defendant or respondent.
 - 3.13 Although there is no statutory enforcement in the Cayman Islands of judgments obtained in the Relevant Jurisdiction, a judgment obtained in such jurisdiction will be recognised and enforced in the courts of the Cayman Islands at common law, without any re-examination of the merits of the underlying dispute, by an action commenced on the foreign judgment debt in the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands, provided such judgment:
 - (a) is given by a foreign court of competent jurisdiction;
 - (b) imposes on the judgment debtor a liability to pay a liquidated sum for which the judgment has been given;
 - (c) is final;
 - (d) is not in respect of taxes, a fine or a penalty; and
 - (e) was not obtained in a manner and is not of a kind the enforcement of which is contrary to natural justice or the public policy of the Cayman Islands.
 - 3.14 It is not necessary to ensure the legality, validity, enforceability or admissibility in evidence of the Transaction Documents that any document be filed, recorded or enrolled with any governmental authority or agency or any official body in the Cayman Islands.
 - 3.15 There is no exchange control legislation under Cayman Islands law and accordingly there are no exchange control regulations imposed under Cayman Islands law.
 - 3.16 The Company can sue and be sued in its own name under the laws of the Cayman Islands.
 - 3.17 The Company is not entitled to any immunity under the laws of the Cayman Islands whether characterized as sovereign immunity or otherwise for any legal proceedings in the Cayman Islands to enforce or to collect upon the Transaction Documents.
 - 3.18 The Purchasers will not be treated as resident, domiciled or carrying on or transacting business or subject to taxation in the Cayman Islands or in violation of any law thereof solely by reason of the negotiation, preparation or execution of the
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Transaction Documents, as applicable or the entering into of or the enforcement of its rights under the Transaction Documents, as applicable.

- 3.19 The Purchasers will not be required to be licensed, qualified or otherwise entitled to carry on business in the Cayman Islands in order to enforce their rights under, or as a consequence of the execution, delivery and performance of the Transaction Documents.

4 Qualifications

The opinions expressed above are subject to the following qualifications:

- 4.1 The obligations assumed by the Company under the Transaction Documents will not necessarily be enforceable in all circumstances in accordance with their terms. In particular:
- (a) enforcement may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, liquidation, reorganisation, readjustment of debts or moratorium or other laws of general application relating to or affecting the rights of creditors;
 - (b) enforcement may be limited by general principles of equity. For example, equitable remedies such as specific performance may not be available, *inter alia*, where damages are considered to be an adequate remedy;
 - (c) some claims may become barred under relevant statutes of limitation or may be or become subject to defences of set off, counterclaim, estoppel and similar defences;
 - (d) where obligations are to be performed in a jurisdiction outside the Cayman Islands, they may not be enforceable in the Cayman Islands to the extent that performance would be illegal under the laws of that jurisdiction;
 - (e) the courts of the Cayman Islands have jurisdiction to give judgment in the currency of the relevant obligation and statutory rates of interest payable upon judgments will vary according to the currency of the judgment. If the Company becomes insolvent and is made subject to a liquidation proceeding, the courts of the Cayman Islands will require all debts to be proved in a common currency, which is likely to be the “functional currency” of the Company determined in accordance with applicable accounting principles. Currency indemnity provisions have not been tested, so far as we are aware, in the courts of the Cayman Islands;
 - (f) arrangements that constitute penalties will not be enforceable;
 - (g) enforcement may be prevented by reason of fraud, coercion, duress, undue influence, misrepresentation, public policy or mistake or limited by the doctrine of frustration of contracts;
 - (h) provisions imposing confidentiality obligations may be overridden by compulsion of applicable law or the requirements of legal and/or regulatory process;
 - (i) the courts of the Cayman Islands may decline to exercise jurisdiction in relation to substantive proceedings brought under or in relation to the Transaction Documents in matters where they determine that such proceedings may be tried in a more appropriate forum;

- (j) we reserve our opinion as to the enforceability of the relevant provisions of the Transaction Documents to the extent that they purport to grant exclusive jurisdiction as there may be circumstances in which the courts of the Cayman Islands would accept jurisdiction notwithstanding such provisions; and
 - (k) a company cannot, by agreement or in its articles of association, restrict the exercise of a statutory power and there is doubt as to the enforceability of any provision in the Transaction Documents whereby the Company covenants to restrict the exercise of powers specifically given to it under the Companies Law (2013 Revision) of the Cayman Islands, including, without limitation, the power to increase its authorised share capital, amend its memorandum and articles of association or present a petition to a Cayman Islands court for an order to wind up the Company.
- 4.2 Reference in this opinion to a “deposit” of Shares pursuant to the Deposit Agreement means the allotment and issue to the Depositary of the Shares and the registration of the Depositary (or its nominee) in the register of members of the Company as the registered holder of such Shares and the delivery to the Depositary of a share certificate in respect of such registration, all for the purpose of enabling the Depositary to issue ADSs representing such Shares.
- 4.3 Applicable court fees will be payable in respect of the enforcement of the Transaction Documents.
- 4.4 Cayman Islands stamp duty may be payable if the original Transaction Documents are brought to or executed in the Cayman Islands.
- 4.5 To maintain the Company in good standing under the laws of the Cayman Islands, annual filing fees must be paid and returns made to the Registrar of Companies within the time frame prescribed by law.
- 4.6 Under the Companies Law (2013 Revision) of the Cayman Islands, the register of members of a Cayman Islands company is by statute regarded as *prima facie* evidence of any matters which the Companies Law (2013 Revision) directs or authorises to be inserted therein. A third party interest in the shares in question would not appear. An entry in the register of members may yield to a court order for rectification (for example, in the event of fraud or manifest error).
- 4.7 The obligations of the Company may be subject to restrictions pursuant to United Nations sanctions as implemented under the laws of the Cayman Islands and/or restrictive measures adopted by the European Union Council for Common Foreign and Security Policy extended to the Cayman Islands by the Order of Her Majesty in Council.
- 4.8 A certificate, determination, calculation or designation of any party to the Transaction Documents as to any matter provided therein might be held by a Cayman Islands court not to be conclusive final and binding if, for example, it could be shown to have an unreasonable or arbitrary basis, or in the event of manifest error.
- 4.9 The Litigation Search of the Court Register would not reveal, amongst other things, an Originating Process filed with the Grand Court which, pursuant to the Grand Court Rules or best practice of the Clerk of the Courts’ office, should have been entered in the Court Register but was not in fact entered in the Court Register (properly or at all).
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- 4.10 In principle the courts of the Cayman Islands will award costs and disbursements in litigation in accordance with the relevant contractual provisions but there remains some uncertainty as to the way in which the rules of the Grand Court will be applied in practice. Whilst it is clear that costs incurred prior to judgment can be recovered in accordance with the contract, it is likely that post-judgment costs (to the extent recoverable at all) will be subject to taxation in accordance with Grand Court Rules Order 62.
- 4.11 Preferred creditors under Cayman Islands law will rank ahead of unsecured creditors of the Company. Furthermore, all costs, charges and expenses properly incurred in the voluntary winding up of a company, including the remuneration of the liquidators, are payable out of the assets of the company in priority to all other unsecured claims.
- 4.12 We reserve our opinion as to the extent to which the courts of the Cayman Islands would, in the event of any relevant illegality or invalidity, sever the relevant provisions of the Transaction Documents and enforce the remainder of the Transaction Documents or the transaction of which such provisions form a part, notwithstanding any express provisions in the Transaction Documents in this regard.
- 4.13 We are not qualified to opine as to the meaning, validity or effect of any references to foreign (i.e. non-Cayman Islands) statutes, rules, regulations, codes, judicial authority or any other promulgations and any references to them in the Transaction Documents.

We express no view as to the commercial terms of the Transaction Documents or whether such terms represent the intentions of the parties and make no comment with regard to warranties or representations that may be made by the Company.

The opinions in this opinion letter are strictly limited to the matters contained in the opinions section above and do not extend to any other matters. We have not been asked to review and we therefore have not reviewed any of the ancillary documents relating to the Transaction Documents and express no opinion or observation upon the terms of any such document.

This opinion letter is addressed to and for the benefit solely of the addressee and may not be relied upon by any other person for any purpose, nor may it be transmitted or disclosed (in whole or part) to any other person without our prior written consent.

Yours faithfully

TRAVERS THORP ALBERGA

EXHIBIT C

Exception to Section 3.1(g)(iii) shall include: the 0.50% Convertible Senior Notes due 2017, the 1.25% Convertible Senior Notes due 2018, the 1% Convertible Notes due 2019, the 1% Convertible Notes due 2020, the 1% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020 and the 1.99% Convertible Senior Notes due 2025 issued by the Company, and 5.1 million shares to be issued for the benefit of employees of Qunar Cayman Islands Limited

Framework Agreement for Treatment of Qunar Employee Shares and Equity Awards

In order to continue to incentivize employees of Qunar Cayman Islands Limited (“**Qunar**”) to continue to perform their duties diligently and align their interests with those of Qunar’s shareholders, Qunar and Ctrip.com International, Ltd. (“**Ctrip**”) hereby agree, for good and valuable consideration the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, as follows:

1. Subject to compliance with applicable U.S. securities rules and regulations, the relevant company’s insider trading policy and approvals of this agreement by the board of directors of each of Qunar and Ctrip and the approval of the relevant grants by the compensation committee of Qunar, (i) all the outstanding ordinary shares or American depositary shares (“**ADSs**”) of Qunar which are beneficially owned by current employees of Qunar as of the date of this agreement, (ii) all outstanding awards under Qunar’s Amended and Restated 2007 Share Plan (the “**2007 Plan**”) as of the date of this agreement and awards Qunar has committed to grant to employees in writing under the 2007 Plan in future periods as of the date of this agreement, when vested and exercised, and (iii) all awards to be granted under a new share incentive plan to be adopted by Qunar (the “**2015 Plan**”), when vested and exercised(subsections (i), (ii) and (iii) collectively, the “**Covered Equities**”), shall be convertible to Ctrip ADSs at a ratio of 1 Qunar ADS to 0.725 Ctrip ADS (the “**Share Exchange**”), which is the same ratio used in the October 2015 share exchange between Ctrip and Qunar’s shareholder Baidu, Inc., subject to adjustment for any stock split, stock dividend, change in the ratio of ordinary shares to ADSs (including the ADS ratio change, effective from December 1, 2015, whereby eight Ctrip ADSs (instead of four Ctrip ADSs) will represent one Ctrip ordinary share), or similar event affecting Qunar or Ctrip ordinary shares or ADSs, in which event the holders of the Covered Equities shall be treated no worse than any holder of Ctrip’s outstanding ordinary shares or ADSs (the “**Conversion Ratio**”).

The grant amounts, vesting schedules, and applicable conditions for the grantees shall be agreed in writing between Ctrip and Qunar, and the relevant details for certain senior employees of Qunar (each, an “**Executive**”) shall be separately provided for in an executive awards treatment agreement (the “**Executive Awards Treatment Agreement**”) among each Executive, Ctrip and Qunar.

2. Qunar shall be entitled to grant to employees share incentives in the form of options with an exercise price of US\$0.01 per ordinary share from an additional pool with the total number of shares issuable underlying the options being equivalent to 3,492,162 Qunar ADSs, which is equivalent to 2.65% of Qunar’s total outstanding shares as of September 30, 2015. Awards from such additional pool (the “**Additional Qunar Pool**”) shall be granted under the 2015 Plan, subject to approval by Qunar’s board of directors (the “**Qunar Board**”). For the avoidance of any doubt, all awards authorized for grant under the 2015 Plan as of the date of this agreement will be granted to the current employees (including those that are promoted during the fourth quarter of 2015) of Qunar as of the date of this agreement, unless such awards are terminated or forfeited after grant in which case the underlying shares may be used for award grants to future employees hired after the date of this agreement. The total number of shares underlying the awards issuable under the 2015 Plan shall be 28,476,795.

The principal terms of awards to be granted pursuant to this agreement such as the aggregate total amount of grants and the timing of the grants shall be subject to approval by the Qunar Board, except as otherwise provided hereunder or under an Executive Awards Treatment Agreement. The list of grantees, the specific amount of awards and vesting conditions for each grantee shall be submitted for confirmation after the funding date as mutually agreed by Qunar and Ctrip (the “**Funding Date**”) to a panel comprised of the persons agreed by Qunar and Ctrip (the “**Presiding Panel**”) before any Ctrip ADSs are delivered to employees, except award grants to specific individuals provided for under an Executive Awards Treatment Agreement shall not be subject to such process.

Starting from the end of the sale period as mutually agreed by Qunar and Ctrip (the “**Sale Period**”), holders of Covered Equities shall not be permitted to sell any Covered Equities until they are converted into Ctrip ADSs. The award agreements for the new awards to be granted pursuant to this agreement and the amended award agreements for the outstanding awards under the 2007 Plan for the relevant Covered Equities (each, an “**Award Agreement**”) shall provide that such awards shall be settled in or immediately converted to Ctrip ADSs upon due conversion (at the Conversion Ratio).

3.
 - (a) For ease of administration, the Share Exchanges shall take place through three special purpose vehicles mutually agreed by Qunar and Ctrip (the “**SPVs**”), which shall be administrated by the respective panels consisting of the persons mutually agreed by Ctrip and Qunar. The panels shall, with advice from legal counsel, design procedures pursuant to which the Ctrip ADSs are transferred to the relevant grantees who hold Covered Equities. Subject to compliance with applicable U.S. securities rules and regulations and Qunar’s insider trading policy, the SPVs shall deliver the corresponding number of Ctrip ADSs based on the Conversion Ratio upon the relevant grantee’s surrender of Qunar’s ordinary shares or ADSs to an entity designated by Ctrip.

Unless otherwise agreed to by Qunar and Ctrip, prior to the Funding Date, Ctrip shall cause, and Qunar shall facilitate, the filing and effectiveness of a registration statement on Form F-3 (or any equivalent registration statement under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “**Securities Act**”)) for the purpose of registering Ctrip ordinary shares underlying Ctrip ADSs (the “**Registration Statement**”) in an amount to be confirmed in writing between the parties prior to the Funding Date and to be issued under this Section 3 (based on the Conversion Ratio).

- (b) Ctrip and Qunar shall, and shall procure the SPVs to, take all actions necessary to effect the deposit of Ctrip ordinary shares with Ctrip’s ADS depository bank such that the SPVs will receive unrestricted Ctrip ADSs on the Funding Date.

Qunar shall pay all fees charged by the ADS depository bank and expenses incurred in relation to the deposit of all Ctrip ordinary shares and conversion of the Ctrip ADSs hereunder.

Qunar and Ctrip shall cooperate to facilitate the detailed administrative process for the operation of Share Exchanges through SPVs after the signing of this agreement.

4. Upon the execution of the relevant Award Agreement, each of all other Qunar employees who is not an Executive as of the date of this agreement shall be granted, subject to such person's compliance with his/her employment agreement and/or labor service contract with Qunar in all material aspects, (i) certain number of new awards from the Additional Qunar Pool, which shall be fully vested upon the date of grant (the "**New Vested Employee Awards**") under the Award Agreement, and (ii) certain number of new awards from the Additional Qunar Pool, which shall vest on a quarterly basis on the same vesting schedule as such employee's outstanding awards under the 2007 Plan as of the date of this agreement. Such numbers shall be mutually agreed by Ctrip and Qunar.

The amount of awards equivalent to the New Vested Employee Awards, or the equivalent cash amount if such awards have been exercised, shall be withheld and deposited with an account held by the relevant SPV mutually agreed by Ctrip and Qunar under escrow and shall be released to the employee immediately after the conditions mutually agreed in writing by Qunar and Ctrip, including non-competition covenants, have been satisfied. Any dispute regarding compliance with the conditions provided in the preceding sentence shall be resolved by a majority vote of the Presiding Panel.

5. Ctrip and Qunar shall mutually agree how to treat the then outstanding Covered Equities in the event of a change in control transaction of Qunar or Ctrip.
6. Certain employees of Qunar shall agree to abide by certain non-competition covenants to be agreed by the parties in writing and the Executives shall agree to abide by non-competition and other covenants during a compliance period to be agreed by the parties in writing.
7. For the avoidance of doubt, all Ctrip ordinary shares or ADSs referred to herein shall be registered by Ctrip under the Securities Act, or offered by Ctrip pursuant to a valid exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act. Both Qunar and Ctrip shall take any necessary actions in order to enable the issuance, grant or transfer of Ctrip or Qunar ADSs as described in this agreement, free of any selling or transfer restrictions.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this agreement, Qunar and Ctrip shall, and shall cause their respective employees, directors, consultants or advisors who are involved in the discussion of any matter hereunder or have knowledge of this agreement to keep strictly confidential this agreement and all the matters, arrangements or transactions related to this agreement.

8. The employees of Qunar and future recipients of equity awards described in this agreement, and their successors or assigns, shall be express third parties beneficiaries of this agreement. No other party shall be permitted to rely on this agreement or is intended to be a third party beneficiary hereunder.

9. Upon the signing of this Agreement, the Agreement shall retroactively be effective on November 18, 2015. This Agreement and the other ancillary documents dated hereof or hereafter, together with all schedules and exhibits hereto and thereto, constitute the full and entire understanding and agreement between the parties with regard to the subjects hereof and thereof, and supersede all other agreements between the parties with respect to the subject matters hereof and thereof except the applicable Executive Awards Treatment Agreements executed prior to the date hereof, which shall remain effective and be subject to the provision of the Agreement.
10. This agreement shall be governed by and construed under, and interpreted and enforced in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York applicable to contracts executed solely in New York and to be performed entirely within that State. This agreement constitutes the entire agreement of the parties relating to the subject matter addressed in this agreement. This agreement supersedes all prior communications, contracts, or agreements between the parties with respect to the subject matter addressed in this Agreement, whether oral or written.
11. The parties agree that to the extent permitted by law, any dispute or controversy arising out of, relating to, or in connection with this agreement, or the interpretation, validity, construction, performance, breach, or termination thereof, will be settled by arbitration to be held at a location in Hong Kong administered by the Hong Kong International Arbitration Centre (HKIAC) under the HKIAC Administered Arbitration Rules in force when the Notice of Arbitration is submitted. The decision of the arbitrator will be final, conclusive and binding on the parties to the arbitration. The tribunal will consist of three arbitrators. Each of Ctrip and Qunar shall appoint one arbitrator. The third arbitrator, who shall serve as chairperson of the arbitral tribunal, shall be selected by the mutual agreement of the first two party-appointed arbitrators. The place of arbitration will be Hong Kong. The language to be used in the arbitral proceedings will be English. Judgment upon the award rendered by the arbitrator may be entered by any court having jurisdiction thereof.

[Signature Page Follows]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this agreement as of December 9, 2015.

CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL LTD.

By: /s/ Jie Sun
Name: Jie Sun
Title: Co-President & COO

[Signature Page to Framework Agreement]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this agreement as of December 9, 2015.

QUNAR CAYMAN ISLANDS LIMITED

By: /s/ Yilu Zhao
Name: Yilu Zhao
Title: CFO

[Signature Page to Framework Agreement]

Restated
Exclusive Technical Consulting and
Services Agreement

between
Beijing Qu Na Information Technology Co., Ltd.
and
Beijing Qunar Software Technology Co., Ltd.

2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>ARTICLE</u>		<u>PAGE</u>
1.	APPOINTMENT AND PROVISION OF SERVICES	4
2.	INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS	4
3.	SERVICE FEE AND PAYMENT	4
4.	REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES	4
5.	CONFIDENTIALITY	5
6.	BREACH	5
7.	FORCE MAJEURE	5
8.	TERM AND EXTENSION	6
9.	TERMINATION	6
10.	MISCELLANEOUS	7

EXHIBIT:

- I. SCOPE OF SERVICES
- II. CALCULATION AND PAYMENT OF THE SERVICE FEE

THIS RESTATED EXCLUSIVE TECHNICAL CONSULTING AND SERVICES AGREEMENT (**Agreement**) is entered into on March 23, 2016 (**Execution Date**) in Beijing, the People's Republic of China (**PRC**).

By and between

- (1) **Beijing Qu Na Information Technology Co., Ltd. (北京趣拿信息技术有限公司)**, a limited liability company registered in Beijing, with its registered address at Room 1709 17th Floor, Viva Plaza, Building 18, Yard 29, Suzhou Street, Haidian District Beijing, China (**Party A**);

and

- (2) **Beijing Qunar Software Technology Co., Ltd. (北京趣拿软件科技有限公司)**, a wholly foreign owned enterprise duly incorporated and validly existing under the laws of the PRC, with its registered address at Room 1701-1707, 1710-1720, 17th Floor, Viva Plaza, Building 18, Yard 29, Suzhou Street, Haidian District Beijing, China (**Party B**).

Recitals

- A. Party A is a domestic company duly incorporated and validly existing under the laws of the PRC, and is an operating vehicle of the website www.qunar.com, Party A wishes to develop its technology, improve its management and increase and enhance its market position.
- B. Party B is a wholly foreign owned enterprise duly incorporated and validly existing under the laws of the PRC, which holds the resources and qualifications for technical and consulting services. Party B is engaged in research and development relating to networks and has expertise in providing technical training and consulting services.
- C. The parties entered into an Exclusive Technical Consulting and Services Agreement (独家技术咨询和服务协议, **Original Agreement**) on October 27, 2006, pursuant to which Party B was willing to provide to Party A, and Party A was willing to accept exclusively from Party B, technical and consulting services.
- D. Party A and Party B have strictly complied with all stipulations under the Original Agreement. After mutual negotiation, Party A and Party B believe it in the best interest of both parties to restate the Original Agreement. Party A and Party B further acknowledge that this Agreement does not substantially change the Original Agreement, and the provisions of this Agreement reflect the intention of the parties when they executed the Original agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, the parties agree as follows:

1. **APPOINTMENT AND PROVISION OF SERVICES**

- 1.1 **Scope of Services.** Party A hereby appoints Party B to provide Party A with the Services detailed in the Exhibit I (**Services**).
- 1.2 **Provision of Services.** The parties agree that Party B shall provide the Services to Party A on an exclusive basis, for the duration of the term of this Agreement and at standards commonly accepted in the market. For the duration of the term of this Agreement, Party A may not enter into any agreement with any third party for the provision of the Services without prior written consent from Party B.

2. **INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS**

The parties agree that the intellectual property rights created by Party B in the course of performing this Agreement (including without limitation any copyrights, trademarks or logos registered or not, patents and proprietary technology), shall belong to Party B.

3. **SERVICE FEE AND PAYMENT**

- 3.1 **Service Fee.** The parties agree that the Service Fee under this Agreement shall be determined according to the Exhibit II.
- 3.2 **Payment Method.** Party B shall, within the first 5 business days of each month, provide Party A with written statement of the service fee spent providing the Services during the previous month. Party A shall confirm to Party B in writing within 3 business days of receipt that the service fee is correct. If Party A fails to provide such confirmation on time, Party A shall be deemed to have confirmed Party B's statement. Party A shall pay the service fee to Party B's designated account within 10 business days after confirming the service fee provided in Party B's written statement.

4. **REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES**

Each party represents and warrants to the other that, as of the date of signing hereof:

- 4.1 it has full power and authority as an independent legal person to execute and deliver this Agreement and to carry out its responsibilities and obligations hereunder;
- 4.2 its execution and performance of this Agreement will not result in a breach of any law, regulation, authorization or agreement to which it is subject.

5. CONFIDENTIALITY

- 5.1 **Confidentiality Obligations.** The parties shall protect and maintain the confidentiality of all information relating to or arisen from this Agreement, or made available under this Agreement to a party or any associate thereof (**Confidential Information**). Without the prior written consent of the other party, no party shall disclose any Confidential Information to any third party unless the disclosure is required by laws or by enforceable orders of the court or related government departments. Under such circumstances, the party required to disclose the Confidential Information shall notify the other party immediately, take all possible measures to minimize the disclosure, and notify the persons to whom information is being disclosed of the confidentiality obligation. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary above, Party A shall have the full right to disclose any Confidential Information to its shareholders, affiliates or professional advisors.
- 5.2 **Obligations upon Termination.** Upon termination of this Agreement, either party shall, at the request of the other party, return any document, material, database, equipment, or software containing the Confidential Information to the other party. If, for any reason, such document, material, database, equipment, or software cannot be returned, either party shall destroy all the Confidential Information belonging to the other party and delete such Confidential Information from any memory devices. No party shall be permitted to continue using the Confidential Information in any way after the termination of this Agreement.
- 5.3 **No Time Limit.** There is no time limit to the confidentiality obligations stipulated in this Article, which obligations will survive the termination of this Agreement unless the Confidential Information is disclosed to the public for reasons not due to the breach of this Agreement by any party.

6. BREACH

- 6.1 **Written Notice.** If a party breaches any of its respective representations, warranties or obligations under this Agreement, the non-breaching party may send a written notice to the breaching party demanding rectification within 10 days.
- 6.2 **Compensation.** The breaching party shall be liable to compensate the non-breaching party for any losses it has sustained as a result of the breach, including loss of profits.

7. FORCE MAJEURE

- 7.1 **Definition.** The term Force Majeure refers to any unforeseeable (or if foreseeable, reasonably unavoidable), event beyond the reasonable control of any party which prevents the performance of this Agreement, including without limitation acts of government, acts of nature, fire, explosion, typhoon, flood, earthquake, tide, lightning and war, but excluding any shortage of credit.

- 7.2 **Exemption.** Where either party fails to perform this Agreement in full or in part due to Force Majeure, such party shall be exempted from its responsibilities hereunder, to the extent of the Force Majeure in question and except where PRC laws provides otherwise. For the avoidance of doubt, a party shall not be excused from performing its obligations hereunder where Force Majeure occurs following the delay by that party to perform this Agreement.
- 7.3 **Notice.** Should either party be unable to perform this Agreement as a result of Force Majeure, it shall inform the other party, as soon as possible following the occurrence of such Force Majeure, of the situation and the reason(s) for non-performance, so as to minimize any losses incurred by the other party as a consequence thereof. Furthermore, within a reasonable time after notice of Force Majeure has been given, the party encountering Force Majeure shall provide to the other party a legal certificate issued by a public notary (or other appropriate organization) of the place wherein the Force Majeure occurred, in witness of the same.
- 7.4 **Mitigation.** The party affected by Force Majeure may suspend the performance of its obligations under this Agreement until any disruption resulting from the Force Majeure has been resolved. However, such party shall make every effort to eliminate any obstacles resulting from the Force Majeure, thereby minimizing to the greatest extent possible the adverse effects of such, as well as any resulting losses.

8. **TERM AND EXTENSION**

This Agreement shall enter into effect as of the date first indicated above and shall continue to be in effect until it is terminated by Party B or under Clause 9 of this Agreement. Party A shall not terminate unilaterally this Agreement.

9. **TERMINATION**

9.1 **Early Termination.** This Agreement may be terminated early in the following situations:

- 9.1.1 with the mutual written consent of the parties following consultation;

- 9.1.2 in case of a Force Majeure event prevailing for 30 days or longer, the parties shall discuss whether performance under this Agreement shall be partially exempted or postponed according to the degree by which such performance is affected by the Force Majeure event;
- 9.1.3 by Party B, in its sole discretion, with 30 days' prior written notice to Party A at any time; or
- 9.1.4 in case that either of the parties can't maintain its corporate existence.
- 9.2 **Survival of Obligations.** The expiry or early termination of this Agreement for any reason whatsoever shall not affect the payment obligations of the parties hereunder, the respective liability of the parties for damages or the confidentiality obligations of the parties.

10. MISCELLANEOUS

- 10.1 **Notices and Delivery.** All notices and communications between the parties shall be written in English or Chinese and delivered in person (including courier service), by facsimile transmission or by registered mail to the appropriate addresses set forth below:

Party A

Address : Room 1709 17th Floor, Viva Plaza,
Building 18, Yard 29, Suzhou Street,
Haidian District Beijing,China
Tel : 010-5760 3000

Party B

Address : Room 1701-1707, 1710-1720, 17th Floor,
Viva Plaza, Building 18, Yard 29, Suzhou
Street, Haidian District Beijing,China
Tel : 010-5760 3000

- 10.2 **Timing.** The time of receipt of the notice or communication shall be deemed to be:

- 10.2.1 if in person (including courier), at the time of signing of a receipt by the receiving party or a duly authorized person at the receiving party's address;
- 10.2.2 if by facsimile transmission, at the time displayed in the corresponding transmission record, unless such facsimile is sent after 5:00 p.m. or on a non-business day in the place of receipt, in which case the date of receipt shall be deemed to be the following business day; or

- 10.2.3 if by registered mail, on the 10th day after the date of the receipt of the registered mail.
- 10.3 **No Waiver.** Unless otherwise agreed upon by the parties in writing, any failure or delay on the part of either party to exercise any right, authority or privilege under this Agreement, or under any other agreement relating hereto, shall not operate as a waiver thereof; nor shall any single or partial exercise of any right, authority or privilege preclude any other future exercise thereof.
- 10.4 **Severability.** The provisions of this Agreement are severable from each other. The invalidity of any provision of this Agreement shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any other provision of this Agreement.
- 10.5 **Successors.** This Agreement shall be valid and binding upon the parties and upon their respective successors and assigns (if any).
- 10.6 **Assignment.** Party A shall not assign its rights or obligations under this Agreement to any third party without the prior written consent of Party B. Party B may transfer its rights or obligations under this Agreement to any third party without the consent of Party A, but shall inform Party A of the above assignment.
- 10.7 **Governing Law.** The execution, validity, interpretation and implementation of this Agreement and the settlement of disputes hereunder shall be governed by PRC laws.
- 10.8 **Arbitration.**
- 10.8.1 If any dispute arises in connection with this Agreement, the parties shall attempt in the first instance to resolve such dispute through friendly consultation or mediation.
- 10.8.2 If the dispute cannot be resolved in the above manner within 30 days after the commencement of the consultation or mediation, either party may submit the dispute to arbitration as follows:
- 10.8.2.1 all disputes arising out of or in connection with this Agreement shall be submitted to the China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission for arbitration in accordance with the Commission's then-current rules; and

- 10.8.2.2 the arbitration shall be held in Beijing and conducted in the English language, with the arbitral award being final and binding upon the parties.
- 10.8.3 When any dispute is submitted to arbitration, the parties shall continue to perform their obligations under this Agreement.
- 10.9 **Entire Agreement.** This Agreement and its Exhibits shall constitute the entire agreement between the parties in respect of the subject matter hereof and shall supersede any previous discussions, negotiations and agreements, including without limitation, the Original Agreement.
- 10.10 **Amendments.** Without the prior written consent of Party B, Party A shall not amend this Agreement. If required by the applicable laws, the parties shall obtain all the necessary approvals, authorizations, licenses, registrations and filing procedures from the relevant governmental authorities to give effect to the amendment.
- 10.11 **Language and Copies.**

This Agreement is prepared in both English and Chinese, and both language versions have the same legal effect. This Agreement shall be executed in 2 originals, with 1 original copy for each party.

[The space below is intentionally left blank.]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have caused this Agreement to be duly executed by their duly authorized representatives on the date first indicated above.

Party A: Beijing Qu Na Information Technology Co., Ltd.
(北京趣拿信息技术有限公司)

/s/ Cao Hui

Name: Cao Hui

Title: Legal Representative

Company Seal:

Party B: Beijing Qunar Software Technology Co., Ltd.
(北京趣拿软件科技有限公司)

/s/ Wei Fang

Name: Wei Fang

Title: Legal Representative

Company seal:

Signature page to Restated Exclusive Technical Consulting and Services Agreement

Scope of Services

1. **Technical Services.** Party B will provide technical services and training to Party A, taking advantage of Party B's advanced network, website and multimedia technologies to improve Party A's system integration. Such technical services shall include:
 - (a) administering, managing and maintaining Party A's information application system and website system infrastructure;
 - (b) providing system optimization plans and implementing optimization features;
 - (c) assuring the security and reliability of the website application systems;
 - (d) procuring, installing and supporting the relevant products produced by Party B, and providing training in the use of those products;
 - (e) managing and maintaining all network and providing technologies to assure the reliability and efficiency thereof;
 - (f) providing information technology services and assuring the reliable operation of the information infrastructure.
 2. **Marketing and Management Consulting.** For the purposes of expanding Party A's market share, popularizing its products and creating a efficient internal operations, Party B will provide consulting services regarding marketing and management, which shall include:
 - (a) providing strategic co-operation proposals and recommending relevant partners to Party A, and assisting Party A to establish and develop cooperative relationships with such partners with respect to information networks;
 - (b) providing Party A with market development strategies, including but not limited to the design and improvement of Party A's products, services and business model as well as strategic on its market position and brand-building; and
 - (c) training management personnel and providing management consultation services, including but not limited to regular business training for Party A's management personnel and formulating realistic and effective solutions to existing problems in Party A's business operations.
-

Calculation and Payment of the Service Fee

DURING THE TERM OF THIS AGREEMENT, THE SERVICE FEE PAYABLE BY PARTY A TO PARTY B FOR SERVICES RENDERED ACCORDING TO EXHIBIT I SHALL BE A FEE IN RMB DETERMINED BY THE FOLLOWING FORMULA:

SERVICE FEE PAYABLE = PARTY A'S REVENUE – TURNOVER TAXES – PARTY A'S TOTAL COSTS – PROFIT TO BE RETAINED BY PARTY A;

Where:

- Party A's Revenue is revenue received by Party A from third parties in the course of its ordinary business;
- Turnover Taxes include, but are not limited to, business tax, value-added tax, urban maintenance and construction tax and education surcharges;^b
- Party A's Total Costs include all costs and expenses, such as costs of goods sold and operating costs incurred by Party A for carrying out the business; and
- Profit to be retained by Party A shall be determined by a reputable certified public accountant designated by Party B.

During the term of this Agreement, Party B shall have the right to adjust the above Fees at its sole discretion without the consent of Party A.

Loan Agreement

among

Beijing Qunar Software Technology Co., Ltd.

CAO Hui

And

WANG Hui

2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Articles</u>		<u>Pages</u>
1. DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATIONS		3
2. LOANS		4
3. CONDITIONS PRECEDENT		6
4. REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES		7
5. UNDERTAKINGS		8
6. ENFORCEMENT		11
7. CONFIDENTIALITY		12
8. DISPUTE RESOLUTION		13
9. INDEMNITY		13
10. MISCELLANEOUS		13

THIS LOAN AGREEMENT (Agreement) is entered into on March 23, 2016 in Beijing, People's Republic of China (PRC)

by and among

- (1) **Beijing Qunar Software Technology Co., Ltd. (北京趣拿软件科技有限公司)**, a wholly foreign owned enterprise duly incorporated and validly existing under the laws of the PRC, with its registered address at Room 1701-1707, 1710-1720, 17th Floor, Viva Plaza, Building 18, Yard 29, Suzhou Street, Haidian District Beijing, China (**Party A**);

and

- (2) **CAO Hui**, a PRC citizen, ID card number 310110197908230424 of Room 1802, No. 6 of 710 Nong, Caoyang Road, Putuo District, Shanghai, China. (**Party B**).

and

- (3) **WANG Hui**, a PRC citizen, ID card number 310110197312240832 of Room 603, No. 4 of 57 Nong, Xuanhua Road, Changning District, Shanghai, China. (**Party C**)

Recitals

- A. Beijing Qu Na Information Technology Co., Ltd. (北京趣拿信息技术有限公司, **Company**) is a domestic company of limited liability incorporated in Beijing, PRC. Party B and Party C hold 60% and 40% of the equity interest of the Company, respectively (**Equity Interests**);
- B. Party A, Party B, Party C, Zhuang Chenchao, Zhang Dongchen and other relevant parties have entered into a undertaking agreement on December 12, 2015, pursuant to which Zhuang Chenchao and Zhang Dongchen agree to transfer their equity interests of the Company to Party B and Party C respectively and Party B and Party C agree to undertake the liability and obligation of Zhuang Chenchao and Zhang Dongchen to repay a loan in the amount of RMB 11,000,000 to Party A(each a **Loan**, collectively **Loans**);
- C. Party A, Party B and Party C agree to sign this Agreement to reflect the intention of the Parties and specify the rights and liability of Parties.

NOW, THEREFORE, the parties agree as follows:

1. DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATIONS

- 1.1 **Definitions.** Unless otherwise provided in this Agreement, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:

Designated Party	means a third party as designated by Party A;
Event of Default	means an event as described in Article 2.3;
Equity Option Agreement	means the Restated Equity Option Agreement by and among Party A, Party B, Party C, the Company, and Qunar Cayman Islands Limited dated the even date of this Agreement;
Equity Pledge Agreement	means the Equity Interest Pledge Agreement by and among Party A, Party B, and Party C dated the even date of this Agreement;
Power of Attorney	means each of the Power of Attorney respectively signed and issued by Party B and Party C dated the even date of this Agreement conferring all his rights as a shareholder of the Company to Party A or the Designated Party; and
Repayment Notice	means a written notice from Party A to Party B and/or Party C for purposes of the repayment of the Loan(s).

1.2 **Interpretations.** All headings used herein are for reference purposes only and do not affect the meaning or interpretation of any provision. Any reference to an Article is to an article of this Agreement. The use of the plural shall include the use of the singular, and vice versa. Unless otherwise indicated, a reference to a day, month or year is to a calendar day, month or year. The use of the masculine shall include the use of the feminine, and vice versa.

2. LOANS

- 2.1 **Amount.** Party A has provided to Party B and Party C, and Party B and Party C have received from Party A, the Loans, respectively, in which Party B has received RMB 6,600,000 and Party C has received RMB 4,400,000. The Loans shall be interest free, unless otherwise provided in this Agreement.
- 2.2 **Term.** The term of the Loans shall continue indefinitely until such time as Party B and/or Party C receives a Repayment Notice and fully repays the Loan(s) in accordance with the Agreement, or an Event of Default occurs unless Party A has sent a notice indicating otherwise within 15 calendar days after it is aware of such event.
- 2.3 **Event of Default.** For purposes of this Agreement, an Event of Default is deemed to have occurred if any of the following were to apply to Party B and/or Party C:

- 2.3.1 a proceeding is commenced against him under any applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, court mediation, or other similar laws;
- 2.3.2 he makes or attempts to make any fraudulent use or any unauthorized transfer of the Loan(s) or the Equity Interests;
- 2.3.3 he dies or his capacity to perform civil acts is lost or limited;
- 2.3.4 he is charged with a criminal offense;
- 2.3.5 any third party institutes a court action against him claiming over RMB 5,000;
- 2.3.6 Party B and/or Party C breaches any of its covenants or other obligations under this Agreement, and such breach has not been remedied within 15 calendar days after receiving Party A's written notice requiring remedy;
- 2.3.7 the representations and warranties made by Party B and/or Party C prove to be false or misleading in any material respect;
- 2.3.8 any indebtedness, guarantee or other obligation of Party B and/or Party C, whether pursuant to a contract or otherwise, (i) is accelerated as a result of a default thereunder and is required to be repaid or performed prior to the scheduled date; or (ii) has become due and is not repaid or performed as scheduled and thereby causes Party A to regard Party B and Party C's capacity to perform the obligations specified herein as having been adversely affected;
- 2.3.9 Party B and/or Party C are incapable of repaying his debts as they become due;
- 2.3.10 the Agreement is illegal as a result of any applicable laws or Party B and/or Party C is restricted from continuing to perform its obligations as specified herein;
- 2.3.11 any approval, permits, licenses, authorization, registration or filing procedure from any applicable governmental entity required for the Company to provide value added telecommunications services in respect of its information services business via the Internet in the PRC are withdrawn, suspended, invalidated or materially amended;
- 2.3.12 any approval, permits, licenses or authorization from any applicable government authority required to perform this Agreement or make this Agreement enforceable, legal and valid are withdrawn, suspended, invalidated or materially amended;
- 2.3.13 any property owned by Party B and/or Party C is altered or damaged and thereby causes Party A to deem that the capability of Party B and/or Party C to perform the obligations stated herein have been adversely affected; or

2.3.14 Party B and/or Party C defaults under either of the Equity Pledge Agreement, the Equity Option Agreement or the Power of Attorney.

2.4 **Repayment Date.** Unless otherwise agreed by Party A in writing, the Loan(s) borrowed by Party B and/or Party C, any portion of the Loan(s) and any other payment in arrears, if applicable, under this Agreement shall become due and payable five Business Days after Party A gives written notice to Party B and/or Party C demanding repayment in accordance with Article 6.1 (**Repayment Date**).

Party A shall have its sole discretion to demand repayment of the Loans or any portion of the Loans and send a written notice accordingly.

Without Party A's express prior written consent, the Loans shall not be repaid and shall continue indefinitely until the Repayment Date.

2.5 **Form of Repayment.** Unless agreed by the parties in writing, the Loans may only be repaid in the form specified in Article 6.

2.6 **Purpose of Loans.** Party B and Party C have accepted the Loans provided by Party A and hereby agree and covenant that the Loans shall be used only to acquire to the equity interests of the Company or repay their debts incurred in connection with their contribution of the registered capital of the Company. Without Party A's prior written consent, Party B and Party C shall not use the Loans for any other purpose, or sell, assign, transfer, pledge or otherwise dispose of any legal rights or benefits in connection with, or create any security interest over, the Equity Interest to any third party. Furthermore, Party B and Party C agree only to borrow money from Party A for future registered capital increase of the Company and not to contribute registered capital by themselves or borrow money from other third parties.

3. CONDITIONS PRECEDENT

Drawdown of the Loans by Party B and Party C shall, unless specifically waived by Party A in writing, be conditional upon the fulfillment of all of the following conditions precedent:

3.1 **Representations and Warranties.** All the representations and warranties provided by Party B and Party C in Article 4.2 are true, complete and correct, and shall remain true, complete and correct on the date of such drawdown, as if they are provided on such date.

3.2 **No Breach.** Party B and Party C shall not have breached any of his undertakings provided in Article 5, and no event which may affect the performance of Party B's obligations hereunder shall have occurred or be likely to occur.

4. **REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES**

4.1 **Party A's Representations and Warranties.** Party A represents and warrants as follows:

- 4.1.1 it is a company incorporated and validly existing under the laws of PRC;
- 4.1.2 it has the power to enter into and perform this Agreement, and its execution and performance of this Agreement is in compliance with its business scope and the provisions of its articles of association or other constituent documents;
- 4.1.3 the execution and performance of this Agreement by it will not result in a breach of any laws, regulations, authorizations, or agreements to which it is subject; and
- 4.1.4 this Agreement shall constitute its legal, valid, and binding obligations, and is to be enforceable against it.

4.2 **Party B and Party C's Representations and Warranties.** Party B and Party C severally represent and warrant as follows:

- 4.2.1 he has and shall maintain the full power and authority to enter into this Agreement and to perform his obligations hereunder;
- 4.2.2 the execution and performance of this Agreement by him will not result in a breach of any laws, regulations, authorizations, or agreements to which he is subject;
- 4.2.3 this Agreement shall constitute his legal, valid, and binding obligations, and is to be enforceable against him;
- 4.2.4 there are no civil, criminal or administrative, claims, actions, suits, investigations or proceedings pending or threatened against him which, based on his knowledge, would materially and adversely affect his execution or performance of this Agreement;
- 4.2.5 there is no provision of any agreement, enforceable judgment or order of any court binding on him or affecting his property, which would in any way prevent or materially and adversely affect his execution or performance of this Agreement;
- 4.2.6 the execution and performance of this Agreement and the realization of Party A's rights hereunder will not violate any mortgage right, contract, judgment, decree or law that is binding upon him or his property;

- 4.2.7 with the exception of the Equity Pledge Agreement, the Equity Option Agreement and the Power of Attorney, he has not: (a) created any pledge, charge or any other security over any of the Equity Interests; (b) offered to transfer any of the Equity Interests to any third party; (c) issued an undertaking to any third party regarding any offer to purchase any of the Equity Interests; or (d) entered into any agreement to transfer any of the Equity Interests to any third party; and
- 4.2.8 no dispute, action, arbitration, administrative procedure or other legal proceeding (potential or actual) regarding himself and/or any of the Equity Interests in existence or pending.

5. UNDERTAKINGS

5.1 **Party B and Party C's Undertakings relating to the Company.** Party B and Party C severally undertake to vote his total interest in the Company and to take all other necessary actions to ensure that the Company:

- 5.1.1 will obtain or complete all the necessary governmental approvals, authorizations, licenses, registrations and filing procedures to own its assets and to engage in the value added telecommunications business in respect of its information services business via the Internet in the PRC and other businesses specified in the operational scope of its business license;
- 5.1.2 will not supplement, change, or modify in any way its articles of association or other constituent documents, increase or reduce its registered capital, or alter its shareholding structure without the prior written consent of Party A;
- 5.1.3 will not sell, transfer, mortgage, pledge, grant any option rights or otherwise dispose of any asset, business or legal or beneficial interest, or permit the creation of any other security interest over the same without the prior written consent of Party A;
- 5.1.4 will not incur, inherit, warrant or permit the existence of any loans without the prior written consent of Party A;
- 5.1.5 will not enter into any contracts or extend any loan or credit to any party or provide any guarantee or assume any obligation of any party without the prior written consent of Party A;
- 5.1.6 will provide all information relating to its operations and financial affairs to Party A upon the request of Party A;

- 5.1.7 will not merge, consolidate with any third party, or acquire or invest in any third party, without the prior written consent of Party A;
- 5.1.8 will notify Party A immediately should any legal action, arbitration or administrative procedure relating to its assets, operations or income arises or is likely to arise;
- 5.1.9 will execute all necessary or appropriate agreements, take all necessary or appropriate actions and make all necessary or appropriate defenses for the purpose of maintaining all rights and proprietary interests in respect of its assets;
- 5.1.10 will not pay dividends or distributions of any kind to its shareholders without the prior written consent of Party A;
- 5.1.11 will strictly observe all of the provisions under this Agreement, the Equity Pledge Agreement, the Equity Option Agreement and the Power of Attorney and shall not cause any act or omission to take place which may impair the validity and enforceability of those documents; and
- 5.1.12 will promptly notify Party A in writing of the occurrence of any event which may materially affect its assets, obligations, rights or operations.

5.2 **Undertakings of Party B and Party C.** Party B and Party C severally further undertakes as follows:

- 5.2.1 he will not sell, transfer, mortgage, pledge, grant any option rights or otherwise dispose of any of the Equity Interests, or permit the creation of any other security interest in the Company without the prior written consent of Party A;
- 5.2.2 he will ensure that the shareholders' meeting of the Company shall not approve any sale, transfer, pledge or other disposal of the Equity Interests, or permit the creation of any other security interest over the same without the prior written consent of Party A;
- 5.2.3 he will ensure that the shareholders' meeting of the Company shall not approve the increase or reduce of the registered capital, consolidation, merger or division of the Company without the prior written consent of Party A;
- 5.2.4 he will ensure that the shareholders' meeting of the Company shall decide on any matter only with the prior written instruction of Party A;

- 5.2.5 he will notify Party A immediately if and when any legal action, arbitration, or administrative procedure relating to the Equity Interests arises or is likely to arise;
- 5.2.6 he will enter into all necessary or appropriate agreements, take all necessary or appropriate actions, file all necessary or appropriate charges and conduct all necessary or appropriate defenses for the purpose of maintaining ownership of the Equity Interests at the instruction of Party A;
- 5.2.7 he will not cause any actions and/or omissions which may materially and adversely affect the assets, operations or liability of the Company without the prior written consent of Party A;
- 5.2.8 he will, upon the request of Party A, appoint any person nominated by Party A as a director of , or to hold any other position in, the Company and take all necessary or appropriate actions to complete all the necessary governmental registrations and filing procedures required accordingly by the applicable laws;
- 5.2.9 in the event that the Party A or the Designated Party purchases the Equity Interests pursuant to the Equity Option Agreement, he shall apply the entire proceeds therefrom to repay the Loans to Party A;
- 5.2.10 he will promptly notify Party A in writing of the occurrence of any event which may materially or adversely affect his assets, obligations, rights or operations;
- 5.2.11 he shall issue the Power of Attorney simultaneously when entering into this Agreement;
- 5.2.12 the Equity Option Agreement shall be validly executed, pursuant to which Party B and Party C shall grant Party A or the Designated Party with an exclusive option to purchase the Equity Interests, to the extent permitted under PRC laws;
- 5.2.13 the Equity Pledge Agreement, the Equity Option Agreement, and the Power of Attorney shall be in full effect and free of default, and all relevant filing or registrations procedures, approvals, and governmental proceedings shall have been duly obtained or completed;

- 5.2.14 he will strictly observe all the provisions and perform all of his obligations under this Agreement, the Equity Pledge Agreement, the Equity Option Agreement and the Power of Attorney, causing no actions nor failing to take any actions that may impair the validity or enforceability of this Agreement, the Equity Pledge Agreement, the Equity Option Agreement or the Power of Attorney;
- 5.2.15 he shall maintain as strictly confidential the existence and provisions of this Agreement, as well as any correspondence, resolutions, ancillary agreements and any other documentation associated herewith; and
- 5.2.16 he will not be entitled to any dividend or profit distribution of the Company and will not request or receive any of the same without the prior written consent of Party A. If such dividends or other distributions are distributed to him from the Company, he will immediately and unconditionally pay or transfer to Party A any such dividends or other distributions in whatsoever form obtained from the Company as a shareholder of the Company at the time such payables arise, after having deducted and paid any and all relevant taxes and expenses applicable as a result of his receipt of such dividends or other distributions. In the event that the profit, bonus, distribution or dividend he receives from the Company exceeds his repayment obligation under this Agreement, he shall immediately transfer such profit, bonus, distribution or dividend to Party A or to any party designated by Party A. If such transfer is prohibited by PRC laws, he shall remit the amount to Party A or to any party designated by Party A in a manner permitted under the applicable laws.

6. ENFORCEMENT

6.1 **Repayment of Loans.**

- 6.1.1 Upon the occurrence of either an Event of Default or a decision by Party A, in its sole discretion, to demand repayment of the entire Loans or any portion of the Loans, Party A may at its sole discretion issue a notice (**Repayment Notice**) to Party B and/or Party C requiring repayment of the entire Loans or any portion of the Loans and any other payment in arrears under this Agreement.
- 6.1.2 Party B and Party C shall repay the Loans by transferring the Equity Interest to Party A or the Designated Party, as directed by Party A, by signing and delivering an agreement for the transfer of the Equity Interest satisfactory to the Party A from the form to the substance.
- 6.1.3 Party B and Party C agree that if the total consideration to be received (if any) by Party B and Party C is higher than the registered capital of the Company corresponding to the transferred Equity Interests, the difference shall be deemed as interests and costs of Loan as much as permitted by PRC law and then the remaining consideration (if any) from the transfer of any part of the Equity Interests shall be remitted in full to Party A as a nonreciprocal transfer. If such transfer is prohibited by PRC law, Party B and Party C will remit the remaining consideration to Party A or its designees in a manner permitted under PRC law.

- 6.1.4 If Party B and/or Party C fail to comply with its repayment obligations under this Agreement, late payment interest shall be assessed at the rate of 0.3% per day upon the outstanding amount of the Loan(s) and shall be payable from the Repayment Date until the date on which the total amount of the overdue loan, overdue interest and other monies payable to Party A are fully settled.
- 6.2 **Notification.** Party B and Party C shall immediately notify Party A in writing of the occurrence of any event set forth in Article 2.3 or any circumstance which may lead to the occurrence of any such event as soon as Party B and Party C know or is aware of such event or circumstance.

7. CONFIDENTIALITY

- 7.1 **Confidentiality Obligations.** The parties shall protect and maintain the confidentiality of all information relating to or arisen from this Agreement, or made available under this Agreement to a party or any associate thereof (**Confidential Information**). Without the prior written consent of the other parties, no party shall disclose any Confidential Information to any third party unless the disclosure is required by law or by enforceable orders of the court or related government departments. Under such circumstances, the party required to disclose the Confidential Information shall notify the other parties immediately, take all possible measures to minimize the disclosure, and notify the persons to whom information is being disclosed of the confidentiality obligation. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary above, Party A shall have the full right to disclose any Confidential Information to its shareholders, affiliates or professional advisors.
- 7.2 **Obligations upon Termination.** Upon termination of this Agreement, each party shall, at the request of the other party, return any document, material, database, equipment, or software containing the Confidential Information to the other party. If, for any reason, such document, material, database, equipment, or software cannot be returned, each party shall destroy all the Confidential Information belonging to the other party and delete such Confidential Information from any memory devices. No party shall be permitted to continue using the Confidential Information in any way after the termination of this Agreement.
- 7.3 **No Time Limit.** There is no time limit to the confidentiality obligations stipulated in this Article, which obligations will survive the termination of this Agreement unless the Confidential Information is disclosed to the public for reasons not due to the breach of this Agreement by any party.

8. DISPUTE RESOLUTION

- 8.1 **Governing Law.** This Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the PRC.
- 8.2 **Consultation and Mediation.** If any dispute arises in connection with this Agreement, the parties shall attempt in the first instance to resolve such dispute through friendly consultation or mediation.
- 8.3 **Arbitration.** Any dispute, controversy or claim arising out of or in connection with this Agreement shall be submitted to the China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission (**CIETAC**) for arbitration, which shall be conducted in accordance with the CIETAC's rules in effect at the time of applying for arbitration. The place of arbitration shall be Beijing. The language of the arbitration shall be English. The tribunal shall consist of 3 arbitrators. The arbitral award is final and binding upon the parties. The cost of arbitration shall be allocated as determined by the arbitrators.

9. INDEMNITY

Party A agrees to indemnify and hold harmless Party B and Party C for any damages, fines or penalties solely incurred in his capacity as a shareholder or any other positions (including, without limitation, those of legal representative and director) directly as a result of the establishment of the Company and the operation of the Company's business in contravention of PRC law; provided, however, that in no instance will Party A provide such indemnification if Party B and Party C have engaged in fraud or willful misconduct or has breached or is in breach of this Agreement.

10. MISCELLANEOUS

- 10.1 **Notices.** All notices or other communications sent by each party shall be written in English or Chinese, and delivered in person, by mail or telecopy, to the other party at the following addresses. The date at which the communication shall be deemed to be duly given or made shall be confirmed as follows: (a) for notices delivered in person, the date of delivery shall be deemed as having been duly given or made; (b) for notices delivered by mail, the 10th day of the delivery date of air certified mail with postage prepaid (as shown on stamp) or the 4th day of the delivery date to an internationally certified delivery institution shall be deemed as having been duly given or made; and (c) for notices by telecopy, the receipt date showed on the delivery confirming paper of the relevant document shall be deemed as having been duly given or made.

Party A : Beijing Qunar Software Technology Co., Ltd.
Address : Room 1701-1707, 1710-1720, 17th Floor, Viva
Plaza, Building 18, Yard 29, Suzhou Street,
Haidian District Beijing,China

Tel	:	010-5760 3000
Party B	:	CAO Hui
Address	:	Room 1802, No. 6 of 710 Nong, Caoyang Road, Putuo District, Shanghai, China
Tel	:	021-34064880
Party C	:	WANG Hui
Address	:	Room 603, No. 4 of 57 Nong, Xuanhua Road, Changning District, Shanghai, China
Tel	:	021-34064880

- 10.2 **Entire Agreement.** This Agreement, the Restated Exclusive Technical Consulting and Services Agreement, the Equity Pledge Agreement, the Equity Option Agreement, and the Power of Attorney entered by the Parties herein and/or other relevant parties) shall constitute the entire agreement among the parties in respect of the subject matter hereof and shall supersede any previous discussions, negotiations and agreements related thereto.
- 10.3 **Amendment.** Without the prior written consent of Party A, neither Party B or Party C shall not amend this Agreement. If required by law, the parties shall obtain all requisite approvals from the relevant authorities to give effect to the amendment.
- 10.4 **No Waiver.** Unless otherwise agreed upon by the parties in writing, any failure or delay on the part of each party to exercise any right, authority or privilege under this Agreement, or under any other agreement relating hereto, shall not operate as a waiver thereof; nor shall any single or partial exercise of any right, authority or privilege preclude any other future exercise thereof.
- 10.5 **Severability.** The provisions of this agreement are severable from each other. The invalidity of any provision of this agreement shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any other provision of this agreement.
- 10.6 **Successors.** This Agreement shall be valid and binding on the parties, their successors and permitted assigns.
- 10.7 **Assignment.** Party A may transfer or assign any or all of its rights and obligations under this Agreement to any of its designated parties (natural person or legal entity) at any time. In such circumstances, the transferee or assignee shall enjoy and undertake the same rights and obligations herein of Party A as if the transferee or assignee is Party A hereunder. When Party A transfers or assigns the rights and obligations under this Agreement, at the request of Party A, Party B and Party C shall execute the relevant agreements and/or documents with respect to such transfer or assignment. Party B and Party C shall not assign any of its rights or obligations hereunder without the prior written consent of the Party A.

- 10.8 **Effectiveness:** This Agreement shall be effective upon its signing by all the parties or their respective authorized representative and shall be deemed terminated as of the date when the Loans has been repaid in full.
- 10.9 **Language and Counterparts.** This Agreement is prepared in 3 sets of originals in English. Each party shall hold 1 set.

[The space below has been intentionally left blank.]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, each of the parties hereto has duly executed or has caused this Agreement to be duly executed in its name and on its behalf by the officer or representative duly authorized, on the day and year first above written.

Party A:

Beijing Qunar Software Technology Co., Ltd.
(Company Seal)

By: /s/ Wei Fang
Name: Wei Fang
Title: Legal Representative

Party B:

/s/ Cao Hui
Cao Hui

Party C:

/s/ Wang Hui
Wang Hui

Equity Option Agreement

Among

Qunar Cayman Islands Limited

Beijing Qunar Software Technology Co., Ltd.

CAO Hui

WANG Hui

And

Beijing Qu Na Information Technology Co., Ltd.

2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Articles</u>		<u>Pages</u>
1.	DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATIONS	4
2.	PURCHASE AND SALE OF EQUITY INTEREST	5
3.	UNDERTAKINGS	7
4.	UNDERTAKINGS, REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES	10
5.	FURTHER WARRANTIES	11
6.	TERM	11
7.	APPLICABLE LAW AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION	11
8.	CONFIDENTIALITY	12
9.	MISCELLANEOUS	12

THIS EQUITY OPTION AGREEMENT (**Agreement**) is entered into on March 23, 2016 in Beijing, People's Republic of China (**PRC**).

by and among

- (1) **Qunar Cayman Islands Limited**, a Cayman Islands exempted company ("Qunar Cayman");
- (2) **Beijing Qunar Software Technology Co., Ltd.** (北京趣拿软件科技有限公司), a wholly foreign owned enterprise duly incorporated and validly existing under the laws of the PRC, with its registered address at Room 1701-1707, 1710-1720, 17th Floor, Viva Plaza, Building 18, Yard 29, Suzhou Street, Haidian District Beijing, China. (**Party A**);

And

- (3) **Cao Hui**, a PRC citizen, ID card number 310110197908230424 of Room 1802, No. 6 of 710 Nong, Caoyang Road, Putuo District, Shanghai, China. (**Party B**);

And

- (4) **Wang Hui**, a PRC citizen, ID card number 310110197312240832 of Room 603, No. 4 of 57 Nong, Xuanhua Road, Changning District, Shanghai, China. (**Party C**);

And

- (5) **Beijing Qu Na Information Technology Co., Ltd.** (北京趣拿信息技术有限公司), a limited liability company duly incorporated and validly existing in the PRC, with its registered address at Room 1709 17th Floor, Viva Plaza, Building 18, Yard 29, Suzhou Street, Haidian District Beijing, China (**Party D**)

(Party B and Party C are hereinafter collectively referred to as the "**Shareholders**." Qunar Cayman, Party A, Party B, Party C and Party D are each hereinafter individually referred to as a "**Party**", and collectively the "**Parties**".)

Recitals

- A. Party B holds 60% of the equity interest in Party D, and Party C holds 40% of the equity interest in Party D.
- B. Party D, an operating vehicle of the website www.qunar.com, is a PRC domestic company duly incorporated and validly existing in the PRC and engaged in Internet information services.

- C. A Loan Agreement dated the even date of this Agreement was entered into among Party A, Party B and Party C (**Loan Agreement**), pursuant to which Party B took loans in the amount of 6,600,000 and Party C took loans in the amount of 4,400,000 (collectively “**Loan**”) from, and therefore owe a debt to, Party A to subscribe to the aforementioned 60% and 40% equity interest in Party D respectively.
- D. A Restated Exclusive Technical Consulting and Services Agreement dated the even date of this Agreement was entered into between Party A and Party D (**Services Agreement**), pursuant to which Party D will pay a service fee to Party A in consideration for services provided by Party A.
- G. Qunar Cayman, Party A, Party B, Party C and Party D agreed to sign this Agreement pursuant to which Party B and Party C have severally agreed to grant to Qunar Cayman and Party A (collectively “**Qunar**”) an exclusive option to acquire all the equity interests of Party D registered in Party B and Party C’s name, subject to the terms and conditions therein.

NOW THEREFORE, the parties agree as follows:

1. DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATIONS

- 1.1 **Definitions.** Unless otherwise provided in this Agreement, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:

Designated Person(s)	means 1 or more person(s) designated by Party A;
Equity Interest	means 100% of the equity interest held by Party B and Party C in Party D;
Equity Pledge Agreement	means the Equity Interest Pledge Agreement entered into by and among Party A, Party B and Party C, dated the even date of this Agreement , under which Party B and Party C severally pledge to Party A their Equity Interest in consideration for Party D’s performance of its obligations under this Agreement, the Loan Agreement and the Services Agreement;
Power of Attorney	means each of the Power of Attorney respectively signed and issued by Party B and Party C dated the even date of this Agreement conferring all his rights as a shareholder of the Company to Party A or the Designated Party; and

Notice of Purchase	means the written notice sent by Party A to exercise the Purchase Right (as defined below), as set forth in Article 2.2;
Person	means a person, corporation, joint venture, partnership, enterprise, trust, or non-corporate entity;
Purchase Right	means an exclusive and irrevocable right to purchase, at any time, all or part of the Equity Interest held by Party B and/or Party C respectively at a price equivalent to the lowest price permitted by then-current PRC laws; and
Security Interest	means any third party's security, right or interest, any right to purchase Party B and Party C's equity interest in Party D, or any right of acquisition, right of set-off, or other security arrangement, including any security interest subject to this Agreement, the Restated Equity Pledge Agreement or the Loan Agreement.

- 1.2 **Interpretations.** All headings used herein are for reference purposes only and do not affect the meaning or interpretation of any provision. The use of the plural shall include the use of the singular, and vice versa. Unless otherwise indicated, a reference to a day, month or year is to a calendar day, month or year. The use of the masculine shall include the use of the feminine, and vice versa.

2. PURCHASE AND SALE OF EQUITY INTEREST

- 2.1 **Authorization.** Party B hereby irrevocably grants Qunar or its Designated Person(s) the Purchase Right for his Equity Interest. Party C hereby irrevocably grants Qunar or its Designated Person(s) the Purchase Right for his Equity Interest. Qunar hereby agrees to accept the Purchase Right granted by the Shareholders. Party D hereby agrees that the Shareholders grant the Purchase Right to Qunar in accordance with the Agreement.
- 2.2 **Procedures.** Upon Qunar's decision to exercise such Purchase Right, it shall send a written Notice of Purchase to Party B and/or Party C setting forth details for the purchase.
- 2.3 **Exercise of Purchase Right.** Every time Qunar exercises the Purchase Right:

- 2.3.1 Party B and Party C shall convene a shareholder meeting of Party D, and pass a resolution to transfer the Equity Interest from Party B and Party C to Qunar and/or the Designated Person;
- 2.3.2 Party B and Party C shall, upon the terms and conditions of this Agreement and the Notice of Purchase, enter into all documents, including but not limited to the share purchase agreement relating to the Equity Interest, requested by Qunar;
- 2.3.3 Party B, Party C and Party D shall execute all documents, obtain or complete all the necessary governmental approvals, authorizations, licenses, registrations and filing procedures , and perform all necessary and appropriate actions to transfer the valid ownership of the Equity Interest to Qunar and/or the Designated Person ; and
- 2.3.4 Should Party B or Party C breach any clause in this Agreement, Qunar Cayman can unilaterally exercise its right to obtain the equity interests in Party D held by such breaching Shareholder as such equity interests have already been pledged to Party A.
- 2.3.5 For the avoidance of doubt, Qunar Cayman, in its sole discretion, will decide whether the Options and other rights granted under this Agreement will be exercised by Qunar Cayman and/or by Party A.

2.4 Method of Payment.

- 2.4.1** Upon exercise of the Purchase Right by Qunar and/or its Designated Person(s), Qunar shall make payment by cancelling all or a portion of the Loan, in the same proportion that Qunar and/or its Designated Person(s) has acquired the Security Interest. In case PRC laws require Qunar and/or its Designated Person(s) to pay to Party B and Party C, Party B and Party C shall immediately and unconditionally pay or transfer to Qunar any proceeds in whatsoever form obtained from the Qunar and/or its Designated Person(s) at the time such payables arise, after having deducted and paid any and all relevant taxes and expenses applicable to such a shareholder as a result of his receipt of such proceeds. The method of payment of the total consideration shall be determined at the discretion of Qunar Cayman.

- 2.4.2** Party B, Party C or Party D agree that the total consideration received from the transfer of any part of the Equity Interests or sale of assets of Party D (if applicable) shall first be applied to the outstanding balance under the Loan Agreement and the Restated Exclusive Technical Consulting and Services Agreement. After full repayment of the outstanding balance, any remaining consideration (if any) will be remitted in full to Qunar s a nonreciprocal transfer. If such transfer is prohibited by PRC law, Party B and Party C will remit the remaining consideration to Qunar or its designees in a manner permitted under PRC law.

3. **UNDERTAKINGS**

3.1 **Undertakings of Party D.** Party D hereby undertakes that:

- 3.1.1 it will maintain its corporate existence, operate its business, and transact affairs prudently and efficiently in accordance with good financial and commercial standards and practices;
- 3.1.2 without the prior written consent of Qunar, it will not sell, assign, mortgage, or otherwise dispose of any legal or beneficiary rights to any of its assets, business, or revenues, or permit the creation of any other Security Interest over such rights at any time after the execution date of this Agreement;
- 3.1.3 without the prior written consent of Qunar, it will not incur, assume, guarantee or allow the existence of any debts, except for those to which Qunar has given its written consent;
- 3.1.4 it will always operate its business to maintain the value of its assets, and will not do anything which will affect its business situation nor the value of its assets;
- 3.1.5 without the prior written consent of Qunar, it will not enter into any contract at an amount exceedingly higher than or outside the ordinary business;
- 3.1.6 without the prior written consent of Qunar, it will not provide any loan to any third party;
- 3.1.7 at the request of Qunar, it will provide to Qunar all information relating to its operation and financial conditions;
- 3.1.8 without the prior written consent of Qunar, it will not be consolidated or merged with any third party, acquire or invest in any third party, nor make a division;
- 3.1.9 it will promptly inform Qunar of any existing or threatened litigation, arbitration, or administrative proceedings relating to its assets, business, or revenues;

- 3.1.10 in order to maintain the ownership of all its assets, it will execute all necessary or appropriate documents, take all necessary or appropriate actions, file all necessary or appropriate charges, and conduct all necessary or appropriate defenses against all claims;
- 3.1.11 without the prior written consent of Qunar, it will not in any form whatsoever allocate dividends to shareholders; and
- 3.1.12 if PRC laws requires it to be dissolved or liquidated, it shall sell all of its assets to the extent permitted by PRC laws to Qunar and/or the Designated Person, at the lowest selling price permitted by applicable PRC laws. Any obligation for Qunar to pay Party D as a result of such transaction shall be forgiven by Party D or any proceeds from such transaction shall be paid to Qunar in partial satisfaction of the service fee under the Services Agreement or remitted to Qunar and/or the Designated Person, as applicable under then-current PRC laws.

3.2 **Undertakings of Party B and Party C respectively.** Party B and Party C undertake on their own behalf that:

- 3.2.1 without the prior written consent of Qunar, he will not sell, transfer, mortgage, pledge, grant any option rights or otherwise dispose of any legal or beneficiary rights to the Equity Interest, or permit the creation of any other Security Interest over such rights at any time, except for the pledge under the Equity Pledge Agreement;
- 3.2.2 without the prior written consent of Qunar, he will not vote in favor of, endorse, or sign any shareholders resolution approving the sale, assignment, mortgage, or other disposal of the legal or beneficiary rights of any shareholder or allowing the creation of any other Security Interest over such rights at the shareholders meeting of Party D;
- 3.2.3 without the prior written consent of Qunar, he will not vote in favor of, endorse, or sign any shareholders resolution approving the consolidation or merger of Party D with any third party, the acquisition of or investment in any third party by Party D or the division of Party D at the shareholders meeting of Party D;
- 3.2.4 without the prior written consent of Qunar, he will not vote in favor of, endorse, or sign any shareholders resolution approving the increase or decrease of Party D's registered capital at the shareholders meeting of Party D;

- 3.2.5 he will promptly inform Qunar of any existing or threatened litigation, arbitration, or administrative proceedings relating to the Equity Interest;
- 3.2.6 at the request of Qunar, he will cause the shareholders meeting of Party D to vote in favor of the transfer of the Equity Interest as contemplated hereunder;
- 3.2.7 in order to maintain his ownership of the Equity Interest, he will execute all necessary or appropriate documents, take all necessary or appropriate actions, file all necessary or appropriate charges, or conduct all necessary or appropriate defenses against all claims;
- 3.2.8 at the request of Qunar, he will appoint the person nominated by Qunar as the director of, or to hold any other position in, Party D, and take all necessary or appropriate actions to complete all the necessary governmental registrations and filing procedures required accordingly by the applicable laws;
- 3.2.9 at the request of Qunar, he will immediately transfer the requested Equity Interest to the Designated Person(s);
- 3.2.10 he will strictly comply with the provisions of this Agreement and any other contracts entered into jointly or separately by the parties hereto, strictly perform the obligations under such contracts, and will not do anything which will affect the validity and enforceability of such contracts;
- 3.2.11 he shall not put forward, or vote in favor of, any shareholder resolution to, or otherwise request Party D to, issue any dividends or other distributions with respect to his equity interest in Party D; provided, however, in the event that he receives any profit, bonus, distribution or dividend from Party D, he shall, as permitted under PRC laws, immediately pay or transfer such profit, bonus, distribution or dividend to Qunar or to any party designated by Qunar in order to 1) first, to repay in part the Loan payable under the Loan Agreement; and 2) then, if there is any profit, bonus, distribution or dividend amount remaining, to pay in part the service fee under the Services Agreement on behalf of Party D; and
- 3.2.12 after mandatory liquidation described in 3.1.12 above, he will remit in full to the Qunar any residual interest he receives in a nonreciprocal transfer or cause it happen. If such transfer is prohibited by PRC laws, he will remit the proceeds to Qunar or its Designated Person(s) in a manner permitted under PRC laws

4. UNDERTAKINGS, REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

4.1 **Undertakings of Qunar:** To ensure that the cash flow requirements of the Party D's ordinary operations are met and/or to set off any loss accrued during such operations, Qunar is obligated, only to the extent permissible under PRC laws, to provide financing support for Party D, whether or not Party B and/or Party C actually incur any such operational loss. Qunar's financing support for Party B and Party C may take the form of bank entrusted loans or borrowings. Contracts for any such entrusted loans or borrowings shall be executed separately. Qunar will not request repayment if Party B and/or Party C are unable to do so.

4.2 Representations and Warranties of Party B and Party C.

Party B and Party C hereby represent and warrant on their own behalf to Qunar that as of the date of this Agreement respectively:

- 4.2.1 he has the power and right to sign, deliver, and perform his obligations under this Agreement, and that the said documents shall constitute his legal, valid, and binding obligations enforceable in accordance with their terms;
- 4.2.2 the execution and delivery of this Agreement or any other contracts, and the performance of his obligations thereunder, will not violate PRC laws, breach or result in a default of any contract or instrument to which he is subject, or result in a breach, suspension, or revocation of any grant, license, or approval or result in the imposition of any additional conditions being imposed thereon; and
- 4.2.3 he is the lawful owner of the Equity Interest held by himself and has not created any Security Interest over such Equity Interest other than the Equity Pledge Agreement.

4.3 Representations and Warranties of Party D. Party D represents and warrants to Qunar that:

- 4.3.1 it has the power and right to sign, deliver, and perform its obligations under this Agreement, and said documents shall constitute its legal, valid, and binding obligations enforceable in accordance with their terms;

- 4.3.2 the execution and delivery, of this Agreement or any other contracts, and the performance of its obligations thereunder, will not violate PRC law, conflict with its Articles of Association or other constituent documents, breach or result in a default of any contract or instrument to which it is subject, or result in a breach, suspension, or revocation of any grant, license, or approval or result in the imposition of any additional conditions being imposed thereon;
- 4.3.3 it is the lawful owner of its assets, and has not created any Security Interest over such assets;
- 4.3.4 it does not have any outstanding debts other than those incurred in the ordinary course of business and which have been disclosed to Qunar;
- 4.3.5 it will comply with all PRC laws applicable to the acquisition of the Equity Interest; and
- 4.3.6 there is no existing, pending or threatened litigation, arbitration, or administrative proceedings relating to the Equity Interest, its assets, or itself.

5. FURTHER WARRANTIES

The parties to this Agreement agree to promptly execute documents reasonably requisite to the performance of the provisions and the aim of this Agreement or documents beneficial to it, and to take actions reasonably requisite to the performance of the provisions and the aim of this Agreement or actions beneficial to it.

6. TERM

This Agreement shall take retroactive effect since Party B and Party C are registered as shareholders of Party D and shall remain in full force and effect until the earlier of (1) the date on which all of the Equity Interests have been acquired by Qunar directly and/or through its Designated Person(s); or (2) the unilateral termination by Qunar (at its sole and absolute discretion), by giving 30 days prior written notice to the Party B and/ or Party C of its intention to terminate this Agreement.

7. APPLICABLE LAW AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION

- 7.1 **Governing Law.** This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with PRC law.
- 7.2 **Consultation and Mediation.** If any dispute arises in connection with this Agreement, the parties shall attempt in the first instance to resolve such dispute through friendly consultation or mediation.

7.3 **Arbitration.** Any dispute, controversy or claim arising out of or in connection with this Agreement shall be submitted to the China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission (**CIETAC**) for arbitration, which shall be conducted in accordance with the CIETAC's rules in effect at the time of applying for arbitration. The place of arbitration shall be Beijing. The language of the arbitration shall be English. The tribunal shall consist of 3 arbitrators. The arbitral award is final and binding upon the parties. The cost of arbitration shall be allocated as determined by the arbitrators.

8. CONFIDENTIALITY

- 8.1 **Confidentiality Obligations.** The parties shall protect and maintain the confidentiality of all Confidential Information. Without the prior written consent of the other parties, no party shall disclose any Confidential Information to any third party unless the disclosure is required by law or by enforceable orders of the court or related government departments. Under such circumstances, the party required to disclose the Confidential Information shall notify the other parties immediately, take all possible measures to minimize the disclosure, and notify the persons to whom information is being disclosed of the confidentiality obligation.
- 8.2 **Obligations upon Termination.** Upon termination of this Agreement, each party shall, at the request of the other parties, return any document, material, database, equipment, or software containing the Confidential Information to the other parties. If, for any reason, such document, material, database, equipment, or software cannot be returned, the parties shall destroy all the Confidential Information and delete the Confidential Information from any memory devices. No party shall be permitted to continue using the Confidential Information in any way after the termination of this Agreement.
- 8.3 **No Time Limit.** There is no time limit to the confidentiality obligations stipulated in this Article, which obligations will survive after the termination of this Agreement unless the Confidential Information is disclosed to the public for reasons not due to the breach of this Agreement by any party.

9. MISCELLANEOUS

- 9.1 **Notices.** All notices or other communications sent by each party shall be written in English or Chinese, and delivered in person, by mail, or telecopy, to the other party at the following addresses. The date at which the communication shall be deemed to be duly given or made shall be confirmed as follows: (a) for notices delivered in person, the date of delivery shall be deemed as having been duly given or made; (b) for notices delivered by mail, the 10th day of the delivery date of air certified mail with postage prepaid (as shown on stamp) or the 4th day of the delivery date to an internationally certified delivery institution shall be deemed as having been duly given or made; and (c) for notices by telecopy, the receipt date showed on the delivery confirming paper of the relevant document shall be deemed as having been duly given or made.

Qunar Cayman and Party A	:	Beijing Qunar Software Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	:	Room 603 No. 4 of 57 Nong, Xuanhua Road, Changning District, Shanghai, China
Tel	:	010-5760 3000
Party B	:	CAO Hui
Address	:	Room 1802, No. 6 of 710 Nong, Caoyang Road, Putuo District, Shanghai, China
Tel	:	021-34064880
Party C	:	WANG Hui
Address	:	Room 603, No. 4 of 57 Nong, Xuanhua Road, Changning District, Shanghai, China
Tel	:	021-34064880
Party D	:	Beijing Qu Na Information Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	:	Room 1709 17th Floor, Viva Plaza, Building 18, Yard 29, Suzhou Street, Haidian District Beijing,China
Tel	:	010-5760 3000

- 9.2 **Entire Agreement.** This Agreement, the Services Agreement, the Loan Agreement, the Equity Pledge Agreement, and the Power of Attorney from Party B and Party C in favor of Party A (either original or restated) shall constitute the entire agreement among the parties in respect of the subject matter hereof and shall supersede any previous discussions, negotiations and agreements related thereto (including without limitation, the Original Agreement).
- 9.3 **Amendment.** Without the prior written consent of Qunar, neither of Party B, Party C or Party D shall be entitled to amend this Agreement. If required by law, the parties shall obtain all requisite approvals from the relevant authorities to give effect to the amendment.
- 9.4 **No Waiver.** Unless otherwise agreed upon by the parties in writing, any failure or delay on the part of any party to exercise any right, authority or privilege under this Agreement, or under any other agreement relating hereto, shall not operate as a waiver thereof; nor shall any single or partial exercise of any right, authority or privilege preclude any other future exercise thereof.

- 9.5 **Severability.** The provisions of this agreement are severable from each other. The invalidity of any provision of this agreement shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any other provision of this agreement.
- 9.6 **Successors.** This Agreement shall be valid and binding on the parties, their successors and permitted assigns.
- 9.7 **Assignment.** Qunar may transfer or assign any or all of its rights and obligations under this Agreement to any of its designated parties (natural person or legal entity) at any time. In such circumstances, the transferee or assignee shall enjoy and undertake the same rights and obligations herein of Qunar as if the transferee or assignee is Qunar hereunder. When Qunar transfers or assigns the rights and obligations under this Agreement, at the request of Qunar, Party B and Party C shall execute the relevant agreements and/or documents with respect to such transfer or assignment. Party B, Party C and Party D shall assign any of its rights or obligations hereunder without the prior written consent of Qunar.
- 9.8 **Language and Counterparts.** This Agreement is prepared in 4 sets of originals in the English language. Each party shall hold 1 set.

[The space below is intentionally left blank.]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the parties hereof have caused this Agreement to be executed by their duly authorized representatives as of the date first written above.

QUNAR CAYMAN ISLANDS LIMITED

By: /s/ Yilu Zhao
Name: Yilu Zhao
Title: Chief Financial Officer

Party A: Beijing Qunar Software Technology Co., Ltd.
(Company Seal)

By: /s/ Wei Fang
Name: Wei Fang
Title: Legal Representative

Party B:

/s/ Cao Hui
Cao Hui

Party C:

/s/ Wang Hui
Wang Hui

Party D: Beijing Qu Na Information Technology Co., Ltd. (Company Seal)

By: /s/ Cao Hui
Name: Cao Hui
Title: Legal Representative

EQUITY INTEREST PLEDGE AGREEMENT

among

Beijing Qunar Software Technology Co., Ltd.

and

WANG Hui

and

CAO Hui

March 2016

This Equity Interest Pledge Agreement (this “**Agreement**”) is entered into in Beijing, the People’s Republic of China (“**PRC**”, excluding the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, the Macao Special Administrative Region and Taiwan, for the purposes of this Agreement) by and among the following parties on March 23, 2016:

Pledgee:

Beijing Qunar Software Technology Co., Ltd.

Registered Address: Room 1701-1707, 1710-1720, 17th Floor, Viva Plaza, Building 18, Yard 29, Suzhou Street, Haidian District Beijing, China.
Legal Representative: Wei Fang

Pledgors:

Wang Hui, a PRC citizen, ID card number 310110197312240832 of Room 603, No. 4 of 57 Nong, Xuanhua Road, Changning District, Shanghai, China (“**Pledgor I**”); and

Cao Hui, a PRC citizen, ID card number 310110197908230424 of Room 1802, No. 6 of 710 Nong, Caoyang Road, Putuo District, Shanghai, China (“**Pledgor II**”).

(Pledgor I and Pledgor II are each hereinafter individually referred to as Pledgor I or II, and collectively the “Pledgors”; the parties hereto are each hereinafter individually referred to as a “Party”, and collectively the “Parties”).

WHEREAS:

- A. Pledgor I and Pledgor II are both PRC citizens who respectively hold 40% and 60% of the equity interest in Beijing Qu Na Information Technology Co., Ltd. (“**Beijing Qu Na**”).
 - B. Beijing Qu Na is a limited liability company registered in Beijing which operates the website www.qunar.com and engages in Internet information services.
 - C. A Loan Agreement was entered into among Pledgor I, Pledgor II and the Pledgee (“**Loan Agreement**”), pursuant to which Pledgor I took loans in the amount of RMB 4,400,000 and Pledgor II took loans in the amount of RMB 6,600,000 from the Pledgee (collectively “**Loan**”).
 - D. An Equity Option Agreement was entered into among Pledgor I, Pledgor II, the Pledgee and other relevant parties (“**Equity Option Agreement**”), pursuant to which the Pledgee and its affiliates have the option to acquire the equity interest in Beijing Qu Na held by Pledgor I and Pledgor II.
 - E. The Pledgee, a wholly foreign-owned company registered in Beijing, PRC, has been licensed by the relevant PRC government authority to carry on the business of communication technology research and development, webpage making, technology transfer, technical training, consulting and services, sales of self-developed products, etc. The Pledgee and Beijing Qu Na entered into a Restated Exclusive Technical Consulting and Services Agreement (the “**Services Agreement**”), pursuant to which Beijing Qu Na is required to pay service fees to the Pledgee in consideration of the corresponding services to be provided by the Pledgee (the “**Service Fees**”).
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- F. In order to ensure that (i) Pledgor I and Pledgor II both repay the Loan under the Loan Agreement; (ii) the Pledgee collects Service Fees under the Services Agreement from Beijing Qu Na, (iii) the Pledgors' obligations under the Equity Option Agreement are fulfilled, and (iv) all other debts, monetary liabilities or other payment obligations owed to the Pledgee by Pledgor I, Pledgor II and/or Beijing Qu Na, arising under or in relation to the Services Agreement or the Loan Agreement, including, but not limited to, any obligation to pay damages for a breach of any obligation of Pledgor I, Pledgor II and/or Beijing Qu Na under the Loan Agreement, the Equity Option Agreement or the Services Agreement (as applicable), are paid, Pledgor I and Pledgor II are both willing to pledge all the Equity Interest they respectively hold in Beijing Qu Na (i.e. 40% of the equity interest in Beijing Qu Na held by Pledgor I and 60% of the equity interest in Beijing Qu Na held by Pledgor II, which corresponds to a capital contribution of RMB 4,400,000 and RMB 6,600,000 respectively) to the Pledgee as security for the performance of the above-mentioned obligations by Pledgor I and Pledgor II to Pledgee (collectively, the "**Secured Obligations**"). The Pledgee, Pledgor I and Pledgor II mutually agree to enter into this Agreement.

In order to clarify the Parties' rights and obligations, the Pledgee and the Pledgors through mutual negotiations hereby enter into this Agreement based upon the following terms:

1. Definitions

Unless otherwise provided in this Agreement, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- 1.1 **"Pledge"** means the full content of Section 2 hereunder.
 - 1.2 **"Equity Interest"** means all the equity interests in Beijing Qu Na respectively held by Pledgor I and Pledgor II (including all present and future rights and benefits based on such equity interests), and any additional equity interests in Beijing Qu Na acquired by such Pledgors subsequent to the date hereof. For the avoidance of any doubt, on the date hereof, Pledgor I and Pledgor II respectively hold 40% and 60% of the equity interest in Beijing Qu Na (i.e. a capital contribution of RMB 4,400,000 and RMB 6,600,000, respectively).
 - 1.3 **"Event of Default"** means any event set forth in Section 6 hereunder.
 - 1.4 **"Notice of Default"** means the notice of default issued by the Pledgee in accordance with this Agreement.
 - 1.5 **"Effective Date"**: This Agreement shall be effective upon it being signed by the Parties hereunder and as of the date the Pledgors hereunder being registered in the register of shareholders of Beijing Qu Na (in the form as the appendix). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Pledge (as defined in Section 2.1) shall only be established in accordance with Section 3 of this Agreement.
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2. Pledge

2.1 The Pledgors hereby pledge to the Pledgee all the Equity Interest they hold in Beijing Qu Na, as security for the obligations up to a Maximum Amount (as defined below) (the “**Pledge**”), and grant a first priority security interest in all rights, titles and interests that they have or may at any time hereafter acquire in and to the Equity Interest, together with all equity or other ownership interests representing a dividend on the Equity Interest, a distribution or return of capital upon or in respect of such Equity Interest, any subscription, first refusal, pre-emptive or other purchase rights with respect to or arising from such Equity Interest, any voting rights with respect to such Equity Interest or any other interest in Beijing Qu Na which, by reason of notice or lapse of time or the occurrence of other events, may be converted into a direct equity interest in Beijing Qu Na, and all proceeds of the foregoing (collectively, the “**Pledged Collateral**”).

2.1.1 The Parties understand and agree that the monetary valuation arising from, relating to or in connection with the Secured Obligations shall be a variable and floating valuation until the Settlement Date (as defined below). Therefore, based on the reasonable assessment and evaluation by the Pledgors and the Pledgee of the Secured Obligations and the Pledged Collateral, the Pledgors and the Pledgee mutually acknowledge and agree that as a security for all obligations under the Loan Agreement, the Exclusive Technical Consulting and Services Agreement and the Equity Option Agreement, the Pledge shall aggregate secure the Secured Obligations for a maximum amount of RMB 40,599,789.12, which is equivalent to the total of the amount of the loan provided by the Pledgee to Pledgor I (RMB 4,400,000), the amount of the loan provided by the Pledgee to Pledgor II (RMB 6,600,000) and the amount of the Service Fees to be paid to the Pledgee (i.e. 40% of the equity interest in Beijing Qu Na held by Pledgor I shall guarantee RMB 16,239,915.648, and 60% of the equity interest in Beijing Qu Na held by Pledgor II shall guarantee RMB 24,359,873.472, respectively) (the “**Maximum Amount**”).

Pledgor I, Pledgor II and the Pledgee may, taking into account the fluctuation in the monetary value of the Secured Obligations and the Pledged Collateral, adjust the Maximum Amount based on mutual agreement by amending and supplementing this Agreement, from time to time, prior to the Settlement Date.

2.1.2 Upon the occurrence of any of the events below (each an “Event of Settlement”), the Secured Obligations shall be fixed at a value of the sum of all Secured Obligations that are due, outstanding and payable to the Pledgee on or immediately prior to the date of such occurrence (the “Fixed Obligations”):

- (a) Any or all of the Loan Agreement, the Services Agreement or the Equity Option Agreement expires or is terminated pursuant to the terms thereunder;
- (b) the occurrence of an Event of Default as set forth in Section 6 that is not resolved, which results in the Pledgee serving a Notice of Default to the relevant Pledgor(s) pursuant to Section 6.3;
- (c) the Pledgee reasonably determines (having made due enquiries) that the Pledgor(s) and/or Beijing Qu Na is insolvent or could potentially be made insolvent; or
- (d) any other event that requires the fixation of the Secured Obligations in accordance with relevant laws of the PRC.

2.2 For the avoidance of doubt, the day of the occurrence of an Event of Settlement shall be the settlement date (the “**Settlement Date**”). On or after the Settlement Date, the Pledgee shall be entitled, at its election, to enforce the Pledge in accordance with Section 7.

2.3 The Pledgee is entitled to collect dividends or all other distributions, if any, arising from the Equity Interest during the Term of the Pledge (as defined below). During the effective term of the Loan Agreement, the Pledgors shall not claim any dividends or distributions with respect to the Equity Interest they hold in Beijing Qu Na, and when they receive any profits, bonuses, distributions or dividends from Beijing Qu Na, they shall, as permitted by the PRC law, pay or transfer the same to the Pledgee or any person designated by the Pledgee.

3. Effectiveness of Pledge, Scope and Term

3.1 The Pledgors shall, promptly after the execution of this Agreement, register this Agreement and the Pledge hereunder with the State Administration for Industry and Commerce of the PRC or its competent local counterpart (the “**AIC**”). The Pledgor shall deliver to the Pledgee a copy of the registration or filing certificate from the AIC within 7 days after the date of submission of the application for registration of this Agreement and Pledge with the AIC.

3.2 The Pledge shall be established upon its registration with the AIC in accordance with Section 3.1 above. The term of the Pledge shall commence on the date when the Pledge is registered with the AIC and shall expire on the date on which the rights and obligations of the Parties are satisfied in full (the “**Term of the Pledge**”).

4. Representations and Warranties of the Pledgor

Each of the Pledgors hereby makes the following representations and warranties to the Pledgee and confirms that the Pledgee executes this Agreement in reliance on such representations and warranties:

- 4.1 Each of the Pledgors is the legal owner of the Equity Interest that has been registered in his/her name, and is entitled to create a pledge on such Equity Interest.
- 4.2 Neither the Pledged Collateral nor the Pledge will be interfered with by any other pledgee at any time once the Pledgee exercises its rights under the Pledge in accordance with this Agreement.
- 4.3 The Pledgee shall be entitled to dispose or assign its rights in the Pledge in accordance with this Agreement and the relevant laws.
- 4.4 All necessary authorizations have been obtained for the execution and performance of this Agreement by each of the Pledgors and the execution and performance of this Agreement by each of the Pledgors does not violate any applicable laws or regulations or any agreements to which such Pledgor is a party. The representatives who execute this Agreement on behalf of each of the Pledgors have been legally authorized to do so.
- 4.5 Each of the Pledgors warrants that there is no on-going civil, administrative or criminal litigation or administrative punishment or arbitration related to the Equity Interest and is not aware of any such action pending or likely to be pending in the future as of the date of this Agreement.
- 4.6 There are no outstanding taxes or fees or undecided legal procedures related to the Equity Interest as of the date of this Agreement.
- 4.7 Each stipulation hereunder is the expression of each Party's true intention and shall be binding upon each of the Parties.

5. Covenants of the Pledgors

- 5.1 Each of the Pledgors covenants to the Pledgee that he/she shall:

- 5.1.1 neither transfer or assign the Equity Interest, nor create or permit to be created any pledge, lien, charge, mortgage, encumbrance, option, security or other interest in or over the Equity Interest that has been registered in his/her name, other than the Pledge created hereunder and the option granted under the Equity Option Agreement, without the prior written consent from the Pledgee;
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- 5.1.2 comply with and implement all laws and regulations with respect to the pledge, present to the Pledgee the notices, orders or suggestions with respect to the Pledge issued or made by the competent authority within 5 days upon receiving such notices, orders or suggestions and take actions in accordance with the reasonable instructions of the Pledgee; and
 - 5.1.3 timely notify the Pledgee of any events or any received notices (i) which may affect the Equity Interest or any part of the Pledgee's rights, (ii) which may change the Pledgors' covenants or obligations under this Agreement or (iii) which may affect the Pledgors' performance of their obligations under this Agreement, and take actions in accordance with the reasonable instructions of the Pledgee.
 - 5.1.4 use any proceeds from transferring any Equity Interest in Beijing Qu Na or selling Beijing Qu Na's assets to first repay the amount payable to Pledgee under the Loan Agreement and the Services Agreement, and after such repayment is fully made, transfer any remaining proceeds to the Pledgee. In the event that such transfer is prohibited by PRC laws, the Pledgors shall remit such remaining proceeds to Pledgee or to any party designated by Pledgee in a manner permitted under PRC laws.
- 5.2 The Pledgors covenant that the Pledgee's right of exercising the rights under this Agreement shall not be suspended or hampered by the Pledgors or successors of the Pledgors or any person authorized by the Pledgors.
- 5.3 The Pledgors jointly and severally covenant that in order to protect or perfect the security over the Secured Obligations, the Pledgors shall (i) execute in good faith and cause other parties who have interests in the Pledge to execute all the forms, instruments, agreements (including those required for the registration and de-registration of the Pledge with the AIC), and/or (ii) take actions and cause other parties who have interests in the Pledge to take actions as required by the Pledgee, and (iii) allow the Pledgee to exercise the rights and authorization vested in the Pledgee under this Agreement.
- 5.4 The Pledgors agree to promptly make or cause to be made any permits, filings or registrations, give or cause to be given any notices and take or cause to be taken any other actions as may be necessary under the laws of the PRC, to perfect the Pledge of the Pledged Collateral, including the AIC registration set forth in Section 3.1.
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5.5 Each Pledgor covenants to the Pledgee that he/she will comply with and perform all the guarantees, covenants, agreements, representations and conditions for the benefits of the Pledgee. The Pledgors shall compensate for all the losses suffered by the Pledgee for their failure to perform or fully perform such guarantees, covenants, agreements, representations or conditions.

6. Events of Default

6.1 Each of the following shall constitute an Event of Default:

- 6.1.1 Beijing Qu Na or either Pledgor fails to make full and timely payment of any amounts due under the Secured Obligations as required under the Services Agreement, Loan Agreement or Equity Option Agreement, or an event of default (as defined and stipulated in those agreements) has occurred and is continuing to occur;
 - 6.1.2 either Pledgor makes or has made any misleading or untrue representations or warranties under Section 4, or is in violation or breach of any of the representations and warranties under Section 4 hereof;
 - 6.1.3 the Pledgors breach any of the covenants under Section 5 hereof;
 - 6.1.4 the Pledgors breach any other covenants, undertakings or obligations of the Pledgors as set forth herein;
 - 6.1.5 either Pledgor is unable to perform its obligations under this Agreement due to the separation or merger of Beijing Qu Na with other third parties or for any other reason;
 - 6.1.6 either Pledgor relinquishes all or any part of the Pledged Collateral or transfers or assigns all or any part of the Pledged Collateral without the prior written consent of the Pledgee (except the transfers or assigns permitted under the Equity Option Agreement);
 - 6.1.7 any indebtedness, guarantee or other obligation of the Pledgors, whether pursuant to an agreement or otherwise, (i) is accelerated as a result of a default thereunder and is required to be repaid or performed prior to the due date; or (ii) has become due and is not repaid or performed when due which, in the Pledgee's reasonable view, has materially adversely affected the Pledgors' ability to perform their obligations under this Agreement;
-

- 6.1.8 this Agreement is deemed illegal or the Pledgors are restricted from continuing to perform their obligations under this Agreement in accordance with any applicable laws;
 - 6.1.9 any approval, permit, license, authorization, registration or filing procedure from any applicable governmental entity required for Beijing Qu Na to provide Internet information services and/or value-added telecommunications services in the PRC is withdrawn, suspended, invalidated or materially amended;
 - 6.1.10 any approval, permit, license or authorization, registration or filing procedure from any applicable government entity required to perform this Agreement or make this Agreement enforceable, legal and valid is withdrawn, suspended, invalidated or materially amended; or
 - 6.1.11 any property owned by the Pledgors is altered or damaged which, in the Pledgee's reasonable view, has materially adversely affected the Pledgors' ability to perform their obligations under this Agreement.
- 6.2 If either Pledgor is aware of, or finds, any event set forth in Section 6.1 or evidence that such events have occurred or are occurring, such Pledgor shall immediately give a written notice to the Pledgee,
- 6.3 Unless an Event of Default set forth in Section 6.1 has been rectified to the Pledgee's satisfaction, the Pledgee may, at any time the Event of Default occurring or thereafter, give a written Notice of Default to the Pledgor(s), and require, at the sole discretion of the Pledgee, such Pledgor(s) to immediately perform within the extent as permitted by the PRC laws all obligations under the Loan Agreements, Services Agreement and/or Equity Option Agreements, including without limitation to make full payment of the outstanding amounts payable and other payables thereunder, or to dispose of the Pledge in accordance with Section 7 herein.

7. Exercise of the Rights of the Pledge

- 7.1 The Pledgors shall not transfer or assign the Pledged Collateral without prior written approval from the Pledgee prior to the full settlement and fulfillment of the Secured Obligations.
 - 7.2 The Pledgee shall give a Notice of Default to the Pledgors when exercising its rights of pledge.
-

- 7.3 Subject to Section 6.3 hereof, the Pledgee may exercise the right to dispose of the Pledge at any time when the Pledgee gives a Notice of Default in accordance with Section 6.3 or thereafter.
- 7.4 The Pledgee is entitled to have priority in receiving payment by the evaluation or proceeds from the auction or sale of whole or part of the Pledged Collateral in accordance with legal procedures until the outstanding Secured Obligation or other monetary obligations payable by the Pledgors and/or Beijing Qu Na is fully paid, repaid or otherwise settled.
- 7.5 The Pledgors may not hinder the Pledgee from disposing the Pledge in accordance with this Agreement and shall give necessary assistance for the Pledgee to realize its Pledge.

8. Transfer or Assignment

- 8.1 The Pledgors may not donate or transfer their rights and obligations hereunder to any third party without prior written consent from the Pledgee.
- 8.2 This Agreement shall be binding upon the Pledgors and each of their successors and be effective to the Pledgee and its successor and assignee.
- 8.3 The Pledgee may transfer or assign all Secured Obligations and its right to the Pledge to any third party at any time. In this case, the assignee shall enjoy and undertake the same rights and obligations hereunder of the Pledgee as if the assignee is a party hereto. When the Pledgee transfers or assigns the Secured Obligations and its rights to the Pledge, at the request of the Pledgee, the Pledgors shall execute the relevant agreements and/or documents with respect to such transfer or assignment.
- 8.4 After a change to the Pledgee resulting from a transfer or assignment, the new parties to the pledge shall re-execute an equity interest pledge agreement.

9. Force Majeure

- 9.1 If this Agreement is delayed in or prevented from performing in the Event of Force Majeure (“**Event of Force Majeure**”), only within the limitation of such delay or prevention, the affected Party is absolved from any liability under this Agreement. Force Majeure, which includes acts of governments, acts of nature, fire, explosion, geographic change, flood, earthquake, tide, lightning, war, means any unforeseen events beyond the prevented Party’s reasonable control and cannot be prevented with reasonable care. However, any shortage of credit, capital or finance shall not be regarded as an event beyond a Party’s reasonable control. The Party affected by Force Majeure who claims for exemption from performing any obligations under this Agreement or this Section shall notify the other parties of such exemption promptly and advice the other parties of the steps to be taken for completion of the performance.
-

9.2 The Party affected by Force Majeure shall not assume any liability under this Agreement. However, subject to the Party affected by Force Majeure having taken its reasonable and practicable efforts to perform this Agreement, the Party claiming for exemption of the liabilities may only be exempted from performing such liability as within limitation of the part performance delayed or prevented by Force Majeure. Once causes for such exemption of liabilities are rectified and remedied, each Party agrees to resume performance of this Agreement with best efforts.

10. Applicable Law and Dispute Resolution

- 10.1 The execution, validity, performance and interpretation of this Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the PRC.
- 10.2 The Parties shall strive to settle any dispute arising from the interpretation or performance hereof through friendly consultation. In case no settlement can be reached through consultation, each Party may submit such matter to China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission ("CIETAC") for arbitration. The arbitration shall follow the then current rules of CIETAC, and the arbitration proceedings shall be conducted in Chinese and shall take place in Beijing. The arbitration award shall be final and binding upon the Parties. This section shall not be affected by the termination or elimination of this Agreement.
- 10.3 In case of any disputes arising out of the interpretation and performance of this Agreement or any pending arbitration of such dispute, the Parties shall continue to perform its obligations under this Agreement, except for the matters in dispute.

11. Notice

Any notice or correspondence, which is given by the Party as stipulated hereunder, shall be in Chinese- English bilingual writing and delivered in person or by prepaid registered mail or recognized express service, or be transmitted by telex or facsimile to the following addresses:

Pledgee: Beijing Qunar Software Technology Co., Ltd.

Address: Room 1701-1707, 1710-1720, 17th Floor, Viva Plaza, Building 18, Yard 29, Suzhou Street, Haidian District Beijing, China
Fax: 010-57603001

Pledgor: WANG Hui

Address: Room 603, No. 4 of 57 Nong, Xuanhua Road, Changning District, Shanghai, China

Pledgor: CAO Hui

Address: Room 1802, No. 6 of 710 Nong, Caoyang Road, Putuo District, Shanghai, China

12. Appendices

The appendices to this Agreement shall constitute an integral part hereof.

13. Waiver

The Pledgee's non-exercise or delay in exercise of any rights, remedies, authorization or privileges hereunder shall not be deemed as the waiver of such rights, remedies, authorization or privileges. Any single or partial exercise of the rights, remedies, authorization and privileges shall not exclude the Pledgee from exercising any other rights, remedies, authorization and privileges. The rights, remedies, authorization and privileges hereunder are accumulative and may not exclude the application of any other rights, remedies, authorization and privileges stipulated by laws.

14. Miscellaneous

- 14.1 Any amendments, modifications or supplements to this Agreement shall be in writing and come into effect upon being executed and sealed by the Parties hereto.
- 14.2 In case any terms and stipulations in this Agreement are regarded as illegal or cannot be performed in accordance with the applicable law, such terms and stipulations shall be deemed to be ineffective and not enforceable within the scope governed by such applicable law, and the remaining stipulations will remain effective. The invalidity of this Agreement shall not affect the validity and enforceability of the original agreement(s).

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have duly executed this agreement as of the date first written above.

[The remainder of this page has been left intentionally blank]

Pledgee: Beijing Qunar Software Technology Co., Ltd.

(Company Seal)

Signature:

Name: Wei Fang

Title: Legal Representative

Pledgors:

/s/ Wang Hui

Wang Hui

/s/ Cao Hui

Cao Hui

Appendix:

Register of Shareholders
Of
Beijing Qu Na Information Technology Co., Ltd.

Date: March 23, 2016

Name of Shareholders	Contribution Amount and Share Proportion	Shareholder Information	Notes
CAO Hui	RMB 6,600,000 60%	Nationality: China ID: 310110197908230424 Address: Room 1802, No. 6 of 710 Nong, Caoyang Road, Putuo District, Shanghai	According to the Equity Interest Pledge Agreement entered into by Cao Hui, Wang Hui and Beijing Qunar Software Technology Co., Ltd. (“ Qunar Software ”) on March 23, 2016, Cao Hui agrees to pledge 60% of equity interest in Beijing Qu Na Information Technology Co., Ltd. (“ Qunar Information ”) held by her to Qunar Software in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Equity Interest Pledge Agreement.
WANG Hui	RMB 4,400,000 40%	Nationality: China ID: 310110197312240832 Address: Room 603, No. 4 of 57 Nong, Xuanhua Road, Changning District, Shanghai	According to the Equity Interest Pledge Agreement entered into by Cao Hui, Wang Hui and Qunar Software on March 23, 2016, Wang Hui agrees to pledge 40% of equity interest in Qunar Information held by him to Qunar Software in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Equity Interest Pledge Agreement.

Dated: March 23, 2016

POWER OF ATTORNEY

I, Wang Hui (ID card no. 310110197312240832) hereby irrevocably authorize any individual appointed, in writing, by Qunar Cayman Islands Limited, its successors, or any of its designated entities (“**Authorizee**”) as my sole attorney to singly exercise the following powers and rights during the term of this Power of Attorney (“**POA**”):

I hereby authorize and designate the Authorizee to vote on my behalf at the shareholders’ meetings of Beijing Qu Na Information Technology Co., Ltd. (北京趣拿信息技术有限公司, “**Beijing Qunar**”) and to exercise full power and rights as a shareholder of Beijing Qunar as granted to myself by laws and under Beijing Qunar’s Articles of Association and other constituent documents. Such power and rights as a shareholder include, but are not limited to, the right to propose the holding of the shareholders’ meetings of Beijing Qunar, to accept any notification(s) regarding the holding and discussion procedures for the shareholders’ meetings, to attend the shareholders’ meetings of Beijing Qunar and to exercise full voting rights (*i.e.*, being my authorized representative at shareholders’ meetings, designating and appointing an executive director, directors to the Board and the general manager, determining profit distributions, etc.), and to sell or transfer any or all of my equity interests in Beijing Qunar.

In exercising the rights and powers provided hereunder, the Authorizee shall act with due care and diligence and pursuant to this POA and the applicable laws.

This POA shall take retroactive effect upon the completion of all formalities required for changes to Beijing Qunar’s shareholders, Wang Hui and Cao Hui with the competent industrial and commercial administrations, and shall remain in full force and effect until Wang Hui and Cao Hui don’t hold any equity interest in Beijing Qunar anymore.

By: _____ /s/ Wang Hui
Wang Hui

Dated: March 23, 2016

POWER OF ATTORNEY

I, Cao Hui (ID card no. 310110197908230424) hereby irrevocably authorize any individual appointed, in writing, by Qunar Cayman Islands Limited, its successors, or any of its designated entities (“**Authorizee**”) as my sole attorney to singly exercise the following powers and rights during the term of this Power of Attorney (“**POA**”):

I hereby authorize and designate the Authorizee to vote on my behalf at the shareholders’ meetings of Beijing Qu Na Information Technology Co., Ltd. (北京趣拿信息技术有限公司, “**Beijing Qunar**”) and to exercise full power and rights as a shareholder of Beijing Qunar as granted to myself by laws and under Beijing Qunar’s Articles of Association and other constituent documents. Such power and rights as a shareholder include, but are not limited to, the right to propose the holding of the shareholders’ meetings of Beijing Qunar, to accept any notification(s) regarding the holding and discussion procedures for the shareholders’ meetings, to attend the shareholders’ meetings of Beijing Qunar and to exercise full voting rights (*i.e.*, being my authorized representative at shareholders’ meetings, designating and appointing an executive director, directors to the Board and the general manager, determining profit distributions, etc.), and to sell or transfer any or all of my equity interests in Beijing Qunar.

In exercising the rights and powers provided hereunder, the Authorizee shall act with due care and diligence and pursuant to this POA and the applicable laws.

This POA shall take retroactive effect upon the completion of all formalities required for changes to Beijing Qunar’s shareholders, Wang Hui and Cao Hui with the competent industrial and commercial administrations, and shall remain in full force and effect until Wang Hui and Cao Hui don’t hold any equity interest in Beijing Qunar anymore.

By: _____ /s/ Cao Hui
Cao Hui

Ctrip.com International, Ltd.
List of Significant Consolidated Entities

Significant Subsidiaries*

C-Travel International Limited, a Cayman Islands company
Ctrip.com (Hong Kong) Limited, a Hong Kong company
Ctrip Computer Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., a PRC company
Ctrip Travel Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., a PRC company
Ctrip Travel Network Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., a PRC company
Ctrip Information Technology (Nantong) Co., Ltd., a PRC company
Beijing JointWisdom Information Technology Co., Ltd. (formerly known as China Software Hotel Information System Co., Ltd.)
ezTravel Co., Ltd., a Taiwan company
HKWOT (BVI) Limited, a BVI company

Significant Affiliated Chinese Entities*

Beijing Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd., a PRC company
Shanghai Ctrip Commerce Co., Ltd., a PRC company
Guangzhou Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd., a PRC company
Shanghai Huacheng Southwest International Travel Agency Co., Ltd. (formerly Shanghai Huacheng Southwest Travel Agency Co., Ltd.), a PRC company
Shanghai Ctrip International Travel Agency Co., Ltd. (formerly Shanghai Ctrip Charming International Travel Agency Co., Ltd.), a PRC company
Shenzhen Ctrip Travel Agency Co., Ltd., a PRC company
Chengdu Ctrip Travel Service Co Ltd., a PRC company
Chengdu Ctrip International Travel Service co., Ltd., a PRC company
Ctrip Insurance Agency Co., Ltd., a PRC company
Beijing Qu Na Information Technology Co., Ltd., a PRC company

* Other consolidated entities of Ctrip.com International, Ltd. have been omitted from this list since, considered in the aggregate as a single entity, they would not constitute a significant subsidiary.

**Certification by the Chief Executive Officer
Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

I, James Jianzhang Liang, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 20-F of Ctrip.com International, Ltd. (the "Company");
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The Company's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Company and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Company, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by the annual report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Company's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Company's auditors and the audit committee of the Company's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: April 22, 2016

By: /s/ James Jianzhang Liang
Name: James Jianzhang Liang
Title: Chief Executive Officer

**Certification by the Chief Financial Officer
Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

I, Xiaofan Wang, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 20-F of Ctrip.com International, Ltd. (the "Company");
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The Company's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Company and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Company, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by the annual report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Company's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Company's auditors and the audit committee of the Company's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: April 22, 2016

By: /s/ Xiaofan Wang
Name: Xiaofan Wang
Title: Chief Financial Officer

**Certification by the Chief Executive Officer
Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Ctrip.com International, Ltd. (the "Company") on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2015 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, James Jianzhang Liang, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: April 22, 2016

By: /s/ James Jianzhang Liang
Name: James Jianzhang Liang
Title: Chief Executive Officer

**Certification by the Chief Financial Officer
Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Ctrip.com International, Ltd. (the "Company") on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2015 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Xiaofan Wang, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: April 22, 2016

By: /s/ Xiaofan Wang
Name: Xiaofan Wang
Title: Chief Financial Officer

[Maples and Calder Letterhead]

Our ref RDS/302248-000002/9496371v1
Direct tel +852.2971.3046
Email richardspooner@maplesandcalder.com

Ctrip.com International, Ltd.
99 Fu Quan Road
Shanghai 200335
People's Republic of China

April 22, 2016

Dear Sirs

Ctrip.com International, Ltd. (the "Company")

We consent to the reference to our firm under the heading "Taxation" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2015, which will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in the month of April 2016.

Yours faithfully,

/s/ Maples and Calder
Maples and Calder

Commerce & Finance Law Offices
6F NCI Tower, A12 Jianguomenwai Avenue,
Chaoyang District, Beijing, PRC; Postcode: 100022
Tel: (8610) 65693399 Fax: (8610) 65693838, 65693836, 65693837, 65693839
E-mail Add: beijing@tongshang.com Website: www.tongshang.com.cn

April 22, 2016

Ctrip.com International, Ltd.

99 Fu Quan Road
Shanghai 200335
People's Republic of China

Dear Sirs,

We consent to the reference to our firm under the headings "Key Information — Risk Factors," "Information on the Company — Business Overview — PRC Government Regulations," "Major Shareholders and Related Party Transactions — Related Party Transactions" and "Financial Statements — Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements" in Ctrip.com International, Ltd.'s Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2015, which will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in the month of April 2016, and further consent to the incorporation by reference of the summaries of our opinions under these captions into Ctrip.com International, Ltd.'s registration statements on Form S-8 (No. 333-116567, No. 333-136264 and No. 333-146761) that were filed on June 17, 2004, August 3, 2006 and October 17, 2007, respectively, and registration statement on Form F-3 (No. 333-208399) that was filed on December 9, 2015.

Yours faithfully,

/s/ Commerce & Finance Law Offices
Commerce & Finance Law Offices

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements on Form S-8 (No. 333-116567, No. 333-136264, and No. 333-146761) and in the Registration Statement on Form F-3 (No. 333-208399) of Ctrip.com International, Ltd. of our report dated April 22, 2016 relating to the financial statements and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, which appears in this Form 20-F.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian LLP

PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian LLP
Shanghai, the People's Republic of China
April 22, 2016
